

[54] PROGRAMMABLE CALCULATOR

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[51] Int. Cl.² G06F 3/02; G06F 9/18

[52] U.S. Cl. 364/200; 364/900; 340/365 R; 364/706

[58] Field of Search 340/172.5, 365 R; 445/1; 235/152, 156; 364/200, 900

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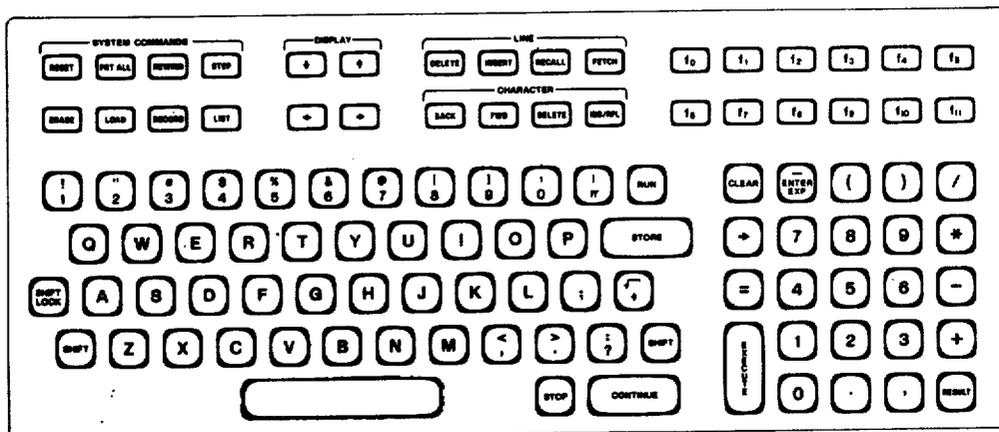
Primary Examiner—Mark E. Nusbaum
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—William E. Hein

[57] ABSTRACT

An adaptable programmable calculator employs modular read-write and read-only memories separately expandable to provide additional program and data storage functions within the calculator oriented toward the environment of the user, and an LSI NMOS central processing unit, capable of handling sixteen-bit parallel binary operations, binary-coded-decimal arithmetic, sixteen-bit parallel input/output operations, two-level interrupt from up to sixteen input/output devices, and a direct memory access channel. The input/output units include a keyboard input unit having a full complement

of alphanumeric keys, a magnetic tape cassette reading and recording unit capable of bidirectionally transferring programs and data between the calculator and a magnetic tape, a 32-character solid state output display unit capable of displaying every alphabetic and numeric character and many other symbols individually or in combination, and a sixteen-column alphanumeric thermal printer for printing results of computations, program listings, messages generated by the user and the calculator itself, and error conditions encountered during use of the calculator. All of these input/output units are included within the calculator itself. Many other external input/output units may be employed with the calculator. The calculator may be operated manually by the user from the keyboard input unit or automatically through a program stored within the read-write memory to perform calculations and to provide an output indication of the results thereof. While a program stored within the read-write memory is being executed, the user can perform calculations manually from the keyboard. Execution of the program is temporarily suspended at convenient points within the program to allow execution of the calculations manually selected by the user. If desired, the user may be prevented from manually selecting calculations from the keyboard input unit by disabling the keyboard input unit during program execution. The calculator employs a natural algebraic program language that allows the user to enter lines of one or more alphanumeric algebraic statements into the calculator from the keyboard input unit while visually observing each line as it is entered to check for errors therein. The user may immediately execute each entered line or store that line as part of a program in the read-write memory, may subsequently recall the executed or stored line so that it may be reinspected, and, if necessary, edited and re-executed or re-stored, thereby automatically replacing the previously stored line. The program language of the calculator is contained within a plug-in language read-only memory and may be changed by inserting a different language read-only memory.

8 Claims, 276 Drawing Figures



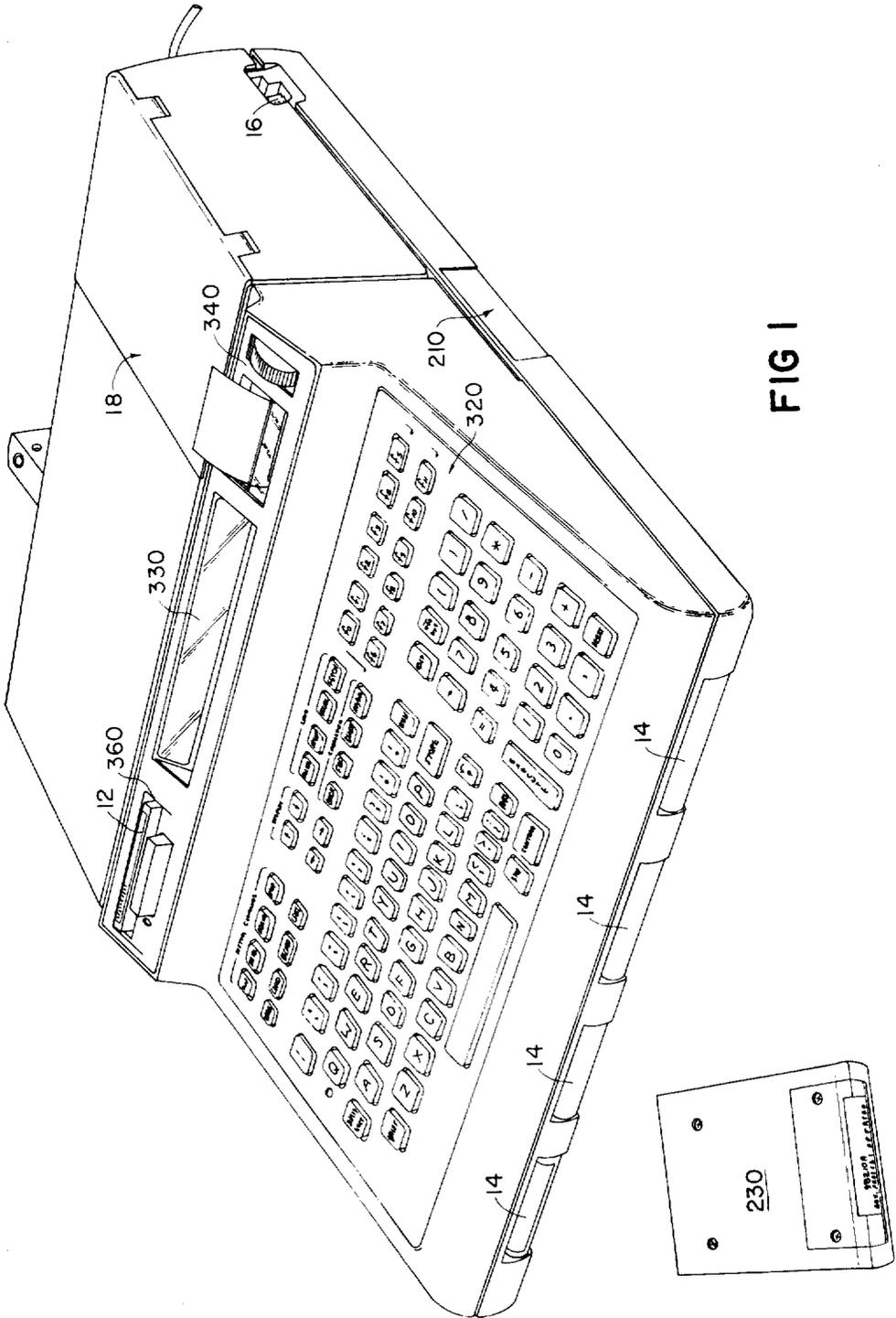


FIG 1

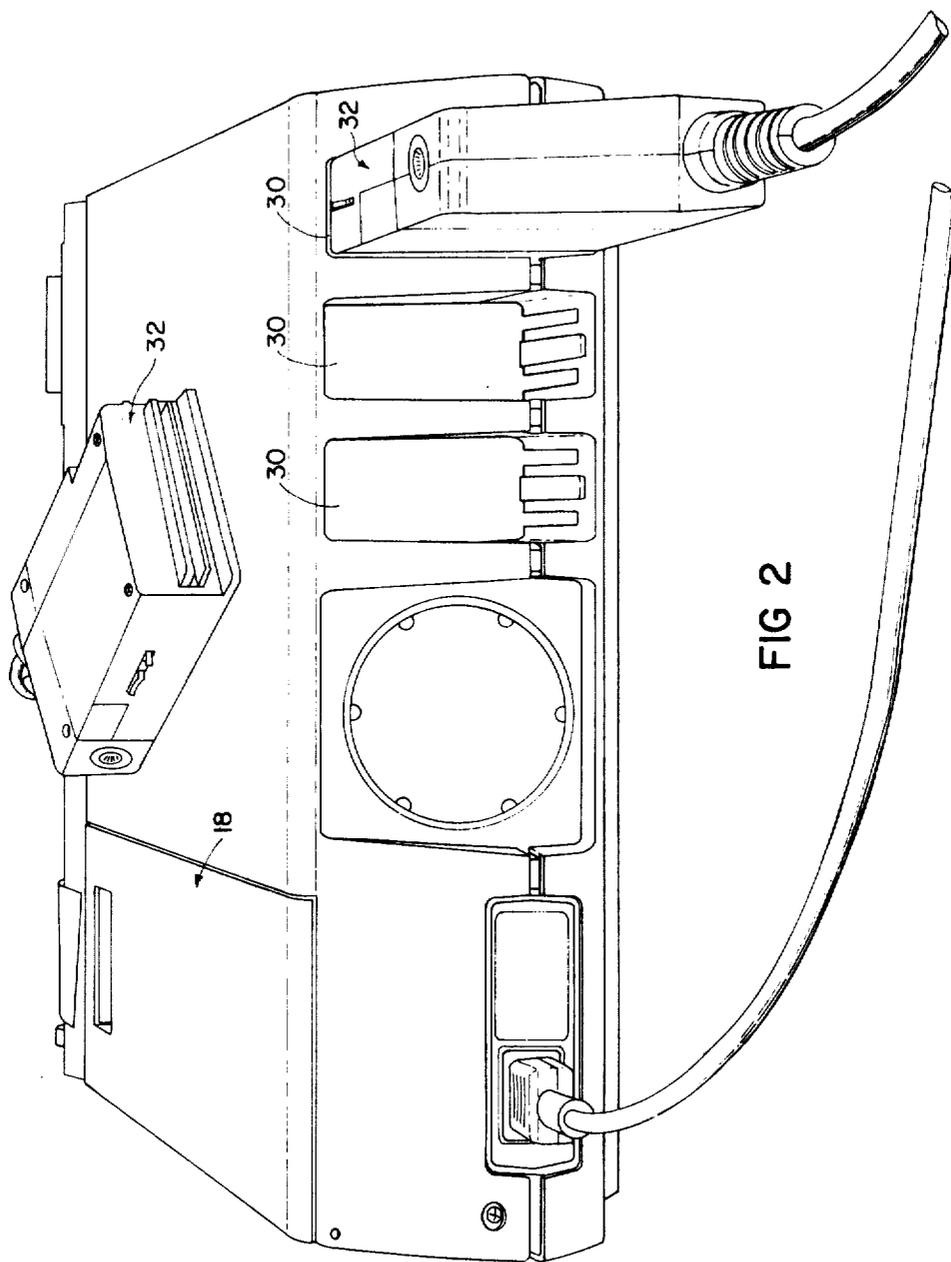


FIG 2

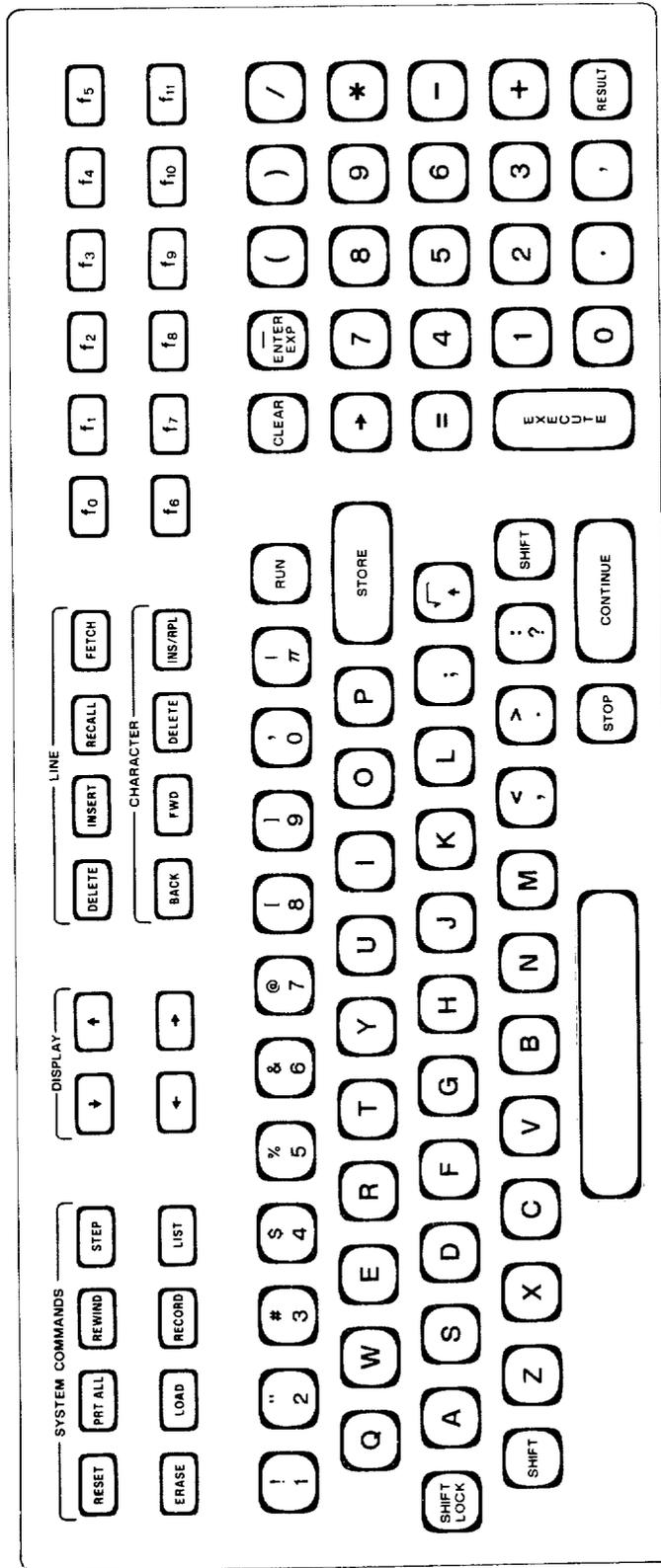
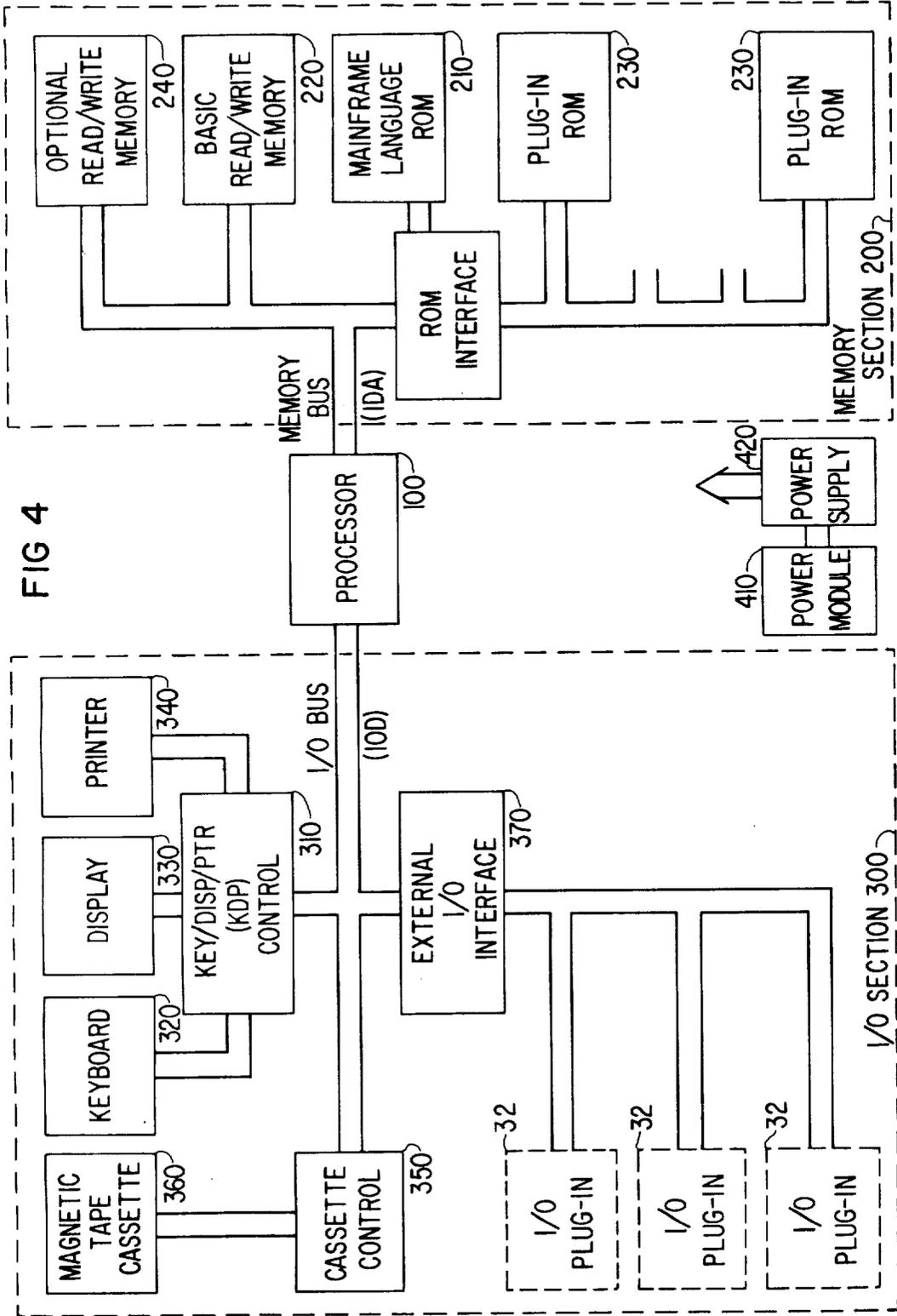
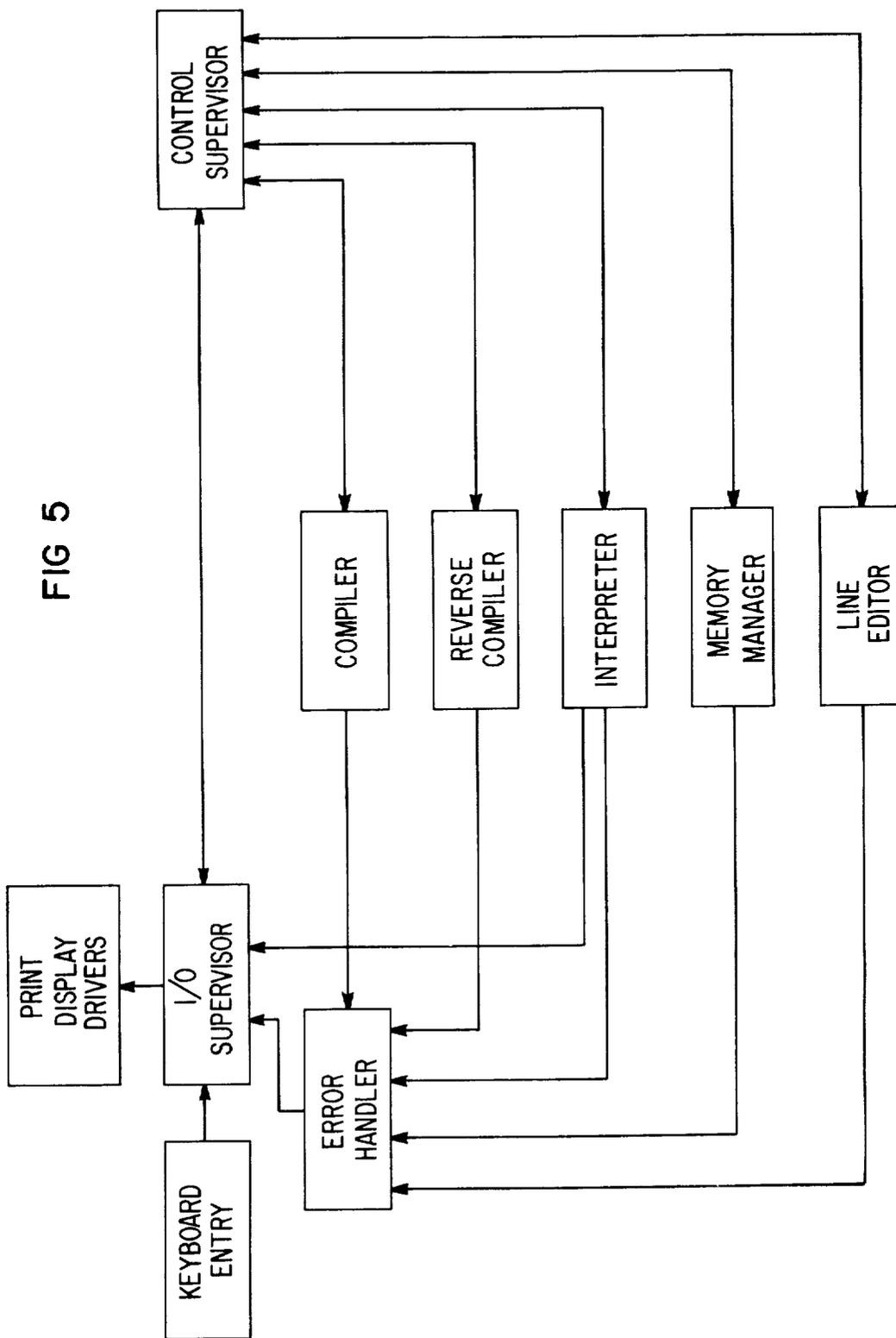


FIG 3





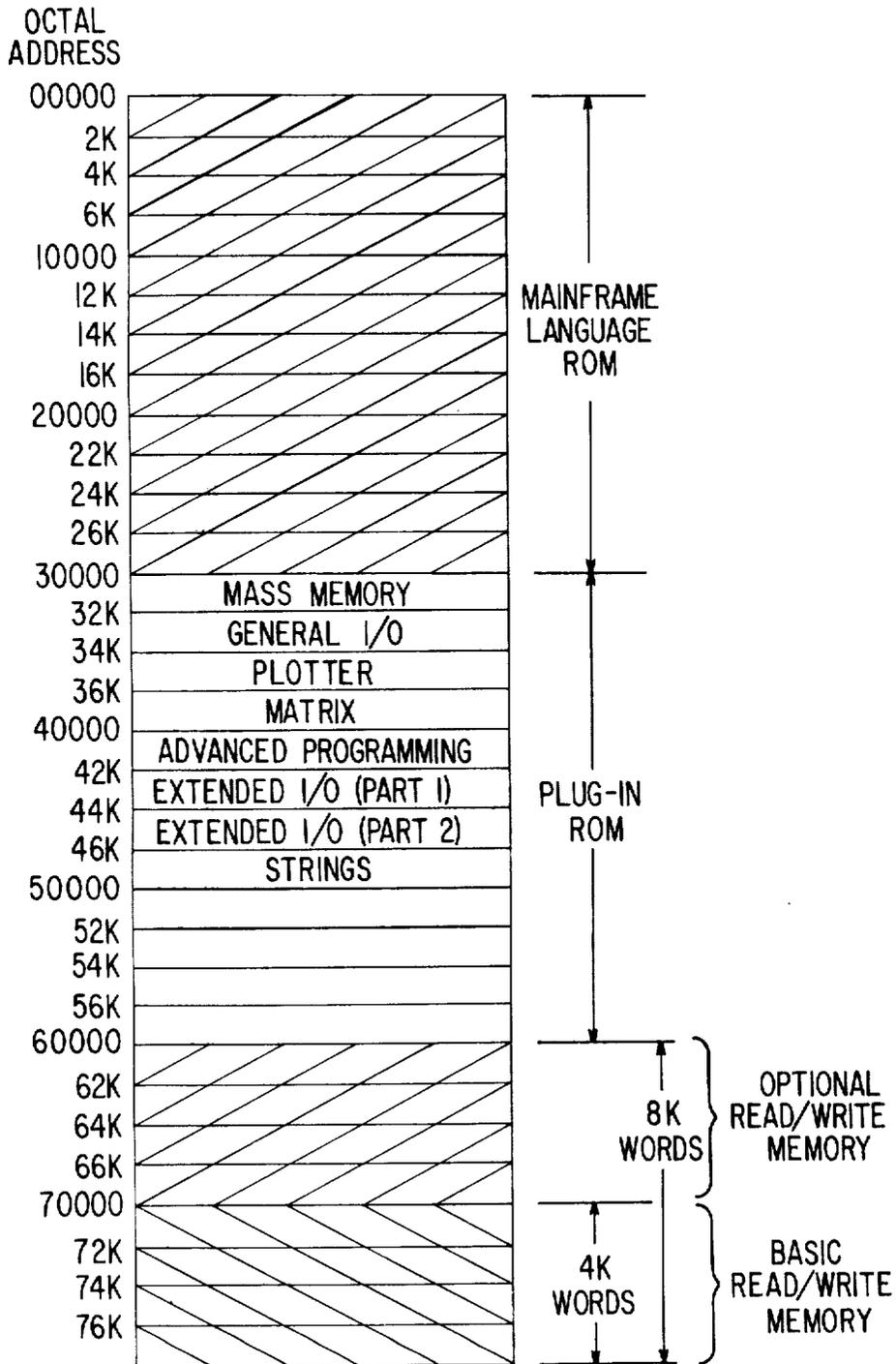


FIG 6

MAINFRAME LANGUAGE ROM MAP

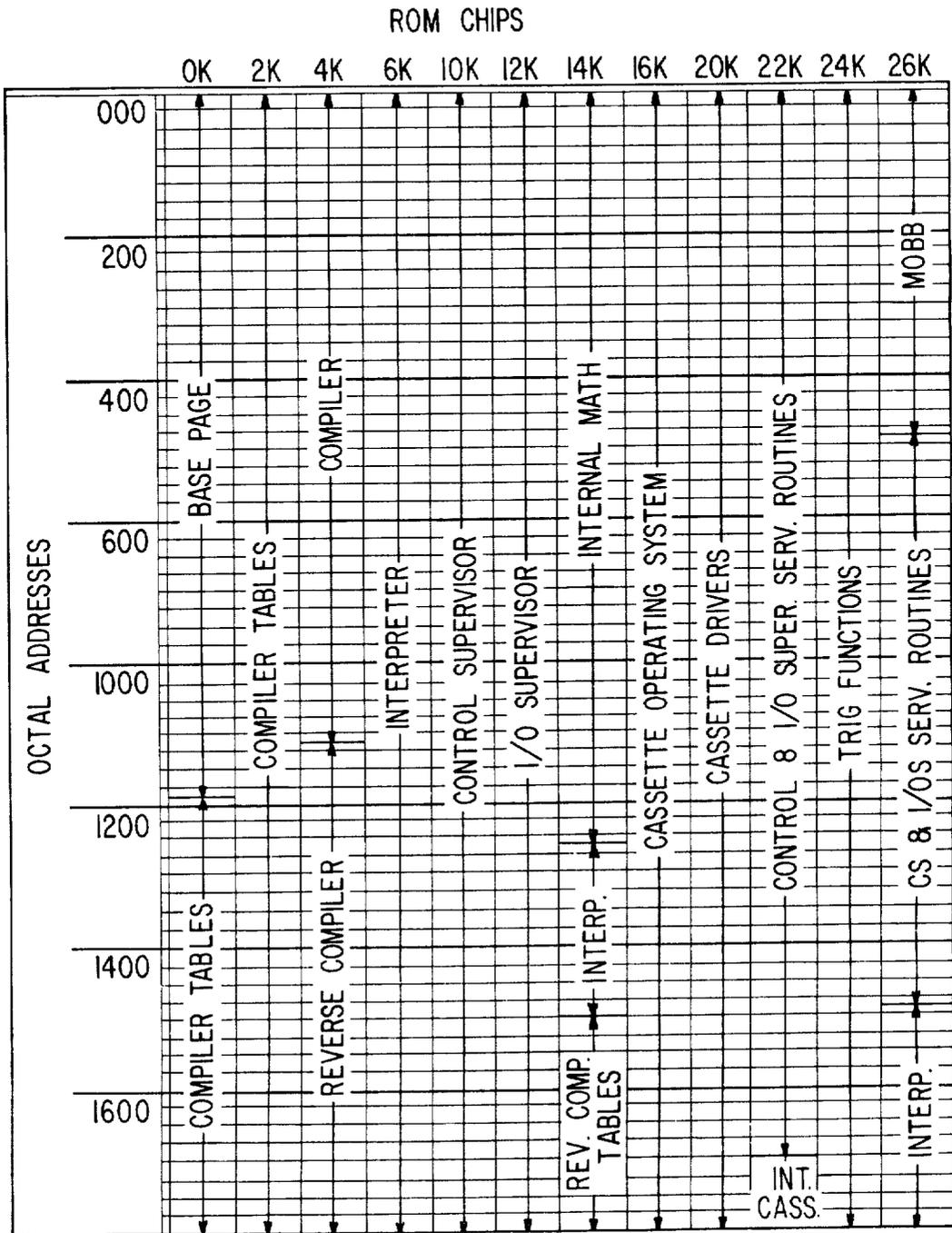


FIG 7

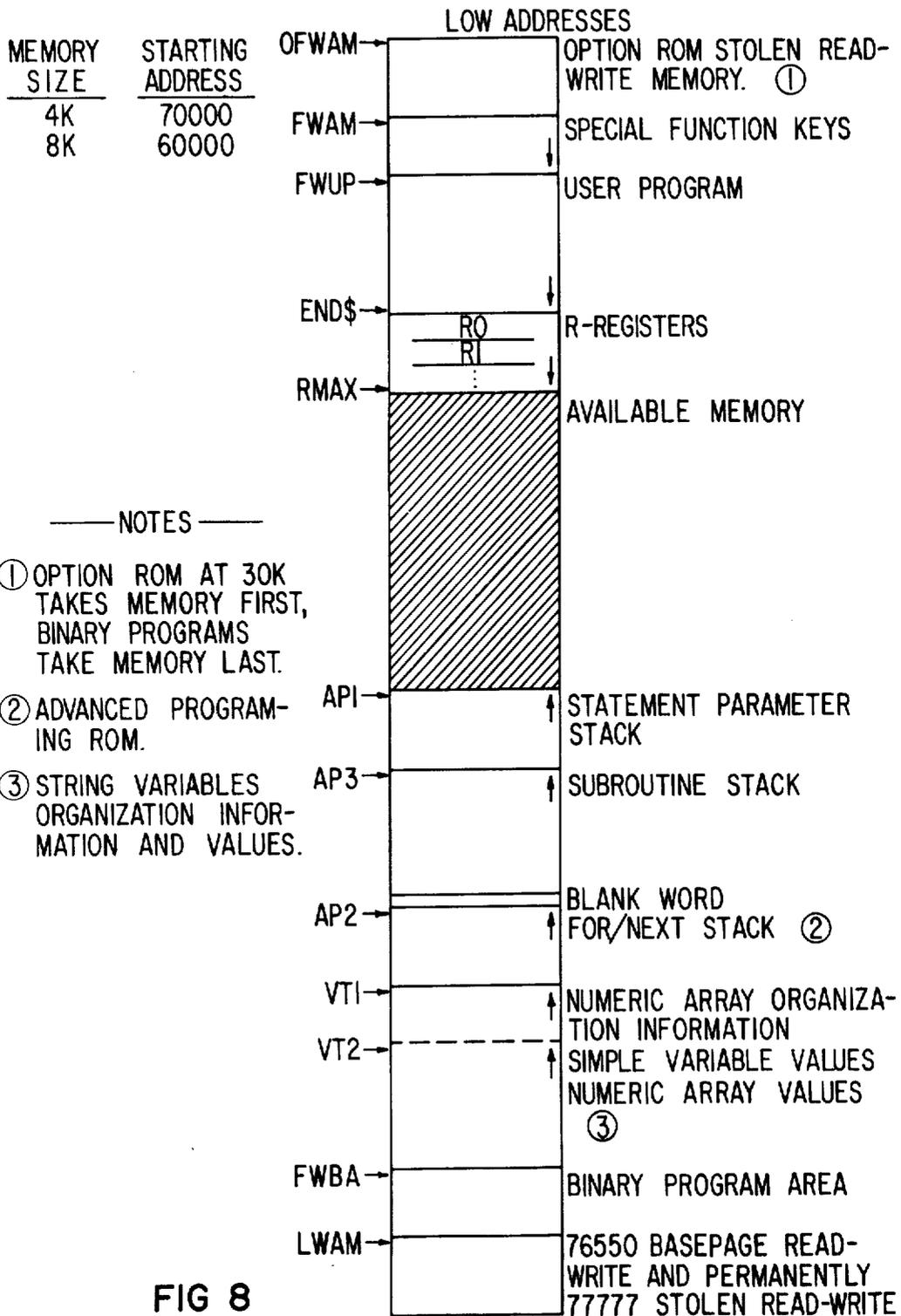
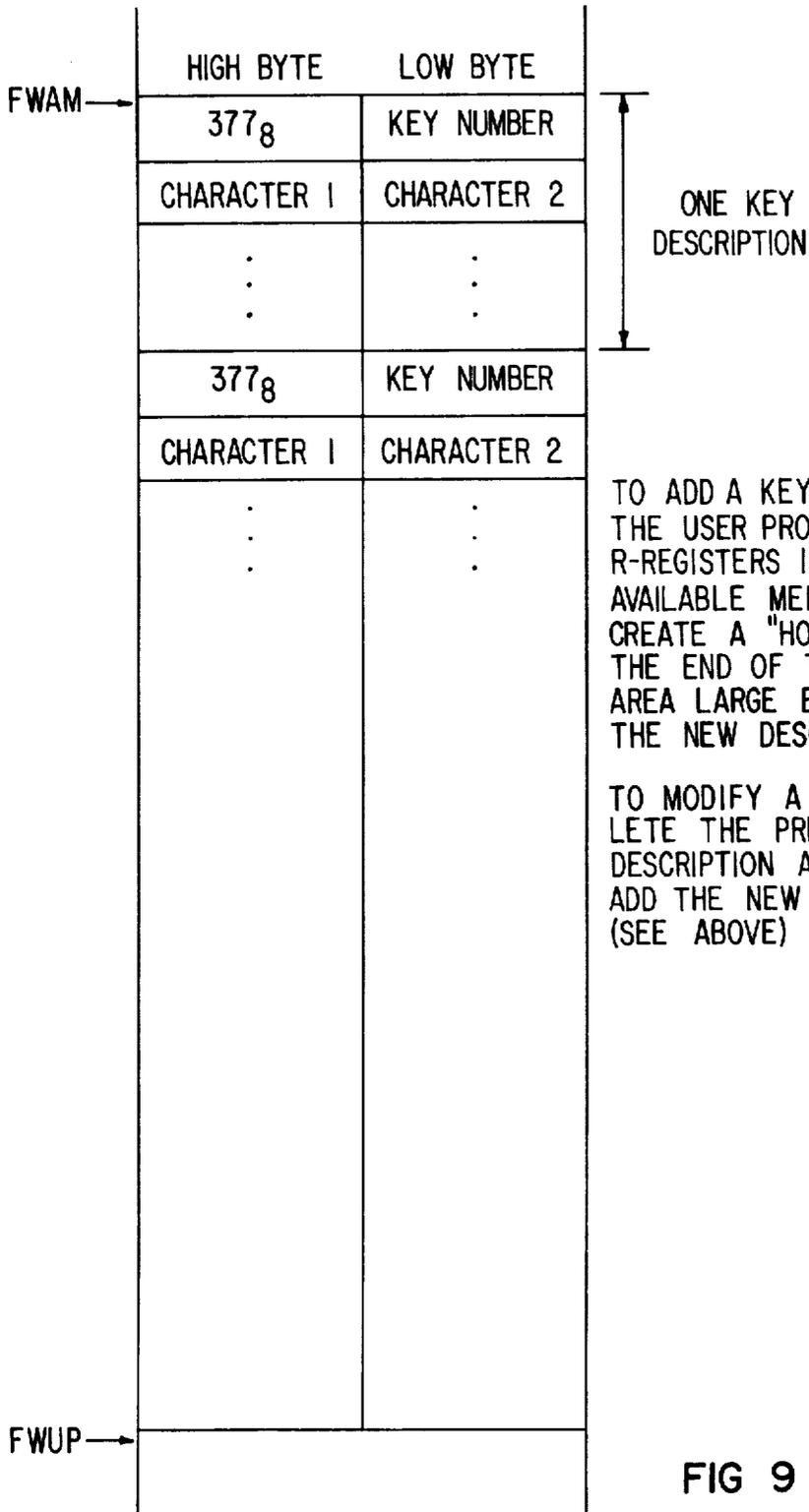


FIG 8



TO ADD A KEY MOVE THE USER PROGRAM AND R-REGISTERS INTO THE AVAILABLE MEMORY. TO CREATE A "HOLE" AT THE END OF THE KEY AREA LARGE ENOUGH FOR THE NEW DESCRIPTION.

TO MODIFY A KEY DELETE THE PREVIOUS DESCRIPTION AND THEN ADD THE NEW DESCRIPTION. (SEE ABOVE)

FIG 9

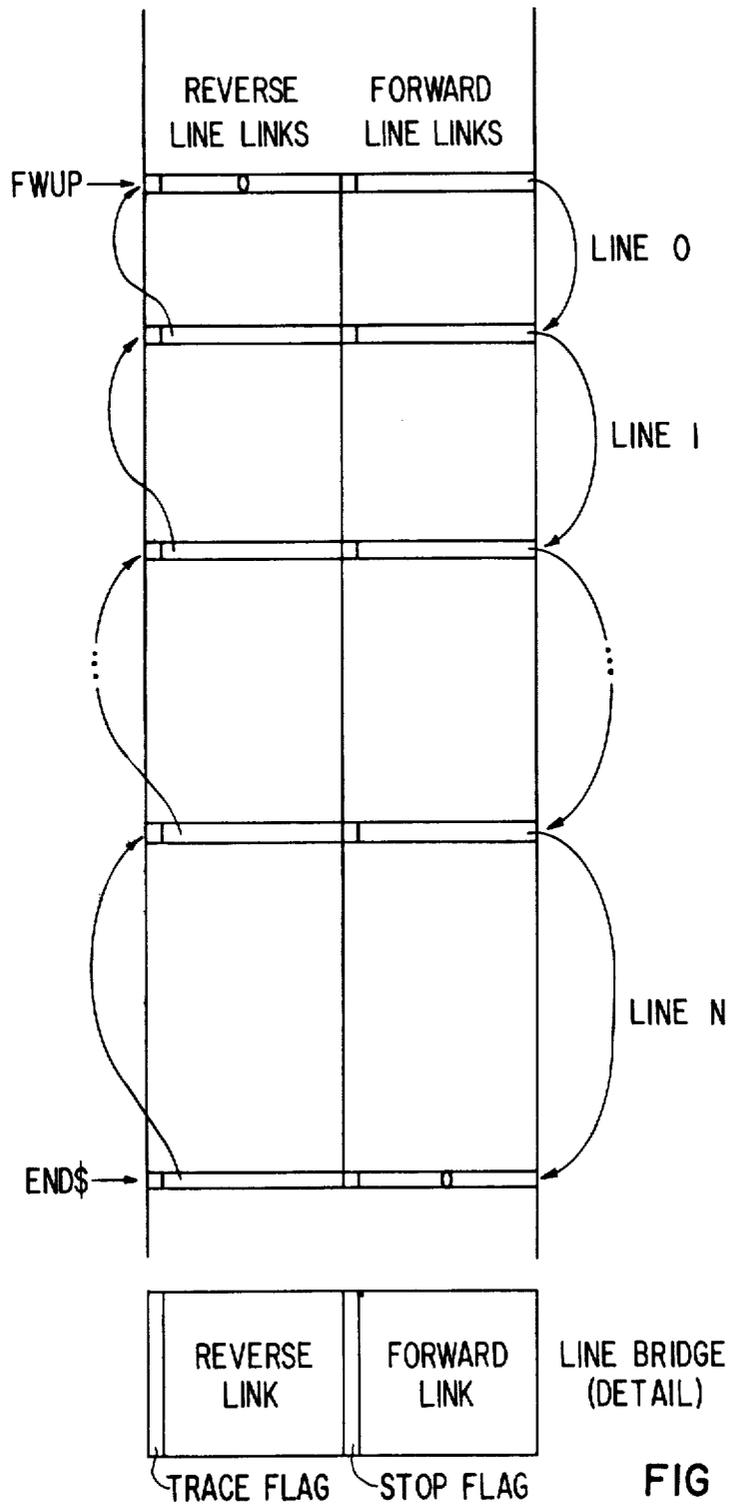
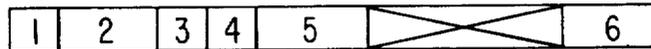


FIG 10

STATEMENT PARAMETER STACK ENTITIES

"WHAT" WORD DESCRIPTION:



- 1. 1=VARIABLE
0=CONSTANT
- 2. CLASS
0
1 FULL PRECISION NO.
2
3
4
5
6 ENTIRE ARRAY
7 EMPTY
- 3. COMMA LINK
- 4. COLON LINK
- 5. SUB CLASS
- 6. ADDRESSING MODE
0 ABSOLUTE
1 RELATIVE TO "WHAT" WORD
2 RELATIVE TO END\$
3 RELATIVE TO AP2

NUMERIC CONSTANT

WHAT
LENGTH=7
WHERE =3
VALUE

SIMPLE VARIABLE
ARRAY ELEMENT
R=REGISTER

WHAT
LENGTH=3
WHERE

EMPTY

WHAT
LENGTH= 3
WHERE = 0

ENTIRE ARRAY

WHAT
LENGTH=4
WHERE
SIZE OF ARRAY

STRING CONSTANT

WHAT	
LENGTH	
WHERE	
NO. OF CHAR.	
CH. 1	CH. 2
CH. N-1	CH. N

FIG II

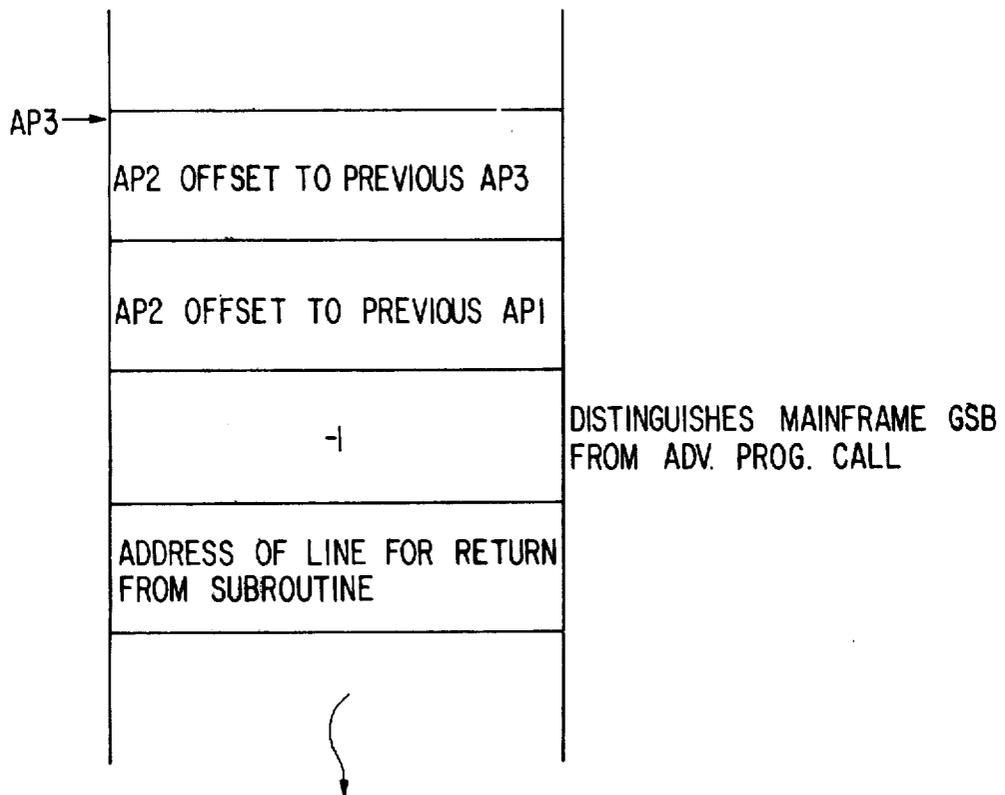
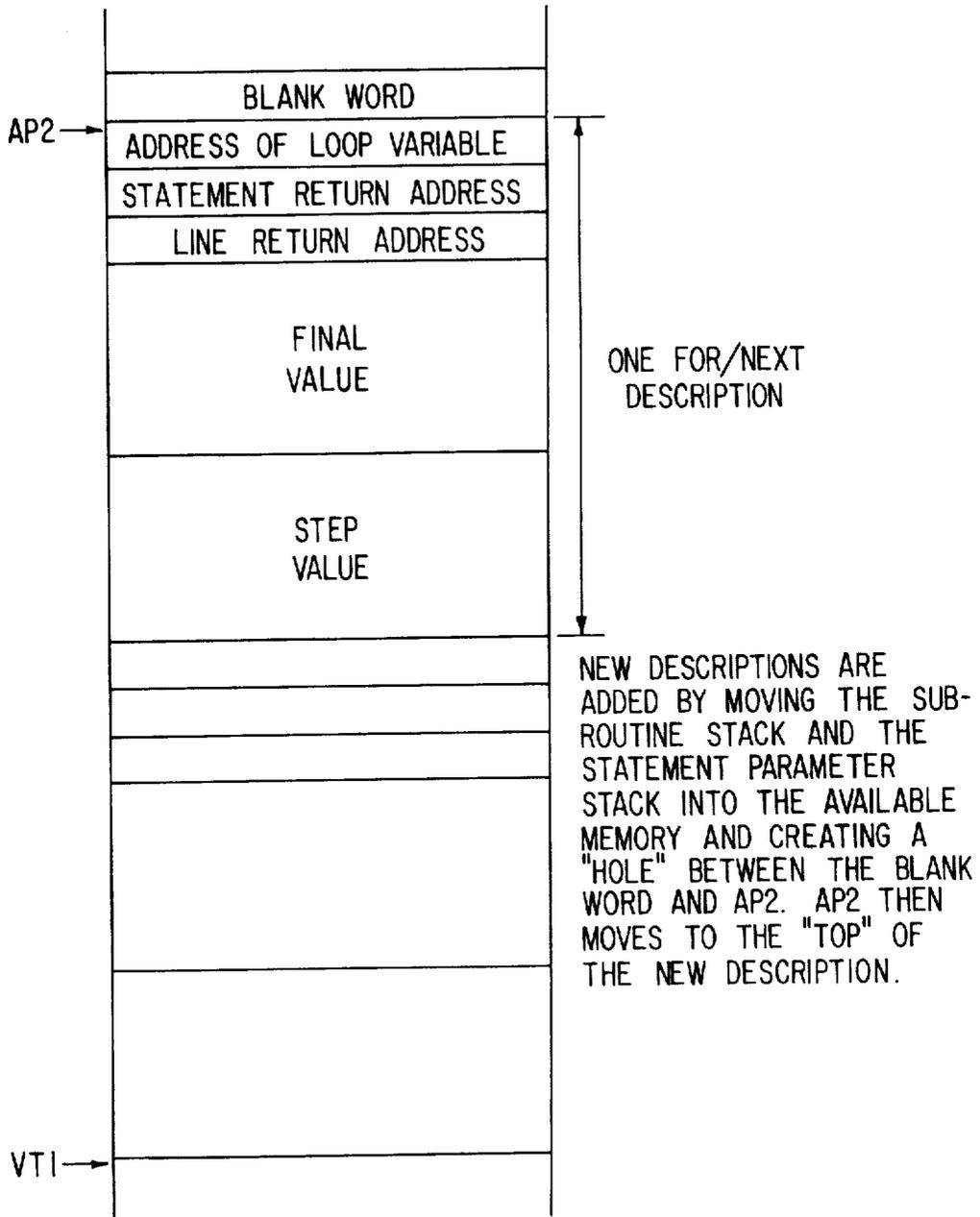


FIG 12



NOTE: THIS STACK IS NULL UNLESS THE ADVANCED PROGRAMMING ROM IS IN USE.

FIG 13

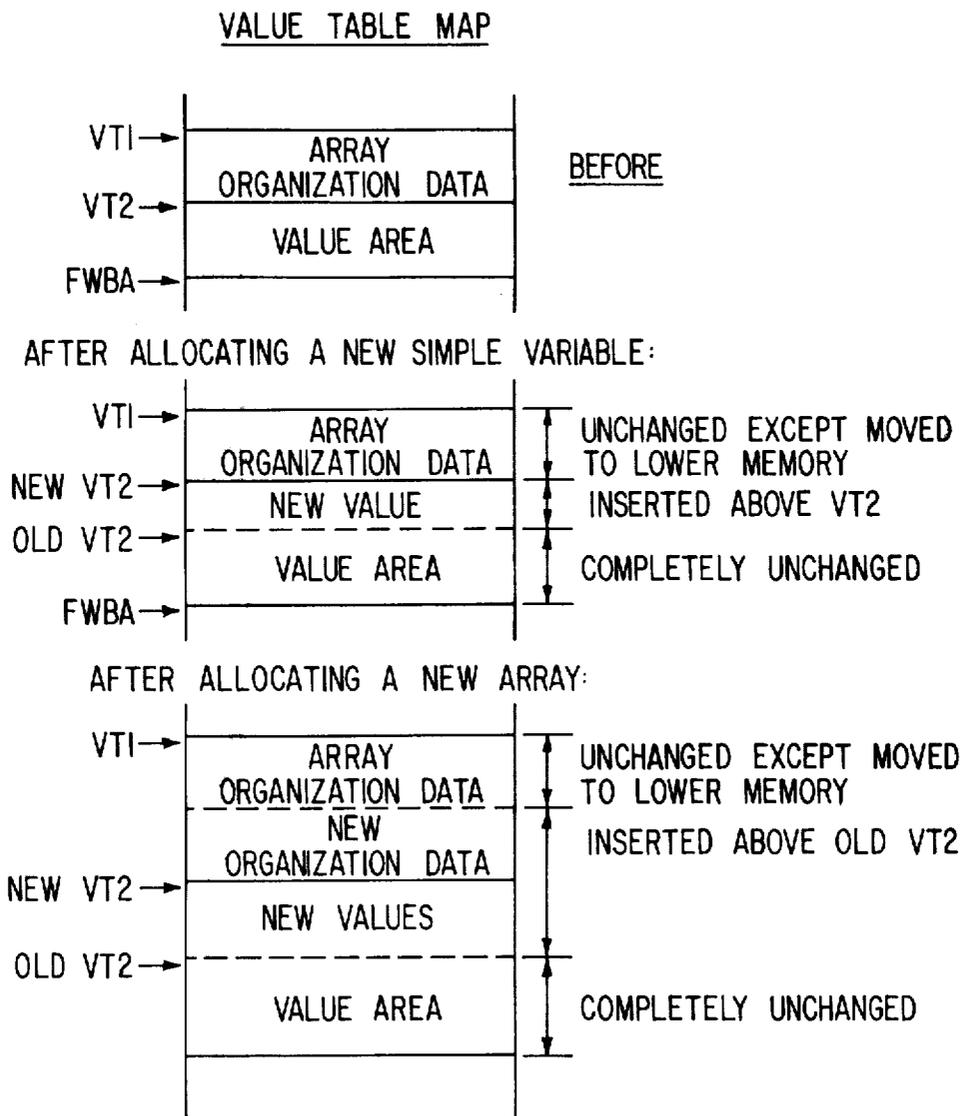
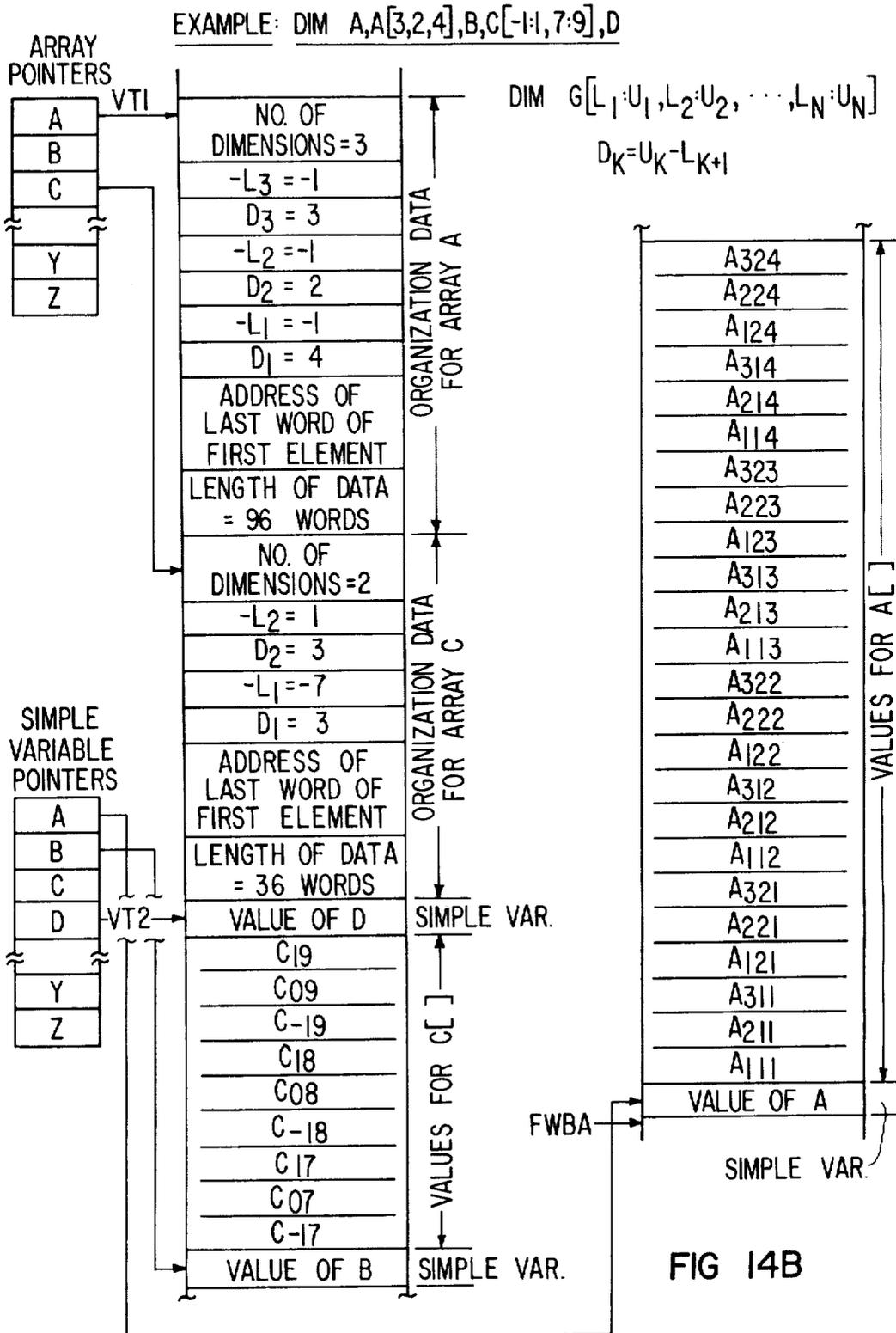


FIG 14A



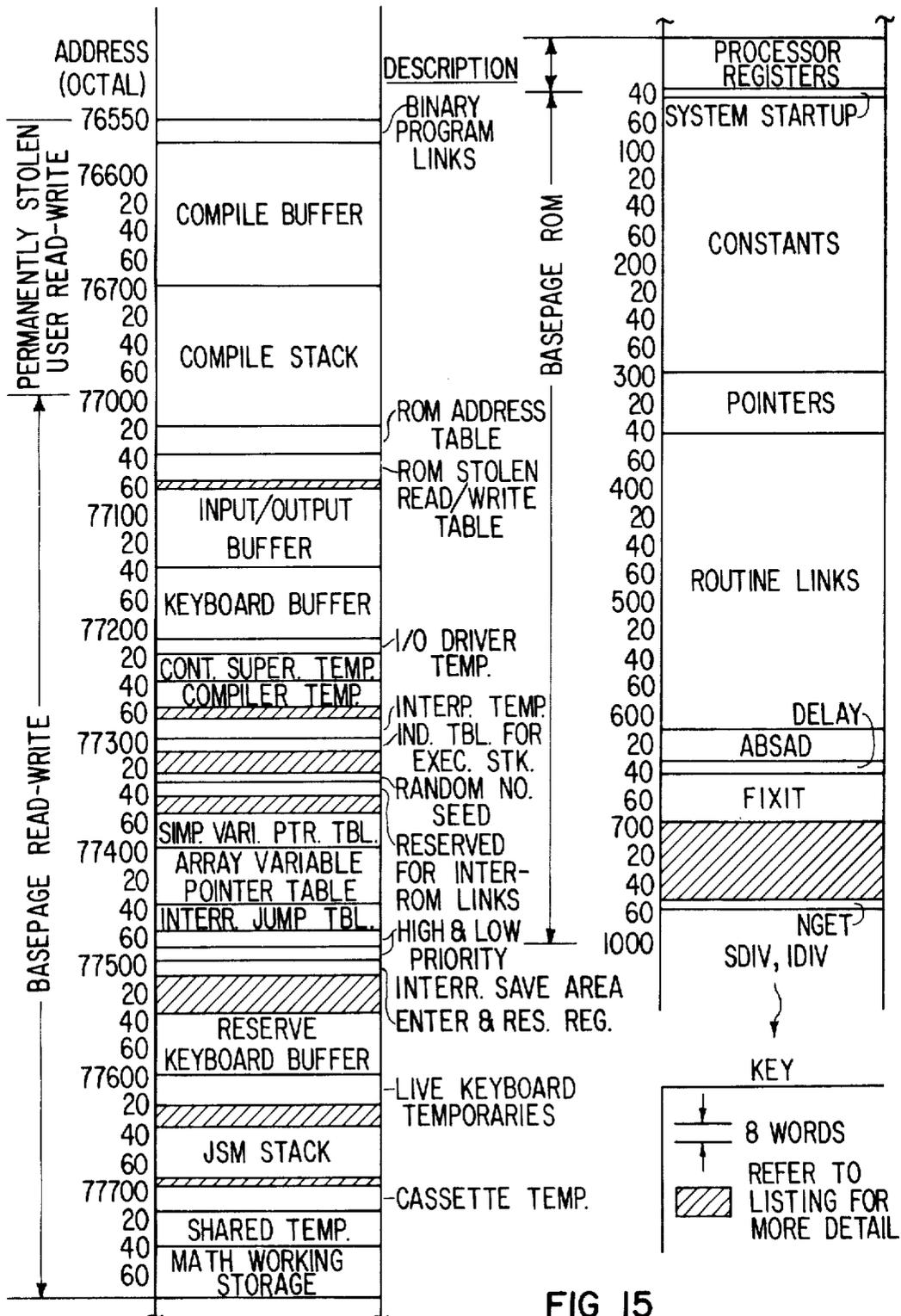


FIG 15

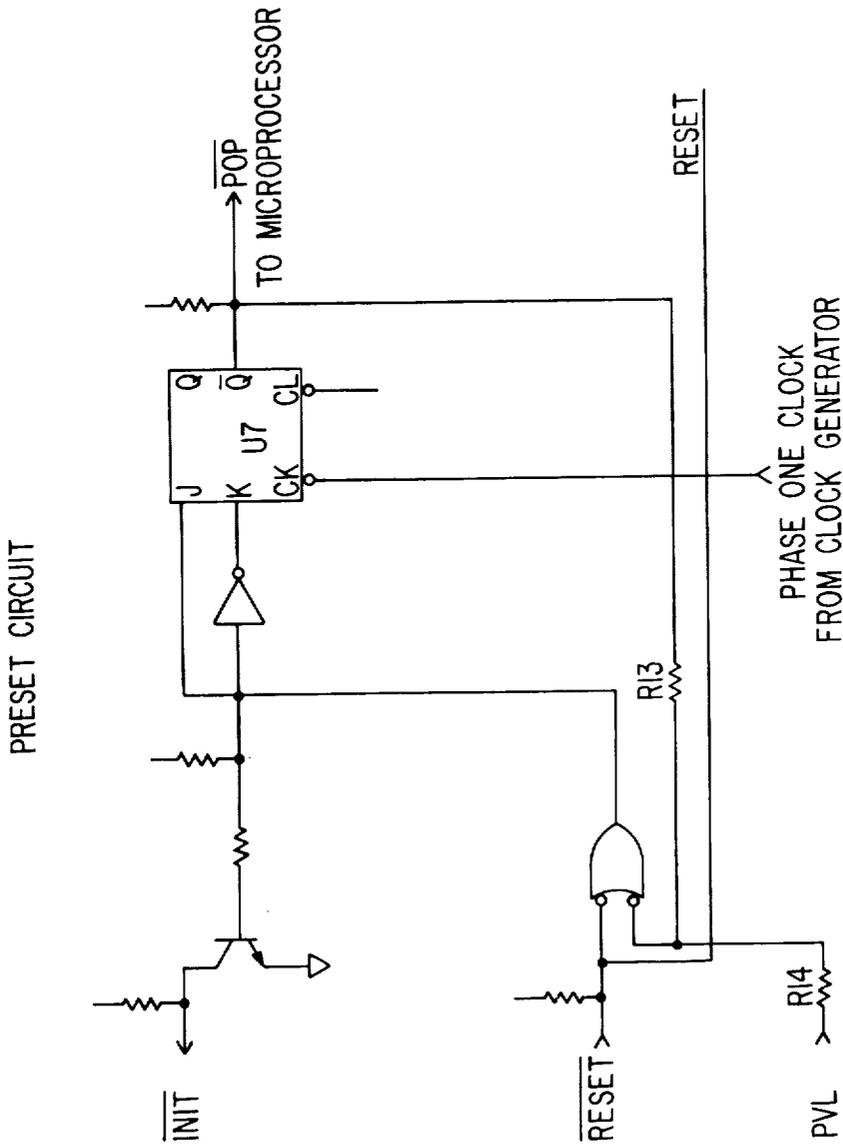


FIG 18

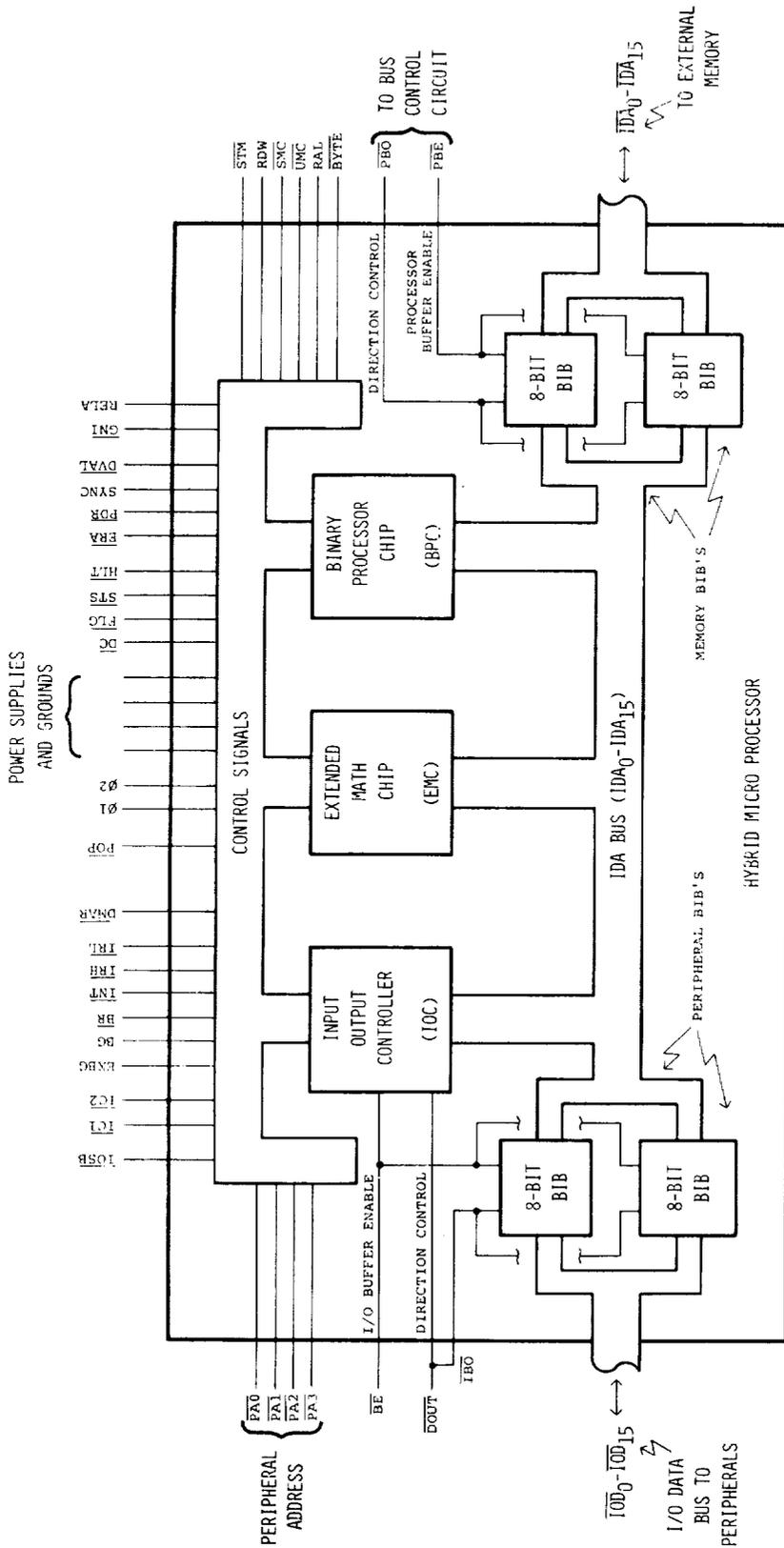


FIG 19

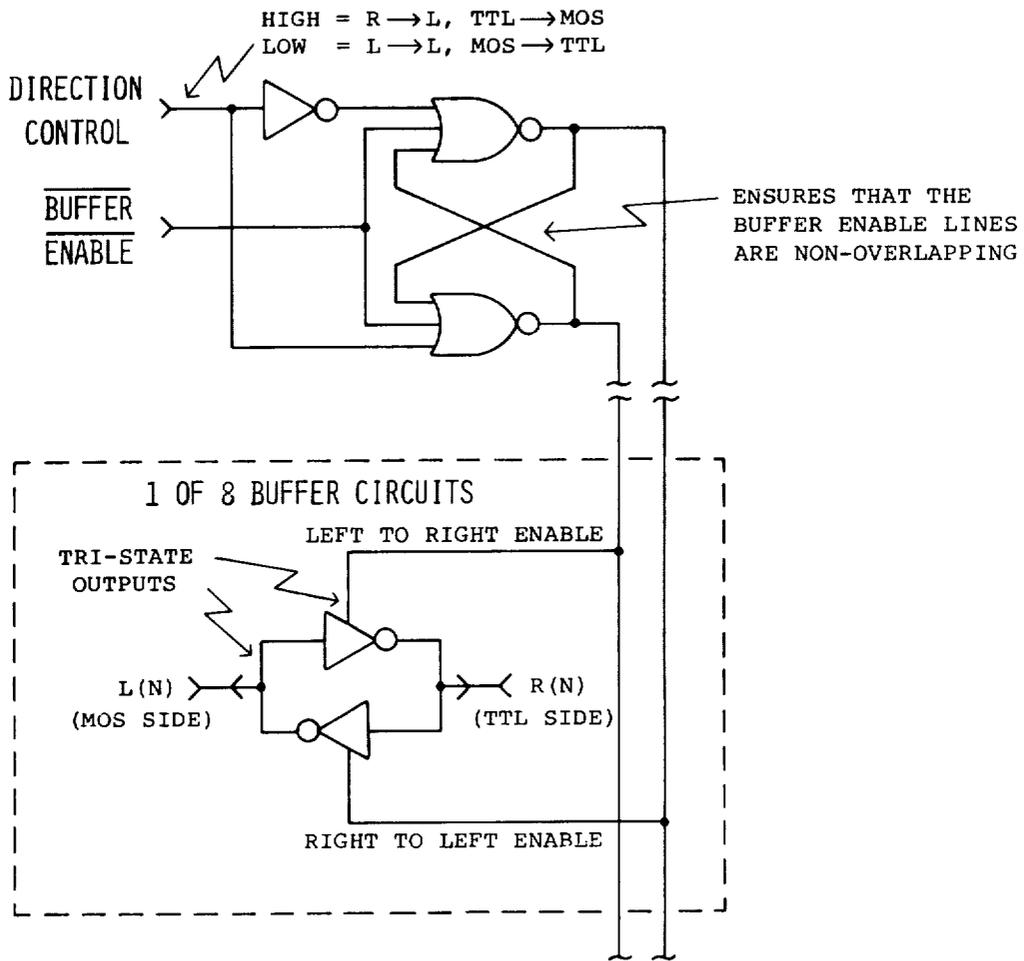


FIG 20

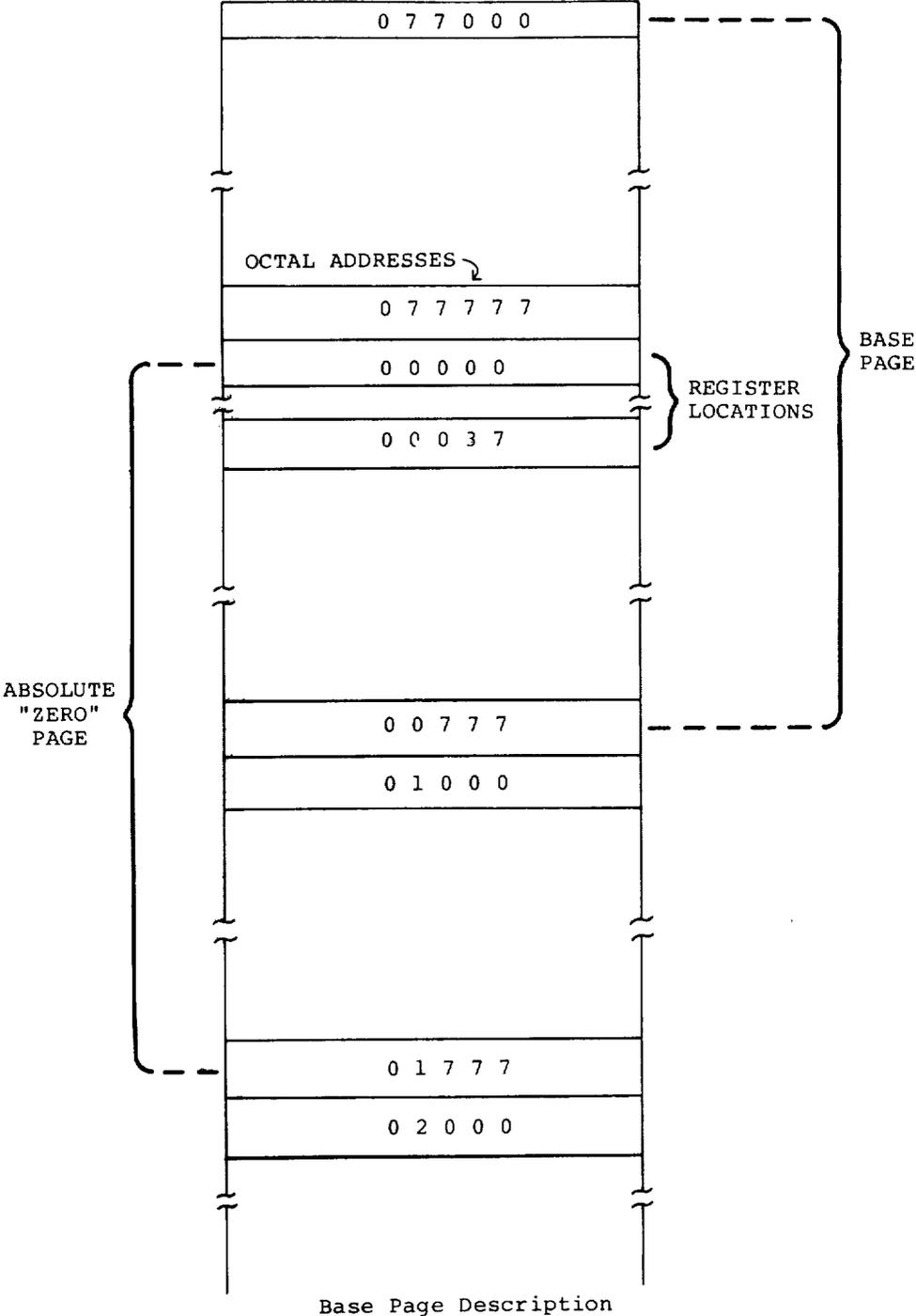
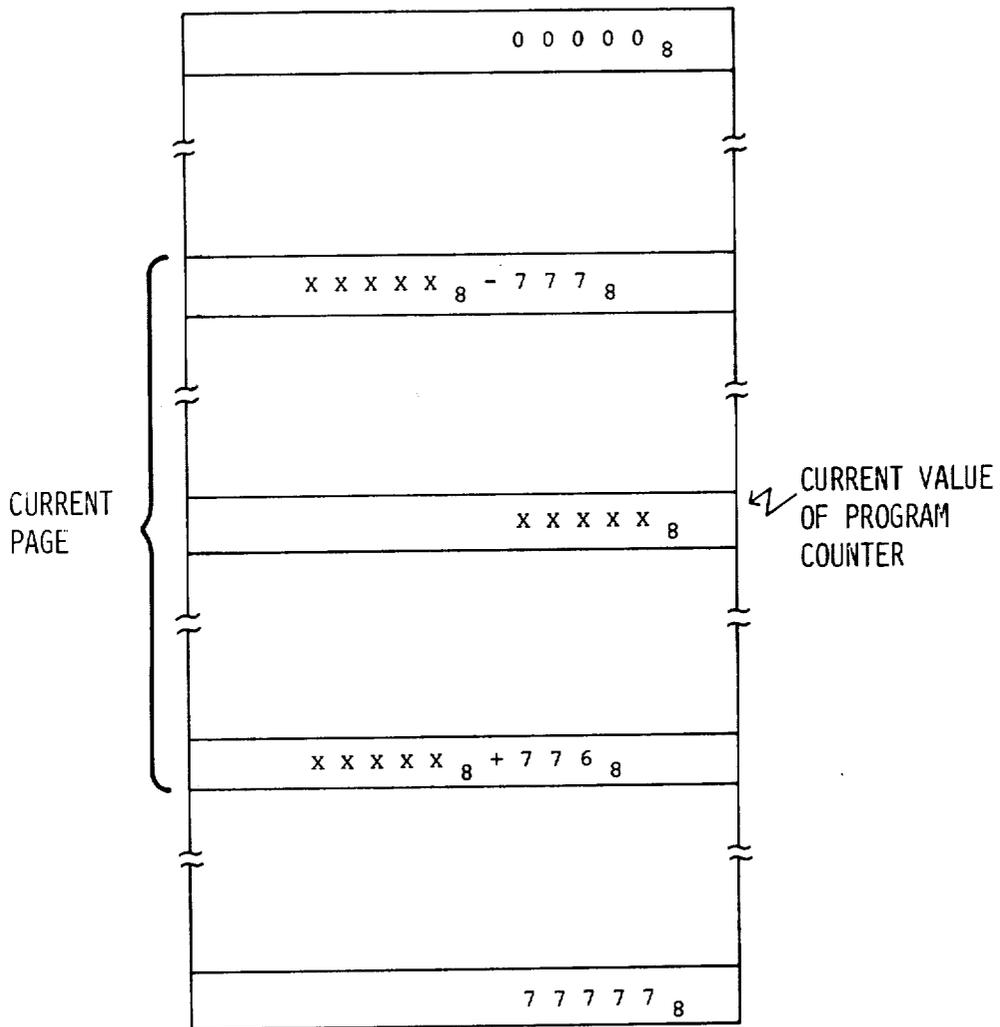


FIG 21

CURRENT PAGE ABSOLUTE ADDRESSING CORRESPONDENCE
FOR MEMORY REFERENCE INSTRUCTIONS

LEAST 10 BITS OF ASSEMBLER OUTPUT (octal)	"REAL ADDRESS"	
	TOP 5 BITS (of P)	LOWER 10 BITS (octal)
1 0 0 0	X X X X X	0 0 0 0 START OF PAGE
1 0 0 1	X X X X X	0 0 0 1
1 0 0 2	X X X X X	0 0 0 2
.	.	.
.	.	.
.	.	.
.	.	.
.	.	.
1 7 7 7	.	0 7 7 7
0 0 0 0	.	1 0 0 0
0 0 0 1	.	1 0 0 1
0 0 0 2	.	1 0 0 2
.	.	.
.	.	.
.	.	.
.	.	.
.	.	.
0 7 7 7	X X X X X	1 7 7 7 END OF PAGE

FIG 22



RELATIVE ADDRESSING

FIG 23

BPC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS

GROUP: MEMORY REFERENCE

INST.

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LDA	D/I	0	0	0	0	B/ \bar{B}										
LDB	D/I	0	0	0	1	B/ \bar{B}										
CPA	D/I	0	0	1	0	B/ \bar{B}										
CPB	D/I	0	0	1	1	B/ \bar{B}										
ADA	D/I	0	1	0	0	B/ \bar{B}										
ADB	D/I	0	1	0	1	B/ \bar{B}										
STA	D/I	0	1	1	0	B/ \bar{B}										
STB	D/I	0	1	1	1	B/ \bar{B}										
JSM	D/I	1	0	0	0	B/ \bar{B}										
ISZ	D/I	1	0	0	1	B/ \bar{B}										
AND	D/I	1	0	1	0	B/ \bar{B}										
DSZ	D/I	1	0	1	1	B/ \bar{B}										
IOR	D/I	1	1	0	0	B/ \bar{B}										
JMP	D/I	1	1	0	1	B/ \bar{B}										

* 10 BIT ADDRESS FIELD.
 * ADDRESSES 0-37₈ ARE REGISTERS.
 * FOR BIT 9=0, BITS 0-8 = POSITIVE ADDR.
 * FOR BIT 9=1, ADDRESS IS NEGATIVE.
 * IGNORE BIT 9, COMPLIMENT BITS 0-8, THEN ADD ONE.
 * BASE PAGE ADDRESS ENCODING IS ALWAYS WITH RESPECT TO MEMORY LOCATION ZERO.
 * CURRENT PAGE ENCODING:
 (ABSOLUTE) RELATIVE TO THE MIDDLE OF THE PAGE (1000B, 3000B, ETC.)
 (RELATIVE) RELATIVE TO THE CURRENT VALUE OF P, +511, -512.

D/I (DIRECT/INDIRECT) AND B/ \bar{B} (BASE PAGE/ NOT BASE PAGE) ARE CODED AS 0/1.

FIG 24A

BPC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS (CONTINUED)

GROUP: SHIFT-ROTATE

INST. NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AAR	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0				
ABR	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0				
SAR	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0				
SBR	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0				
SAL	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0				
SBL	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0				
RAR	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0				
RBR	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0				

* 4 BITS OF SHIFT-ROTATE FIELD. IN SOURCE $1 \leq N \leq 16$. BINARY IN THIS FIELD IS N-1.

FIG 24B

BPC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS (CONTINUED)

GROUP: ALTER

INST.

NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RLA	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	H/H	C/S						
RLB	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	H/H	C/S						
SLA	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	H/H	C/S						
SLB	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	H/H	C/S						
SAP	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	H/H	C/S						
SBP	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	H/H	C/S						
SAM	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	H/H	C/S						
SBM	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	H/H	C/S						
SOC	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	H/H	C/S						
SOS	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	H/H	C/S						
SEC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	H/H	C/S						
SES	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	H/H	C/S						

* 6 BIT SKIP FIELD, +31, -32.
 * IF BIT 5=0, SKIP TO P+#; #=BITS 0 THRU 4.
 * IF BIT 5=1, SKIP TO P-#, #=1+ COMP OF BITS 0-4.

H/H (HOLD/DON'T HOLD) AND C/S (CLEAR/SET) ARE CODED AS 0/1.

HOWEVER: H/H IS SET BY THE ASSEMBLER ITSELF. IF NEITHER S NOR C IS PRESENT,

BOTH H/H AND C/S ARE MADE 0'S. THE PRESENCE OF EITHER A C OR AN S PRODUCES H

(A 1).

FIG 24C

BPC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS (CONTINUED)

GROUP: SKIP

INST.

NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RZA	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0					
RZB	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0					
SZA	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0					
SZB	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0					
RIA	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1					
RIB	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1					
SIA	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1					
SIB	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1					
SFS	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0					
SFC	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0					
SSS	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0					
SSC	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0					
SDS	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1					
SDC	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1					
SHS	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1					
SHC	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1					

* 6 BIT SKIP FIELD,
+31, -32.

* IF BIT 5=0, SKIP
TO P+#; #=BITS
0 THRU 4.

* IF BIT 5=1, SKIP
TO P-#; #=1+ COMP
OF BITS 0-4.

FIG 24D

BPC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS (CONT.)

GROUP: RETURN

INST.

NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RET	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	\bar{P}/P	6 BIT, 2'S COMPLEMENT SKIP FIELD (ALLOWS -32 THRU +31).					

\bar{P}/P (DON'T POP/POP THE IOC) ENCODED AS 0/1.

FIG 24E

GROUP: COMPLIMENT

INST.

NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CMA	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
CMB	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
TCA	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
TCB	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

FIG 24F

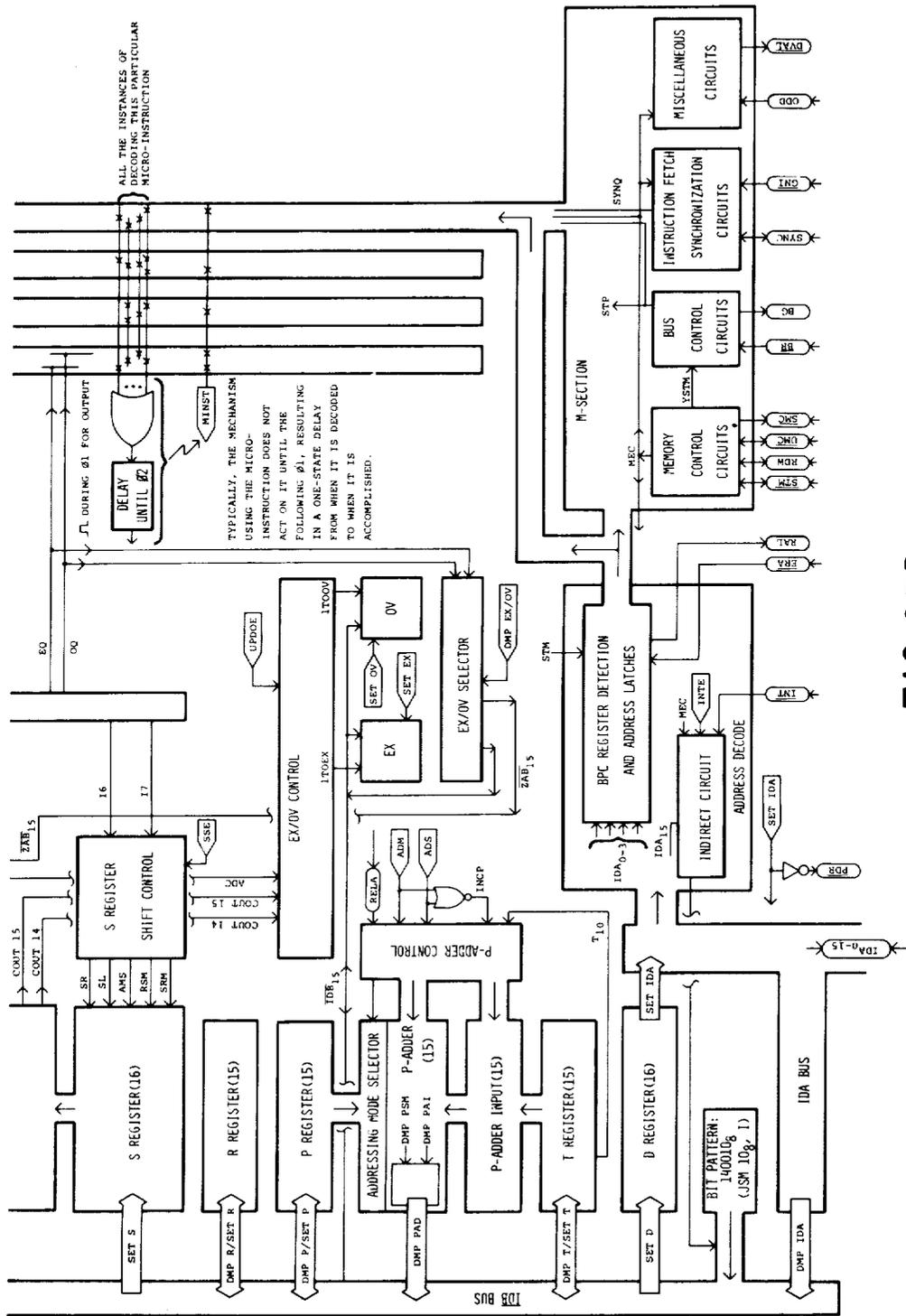
GROUP: EXECUTE

INST.

NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXE	D/I	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 BIT REGISTER ADDRESS (0-37).				

D/I (DIRECT/INDIRECT) ENCODED AS 0/1.

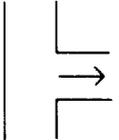
FIG 24G

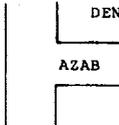
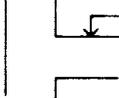


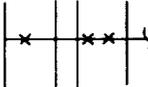
NOTES:

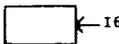
1.  DENOTES A MICRO-INSTRUCTION DECODED IN THE ROM.

2.  AND  DENOTE ONE- AND TWO-WAY INTERCONNECTIONS TO A BUS; ALWAYS CONTROLLED BY A ROM MICRO-INSTRUCTION.

3.  DENOTES A DIRECT CONNECTION BETWEEN TWO ITEMS.

4.  DENOTES A CONNECTION BETWEEN TWO ITEMS THAT IS ACTIVE ONLY WHEN THE STATED SIGNAL IS GIVEN. SUCH SIGNALS ARE NOT ROM DECODED AZAB MICRO-INSTRUCTIONS. SOME ARE PRESENT THROUGHOUT AN ENTIRE EXECUTION CYCLE, WHILE OTHERS REFLECT MORE TEMPORARY CONDITIONS.
OR


5.  DENOTES THAT THE STATED LINE REPRESENTS A DECODED CONDITION.

6.  REPRESENTS A NON-MICRO-INSTRUCTION CONTROL LINE OR SOME OTHER SIGNAL.

7.  REPRESENTS AN INPUT TERMINAL TO THE BPC

8.  REPRESENTS AN OUTPUT TERMINAL FROM THE BPC

9.  REPRESENTS A TERMINAL THAT IS BOTH AN INPUT AND AN OUTPUT.

10. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES INDICATE THE NUMBER OF BITS A MECHANISM HANDLES.

11. THE LOGICAL SENSE (XXX VERSUS \bar{X}) OF THE I/O TERMINALS IS CORRECTLY INDICATED. HOWEVER, THE DRAWING IS NOT A RELIABLE INDICATOR OF THE EXACT SENSE OF THE INTERNAL SIGNALS. TYPICALLY BOTH SENSES EXIST, AND FREQUENTLY THE PHYSICAL PROXIMITY OF SIGNALS TO THEIR DESTINATIONS WAS MORE IMPORTANT IN DECIDING WHICH SENSE TO USE, RATHER THAN AGREEMENT OF LOGICAL SENSE. BECAUSE STRICT ACCURACY IN REPORTING SIGNAL SENSES ON SUCH A GENERAL LEVEL DRAWING WOULD SHARPLY INCREASE THE NUMBER OF INTERCONNECTIONS, WITH ONLY A SLIGHT INCREASE IN USEFULNESS, WE USUALLY SHOW ONLY THE NAME OF THE SIGNAL.

FIG 25C

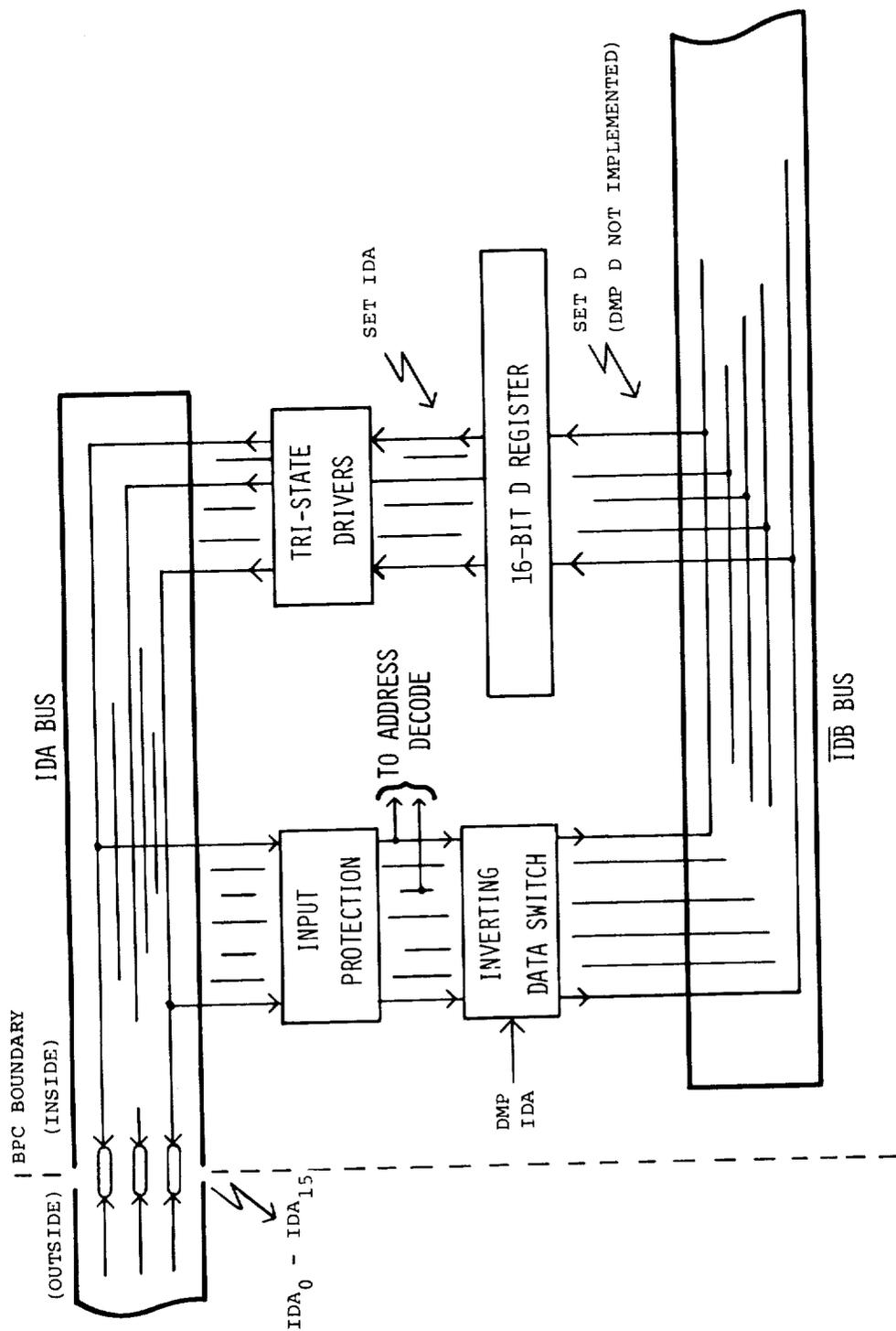


FIG 26

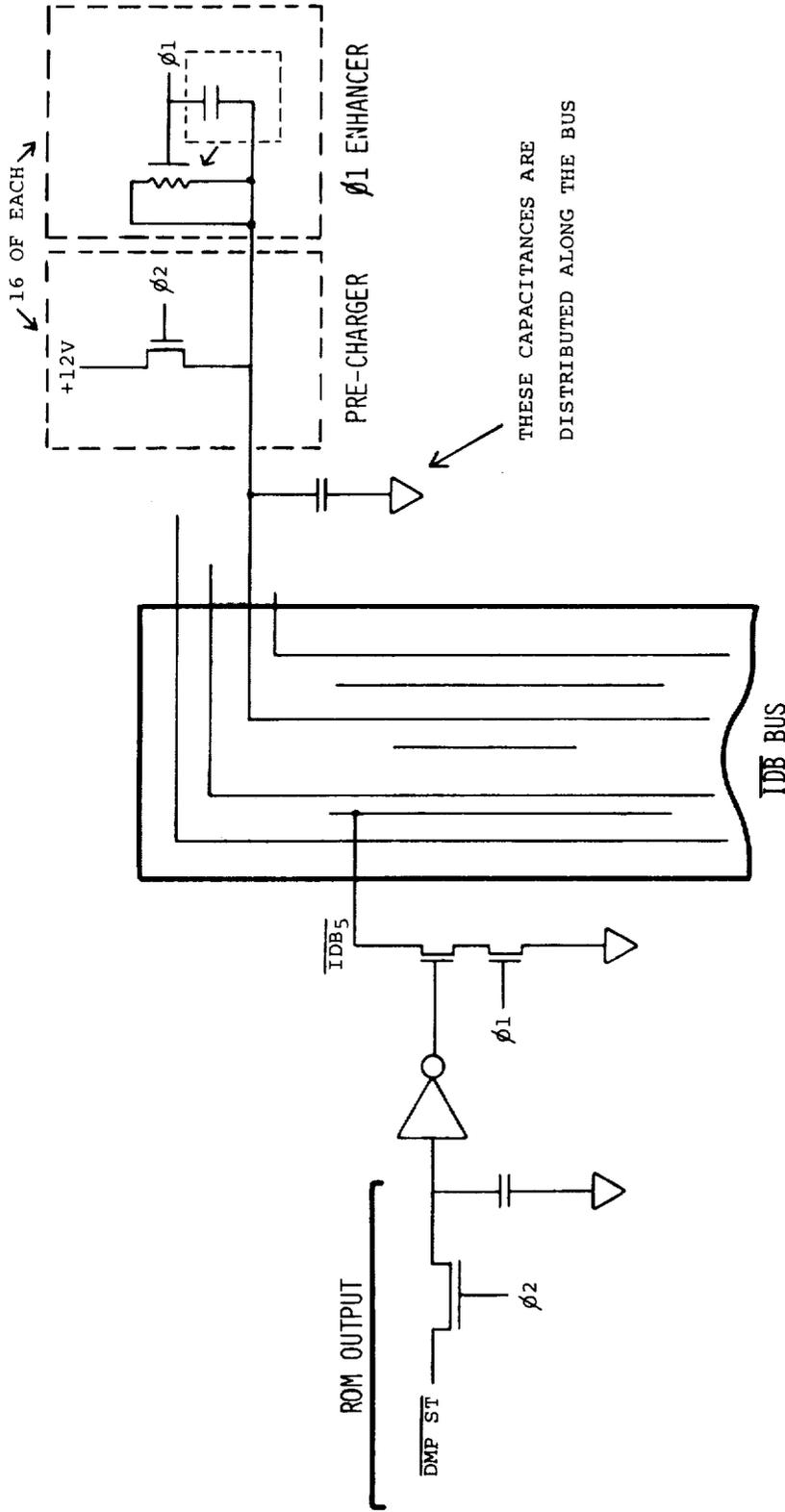


FIG 27

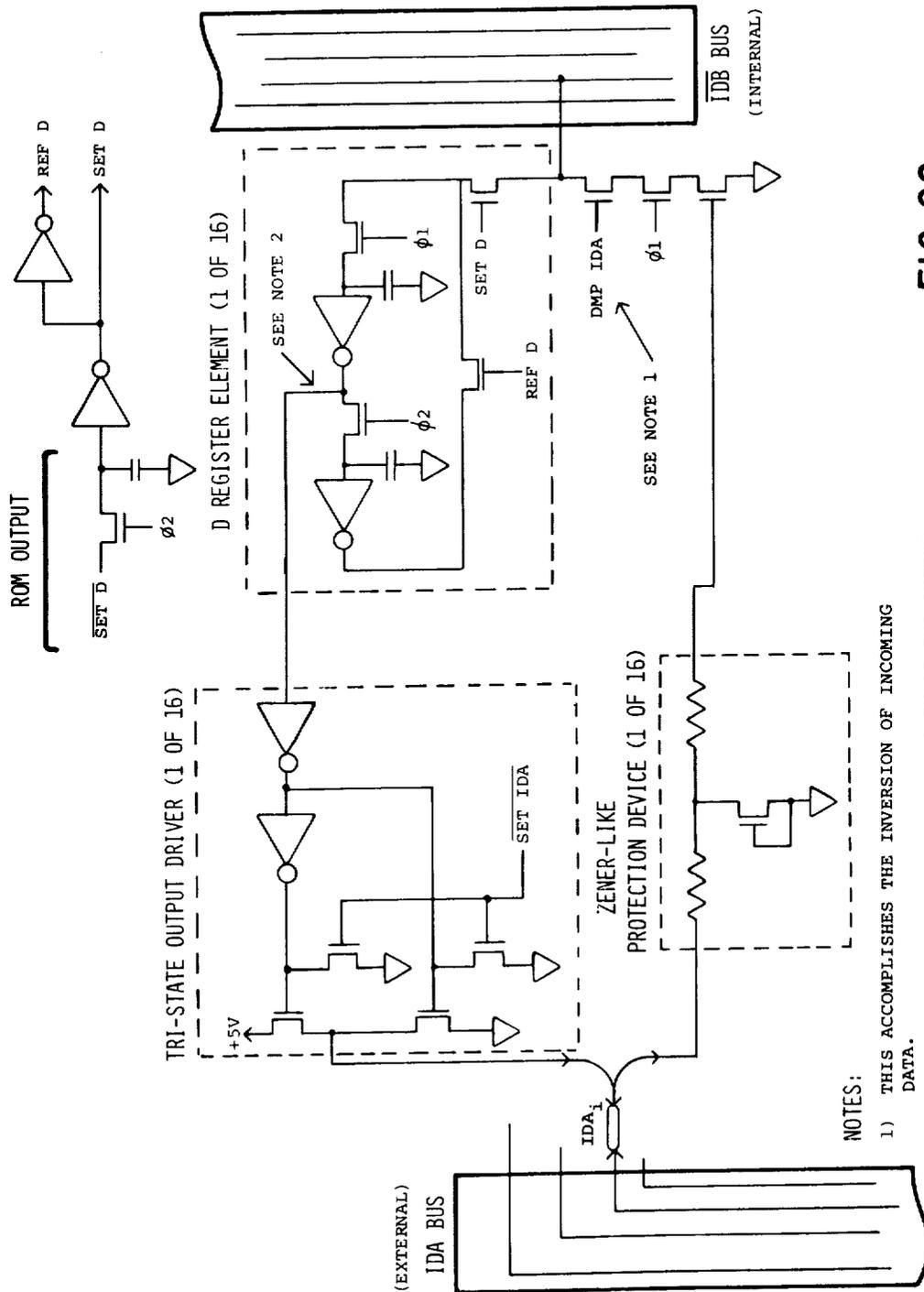


FIG 28

NOTES:

- 1) THIS ACCOMPLISHES THE INVERSION OF INCOMING DATA.
- 2) REGISTER OUTPUTS ARE NORMALLY TAKEN AT THE OUTPUT OF THE INVERTER DRIVEN BY THE $\phi 2$ TRANSFER GATE. BY TAKING IT HERE, IDB BUS DATA IS REINVERTED BACK TO NORMAL BEFORE GOING ONTO THE IDA BUS.

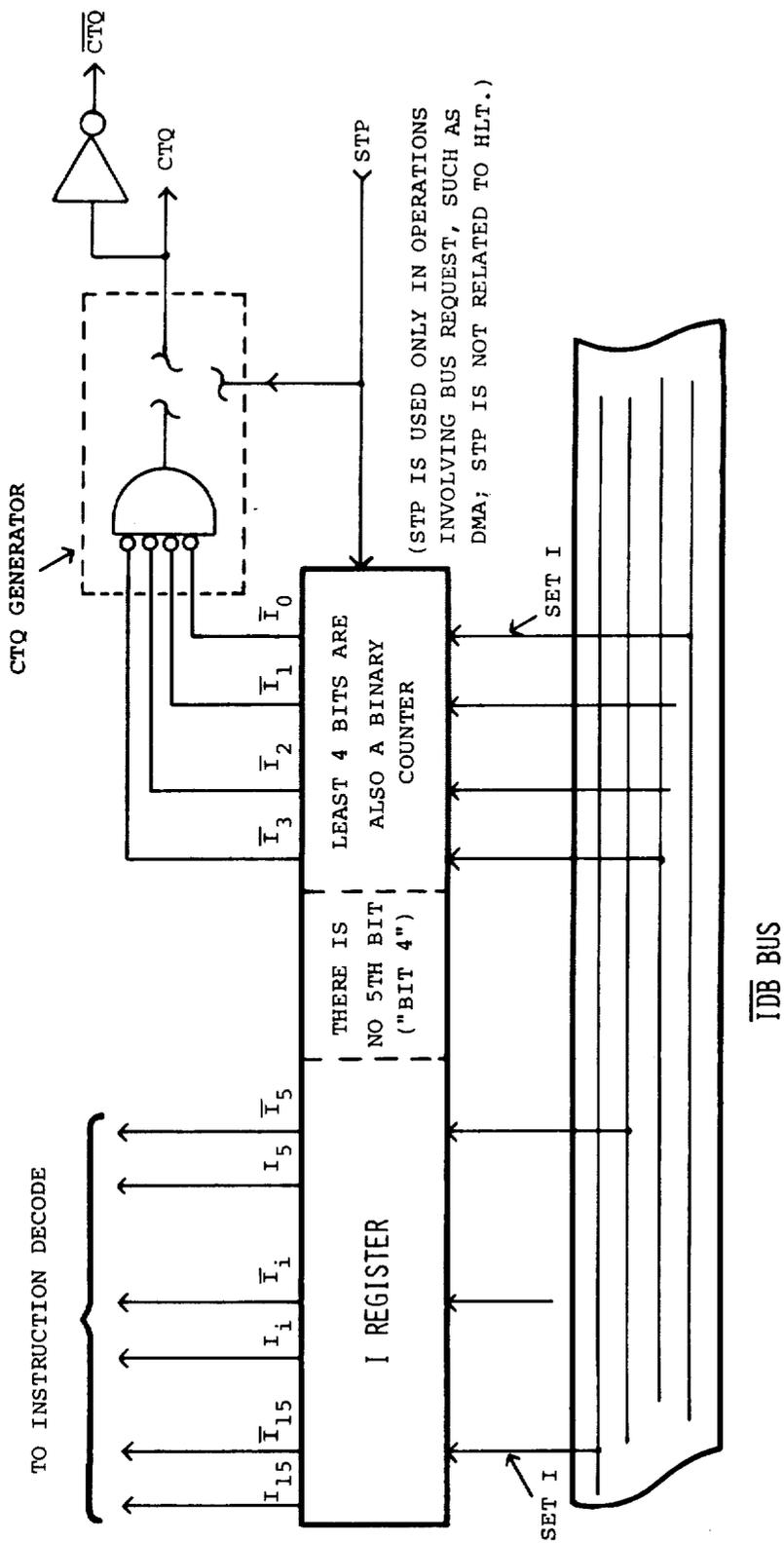


FIG 29

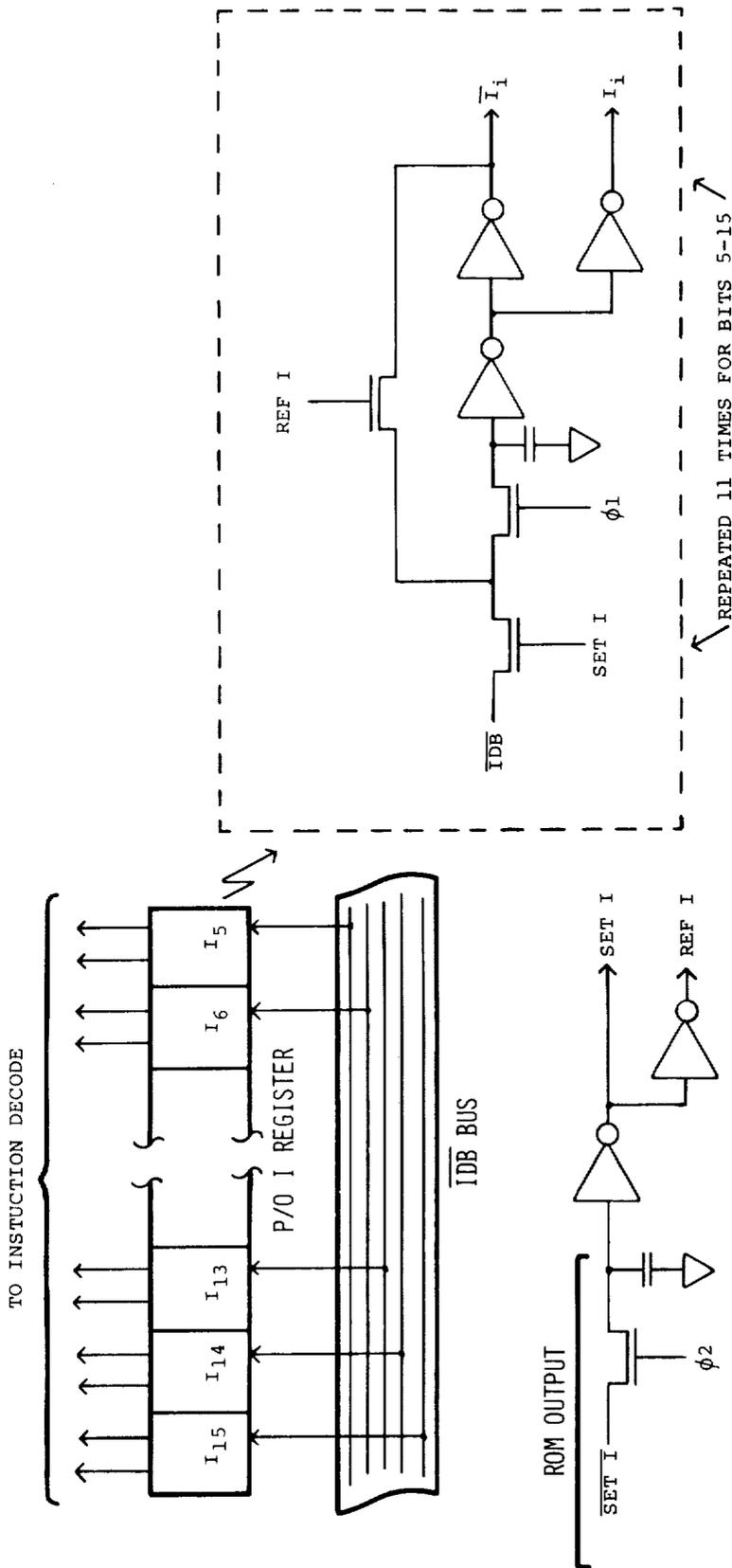


FIG 30

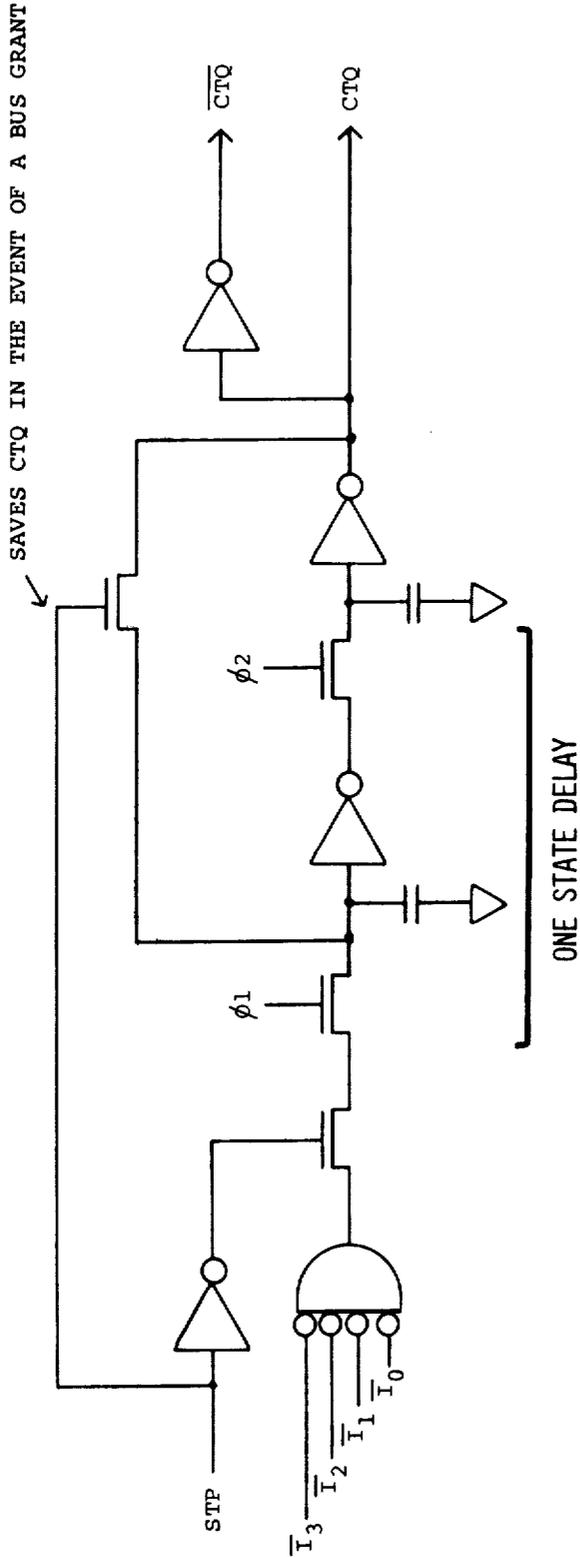


FIG 31

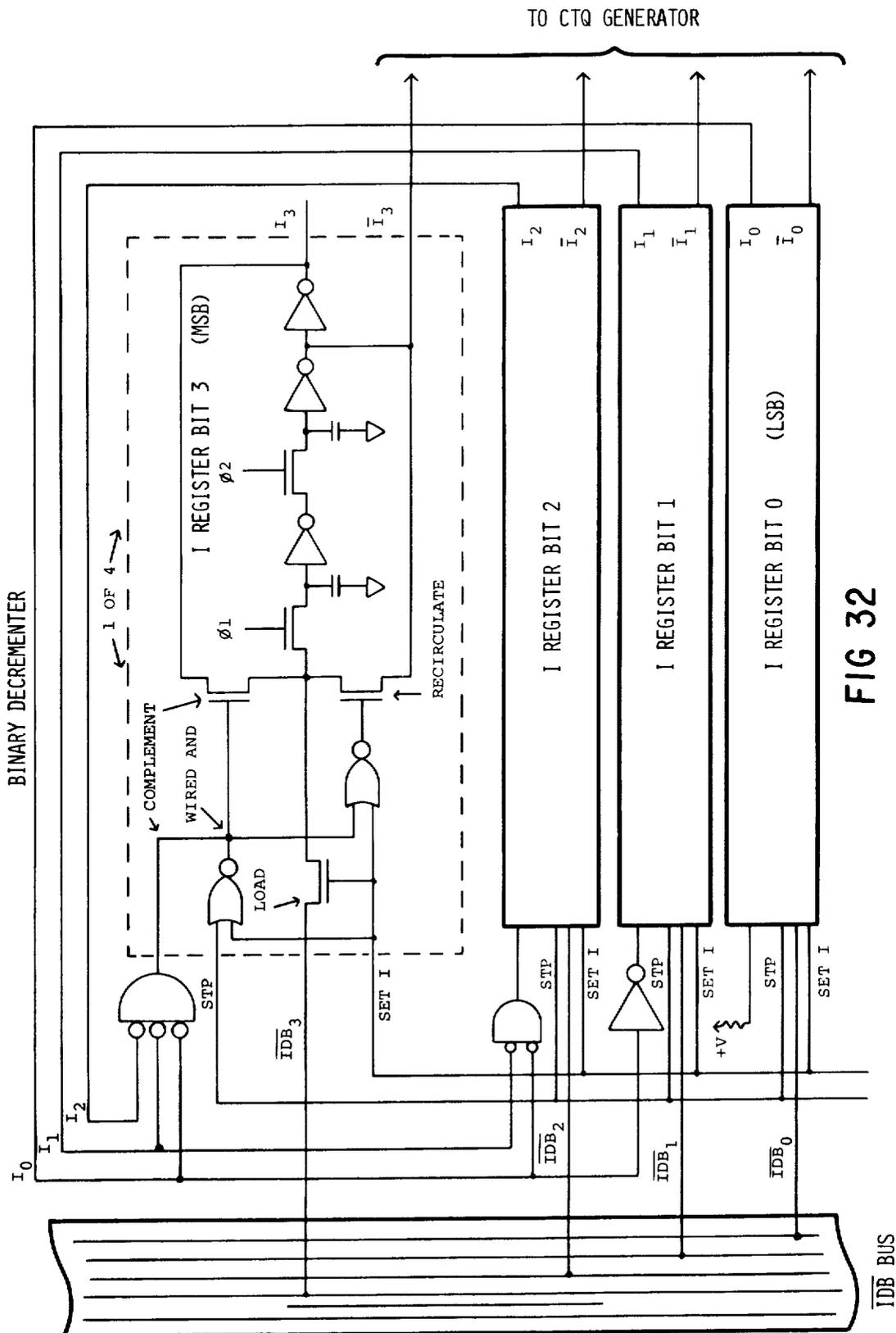


FIG 32

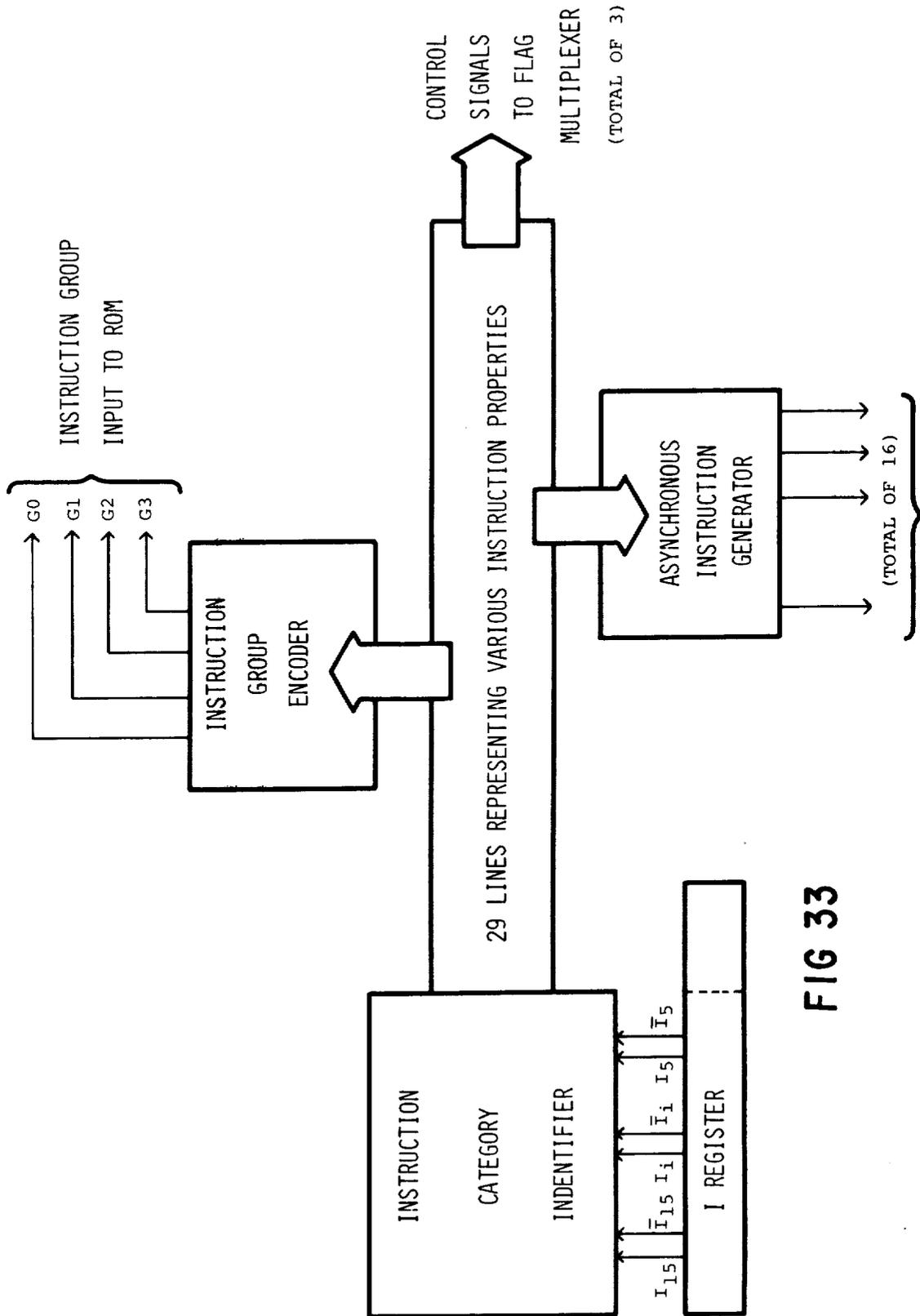


FIG 33

SIGNAL NAME	MEANING AND ASSOCIATED ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE INSTRUCTIONS	FORMULA FOR GENERATION
LD*	INSTRUCTION IS EITHER LDA OR LDB (LOAD A OR LOAD B). $\overline{I_{11}}$ DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$\overline{I_{14}} \cdot \overline{I_{13}} \cdot \overline{I_{12}}$
ST*	INSTRUCTION IS EITHER STA OR STB (STORE A OR STORE B). $\overline{I_{11}}$ DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$\overline{I_{14}} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12}$
AD*	INSTRUCTION IS EITHER ADA OR ADB (ADD TO A OR ADD TO B). $\overline{I_{11}}$ DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$\overline{I_{14}} \cdot I_{13} \cdot \overline{I_{12}}$
CP*	INSTRUCTION IS EITHER CPA OR CPB (COMPARE TO A OR COMPARE TO B). $\overline{I_{11}}$ DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$\overline{I_{14}} \cdot \overline{I_{13}} \cdot I_{12}$
$\overline{I_{11}}$	DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN INSTRUCTIONS INVOLVING THE A REGISTER AND THOSE INVOLVING THE B REGISTER.	$\overline{I_{11}}$
JMP	INSTRUCTION IS JMP (JUMP).	$I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot \overline{I_{12}} \cdot I_{11}$
JSM	INSTRUCTION IS JSM (JUMP TO SUBROUTINE).	$I_{14} \cdot \overline{I_{13}} \cdot \overline{I_{12}} \cdot \overline{I_{11}}$
ISZ	INSTRUCTION IS ISZ (INCREMENT AND THEN SKIP IF ZERO).	$I_{14} \cdot \overline{I_{13}} \cdot \overline{I_{12}} \cdot I_{11}$
DSZ	INSTRUCTION IS DSZ (DECREMENT AND THEN SKIP IF ZERO).	$I_{14} \cdot \overline{I_{13}} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{11}$
AND	INSTRUCTION IS AND (AND TO A).	$I_{14} \cdot \overline{I_{13}} \cdot I_{12} \cdot \overline{I_{11}}$
IOR	INSTRUCTION IS IOR (INCLUSIVE OR WITH A).	$I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot \overline{I_{12}} \cdot \overline{I_{11}}$
ASG	INSTRUCTION IS AND ALTER-SKIP GROUP INSTRUCTION: RLA SKIP IF $A_0=1$, ALTER A_0 . RLB SKIP IF $B_0=1$, ALTER B_0 . SLA SKIP IF $A_0=0$, ALTER A_0 . SLB SKIP IF $B_0=0$, ALTER B_0 . SAP SKIP IF $A_{15}=0$, ALTER A_{15} . SBP SKIP IF $B_{15}=0$, ALTER B_{15} . SAM SKIP IF $A_{15}=1$, ALTER A_{15} . SBM SKIP IF $B_{15}=1$, ALTER B_{15} .	$I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{10}$

FIG 34A

SIGNAL NAME	MEANING AND ASSOCIATED ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE INSTRUCTIONS	FORMULA FOR GENERATION
ASG (CONT.)	SOC SKIP IF OVERFLOW=0, ALTER OVERFLOW. SOS SKIP IF OVERFLOW=1, ALTER OVERFLOW. SEC SKIP IF EXTEND=0, ALTER EXTEND. SES SKIP IF EXTEND=1, ALTER EXTEND. RZA SKIP IF A IS NOT ZERO. RZB SKIP IF B IS NOT ZERO. SZA SKIP IF A IS ZERO. SZB SKIP IF B IS ZERO. RIA RZA, THEN INCREMENT A. RIB RZB, THEN INCREMENT B. SIA SZA, THEN INCREMENT A. SIB SZB, THEN INCREMENT B. SFS SKIP IF FLAG SET. SFC SKIP IF FLAG CLEAR. SSS SKIP IF STATUS SET. SSC SKIP IF STATUS CLEAR. SDS SKIP IF DECIMAL CARRY SET. SDC SKIP IF DECIMAL CARRY CLEAR. SHS SKIP IF HALT SET. SHC SKIP IF HALT CLEAR.	
I7	DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN HOLD, AND ALTER BY SETTING OR CLEARING, THE TESTED BIT IN THE FOLLOWING ALTER INSTRUCTIONS: RLA, RLB, SLA, SLB, SAP, SBP, SAM, SBM, SOC, SOS, SEC, SES. I7=0 IMPLIES HOLD; I7=1 IMPLIES ALTER.	I_7
\overline{I}_6	IF I7=0, \overline{I}_6 DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN CLEARING OR SETTING THE TESTED BIT, WHEN DOING AN ALTER INSTRUCTION. $\overline{I}_6=1$ IMPLIES CLEAR; $\overline{I}_6=0$ IMPLIES SET.	\overline{I}_6
LSC	INSTRUCTION IS AN ALTER INSTRUCTION INVOLVING A LEAST-SIGNIFICANT BIT: RLA, RLB, SLA, SLB.	$\overline{I}_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{10} \cdot I_9$
MSC	INSTRUCTION IS AN ALTER INSTRUCTION INVOLVING A MOST-SIGNIFICANT BIT, EXTEND, OR OVERFLOW: SAP, SAM, SBP, SBM, SOC, SOS, SEC, SES.	$I_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{10}$

FIG 34B

SIGNAL NAME	MEANING AND ASSOCIATED ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE INSTRUCTIONS	FORMULA FOR GENERATION
RSS	DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE SKIP AND REVERSE-SKIP SENSES AMONG THE ALTER AND SKIP GROUP INSTRUCTIONS.	$I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{10} \cdot I_8$
EQ	INSTRUCTION IS EITHER SEC OR SES. RSS DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$I_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{11} \cdot I_{10} \cdot I_9$
OQ	INSTRUCTION IS EITHER SOC OR SOS. RSS DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$I_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot \bar{I}_{11} \cdot I_{10} \cdot I_9$
S/RI	INSTRUCTIONS IS A "SKIP/REVERSE-SKIP, THEN INCREMENT" INSTRUCTION: SIA, RIA, SIB, RIB.	$\bar{I}_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{10} \cdot \bar{I}_9 \cdot \bar{I}_7 \cdot I_6$
S/RZ	INSTRUCTION IS A "SKIP/REVERSE-SKIP, WITHOUT INCREMENT" INSTRUCTION: SZA, RZA, SZB, RZB.	$\bar{I}_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{10} \cdot \bar{I}_9 \cdot \bar{I}_7 \cdot \bar{I}_6$
FGC	IF ASG IS A 1, AND EACH OF S/RI, S/RZ, MSC AND LSC ARE 0'S, INSTRUCTION IS EITHER SFS OR SFC. RSS DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$\bar{I}_{11} \cdot \bar{I}_6$
STC	IF ASG IS A 1, AND EACH OF S/RI, S/RZ, MSC AND LSC ARE 0'S, INSTRUCTION IS EITHER SSS OR SSC. RSS DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.	$I_{11} \cdot \bar{I}_6$
HTC	IF ASG IS A 1, AND EACH OF S/RI, S/RZ, MSC AND LSC ARE 0'S, INSTRUCTION IS EITHER SHS OR SHC. RSS DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO. SEE NOTE AT BOTTOM.	$I_{11} \cdot I_6$
RET	INSTRUCTION IS RET (RETURN). [THE \bar{P}/P BIT (I_6) IS A DON'T CARE BIT FOR THE BINARY PROCESSOR CHIP.]	$I_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot \bar{I}_{11} \cdot \bar{I}_{10} \cdot \bar{I}_9 \cdot \bar{I}_8 \cdot I_7$
EXE	INSTRUCTION IS EXE (EXECUTE).	$I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12} \cdot \bar{I}_{11} \cdot \bar{I}_{10} \cdot \bar{I}_9 \cdot \bar{I}_8 \cdot \bar{I}_7 \cdot \bar{I}_6 \cdot \bar{I}_5$
NOTE: THE NOR OF FGC, STC AND HTC, IF TRUE WHILE ASG IS ALSO TRUE, WHILE S/RI, S/RZ, MSC AND LSC ARE FALSE, SPECIFIES EITHER SDS OR SDC. RSS DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN THE TWO.		

FIG 34C

SIGNAL NAME	MEANING AND ASSOCIATED ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE INSTRUCTIONS	FORMULA FOR GENERATION
T/CM	INSTRUCTION IS ANY COMPLEMENT INSTRUCTION: CMA, CMB, TCA, TCB (ONE'S COMPLEMENT OF A, ONE'S COMPLEMENT OF B, TWO'S COMPLEMENT OF A, TWO' COMPLEMENT OF B).	$\frac{I_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12}}{I_{10} \cdot I_9 \cdot I_8 \cdot I_7 \cdot I_5}$
TC*	INSTRUCTION IS EITHER TCA OR TCB (TWO'S COMPLEMENT A OR TWO'S COMPLEMENT B).	$\frac{I_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12}}{I_{10} \cdot I_9 \cdot I_8 \cdot I_7 \cdot I_6 \cdot I_5}$
SRG	SHIFT-ROTATE GROUP—INSTRUCTION IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: AAR ARITHMETIC RIGHT SHIFT OF A. ABR ARITHMETIC RIGHT SHIFT OF B. SAR SHIFT A RIGHT. SBR SHIFT B RIGHT. SAL SHIFT A LEFT. SBL SHIFT B LEFT. RAR ROTATE A RIGHT. RBR ROTATE B RIGHT. I ₆ , I ₇ AND I ₁₁ ARE USED TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THESE INSTRUCTIONS.	$\frac{I_{15} \cdot I_{14} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{12}}{I_{10} \cdot I_9 \cdot I_8 \cdot I_5}$

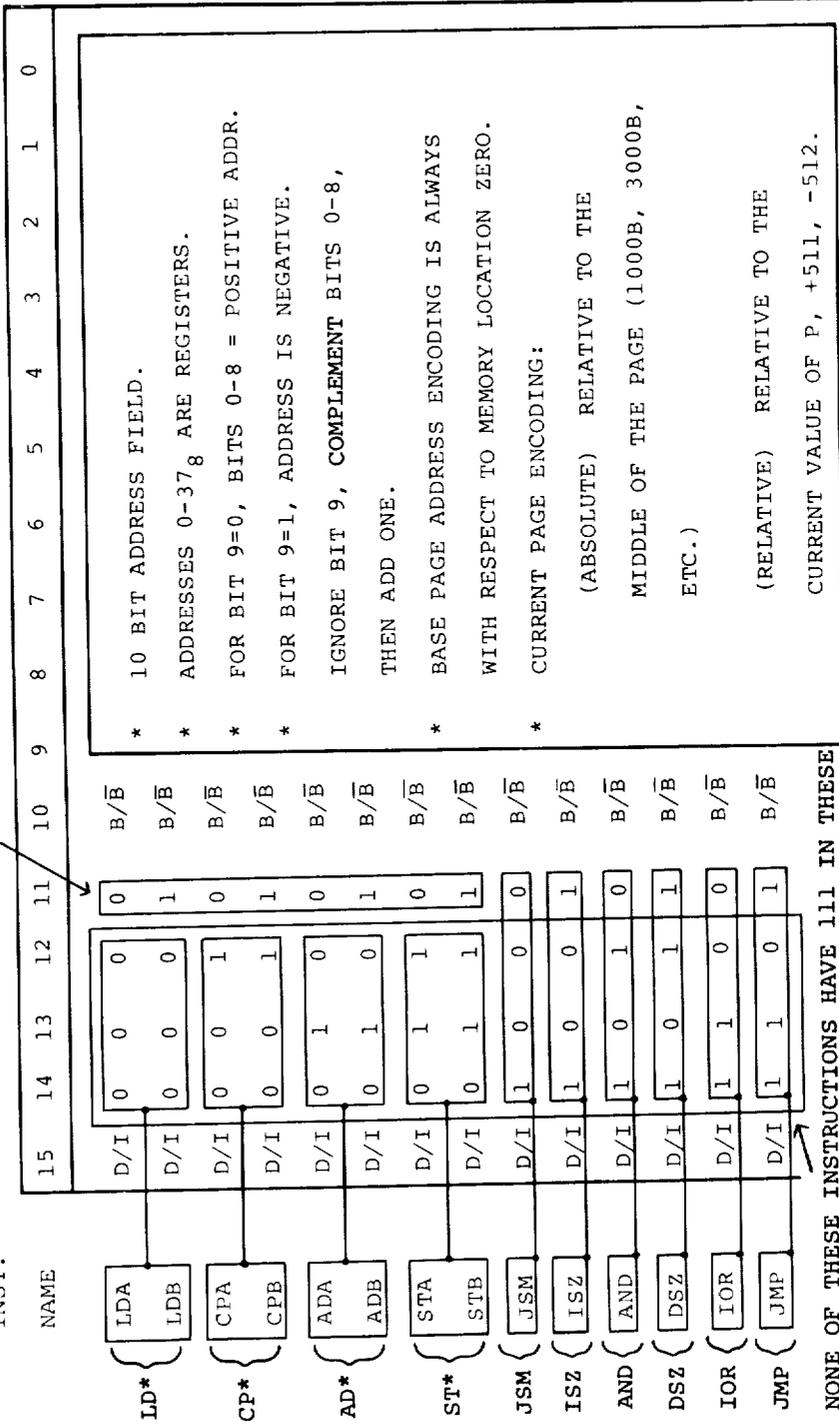
FIG 34D

FIG 35A

GROUP: MEMORY REFERENCE

111 DIFFERENTIATES BETWEEN A&B FOR THESE INSTRUCTIONS

INST.



* 10 BIT ADDRESS FIELD.
 * ADDRESSES 0-37₈ ARE REGISTERS.
 * FOR BIT 9=0, BITS 0-8 = POSITIVE ADDR.
 * FOR BIT 9=1, ADDRESS IS NEGATIVE.
 * IGNORE BIT 9, COMPLEMENT BITS 0-8, THEN ADD ONE.
 * BASE PAGE ADDRESS ENCODING IS ALWAYS WITH RESPECT TO MEMORY LOCATION ZERO.
 * CURRENT PAGE ENCODING:
 (ABSOLUTE) RELATIVE TO THE MIDDLE OF THE PAGE (1000B, 3000B, ETC.)
 (RELATIVE) RELATIVE TO THE CURRENT VALUE OF P, +511, -512.

NONE OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS HAVE 111 IN THESE BIT POSITIONS, ALL OTHER INSTRUCTIONS DO.

D/I (DIRECT/INDIRECT) AND B/ \bar{B} (BASE PAGE/ NOT BASE PAGE) ARE CODED AS 0/1.

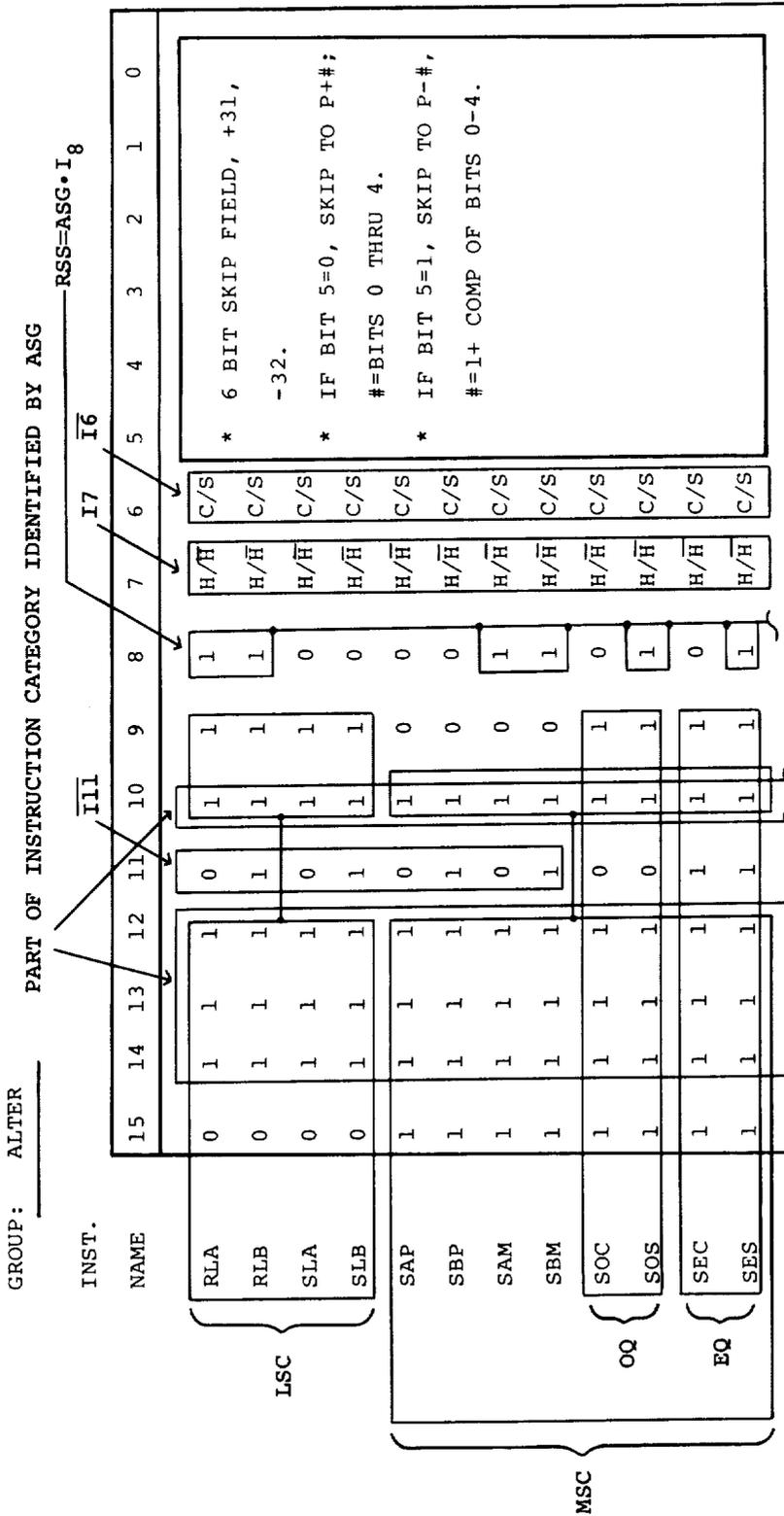
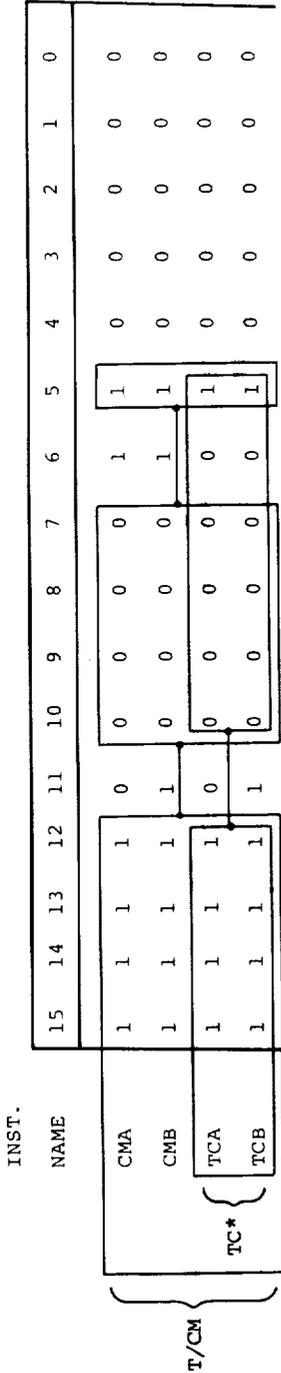


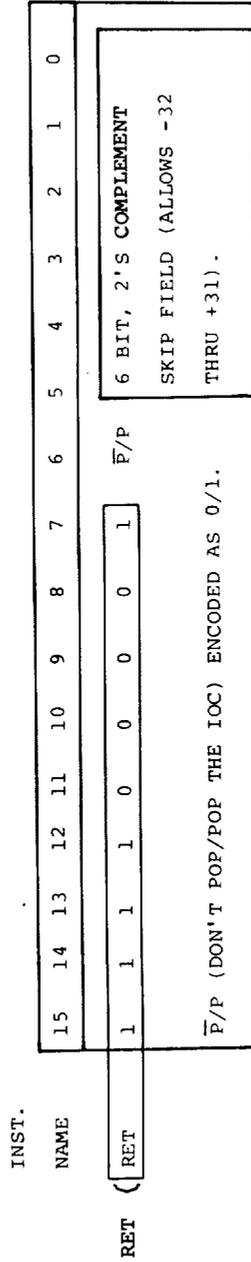
FIG 35B

FIG 35D

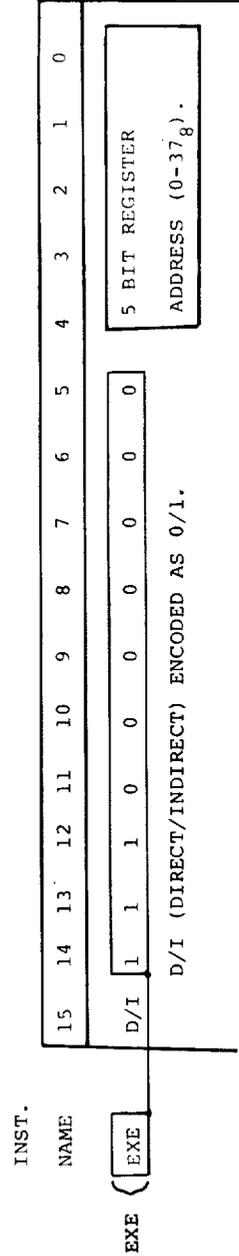
GROUP: COMPLEMENT



GROUP: RETURN



GROUP: EXECUTE



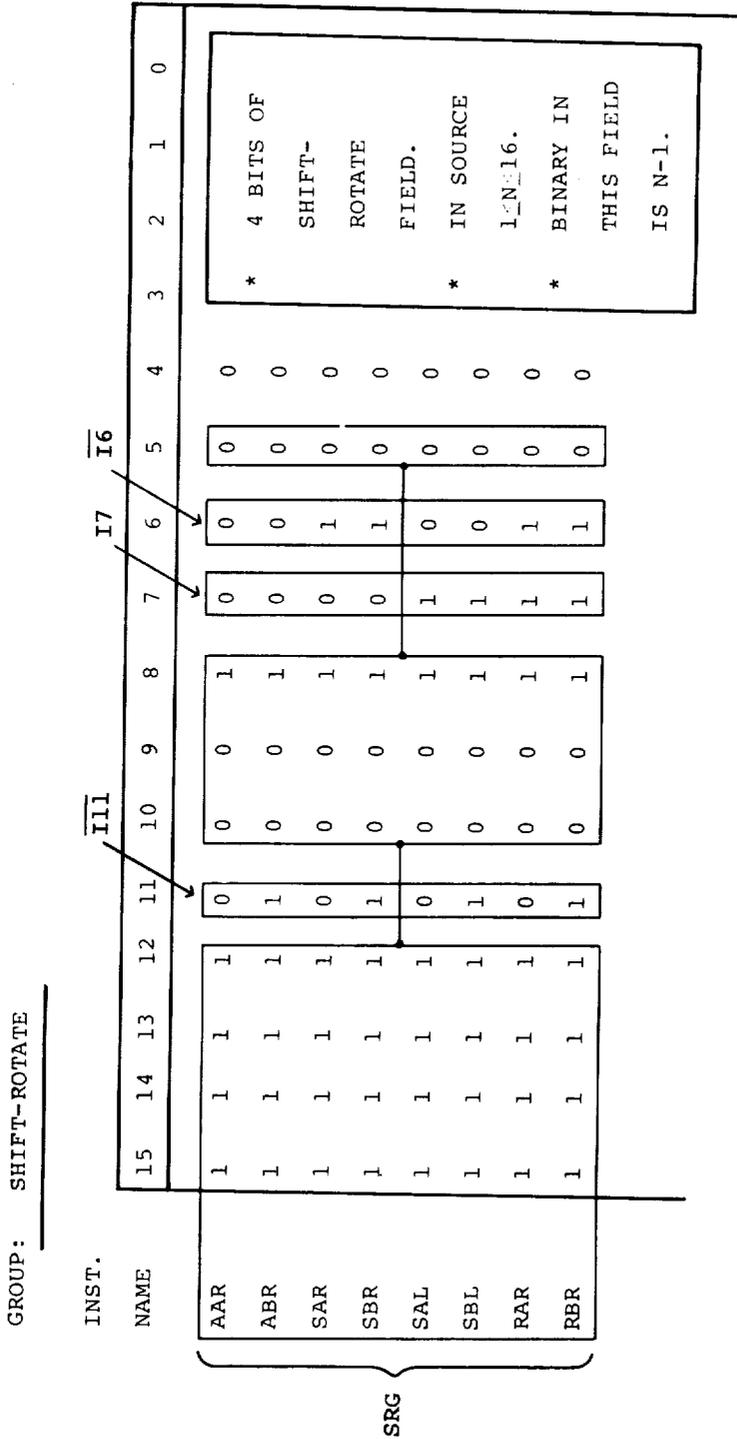


FIG 35E

TABLE OF GROUP
ENCODING QUALIFIER GENERATION

INSTRUCTION CATEGORY	GROUP QUALIFIERS GENERATED			
	G3	G2	G1	G0
ST*	1	1	1	1
AD*	0	1	1	1
JMP	1	0	1	0
EXE	1	1	1	0
ASG	1	1	0	0
LD*	0	1	1	1
SRG	0	1	0	0
ISZ	0	0	1	0
JSM	1	0	1	1
DSZ	0	0	1	0
RET	1	0	0	0
T/CM	0	1	0	1
CP*	0	1	1	0
AND	0	1	1	1
IOR	0	1	1	1

FIG 36

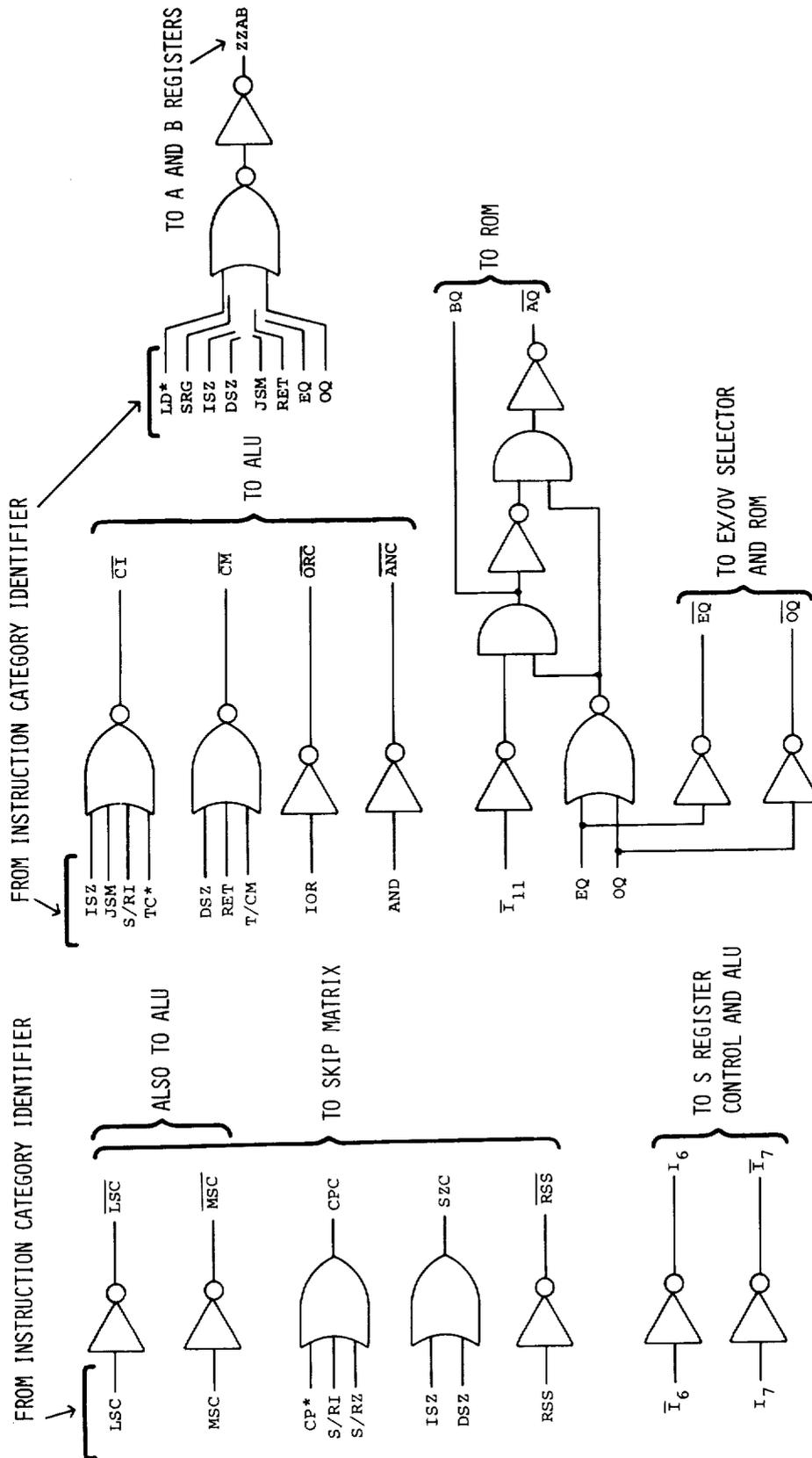


FIG 37

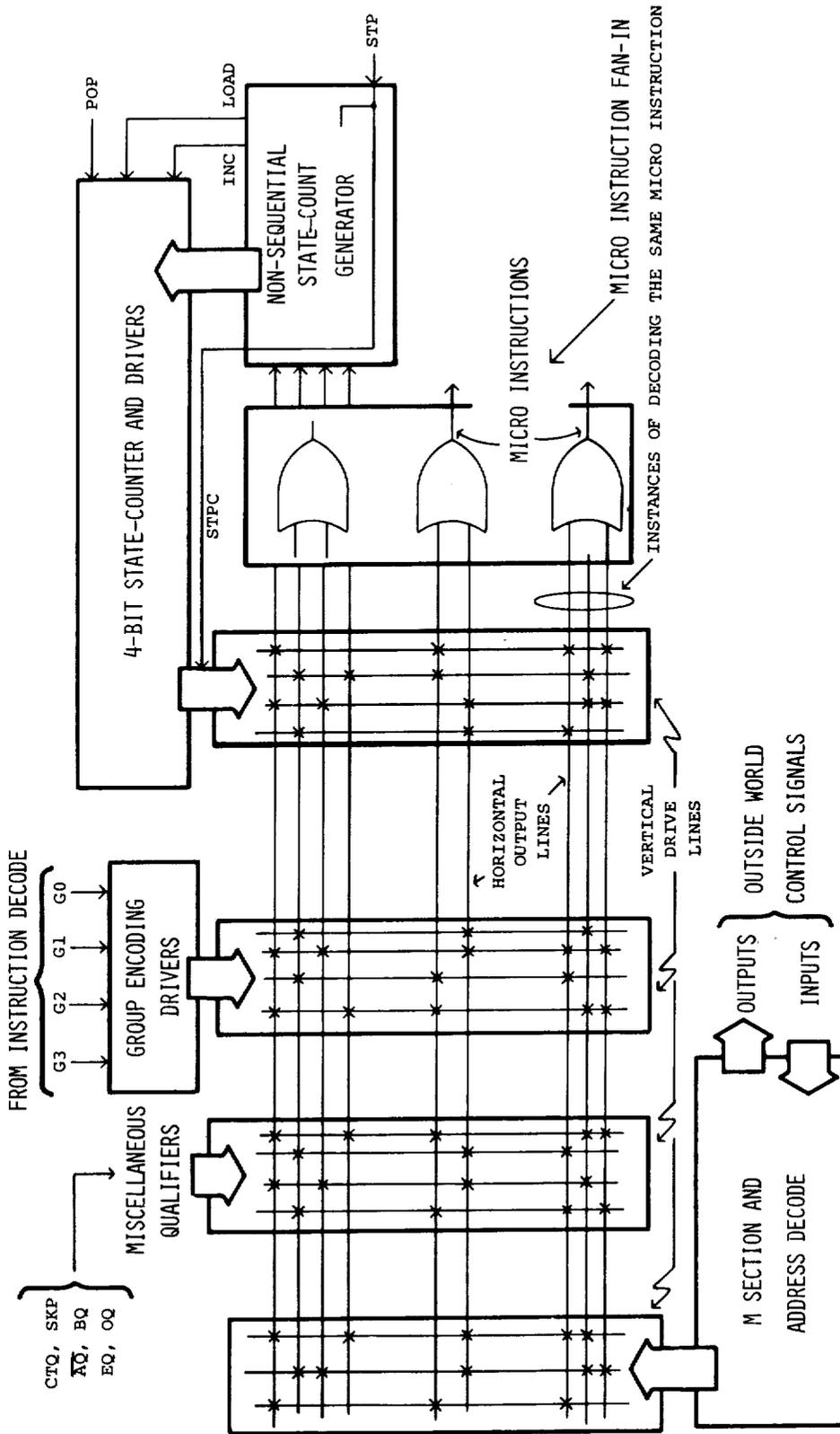
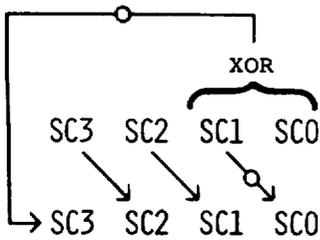


FIG 38

RULE FOR COMPUTING NTH STATE COUNT FROM N-1TH STATE COUNT:



1. DENOTES NTH SC(I) = N-1TH SC(I-1)
2. DENOTES NTH SC(I) = N-1TH $\overline{\text{SC(I-1)}}$

THESE STATES NOT USED {

START-UP STATE
(CAUSED BY POP) {

"FORBIDDEN" STATE {
(TRANSITIONS TO ITSELF ONLY)

ROM STATE-COUNTS

ASM CHART STATE #	ROM STATE - COUNTER OUTPUTS			
	SC3	SC2	SC1	SC0
14	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0
2	1	0	1	1
3	1	1	0	0
4	1	1	1	1
5	1	1	1	0
6	0	1	1	0
7	0	0	1	0
8	0	0	0	0
9	1	0	0	1
10	0	1	0	1
11	0	0	1	1
12	1	0	0	0
13	1	1	0	1
14	0	1	1	1

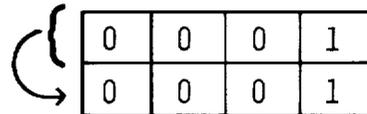


FIG 40

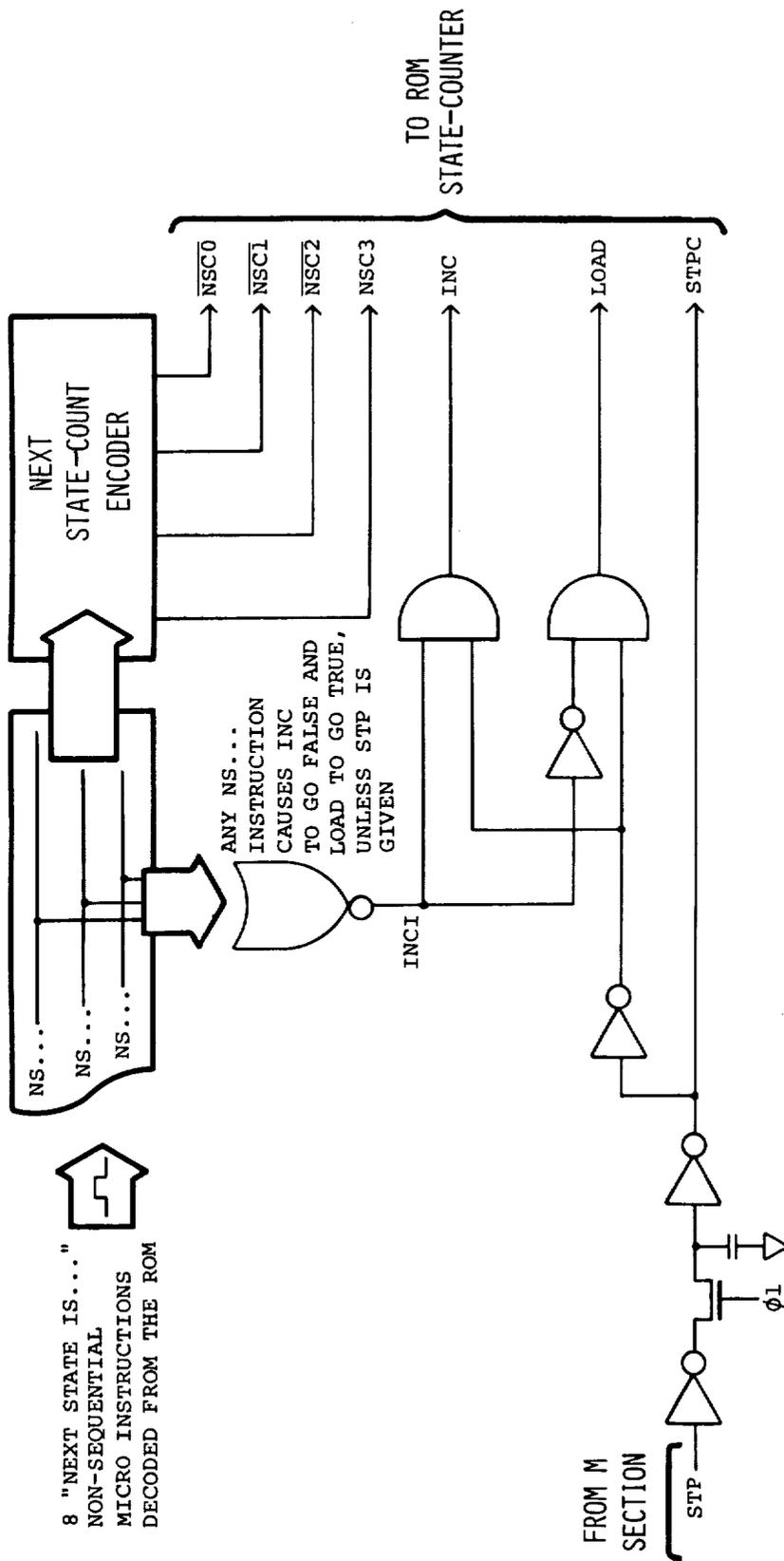


FIG 42

THE ASM CHART HAS THESE 20 NON-SEQUENTIAL STATE-COUNT TRANSITIONS:

0 TO 0	3 TO 2	2 TO 4	3 TO 7	2 TO 10
5 TO 0	4 TO 2	4 TO 4	5 TO 7	6 TO 10
10 TO 0	3 TO 3	2 TO 6	4 TO 9	7 TO 10
2 TO 2	6 TO 3	3 TO 6	9 TO 9	14 TO 10

REQUIRING THESE 8 "NEXT-STATE IS..." NON-SEQUENTIAL STATE-COUNT MICRO-INSTRUCTIONS:

NS0	NS3	NS6	NS9
NS2	NS4	NS7	NS10

DEFINITION OF THE "NEXT-STATE IS..." NON-SEQUENTIAL MICRO-INSTRUCTIONS:

NON-SEQUENTIAL STATE-COUNT MICRO-INSTRUCTION	STATE-COUNTER CONTROL LINES				
	INCI	NSC3	$\overline{\text{NSC2}}$	$\overline{\text{NSC1}}$	$\overline{\text{NSC0}}$
NS0	0	1	1	0	1
NS2	0	1	1	0	0
NS3	0	1	0	1	1
NS4	0	1	0	0	0
NS6	0	0	0	0	1
NS7	0	0	1	0	1
NS9	0	1	1	1	0
NS10	0	0	0	1	0
NONE OF THE ABOVE	1	-	-	-	-

← THESE PATTERNS, WHEN PUT THROUGH THE STATE-COUNTER'S RULE FOR STATE-TO-STATE TRANSITIONS, RESULT IN THE DESIRED STATE-COUNTS.

FIG 43

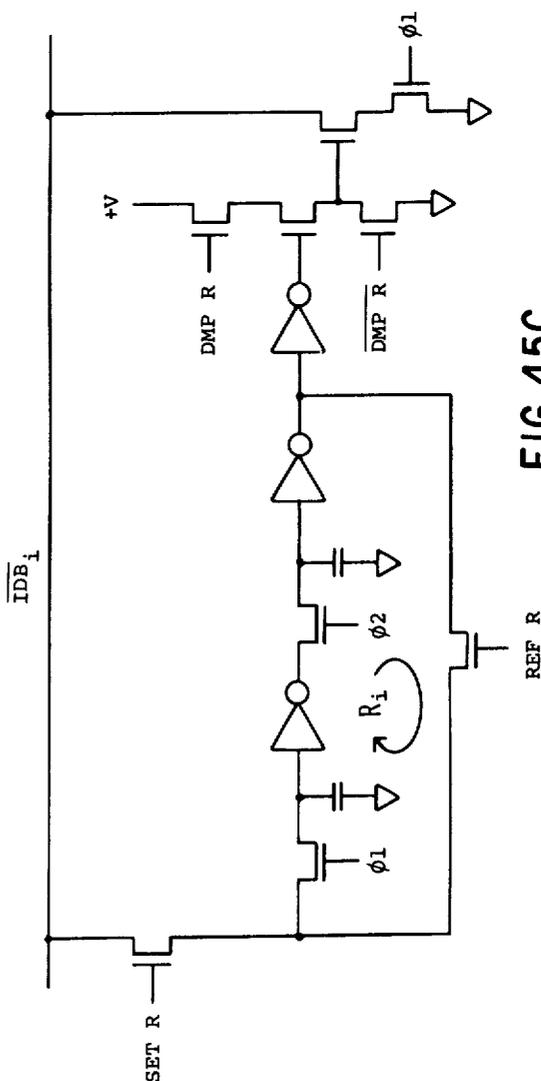
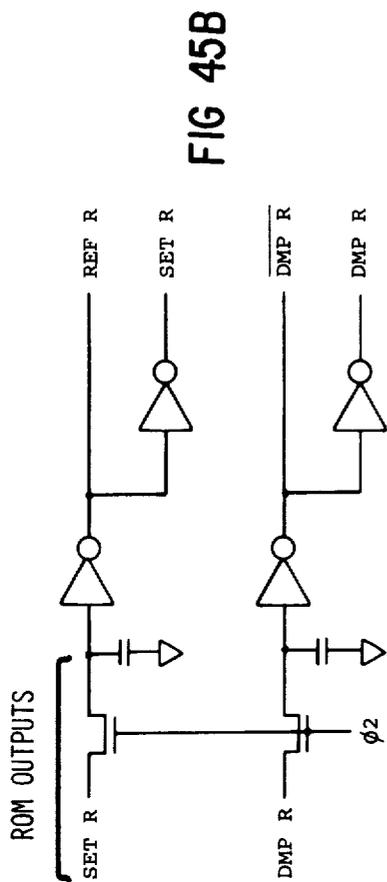
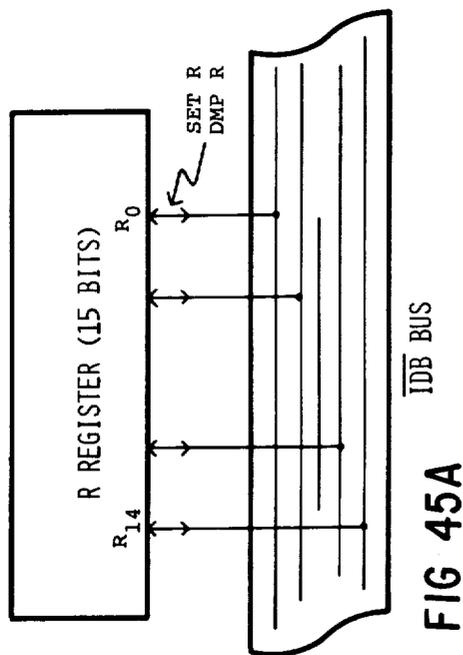


FIG 45B

FIG 45A

FIG 45C

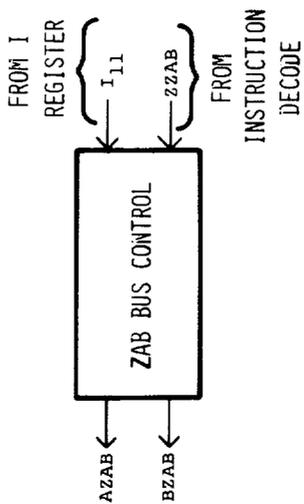
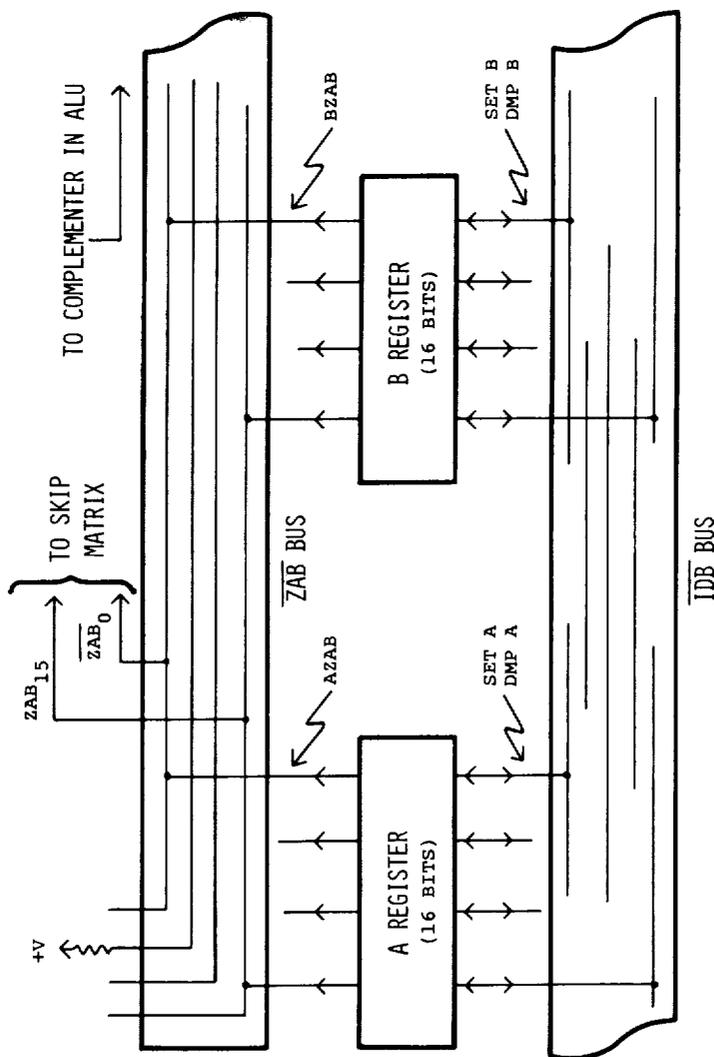


FIG 46B

FIG 46A

1 OF 16

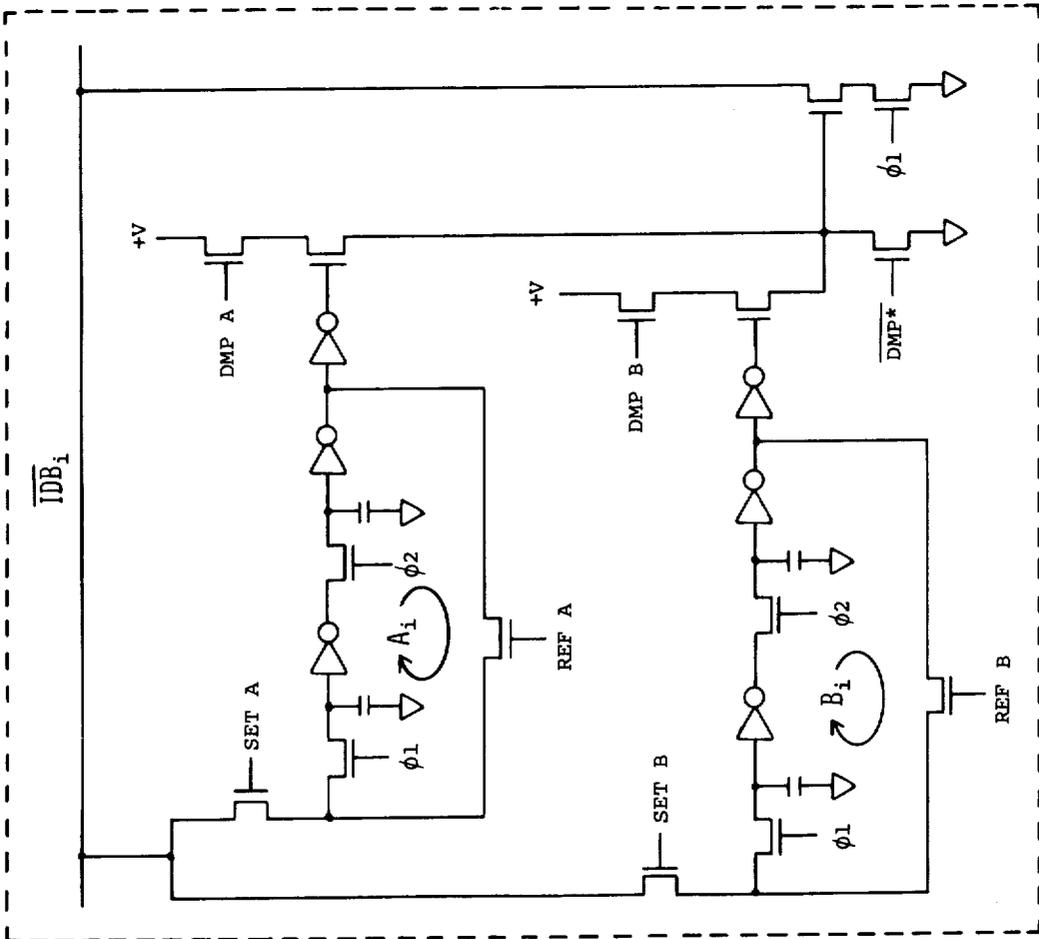


FIG 47A

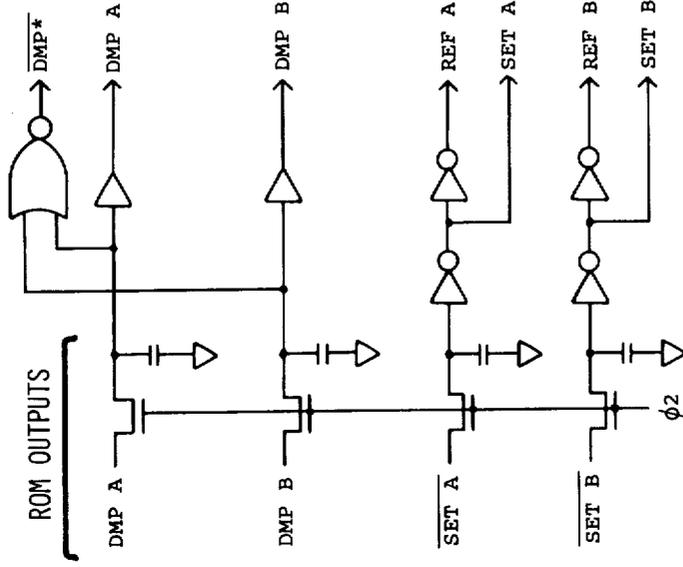
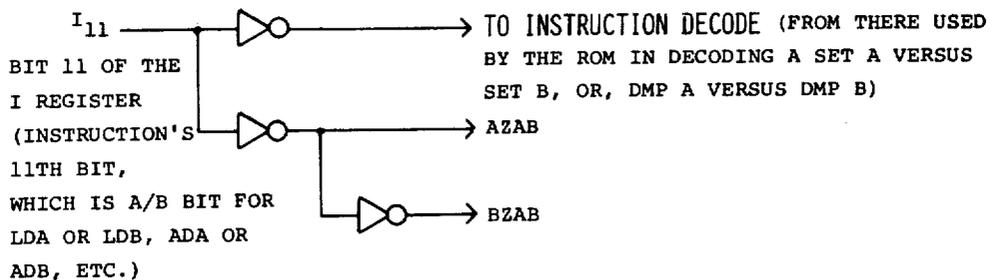
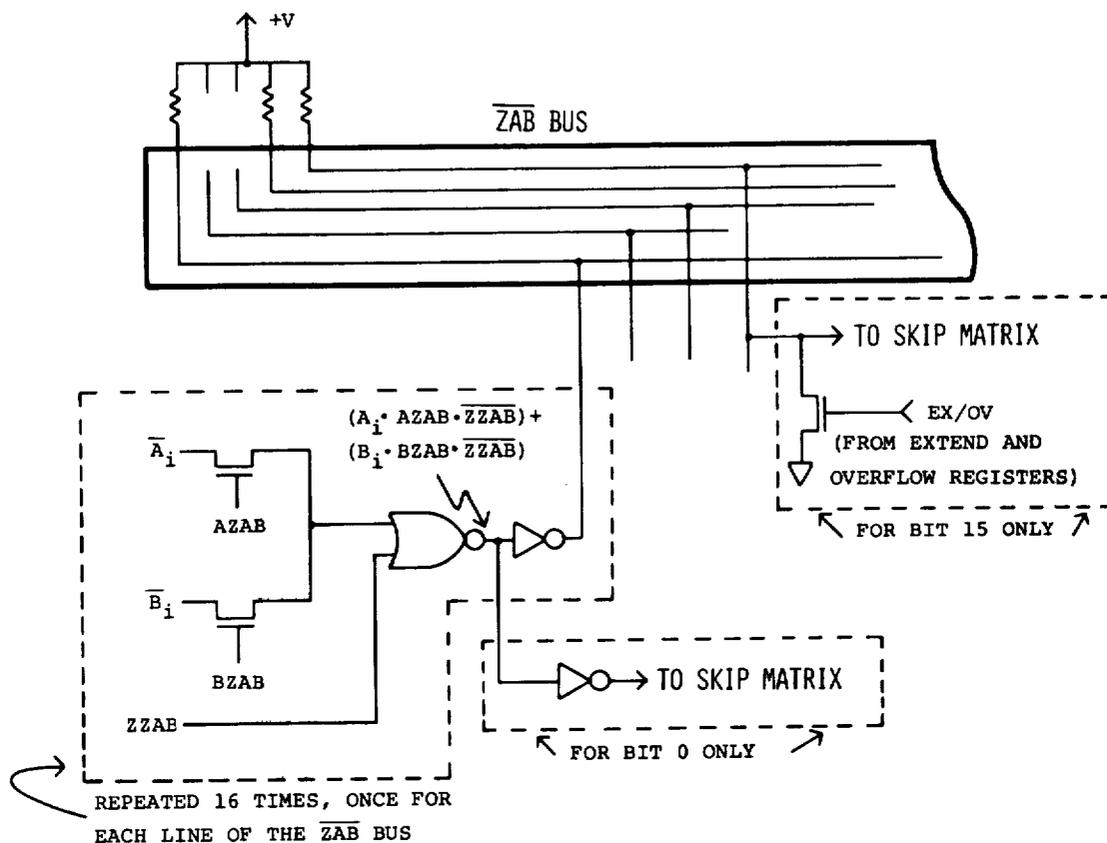


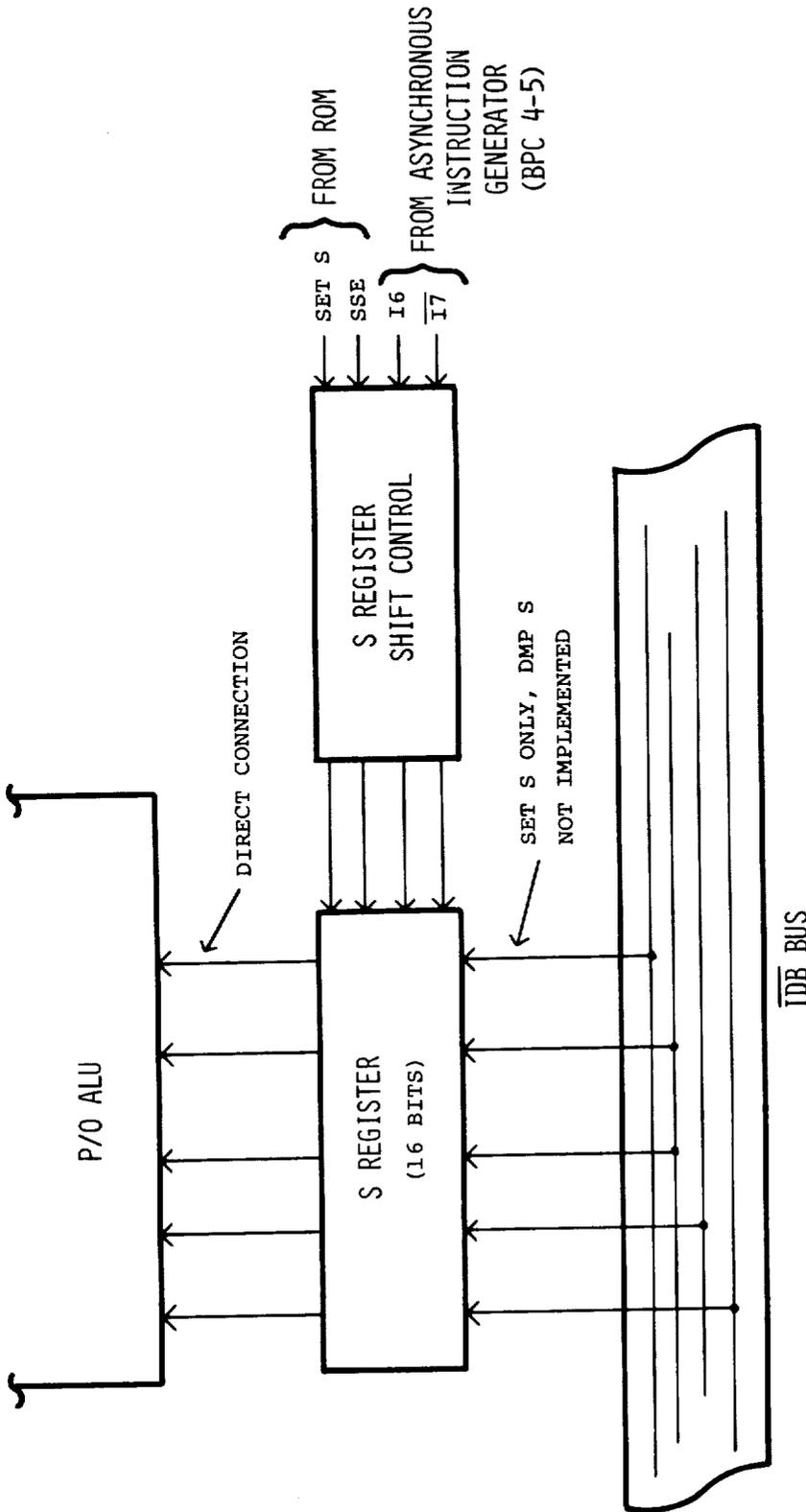
FIG 47B



FROM ASYNCHRONOUS INSTRUCTION GENERATOR (SEE BPC 4-5)

THERE ARE EIGHT INSTRUCTION CATEGORIES THAT OVERRIDE THE NORMAL AZAB OR BZAB OPERATION, AND DO ZERO TO THE ZAB BUS INSTEAD.

FIG 48



S REGISTER OPERATIONS:

SET S (\overline{IDB} BUS TO S)

RIGHT SHIFT WITH $0 \rightarrow S_{15}$

ARITHMETIC RIGHT SHIFT (S_{15} UNALTERED)

ROTATE S RIGHT ($S_0 \rightarrow S_{15}$)

SHIFT S LEFT WITH $0 \rightarrow S_0$

FIG 49

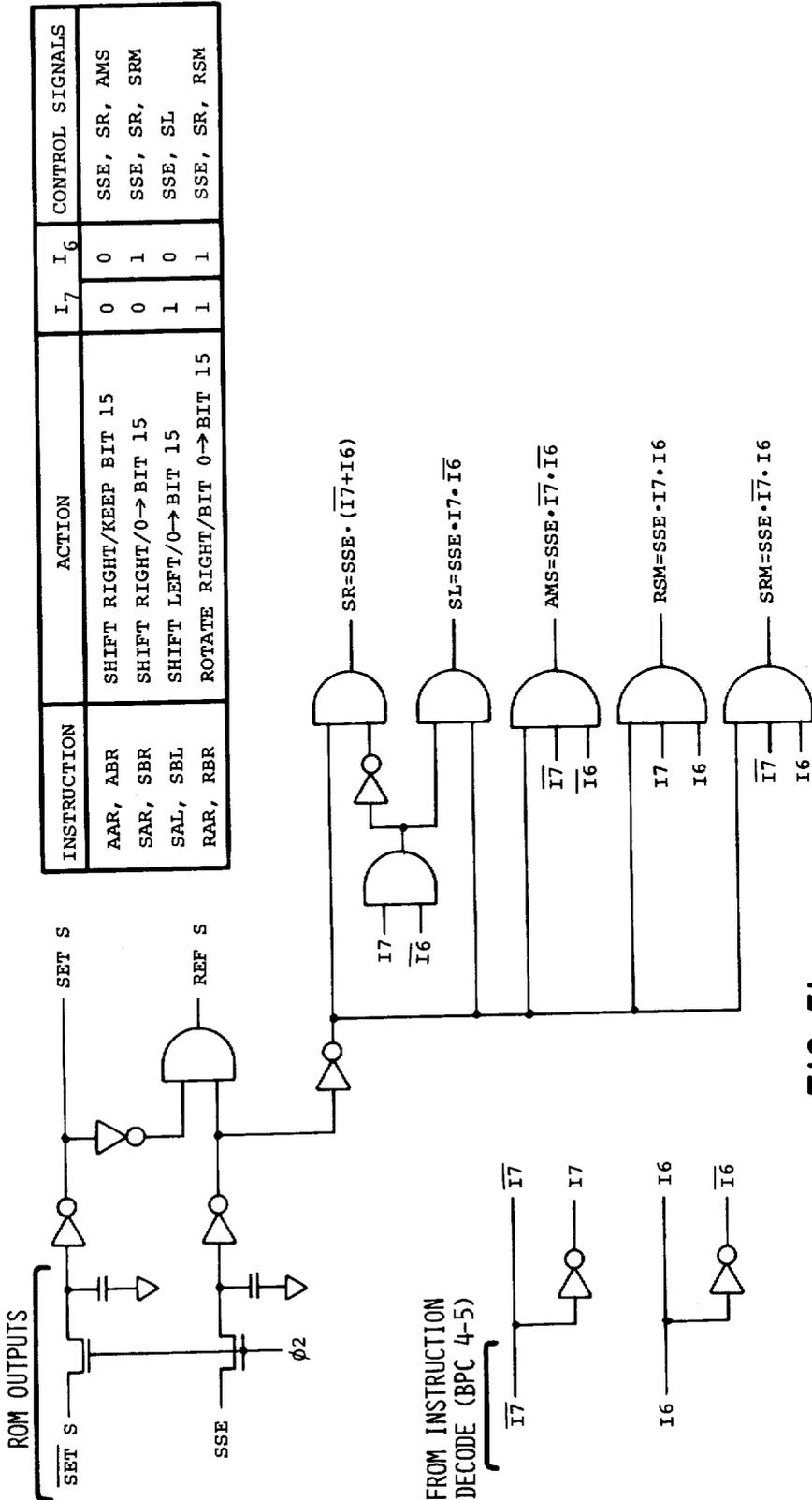
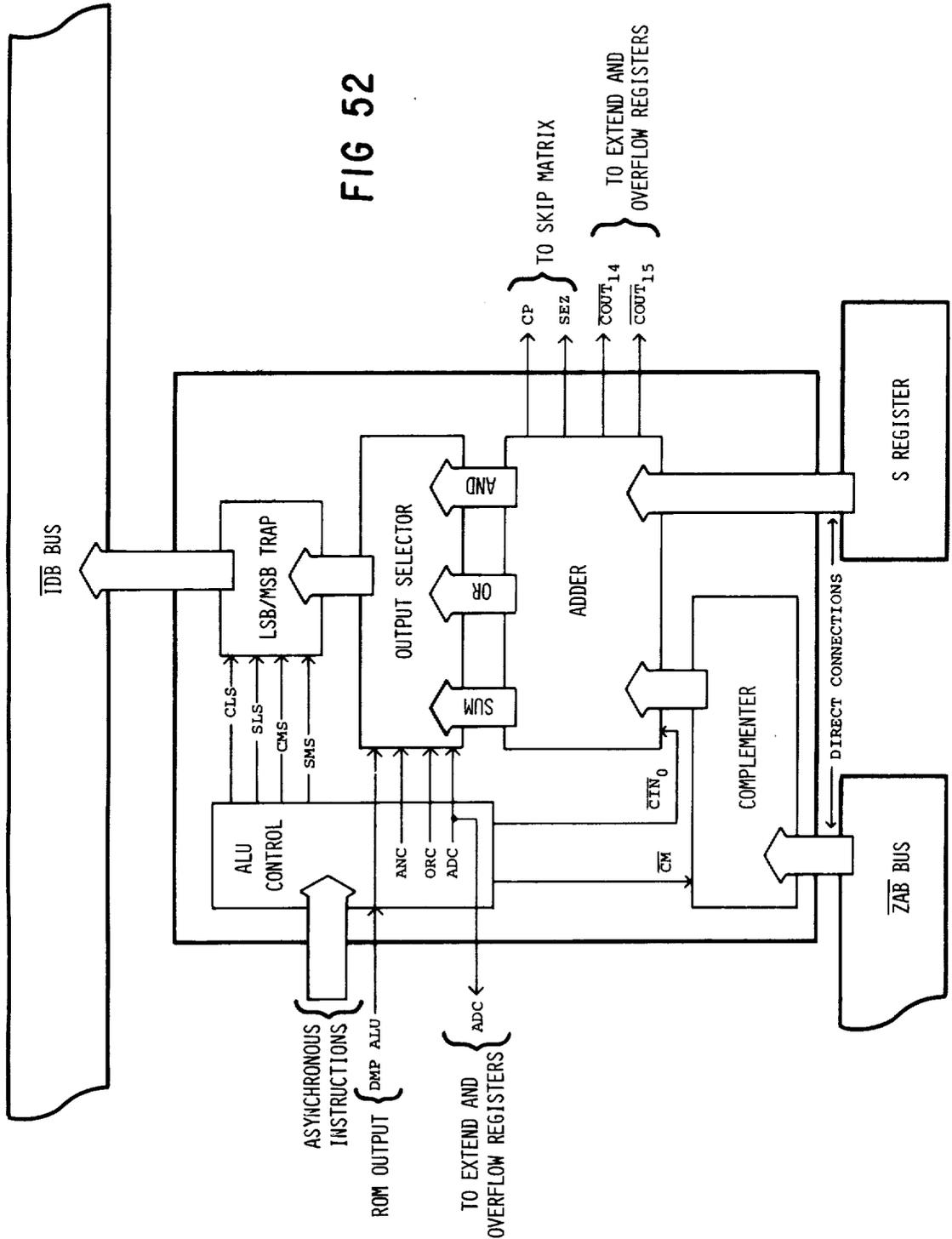


FIG 5I



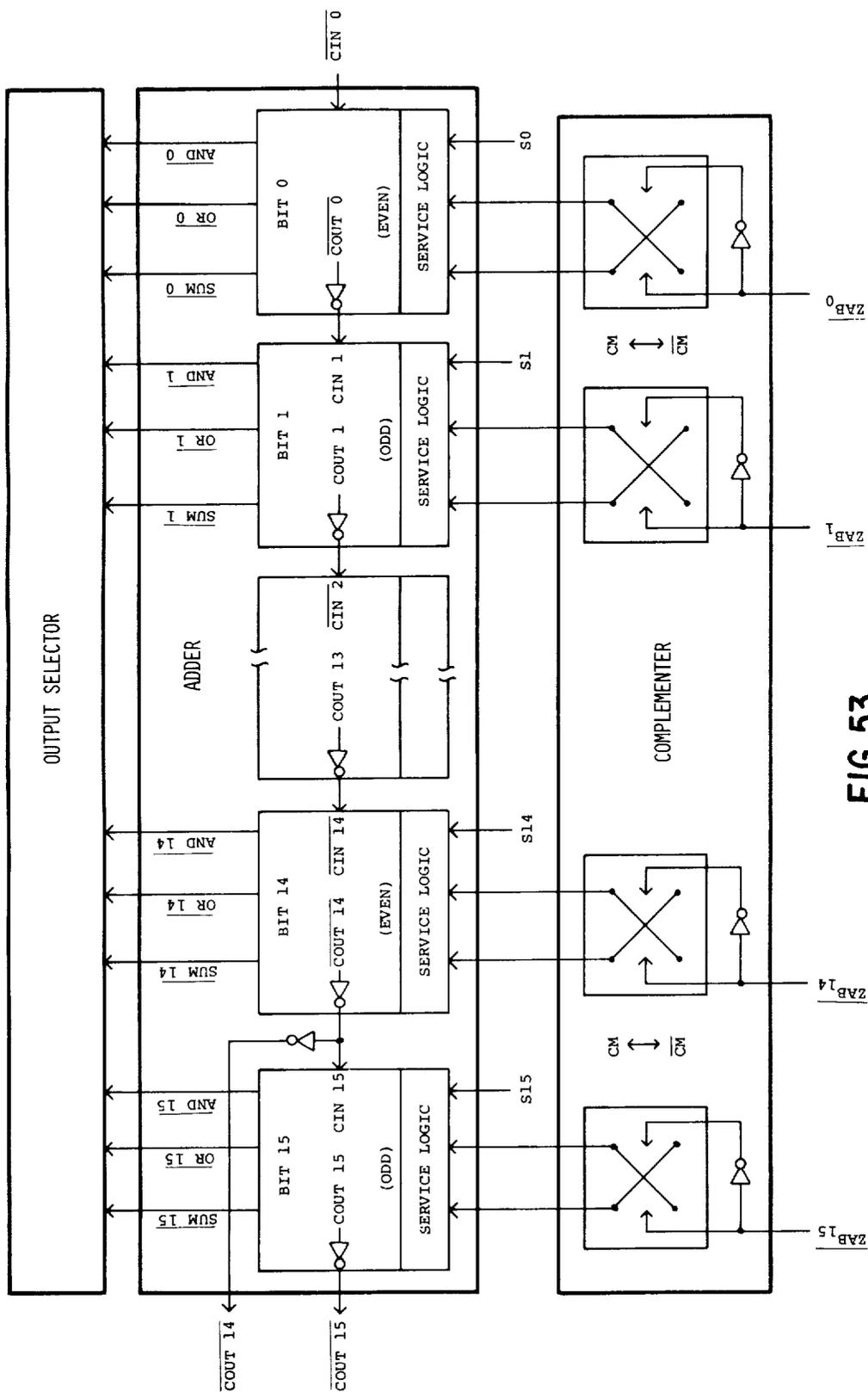


FIG 53

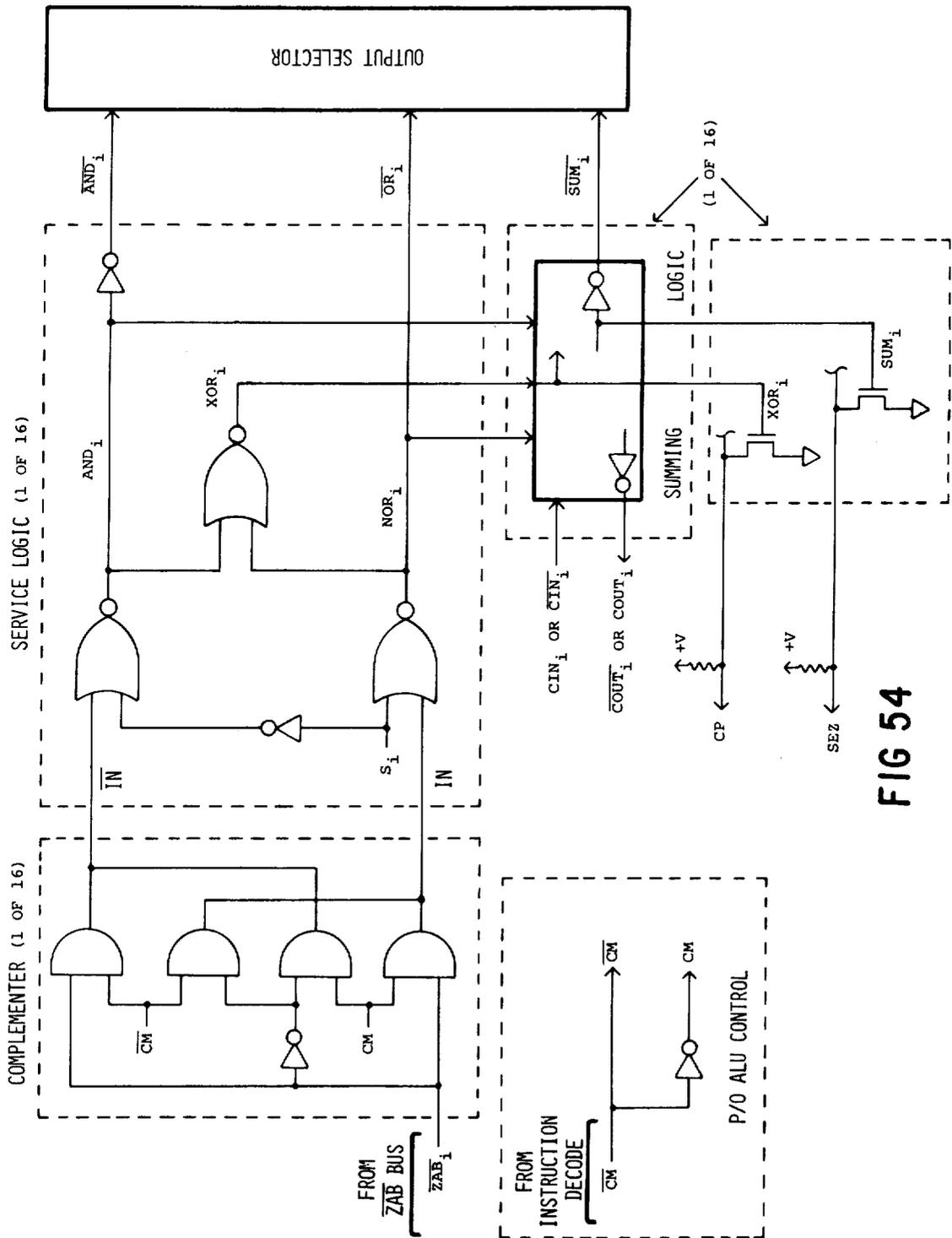


FIG 54

RULES FOR GENERATING SUM AND CARRY BITS

SERVICE LOGIC SIGNALS	INPUTS			OUTPUTS	
	CIN _i	ZAB _i	S _i	COU _T _i	SUM _i
NOR	0	0	0	0	0
XOR	0	0	1	0	1
XOR	0	1	0	0	1
AND	0	1	1	1	0
CIN•NOR	1	0	0	0	1
CIN•XOR	1	0	1	1	0
CIN•XOR	1	1	0	1	0
CIN•AND	1	1	1	1	1

"AND", "NOR" AND "XOR" ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE CONDITIONS, AMONG WHICH EXACTLY ONE MUST ALWAYS BE TRUE. NOW:

- A. $SUM_i = 1$ IF EXACTLY ONE OR THREE INPUTS (AMONG S_i , ZAB_i AND CIN_i) = 1.
- B. $COU_{T_i} = 1$ IF $AND_i + (XOR_i \cdot CIN_i) = 1$.

A AND B CAN BE IMPLEMENTED BY CIRCUITRY THAT PERFORMS THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS:

- 1. IF $NOR_i = 1$, THEN $SUM_i = CIN_i$; $COU_{T_i} = 0$ (FOR ODD BITS), $\overline{COU_{T_i}} = 1$ (FOR EVEN BITS)
- 2. IF $XOR_i = 1$, THEN $SUM_i = \overline{CIN_i}$; $COU_{T_i} = CIN_i$
- 3. IF $AND_i = 1$, THEN $SUM_i = CIN_i$; $COU_{T_i} = 1$

FIG 55

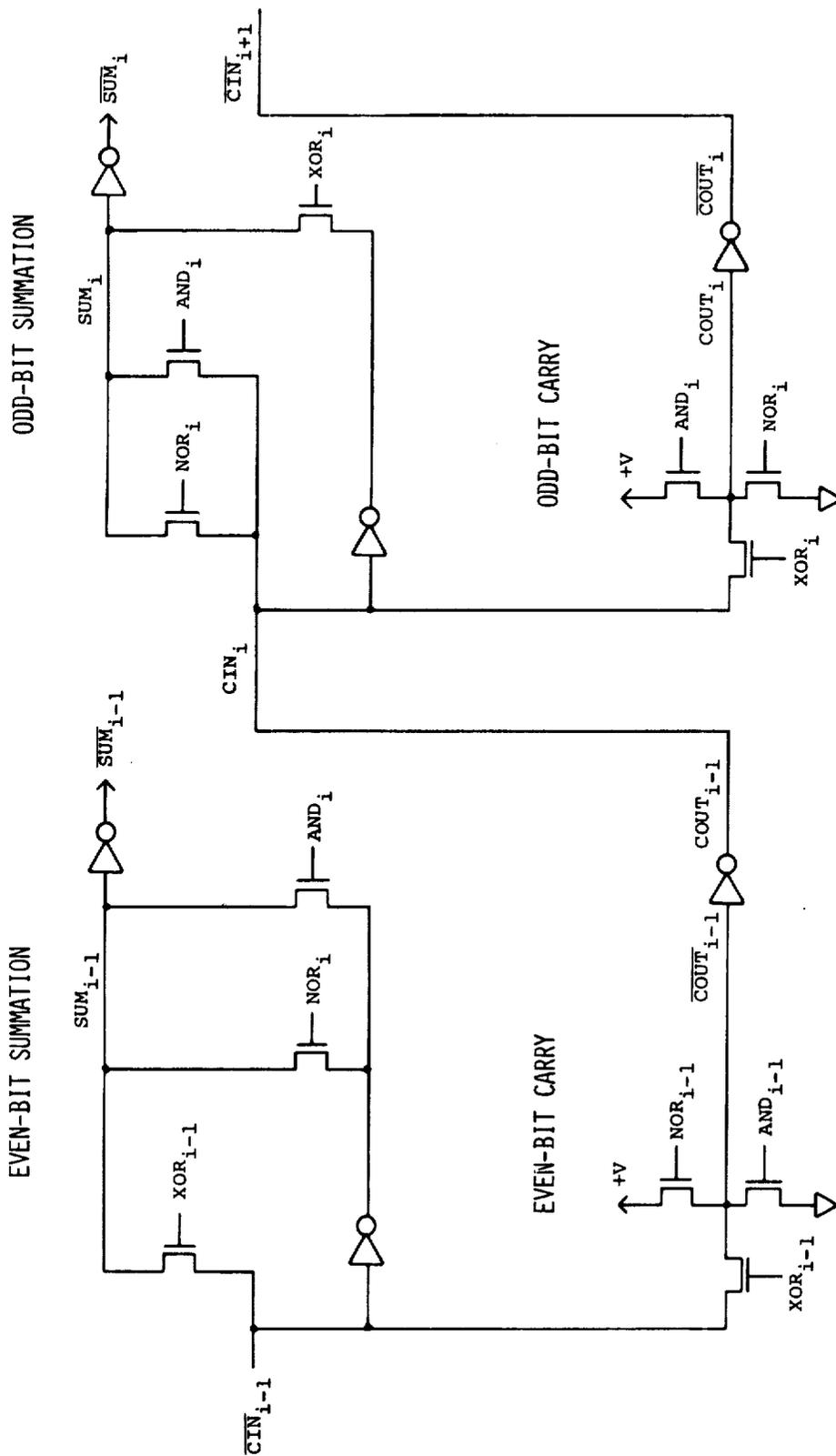


FIG 56

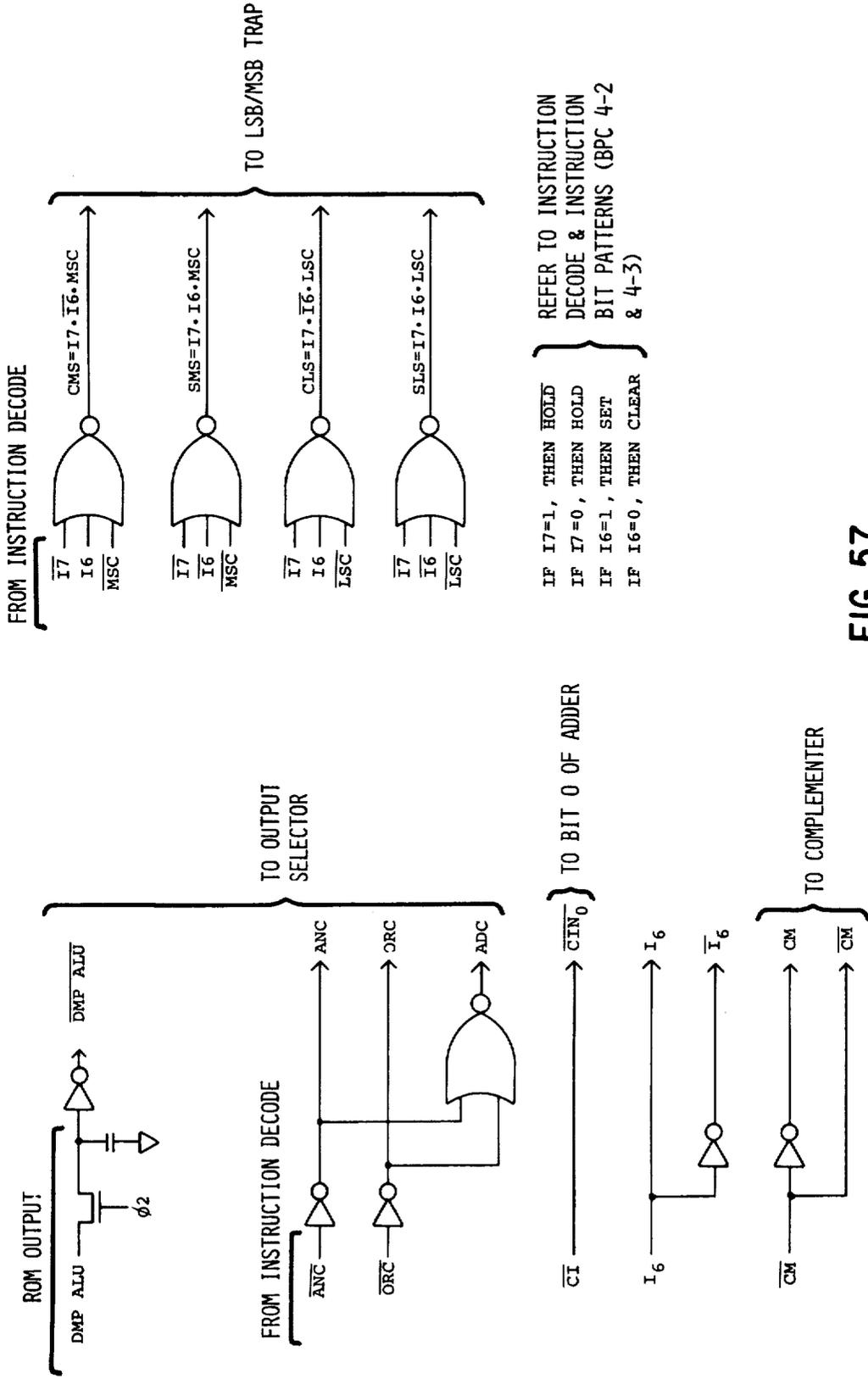


FIG 57

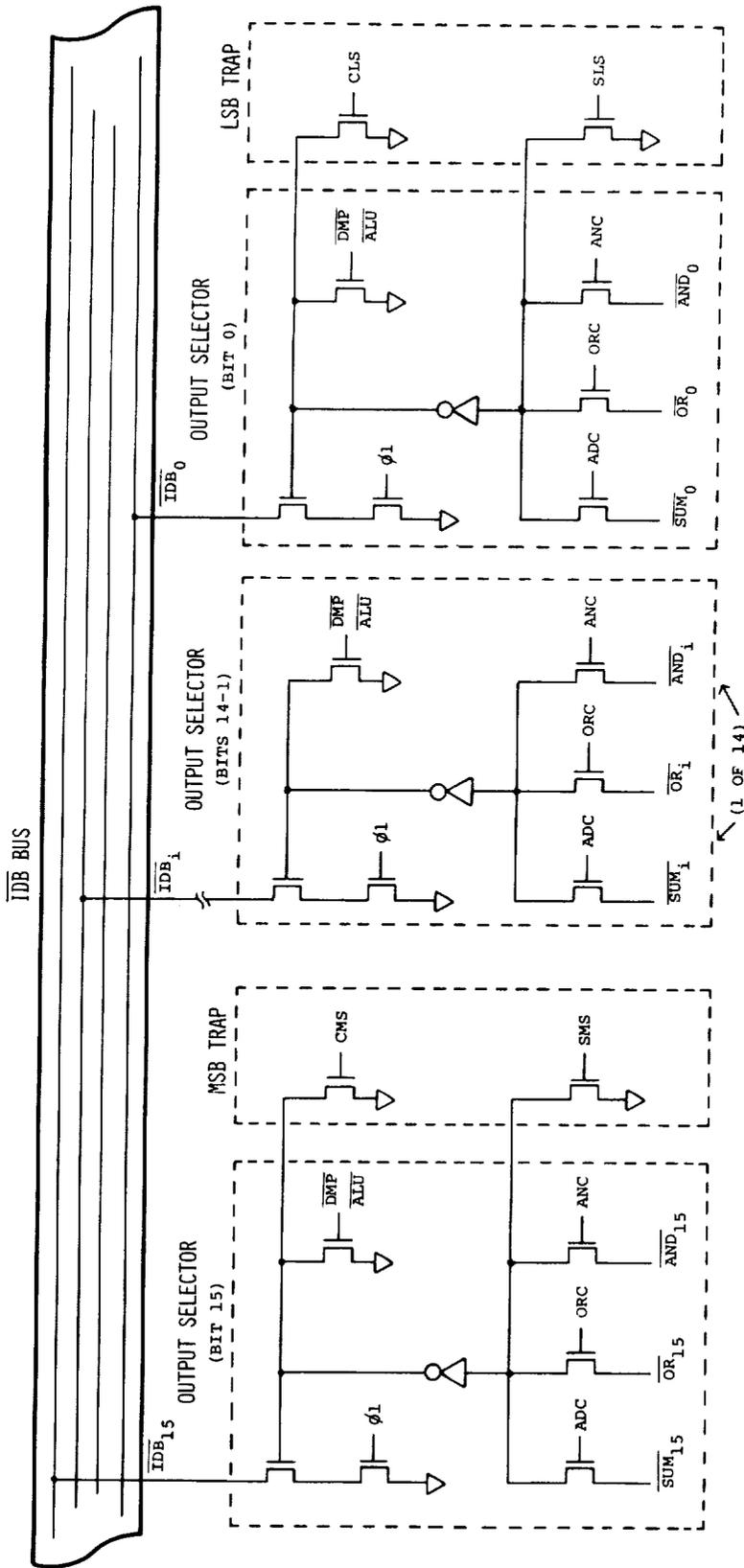


FIG 58

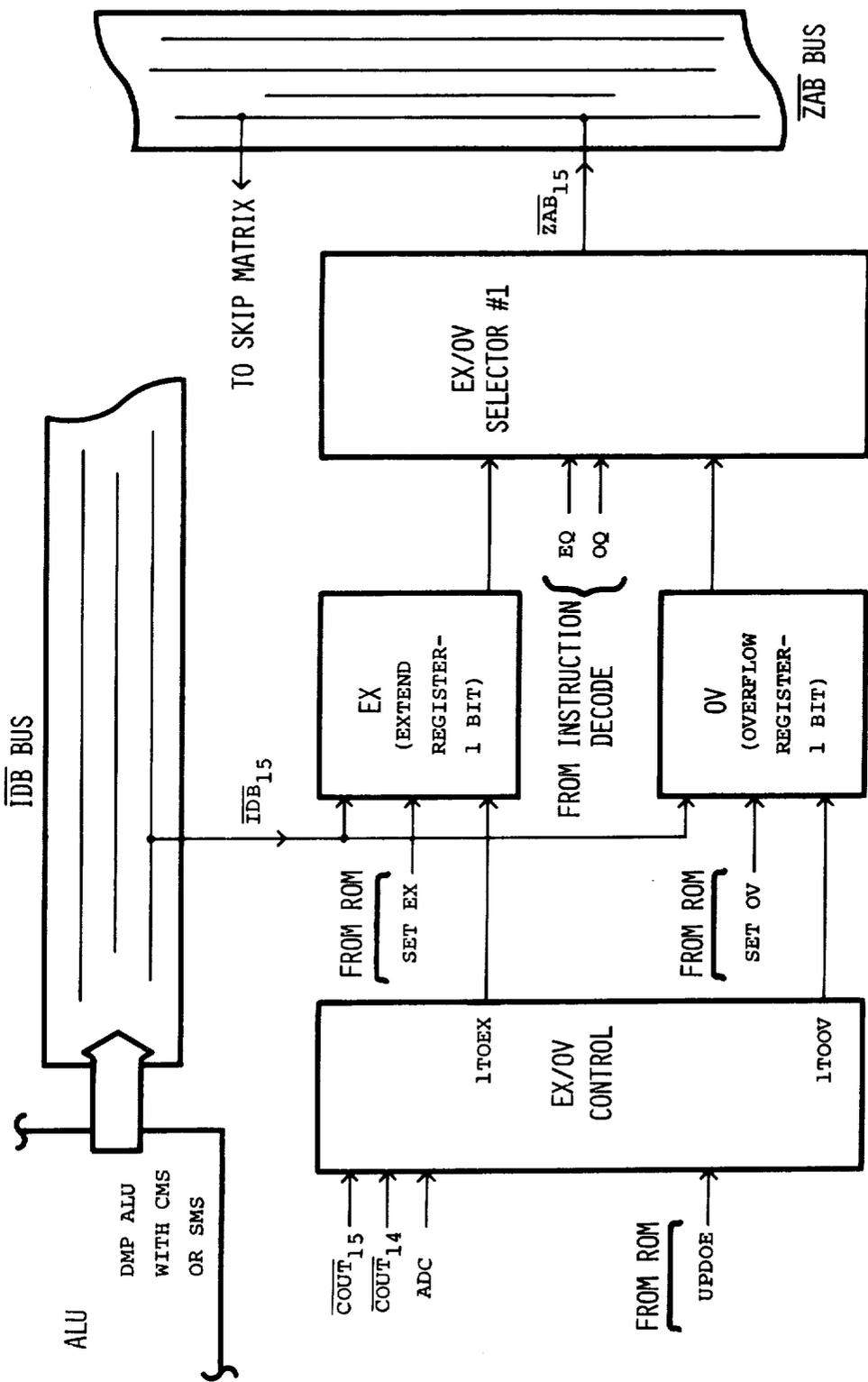


FIG 59

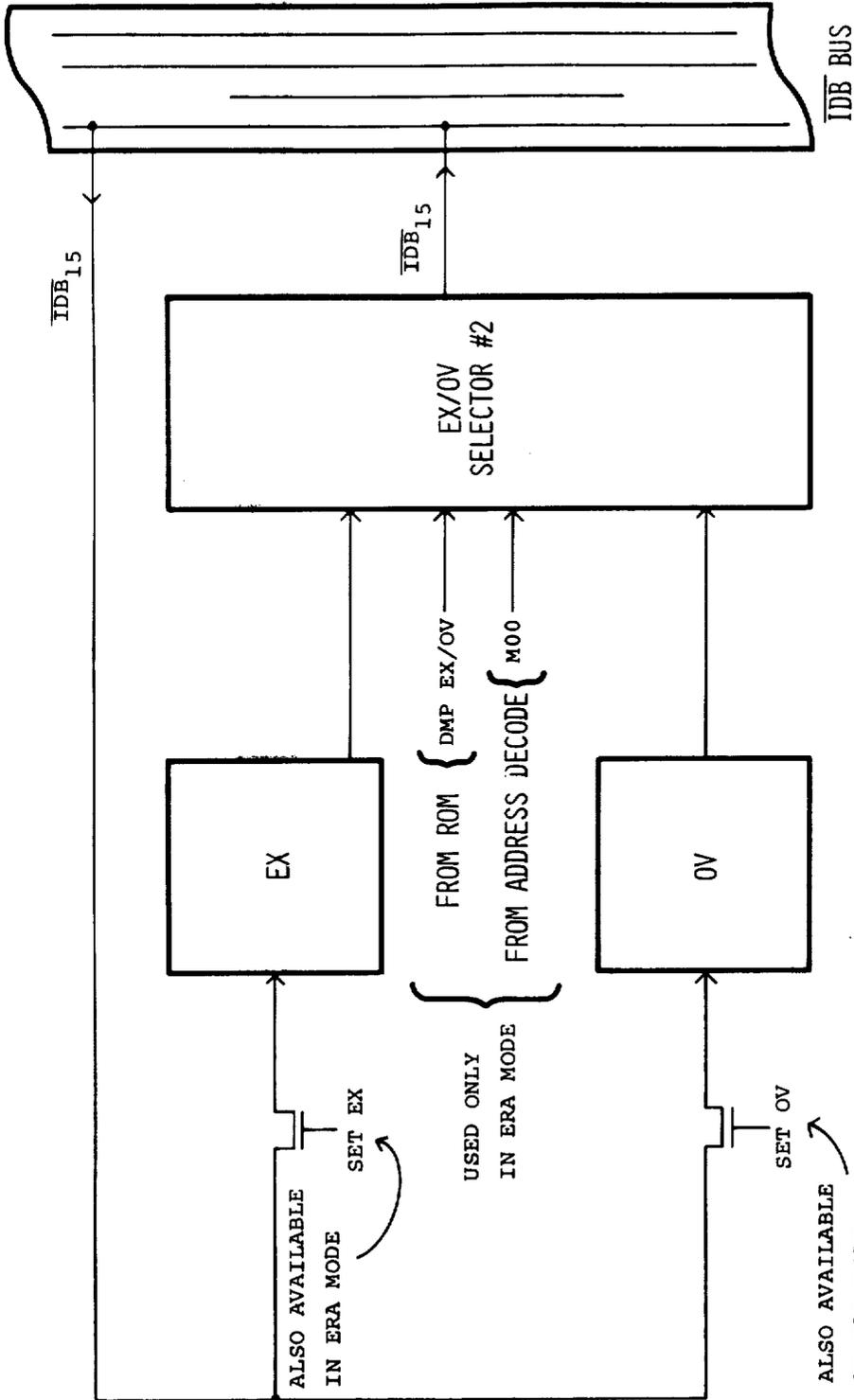


FIG 60

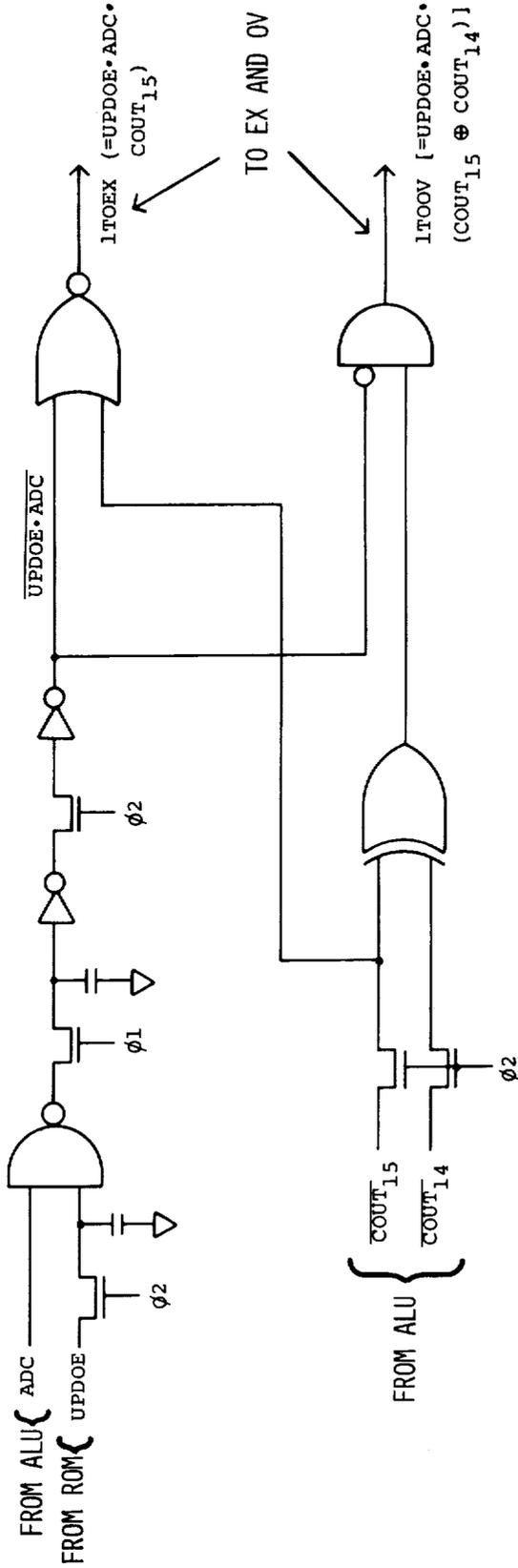


FIG 61

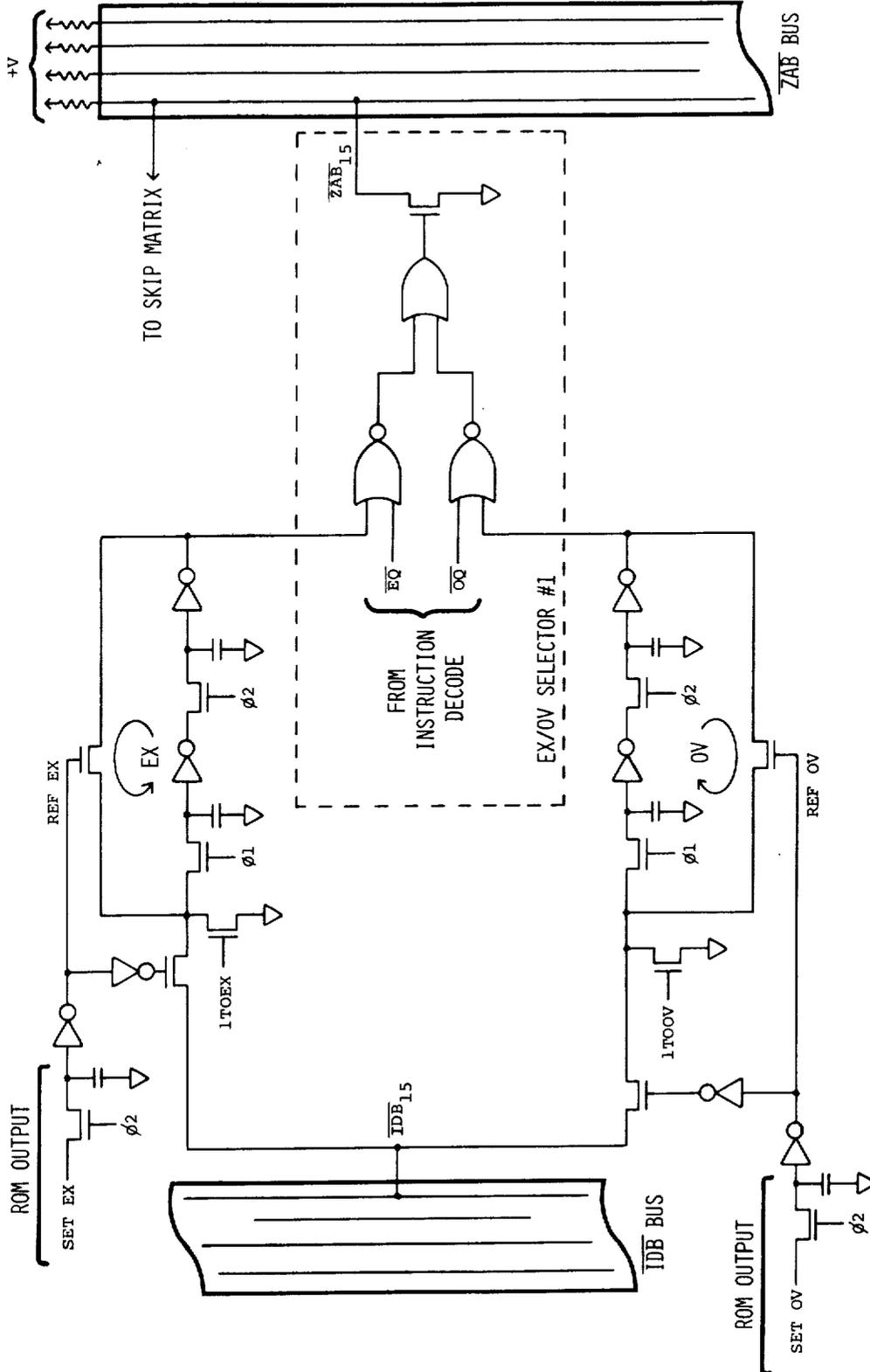


FIG 62

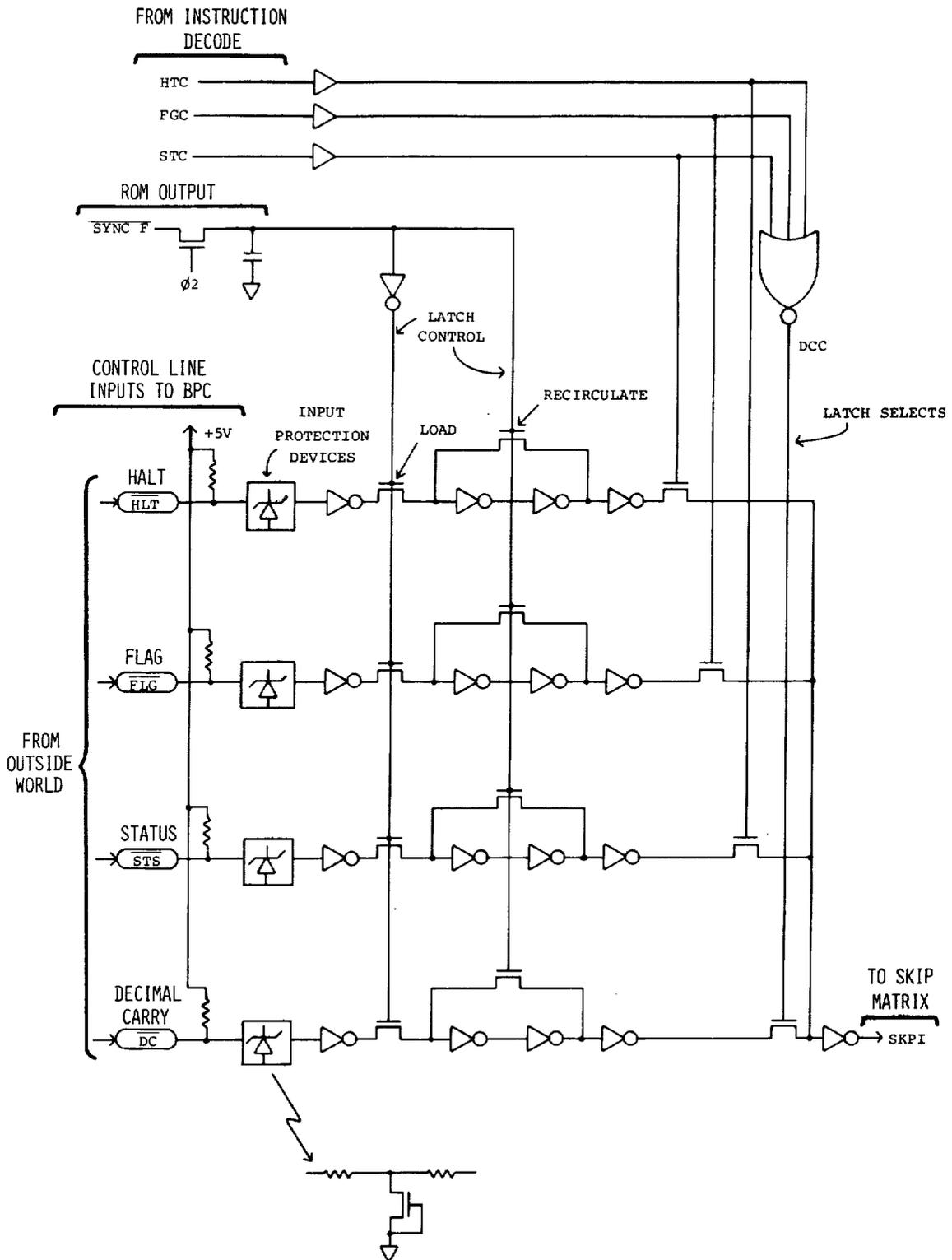


FIG 64

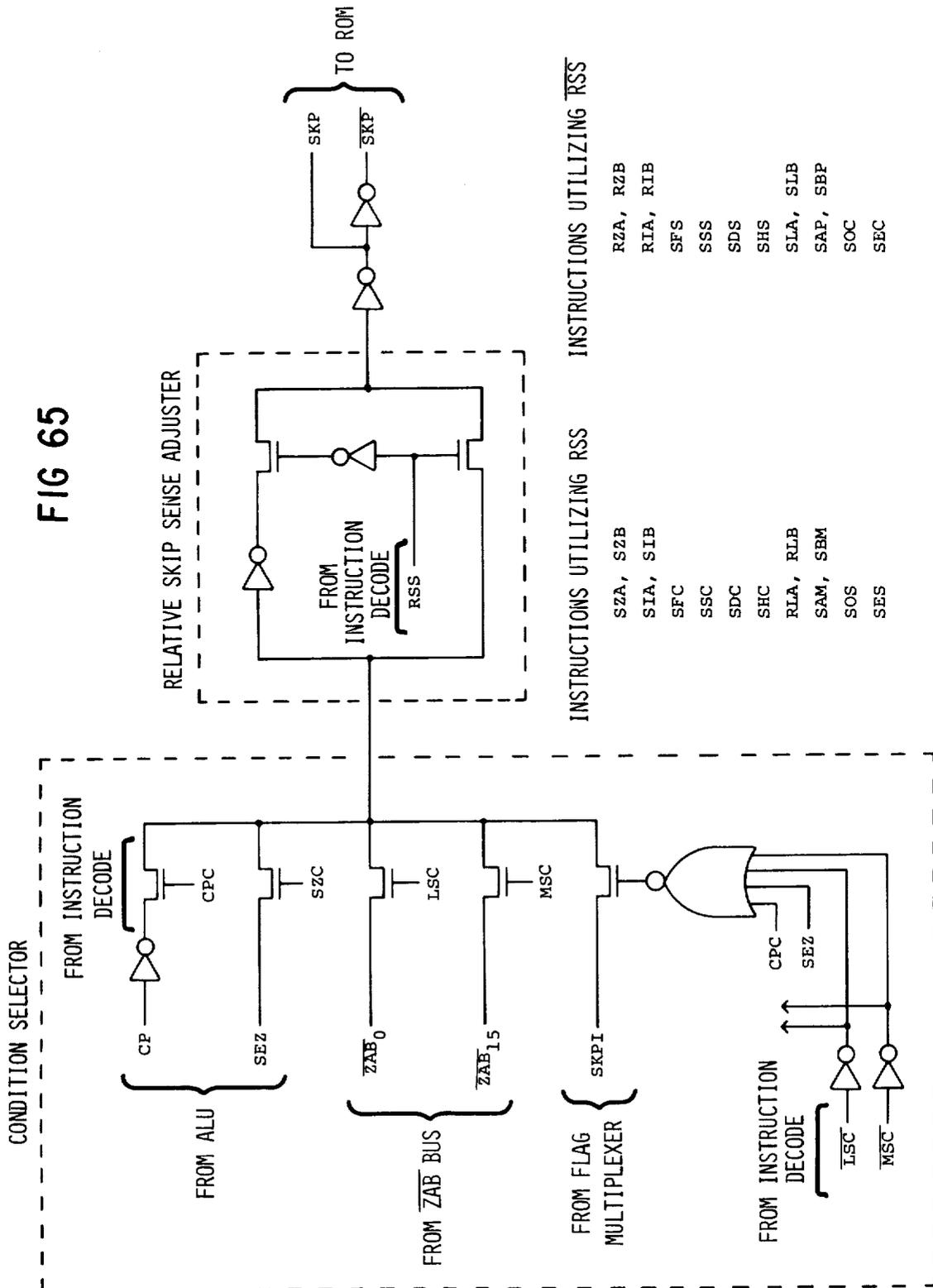


FIG 66

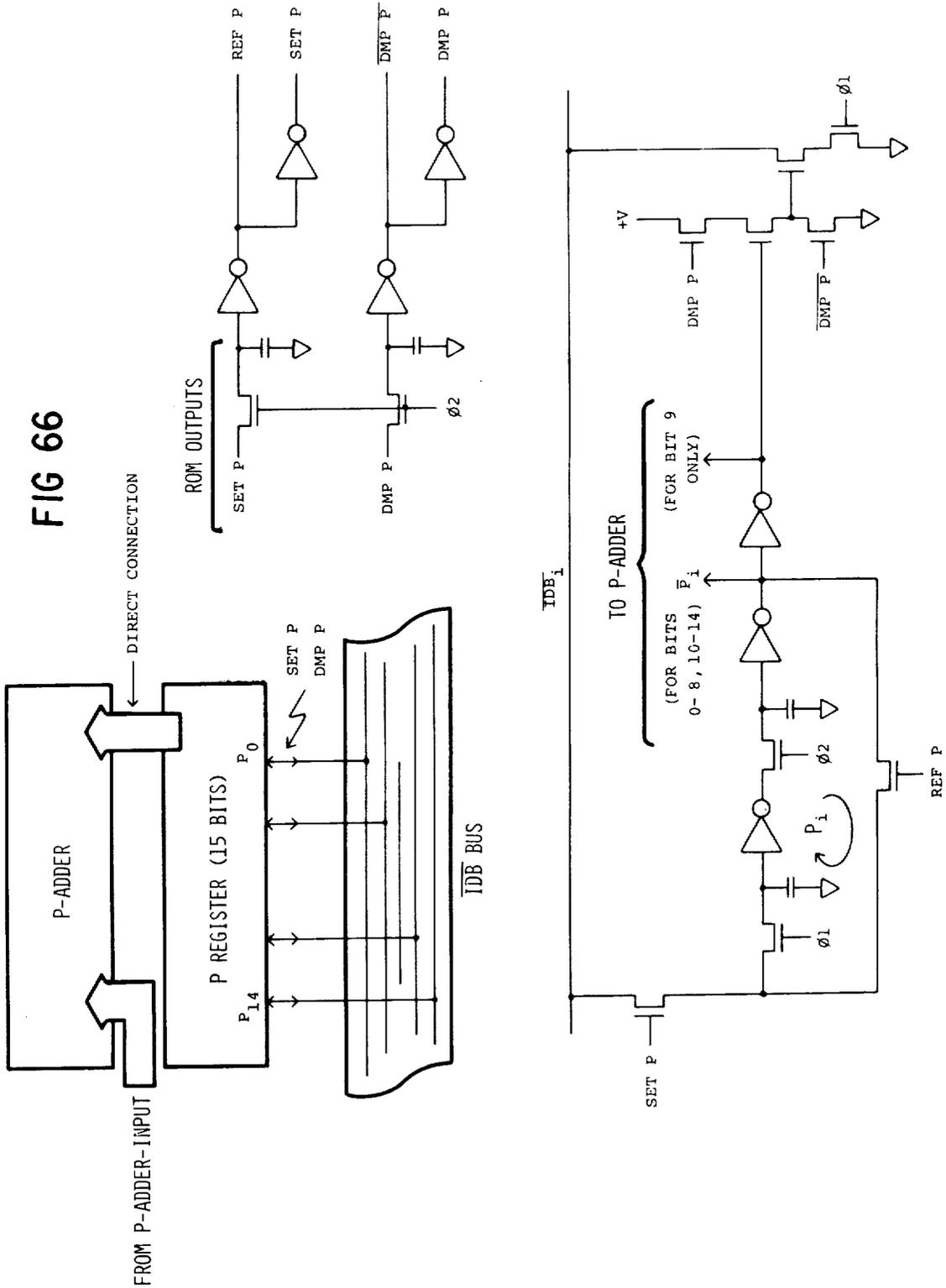
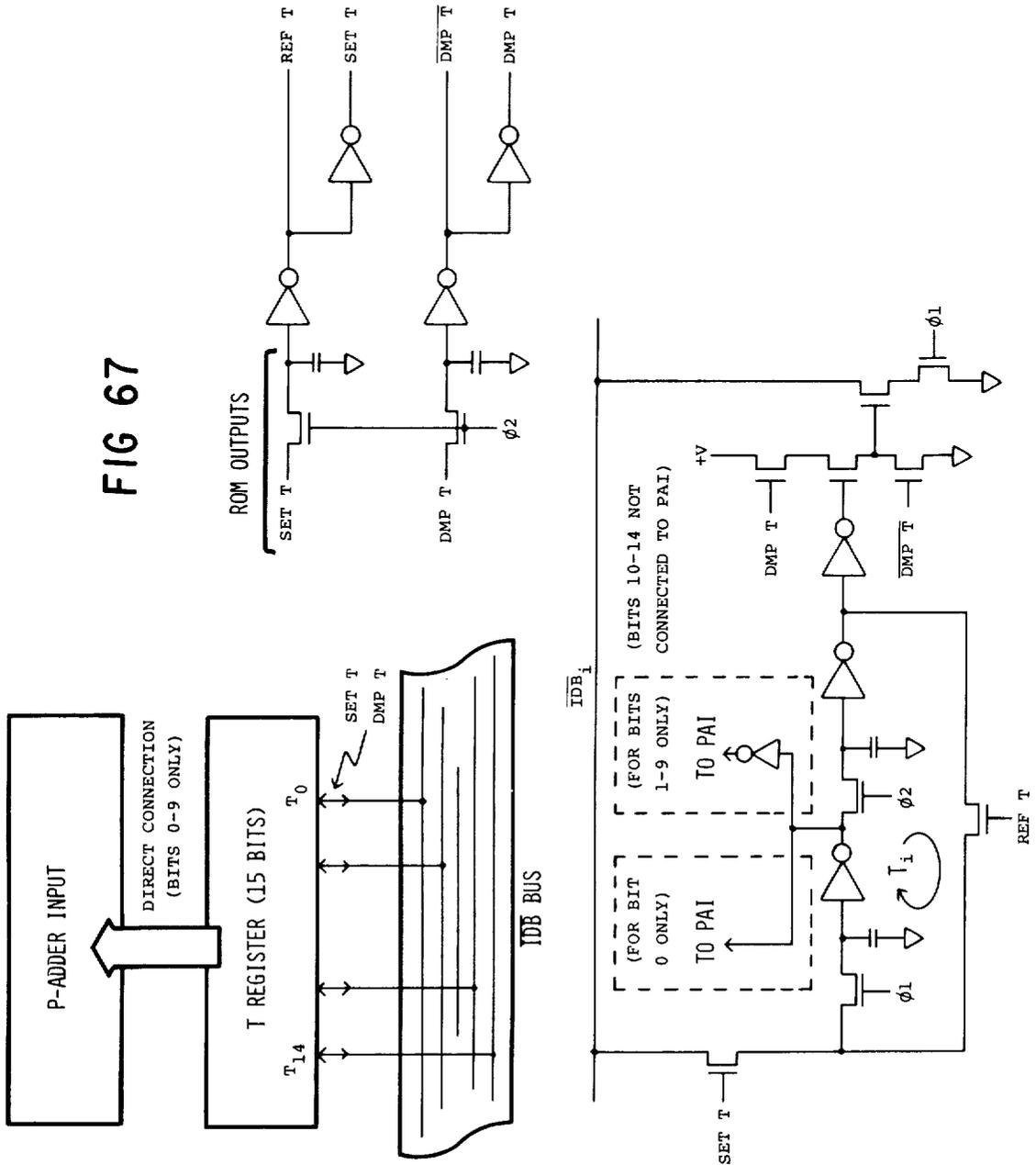


FIG 67



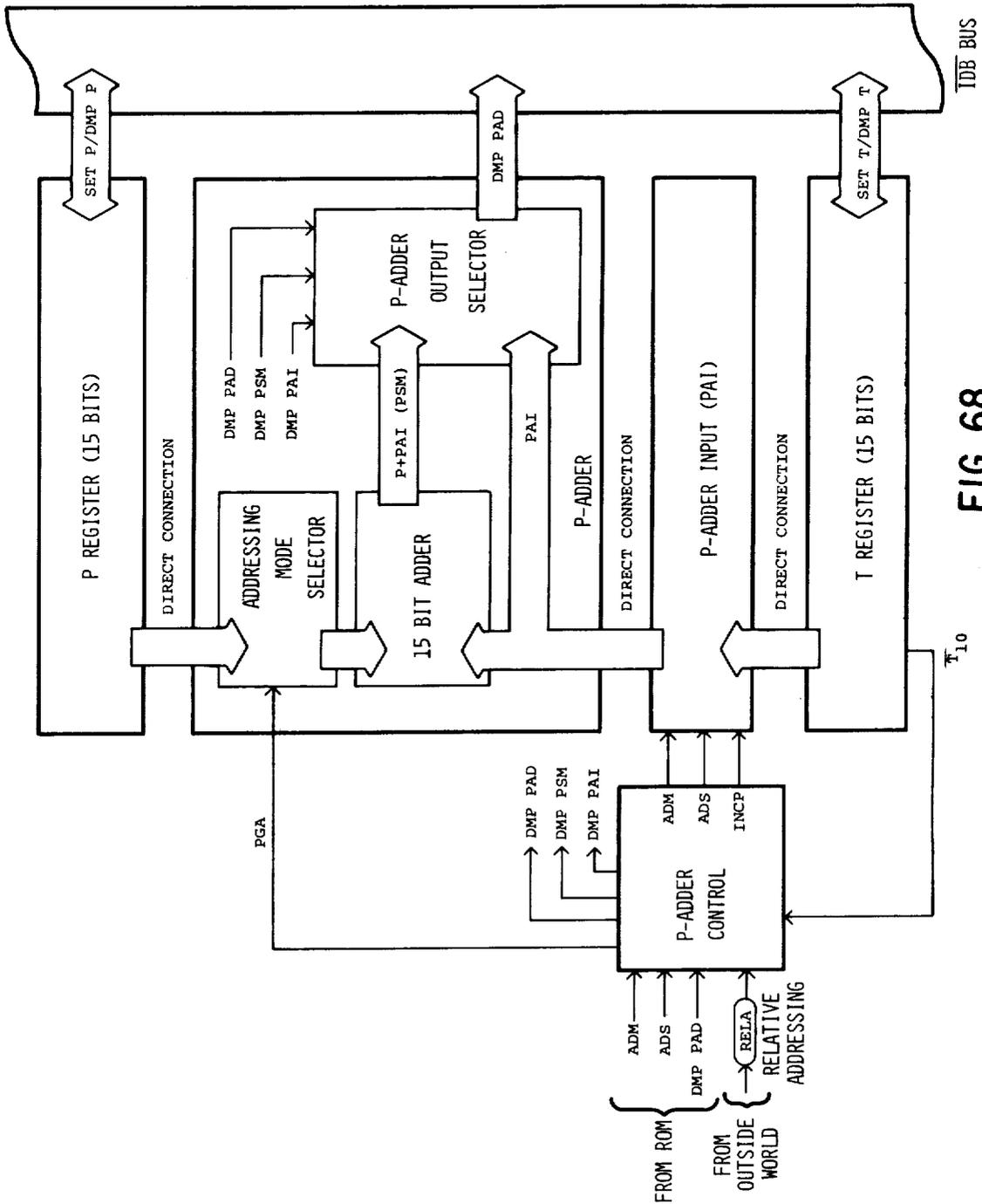


FIG 68

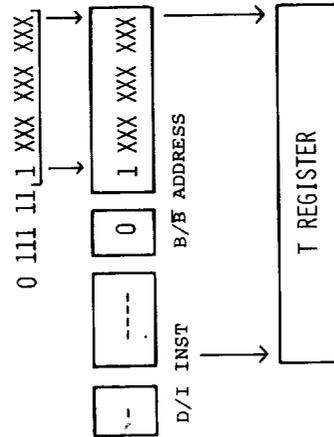
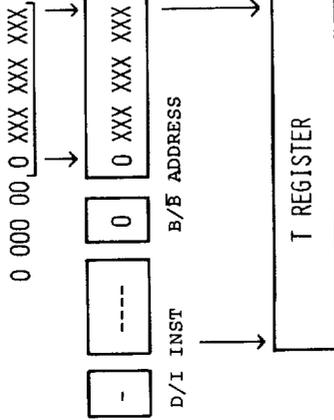
_____ ADM MODE OPERATION _____
 _____ BASE PAGE ADDRESS _____
 (RELATIVE OR ABSOLUTE)

0g-777 8

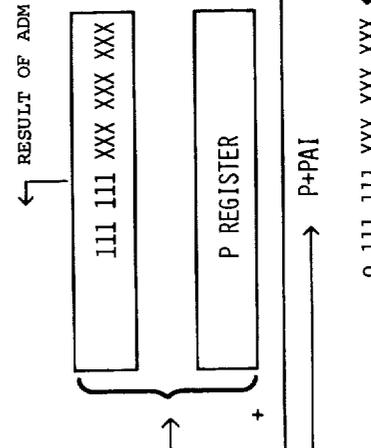
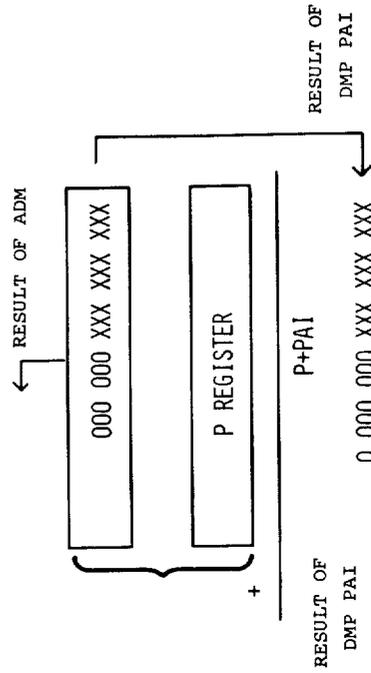
77 000g-0g

MEMORY ADDRESS RANGE:

16 BIT BINARY REPRESENTATION:



AFTER INSTRUCTION FETCH:



OUTPUT OF PAI:

SUMMATION DONE BY P-ADDER

SUMMATION NOT USED; DMP PSM=0

RESULTING ADDRESS ON IDA BUS:

FIG 69

D/I (DIRECT/INDIRECT) AND B/B (BASE PAGE/NOT BASE PAGE) CODED AS 0/1

_____ ADM MODE OPERATION _____
 _____ RELATIVE, NON-BASE PAGE ADDRESSING _____

MEMORY ADDRESS RANGE:

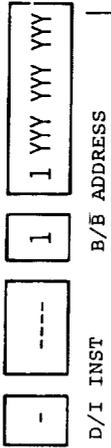
P-M (1 ≤ M ≤ 512)

15 BIT BINARY REPRESENTATION:

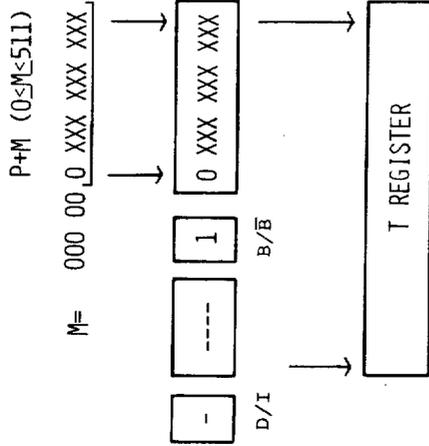
M= 111 11 1 1 YY YY YY YY

2'S COMPLEMENT

RESULT OF ASSEMBLY:

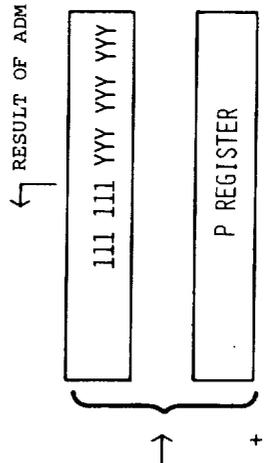


AFTER INSTRUCTION FETCH:



OUTPUT OF PAI:

SUMMATION DONE BY P-ADDER



RESULTING ADDRESS ON IDA BUS:
(DMP PSM=1 AND DMP PAI=0)



D/I (DIRECT/INDIRECT) AND B/E (BASE PAGE/NOT BASE PAGE) CODED AS 0/1

FIG 70

_____ ADM MODE OPERATION _____
 _____ ABSOLUTE, NON-BASE PAGE ADDRESSING _____

MEMORY ADDRESS RANGE:

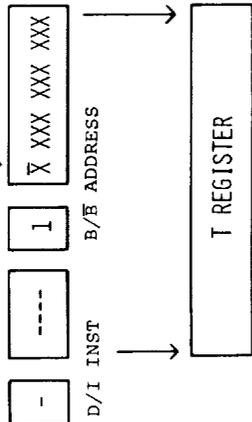
1024₁₀ WORDS WITHIN CURRENT PAGE

PAGE NUMBER KNOWN TO PROGRAMMER,
 ASSEMBLER AND CONTAINED AS PART OF P

16 BIT BINARY REPRESENTATION:

0 ZZZ ZZ X XXX XXX XXX,

RESULT OF ASSEMBLY:



AFTER INSTRUCTION FETCH:

OUTPUT OF PAI:

RESULT OF P ADJUSTED FOR PAGE ADDRESSING (DONE BY PGA—A FUNCTION OF ADM AND RELA)
 RESULTING SUM AND ADDRESS ON IDA BUS:
 (DMP PSM=1 AND DMP PAI=0)

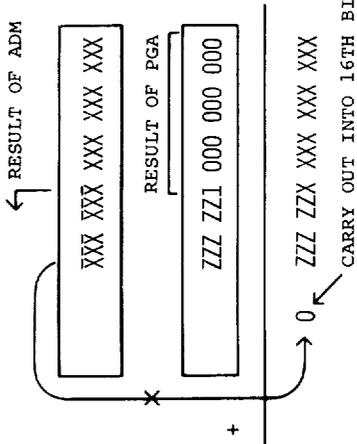


FIG 71

D/I (DIRECT/INDIRECT) AND B/E (BASE PAGE/NOT BASE PAGE) CODED AS 0/1

_____ ADS MODE OPERATION _____
 _____ CHANGE P ACCORDING TO SKIP FIELD _____

SKIP RANGE:

P-M ($1 \leq M \leq 32$)

P+M ($0 \leq M \leq 31$)

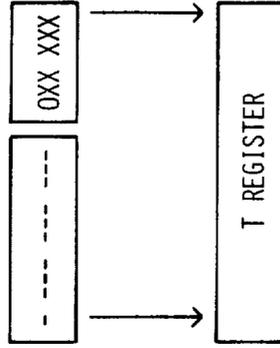
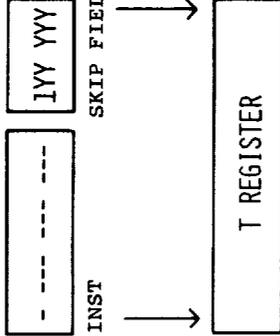
16 BIT BINARY REPRESENTATION:

M= 0 111 111 111 111 1YY YYY,

M= 0 000 000 000 0XX XXX

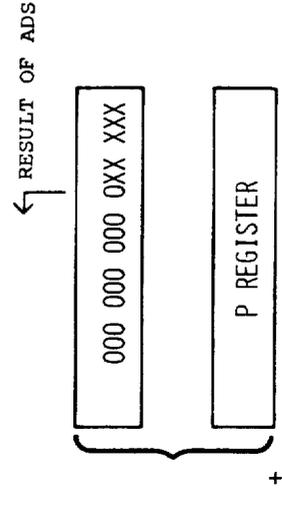
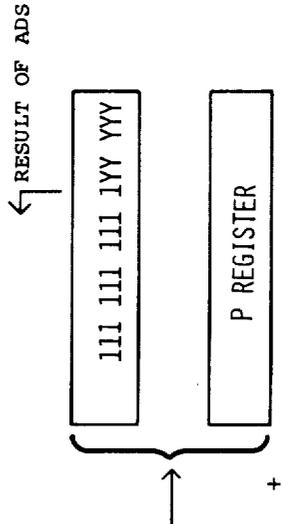
2'S COMPLEMENT

RESULT OF ASSEMBLY:



AFTER INSTRUCTION FETCH:

OUTPUT OF PAI:
 SUMMATION DONE P-ADDER



RESULTING NEW VALUE FOR P:
 (DMP PSM=1 AND DMP PAI=0)

P-M

P+M

FIG 72

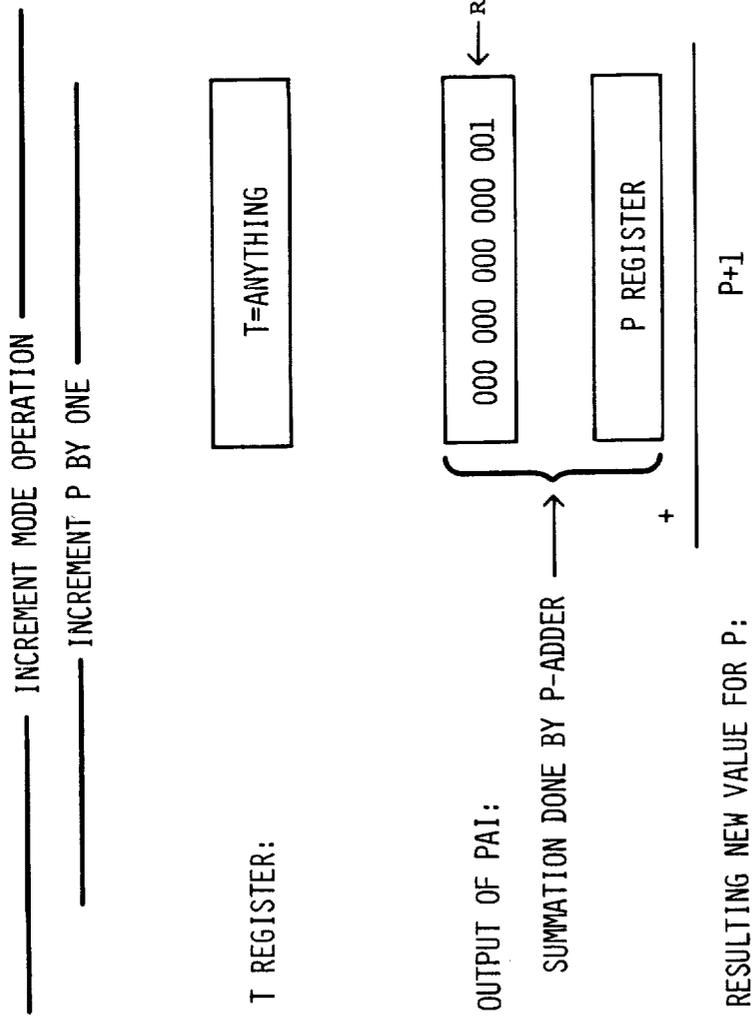


FIG 73

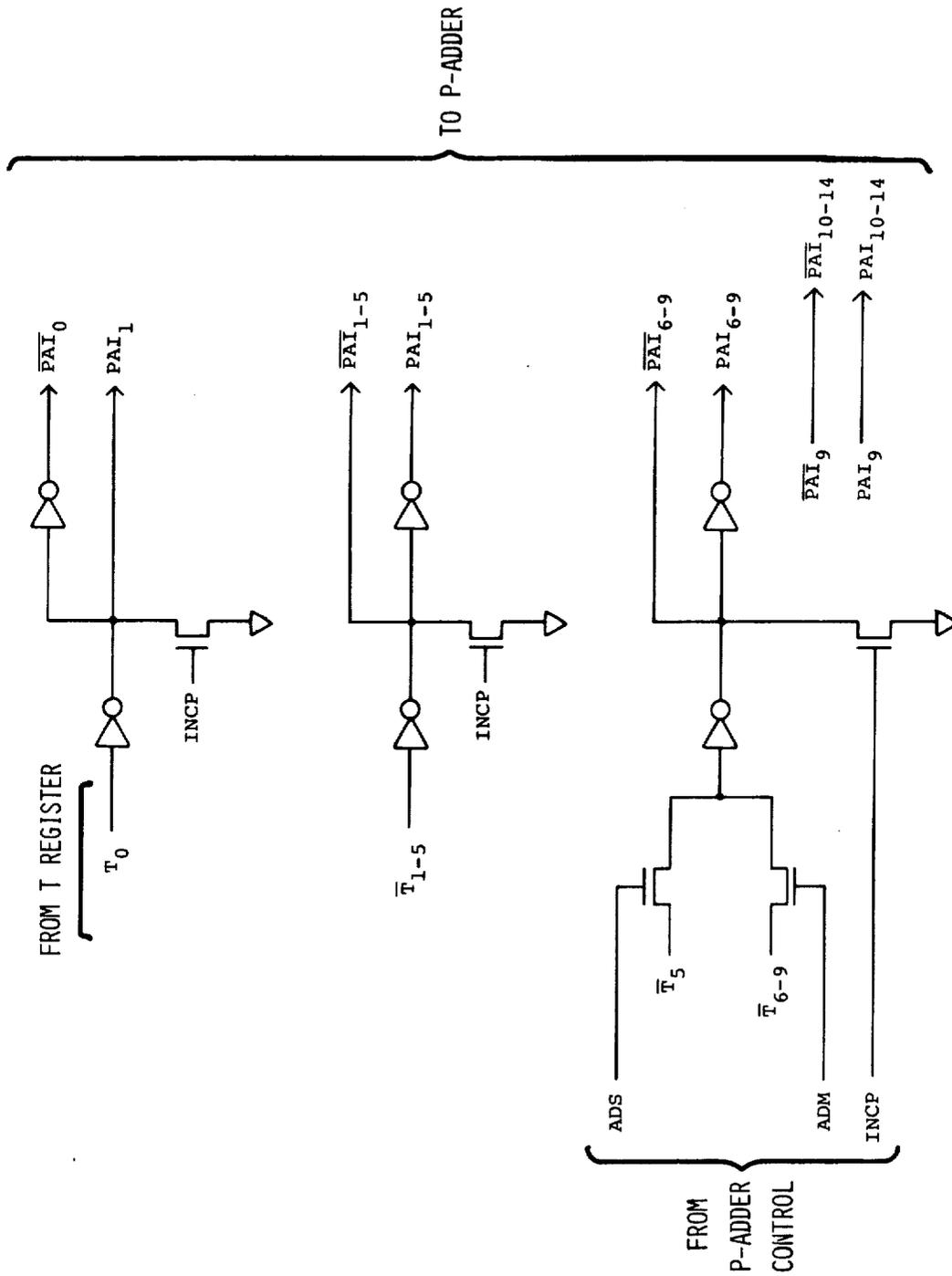


FIG 74

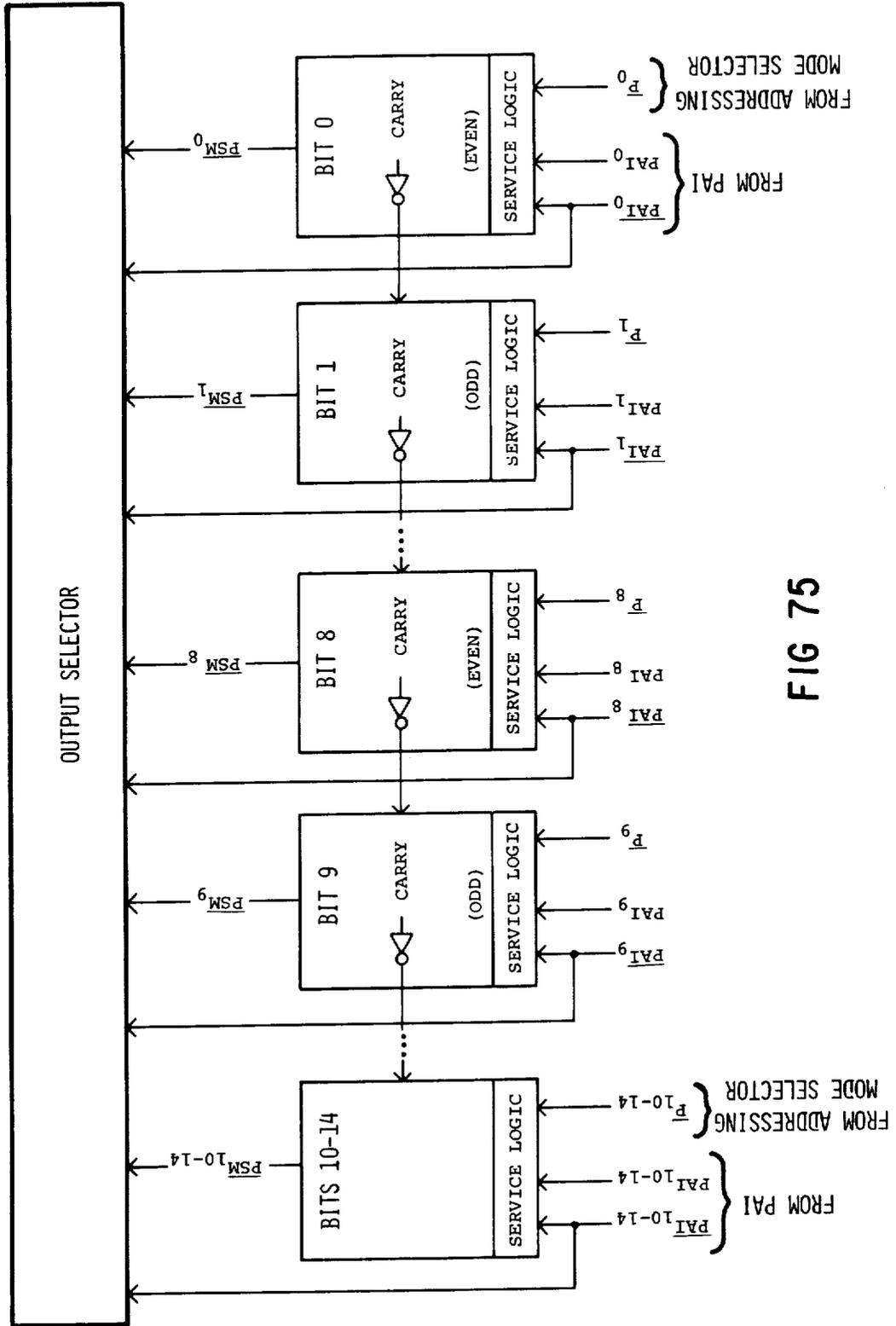


FIG 75

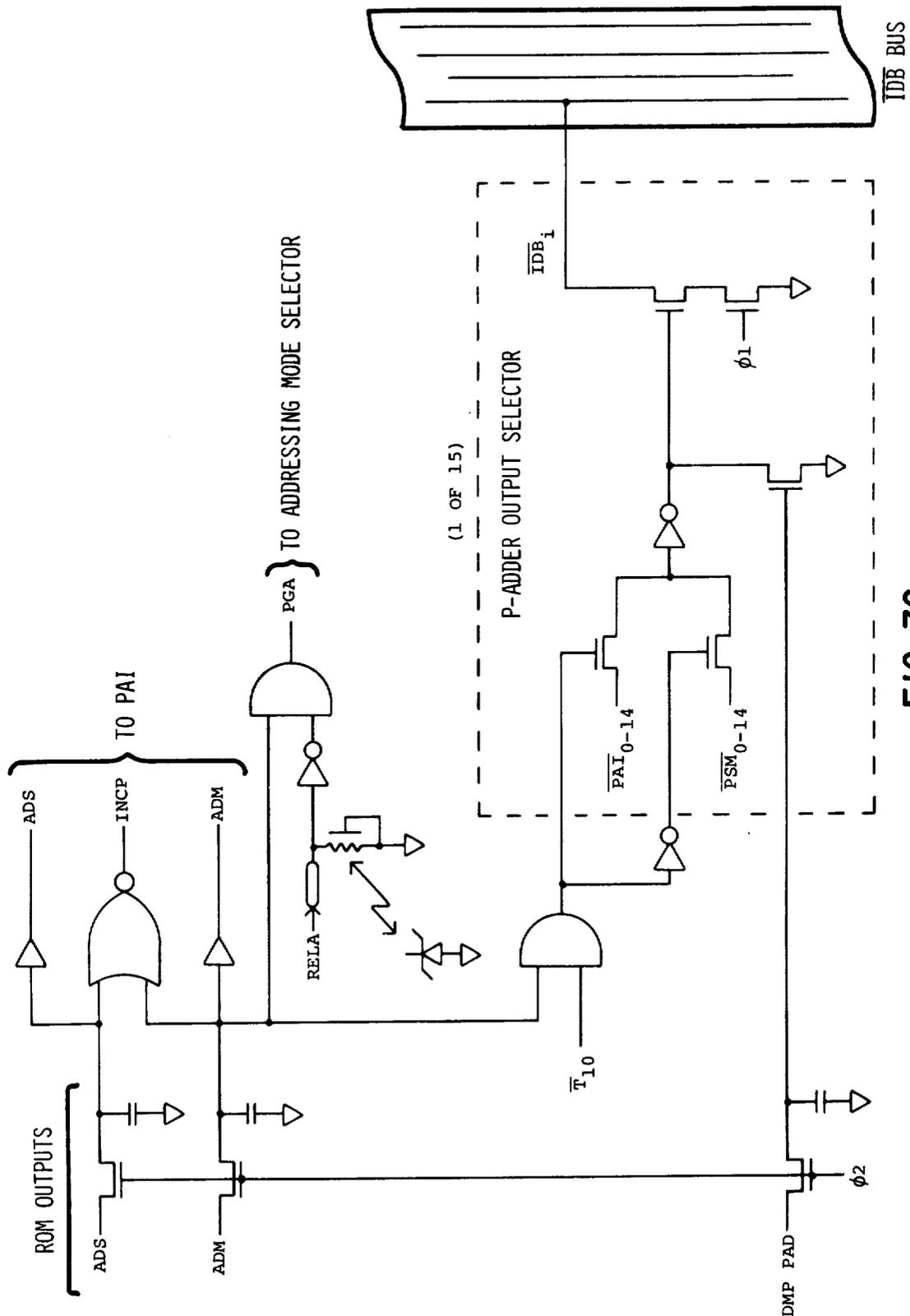


FIG 76

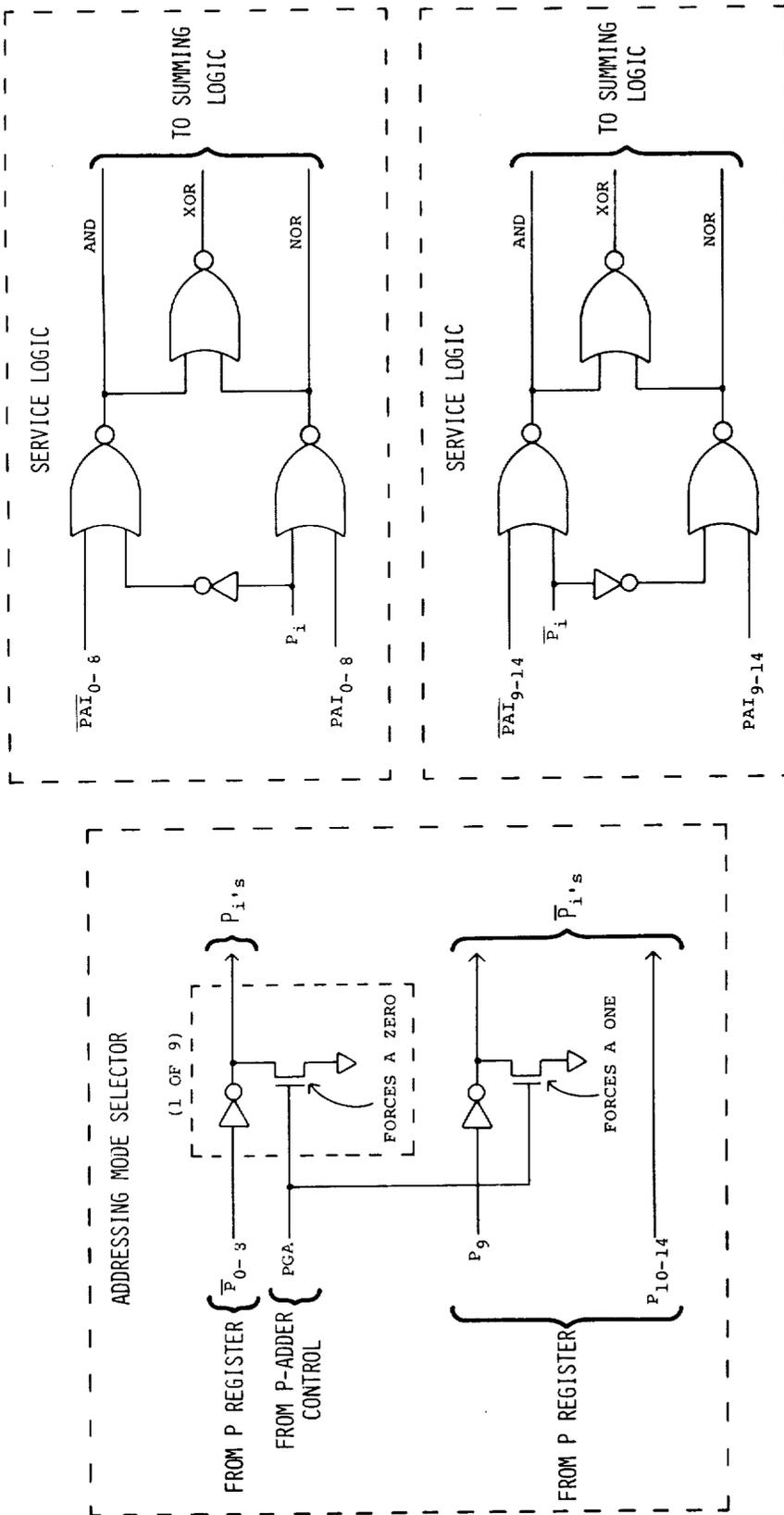


FIG 77

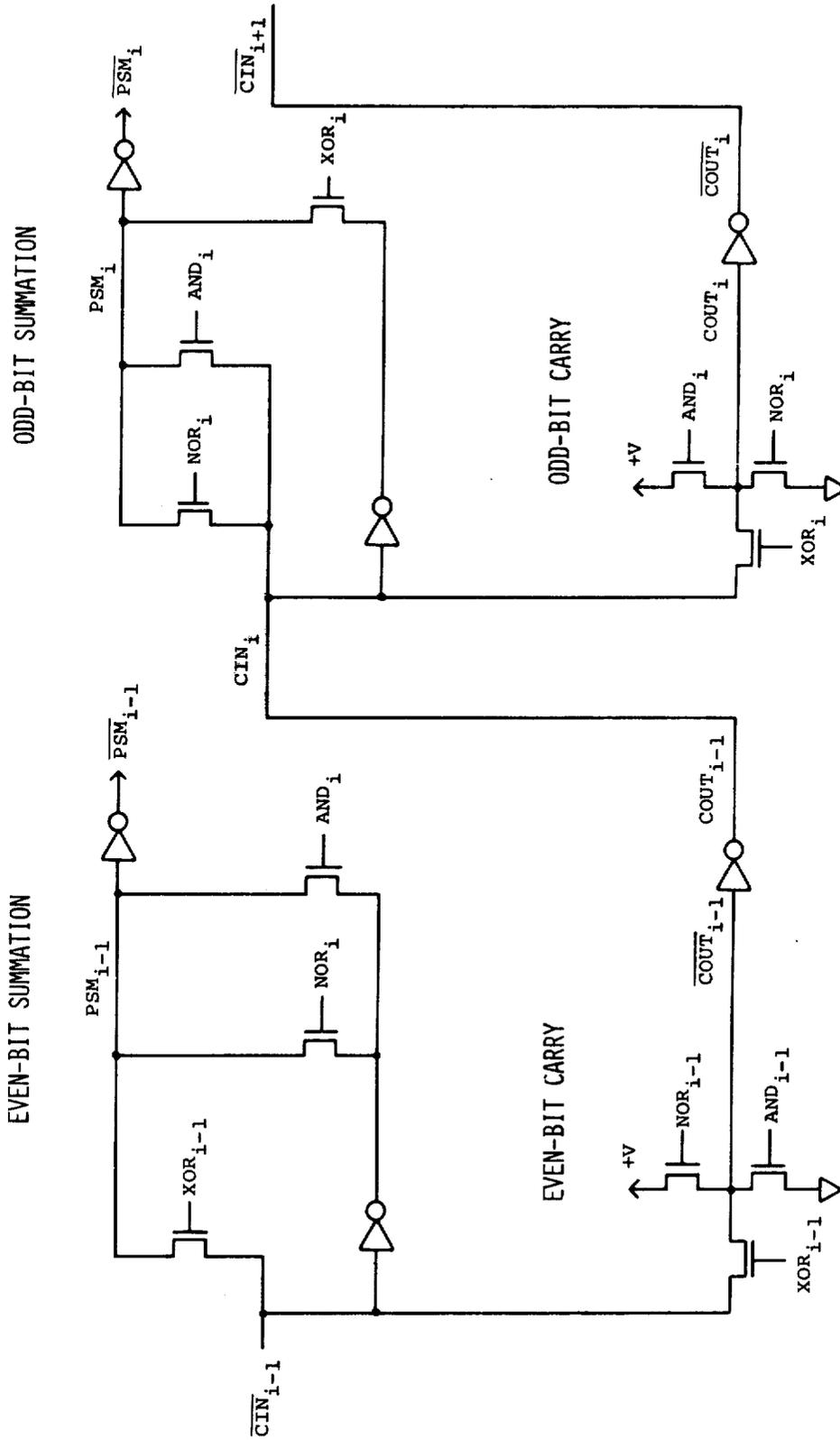


FIG 78

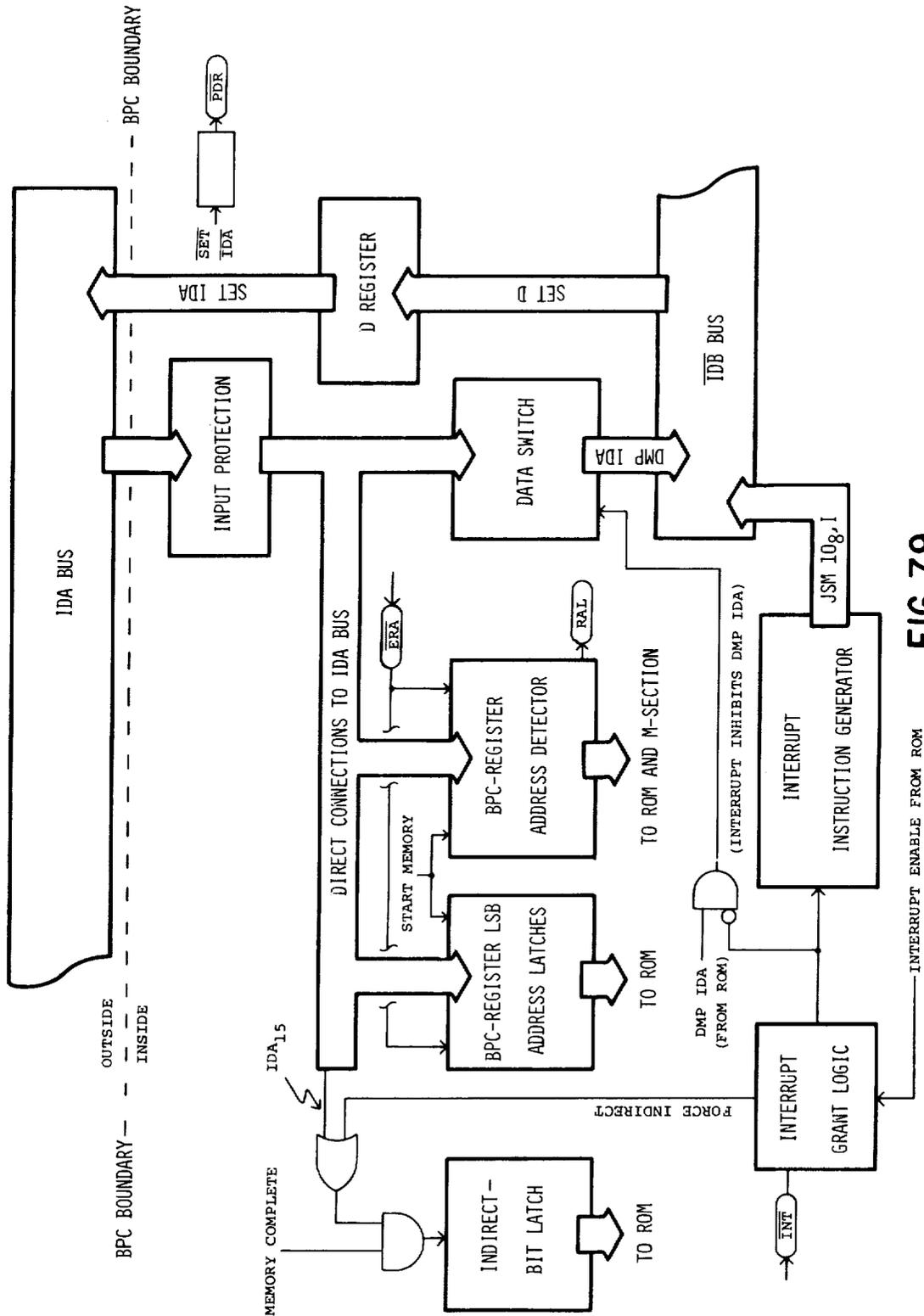


FIG 79

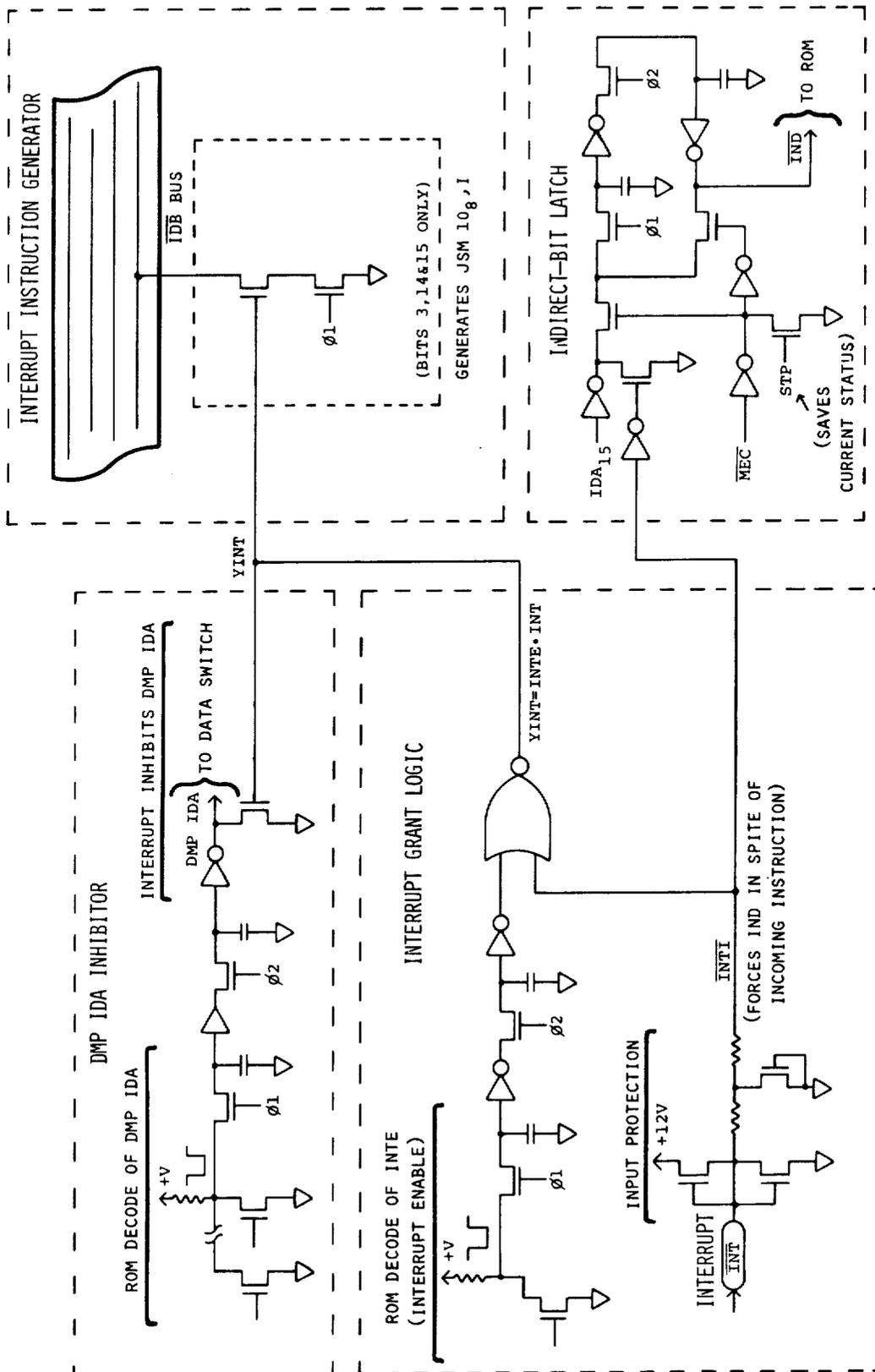


FIG 80

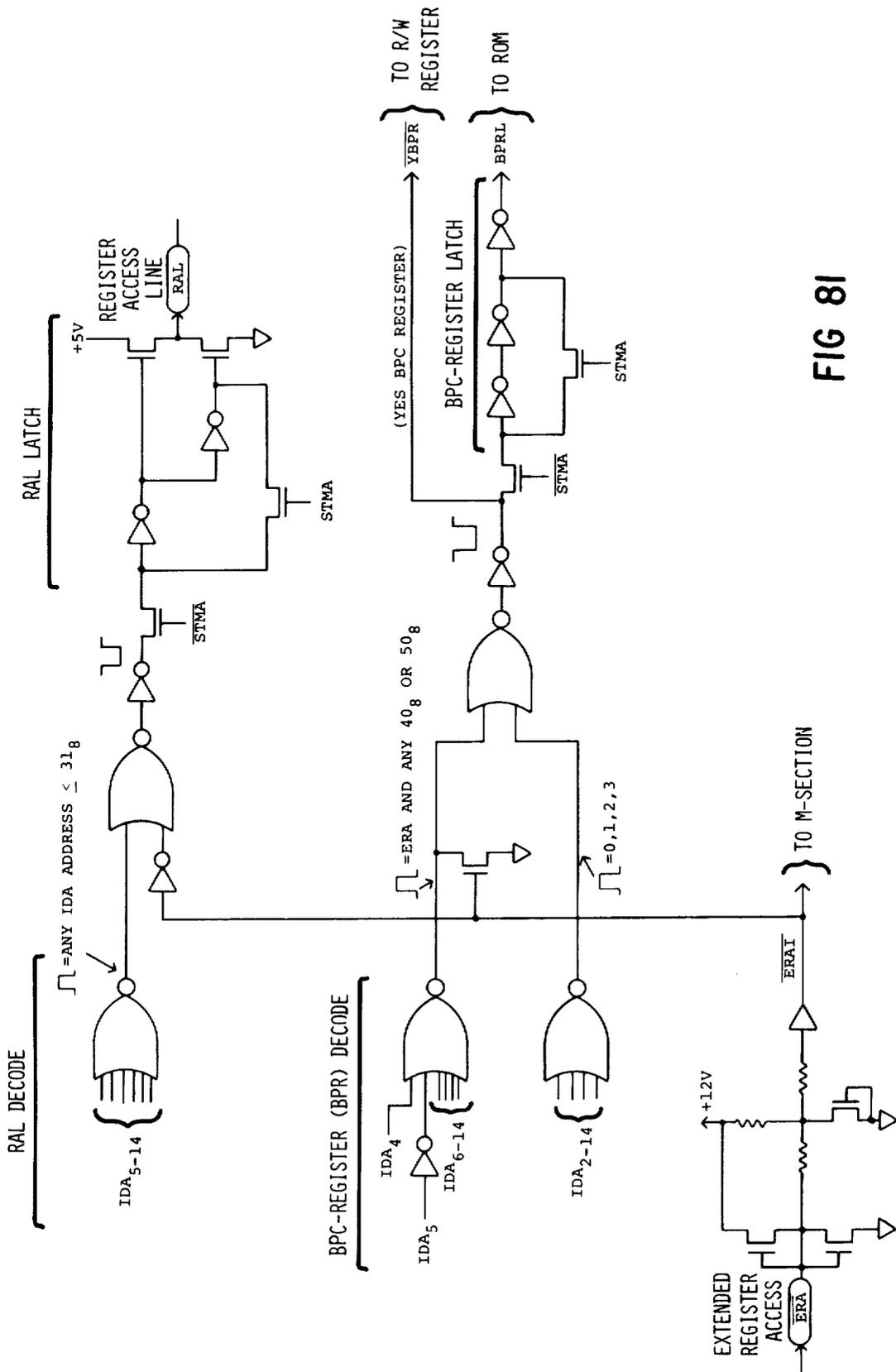


FIG 81

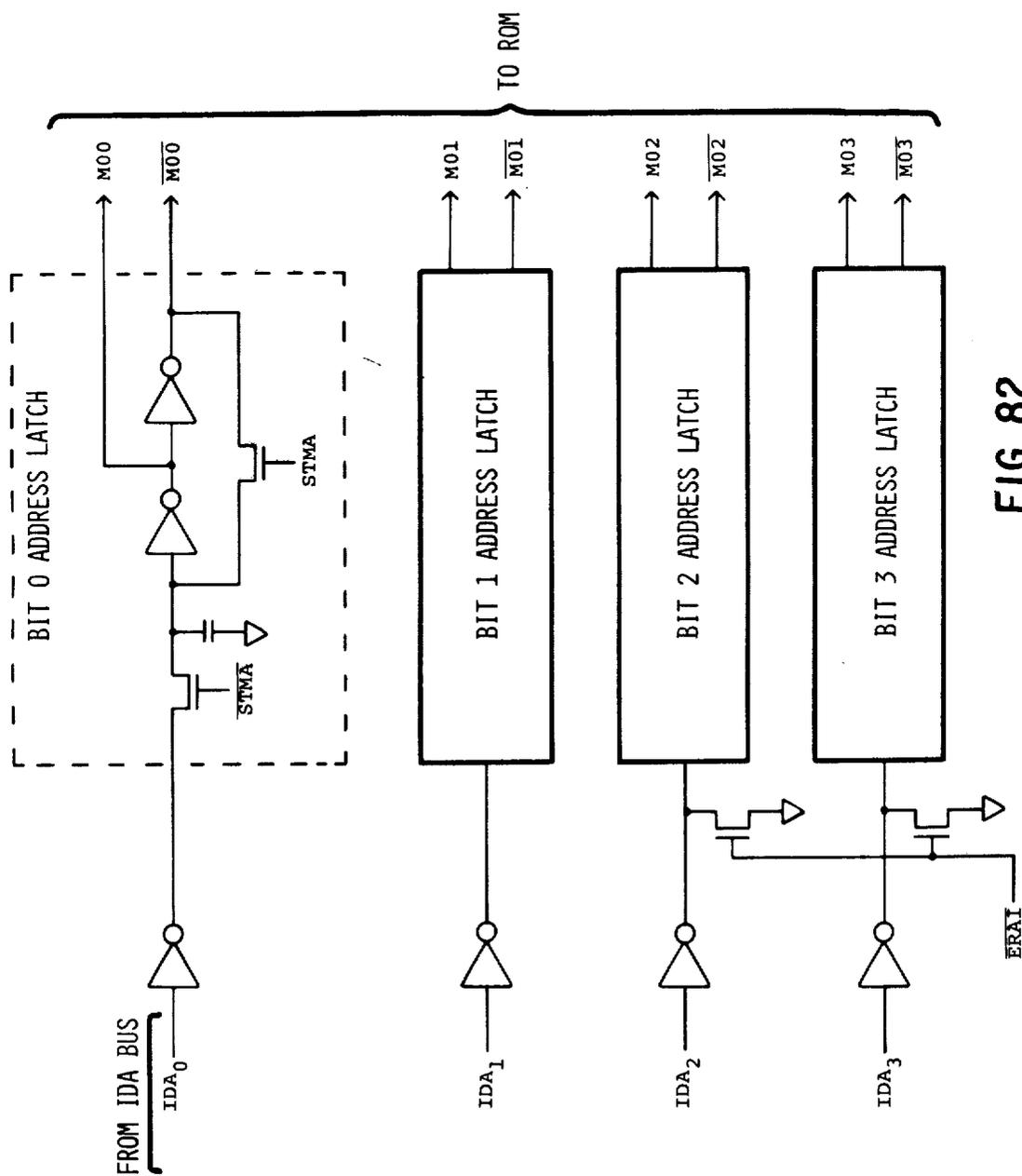
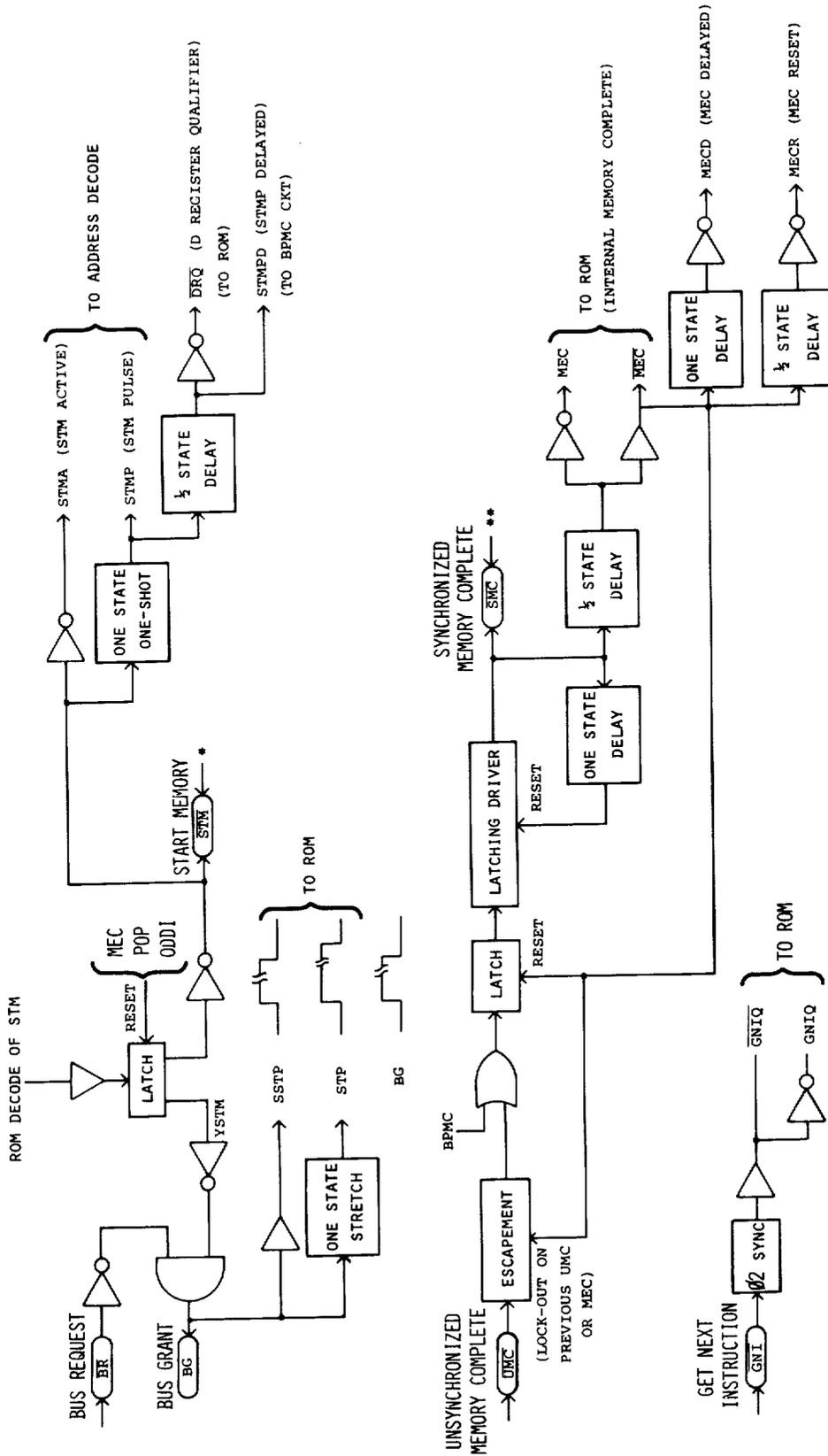
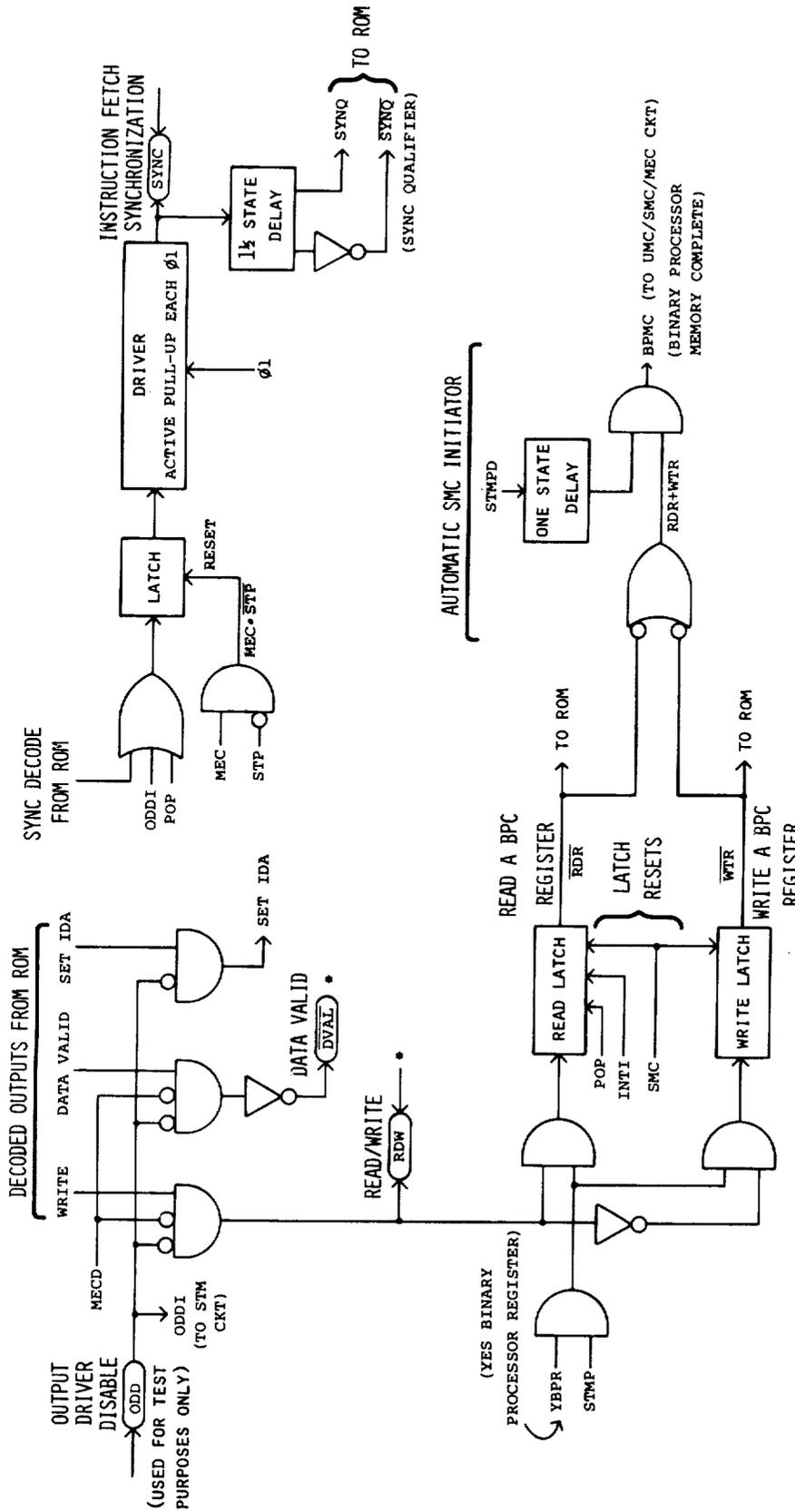


FIG 82



*ACTIVE PULL-UP DURING MECD
 **ACTIVE PULL-UP DURING MECR

FIG 83A



*ACTIVE PULL-UP DURING MECD

FIG 83B

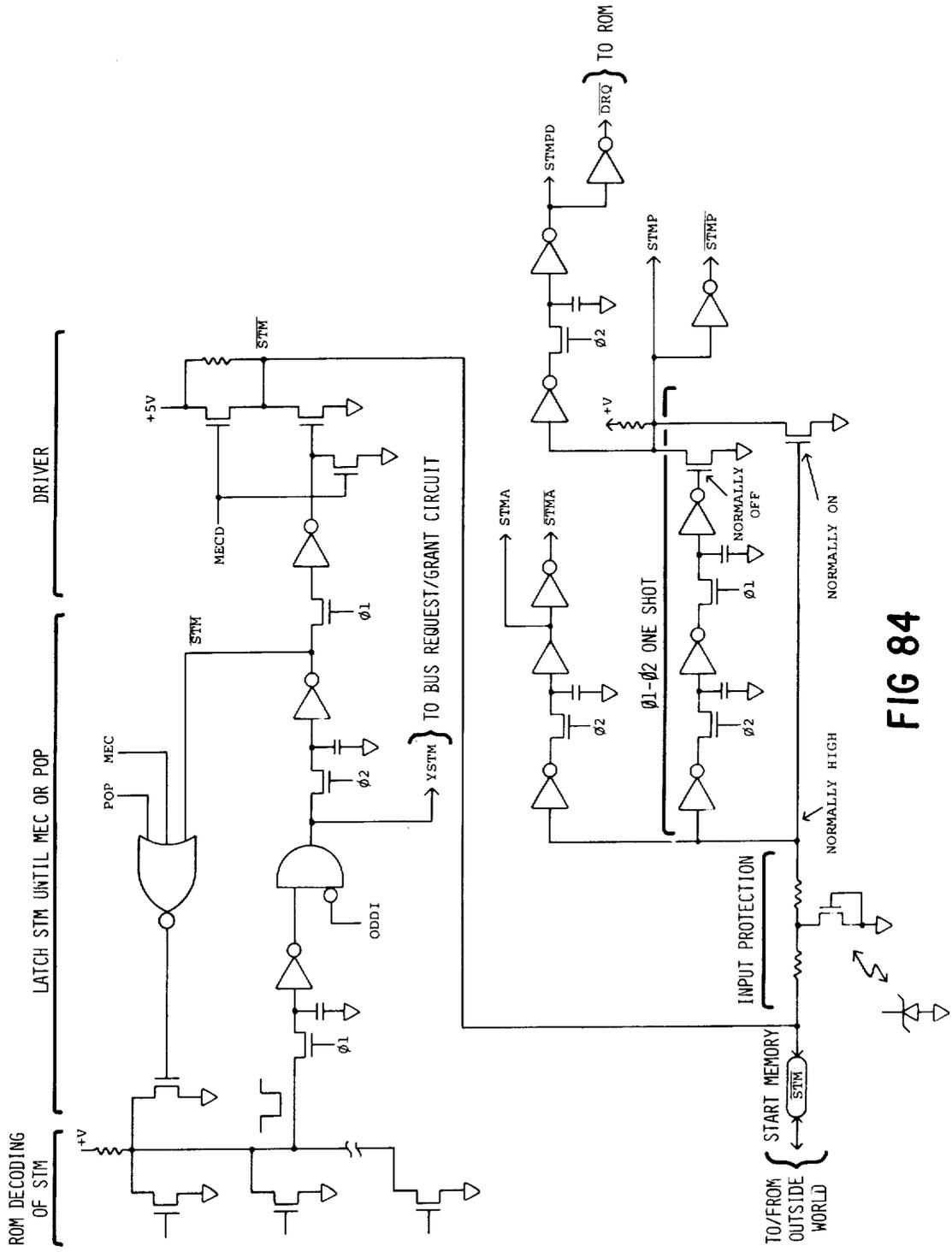


FIG 84

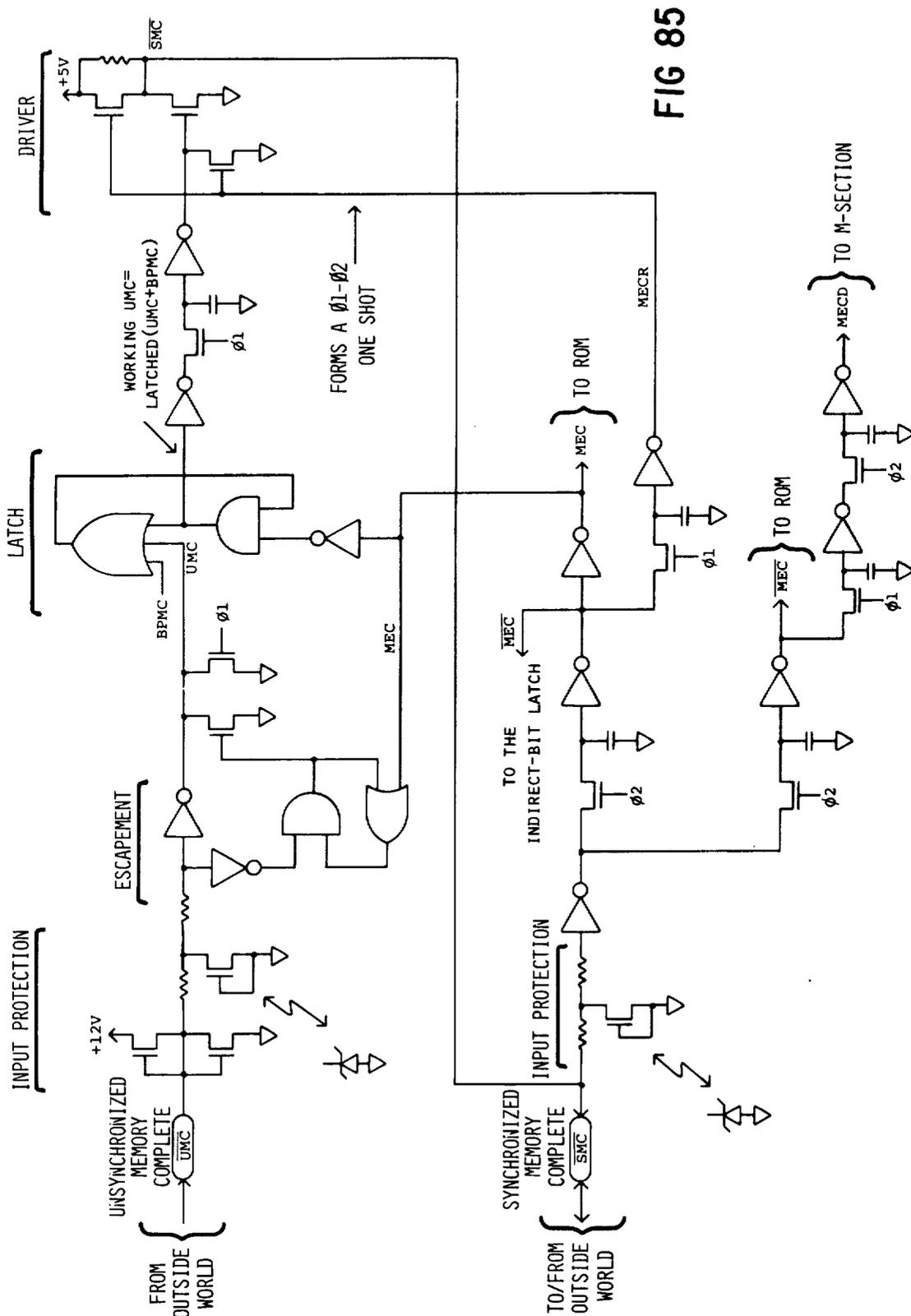


FIG 85

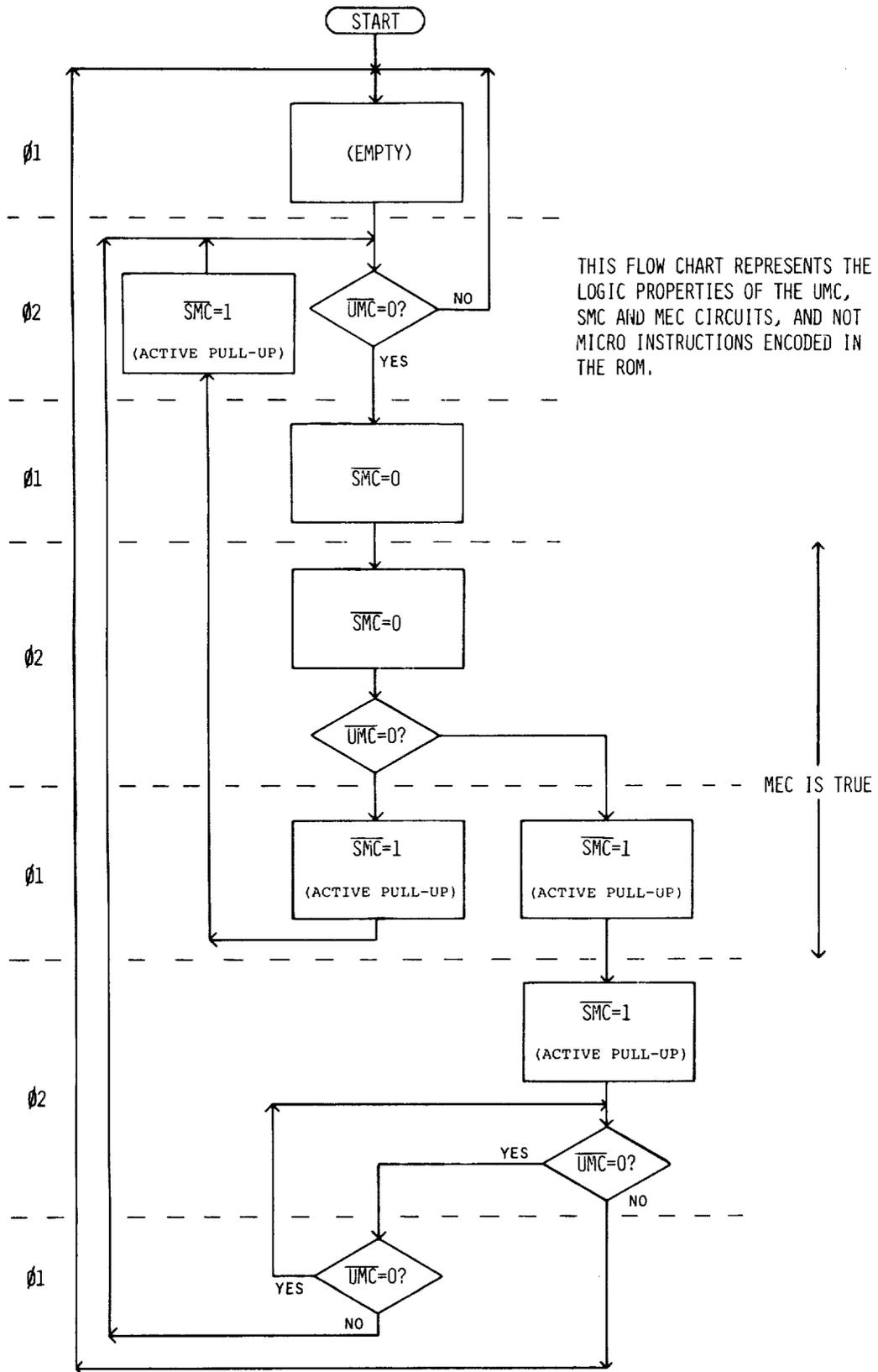


FIG 86

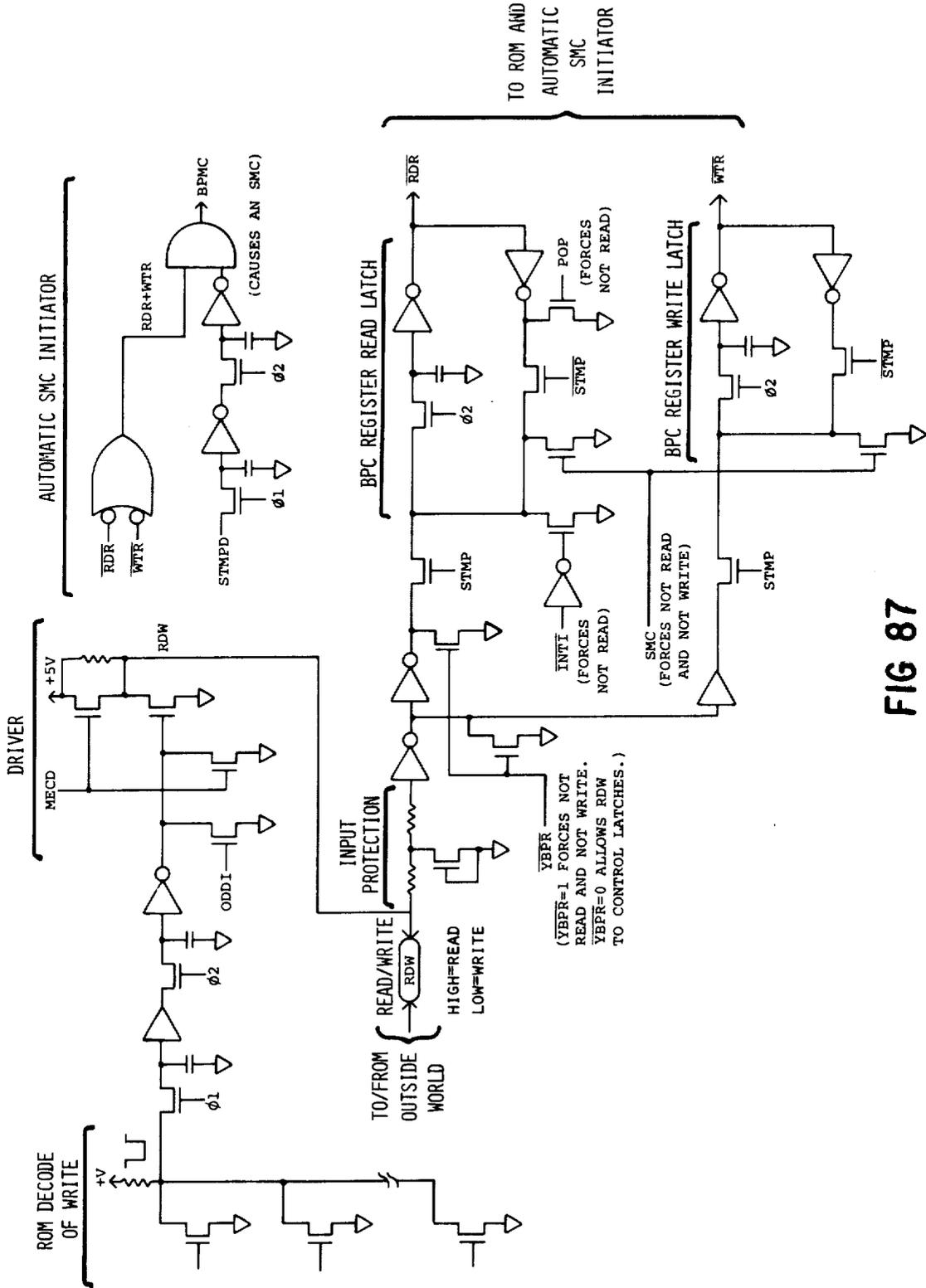


FIG 87

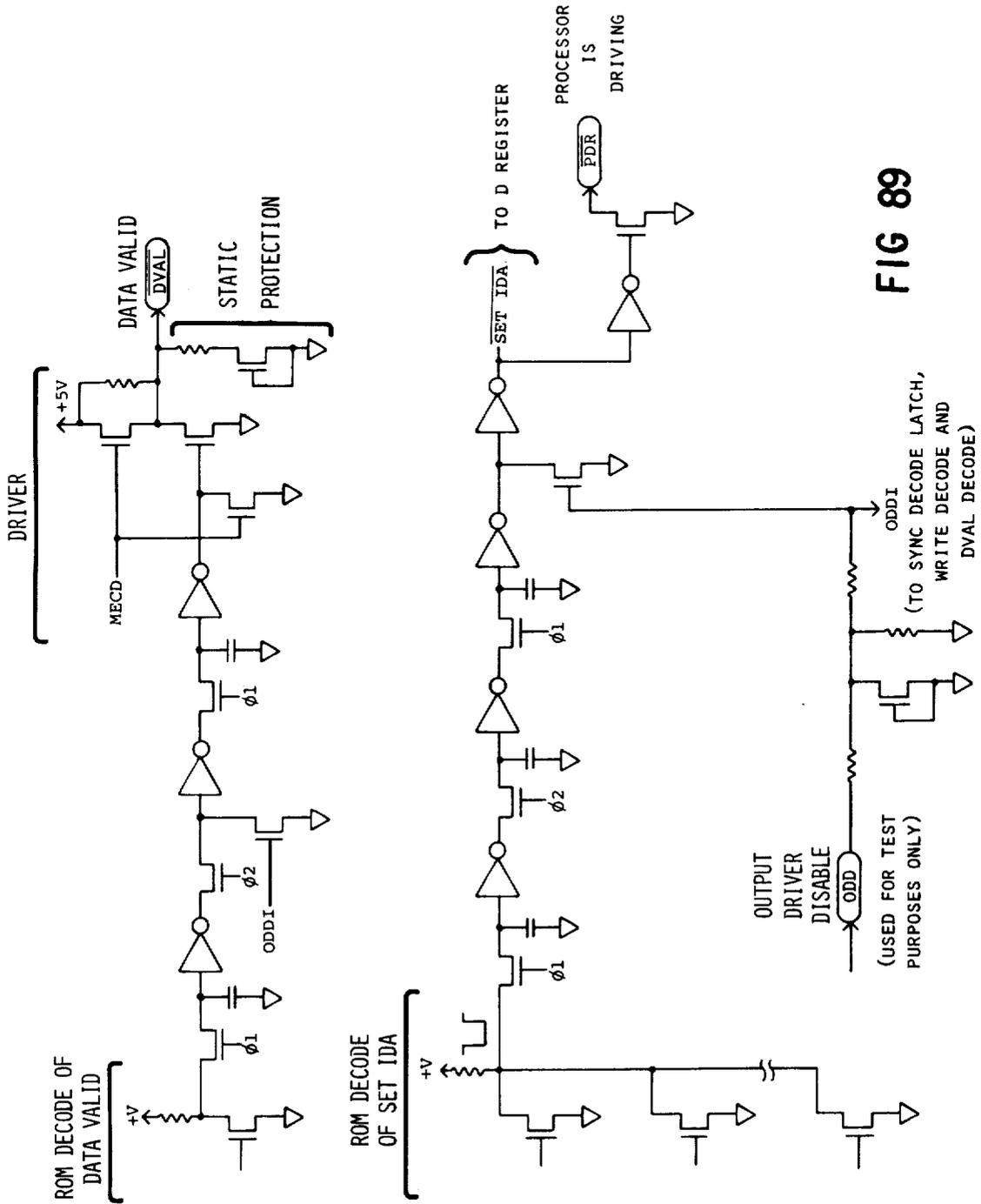


FIG 89

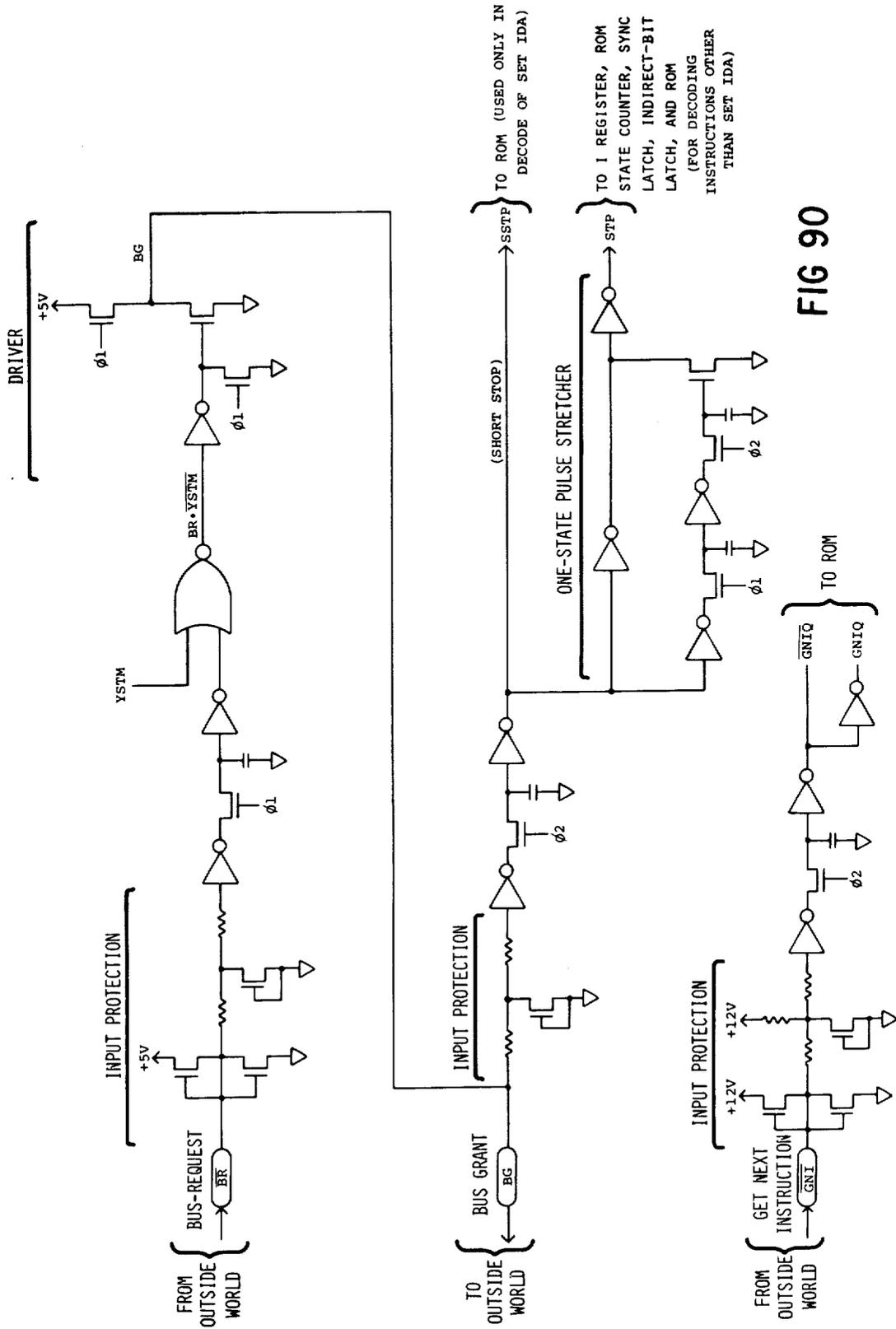
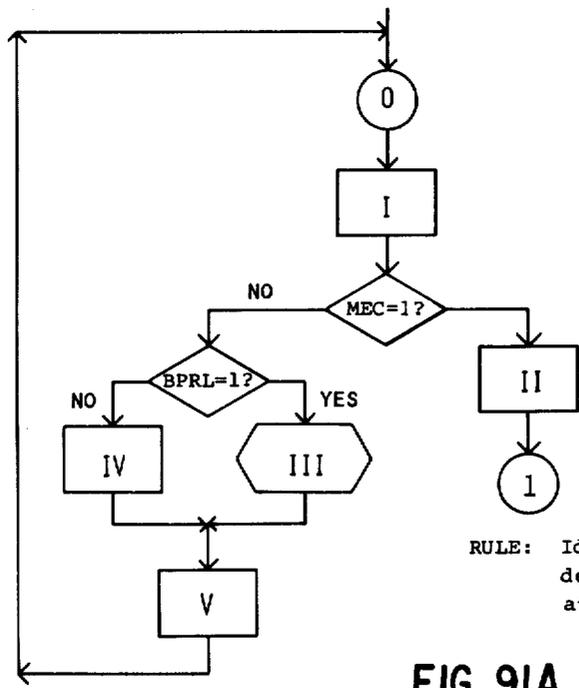


FIG 90

HOW TO INTERPRET THE BPC ASM CHART

1. What we usually refer to simply as a state ("state 4 for LOAD A") is generally a coincidence of that particular state-count and some group encoding qualifier pattern (representing a particular group). The most precise way to refer to a location on the ASM chart is indicate both the group and state-counts, (say, B4). Some states (0,1,and 14) are completely group independent. States are indicated by circles with numbers in them: (4). Group information is prominently displayed next to sections to which it pertains.
2. Each state represents a $\phi 2$ pre-charge and $\phi 1$ decode in the ROM. The ASM chart represents what is decoded from the ROM in the various states; it does not necessarily represent end-results that occur simultaneously. If, for instance, two instructions decoded in the same state have different delays coming from the ROM, then they do not result in simultaneous activity, even though they are drawn as being in the same state.
3. Rectangular boxes (SET A) denote micro-instructions. Diamonds (\diamond MEC=1?) denote qualifiers affecting the decoding of micro-instructions. Ovals (STM) denote micro-instructions that are actually decoded and given, but that are "don't-cares". That is, they are present but do not affect the algorithmic process. Sometimes these don't-cares are the result of minimization, and sometimes they are a result of the way the flow charts have been drawn (in an attempt to make them more easily understood).
4. All activity within a state is decoded and initiated (its delay is begun) at the same time. The fact that a state is shown as a sequential arrangement of boxes and diamonds does not imply sequential activity; the entire state is decoded simultaneously. For example, state 0 is represented below:



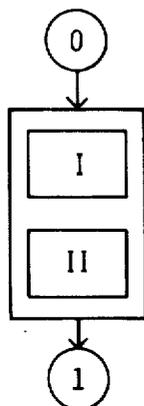
RULE: Identify the path, then decode all instructions at once.

FIG 91A

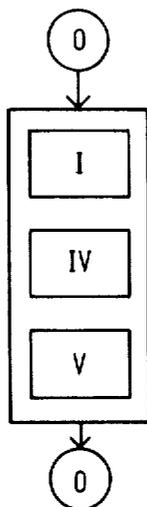
HOW TO INTERPRET THE BPC ASM CHART, CONT.

Another way to represent the same activity is illustrated below. We don't draw the ASM chart that way because of the increased size and because of problems in achieving connectedness. Also, overall algorithmic process would be hard to see; the more compact notation results in a more effective visual outline. Within a state however, the expanded notation is often less confusing as it more closely represents the actual way things are done.

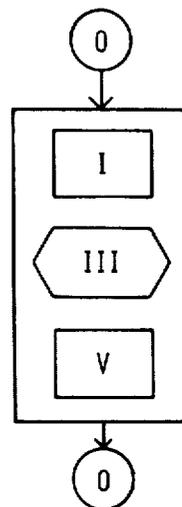
If MEC=1, then:



If MEC=0, and BPRL=0, then:



If MEC=0 and BPRL=1, then:



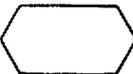
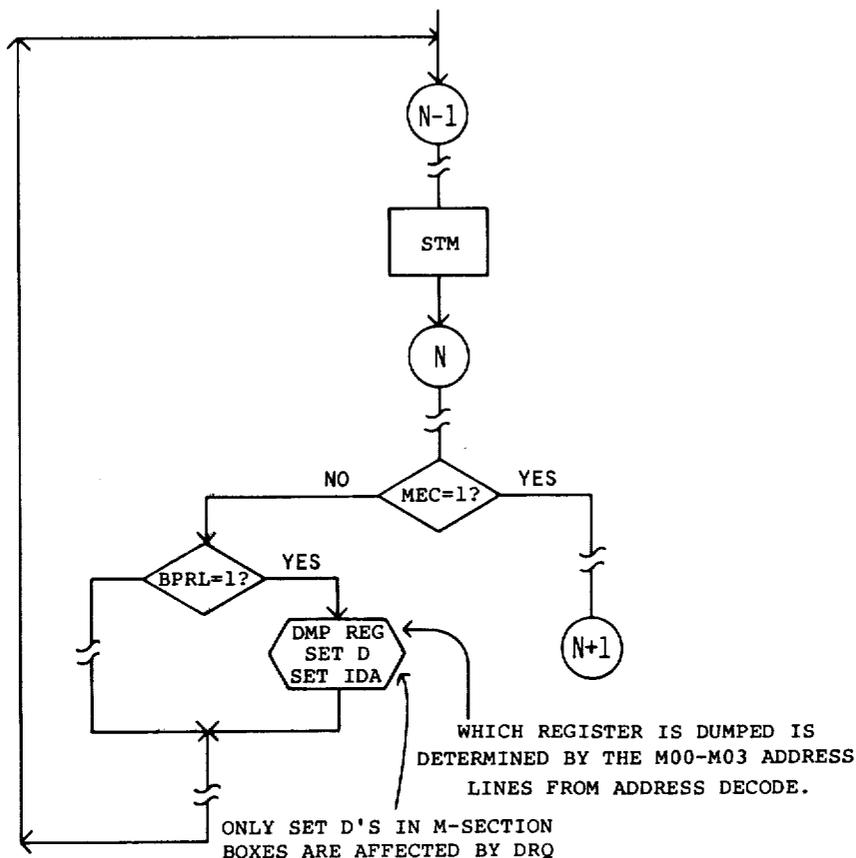
5. Within a state, related instructions are grouped together in the same box solely for the sake of algorithmic clarity.
6. Because of limitations on transistor device size, and the large capacitances of the IDA lines, two consecutive SET IDA's are required to ensure that IDA lines assume their proper final values. If what is being transmitted with the SET IDA is an address for Memory, the STM will accompany the second SET IDA. If data is being written to Memory, DVAL will accompany the second and all subsequent SET IDA's until Memory Complete is received. In either case, the IDA lines will be stable before the start of the second SET IDA.
7. The symbol  represents activity controlled by the M-Section. The micro-instructions shown inside are encoded in the ROM, just as are any other micro-instructions. However, these particular instances of decoding those micro-instructions are independent of all group and state-count qualifier lines in the ROM. They are decoded against qualifiers generated by the M-Section and Address Decode. (\overline{RDR} , \overline{WTR} , \overline{DRQ} , M00-M03).
8. The qualifiers that enable such M-Section activity are generated when STM occurs in conjunction with an address on the IDA lines that specifies a register within the BPC. These qualifiers are not always generated immediately, nor are they necessarily co-incident with one another.

FIG 91B

HOW TO INTERPRET THE BPC ASM CHART, CONT.

9. Consider the following typical situation:



In this example the STM occurs in the state prior to the one with the M-Section activity. The machine will stay in state N for 4 consecutive state-times: 3 "no's" and a "yes" for the MEC qualifier. The BPRL qualifier (from Address Decode) will be met each time, but due to delays in the M-Section the first pass through state N generates none of the M-Section activity. The second and third passes do perform the indicated activity, except for the SET D. It is done during the second pass, but not during the third. This is a result of \overline{DRQ} , and prevents D from tracking the pre-charge of the \overline{IDB} Bus which follows the execution of the SET D. This prevents the second SET IDA from producing a glitch on the IDA lines.

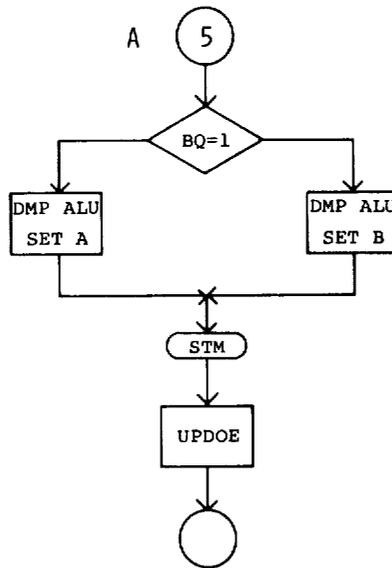
Sometimes the STM is given in state N-2. In such a case the one state of M-Section delay is spent while in state N-1, and only three state-times are spent in state N. When this happens the M-Section activity occurs immediately on the first and second of these; the third meets the MEC qualifier. As before, the SET D is done only once.

Such an instance occurs between states C2 and C9. There are several others.

FIG 91C

HOW TO INTERPRET THE BPC ASM CHART, CONT.

10. Sometimes, as in state C9, the BPRL qualifier is shown by a dotted line: <BPRL=1?>
- This occurs only when the machine represented by the ASM chart has no activity in that state that is conditional upon BPRL. Therefore, BPRL is a don't-care for the ASM chart at that state, and indeed is not used in the ROM there. However, it still initiates M-Section activity when met. And when it is met no externally caused MEC will be forthcoming, since no memory external to the BPC is involved. The MEC will be supplied by the M-Section itself, as soon as its activity is finished. In these cases the timing is as outlined in 9 above, and we show a BPRL qualifier that affects the M-Section, but not that point in the ROM, to remind the reader of what's happening.
11. Finally, a word about the correspondence between what's in the ROM and how the flow charts are drawn. The flow charts have been "de-minimized" to promote their ease of understanding. For instance, state A5 is shown as:



There are not two instances of decoding DMP ALU for state A5. The decoding of DMP ALU in that state is independent of the BQ qualifier, as it is done regardless of that qualifiers outcome.

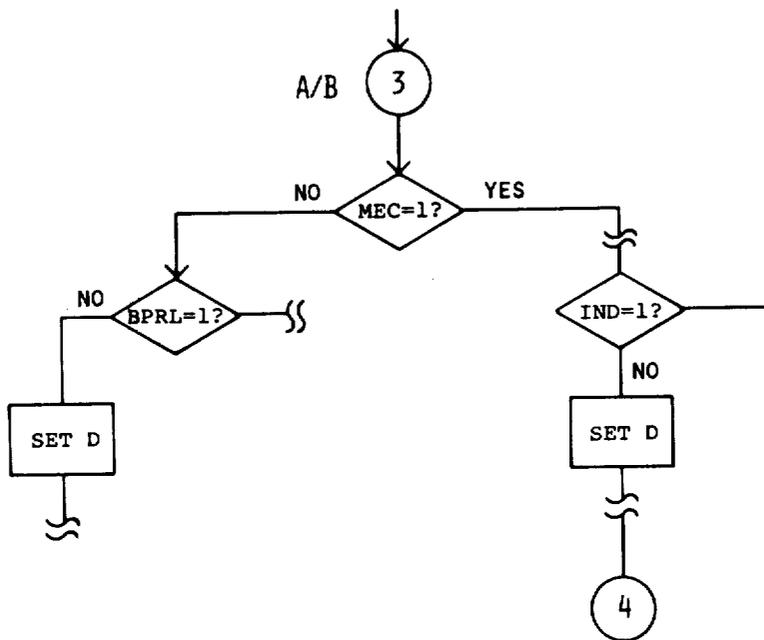
State A5 could just as easily be drawn with a single DMP ALU in the same box as the UPDOE, or in a separate box of its own, ahead of the BQ qualifier.

Such redrawing often adds a welcome measure of clarity in loops involving repeated SET IDA's and multiple qualifiers. It lets us indicate what's in D at the time a SET IDA is given after certain qualifiers have been met or failed.

FIG 9ID

HOW TO INTERPRET THE BPC ASM CHART, CONT.

Not all instances of the same instruction appearing twice in the same state are the result of de-minimization, however. The two SET D's in state A/B3 represent separate instances of decoding that instruction. The partial structure of the state is shown below:



Here each SET D is conditional upon a different qualifier. Because of the way the ROM is organized, an instance of an instruction being decoded represents the "AND" of selected conditions:

IF STATE 3 AND GROUP A/B AND NOT BPRL, THEN SET D
 $GP1 \cdot GP2 \cdot \overline{GP3} \leftarrow (GP0=1 \text{ for A, } 0 \text{ for B})$

The other instance of decoding SET D in that state is:

IF STATE 3 AND GROUP A/B AND NOT IND, THEN SET D

The combination:

THE CONDITION OR CONDITION, THEN SET D

does not exist as a single encoding. It is simply the "OR" (during fan-in) of the two separate "AND's" as shown above.

FIG 9IE

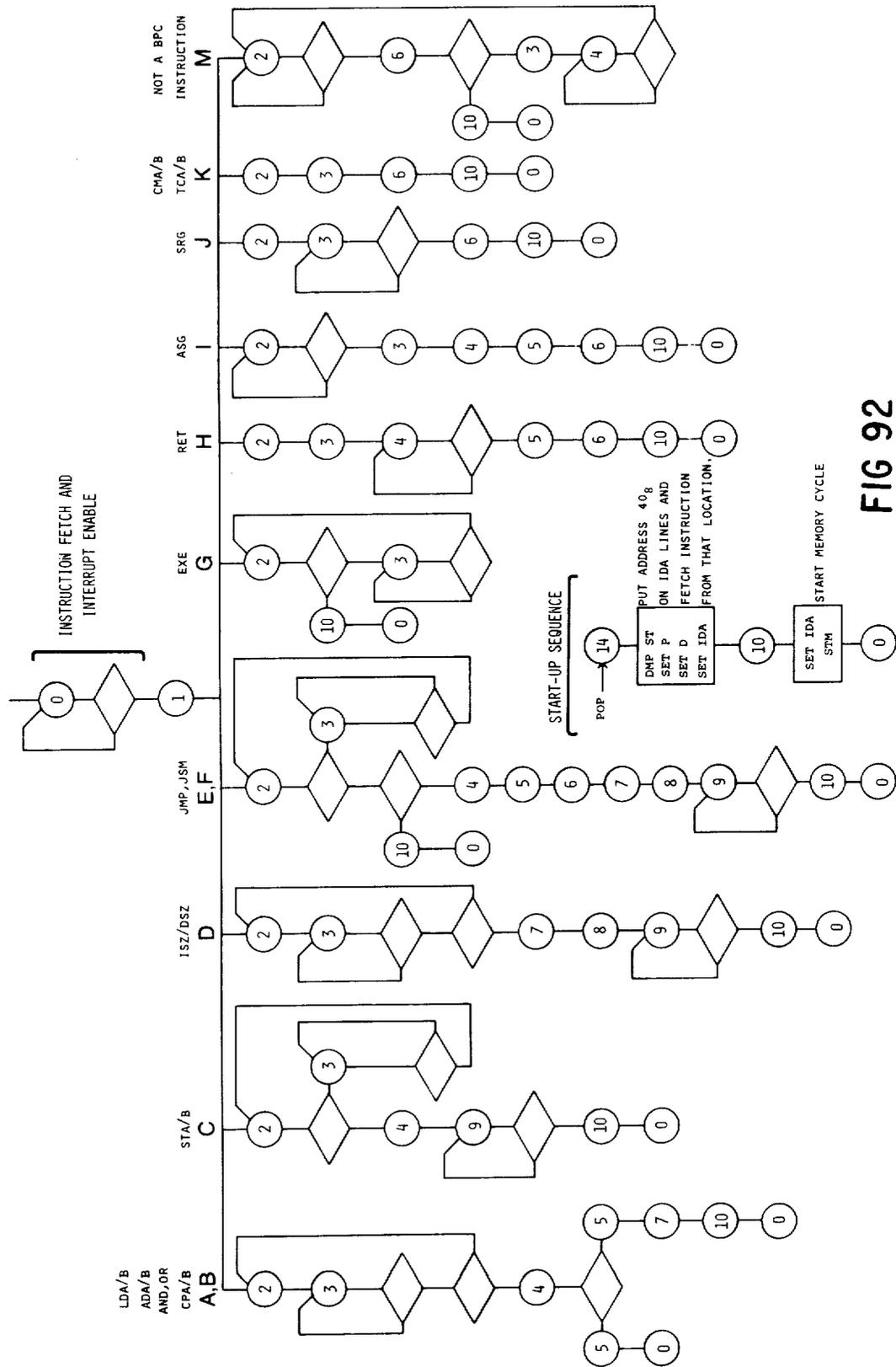


FIG 92

THE MICRO-INSTRUCTIONS SHOWN IN STATES 0 AND 1 (THAT IS, THIS SECTION OF FLOWCHART) ARE, IN THESE INSTANCES, INDEPENDENT OF THE GROUP QUALIFIERS (GP0-GP3). IN GENERAL, OTHER INSTANCES OF DECODING THESE (OR OTHER) MICRO-INSTRUCTIONS ARE NOT INDEPENDENT OF THE GROUP QUALIFIERS.

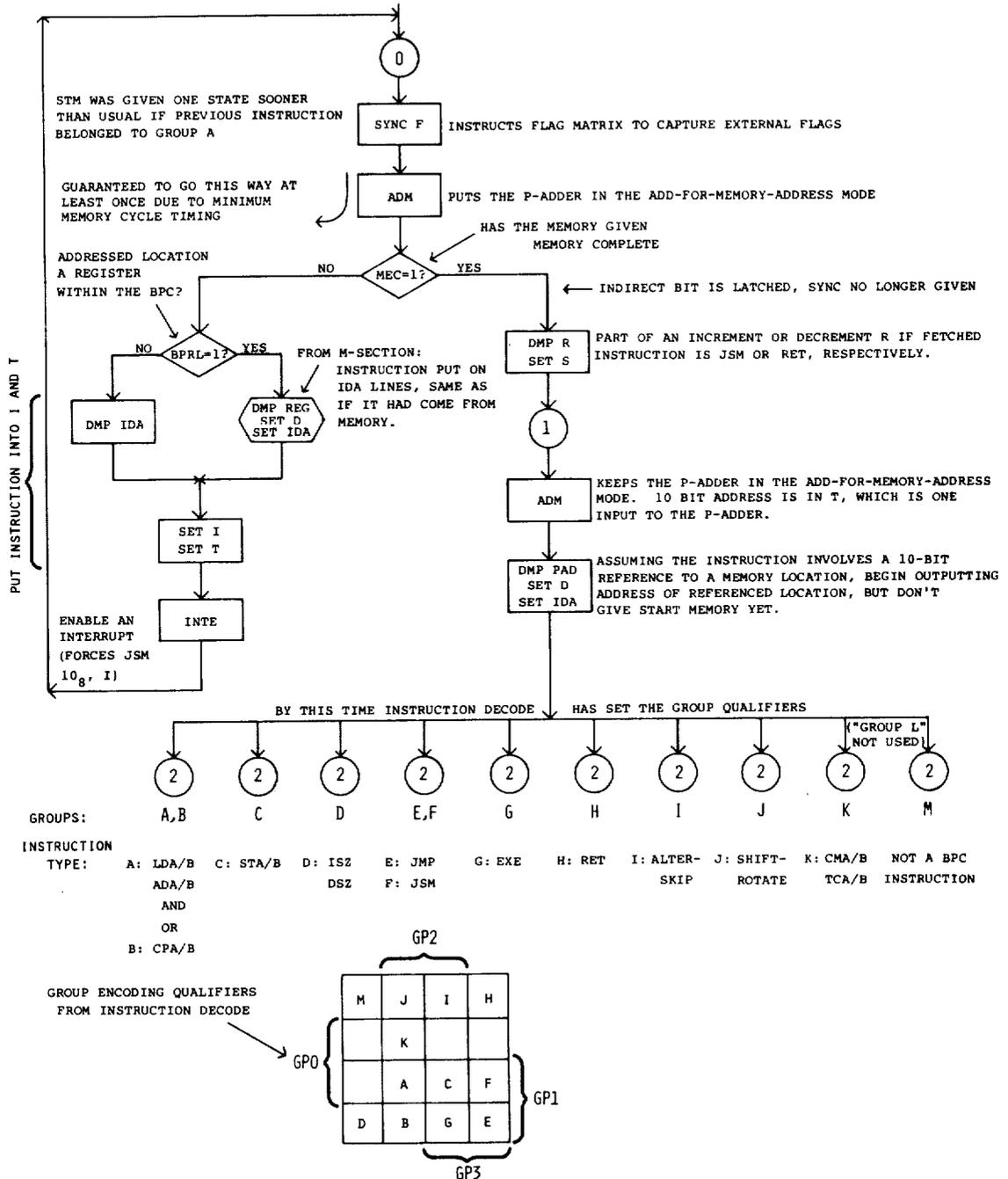


FIG 93

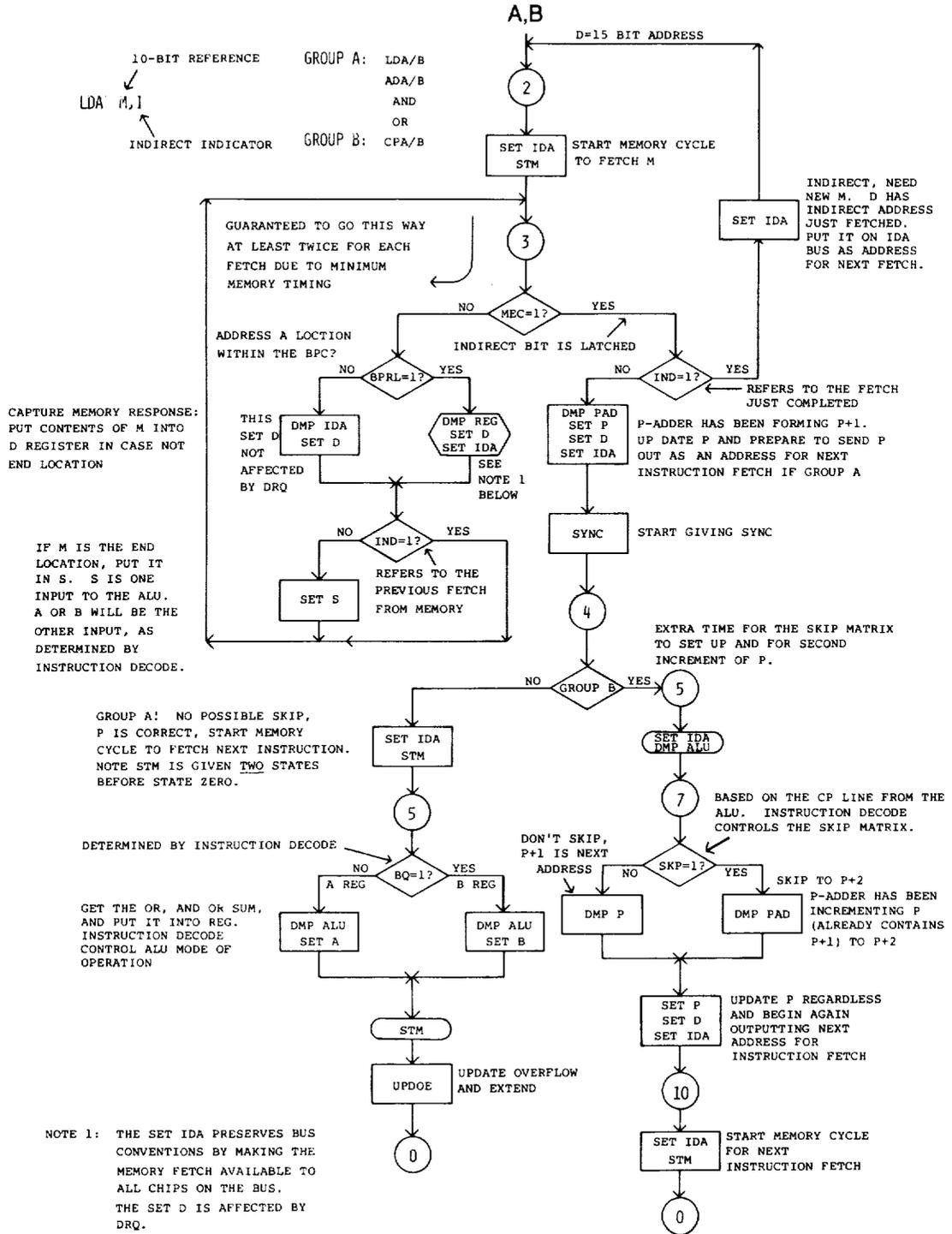
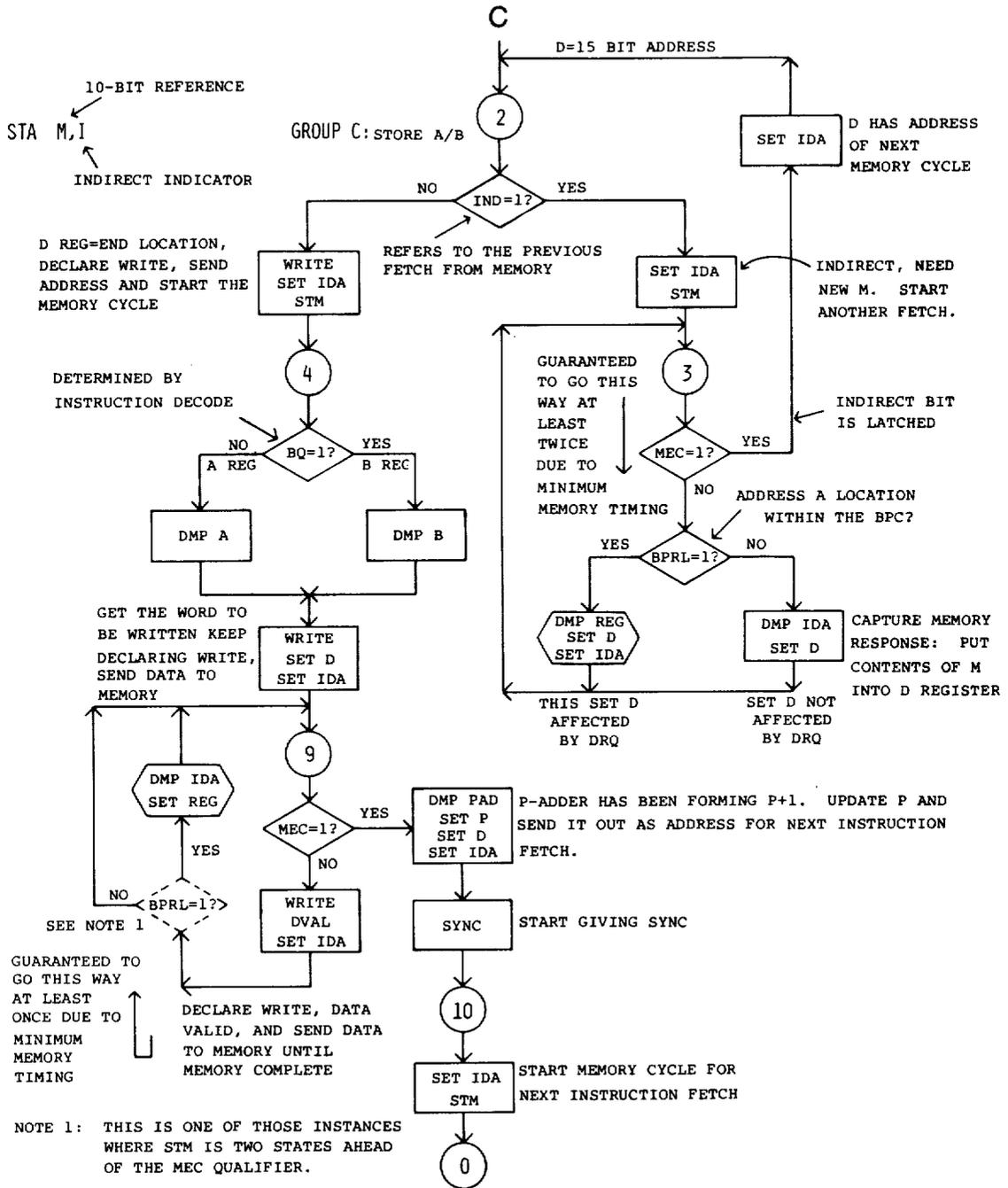


FIG 94



NOTE 1: THIS IS ONE OF THOSE INSTANCES WHERE STM IS TWO STATES AHEAD OF THE MEC QUALIFIER.

FIG 95

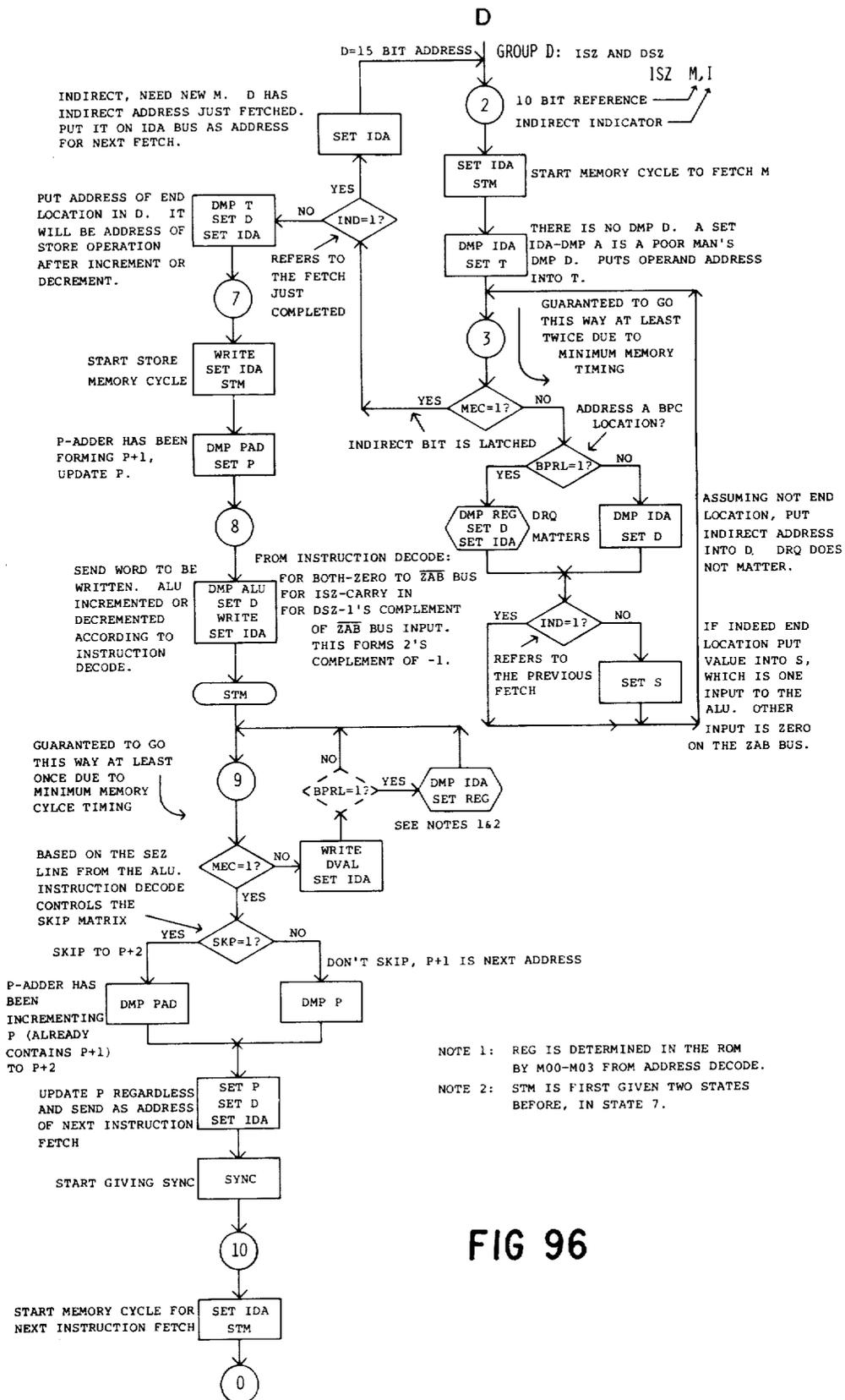


FIG 96

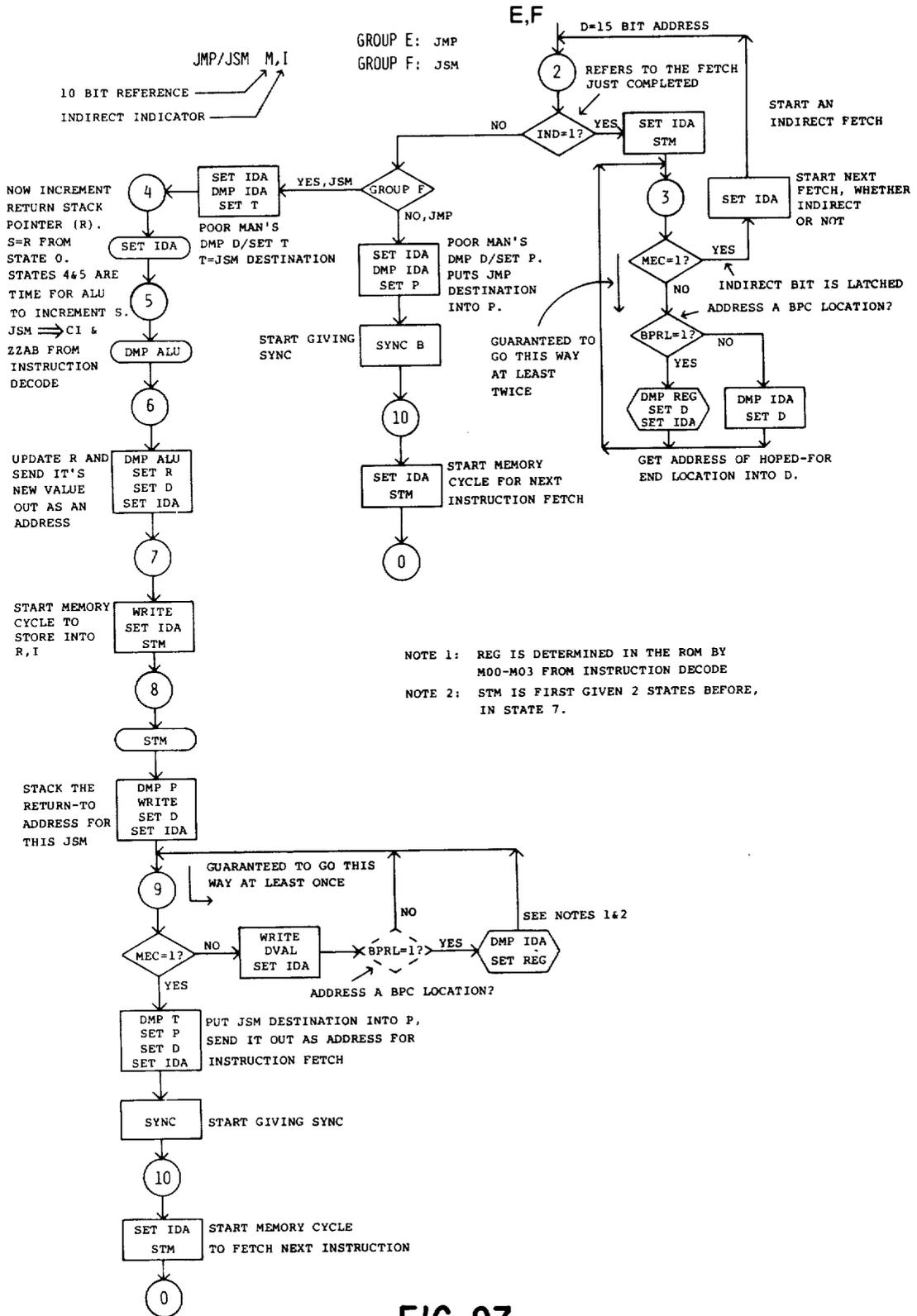


FIG 97

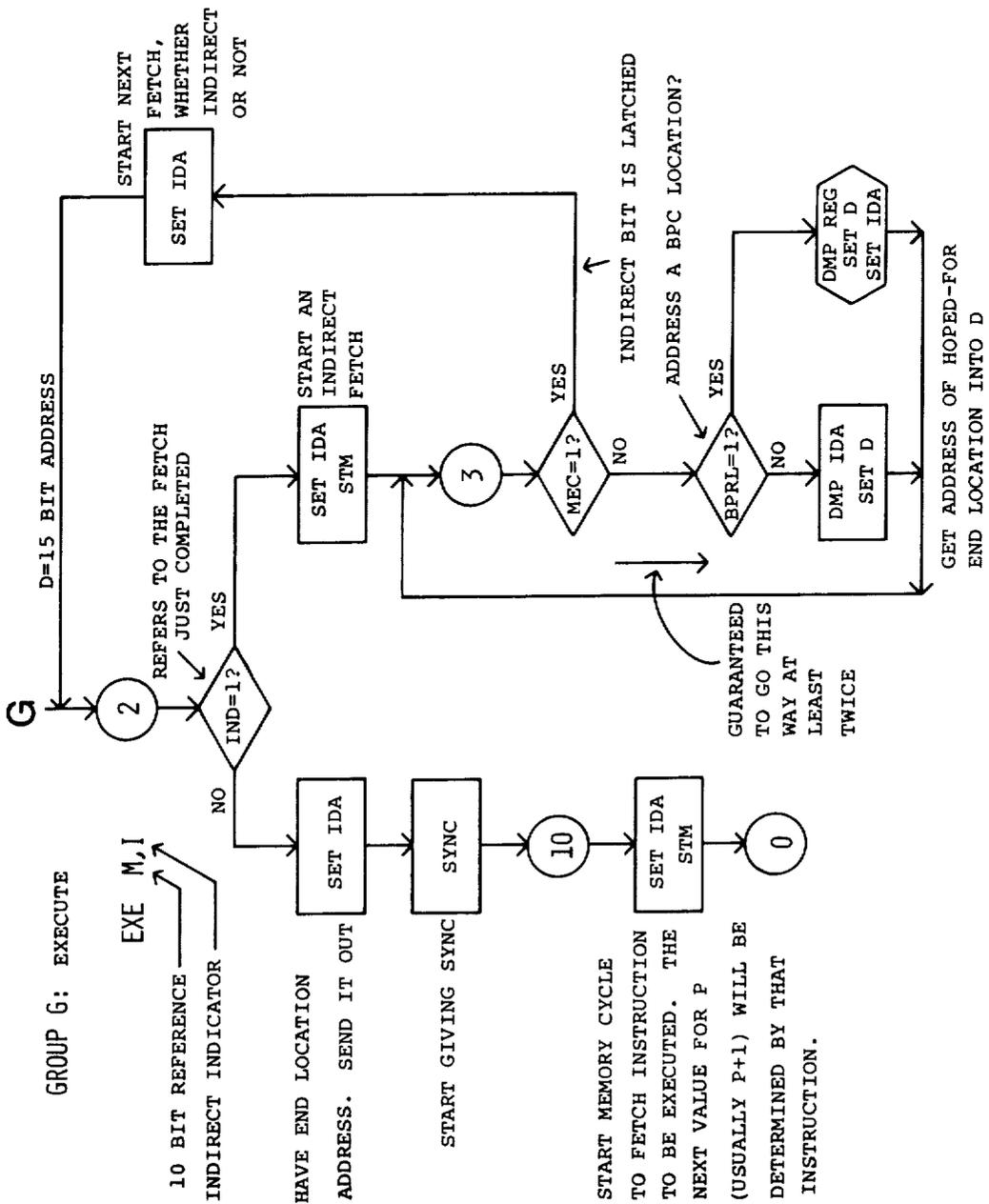


FIG 98

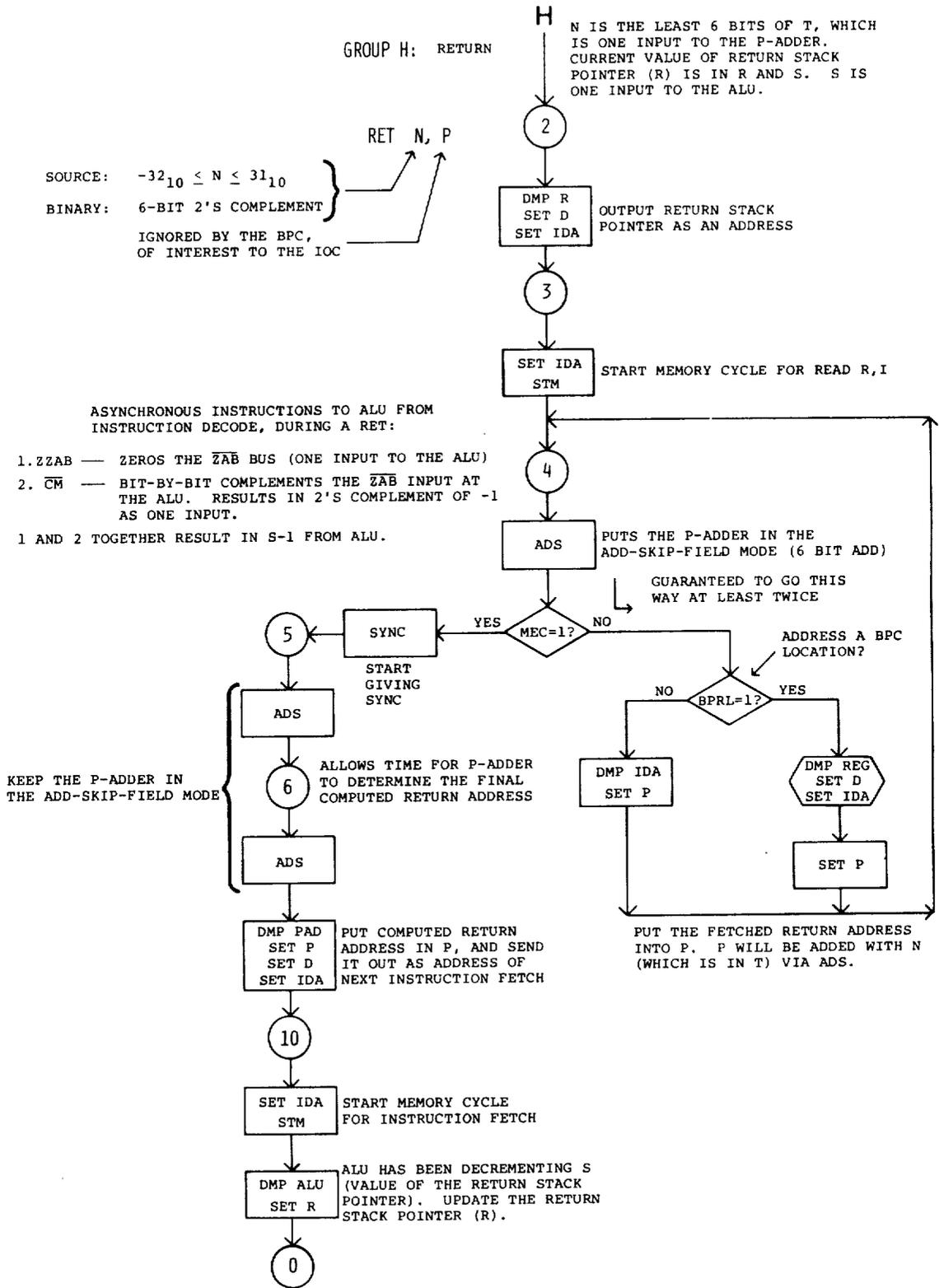


FIG 99

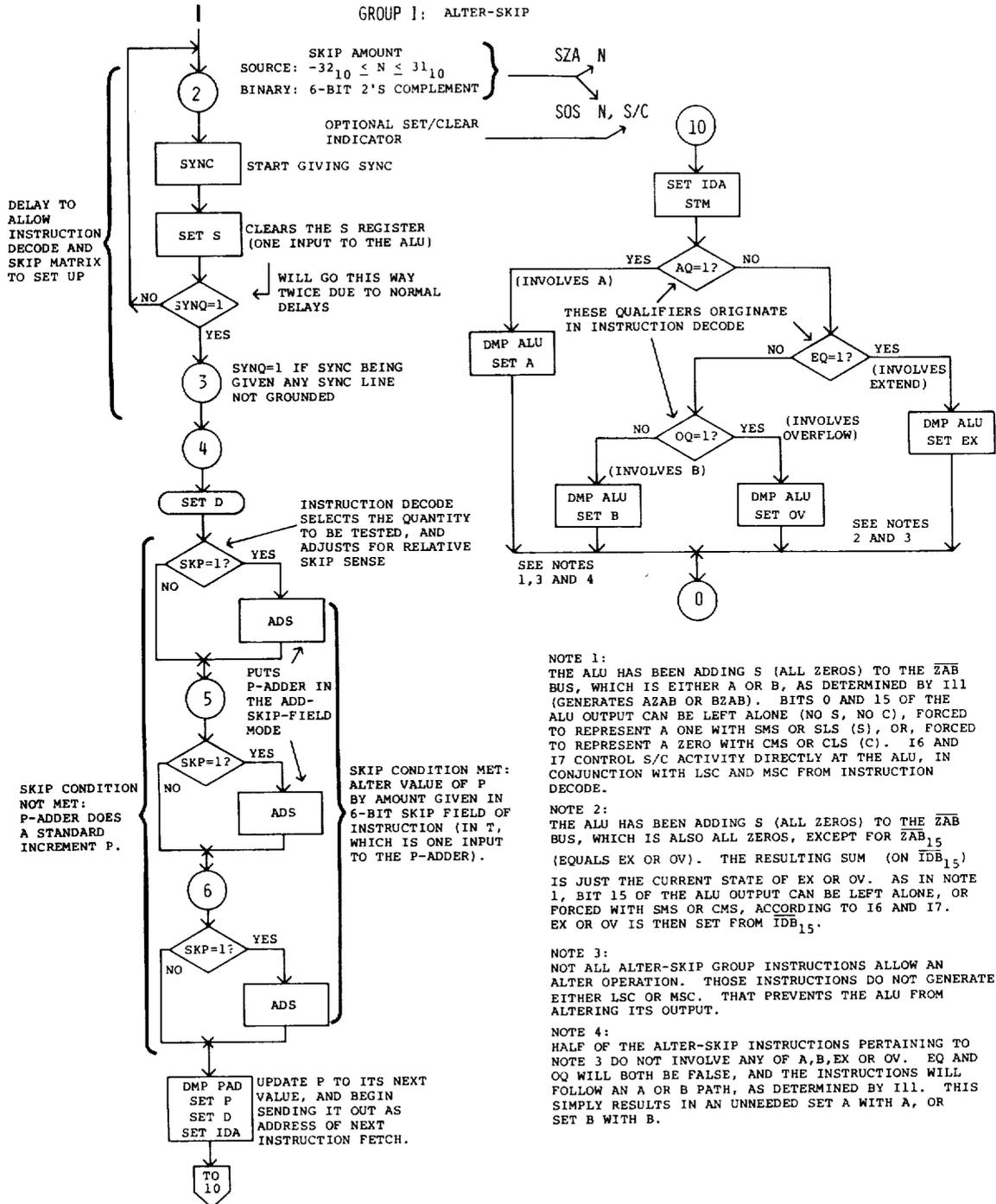


FIG 100

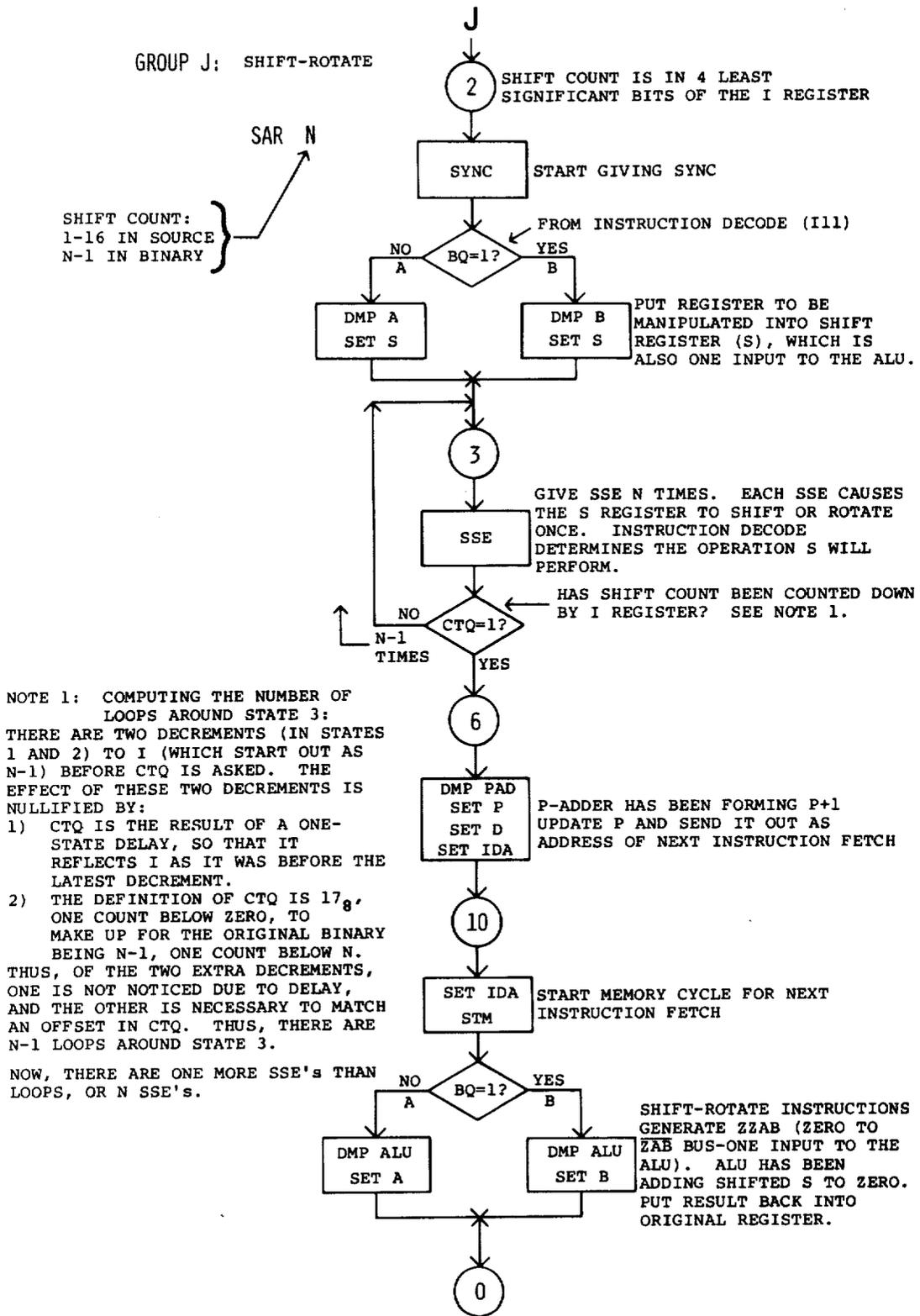


FIG 101

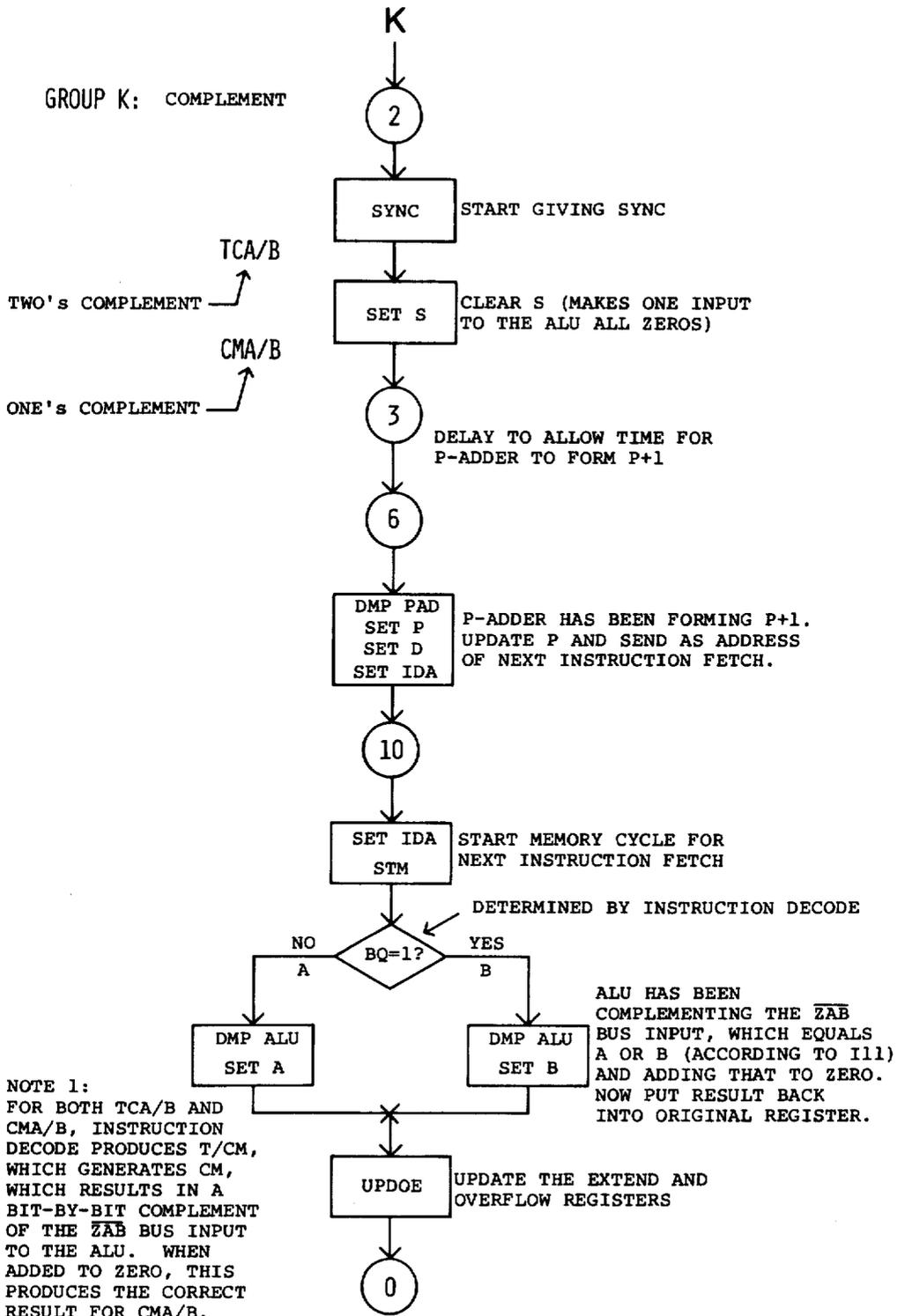


FIG 102

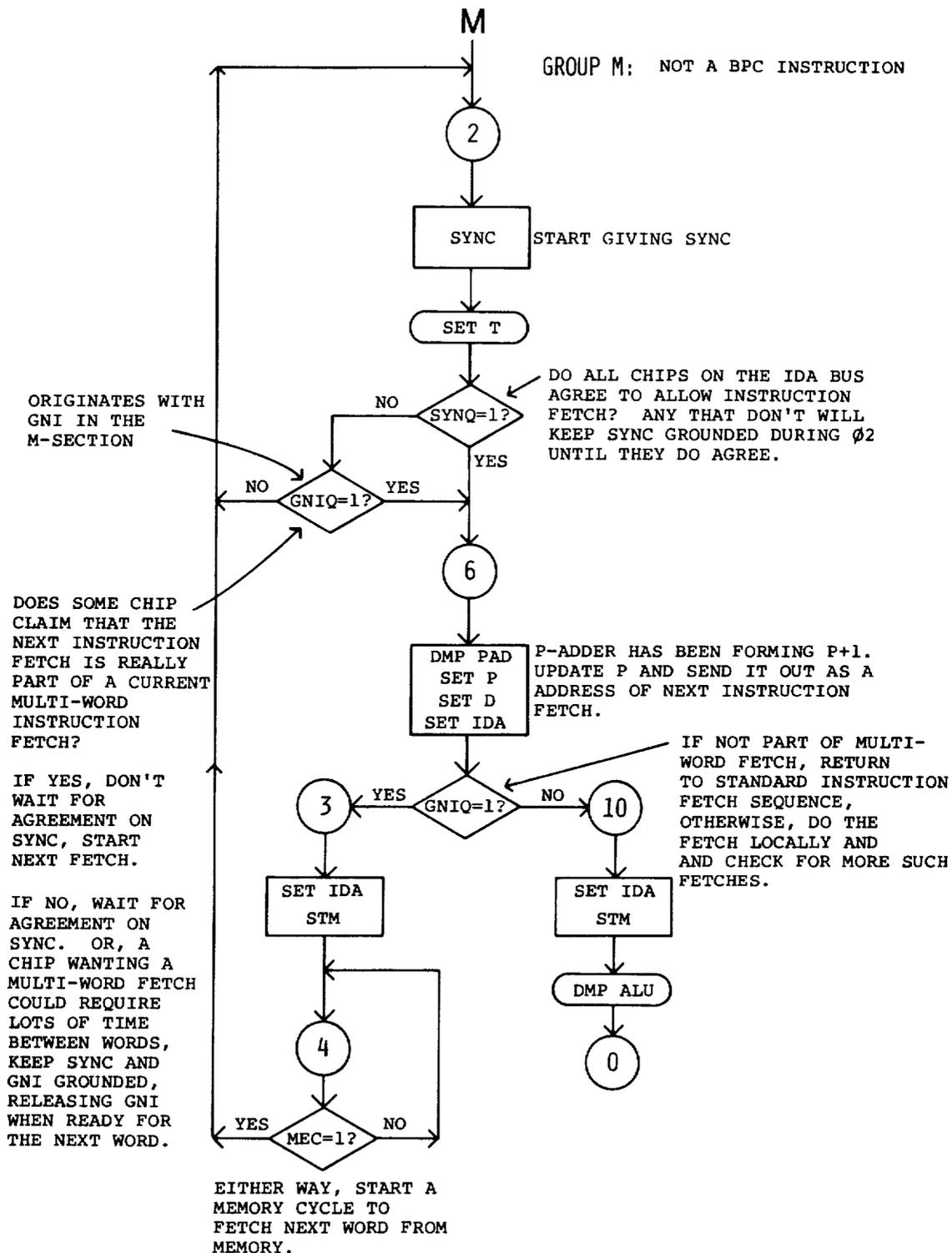


FIG 103

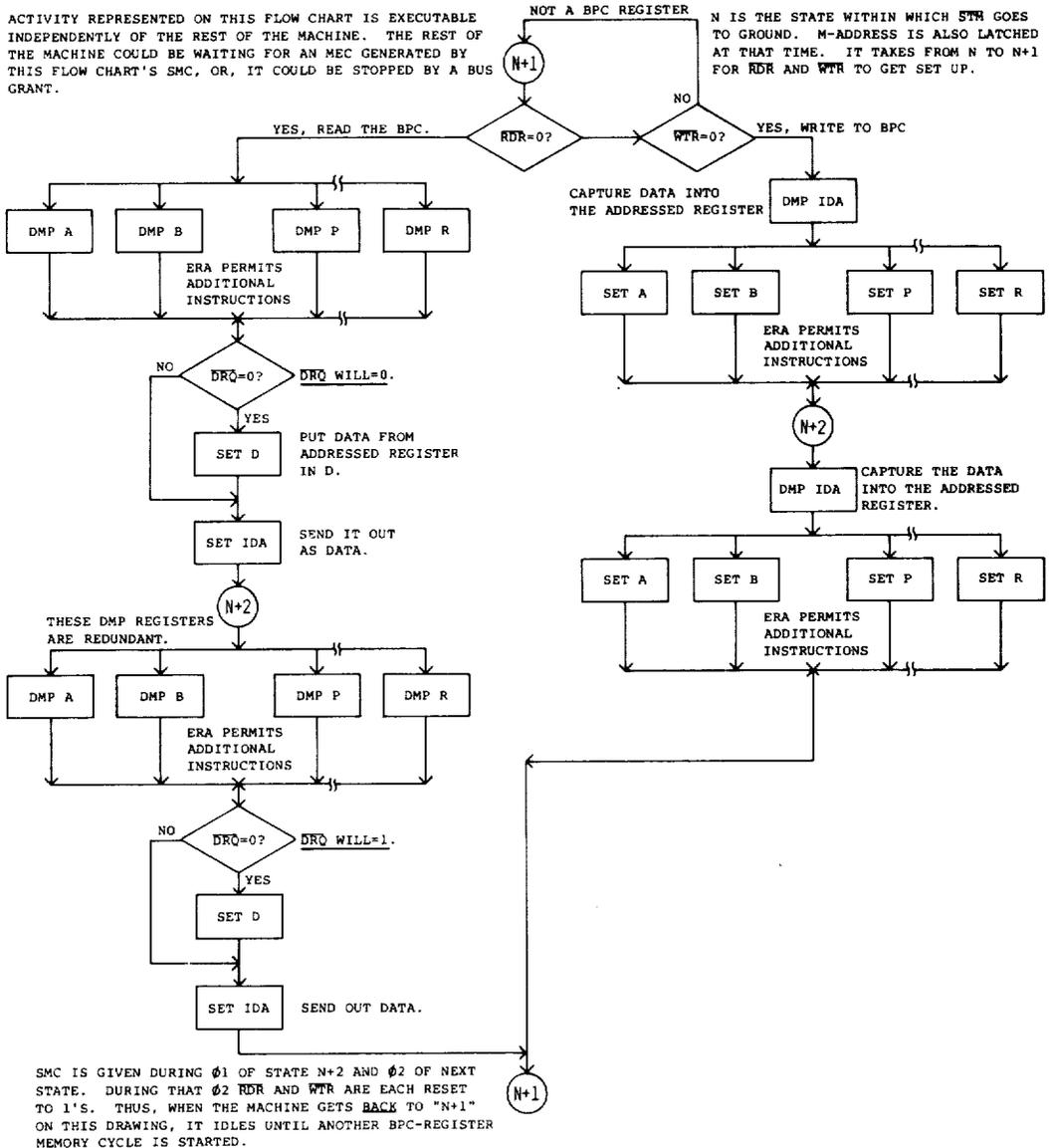


FIG 104

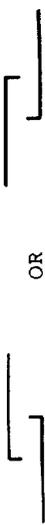
BPC ERA ADDRESSING

IDA ADDRESS (OCTAL)	READ/WRITE	RESULTING u-INSTRUCTION (S)
(NOTE 1)		
40	R	DMP PAD (,INC P) } (NOTE 2)
41	R	DMP PAD, ADS
42	R	DMP PAD, ADM
42	R	DMP PAD (,INC P)
44	R	DMP EX
44	W	SET EX
45	R	DMP OV
45	W	SET OV
46	R	DMP T
46	W	SET T
47	W	SET D
51	R	DMP ALU (NOTE 3)
52	W	SET S
53	R	DMP ST
53	W	SET I
54	R	DMP A
54	W	SET A
55	R	DMP B
55	W	SET B
56	R	DMP P
56	W	SET P
57	R	DMP R
57	W	SET R

NOTES

1. IN THE ERA MODE, THE BPC REGISTER ADDRESS DETECTOR RESPONDS TO IDA BUS ADDRESSES, AS SHOWN. HOWEVER, ONLY THE FOUR LEAST SIGNIFICANT BITS OF THAT ADDRESS ARE USED AS QUALIFIERS IN THE ROM. HENCE, WHILE 57_8 IS DECODED (FOR R), THE SET R AND DMP R IN THE ROM RESPOND TO 17_8 ON THE M-ADDRESS LINES.
2. INC P (P-ADDER OUTPUT = P+1) IS THE NOR OF ADM AND ADS. IN GENERAL, THE RESULT OF A DUM PAD IS DIFFICULT TO PREDICT, AS IT DEPENDS UPON WHERE IN ITS FLOW CHART THE BPC IS STOPPED.
3. IN GENERAL, THE RESULT OF A DMP ALU IS DIFFICULT TO PREDICT. IT DEPENDS UPON WHAT IS IN THE I, A, AND B REGISTERS.

FIG 105

1.  OR 
TRANSITION UP OR TRANSITION DOWN CAN OCCUR ANYTIME WITHIN THE INDICATED INTERVAL. USED TO INDICATE TIME-WINDOWS WITHIN WHICH EXTERNALLY ORIGINATED EVENTS CAN HAPPEN. REPRESENTS IDEALIZED LOGICAL ACTIVITY; RISE TIMES AND DELAYS ARE NOT TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION.
2. 
REPRESENTS THE SET-UP TIME OF A SIGNAL BEING DRIVEN.
3. 
REPRESENTS A LINE THAT IS EITHER UNDEFINED OR A DON'T CARE.
4. 
REPRESENTS A LINE THAT IS ACTIVELY PULLED-UP.
5. CAPITAL LETTERS FROM THE START OF THE ALPHABET REPRESENT EXPLANATORY NOTES. LETTERS FROM THE END OF ALPHABET ARE SOMETIMES USED TO DENOTE DIFFERENT STATES (IN THE ROM).
6. NUMERALS IN THE $\phi 2-\phi 1$ WAVEFORMS ARE STRICTLY FOR REFERENCE WITHIN ANY PARTICULAR SET OF WAVEFORMS, AND HAVE NO SIGNIFICANCE OUTSIDE THAT SET.
7. IN GENERAL, THE WAVEFORMS ARE QUITE IDEALIZED. THEY EXPLAIN THE LOGICAL RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN SIGNALS, BUT ACTUAL DELAYS, RISE TIMES, SIGNAL LEVELS AND THRESHOLDS ARE NOT INDICATED.

CONVENTIONS USED IN THE WAVEFORMS

FIG 106

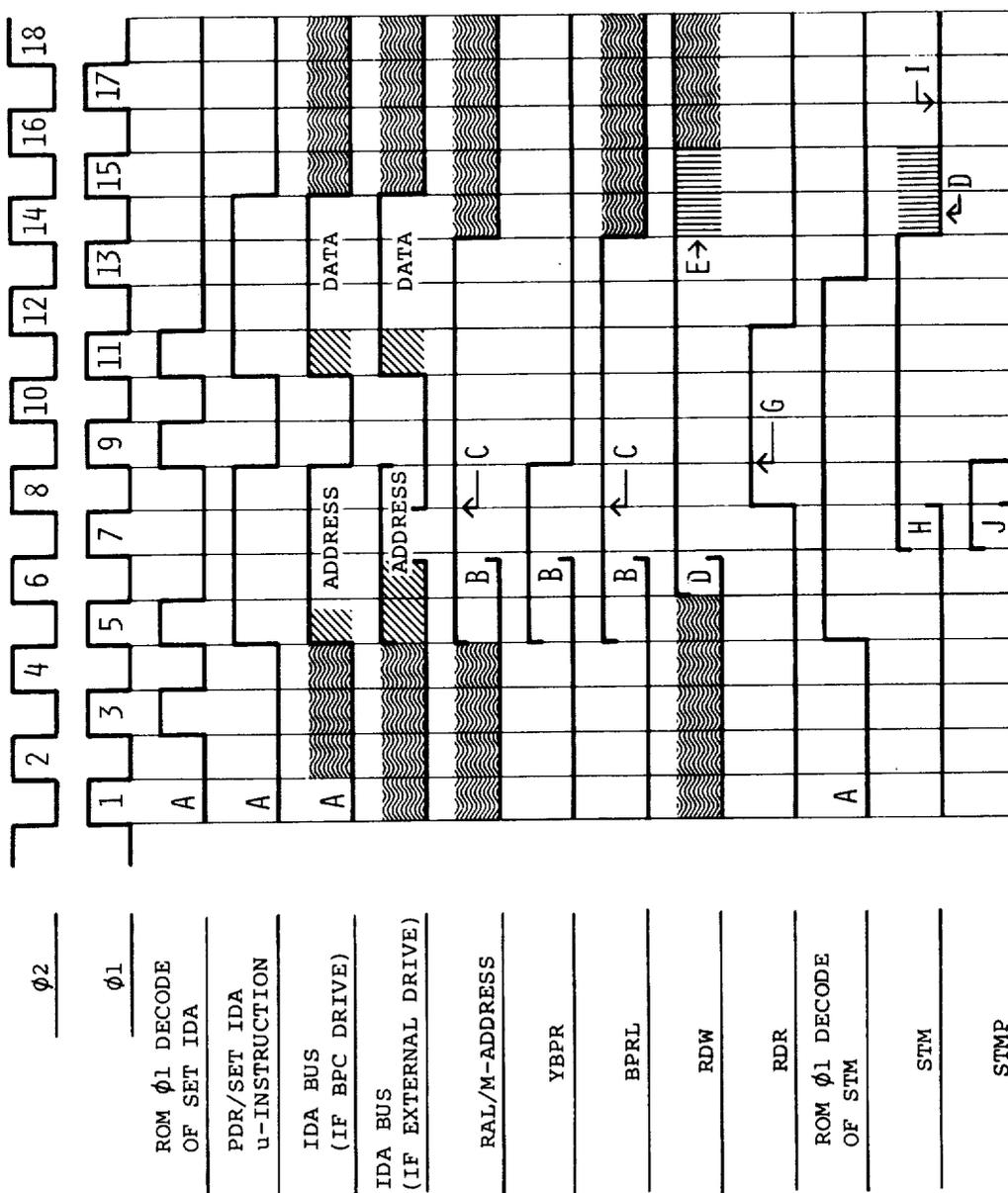


FIG 107A

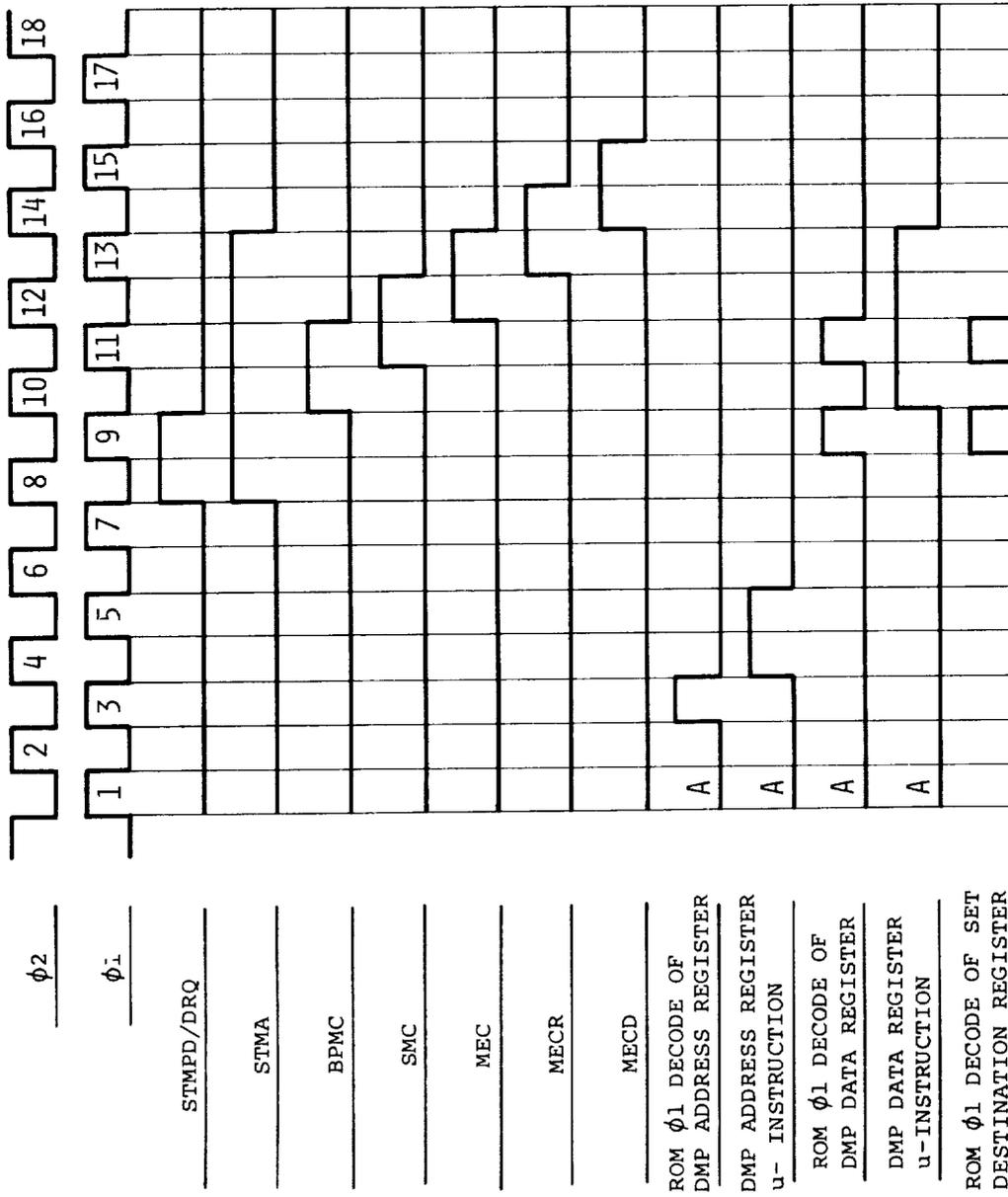
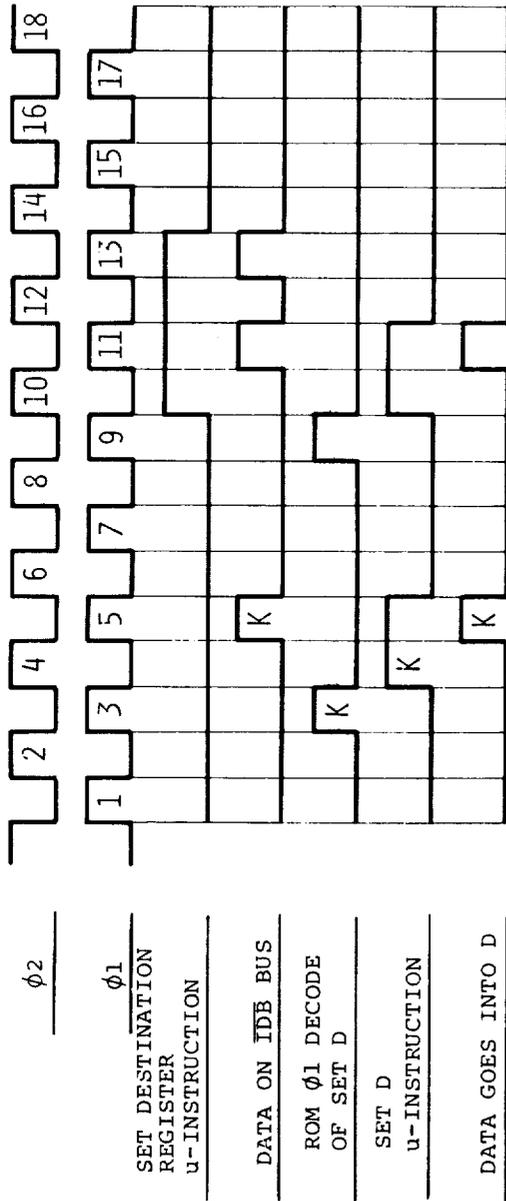


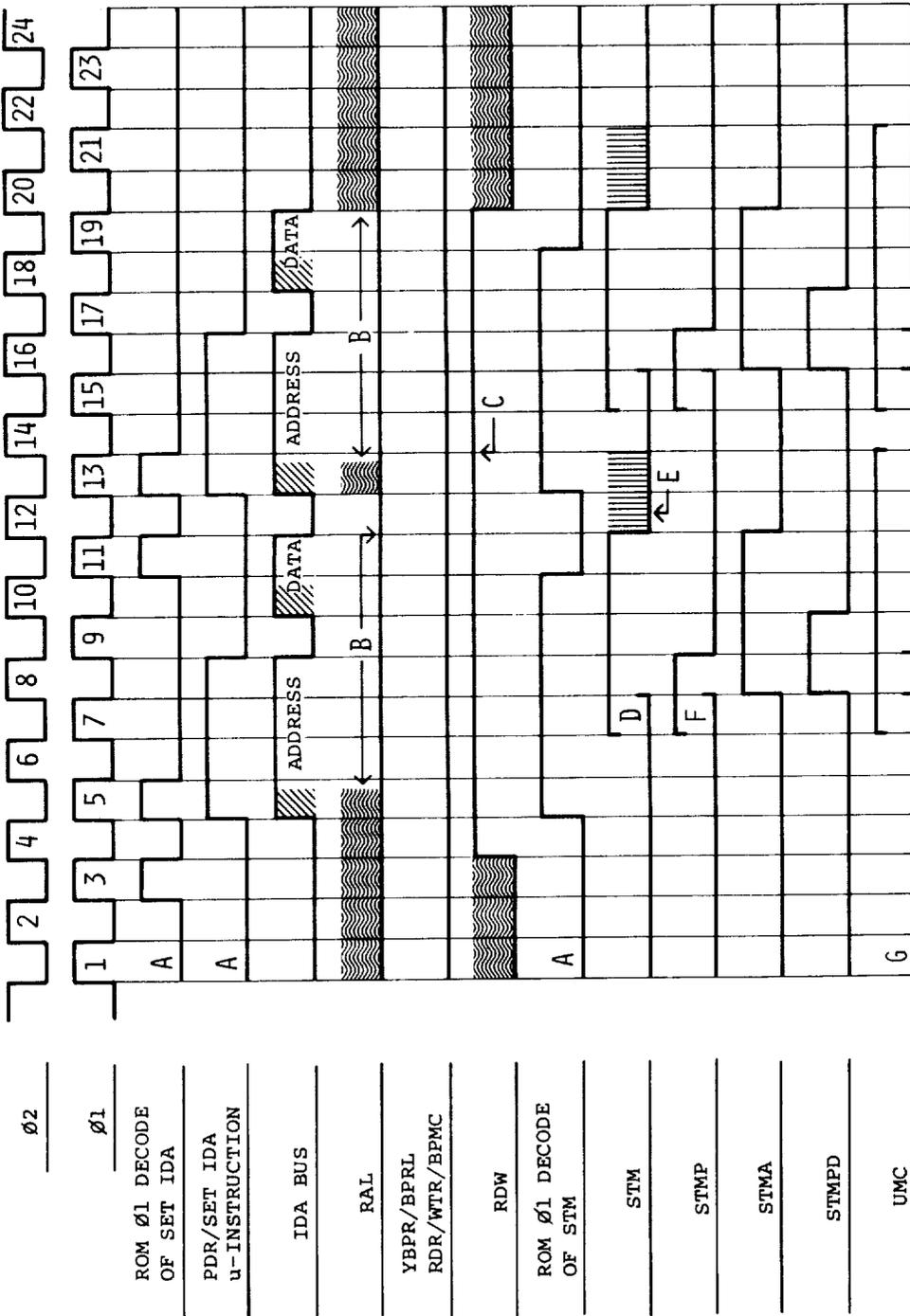
FIG 107B



NOTES

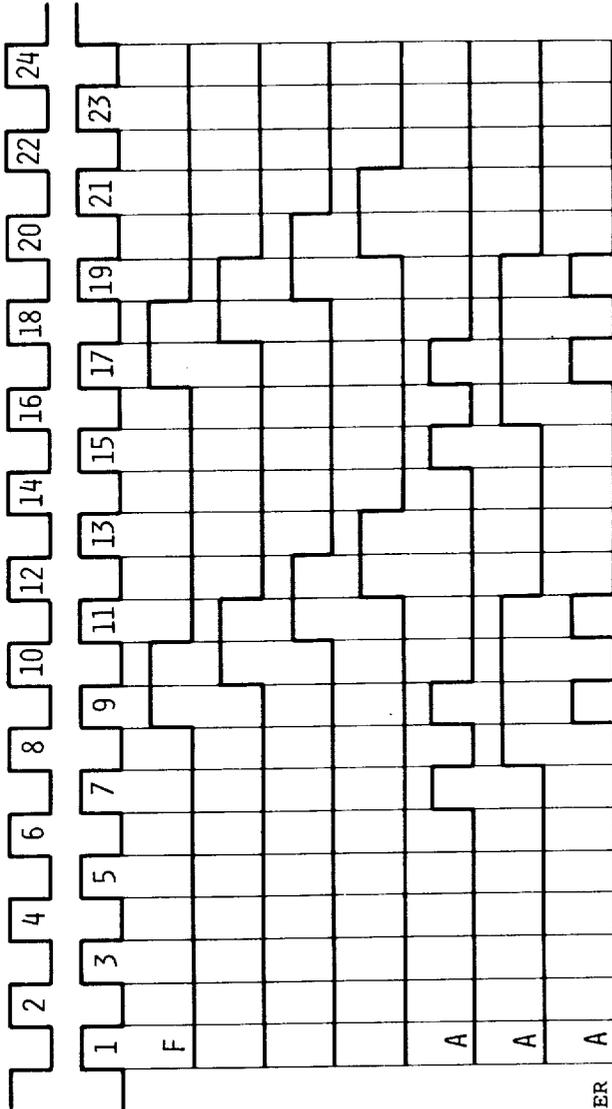
- A. PRESENT ONLY IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE.
- B. DEPENDS UPON WHEN THE ADDRESS ON THE IDA BUS STABILIZES.
- C. LATCHED WHEN STMA IS TRUE.
- D. IF THIS READ MEMORY CYCLE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWS A PREVIOUS WRITE CYCLE, THE START OF THIS ϕ_2 IS WHEN RDW WILL GO HIGH.
- E. ACTIVE PULL-UP OF RDW AND STM DURING MECD.
- F. THIS NOTE HAS BEEN DELETED.
- G. LATCHED WHEN STMP IS FALSE.
- H. TRANSITIONS AT THE START OF ϕ_1 IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR. AN EXTERNAL AGENCY HAS UNTIL PRIOR TO ϕ_2 .
- I. EARLIEST NEXT STM.
- J. FOLLOWS STM.
- K. PRESENT ONLY IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE. PART OF SENDING OUT THE ADDRESS AND THE DATA ON THE IDA BUS TO PRESERVE THE BUS CONVENTIONS.

FIG 107C



BPC READS MEMORY (TWO CONSECUTIVE FASTEST CYCLES SHOWN)

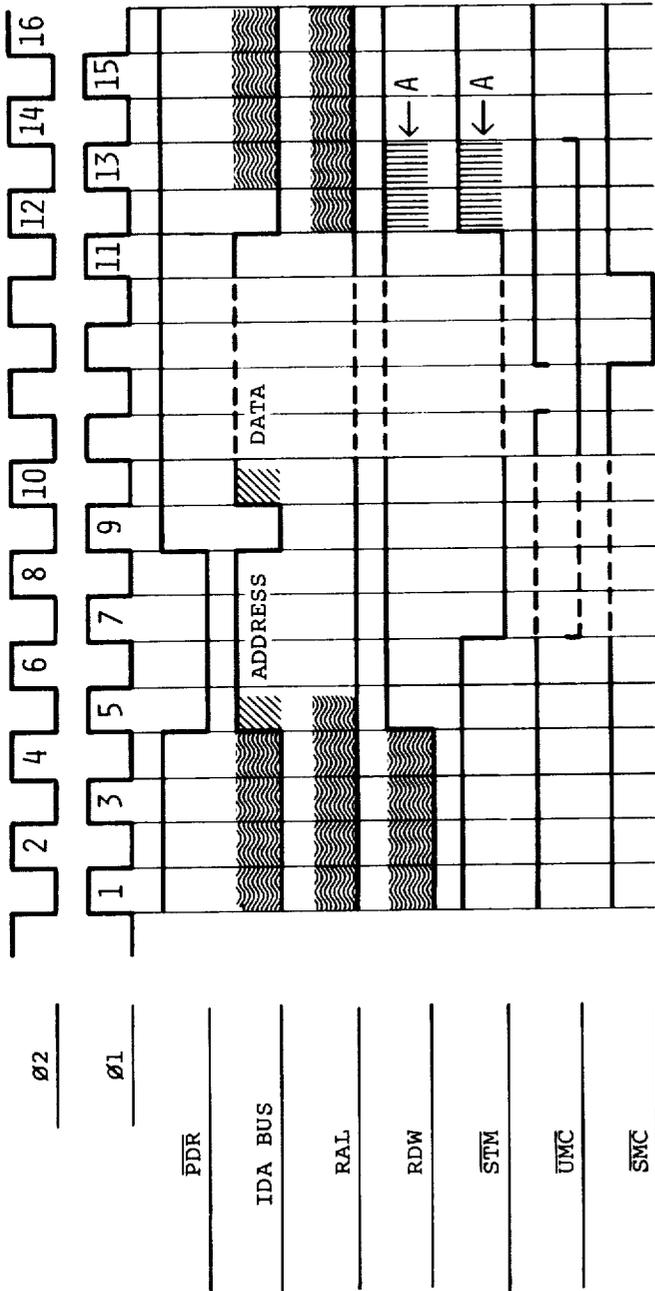
FIG 108A



- NOTES
- A. PRESENT ONLY IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE. (SOME OTHER ENTITY ON THE BUS COULD BE READING MEMORY)
 - B. MEANINGFUL DURING THIS TIME, BUT LATCHED DURING STMA ONLY. SHOULD BE LOOKED AT DURING STM ONLY.
 - C. SOONEST POSSIBLE TRANSITION TO WRITE IF NEXT MEMORY CYCLE WERE A WRITE INSTEAD OF READ.
 - D. TRANSITIONS IMMEDIATELY AT THE START OF Ø1 IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE.
 - E. ACTIVE PULL-UP ON STM.
 - F. FOLLOWS STM.
 - G. UMC NEED NOT BE USED IF SMC IS GIVEN BY THE ORIGINATOR EXACTLY AS SHOWN, INSTEAD. HOWEVER, IF UMC IS GIVEN AS SHOWN, IT WILL ALSO RESULT IN SMC AS SHOWN.
 - UMC IS IDLE IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR.

BPC READS MEMORY (TWO CONSECUTIVE FASTEST CYCLES SHOWN)

FIG 108B

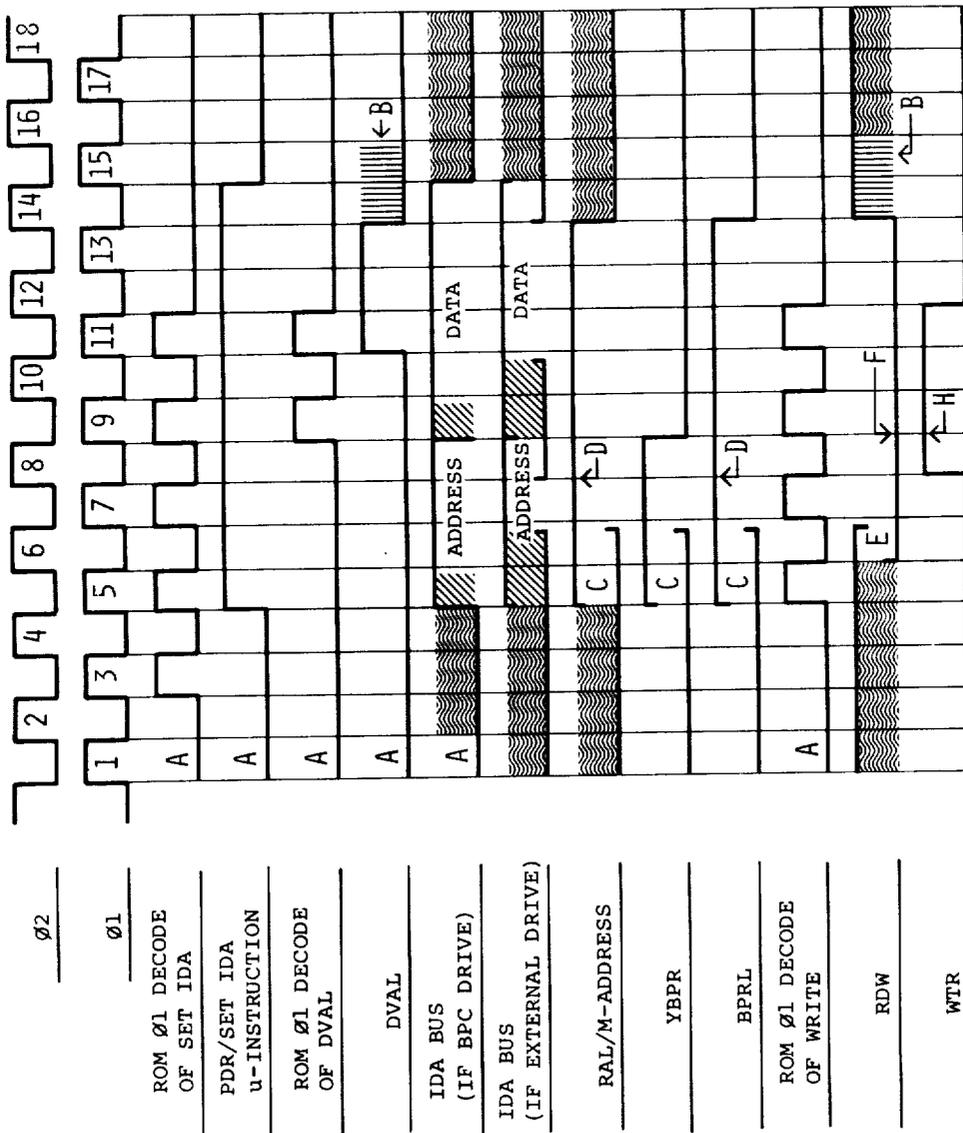


NOTES

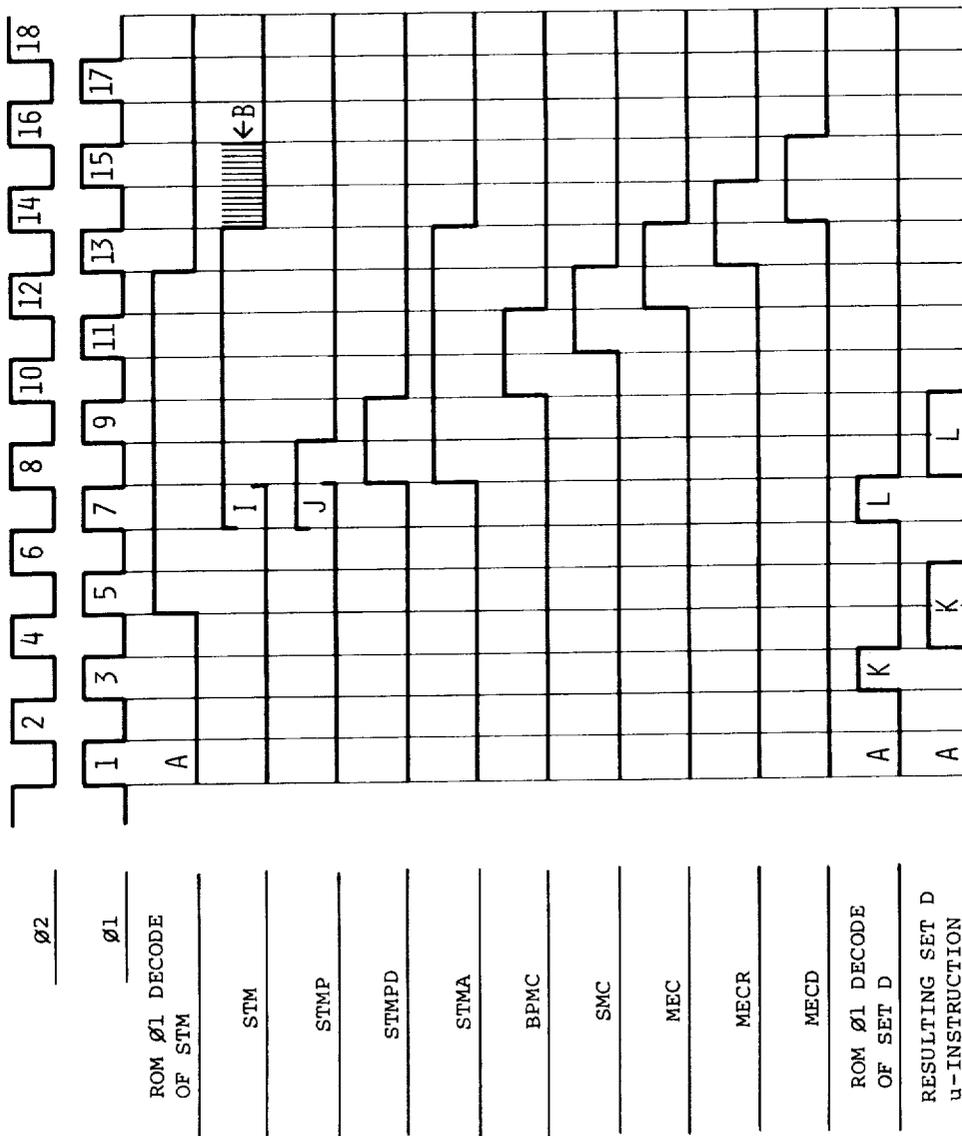
- A. ACTIVE PULL UP DURING MECD.
- B. DOTTED LINES REPRESENT ZERO OR ANY INTEGRAL NUMBER OF $\phi 1$ - $\phi 2$ PAIRS.
- C. NOTE THAT UMC COULD EQUAL STM.

GENERALIZED 4-STATE BPC READ MEMORY CYCLE (WITH IMPLICIT HANDSHAKE BASED ON UMC AND SMC)

FIG 109



WRITE TO A BPC REGISTER
FIG 110A



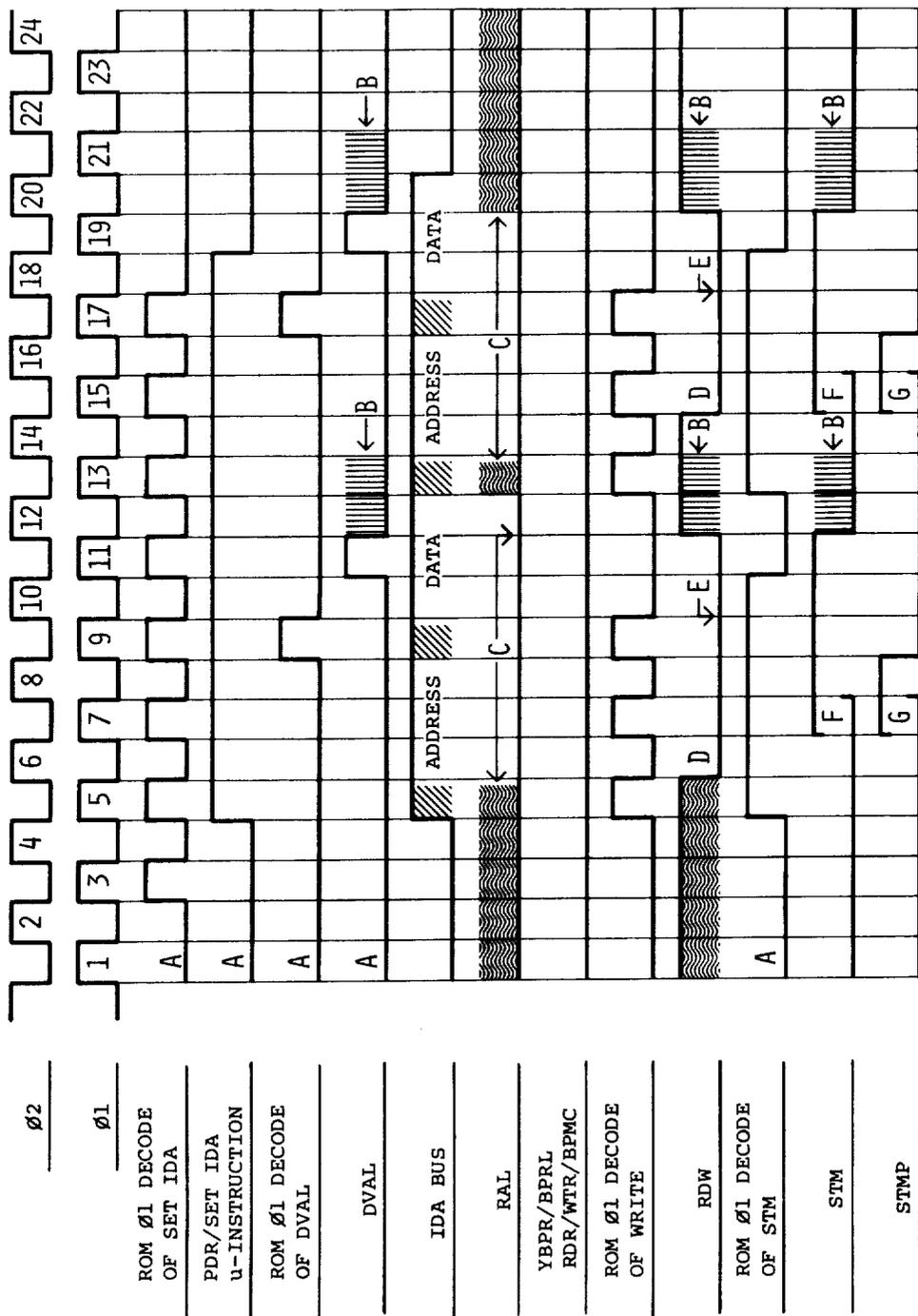
WRITE TO A BPC REGISTER
FIG 110B

NOTES

- A. PRESENT ONLY IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE.
- B. ACTIVE PULL-UP OF \overline{DVAL} , RDW AND \overline{STM} DURING MECD.
- C. DEPENDS UPON WHEN THE ADDRESS ON THE IDA BUS STABILIZES.
- D. LATCHED WHEN STMA GOES TRUE.
- E. IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR, RDW WILL TRANSITION AT THE START OF $\emptyset 2$. AN EXTERNAL AGENCY HAS UNTIL THE END OF $\emptyset 2$.
- F. EARLIEST RELEASE OF RDW IF AN EXTERNAL AGENCY WERE THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE.
- G. THIS NOTE HAS BEEN DELETED.
- H. LATCHED WHEN STMP GOES FALSE.
- I. TRANSITIONS AT THE START OF $\emptyset 1$ IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR. AN EXTERNAL AGENCY HAS UNTIL PRIOR TO $\emptyset 2$.
- J. FOLLOWS STM.
- K. FOR THE ADDRESS.
- L. FOR THE DATA.
- M. FOR THE ADDRESS. SEE NOTE N.
- N. FOR THE DATA. ADDRESS AND DATA TYPICALLY INVOLVE DIFFERENT REGISTERS.

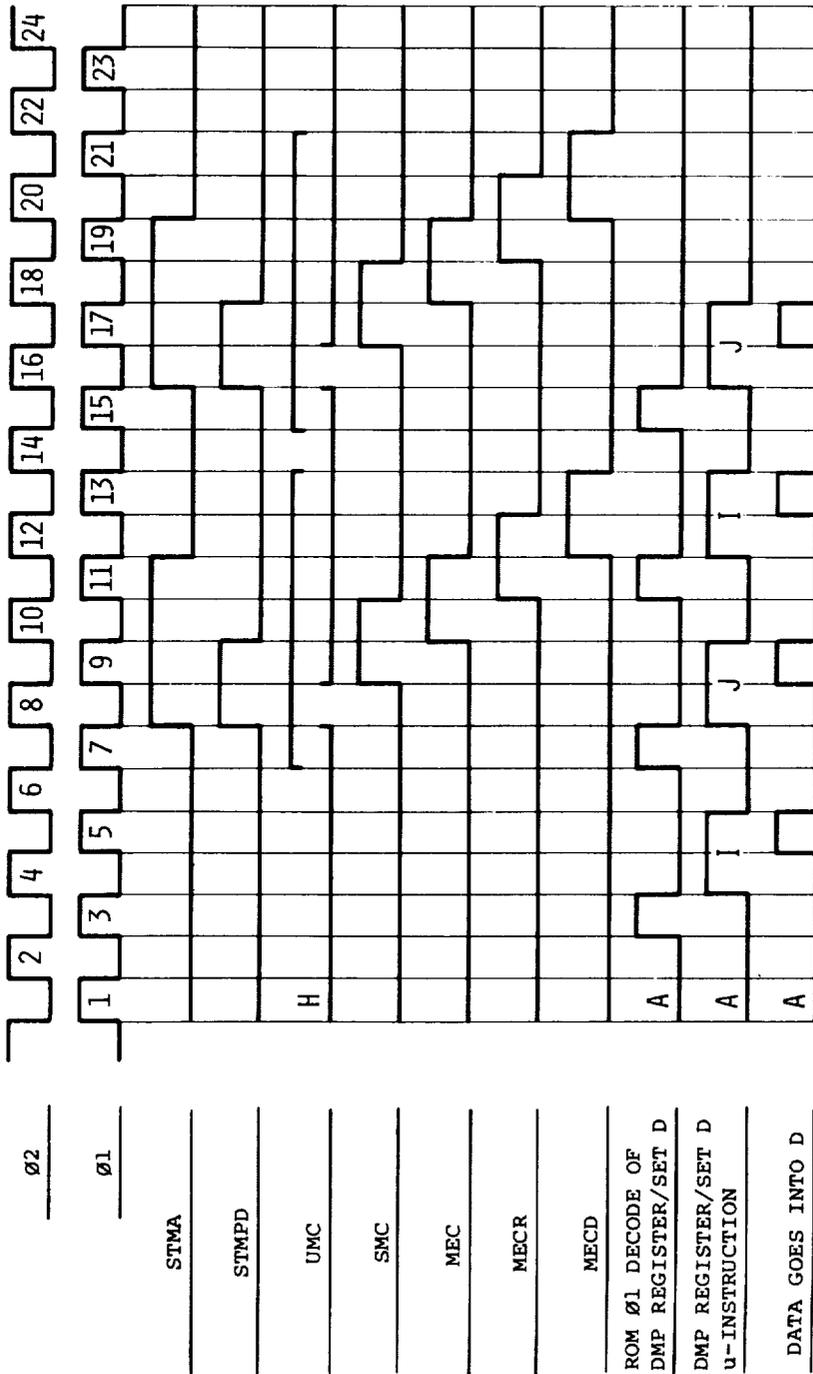
WRITE TO A BPC REGISTER

FIG 110D



WRITE MEMORY (TWO CONSECUTIVE FASTEST CYCLES SHOWN)

FIG IIIA



WRITE MEMORY (TWO CONSECUTIVE FASTEST CYCLES SHOWN)

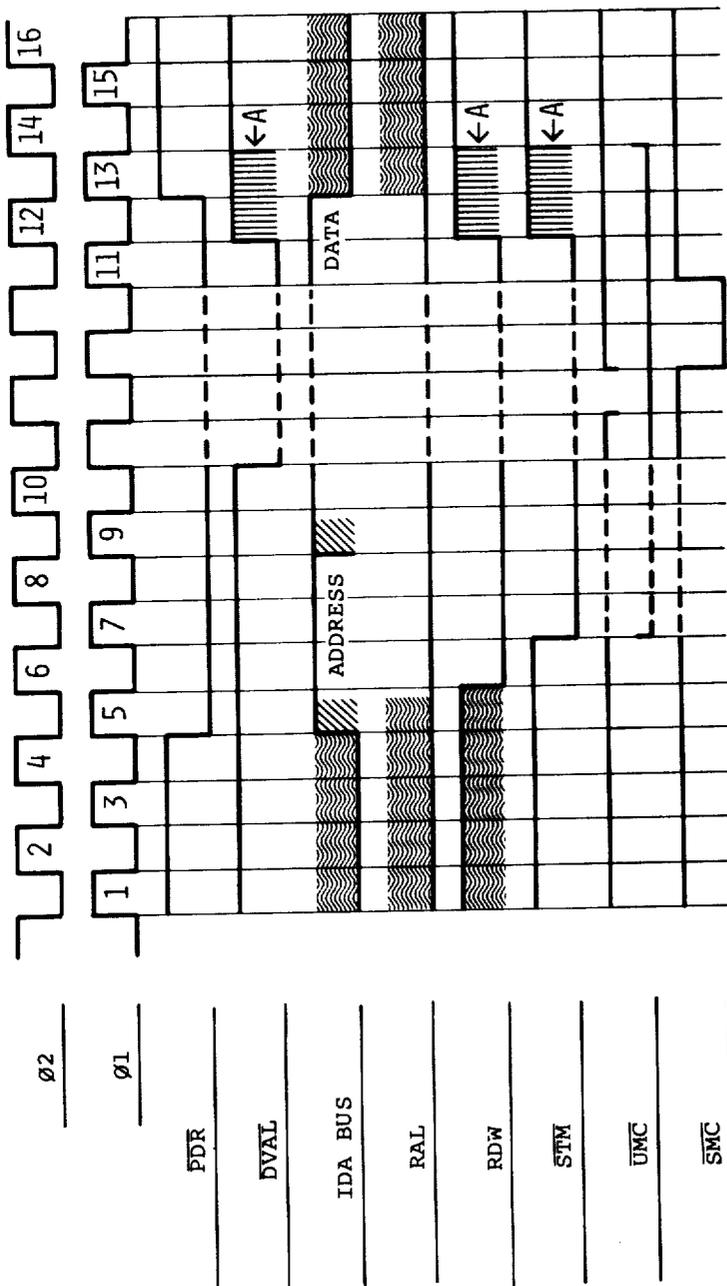
FIG 111B

NOTES

- A. THIS WAVE FORM PRESENT ONLY IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE.
- B. ACTIVE PULL-UP DURING MECD ON \overline{DVAL} , RDW, AND STM.
- C. MEANING DURING THIS TIME, BUT LATCHED DURING STMA ONLY. SHOULD BE LOOKED AT DURING STM ONLY.
- D. WAVEFORM SHOWN ASSUMES BPC AS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE. IF THE ORIGINATOR WERE AN EXTERNAL AGENCY, RDW COULD TRANSITION TOGETHER WITH STM.
- E. EARLIEST RELEASE OF RDW IF AN EXTERNAL AGENCY WERE THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE.
- F. TRANSITIONS IMMEDIATELY AT THE START OF $\phi 1$ IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR OF THE MEMORY CYCLE.
- G. FOLLOWS STM.
- H. UMC NEED NOT BE USED IF SMC IS GIVEN BY THE ORIGINATOR EXACTLY AS SHOWN, INSTEAD. HOWEVER, IF UMC IS GIVEN AS SHOWN, IT WILL RESULT IN SMC AS SHOWN.
UMC IS IDLE IF THE BPC IS THE ORIGINATOR.
- I. FOR ADDRESS.
- J. FOR DATA.

WRITE MEMORY (TWO CONSECUTIVE FASTEST CYCLES SHOWN)

FIG III C

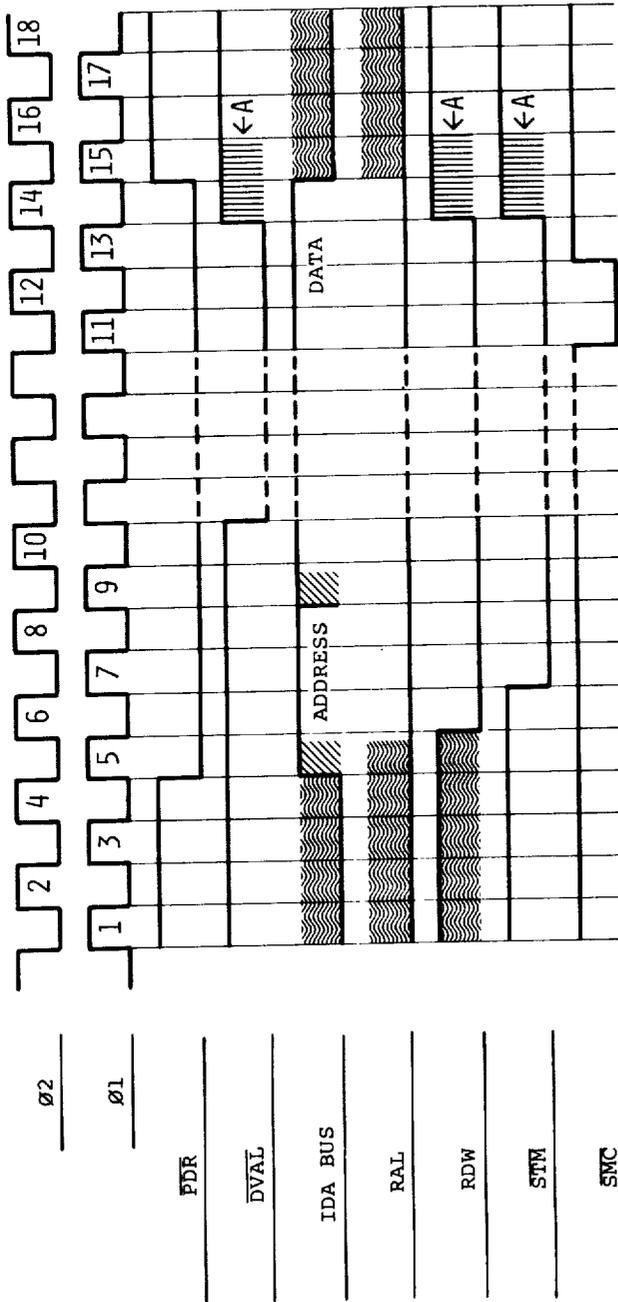


NOTES

- A. ACTIVE PULL-UP DURING MECD.
- B. DOTTED LINES REPRESENT ZERO ON ANY INTEGRAL NUMBER OF $\emptyset 1$ - $\emptyset 2$ PAIRS.
- C. NOTE THAT UMC COULD EQUAL STM.

GENERALIZED 4-STATE BPC WRITE MEMORY CYCLE WITHOUT HANDSHAKE

FIG 112

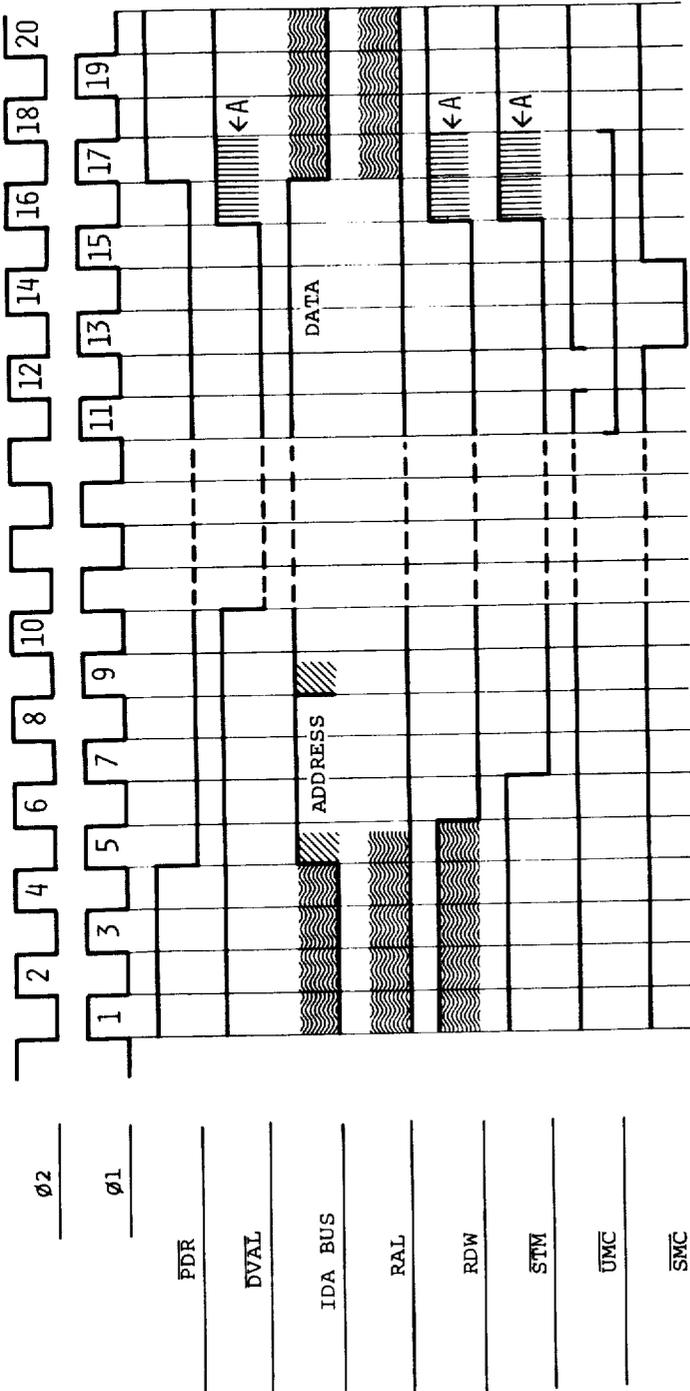


NOTES

- A. ACTIVE PULL-UP DURING MECD.
- B. DOTTED LINES REPRESENT ZERO OR ANY INTEGRAL NUMBER OF $\phi 1$ - $\phi 2$ PAIRS.
- C. NOTE THAT SMC CANNOT EQUAL \overline{DVAL} ; \overline{DVAL} LASTS TOO LONG.

GENERALIZED 5-STATE BPC WRITE MEMORY CYCLE WITH HANDSHAKE
(LEADING EDGE OF DVAL USED TO INITIATE SMC)

FIG 113

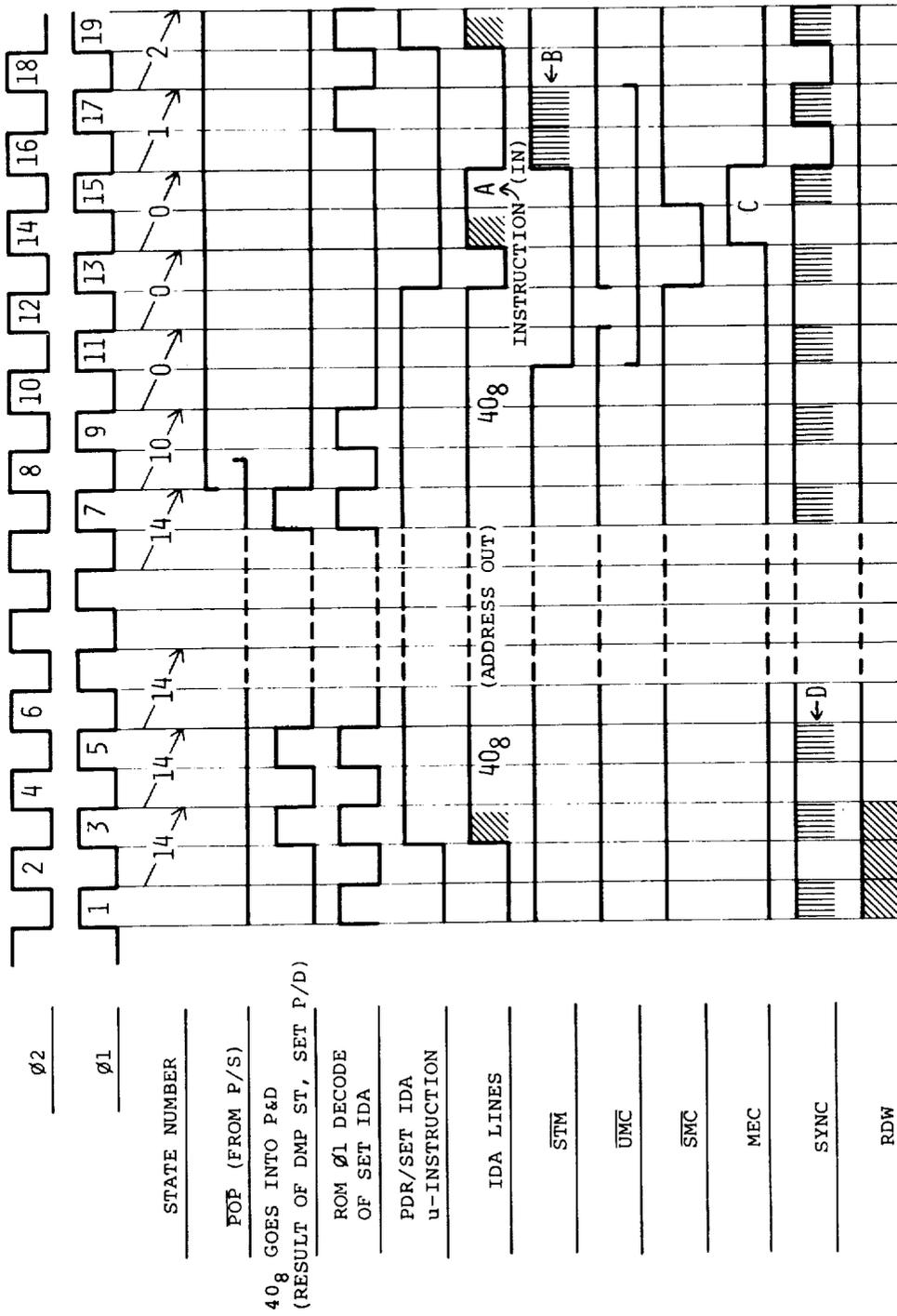


NOTES

- A. ACTIVE PULL-UP DURING MECD.
- B. DOTTED LINES REPRESENT ZERO OR ANY INTEGRAL NUMBER OF $\phi 1-\phi 2$ PAIRS.
- C. NOTE THAT \overline{UMC} COULD EQUAL \overline{DVAL} .

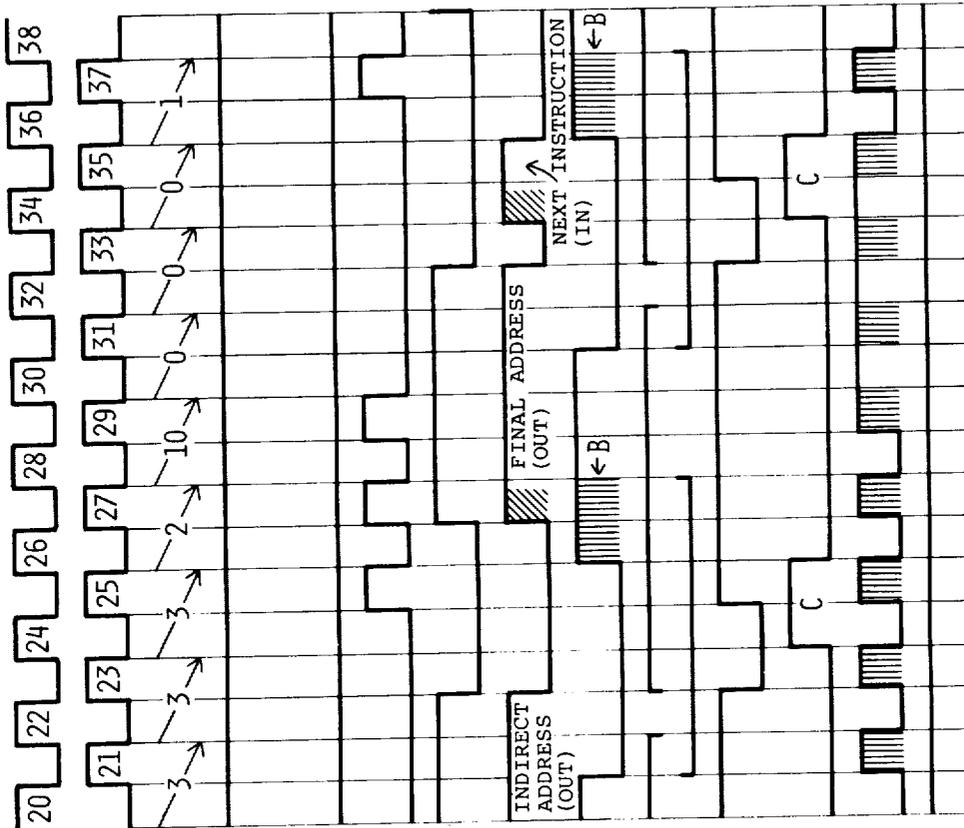
GENERALIZED 6-STATE BPC WRITE MEMORY CYCLE WITH HANDSHAKE
(LEADING EDGE OF DVAL USED TO INITIATE UMC)

FIG 114



BPC START-UP AND FIRST INSTRUCTION FETCH SEQUENCE

FIG 115A



BPC START-UP AND FIRST INSTRUCTION FETCH SEQUENCE

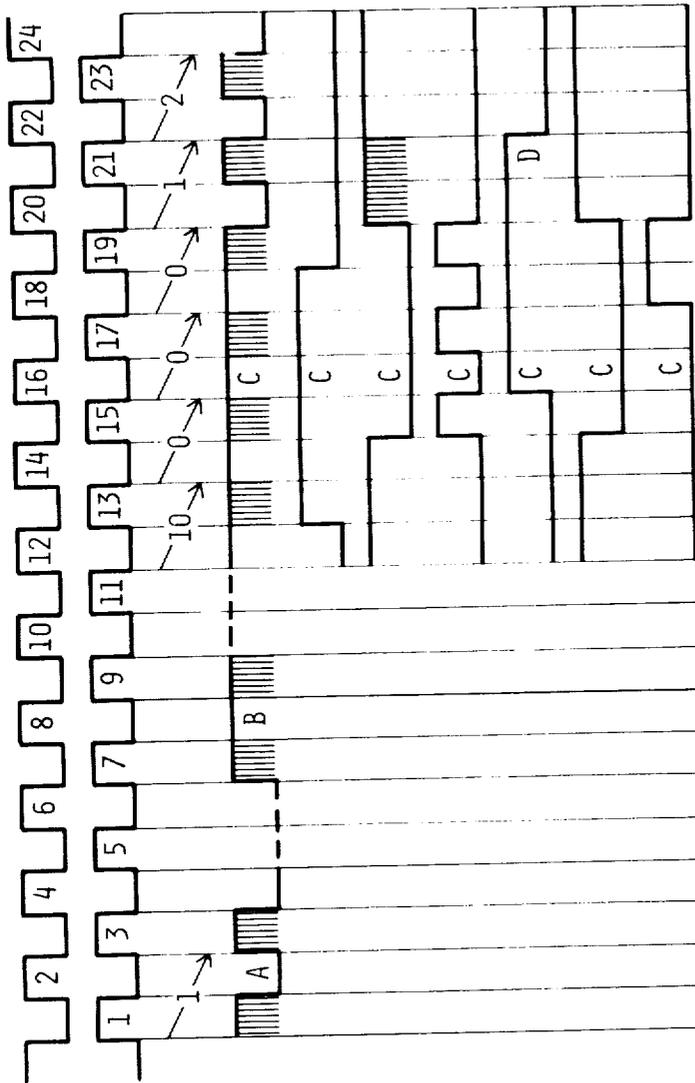
FIG 115B

———— NOTES ————

- A. IDA EQUALS THE INSTRUCTION FETCHED FROM LOCATION 40_8 .
IN THIS EXAMPLE WE ASSUME THAT IT IS JMP 41_8 , I.
- B. ACTIVE PULL-UP ON \overline{STM} DURING MECD.
- C. MEC RESETS THE LATCHED ROM OUTPUT FOR SYNC.
- D. POP FORCES AN INITIAL SYNC. SYNC IS ALWAYS PRE-CHARGED
ON $\emptyset 1$.
- E. DOTTED LINES REPRESENT AN INDEFINITE DELAY.

BPC START-UP AND FIRST INSTRUCTION FETCH SEQUENCE

FIG 115C



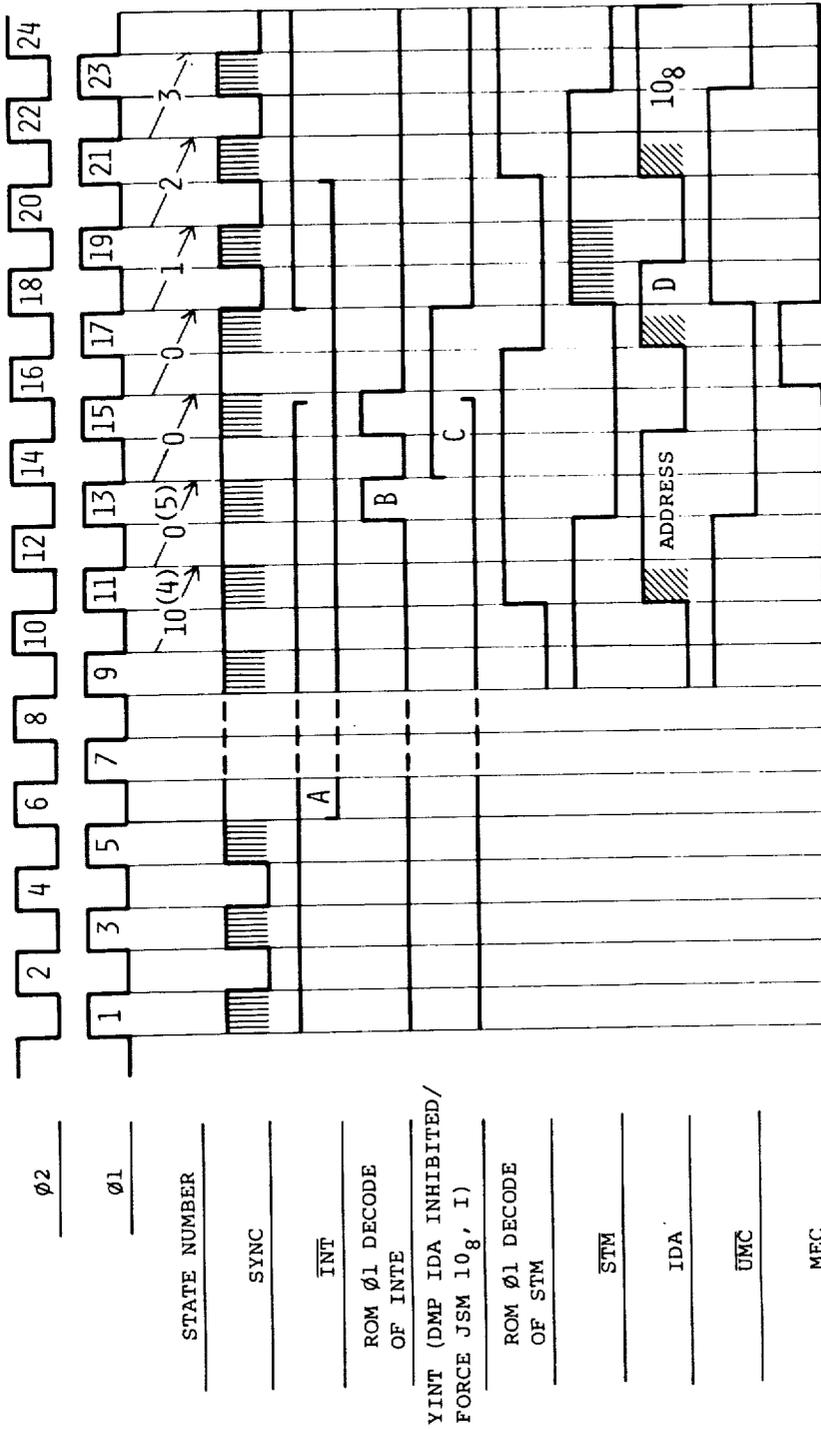
NOTES

- A. SYNC IS FALSE AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS INSTRUCTION FETCH.
- B. DURING THE EXECUTION OF THE PREVIOUS INSTRUCTION, SYNC GOES TRUE ON OR BEFORE STATE 10.
- C. CAN BE IN STATE 0 FOR 2, 3, OR 4 STATES. TYPICALLY IT IS 3. THE EXACT NUMBER DEPENDS UPON WHEN STM WAS GIVEN, AND WHETHER OR NOT THE FETCH IS FROM A BPC REGISTER.
- D. AT VERY LEAST, FLAGS MUST BE TRUE DURING THIS Ø2.

CAPTURE OF FLAGS DURING BPC INSTRUCTION FETCH

FIG 116

Ø2
Ø1
STATE NUMBER
SYNC
ROM Ø1 DECODE OF STM
STM
ROM Ø1 DECODE OF SYNC F
SYNC F u-INSTRUCTION/FLAG CAPTURE WINDOW
UMC
MEC



INTERRUPT DURING A BPC INSTRUCTION FETCH

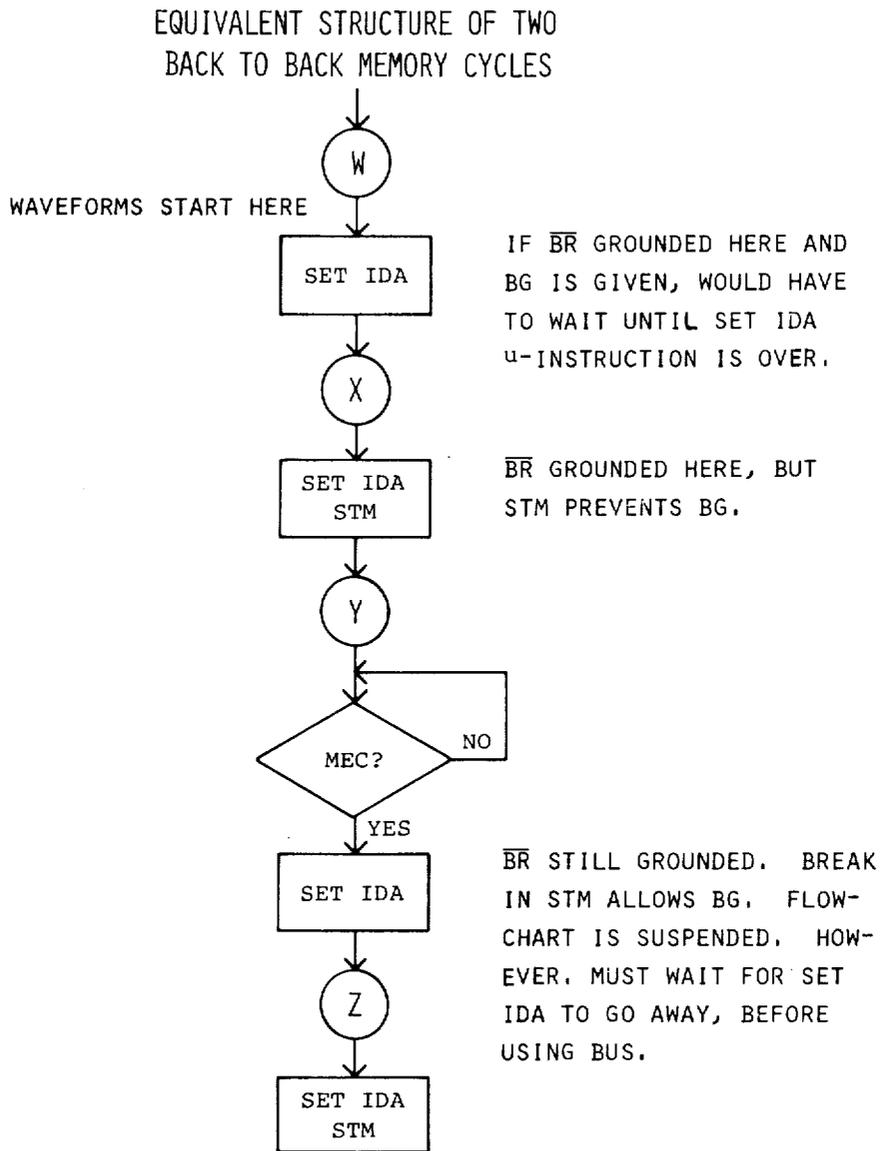
FIG 117A

NOTES

- A. INT MUST NOT BE PULLED BEFORE SYNC IS GIVEN.
- B. IF THE PREVIOUS INSTRUCTION WAS A GROUP A INSTRUCTION, ONE LESS STATE-TIME IS SPENT IN STATE 0, AND THIS PULSE DOES NOT OCCUR. ALSO, THE STATE NUMBERS CHANGE AS INDICATED IN THE PARENTHESIS.
- C. DEPENDS UPON INT. IF NOTE B APPLIES, YINT TRANSITIONS AT START OF CLOCK #16.
- D. FETCHED INSTRUCTION THAT IS ABORTED AND REPLACED INTERNALLY BY JSM 10_g, I.
- E. PRESENT VERSION OF THE BPC DOES NOT ALLOW AN INSTRUCTION FETCH FROM A BPC REGISTER TO BE INTERRUPTED.

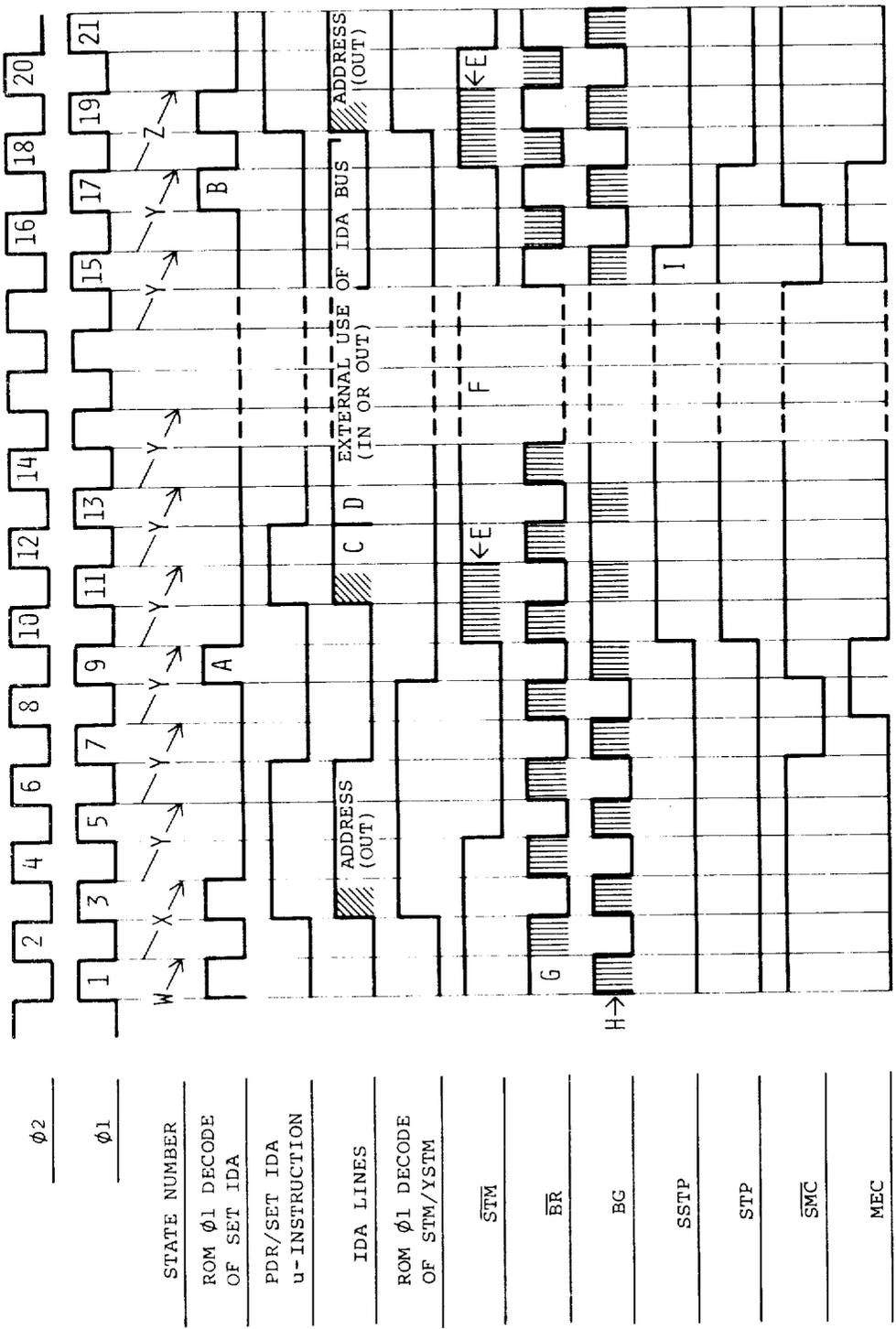
INTERRUPT DURING A BPC INSTRUCTION FETCH

FIG 117B



BUS REQUEST AND BUS GRANT DURING MEMORY CYCLES

FIG 118



BUS REQUEST AND BUS GRANT DURING MEMORY CYCLES
FIG 119A

NOTES

- A. THIS IS THE FIRST OF TWO SET IDA'S. THE SECOND ONE IS NOT DECODED DUE TO THE GRANTING OF THE BUS. NOTE THAT EXTERNAL USE OF THE BUS MUST WAIT UNTIL THE EFFECT OF THIS SET IDA IS OVER.
- B. THIS IS A RE-DECODING OF THE SAME SET IDA MENTIONED IN NOTE A. IN THIS WAY THE SET IDA/SET IDA-STM SEQUENCE IS PRESERVED.
- C. MEMORY DATA. IT SO HAPPENS WE SHOW DATA FOR A READ CYCLE, AS OPPOSED TO THAT FOR A WRITE CYCLE. IT DOESN'T MATTER.
- D. EARLIEST POSSIBLE USE OF THE BUS.
- E. ACTIVE PULL-UP ON STM DURING MECD.
- F. DOTTED LINES REPRESENT AN INDEFINITE INTERRUPTION.
- G. IF AN IOC IS IN THE SYSTEM, IT WILL PRE-CHARGE $\bar{B}R$ DURING $\phi 2$.
- H. ACTIVE PULL-UP OF BG DURING $\phi 1$.
- I. SSTP ENDS SOONER THAN STP. THIS ALLOWS A POSSIBLE SET IDA TO BE RE-DECODED 1 STATE PRIOR TO ALL OTHER RESUMED ROM ACTIVITY.

BUS REQUEST AND BUS GRANT DURING MEMORY CYCLES

FIG 119B

TABLE OF BPC ROM CONTENTS

MICRO-INSTRUCTION	ROM LINE	GIVEN IN ANY OF THESE GROUPS	WHEN IN ANY OF THESE STATES	PROVIDED ALL OF THESE CONDITIONS ARE MET
INTE	1	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	\overline{MEC}
SET IDA	2	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	RDR
	3	ABCDEFGHIJKM	1 6 7 8 10 14	\overline{SSTP}
	4	ABCDEFG	1 3 8 9 10	$MEC \cdot \overline{SSTP}$
	5	ABCDEFG	2 4 14	\overline{SSTP}
	6	ABCDEFGHIJKM	9 10	\overline{SSTP}
	7	EFH	2 9	\overline{SSTP}
	8	HM	1 3 8 9 10	\overline{SSTP}
	SET D	9	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14
10		ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 7 · WTR
11		ABCDEFGHIJKM	6 14	\overline{STP}
12		ABCDEFGHIJKM	1 8	\overline{STP}
13		ABCDEFG	1 3 8	$\overline{BPRL} \cdot \overline{MEC} \cdot \overline{STP}$
14		ABD	1 3 8	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{MEC} \cdot \overline{STP}$
15		ABCGIJK	7 8	\overline{STP}
16		CGI	4	MEC
17		ABCDEFGHIJKM	9	\overline{STP}
18		H	2 9	\overline{STP}
19	H	2 9	\overline{STP}	
DMP IDA	20	ABCDEFG	3	$\overline{BPRL} \cdot \overline{MEC}$
	21	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	WTR
	22	D	2	\overline{STP}
	23	DEF	2	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{STP}$
	24	H	4	$\overline{BPRL} \cdot \overline{MEC}$
	25	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	$\overline{BPRL} \cdot \overline{MEC}$
DMP T	27	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 6 · RDR
	30	D	3 4 5	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{MEC}$
	31	EFH	9	MEC
STM	28	ABD	2	\overline{STP}
	29	AK	4 5	\overline{STP}
	32	ABCDEFGHIJKM	10	\overline{STP}
	33	AC	2	\overline{STP}
	36	ABCDEFG	2	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{STP}$

FIG 120A

TABLE OF BPC ROM CONTENTS

MICRO-INSTRUCTION	ROM LINE	GIVEN IN ANY OF THESE GROUPS	WHEN IN ANY OF THESE STATES	PROVIDED ALL OF THESE CONDITIONS ARE MET
STM (CONT.)	37	DEF	7 8	\overline{STP}
	40	HM	3 9	\overline{STP}
SET T	34	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 6·WTR
	35	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	MEC
	38	DM	2	\overline{STP}
	39	F	2	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{STP}$
	41	F	2	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{STP}$
ADM	42	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 2·RDR
	43	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	
	45	ABCDEFGHIJKM	1	
DVAL	44	ABCDEFGHIJKM	9	\overline{MEC}
SET P	46	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 16·WTR
	47	AB	3	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{MEC}$
	48	ABD	7	\overline{STP}
	49	ABCDEFGHIJKM	9	MEC
	50	E	2 4 14	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{STP}$
	51	HIJKM	6 14	\overline{STP}
	52	H	4	\overline{MEC}
	53	ABCDEFGHIJKM	14	
DMP P	54	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 16·RDR
	55	CEFGHI	8	
	56	ABD	9	$\overline{SKP} \cdot \overline{MEC}$
	57	ABCG	7 8	$\overline{SKP} \cdot \overline{STP}$
DMP R	58	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 17·RDR
	59	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	MEC
	61	H	2	\overline{STP}
WRITE	60	C	2 4	$\overline{IND} \cdot \overline{STP}$
	64	ABCDEFGHIJKM	9	MEC
	65	DEF	7 8	\overline{STP}
SET R	62	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 17·WTR
	63	ABCDEF	6 14	\overline{STP}
	66	H	9 10	\overline{STP}

FIG 120B

TABLE OF BPC ROM CONTENTS

MICRO-INSTRUCTION	ROM LINE	GIVEN IN ANY OF THESE GROUPS	WHEN IN ANY OF THESE STATES	PROVIDED ALL OF THESE CONDITIONS ARE MET
SET S	67	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 12·WTR
	68	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	MEC
	69	ABD	3	$\overline{\text{IND}} \cdot \overline{\text{MEC}} \cdot \overline{\text{STP}}$
	70	IJK	2	$\overline{\text{STP}}$
SSE	71	J	3 9	$\overline{\text{STP}}$
SYNC	72	AB	3 9	$\overline{\text{IND}} \cdot \text{MEC}$
	73	ABCDEFGHIJKM	9	MEC
	76	EG	2 4	$\overline{\text{IND}}$
	77	H	4	MEC
	80	IJK	2	
	81	JKM	2	
DMP EX/OV	75	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	(M-ADD 4 + M-ADD 5)·RDR
SET OV	78	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 5·WTR
	79	I	9 10	OQ· $\overline{\text{STP}}$
SET EX	82	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 4·WTR
	83	I	9 10	EQ· $\overline{\text{STP}}$
DMP PAD	84	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	(M-ADD 0 + M-ADD 1 + M-ADD 2 + M-ADD 3)·RDR
	85	AB	3 9	$\overline{\text{IND}} \cdot \text{MEC}$
	86	ACK	9	MEC
	87	DM	7	$\overline{\text{STP}}$
	88	HIJKM	1 6	$\overline{\text{STP}}$
	89	ABCDEFGHIJKM	1	$\overline{\text{STP}}$
	90	BG	7 8	SKP· $\overline{\text{STP}}$
	91	ABD	9	SKP·MEC
RTP	92	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	
NSO	93	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	MEC
	96	AC	5 6	
	97	ABCDEFGHIJKM	10	
ADS	94	HI	4 5 6 14	SKP
	95	H	4 5 6 14	

FIG 120C

TABLE OF BPC ROM CONTENTS

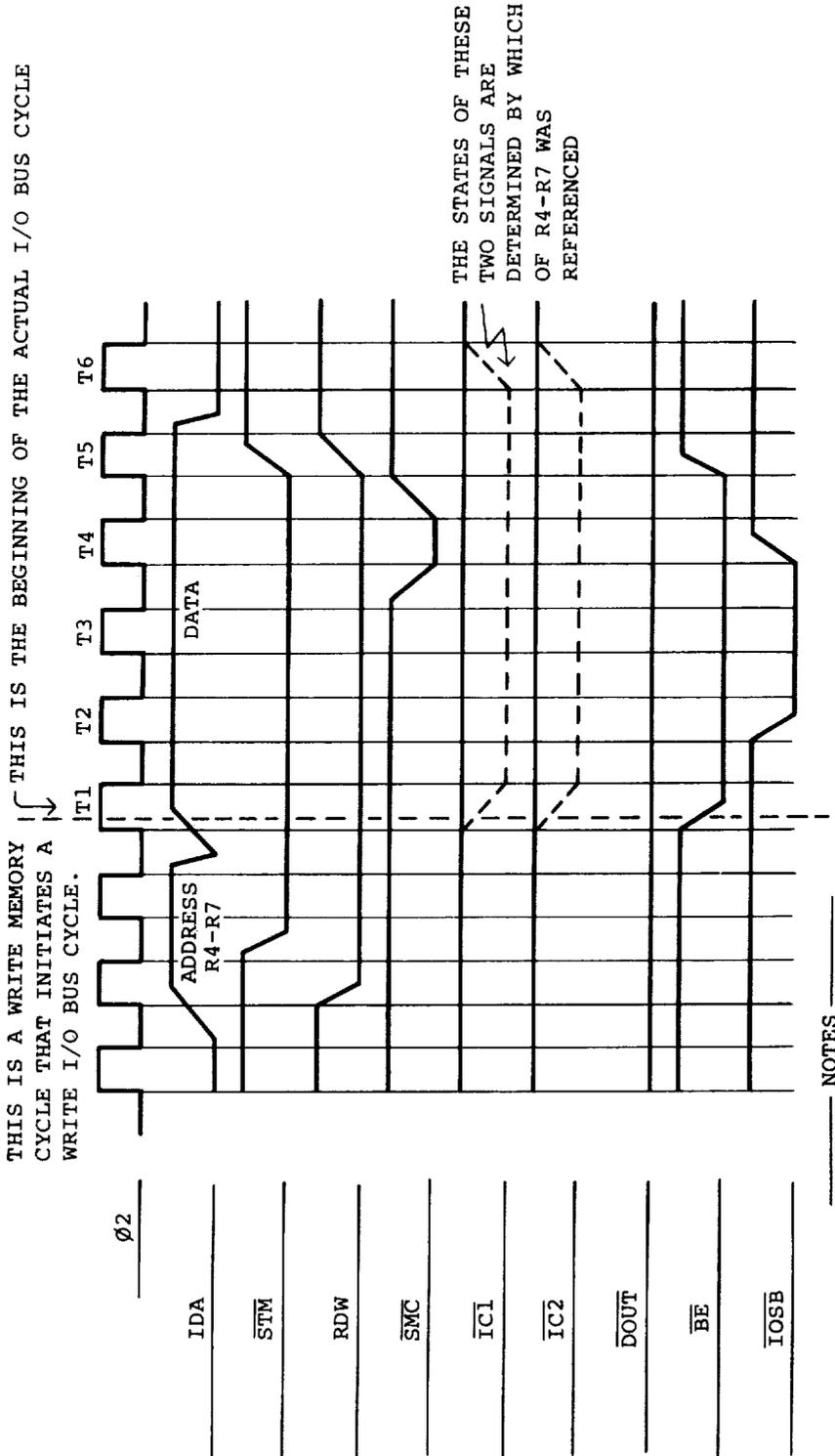
MICRO-INSTRUCTION	ROM LINE	GIVEN IN ANY OF THESE GROUPS	WHEN IN ANY OF THESE STATES	PROVIDED ALL OF THESE CONDITIONS ARE MET
UPDOE	98	K	10	
	99	A	5 6	
NS9	100	C	4	
	101	ABCDEFGHIJKM	9	\overline{MEC}
DMP ALU	102	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 11·RDR
	103	ABCDEFG	5 6	\overline{STP}
	106	ABDJKM	8	
	107	HIJKM	10	\overline{STP}
NS7	104	BG	5 6	
	105	D	3 4 5	$\overline{IND} \cdot MEC$
NS4	108	CF	2	\overline{IND}
	109	HM	4	\overline{MEC}
SET B	111	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 15·WTR
	114	ACK	5	BQ
	115	IJK	9 10	BQ· \overline{STP}
NS6	112	JK	3	CTQ
	113	M	2	SYNCQ
	116	K	3	
	117	M	2	GNI
DMP B	118	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 15·RDR
	119	J	2 4	BQ· \overline{STP}
	122	C	4	BQ· \overline{STP}
NS10	120	ABCG	7 8	
	121	HIJM	6 14	\overline{GNI}
	124	IJK	6 14	
	125	ABCDEFGHIJKM	14	
	128	EG	2 4 9	\overline{IND}
DMP A	123	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M-ADD 14·RDR
	126	J	2 4	AQ· \overline{STP}
	127	C	4	AQ· \overline{STP}

FIG 120D

TABLE OF BPC ROM CONTENTS

MICRO-INSTRUCTION	ROM LINE OF THESE GROUPS	GIVEN IN ANY OF THESE GROUPS	WHEN IN ANY OF THESE STATES	PROVIDED ALL OF THESE CONDITIONS ARE MET
NS2	129	ABD	3	IND·MEC
	132	CEFG	3	MEC
	133	I	2	SYNCQ
	136	M	2	SYNCQ·GNI
	137	DM	4	MEC
SET A	130	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M·ADD 14·WTR
	131	ACK	5	AQ
	134	IJK	9 10	AQ·STP
DMP ST	135	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M·ADD 13·RDR
	138	ABCDEFGHIJKM	14	STP
SET I	139	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14	M·ADD 13·WTR
	142	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	MEC
NS3	140	ABCDEFG	3	MEC
	141	DM	5 6	GNI
	144	J	3 4 5	CTQ
SYNC F	143	ABCDEFGHIJKM	0	

FIG 120E



∅2

IDA

STM

RDW

SMC

IC1

IC2

DOUT

BE

IOSB

1. THIS I/O BUS CYCLE WAS INITIATED BY ANY WRITE-INTO-MEMORY INSTRUCTION WHICH REFERENCED ONE OF R4 THRU R7.
2. CONTROL INFORMATION IS VALID ON BOTH EDGES OF IOSB.
3. DATA IS LATCHED INTO THE INTERFACE ON THE TRAILING EDGE OF IOSB.

WRITE I/O BUS CYCLE

FIG 121

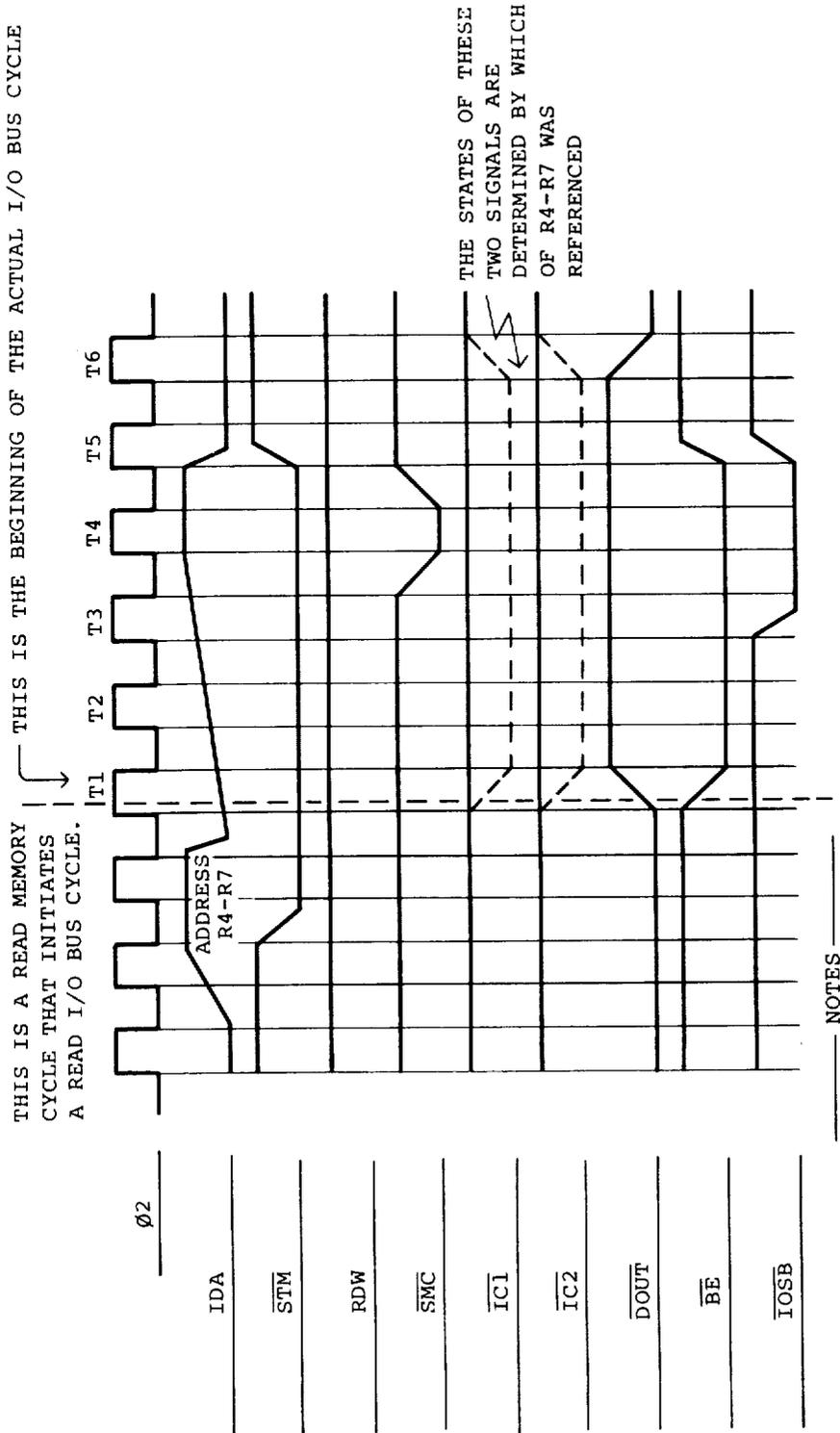


FIG 122

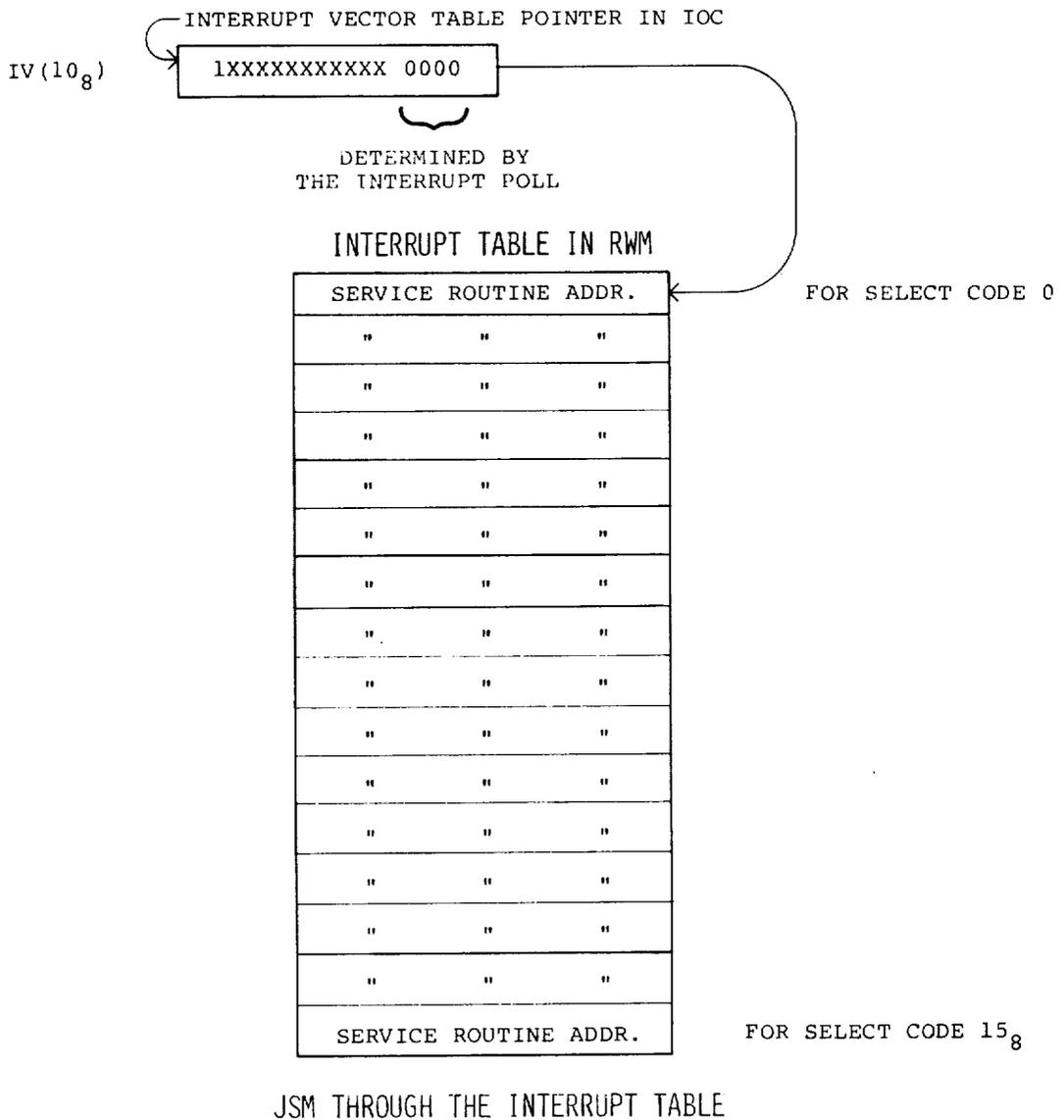
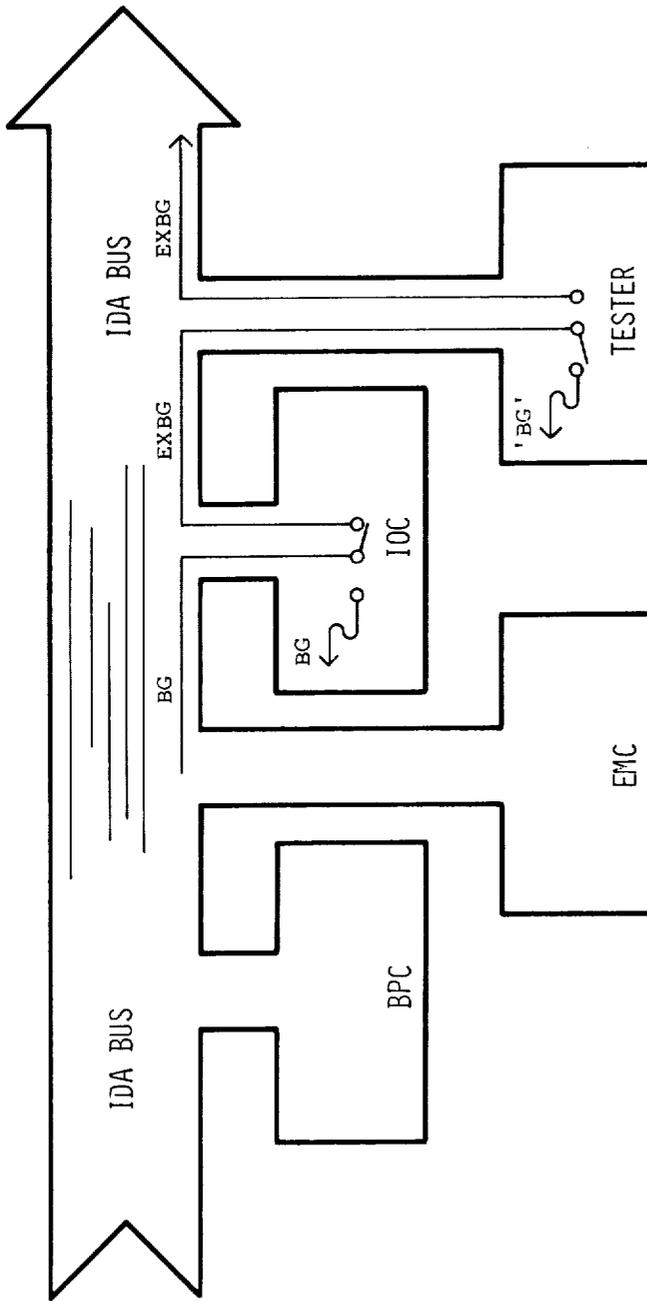


FIG 123



THE IOC IS NOT REQUESTING THE IDA BUS. IT PASSES BUS GRANT ALONG AS EXBG. THE TESTER IS REQUESTING THE BUS; IT USES EXBG AS BUS GRANT, AND DOES NOT PASS EXBG ALONG.

EXTENDED BUS GRANT

FIG 124

IOC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS

GROUP: STACK

INST. NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PWC	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
PBC	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
PWD	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
PBD	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
WWC	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
WBC	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
WWD	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
WBD	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	I/D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

* 3 BIT REGISTER ADDRESS FIELD (0-7₈).

* PLACE INST'S INC/DEC THE STACK POINTER BEFORE THE OPERATION.

* WITHDRAW INST'S INC/DEC THE STACK POINTER AFTERWARDS.

1. I/D (INCREMENT/DECREMENT) IS ENCODED AS 0/1
2. FOR BYTE INSTRUCTIONS, A 1 IN BIT 15 OF THE POINTER REGISTER IMPLIES A LEFT-HALF

FIG 125A

I/O INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS (CONTINUED)

FIG 125B

GROUP: INTERRUPT

INST. NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EIR	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
DIR	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0

FIG 125C

GROUP: DMA

INST. NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DMA	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
PCM	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
DDR	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0

NOTES:

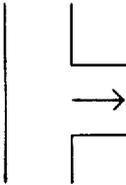
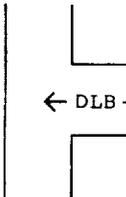
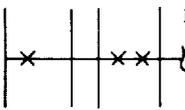
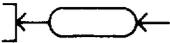
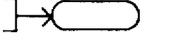
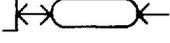
1.  DENOTES A MICRO-INSTRUCTION DECODED IN THE ROM.
2.  AND  DENOTE ONE- AND TWO-WAY INTERCONNECTIONS TO A BUS; ALWAYS CONTROLLED BY A ROM MICRO-INSTRUCTION.
3.  DENOTES A DIRECT CONNECTION BETWEEN TWO ITEMS.
4.  DENOTES A CONNECTION BETWEEN TWO ITEMS THAT IS ACTIVE ONLY WHEN THE STATED SIGNAL IS GIVEN. SOME SUCH SIGNALS ARE ROM DECODED MICRO-INSTRUCTIONS, WHILE OTHERS ARE PRESENT THROUGHOUT AN ENTIRE EXECUTION CYCLE.
5.  DENOTES THAT THE STATED LINE REPRESENTS A DECODED CONDITION.
6.  REPRESENTS A NON-MICRO-INSTRUCTION CONTROL LINE OR SOME OTHER SIGNAL.
7.  REPRESENTS AN INPUT TERMINAL TO THE IOC.
8.  REPRESENTS AN OUTPUT TERMINAL FROM THE IOC.
9.  REPRESENTS A TERMINAL THAT IS BOTH AN INPUT AND AN OUTPUT.
10. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES INDICATE THE NUMBER OF BITS A MECHANISM HANDLES.
11. THE LOGICAL SENSE (XXX VERSUS \overline{XXX}) OF THE I/O TERMINALS IS CORRECTLY INDICATED. HOWEVER, THE DRAWING IS NOT A RELIABLE INDICATOR OF THE EXACT SENSE OF THE INTERNAL SIGNALS. TYPICALLY BOTH SENSES EXIST, AND FREQUENTLY THE PHYSICAL PROXIMITY OF SIGNALS TO THEIR DESTINATIONS WAS MORE IMPORTANT IN DECIDING WHICH SENSE TO USE, RATHER THAN AGREEMENT OF LOGICAL SENSE.
BECAUSE STRICT ACCURACY IN REPORTING SIGNAL SENSES ON SUCH A GENERAL LEVEL DRAWING WOULD SHARPLY INCREASE THE NUMBER OF INTERCONNECTIONS, WITH ONLY A SLIGHT INCREASE IN USEFULNESS, WE USUALLY SHOW ONLY THE NAME OF THE SIGNAL.

FIG 126C

ADDRESS	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
M	E _S	TWO'S COMPLEMENT EXPONENT									EMPTY				M _S	
M + 1	D ₁			D ₂			D ₃			D ₄						
M + 2	D ₅			D ₆			D ₇			D ₈						
M + 3	D ₉			D ₁₀			D ₁₁			D ₁₂						

THE BCD DIGITS			
0	0000	5	0101
1	0001	6	0110
2	0010	7	0111
3	0011	8	1000
4	0100	9	1001

THE INTERNAL FLOATING POINT REPRESENTATION OF
.003587219 (= 3.587219 X 10⁻³)

ADDRESS	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
M	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
M + 1	0011			0101			1000			0111						
M + 2	0010			0001			1001			0000						
M + 3	0000			0000			0000			0000						

BCD FLOATING POINT FORMAT

FIG 127

EMC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS

GROUP: ARITHMETIC

INST. NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FXA	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MWA	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CMX	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
CMY	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
FMP	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FDV	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
MPY	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
CDC	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

FIG 128A

EMC INSTRUCTION BIT PATTERNS (CONTINUED)

FIG 128B

GROUP: FOUR WORD OPERATION

INST. NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CLR	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0				
XFR	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0				

* 4 BIT FIELD
OF WORDS
* BINARY = N-1

FIG 128C

GROUP: MANTISSA SHIFT

INST. NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MRX	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DRS	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
MLY	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
MRY	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRM	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

NOTES:

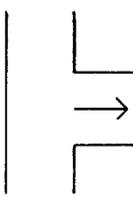
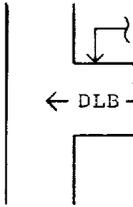
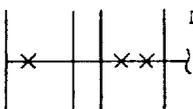
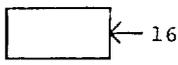
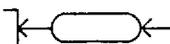
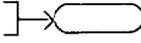
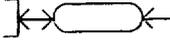
1.  DENOTES A MICRO-INSTRUCTION DECODED IN THE ROM.
2.  AND  DENOTE ONE- AND TWO-WAY INTERCONNECTIONS TO A BUS; ALWAYS CONTROLLED BY A ROM MICRO-INSTRUCTION.
3.  DENOTES A DIRECT CONNECTION BETWEEN TWO ITEMS.
4.  DENOTES A CONNECTION BETWEEN TWO ITEMS THAT IS ACTIVE ONLY WHEN THE STATED SIGNAL IS GIVEN. SOME SUCH SIGNALS ARE ROM DECODED MICRO-INSTRUCTIONS, WHILE OTHERS ARE PRESENT THROUGHOUT AN ENTIRE EXECUTION CYCLE. ← DLB -
5.  DENOTES THAT THE STATED LINE REPRESENTS A DECODED CONDITION.
6.  REPRESENTS A NON-MICRO-INSTRUCTION CONTROL LINE OR SOME OTHER SIGNAL.
7.  REPRESENTS AN INPUT TERMINAL TO THE EMC.
8.  REPRESENTS AN OUTPUT TERMINAL FROM THE EMC.
9.  REPRESENTS A TERMINAL THAT IS BOTH AN INPUT AND AN OUTPUT.
10. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES INDICATE THE NUMBER OF BITS A MECHANISM HANDLES.
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BECAUSE STRICT ACCURACY IN REPORTING SIGNAL SENSES ON SUCH A GENERAL LEVEL DRAWING WOULD SHARPLY INCREASE THE NUMBER OF INTERCONNECTIONS, WITH ONLY A SLIGHT INCREASE IN USEFULNESS, WE USUALLY SHOW ONLY THE NAME OF THE SIGNAL.

FIG 129C

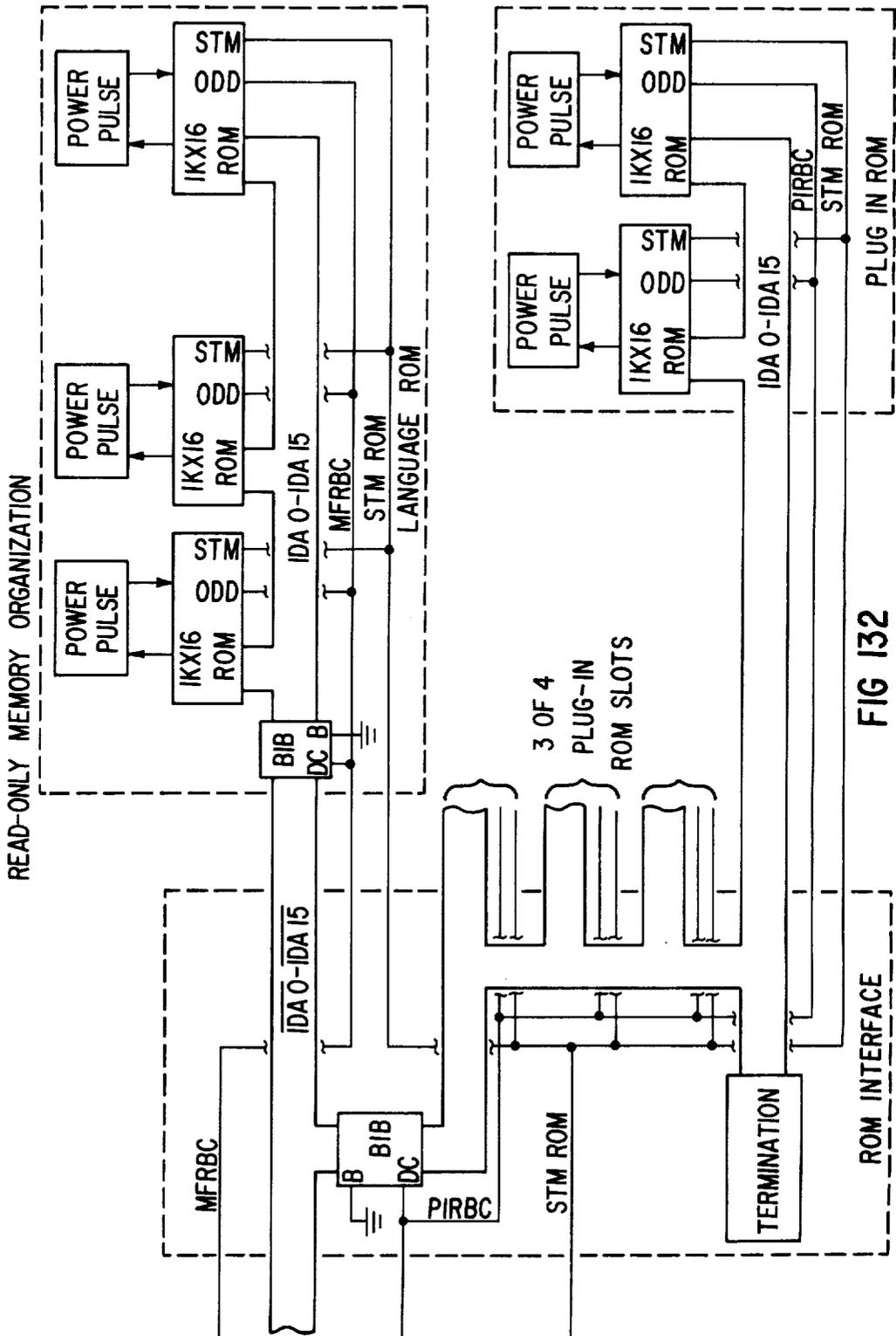


FIG 132

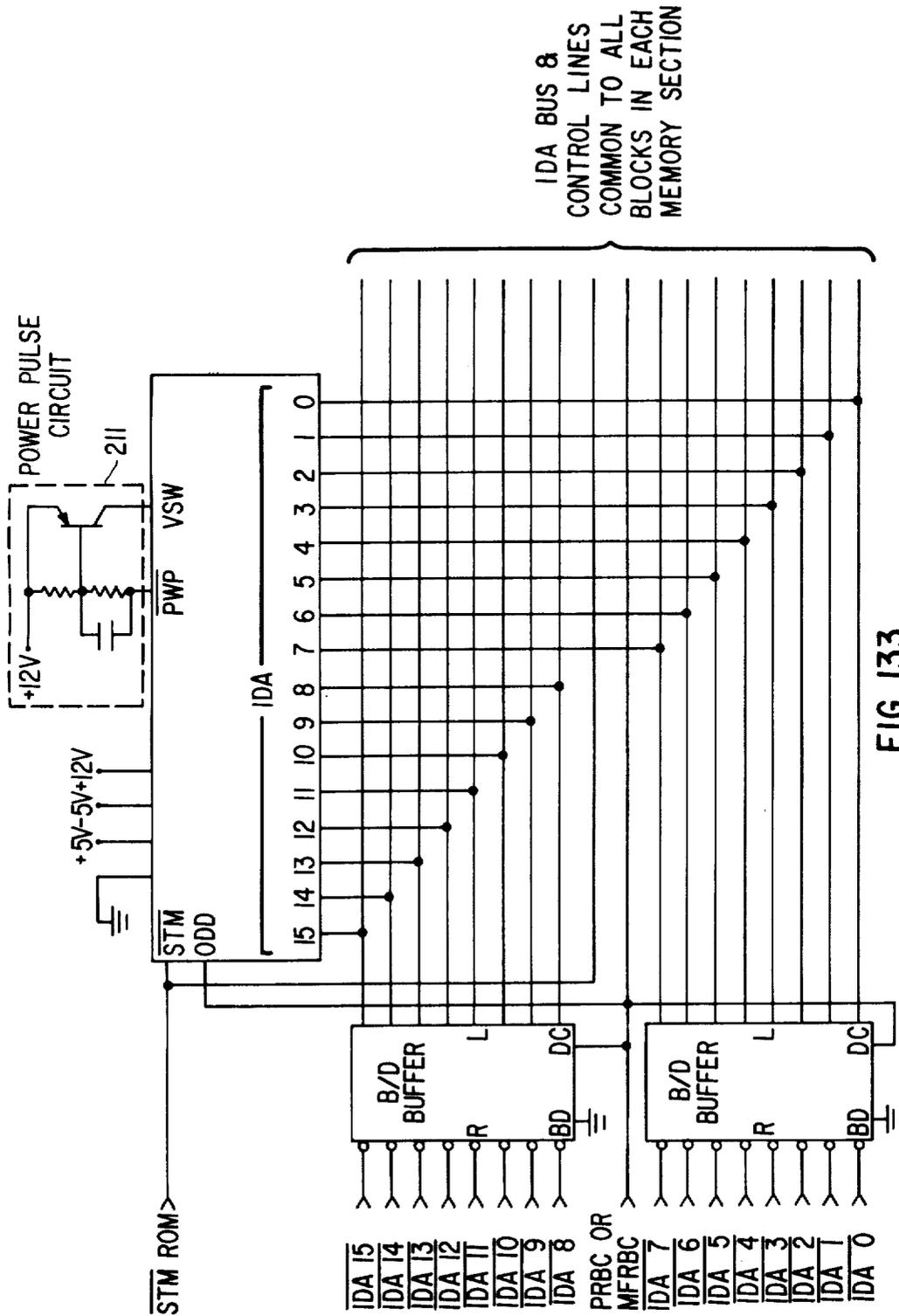


FIG 133

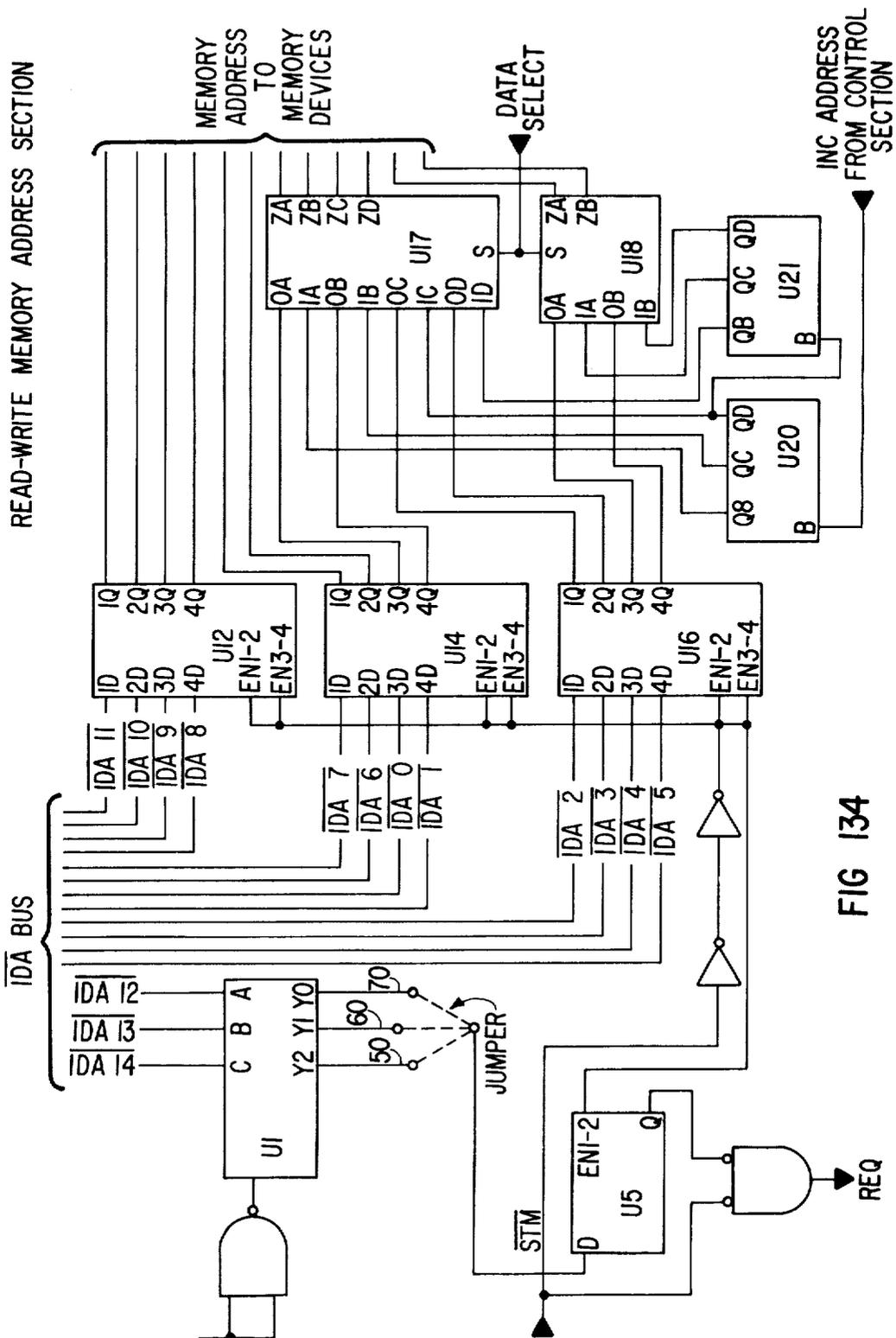


FIG 134

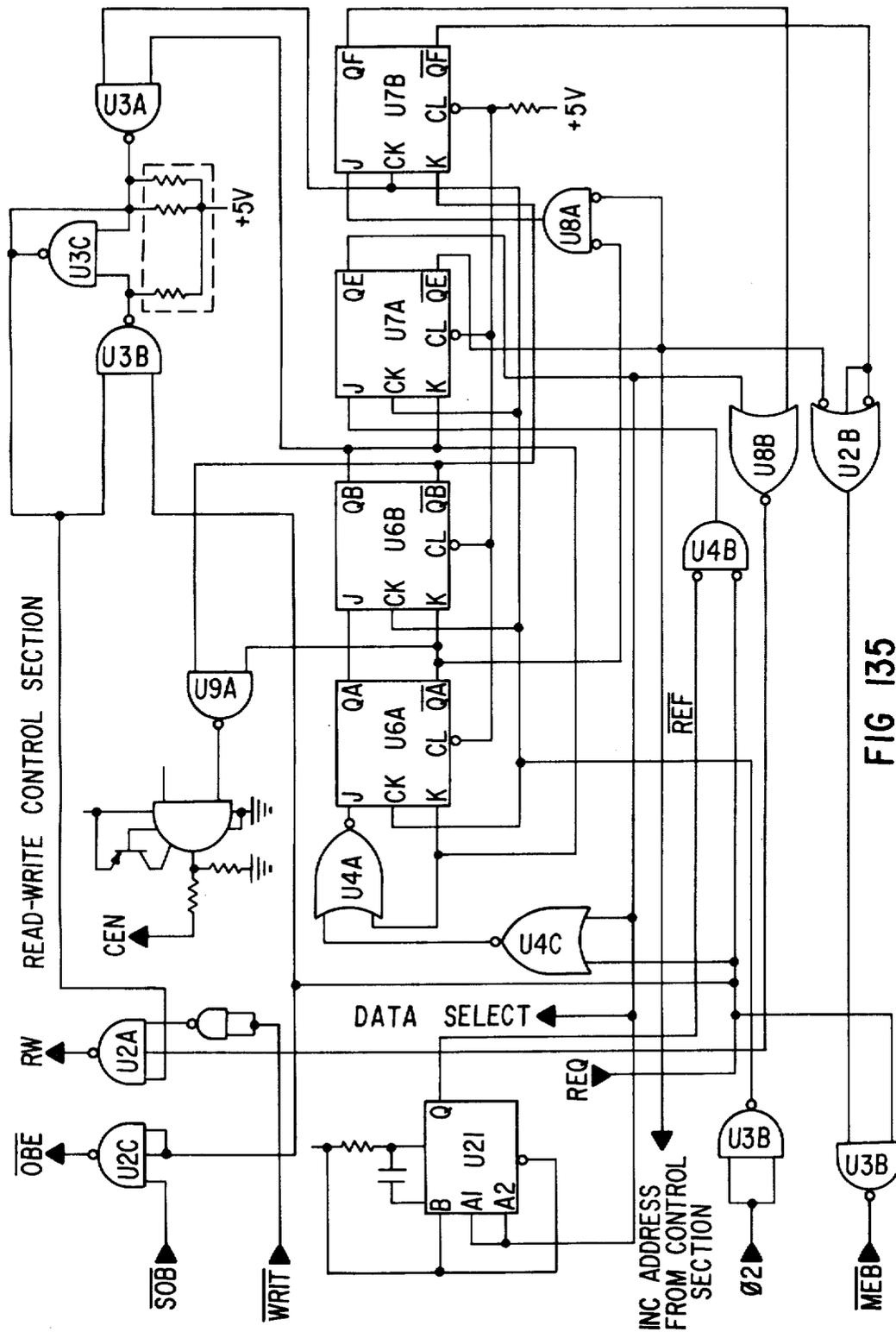
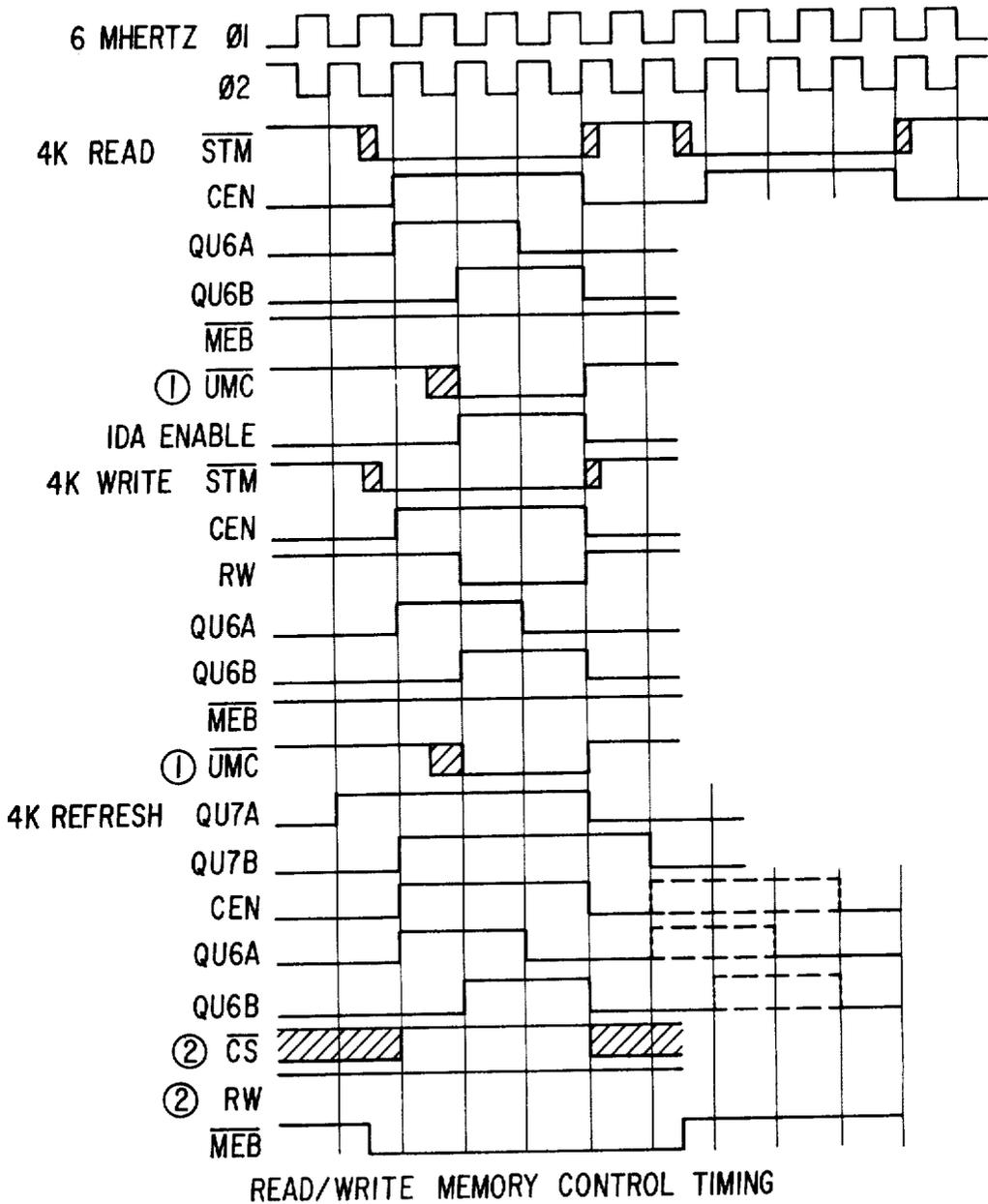


FIG 135



- ① UMC IS GIVEN BY MEMORY TIMING AND CONTROL CIRCUIT.
- ② CS AND RW ARE NECESSARY DURING A REFRESH FOR A MOTOROLA OR AMI PART. TI'S PART DOESN'T CARE.

FIG 136

KDP CONTROL I/O INTERFACE

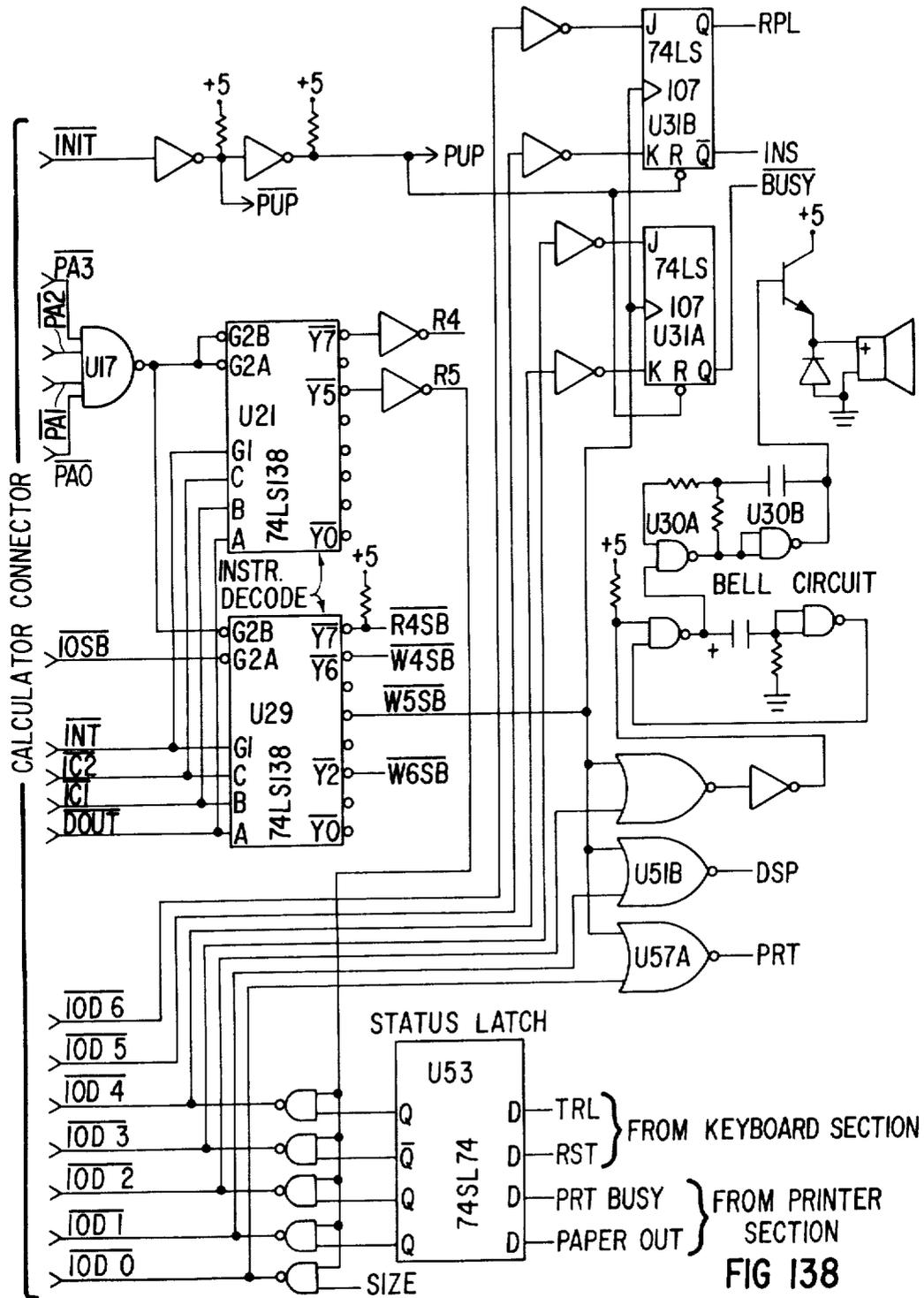
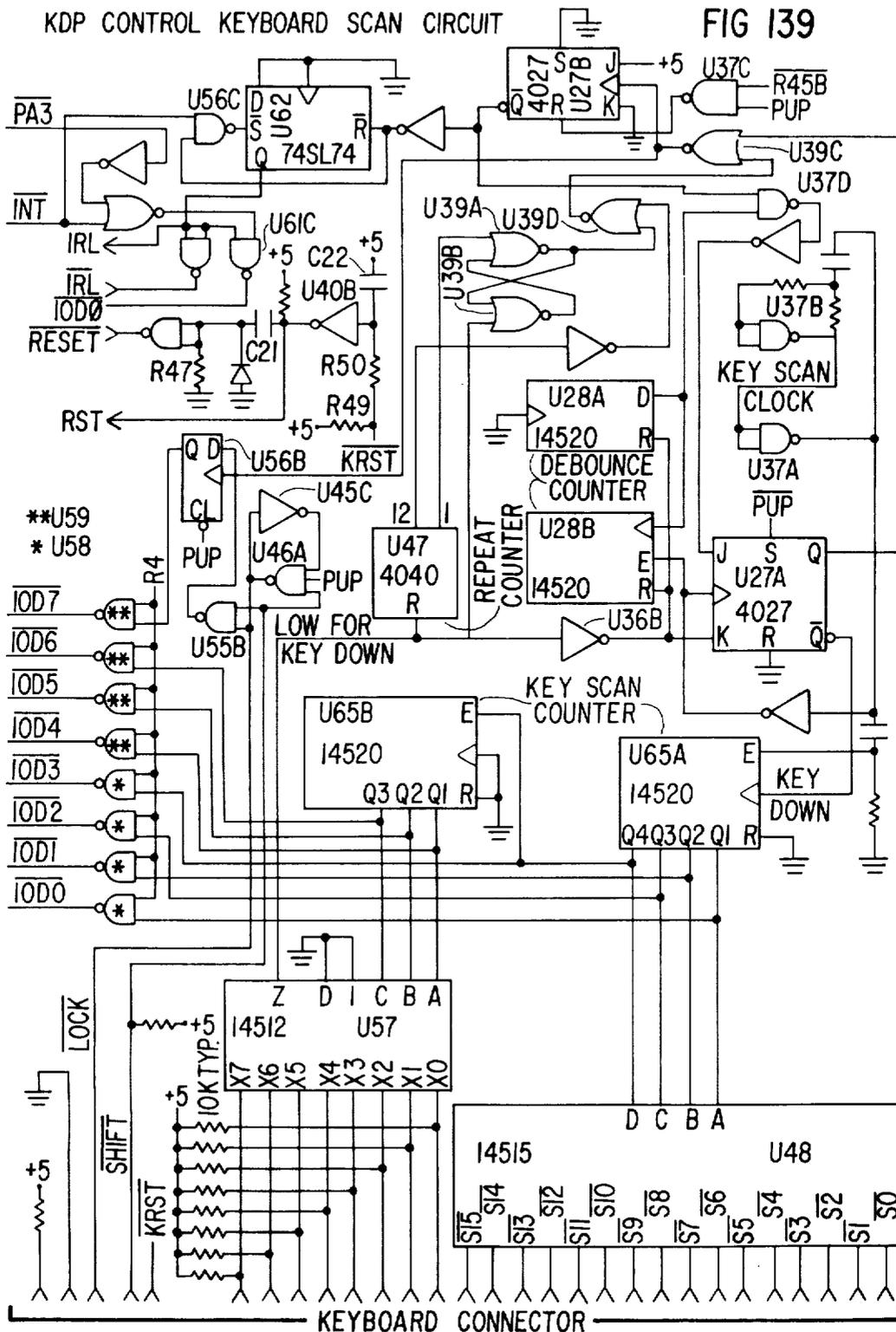
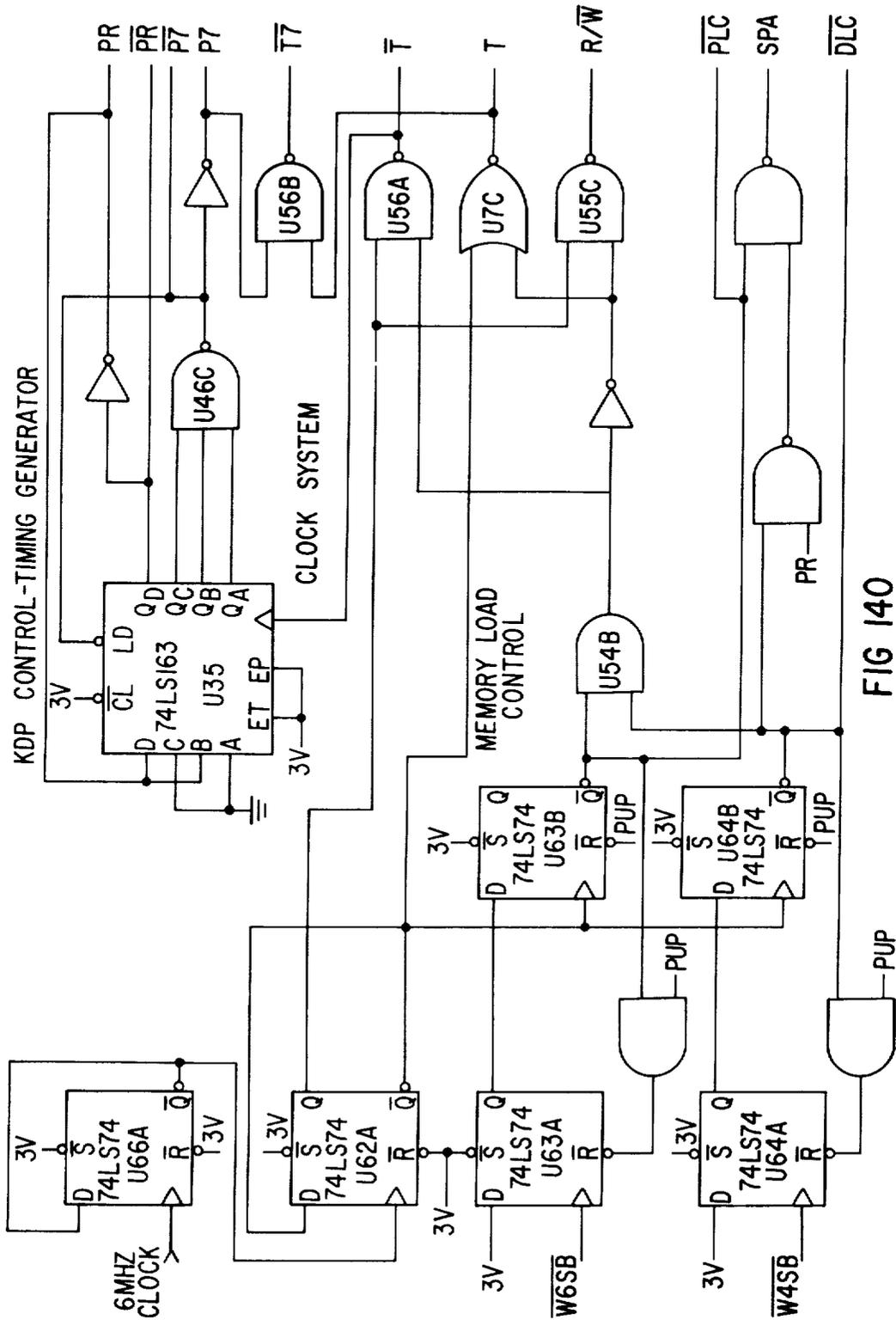


FIG 138

KDP CONTROL KEYBOARD SCAN CIRCUIT

FIG 139

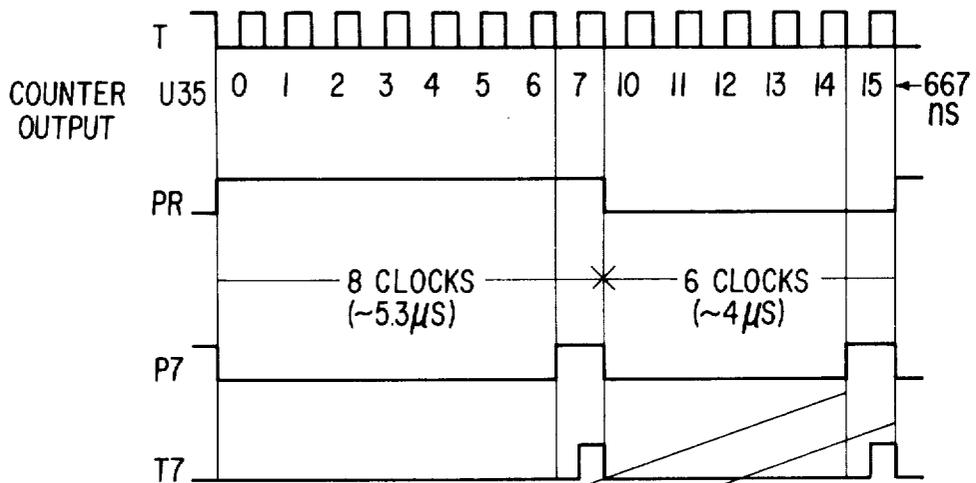




BASIC TIMING

KDP CLOCK IS 1.5 MHZ (DERIVED FROM 6MHZ SYSTEM CLOCK)

MAIN TIMING SIGNALS (COMPLEMENTS ALSO USED)



ROM TIMING

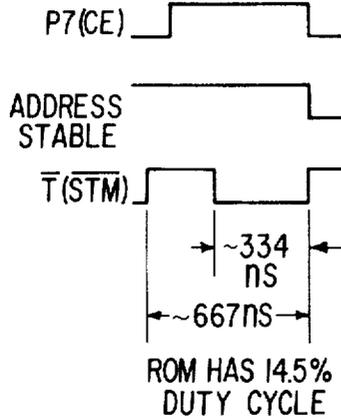


FIG 141

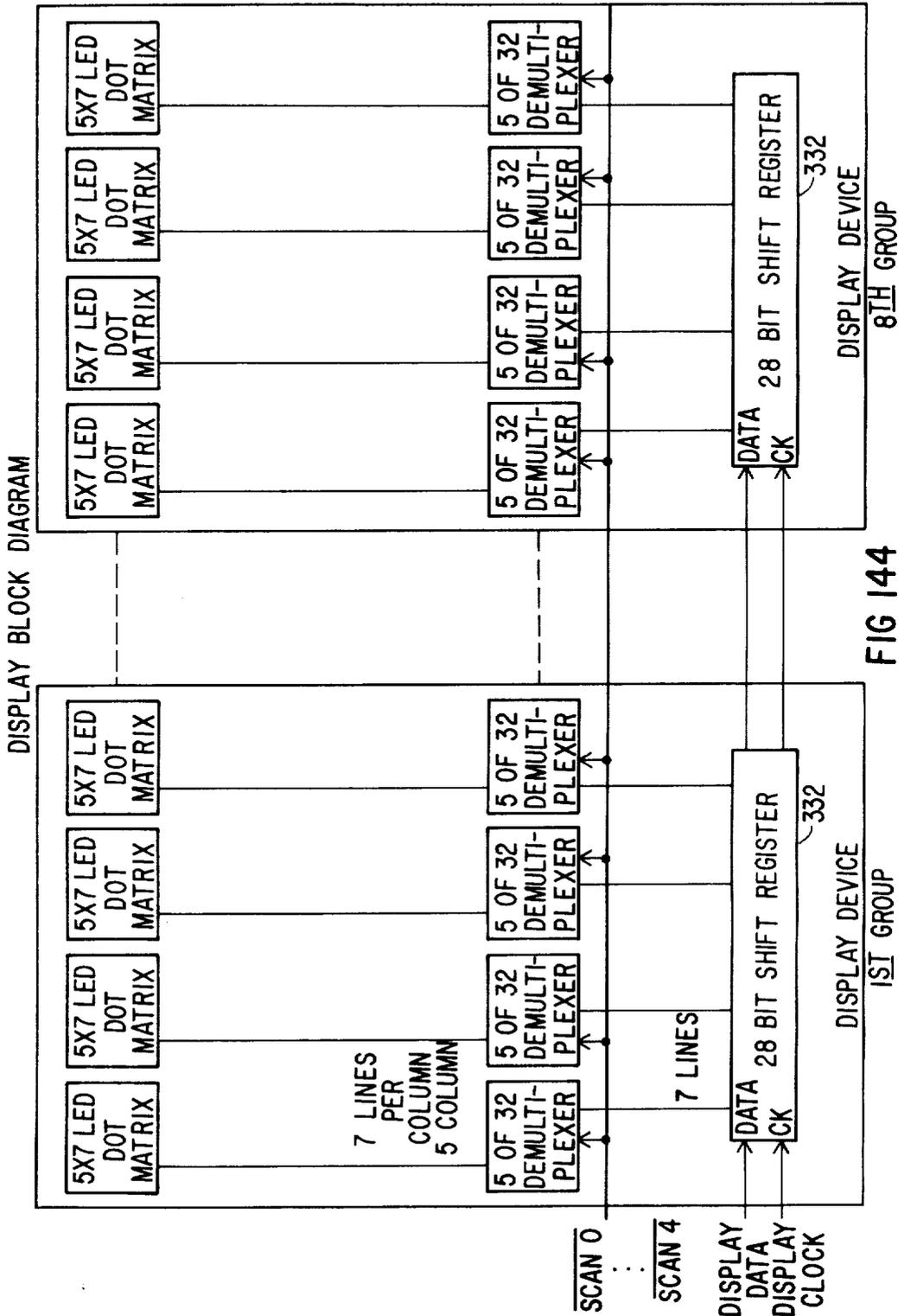


FIG 144

DISPLAY-THESE SIGNALS APPEAR ONLY IF DISPLAY HAS BEEN ENABLED

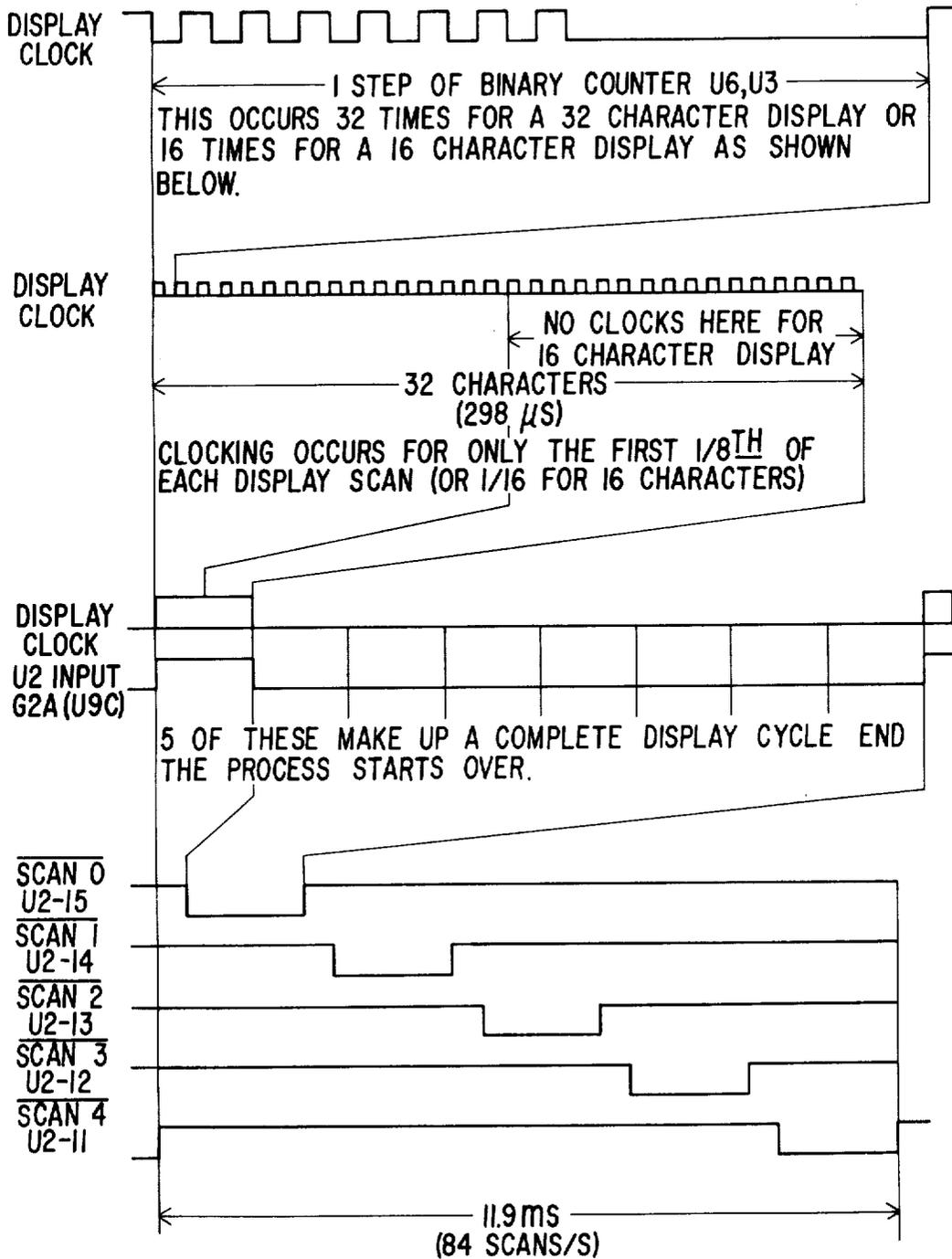
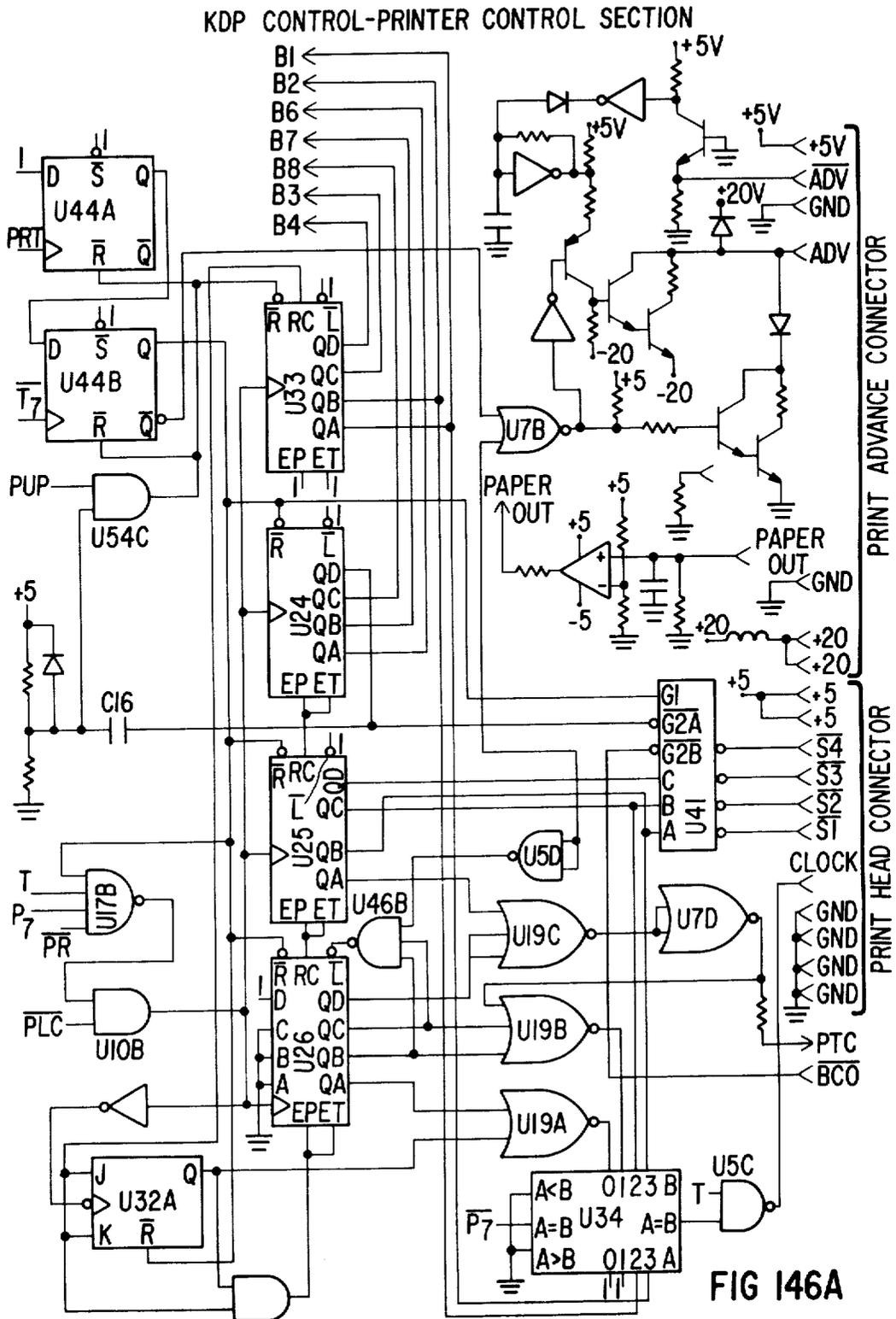


FIG 145



PRINTER BLOCK DIAGRAM

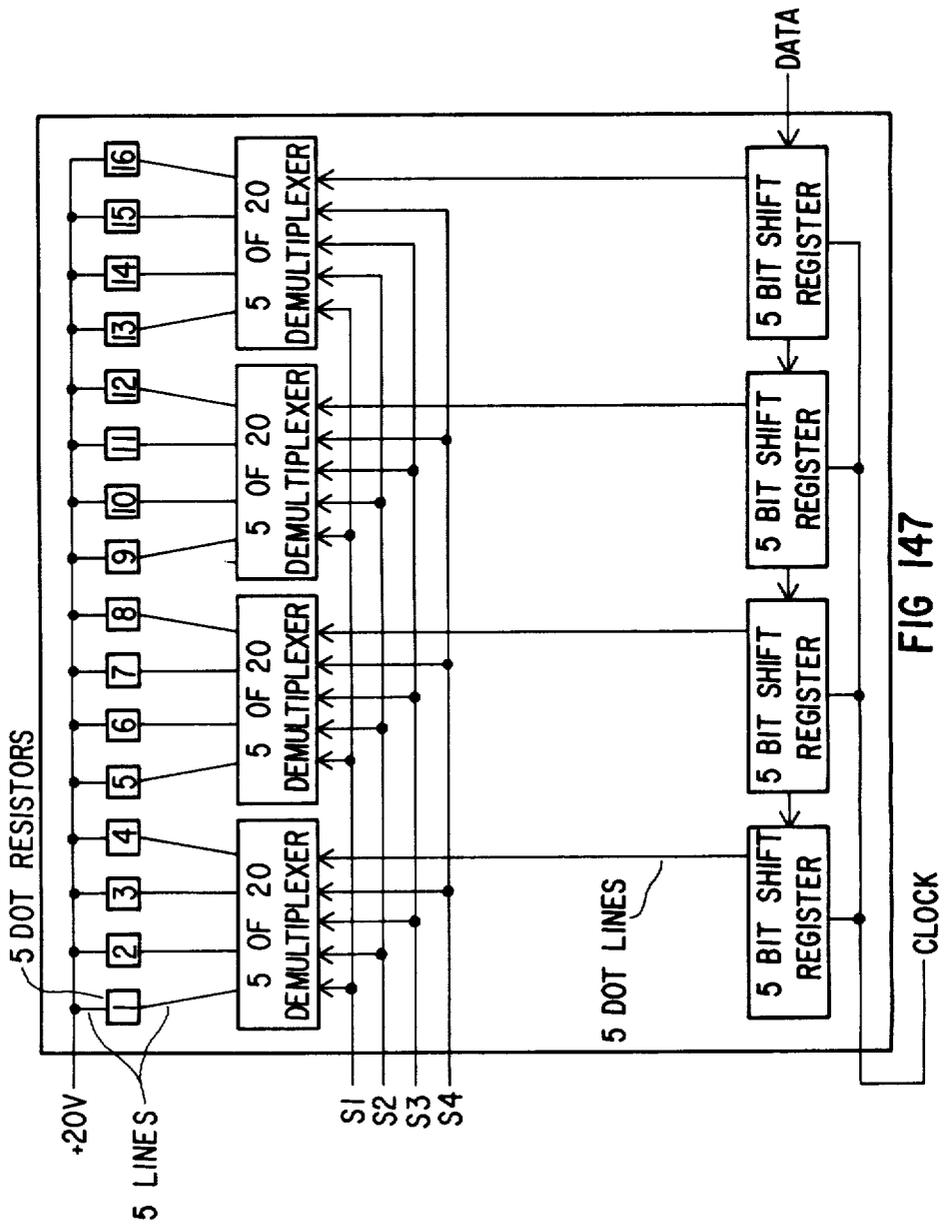


FIG 147

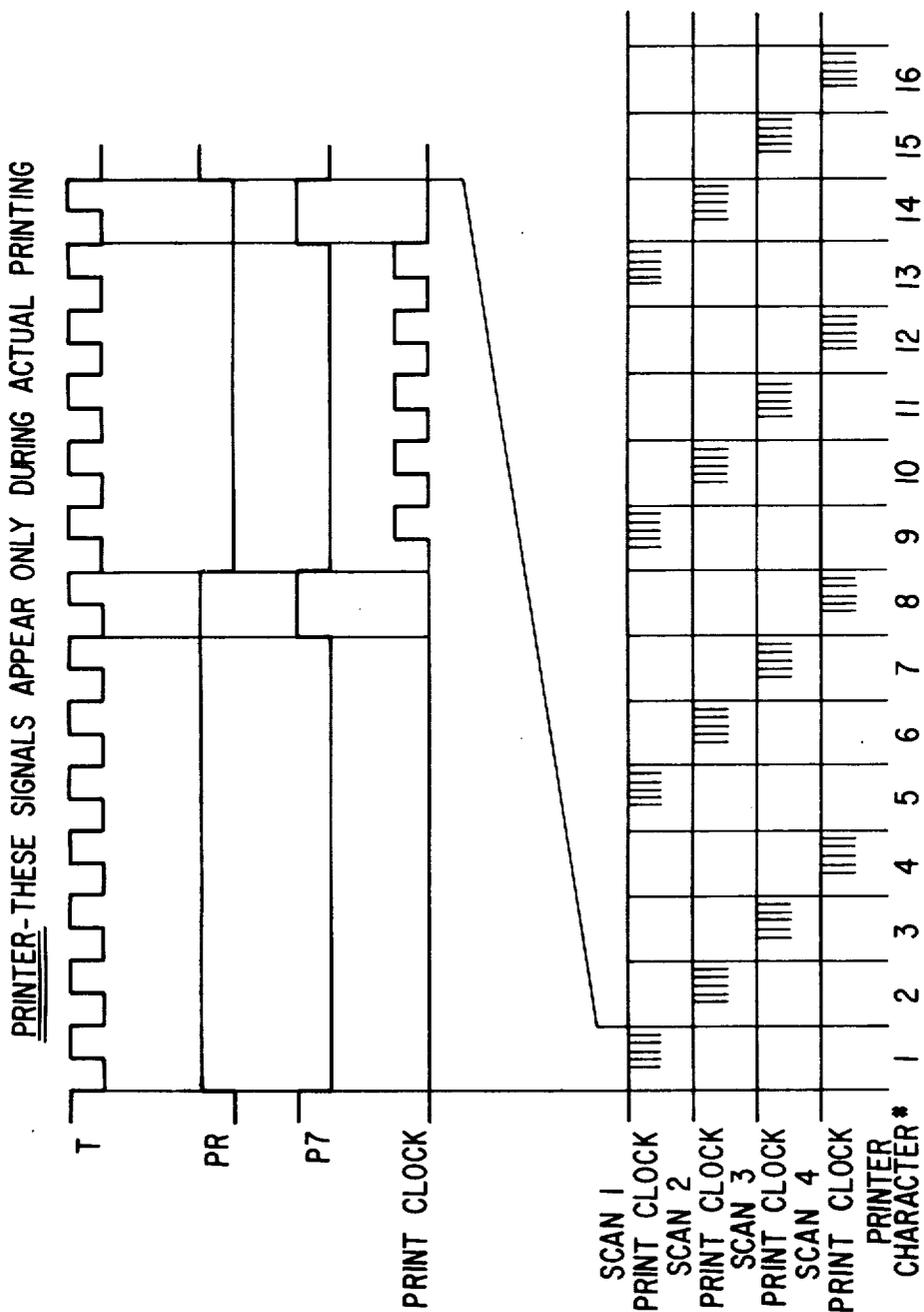


FIG 148A

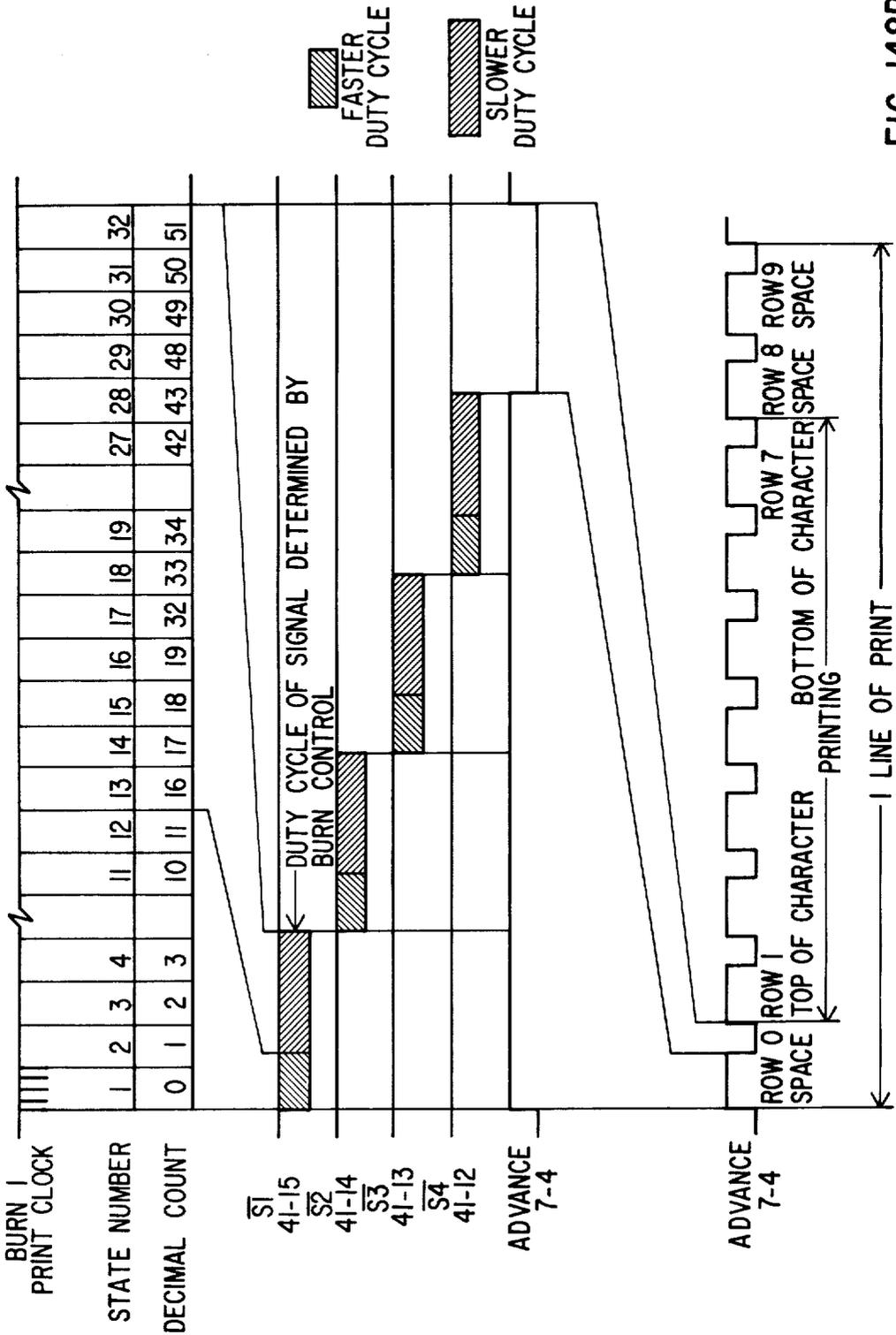


FIG 148B

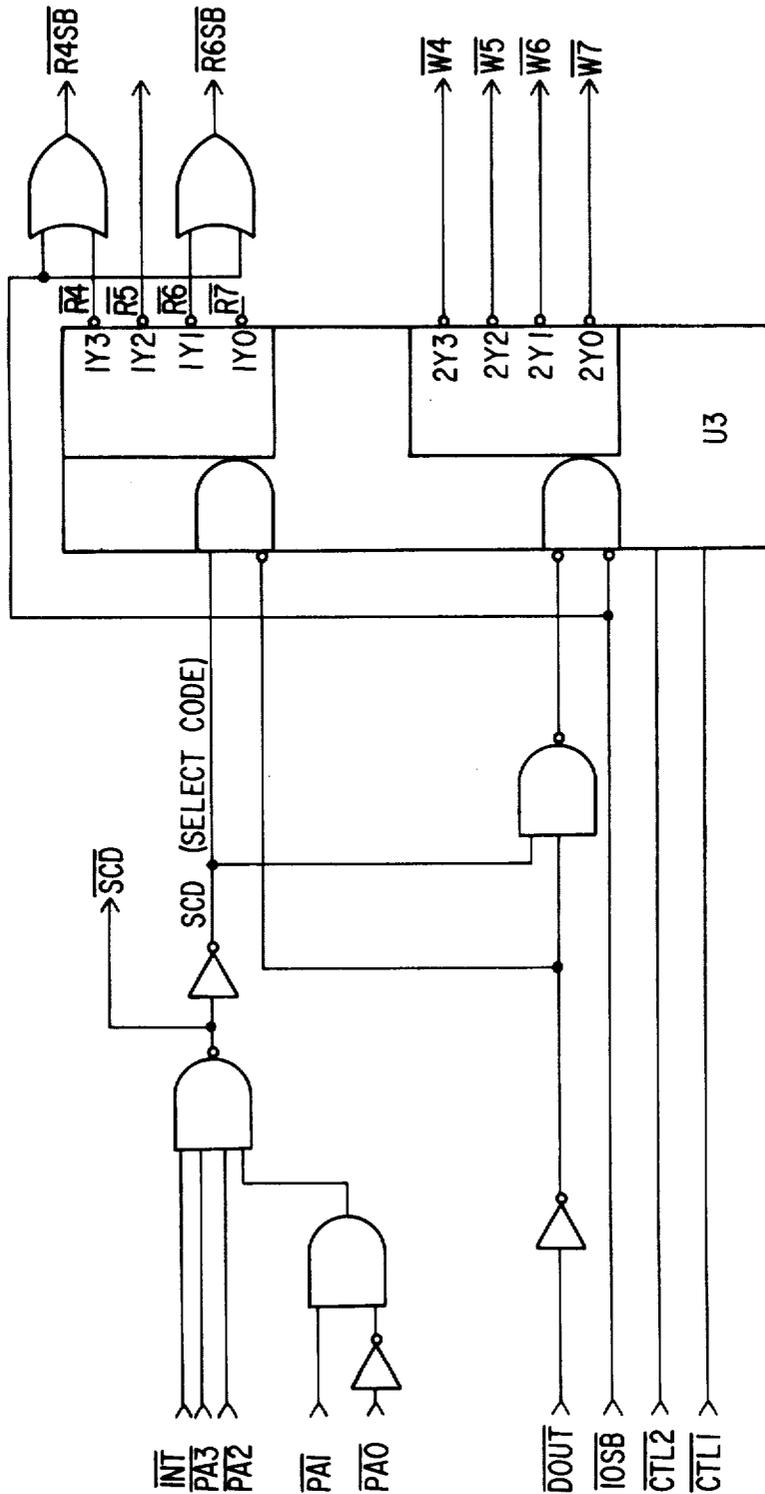


FIG 149A

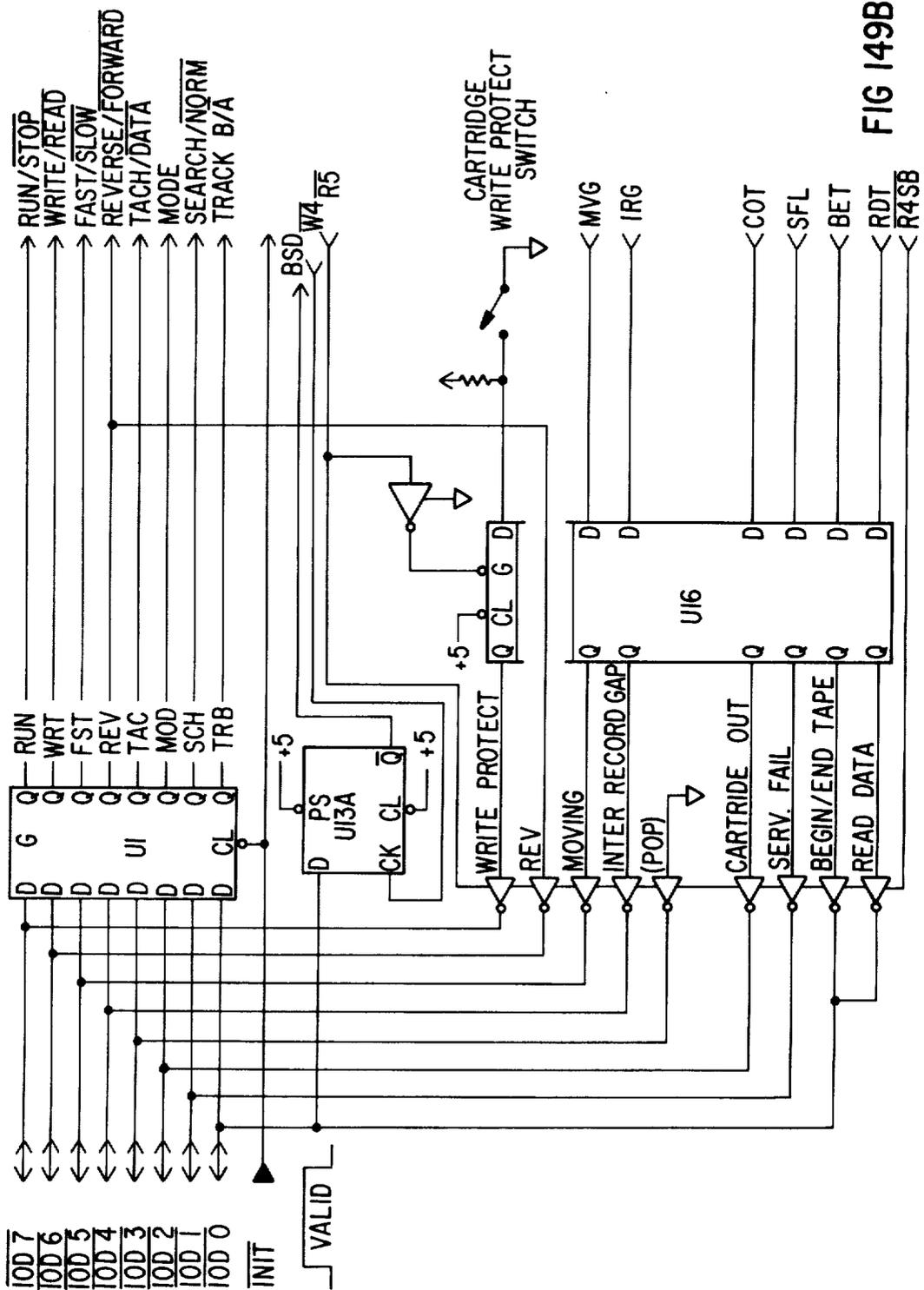


FIG 149B

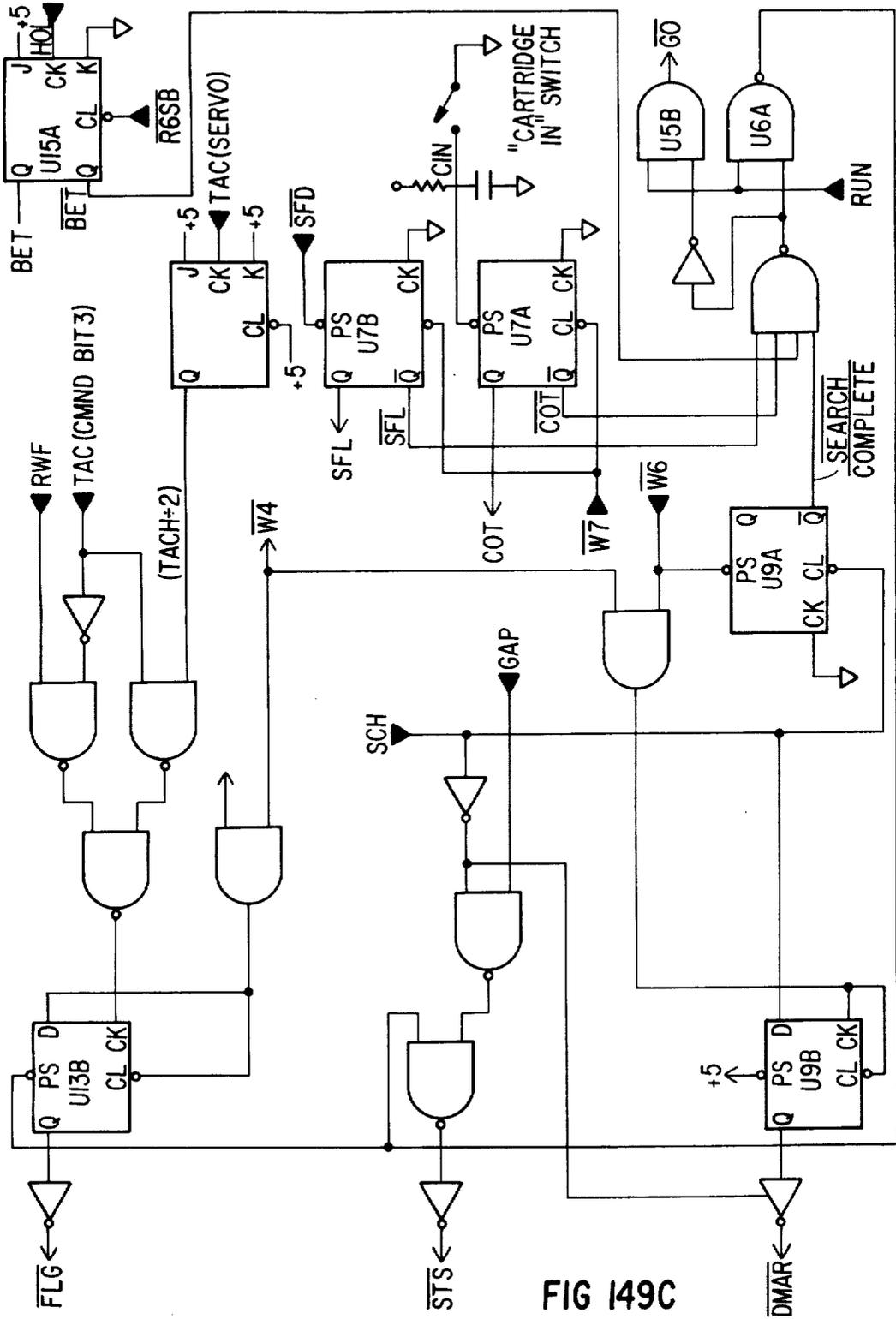


FIG 149C

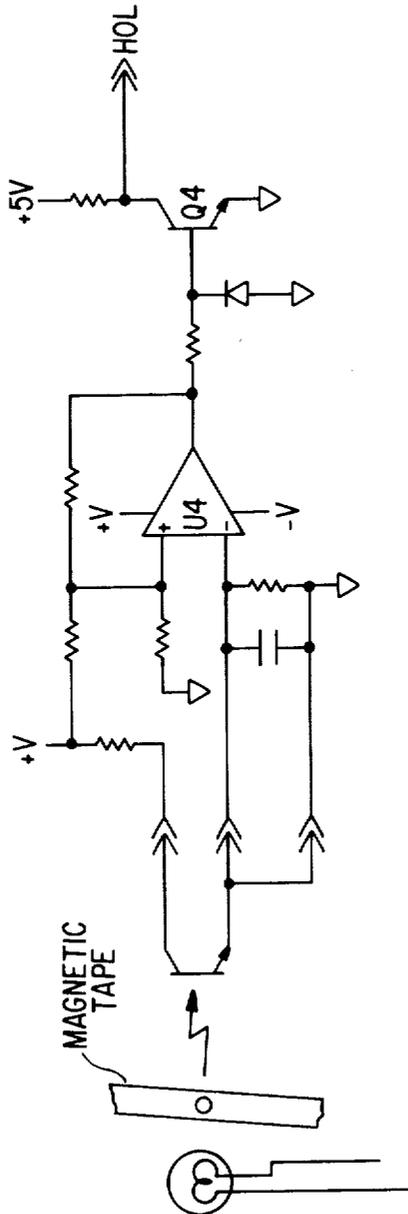


FIG 150

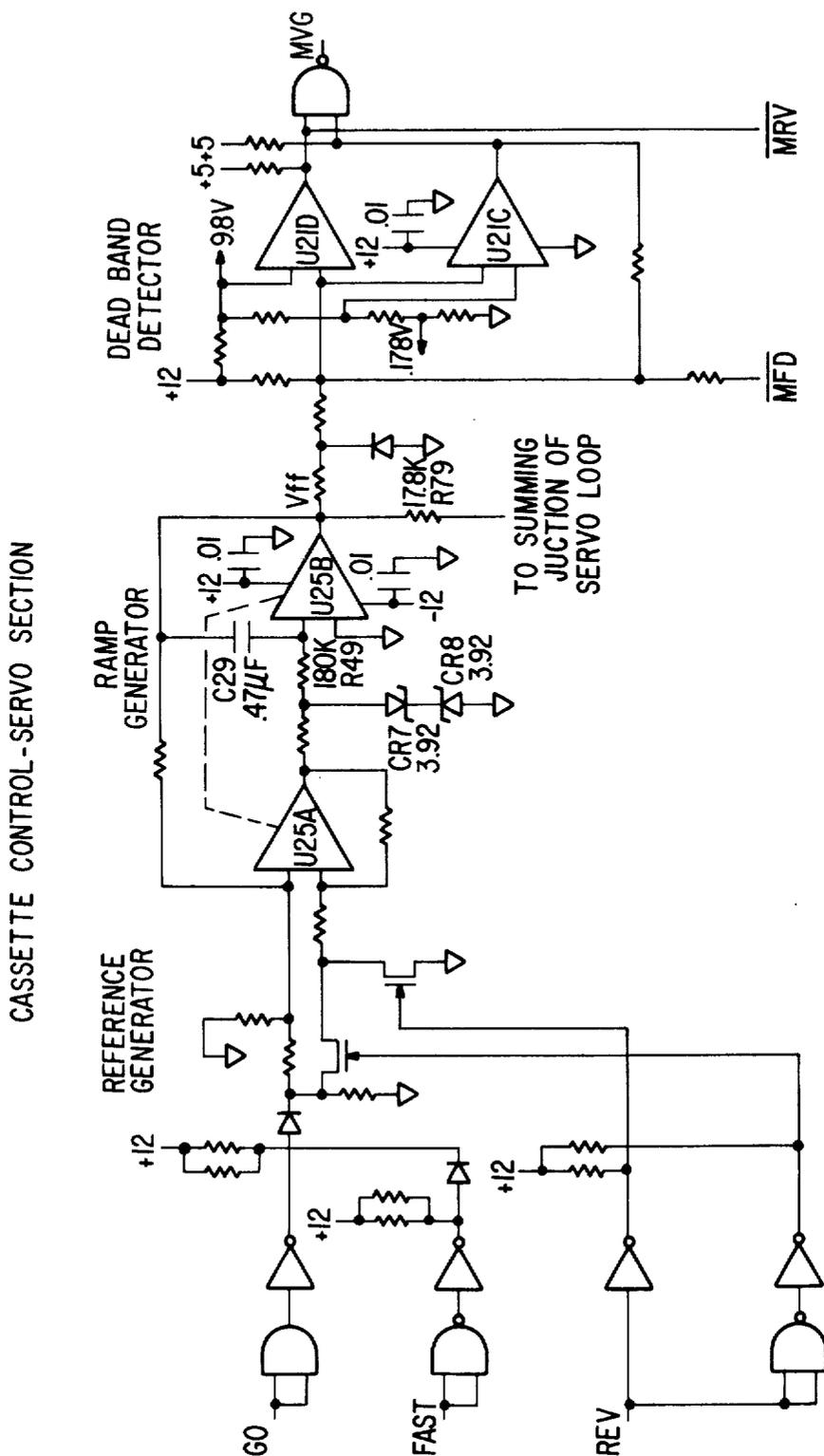


FIG 151A

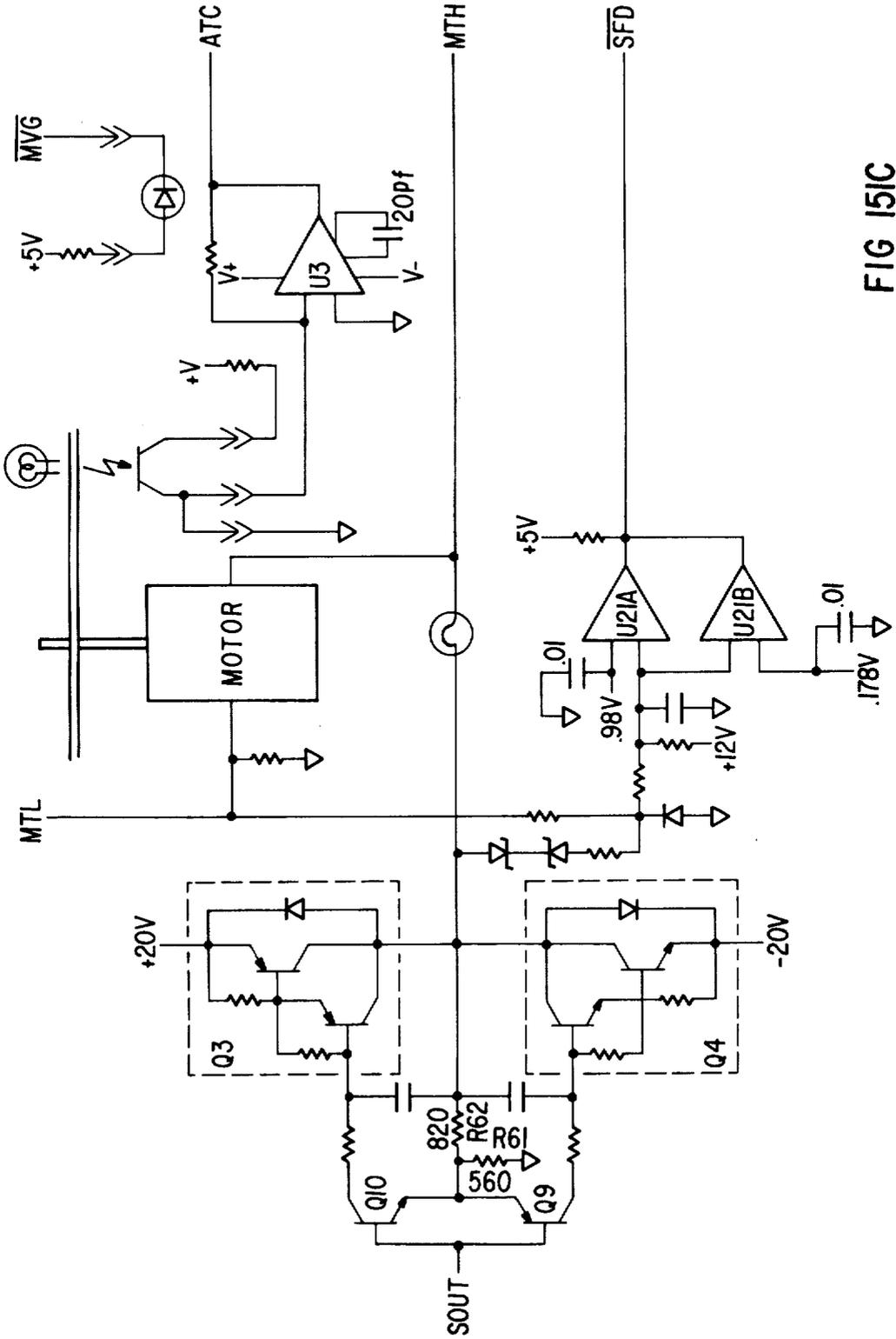


FIG 151C

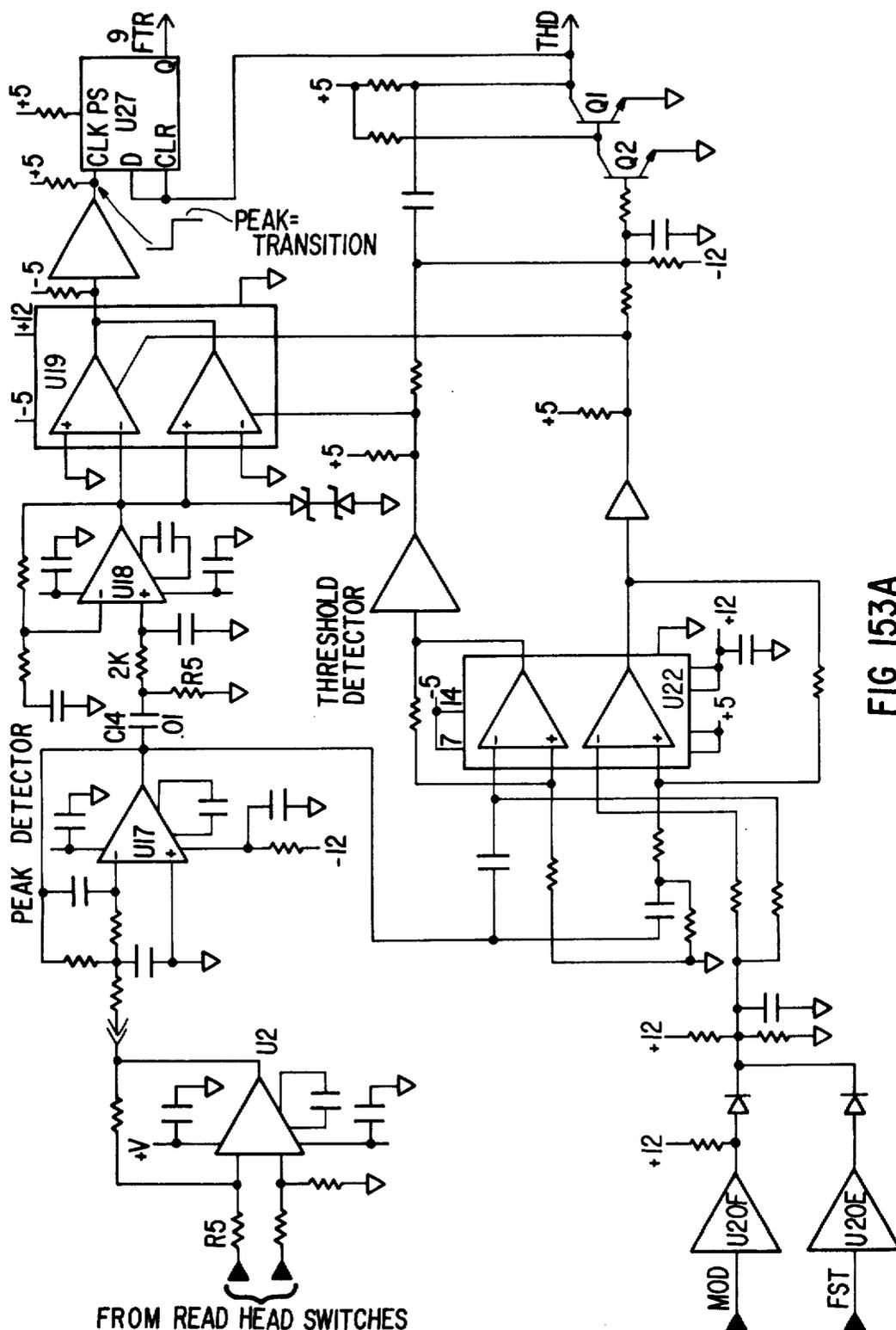


FIG 153A

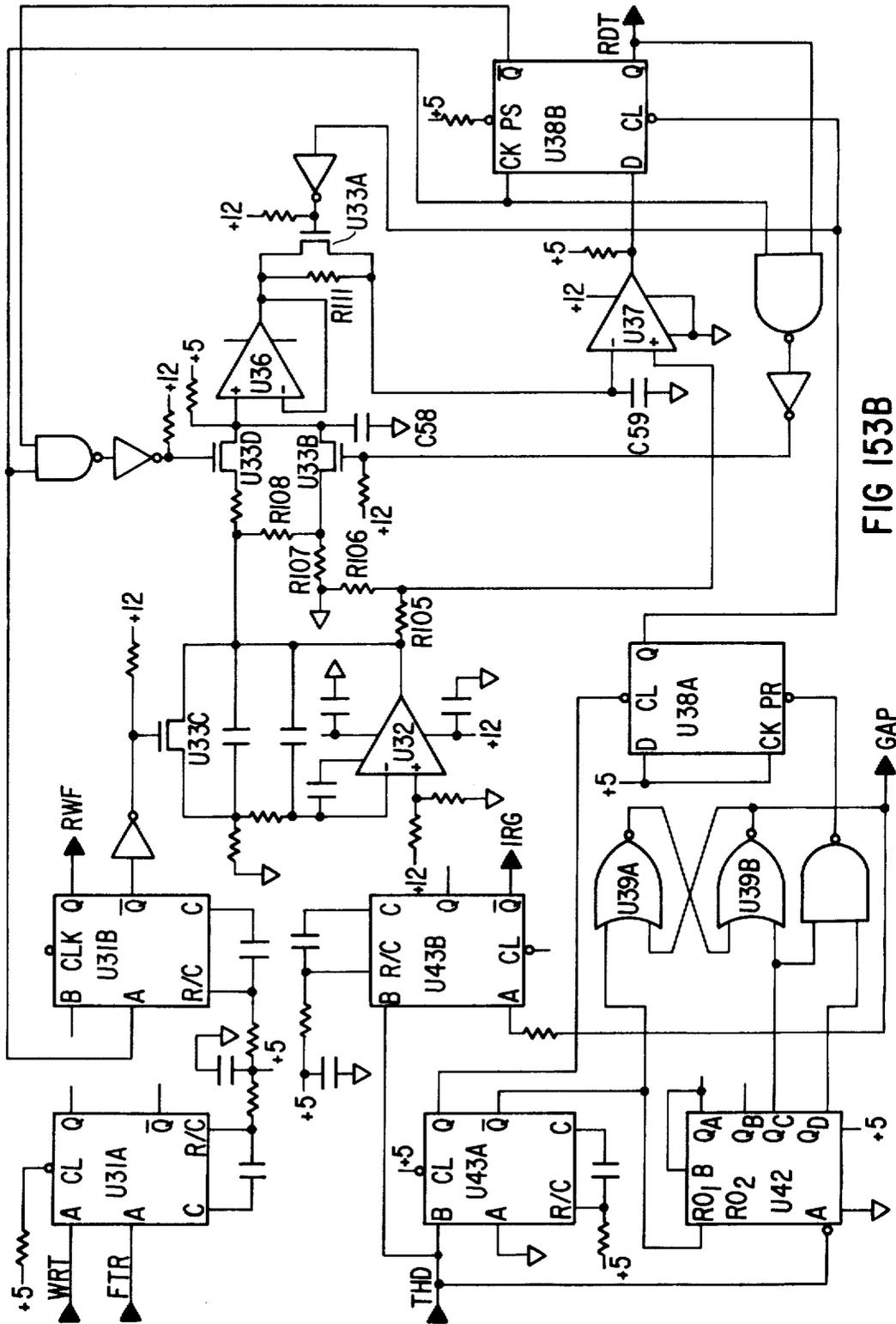


FIG 153B

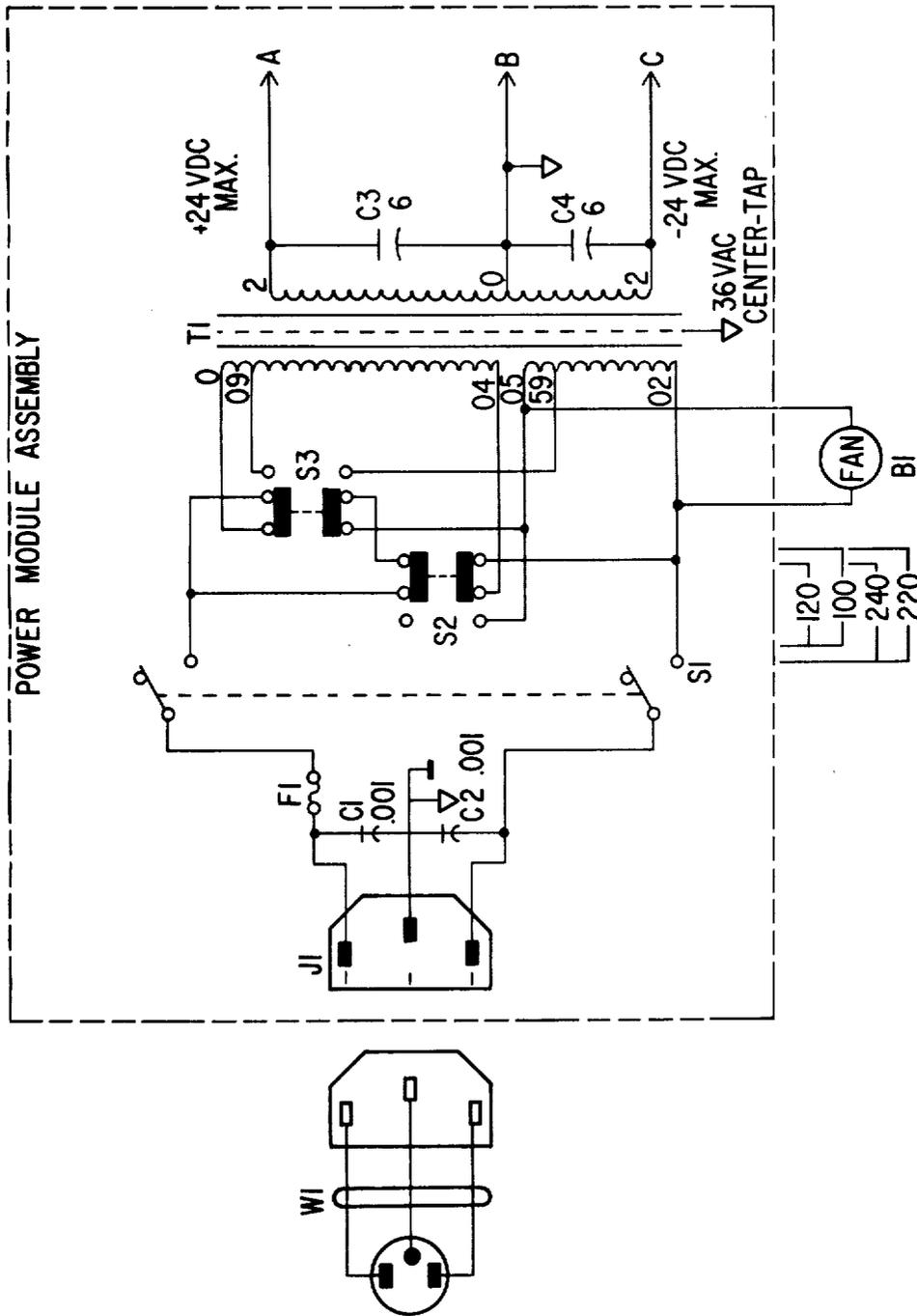


FIG 154A

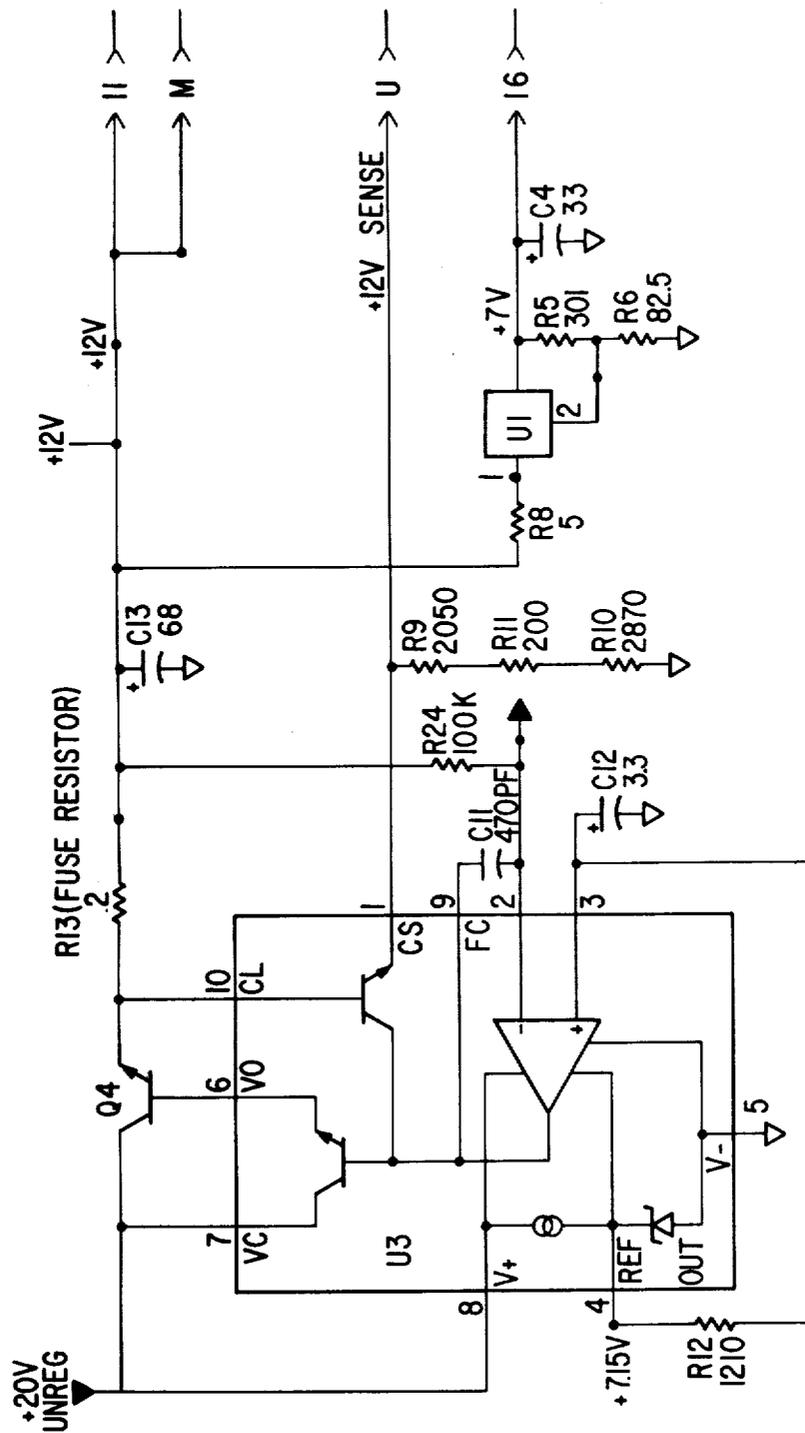


FIG 154C

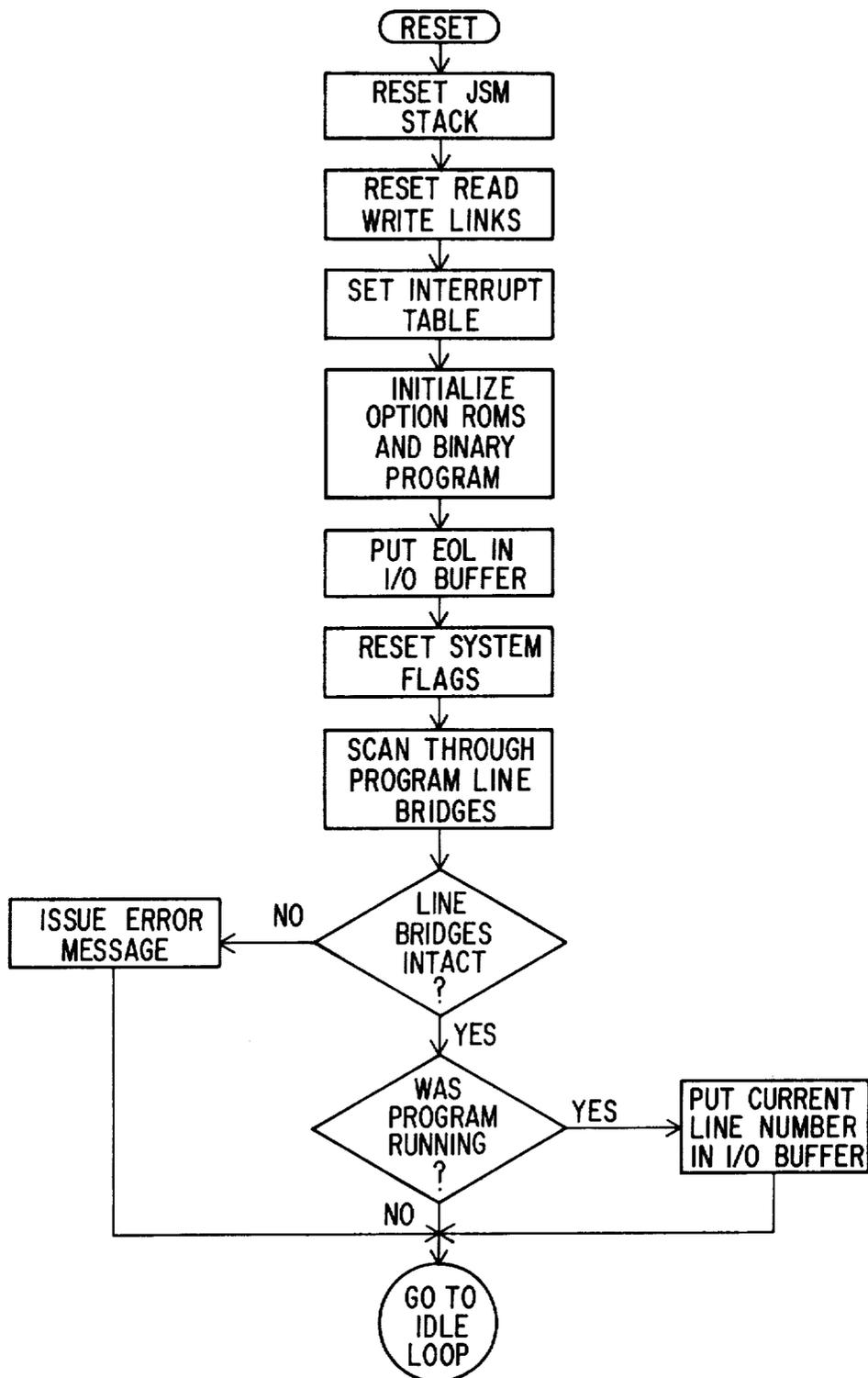


FIG 155

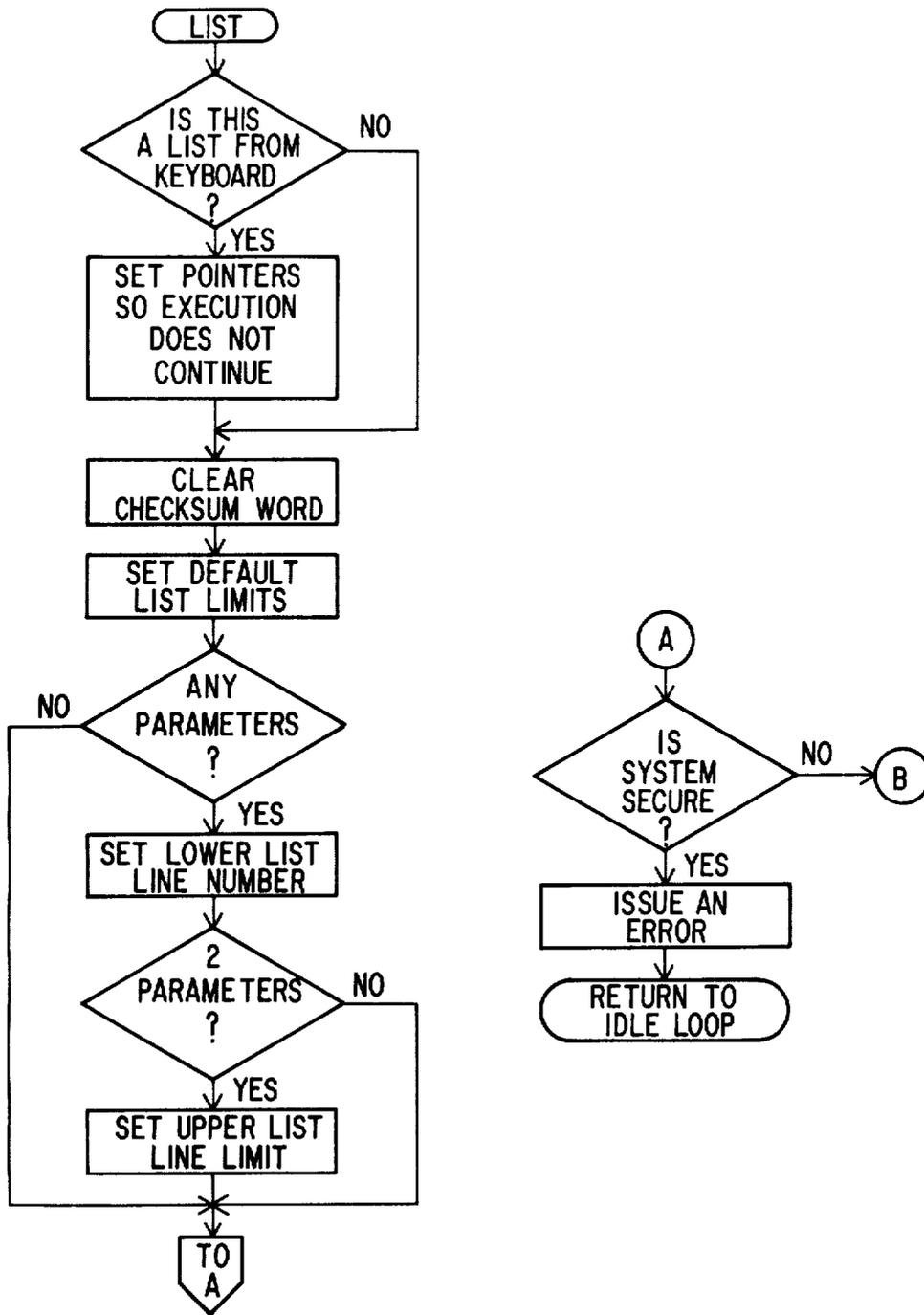


FIG 156A

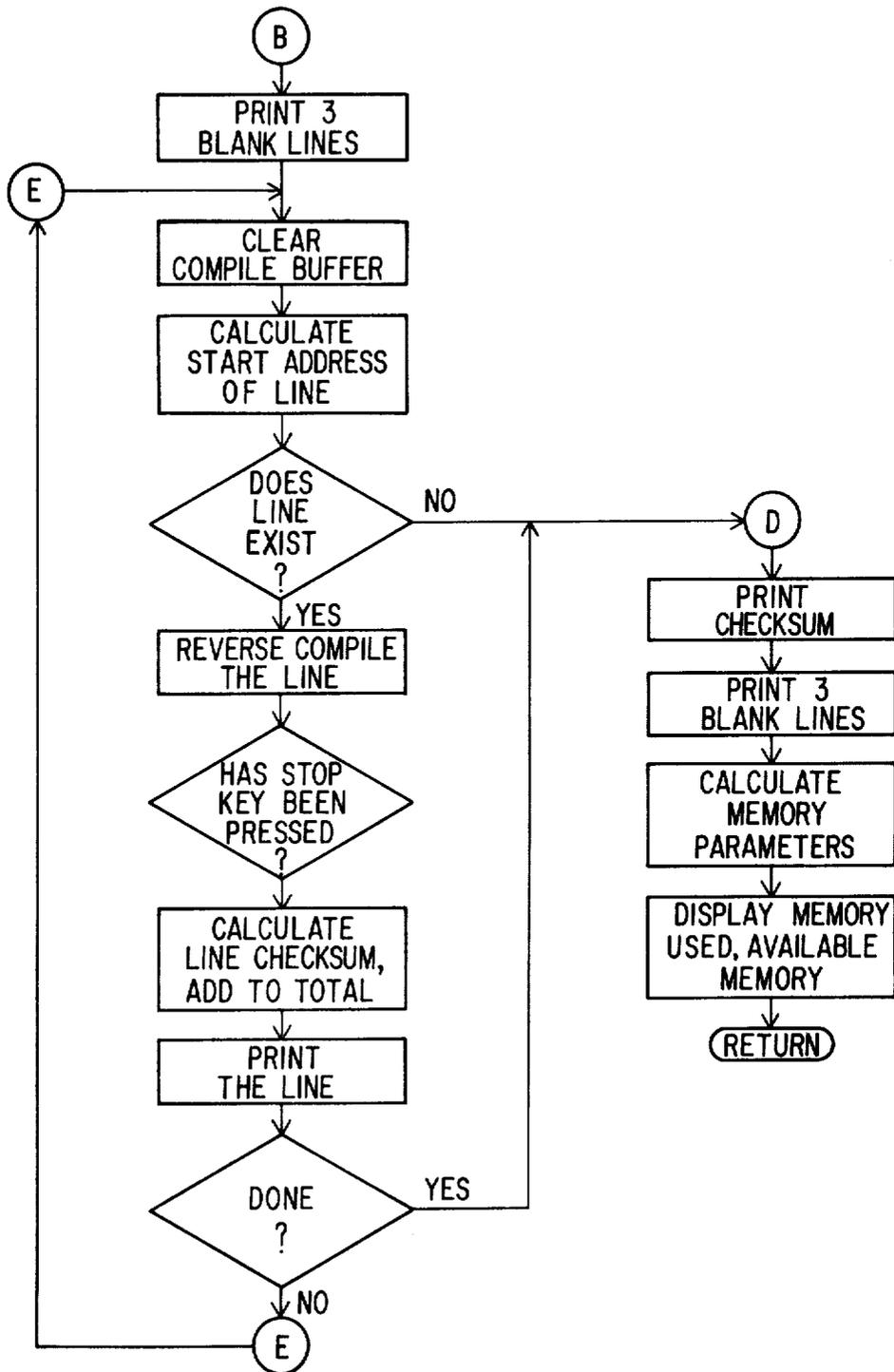


FIG 156B

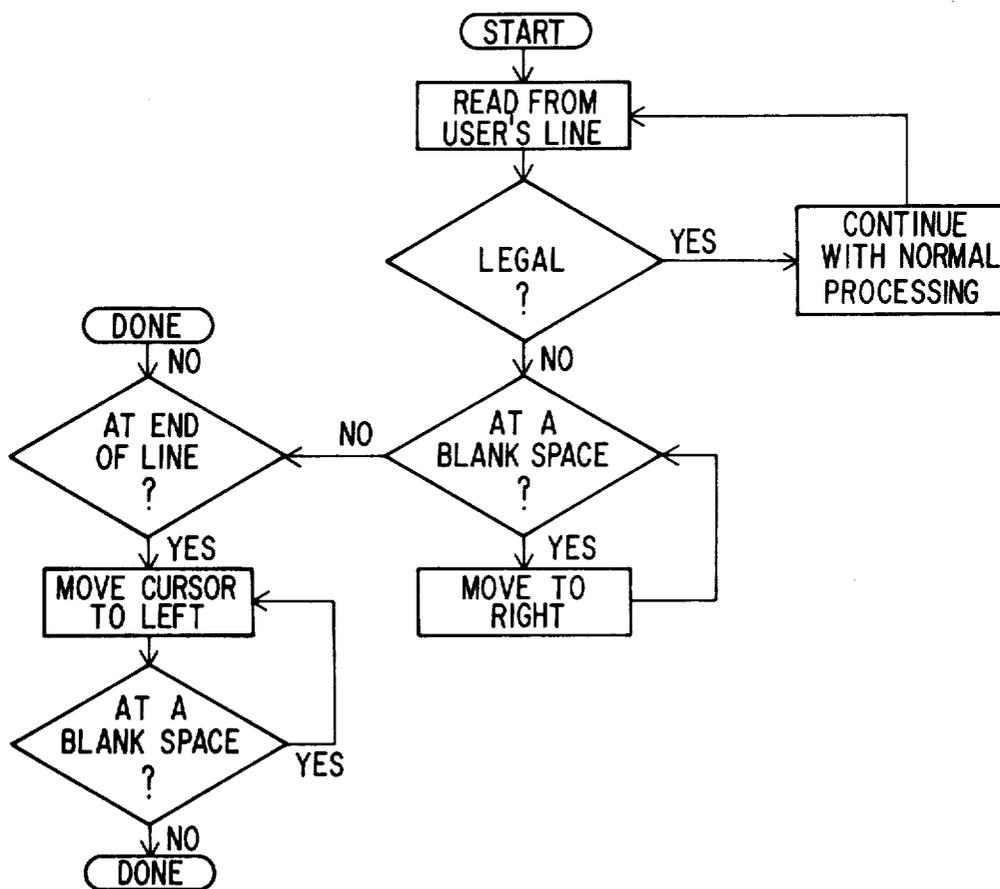


FIG 157

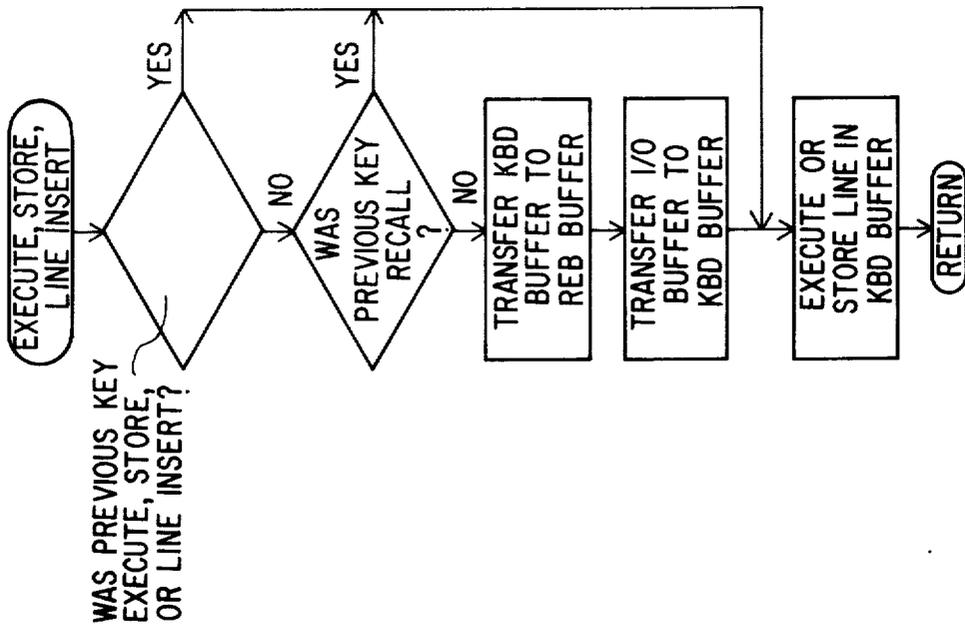
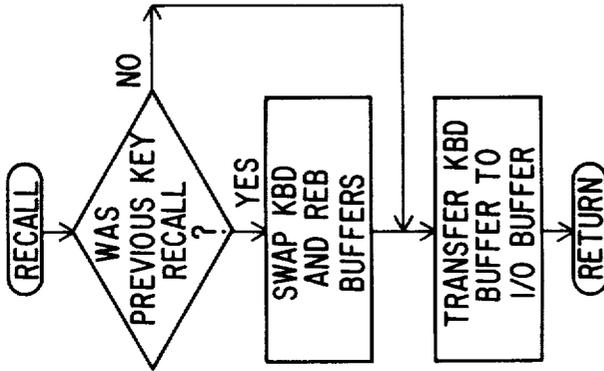


FIG 158A

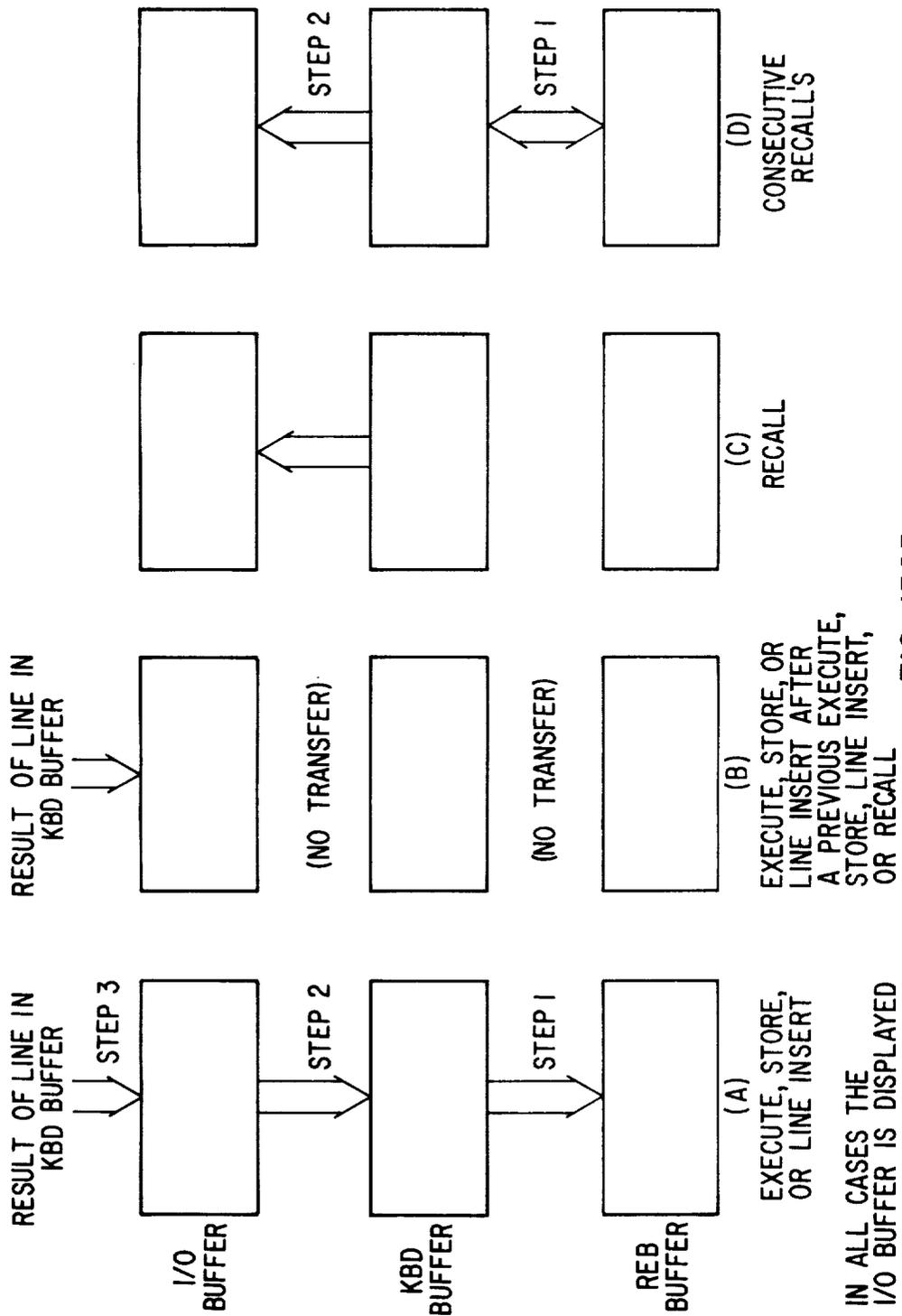


FIG 158B

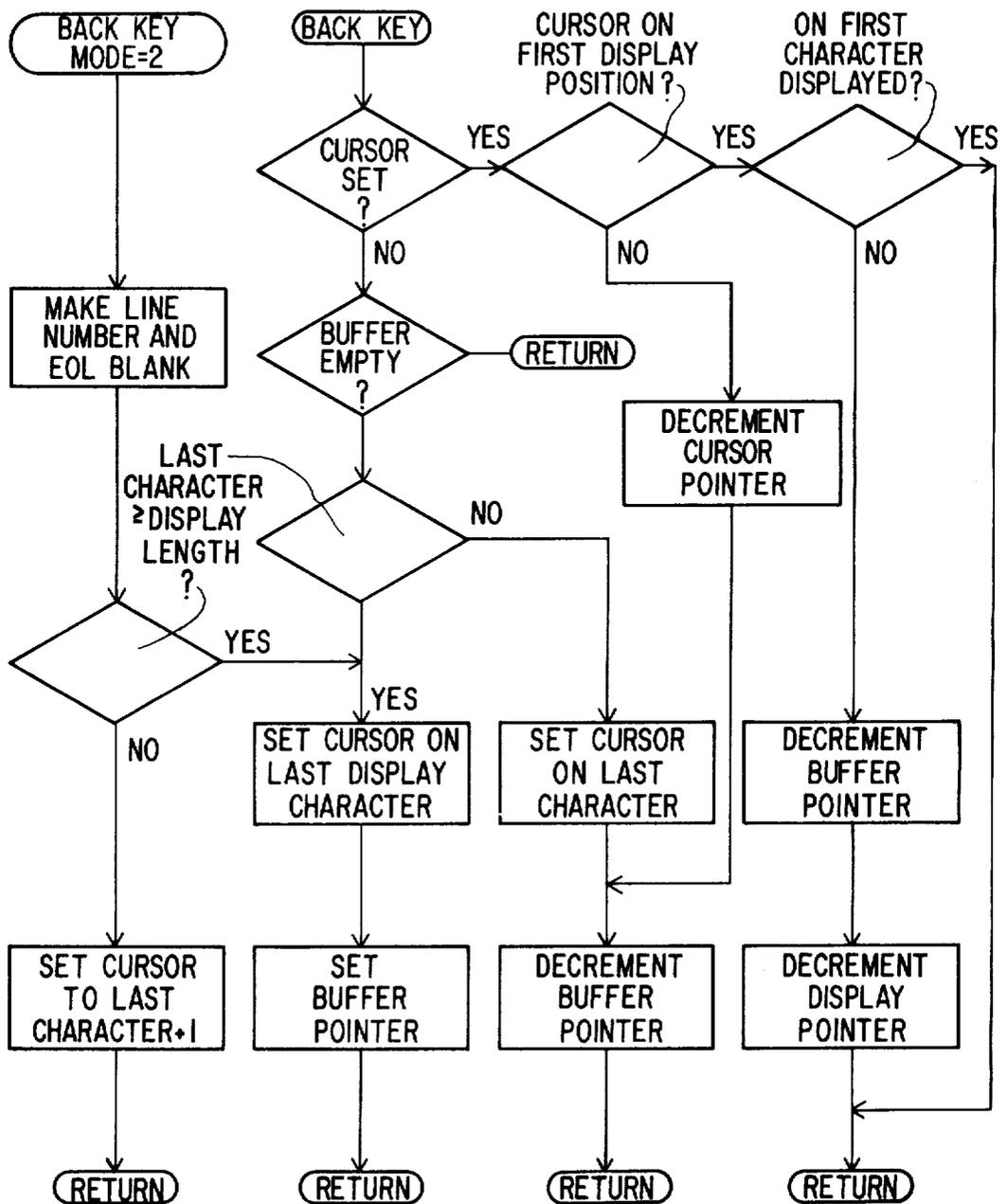


FIG 159A

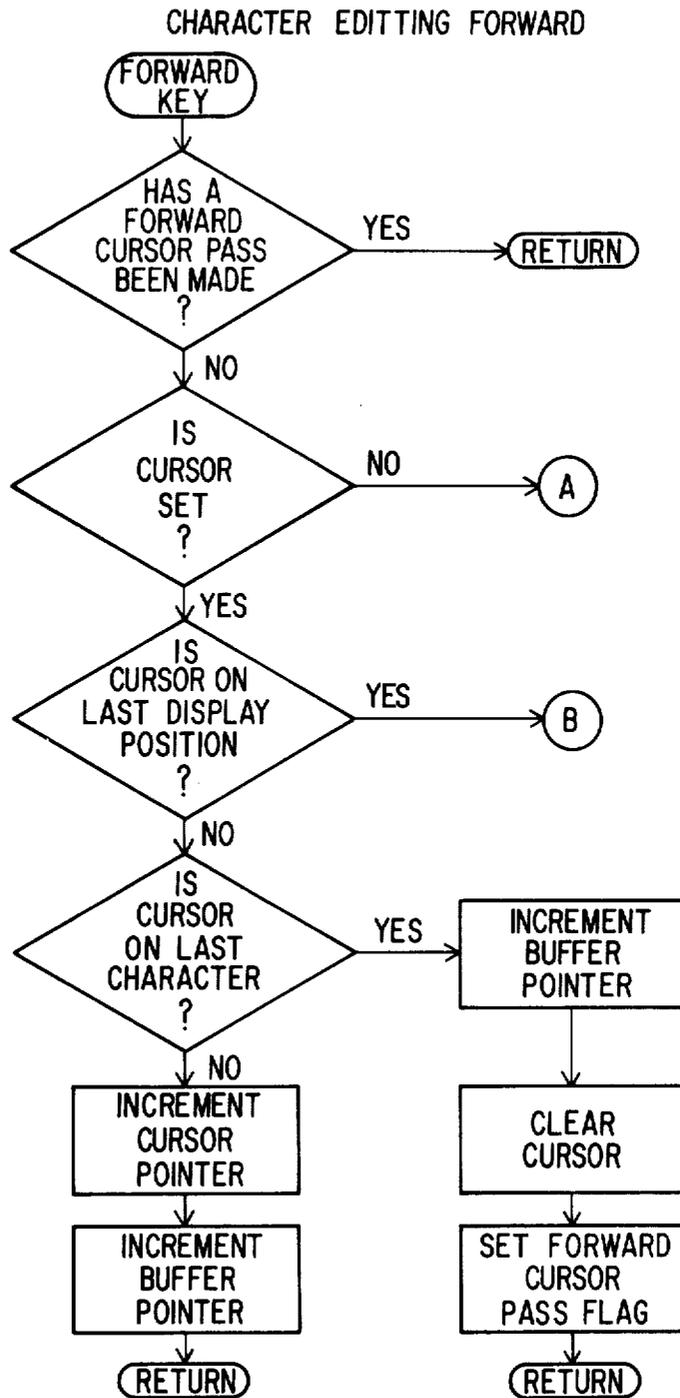


FIG I59B

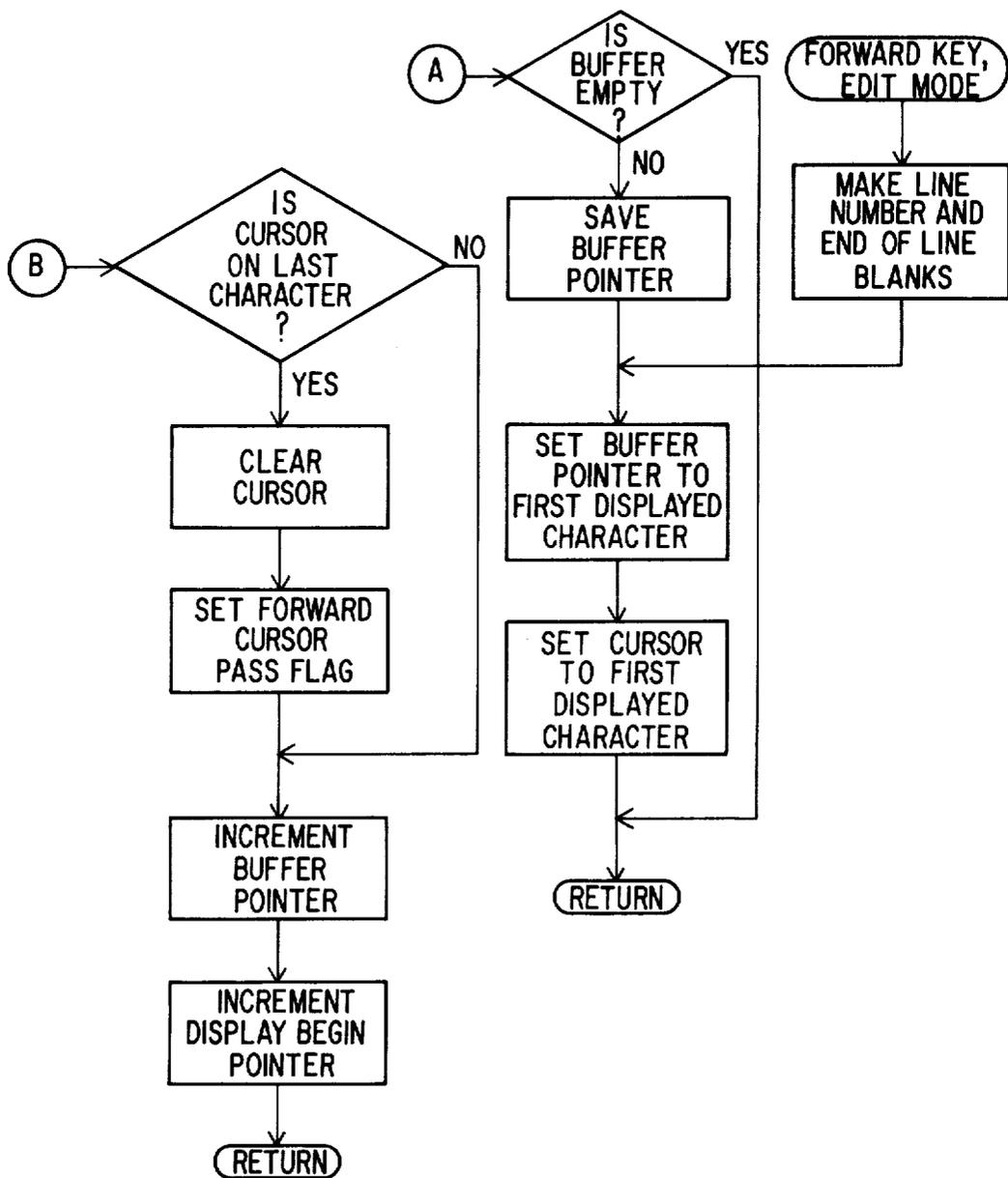


FIG 159C

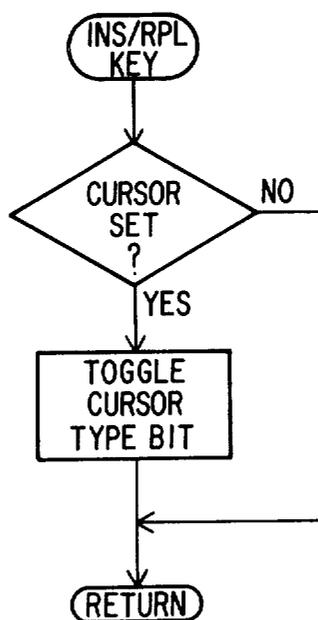


FIG 159E

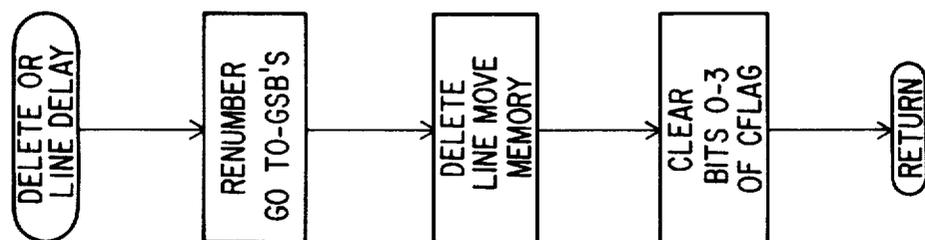
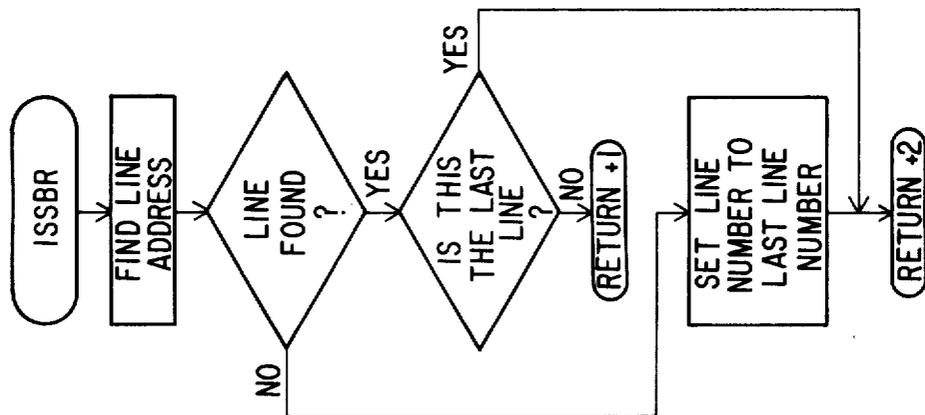
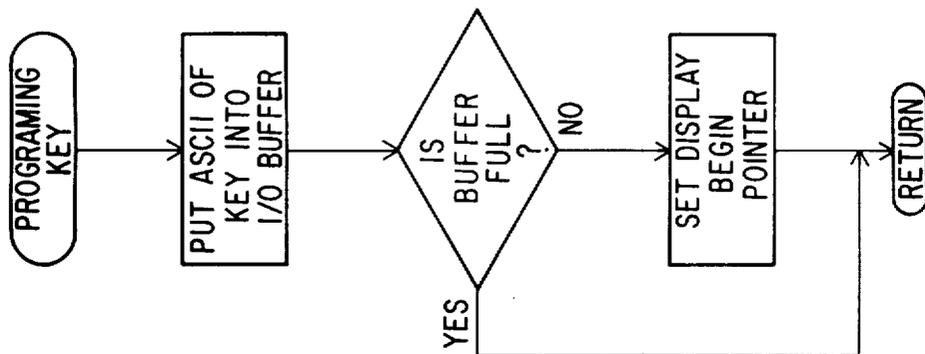


FIG 159F

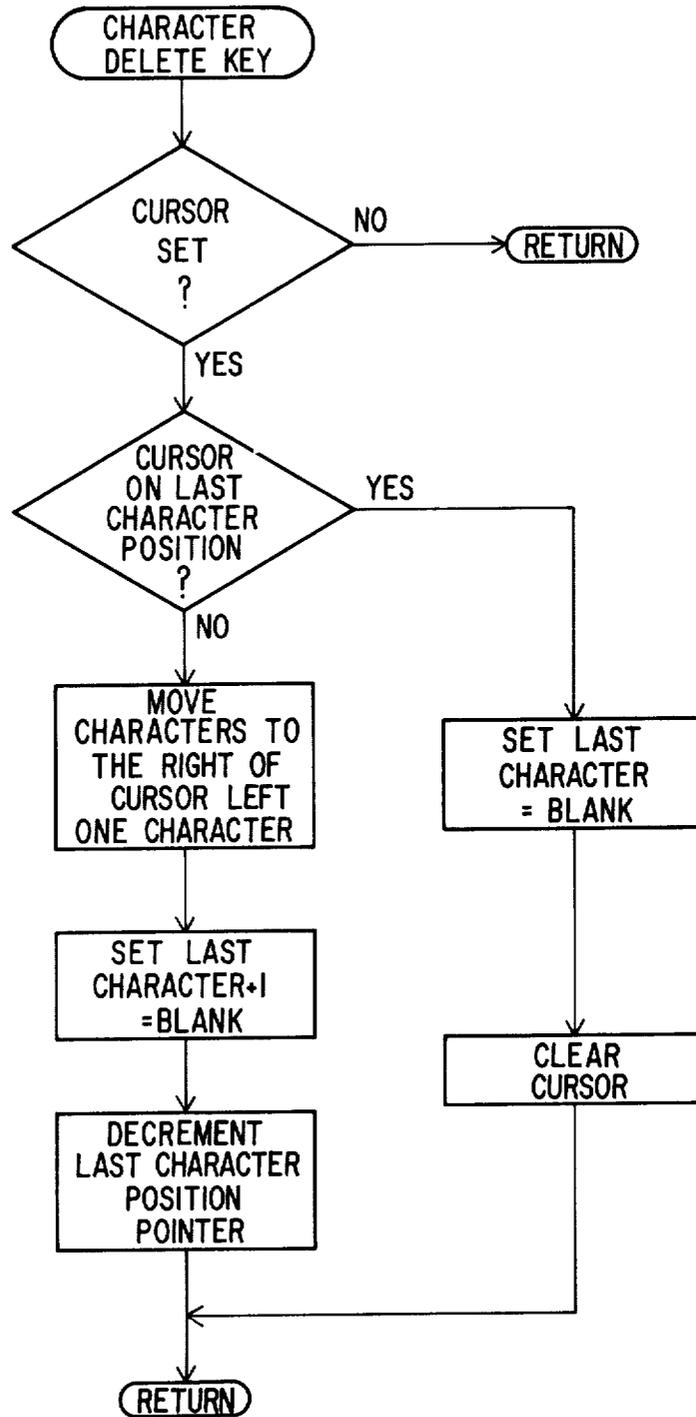


FIG 159G

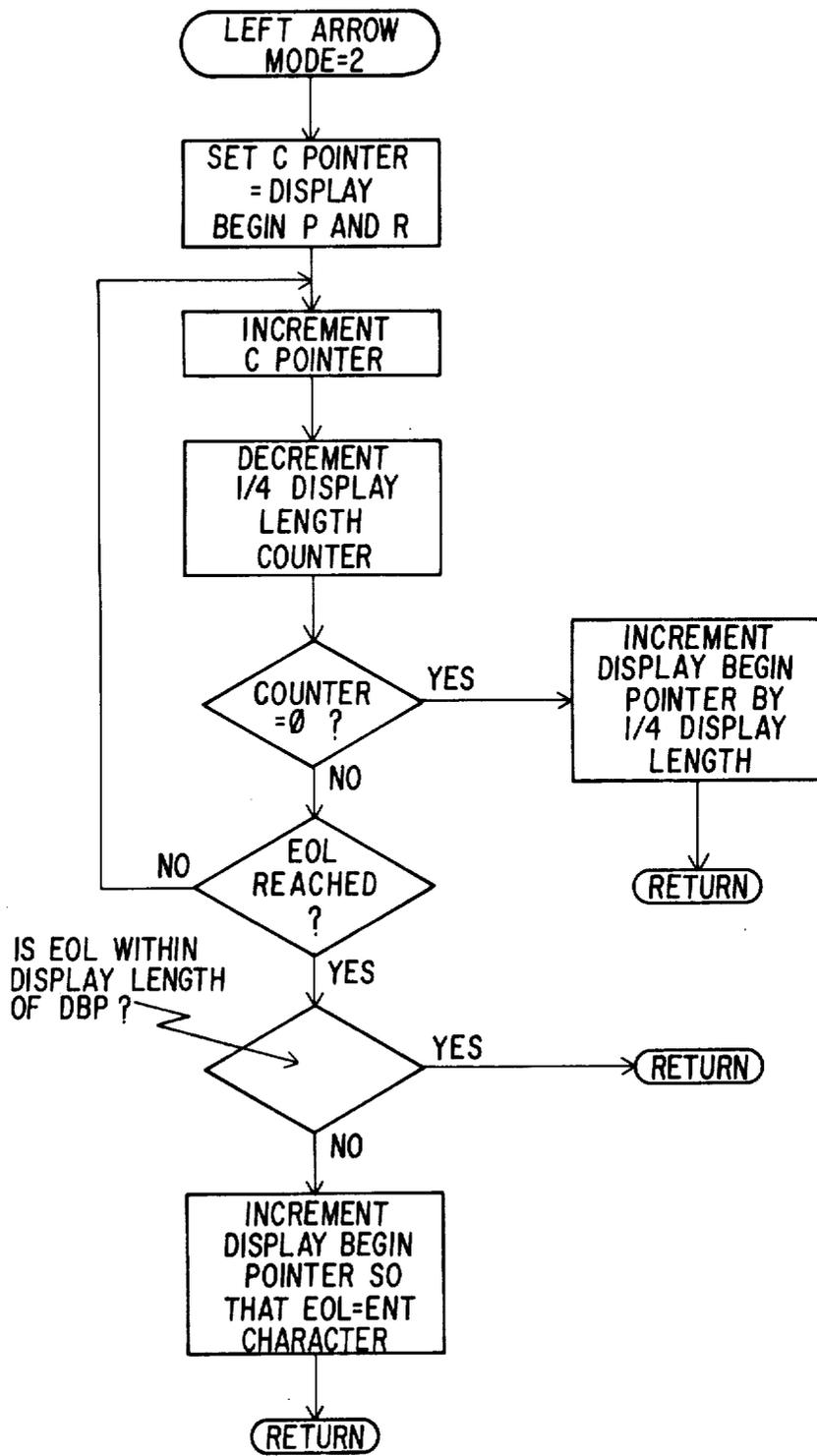
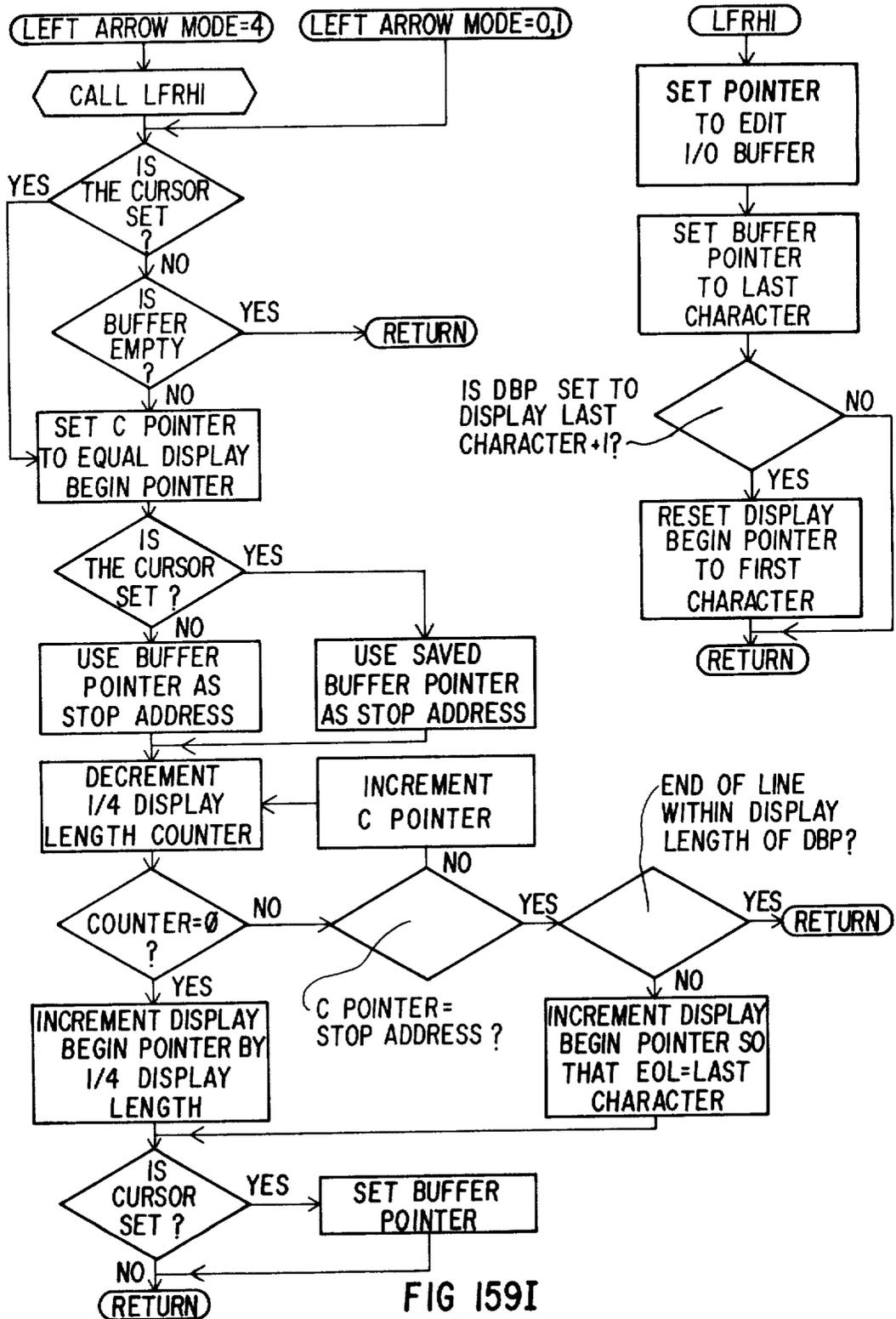


FIG 159H



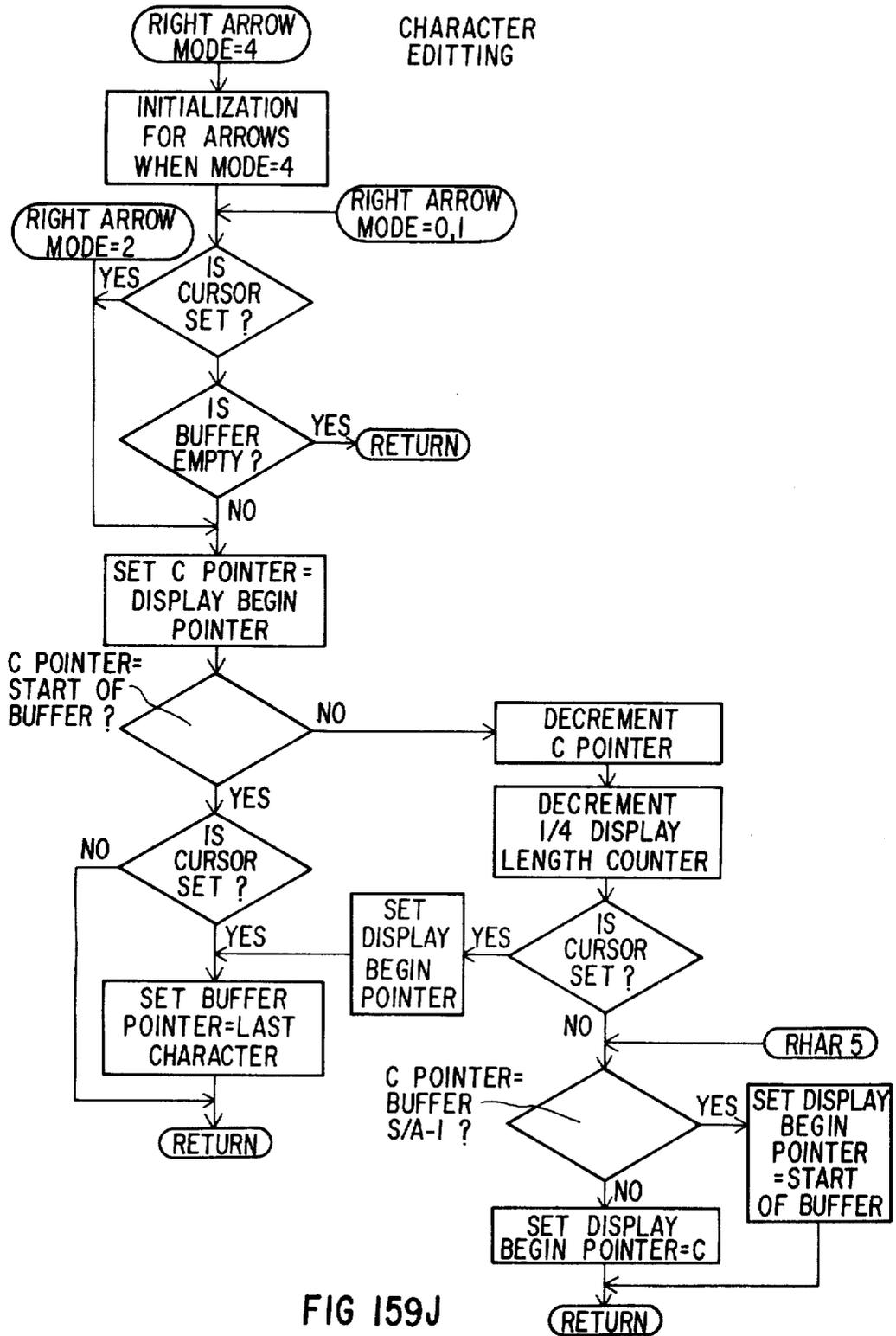


FIG 159J

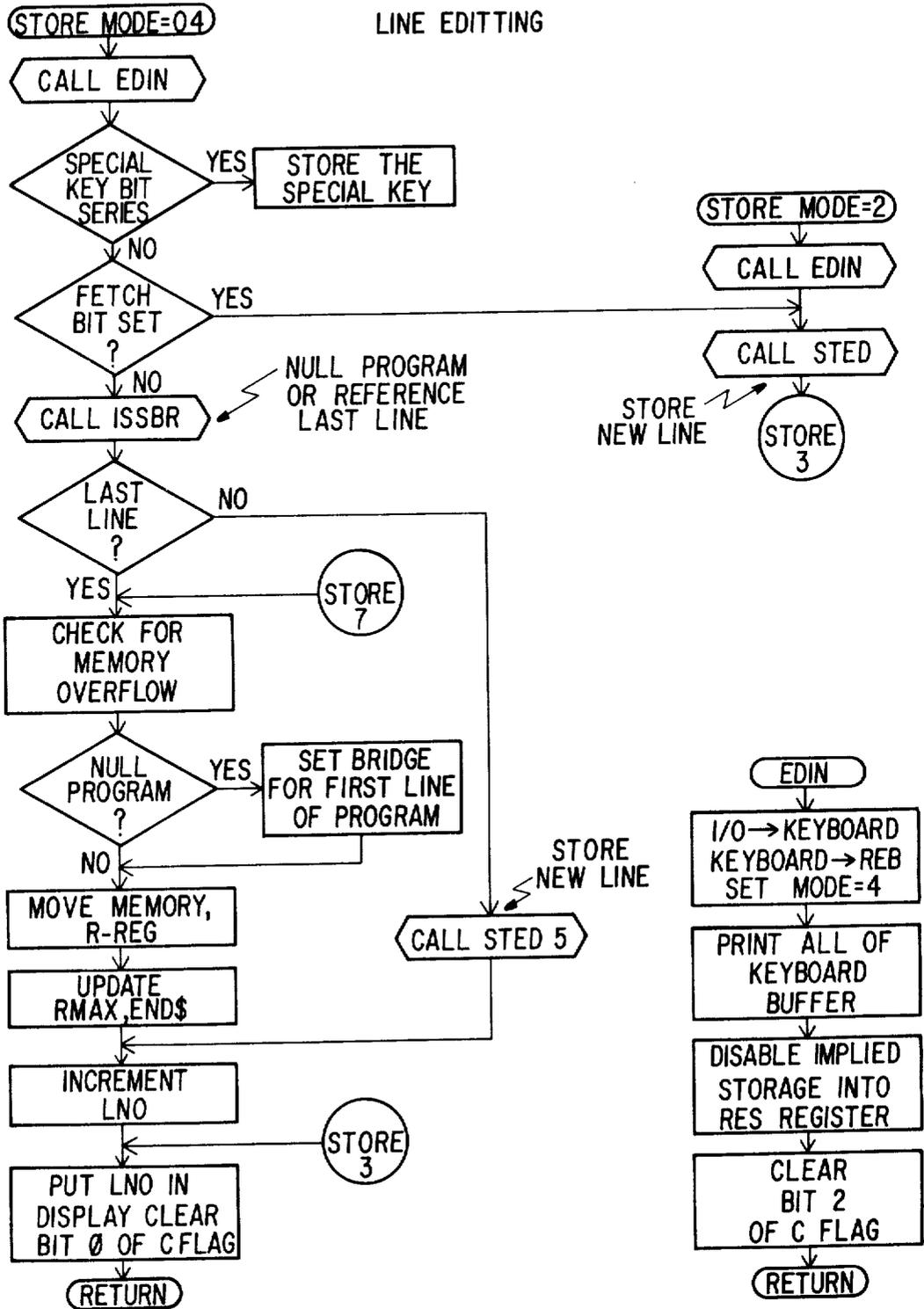


FIG 159K

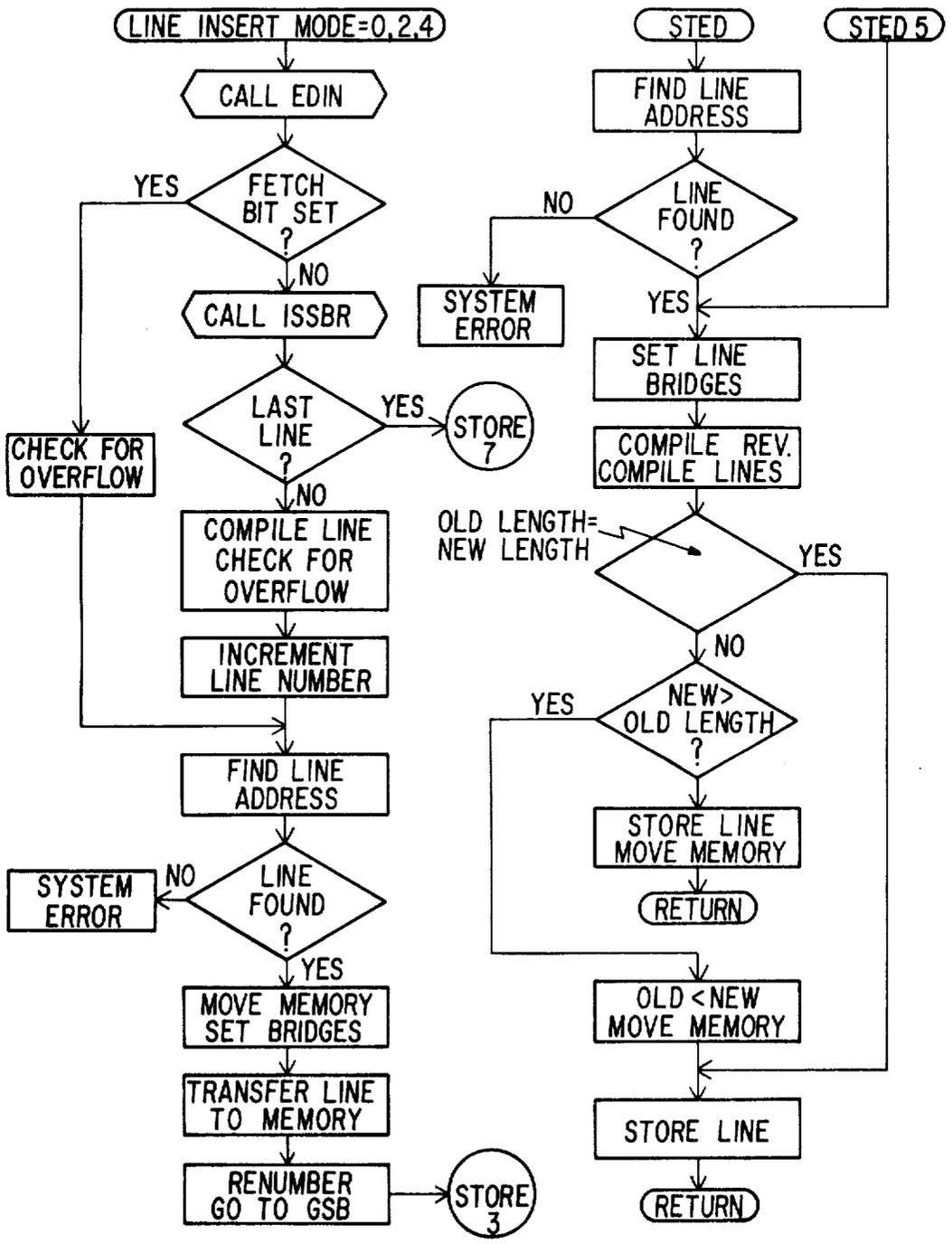


FIG 159L

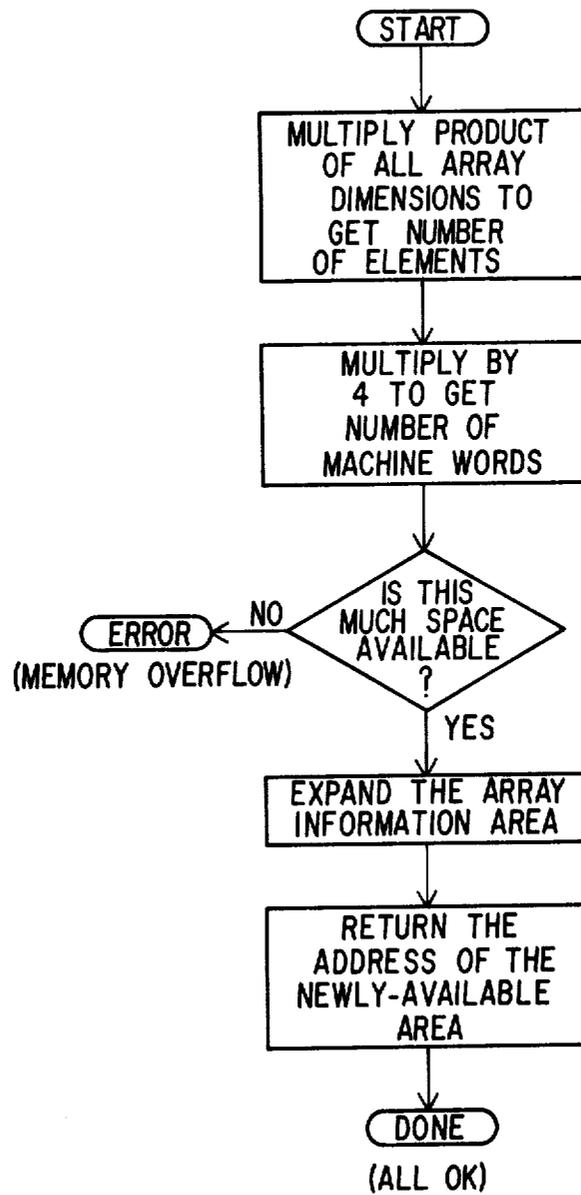


FIG 160A

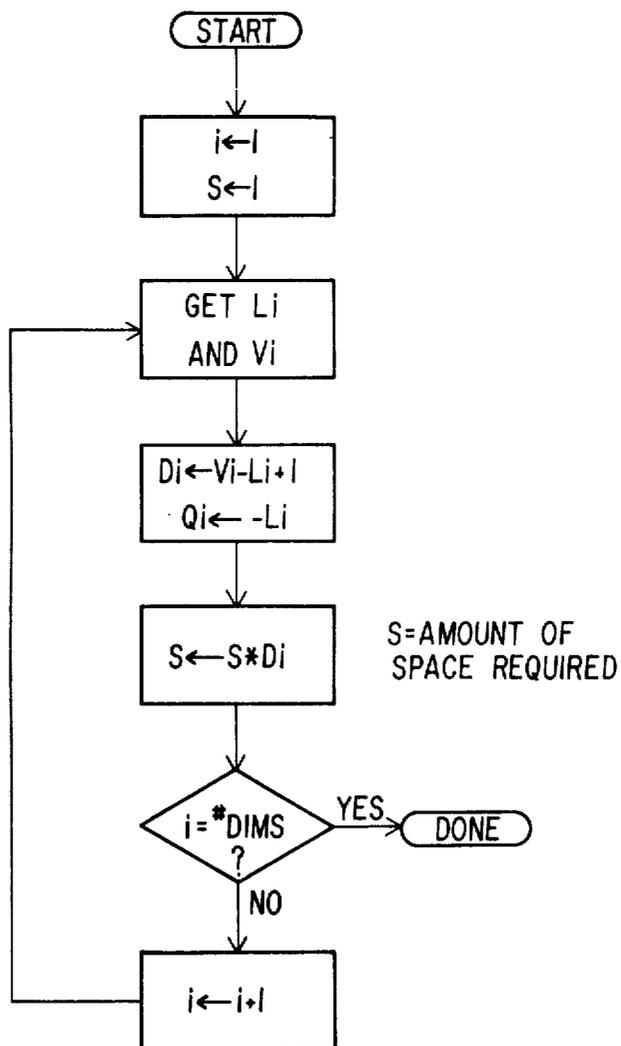


FIG 160B

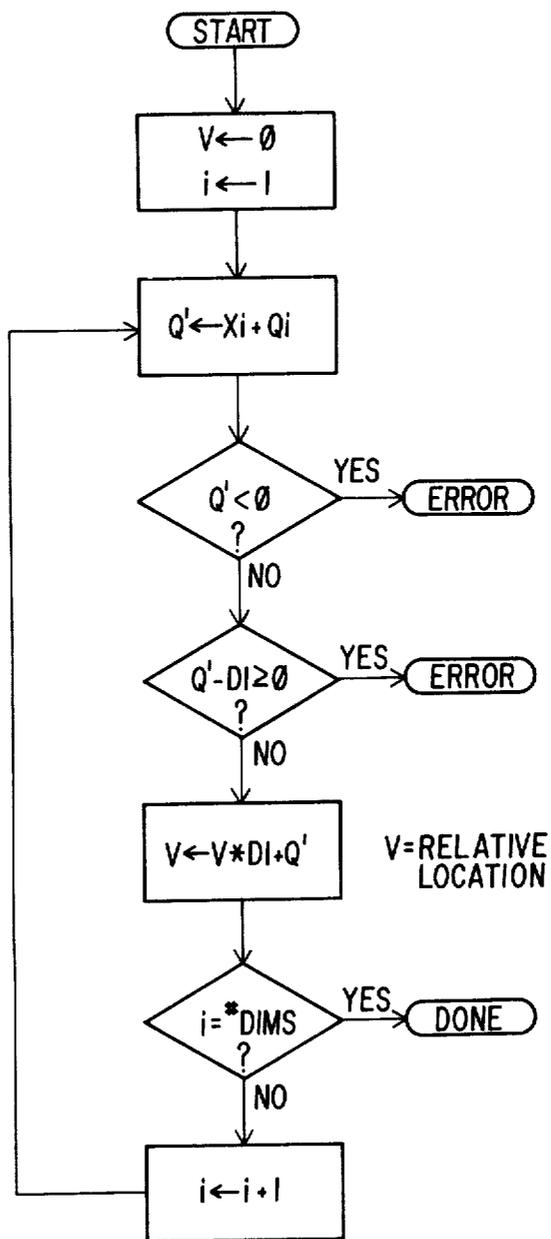


FIG 160C

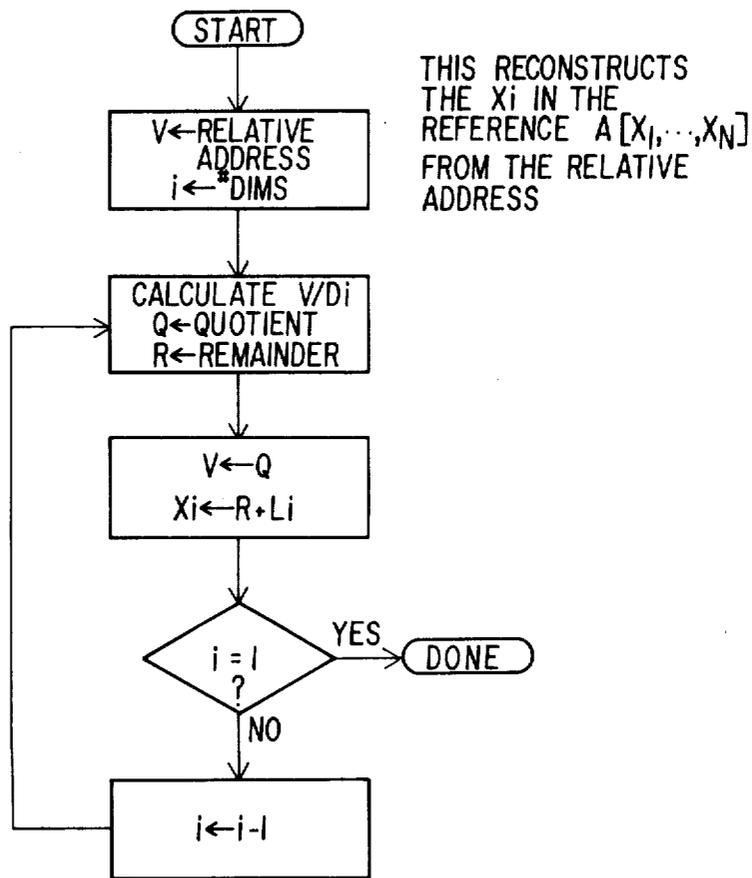
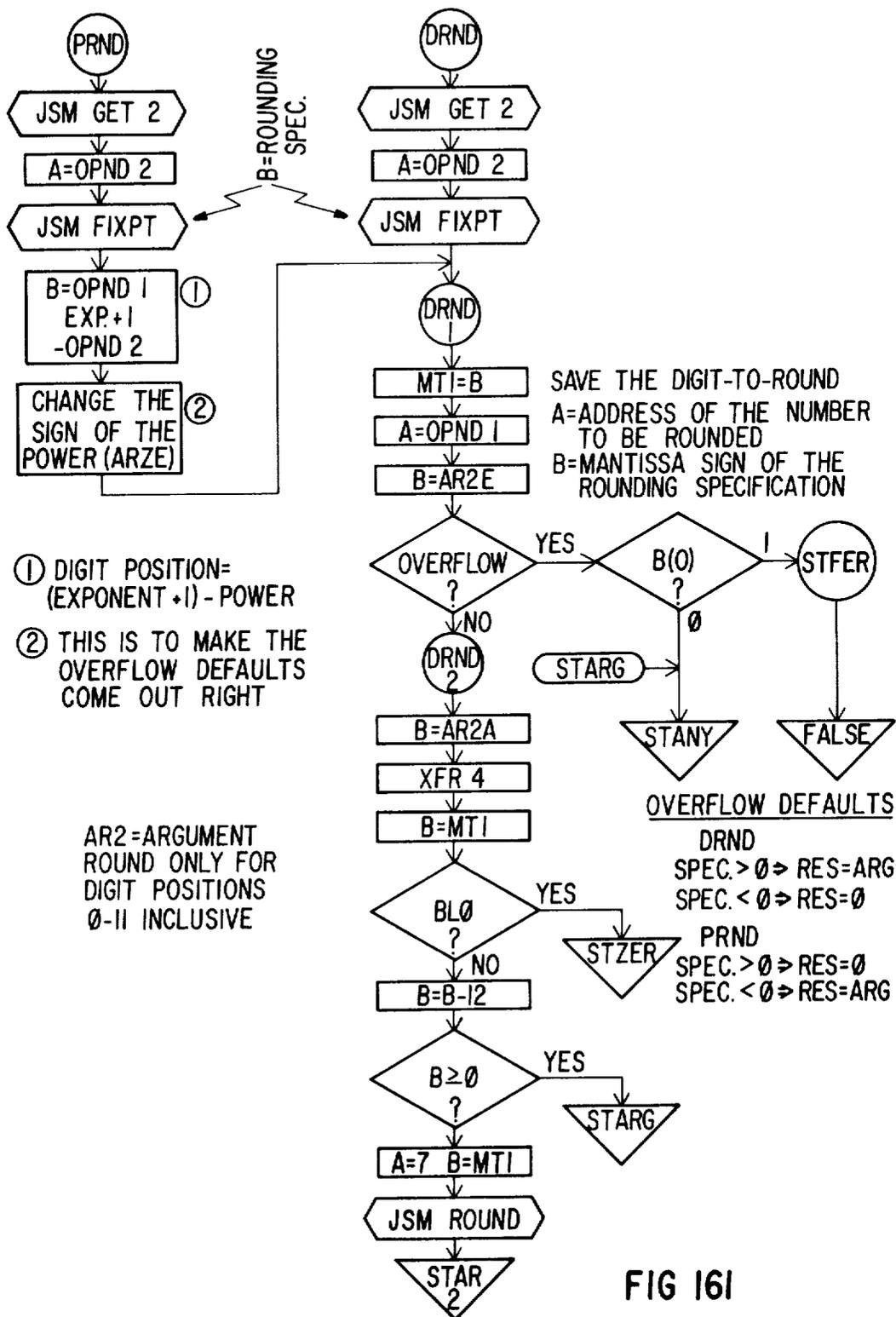


FIG 160D



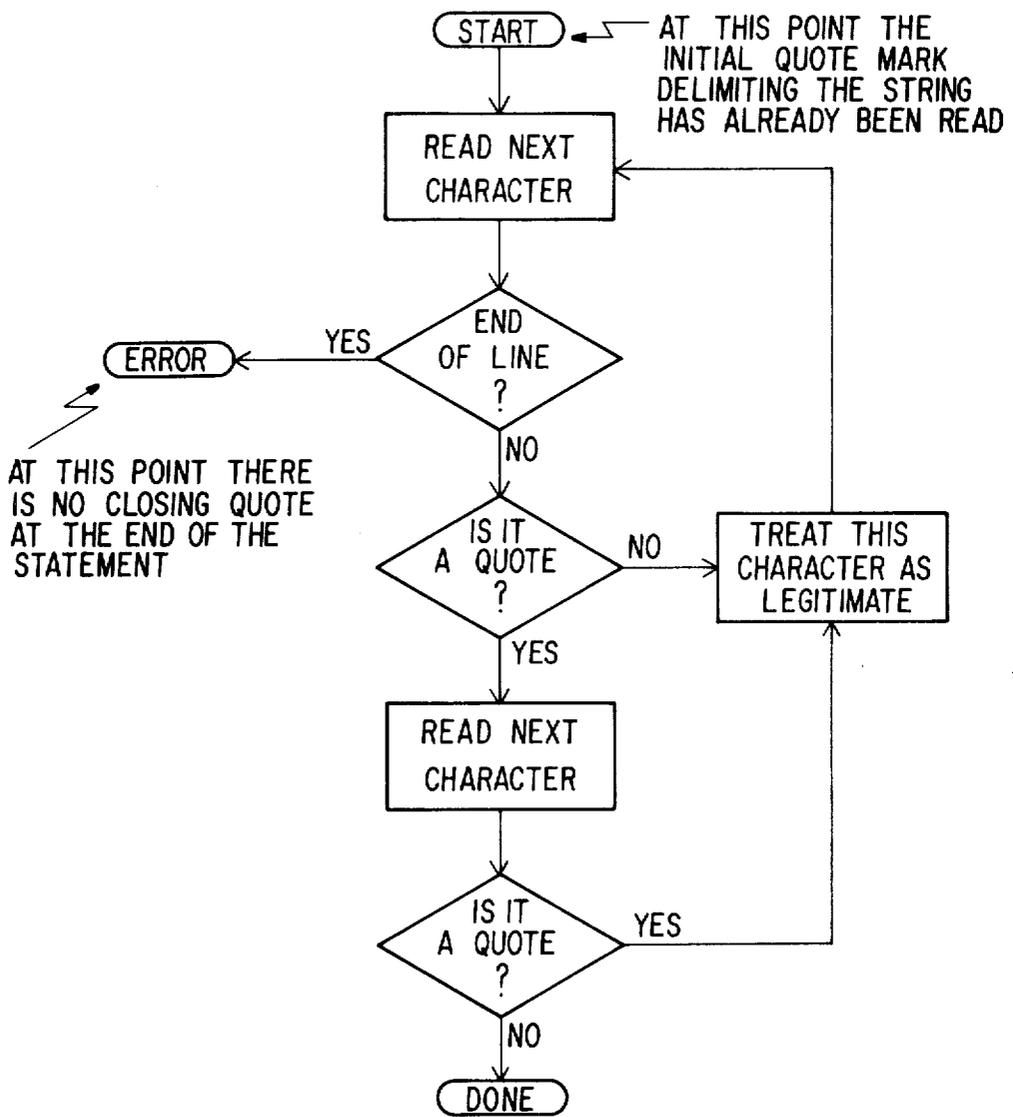


FIG 162

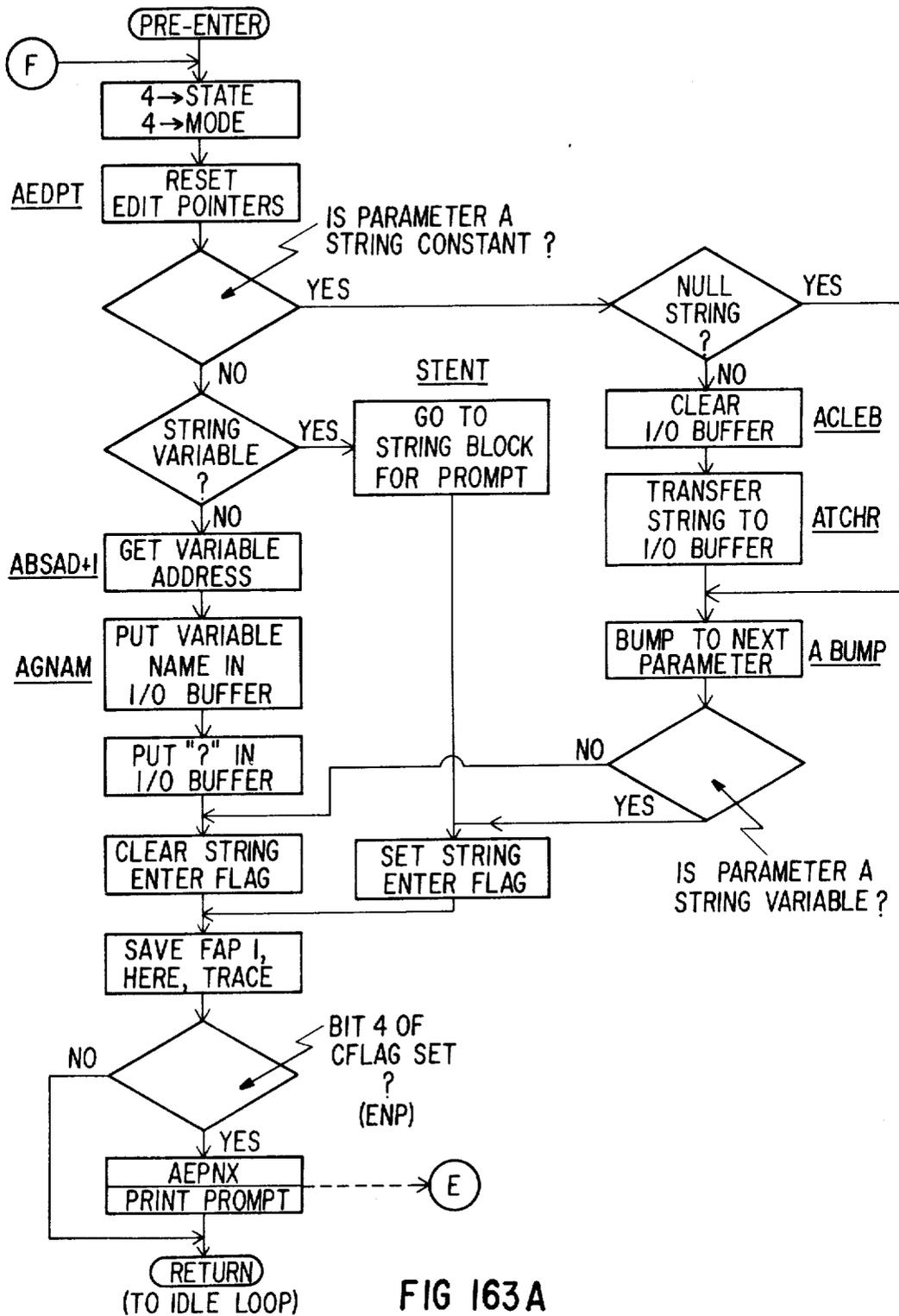


FIG 163A

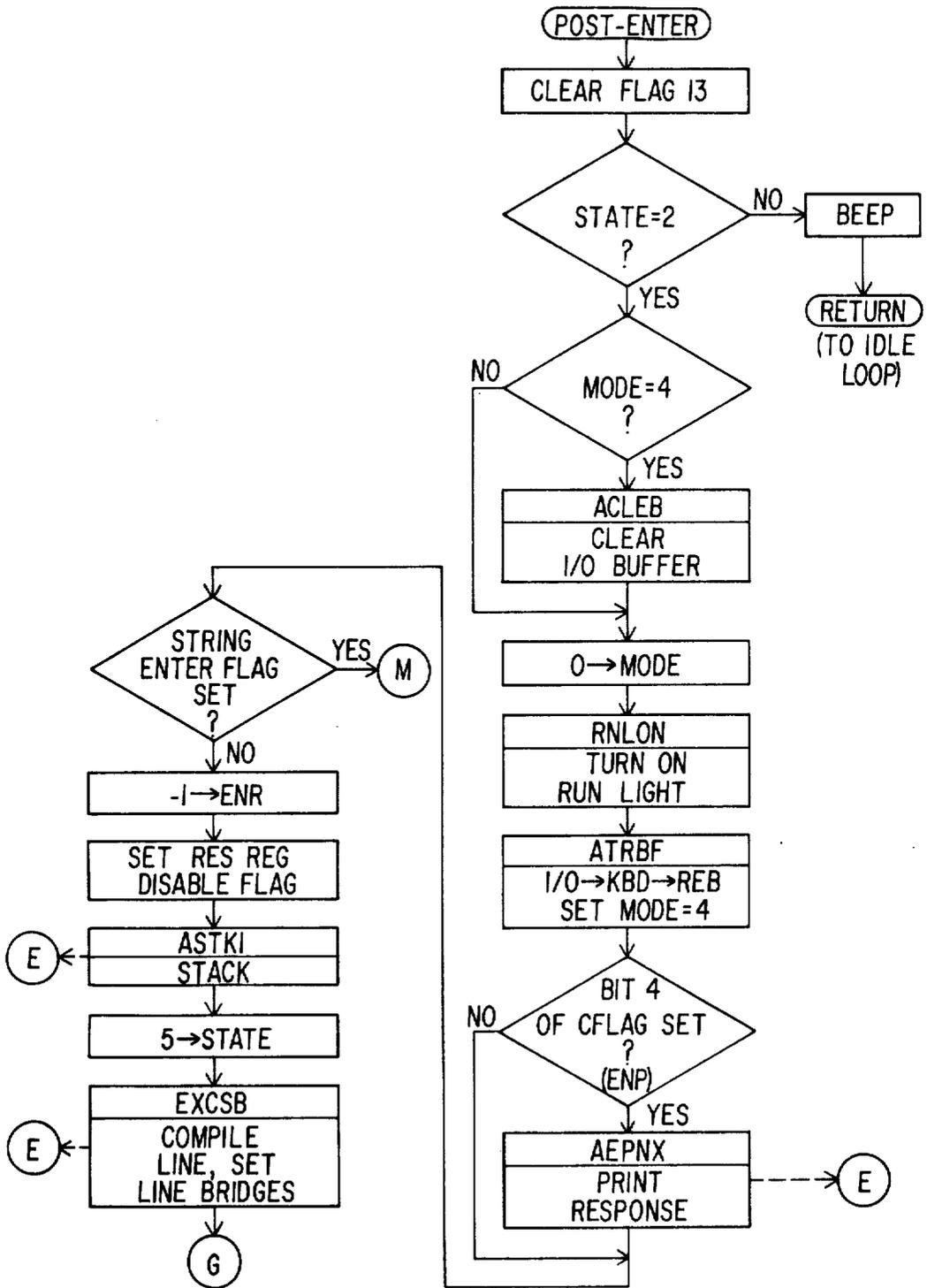


FIG 163B

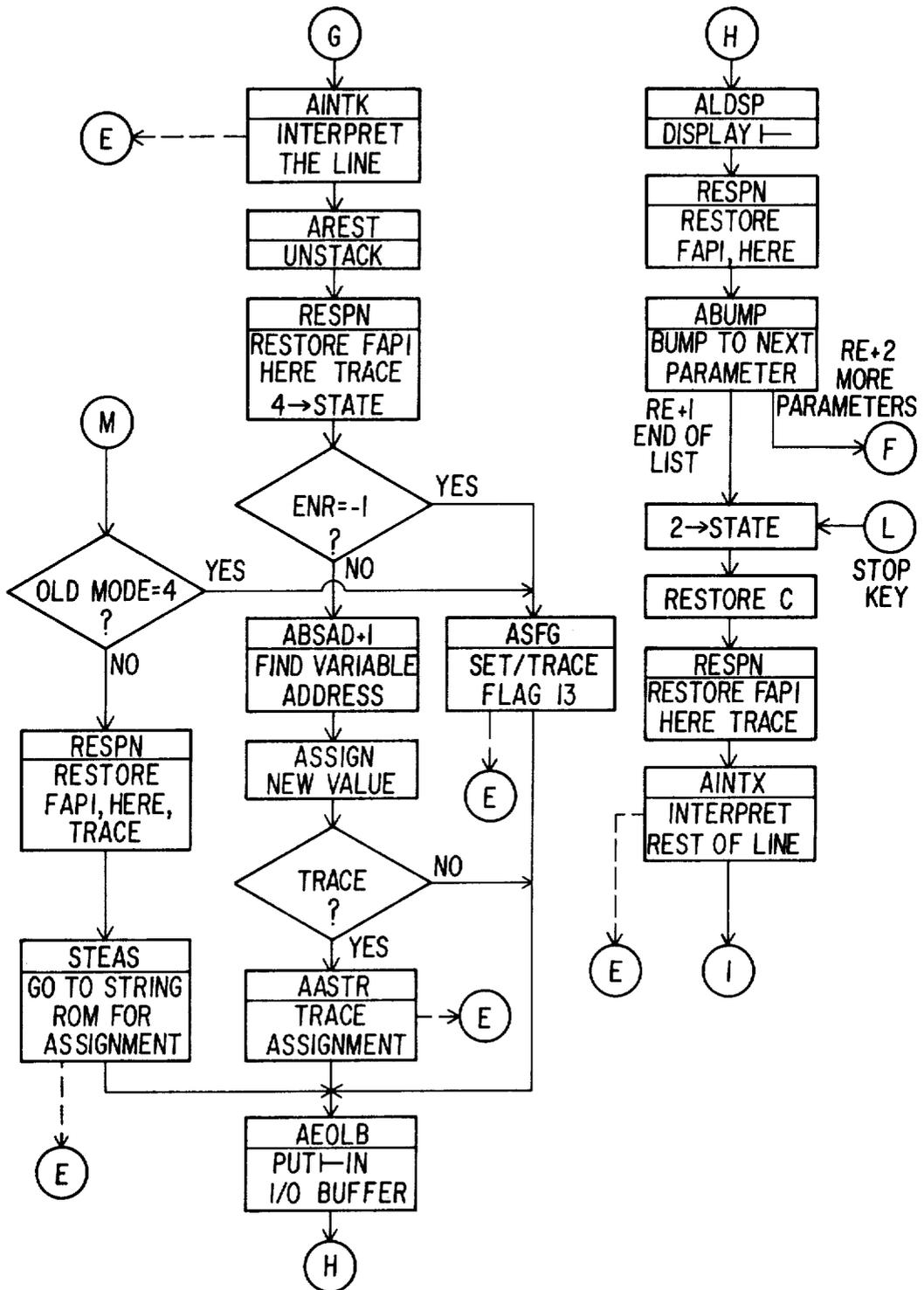


FIG 163C

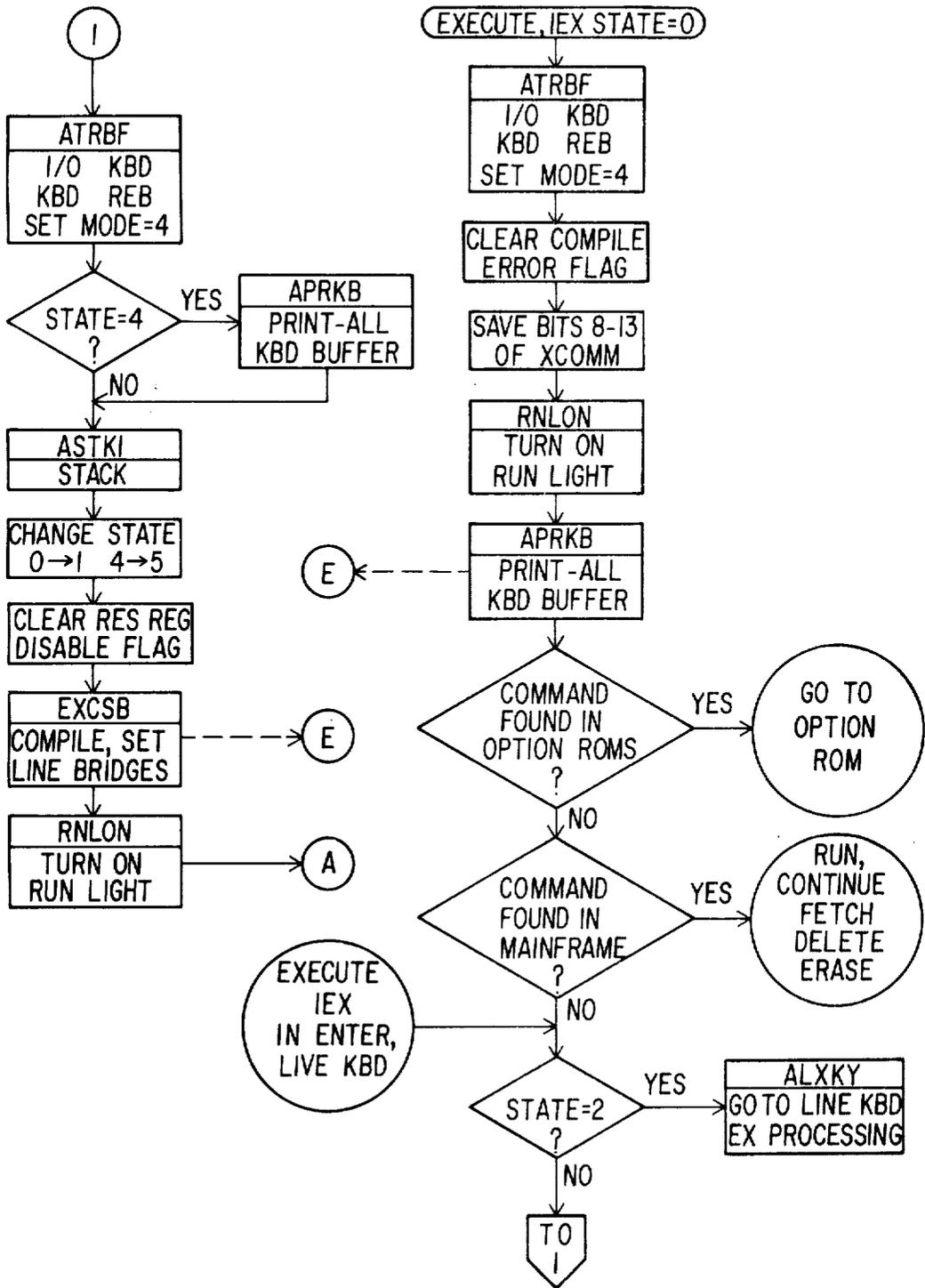


FIG 163D

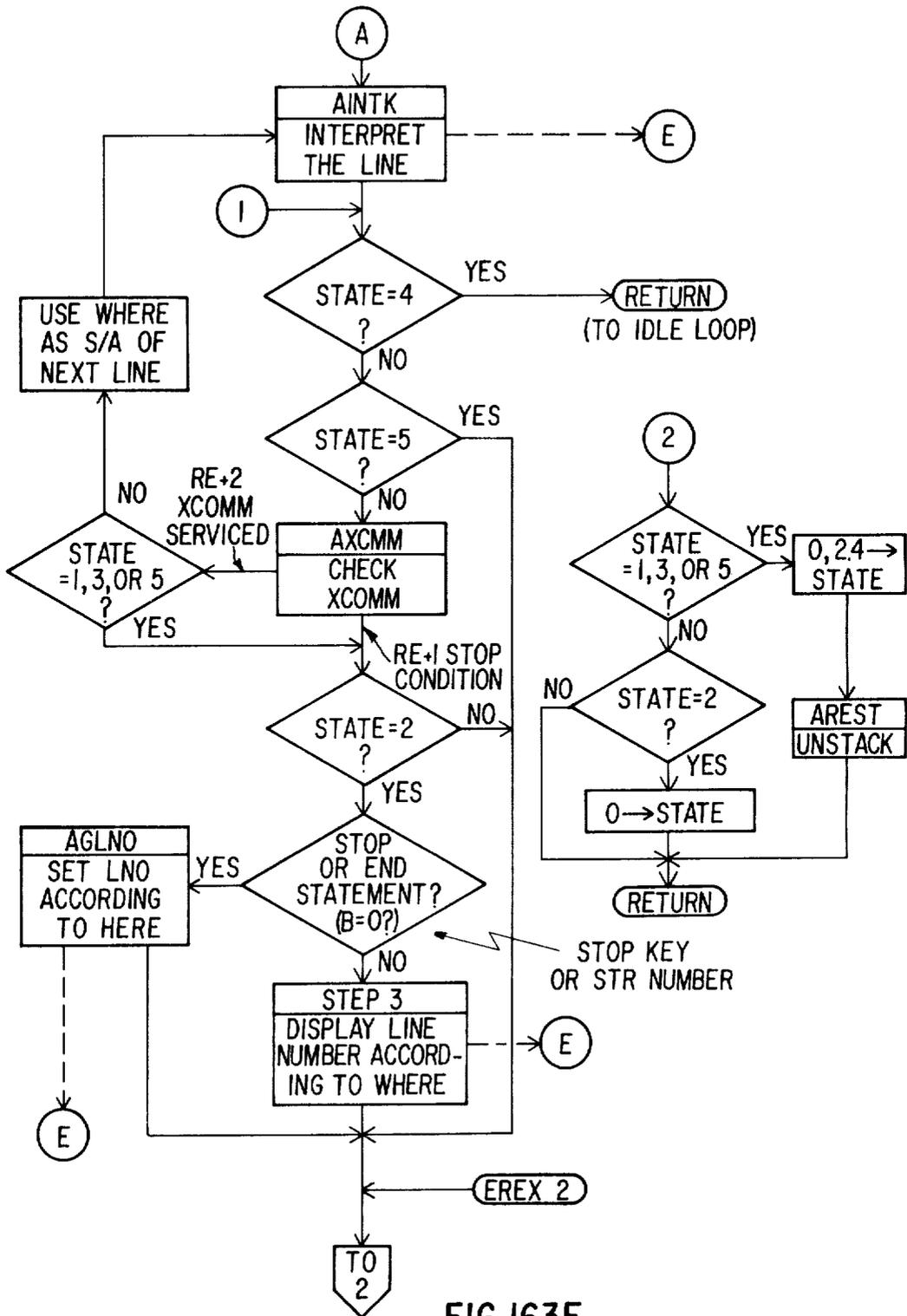


FIG 163E

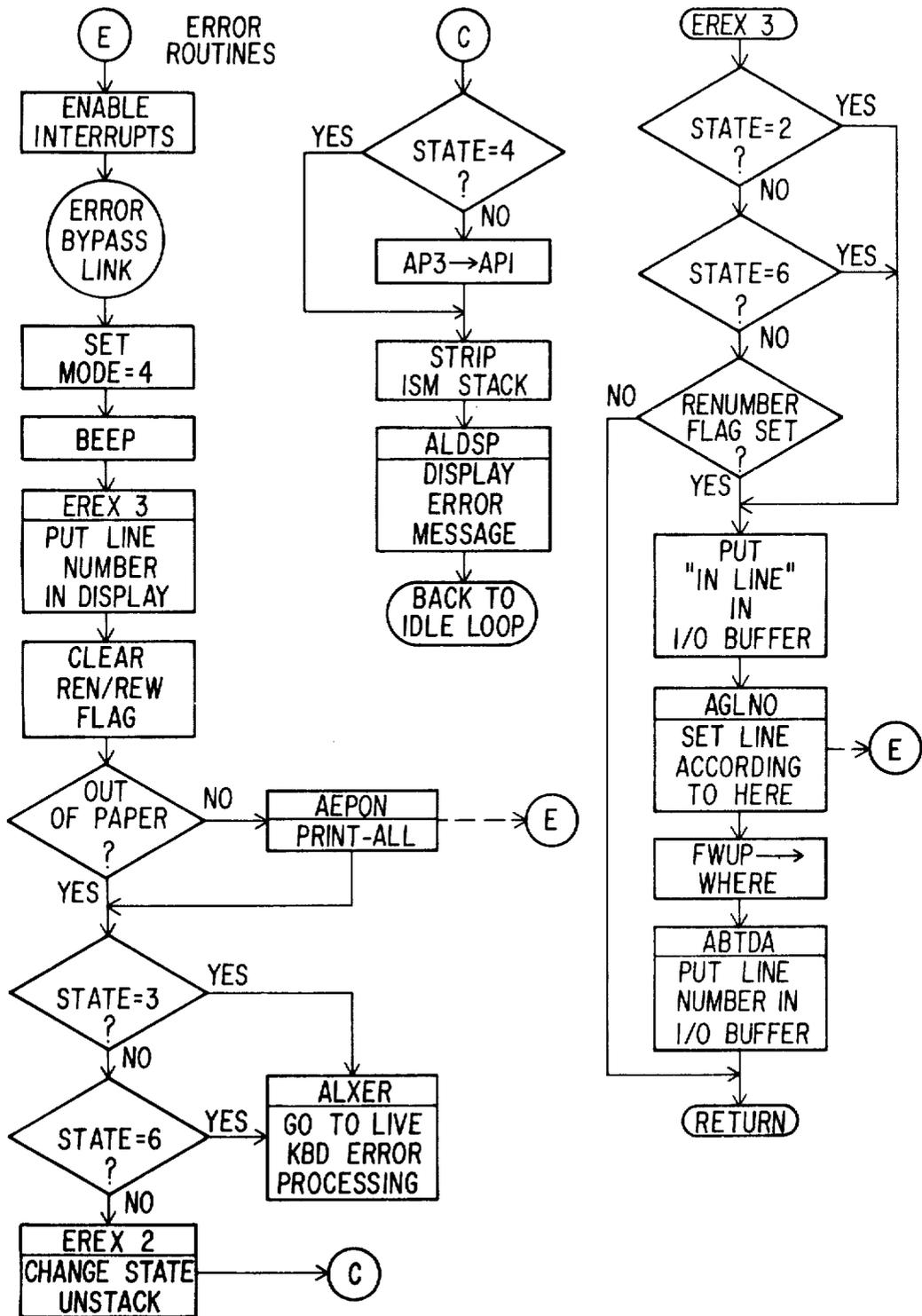


FIG 163F

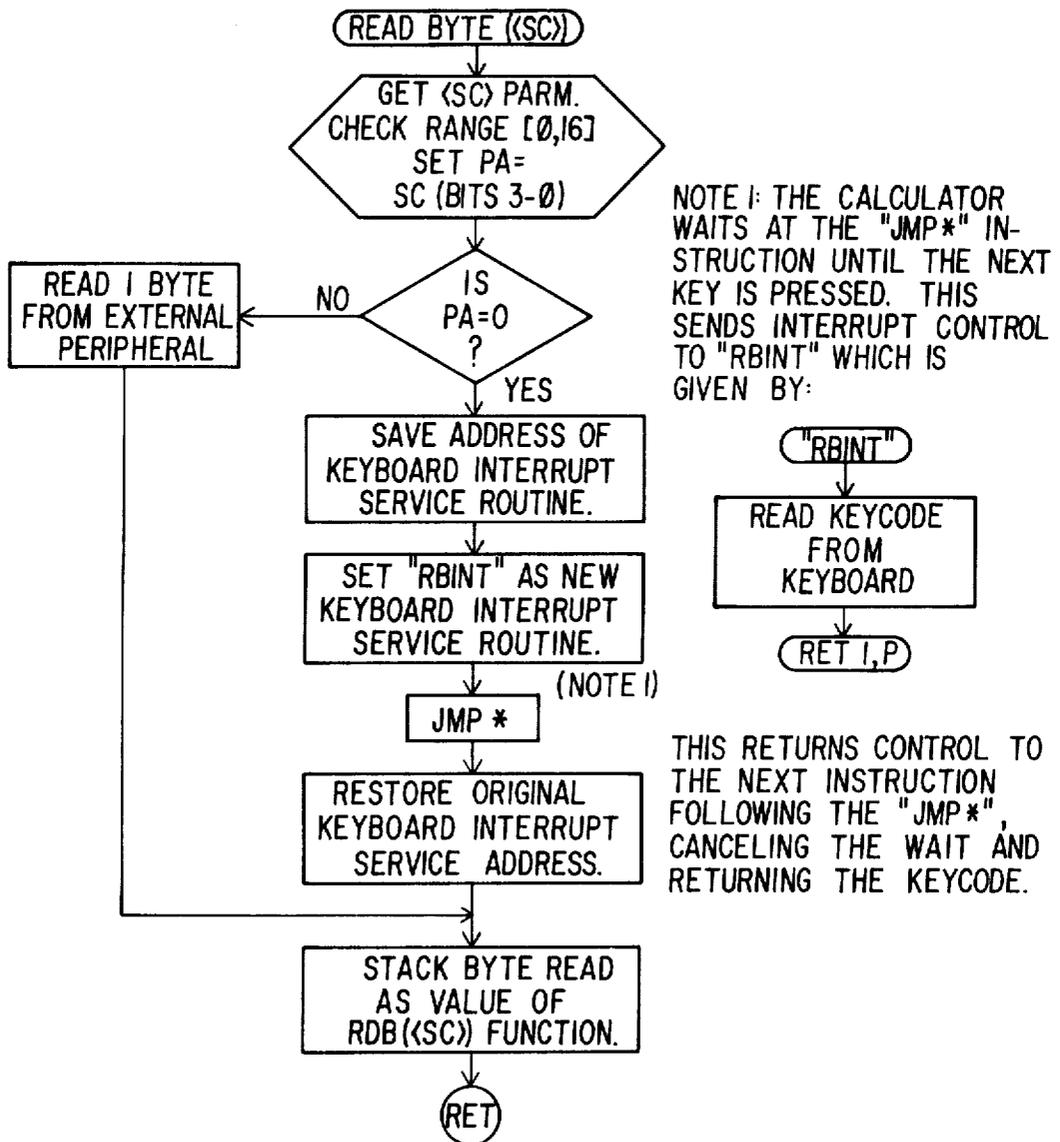


FIG 164

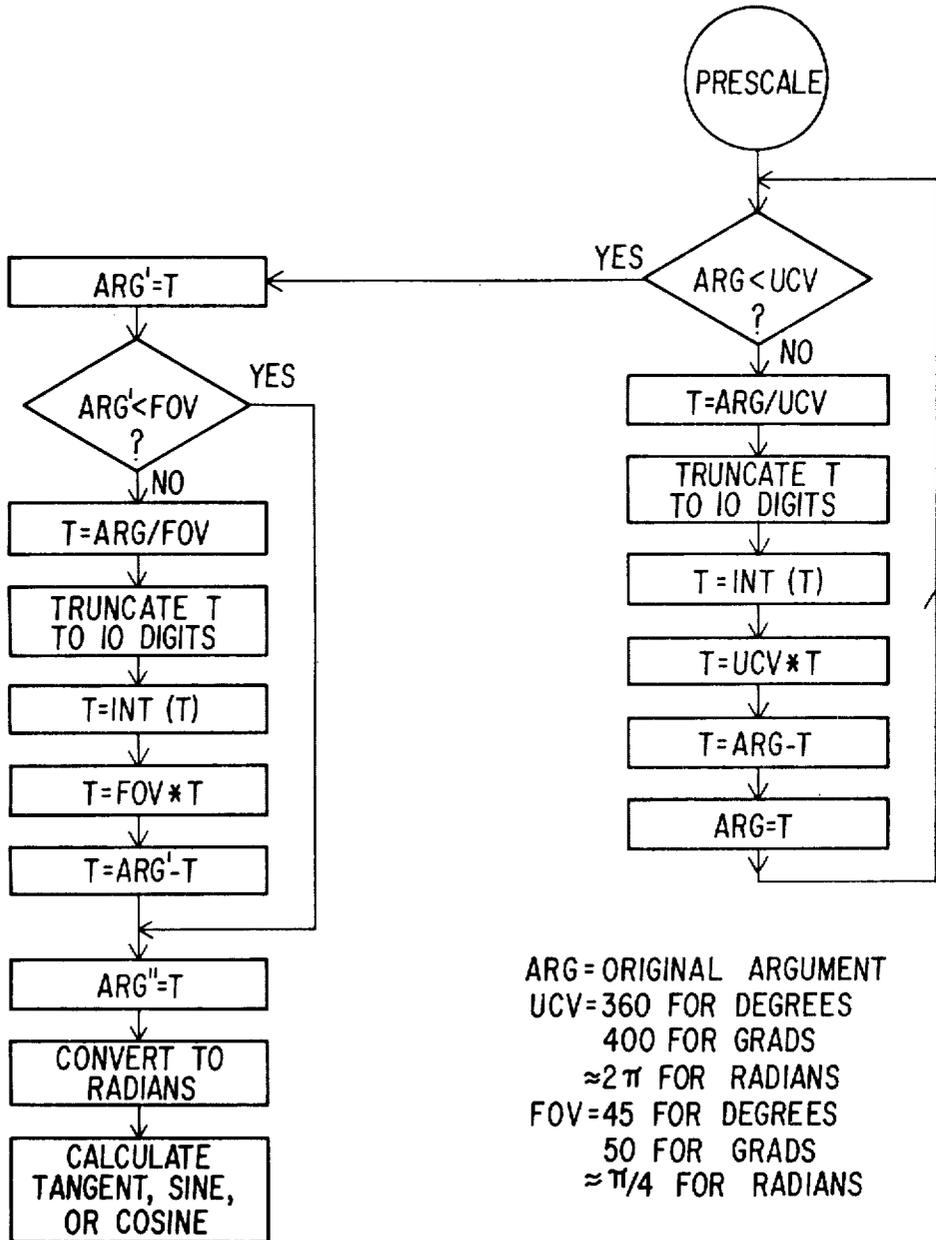


FIG 165

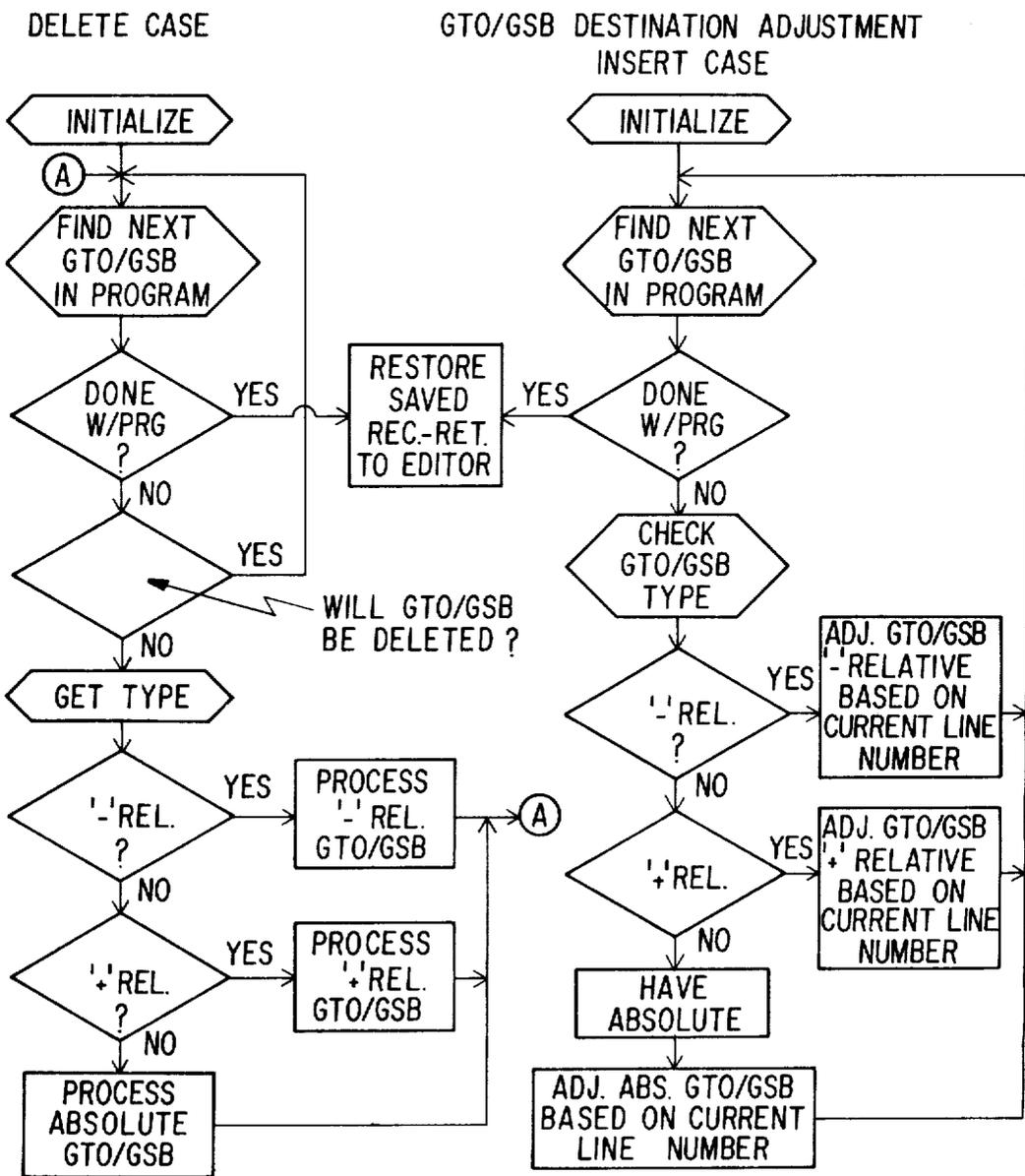


FIG 166

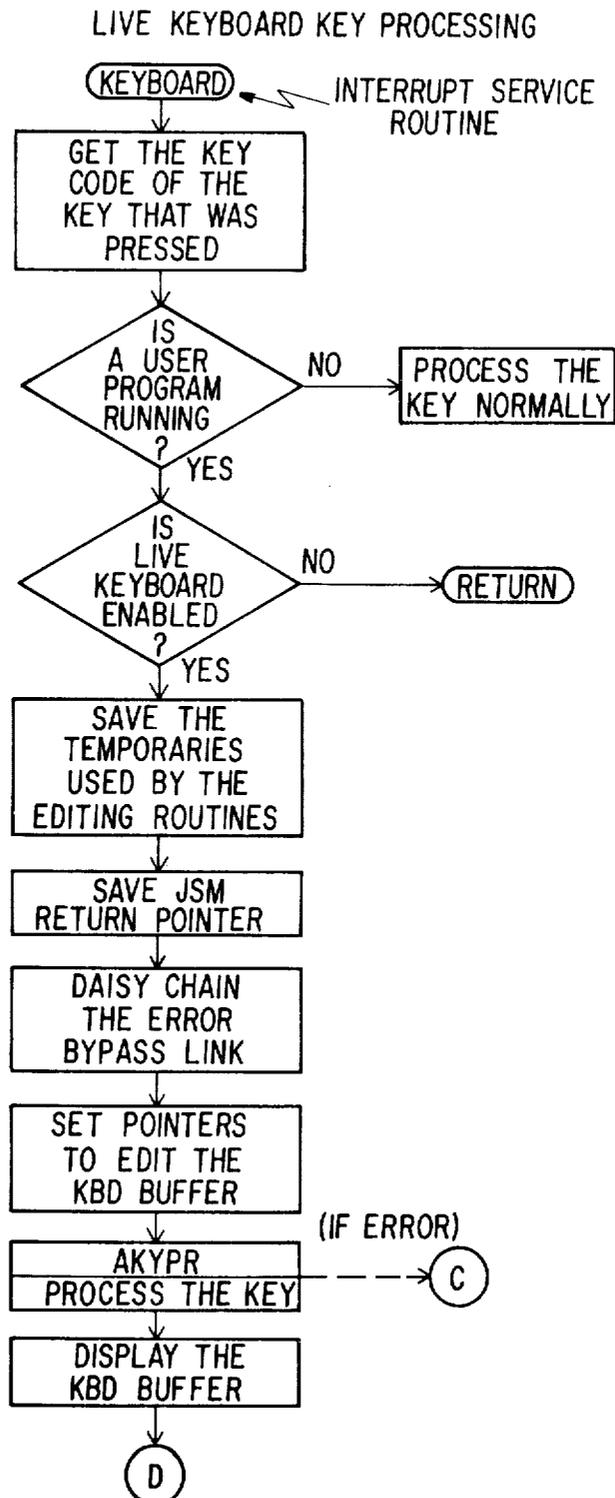


FIG 167A

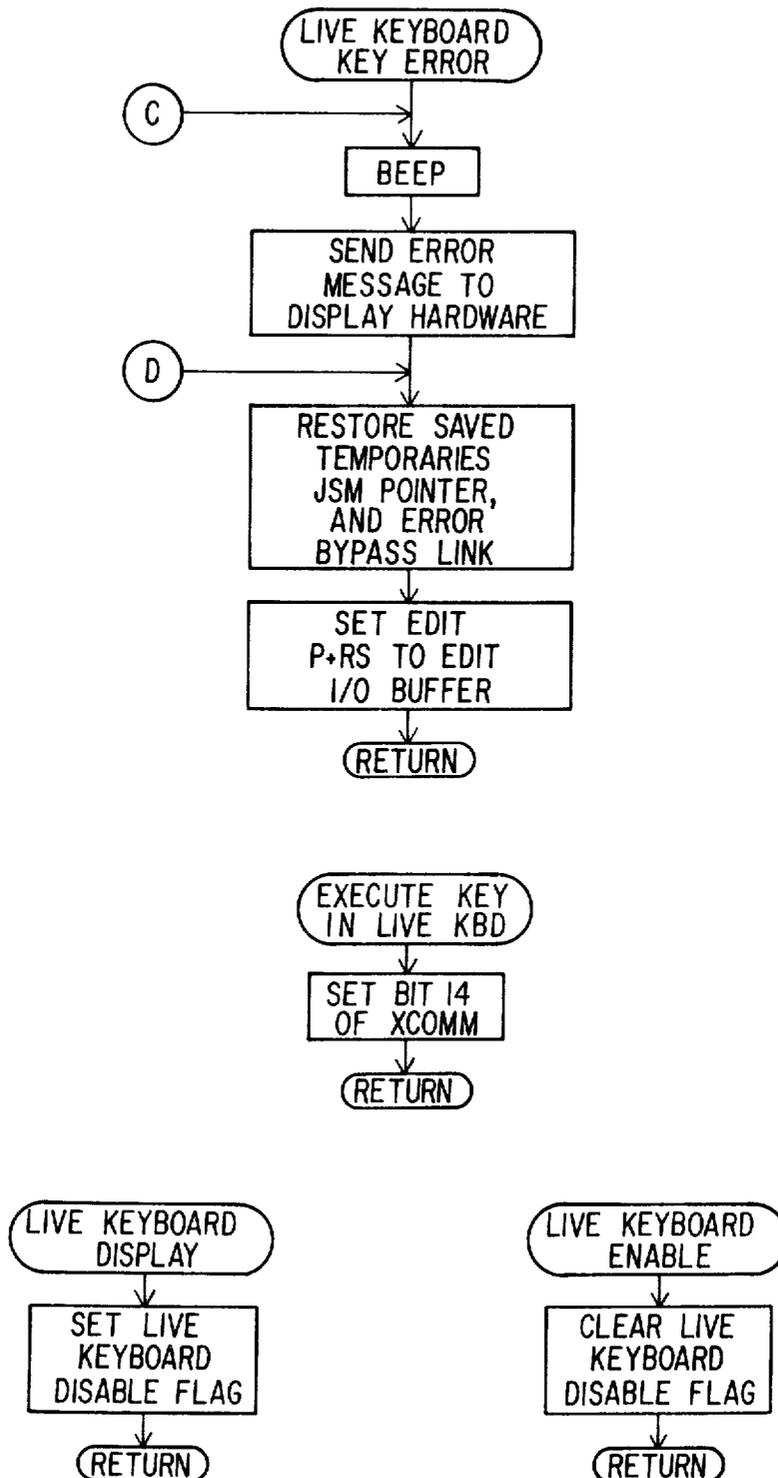


FIG 167B

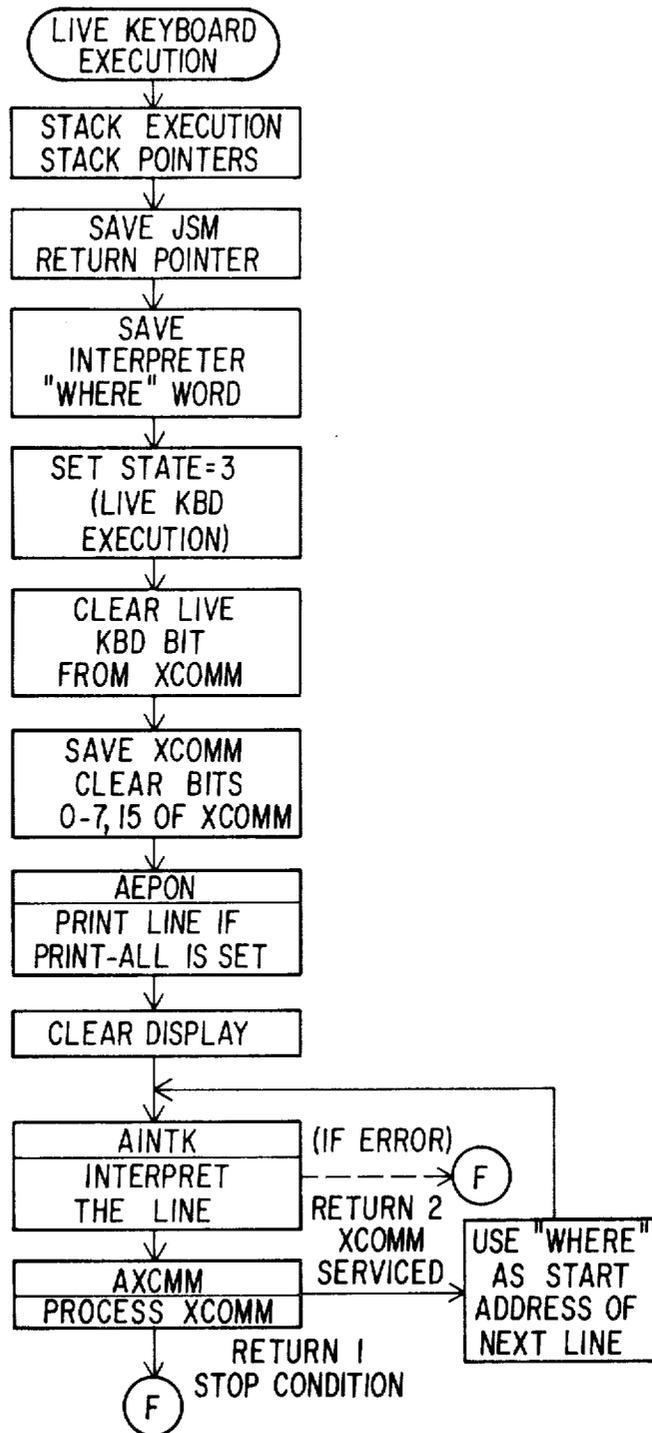


FIG 168A

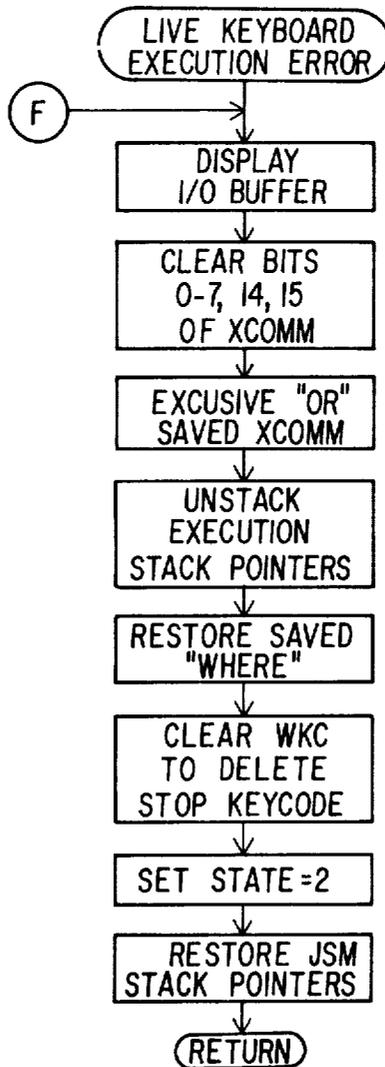


FIG 168B

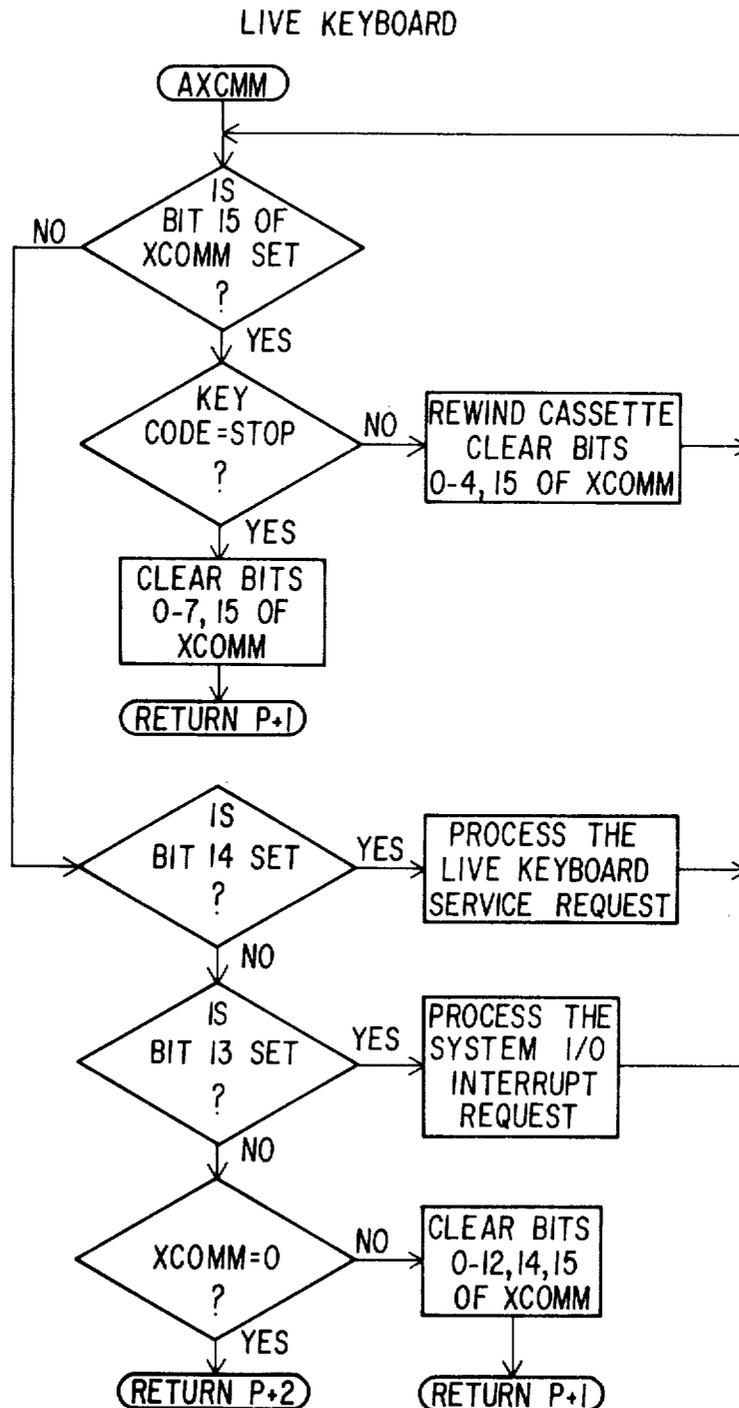


FIG 169A

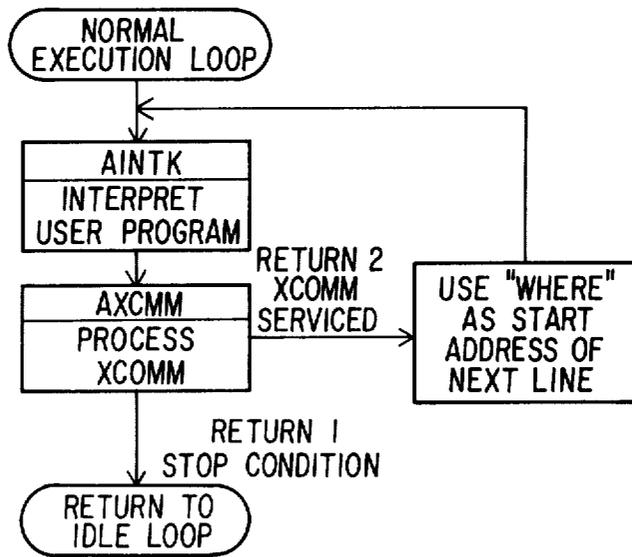


FIG 169B

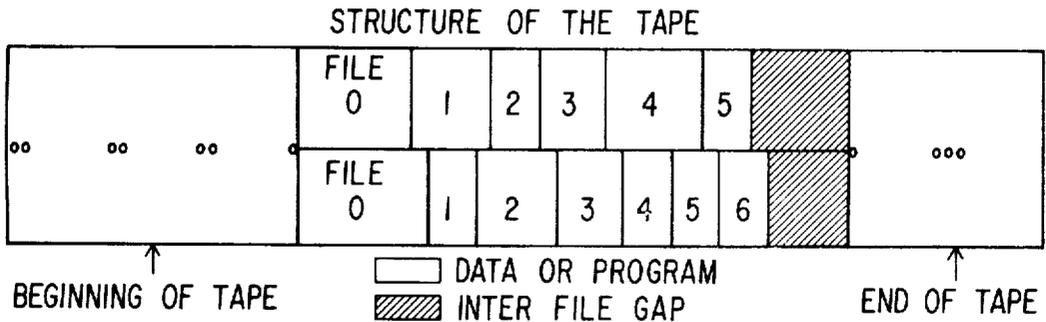


FIG 170A

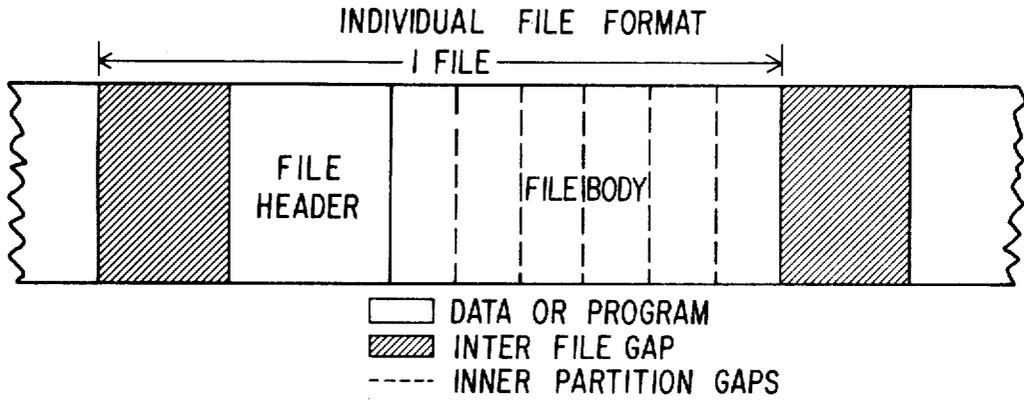


FIG 170B

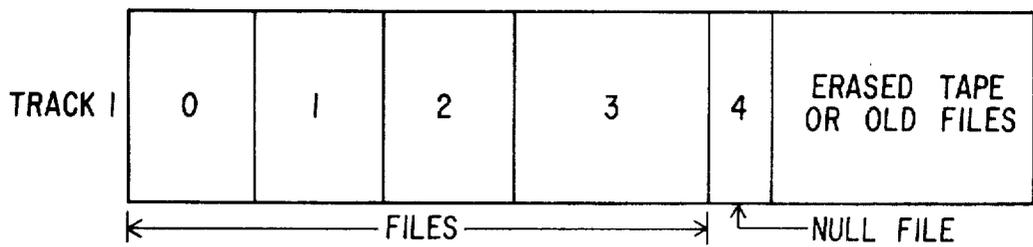


FIG 170C

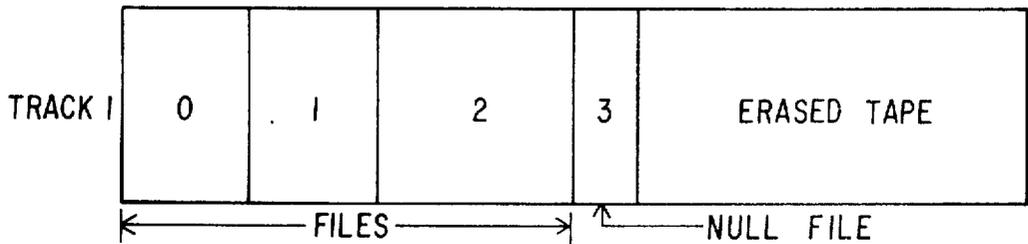


FIG 170D

CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM LEVEL
PARTITION SUPPORT CODE

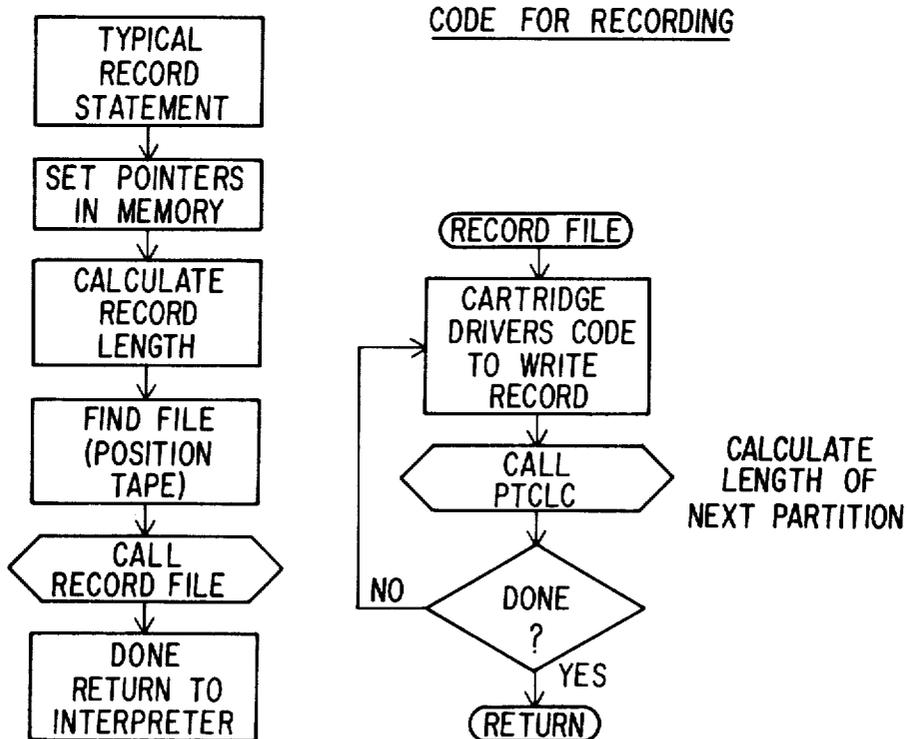


FIG 171A

CODE TO CALCULATE PARTITION LENGTHS
AS TAPE IS MOVING-WRITING INNER-PARTITION GAP

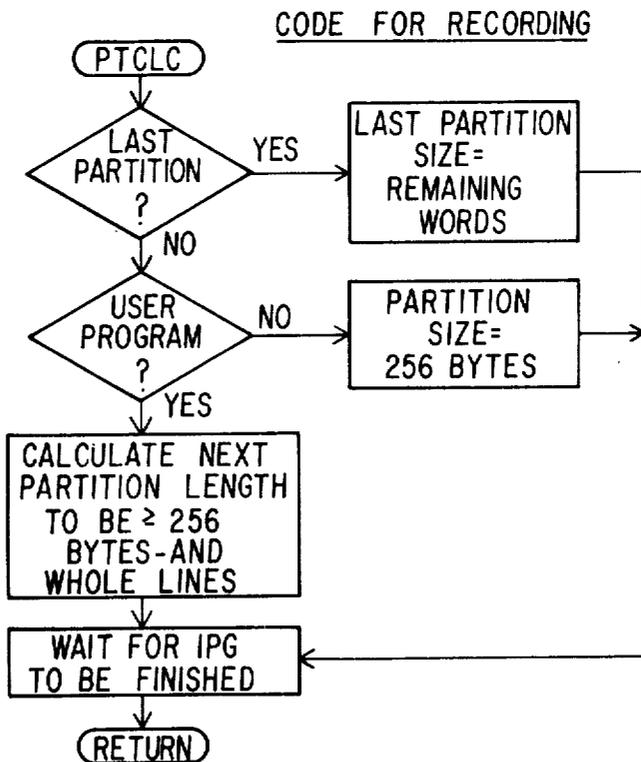


FIG 171B

THE FOLLOWING CHARTS OUTLINE THE STEPS TAKEN IN LOADING A FILE.
(READING THE RECORD'S PARTITIONS)

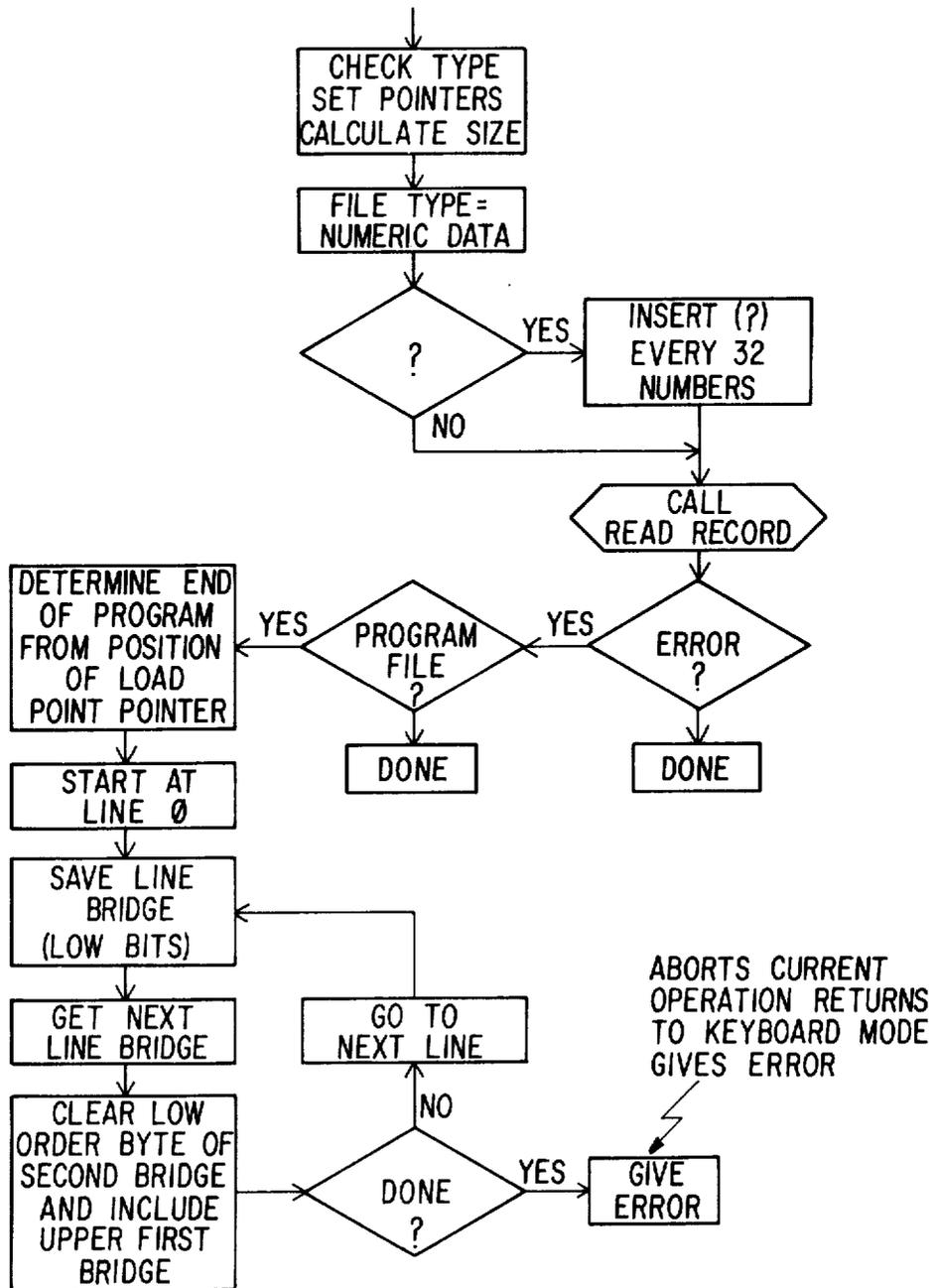


FIG 172A

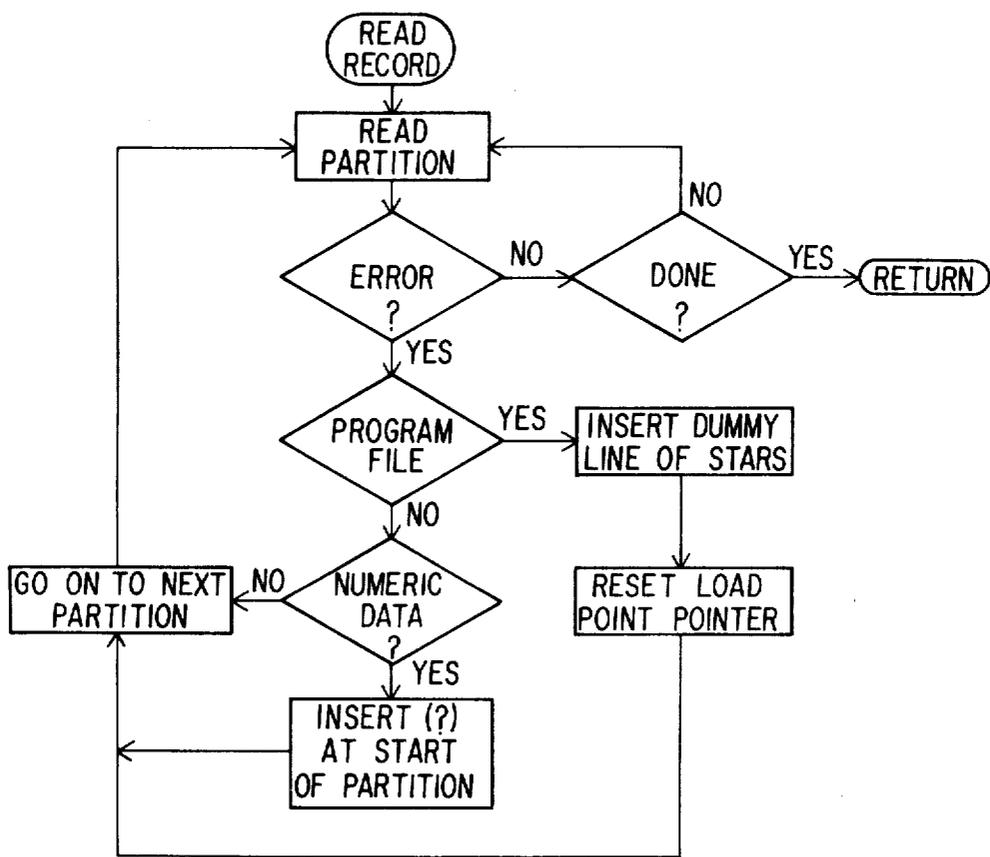
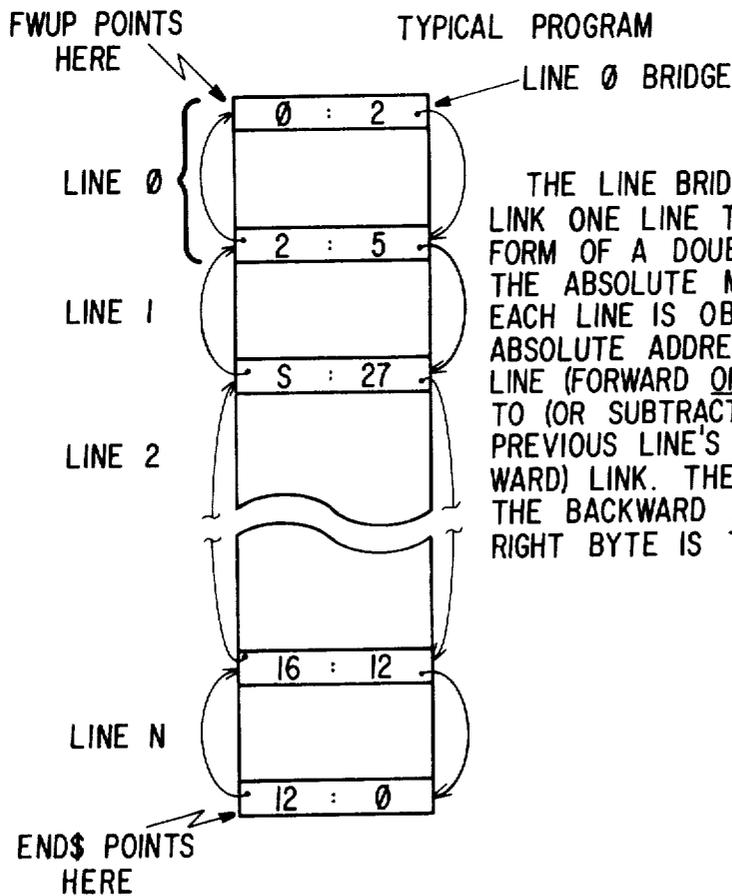
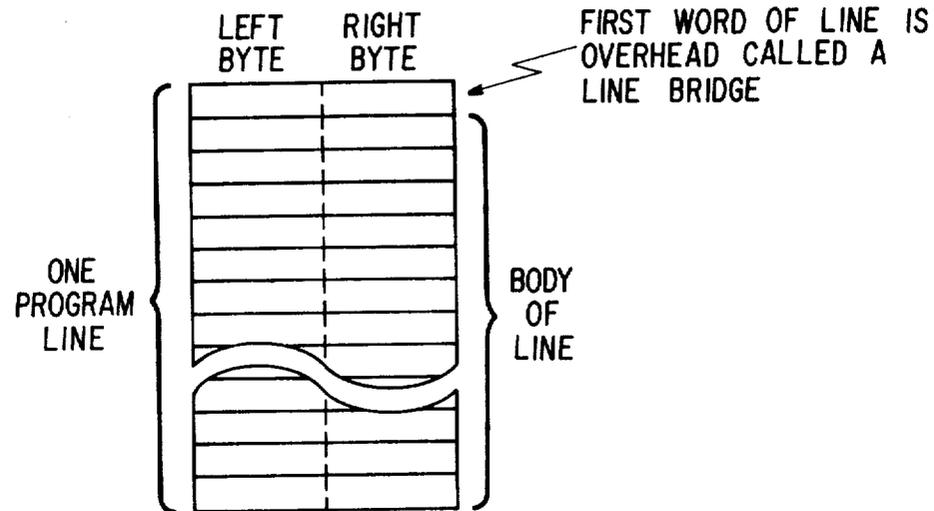


FIG 172B



THE LINE BRIDGES ARE USED TO LINK ONE LINE TO ANOTHER IN THE FORM OF A DOUBLY-LINKED LIST. THE ABSOLUTE MACHINE ADDRESS OF EACH LINE IS OBTAINED FROM THE ABSOLUTE ADDRESS OF THE PREVIOUS LINE (FORWARD OR BACKWARD) ADDED TO (OR SUBTRACTED FROM) THAT PREVIOUS LINE'S FORWARD (OR BACKWARD) LINK. THE LEFT BYTE IS THE BACKWARD LINK WHILE THE RIGHT BYTE IS THE FORWARD LINK.

FIG 173

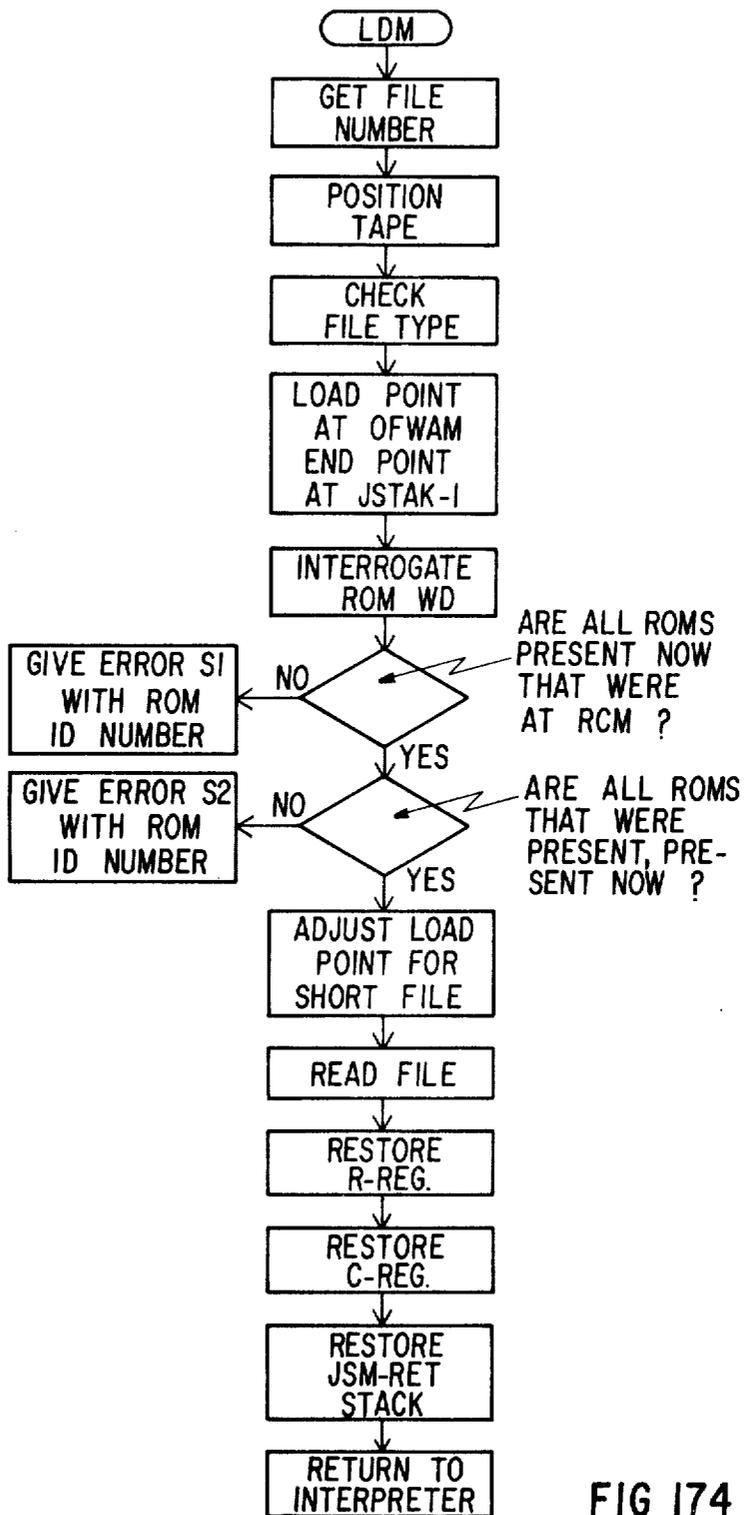


FIG 174

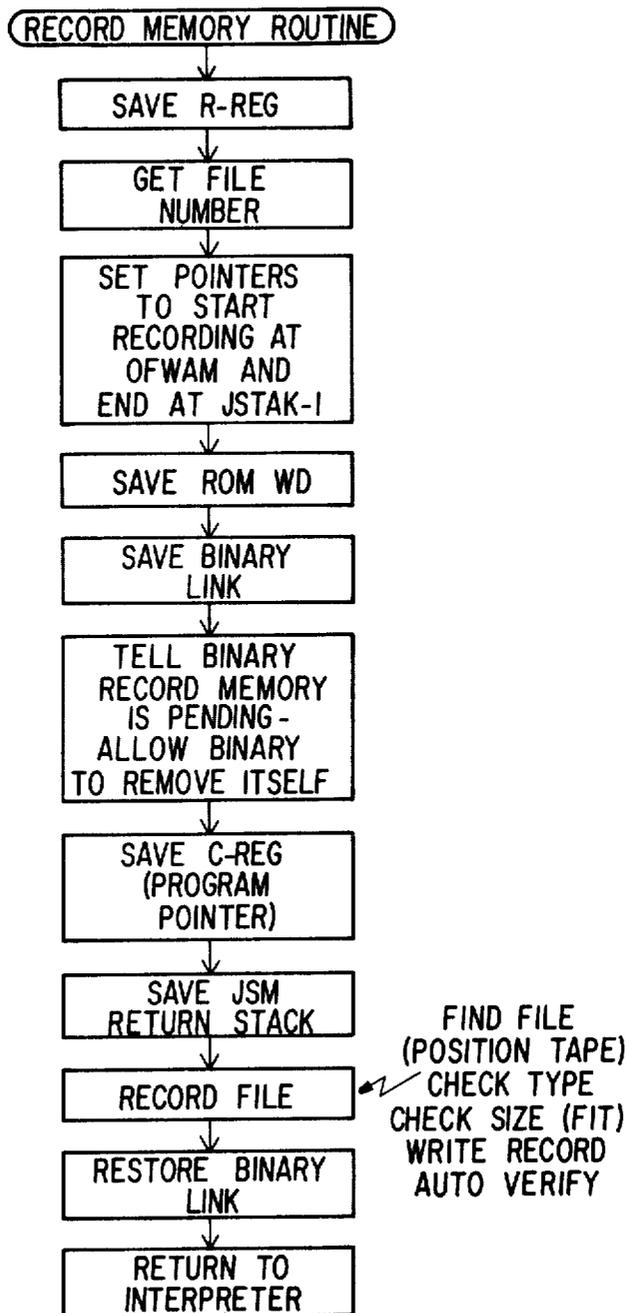


FIG 175

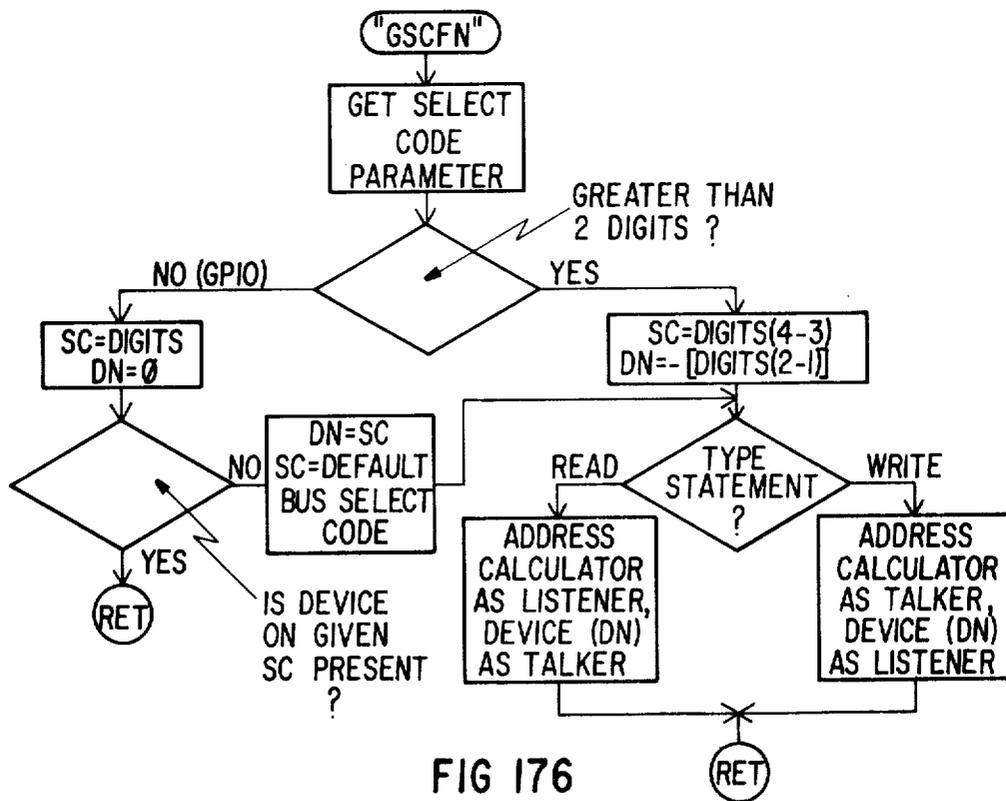
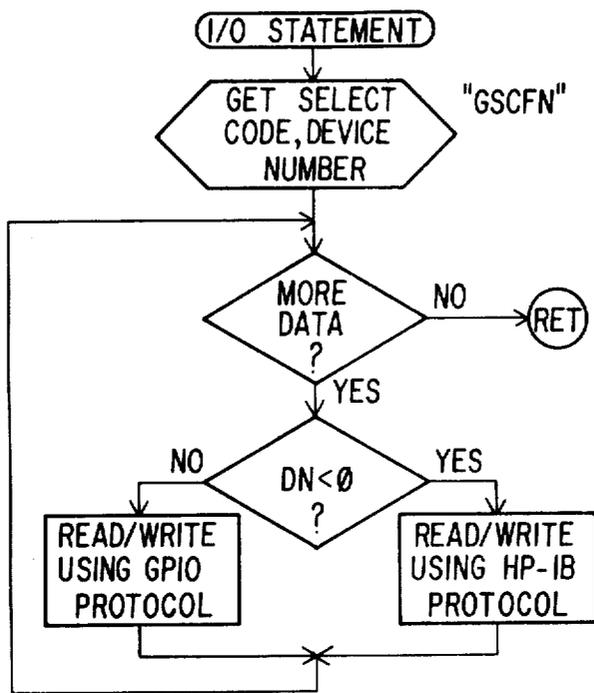


FIG 176

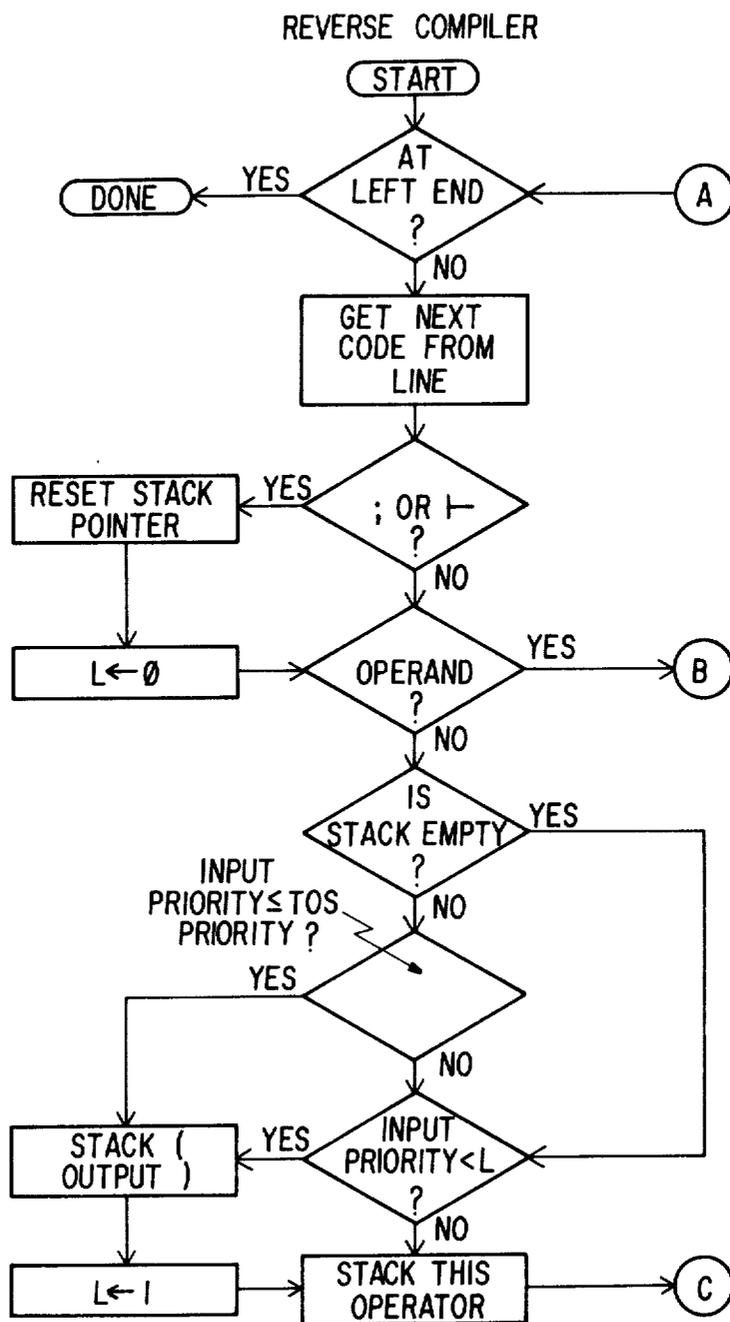


FIG 177A

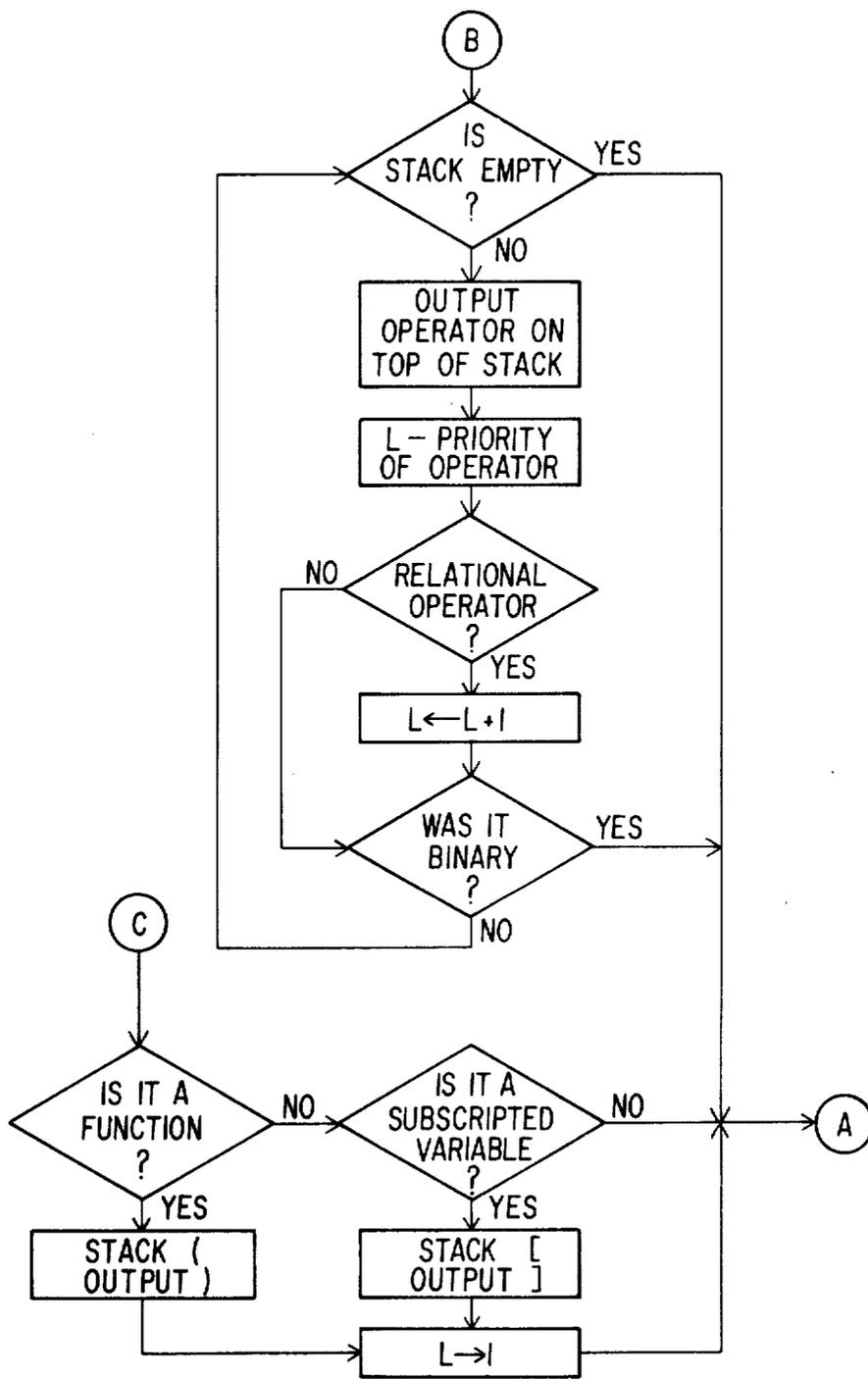


FIG 177B

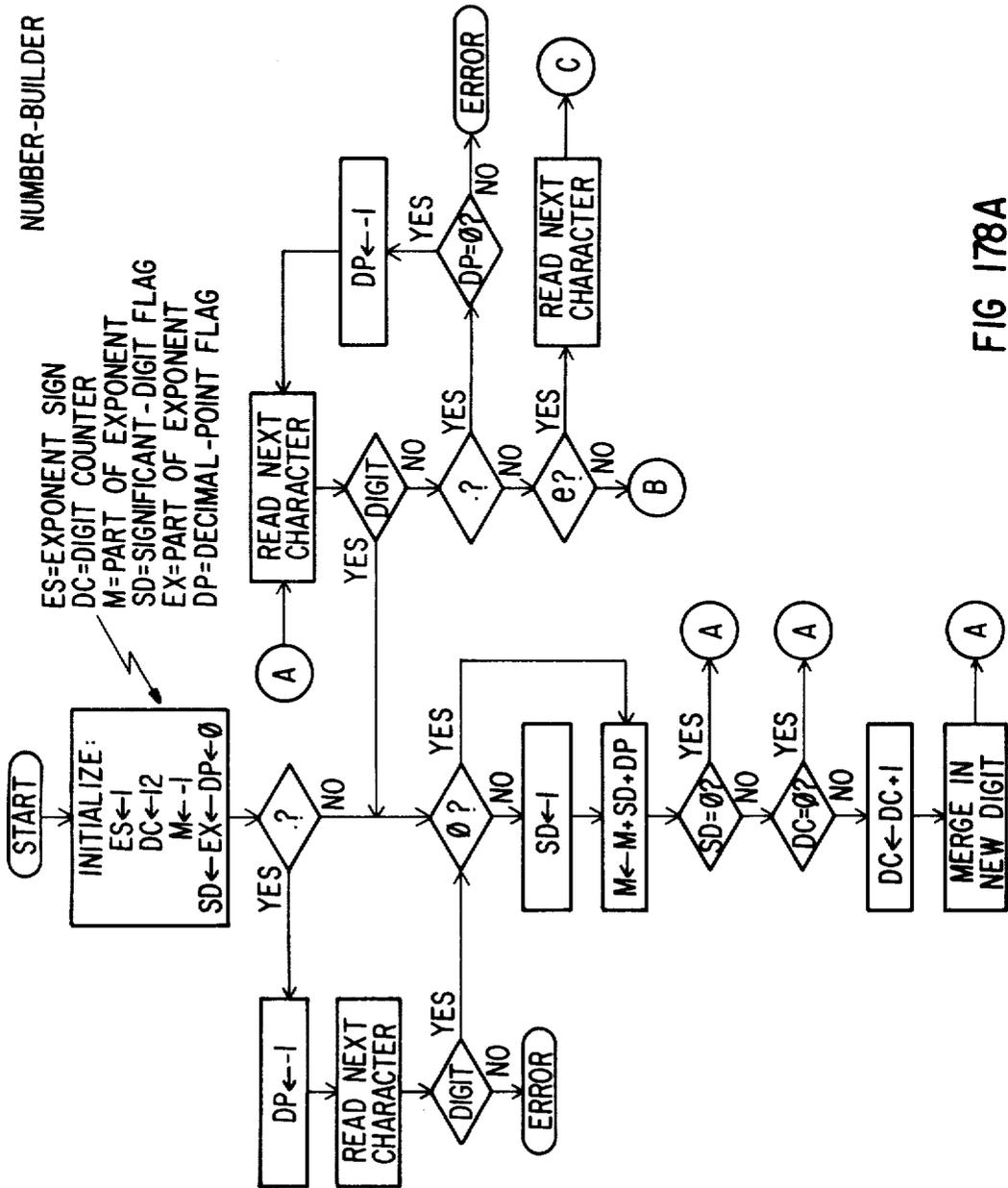


FIG 178A

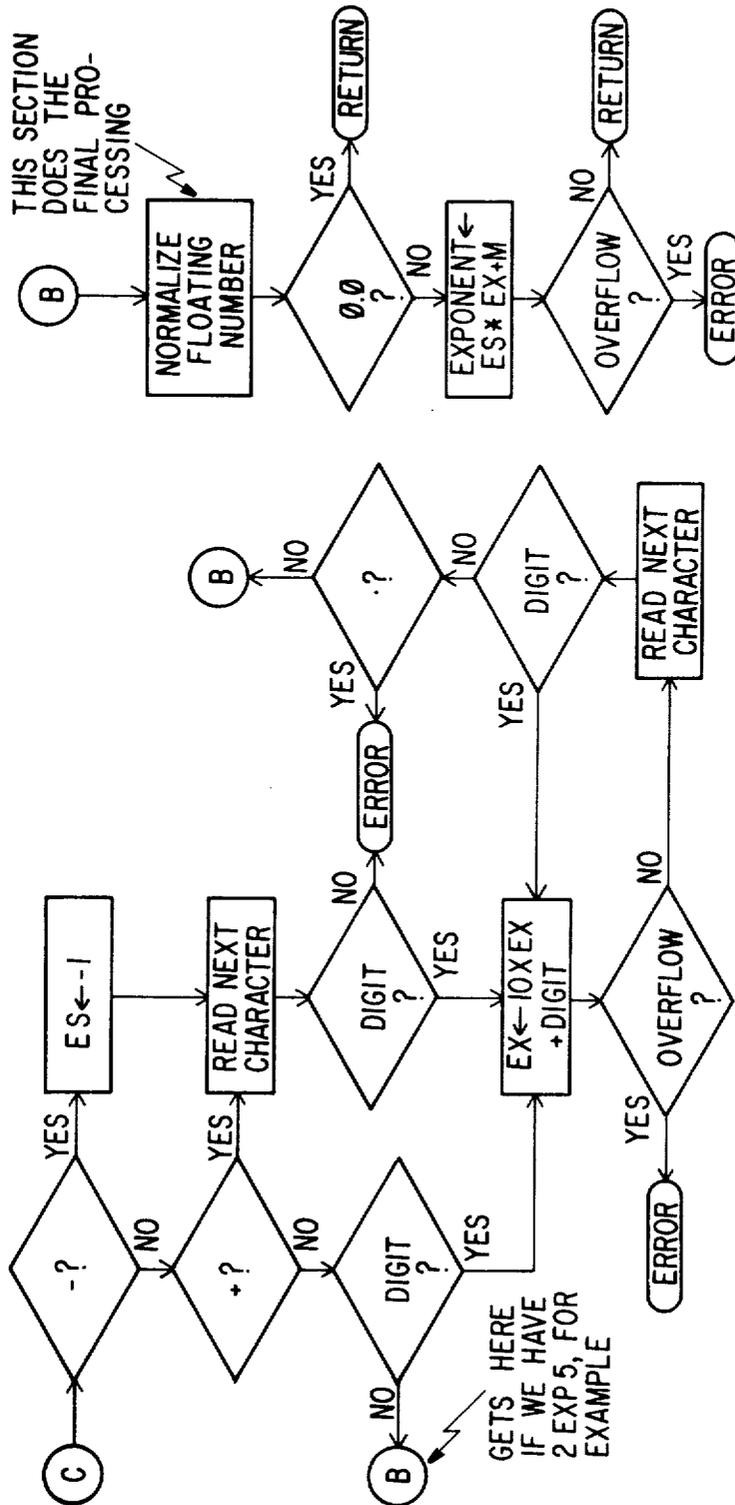
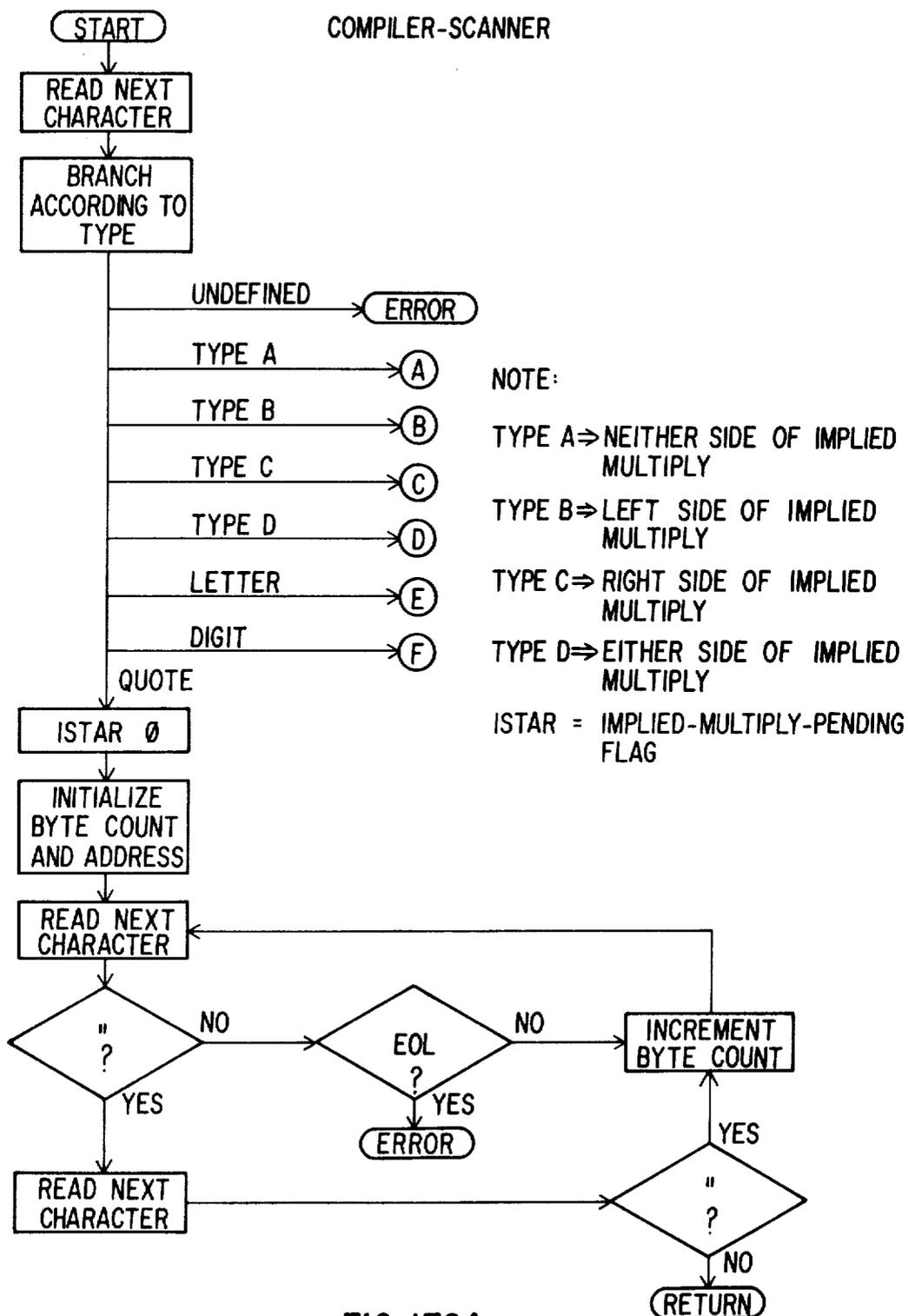


FIG 178B



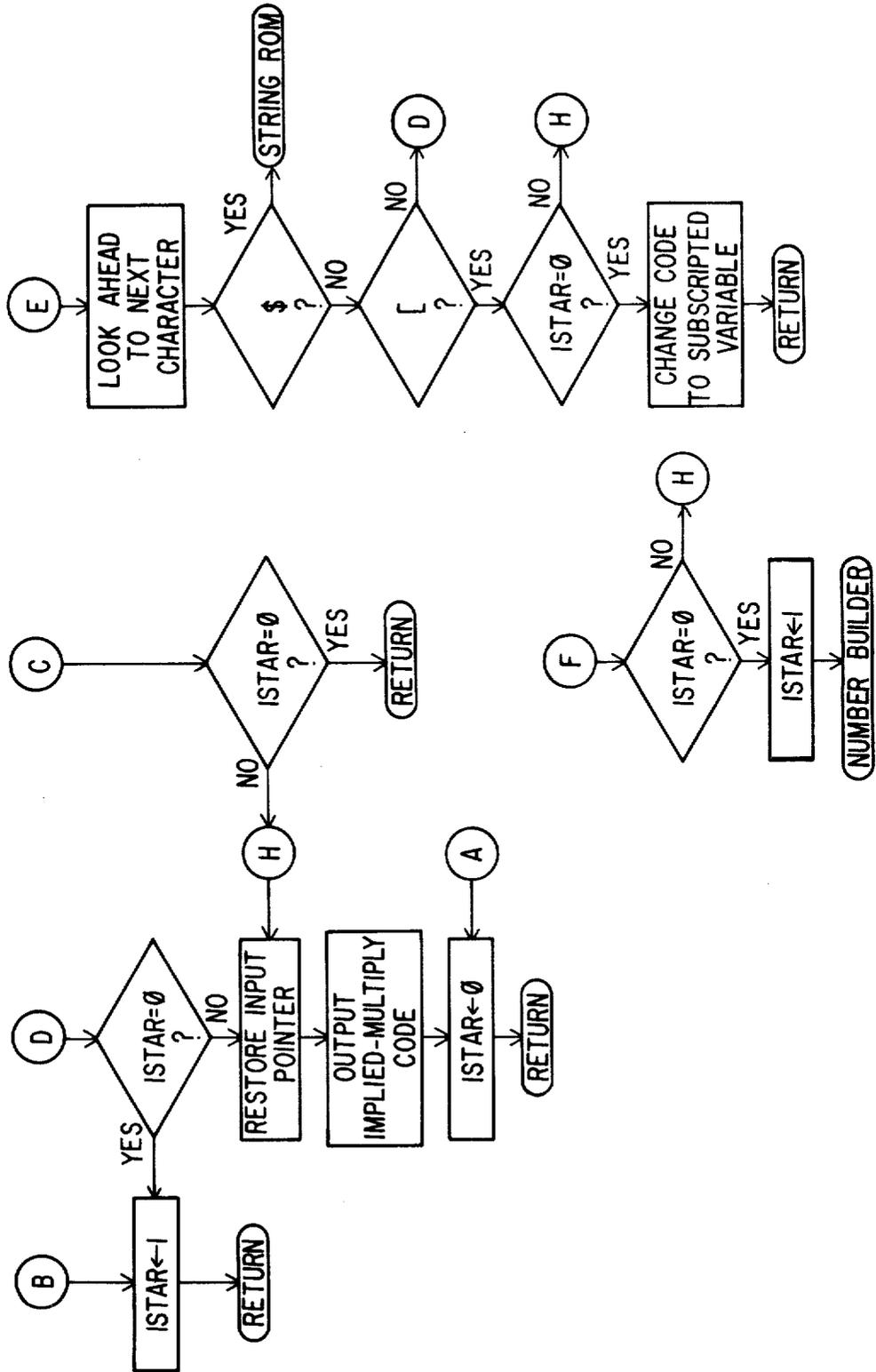


FIG 179B

STOP EXECUTION:

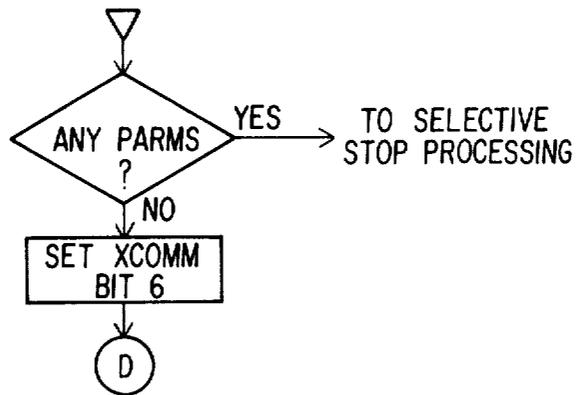


FIG 180B

ENTER EXECUTION PROLOGUE:

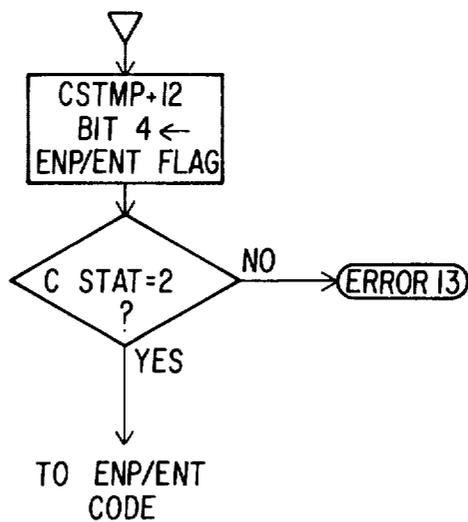


FIG 180C

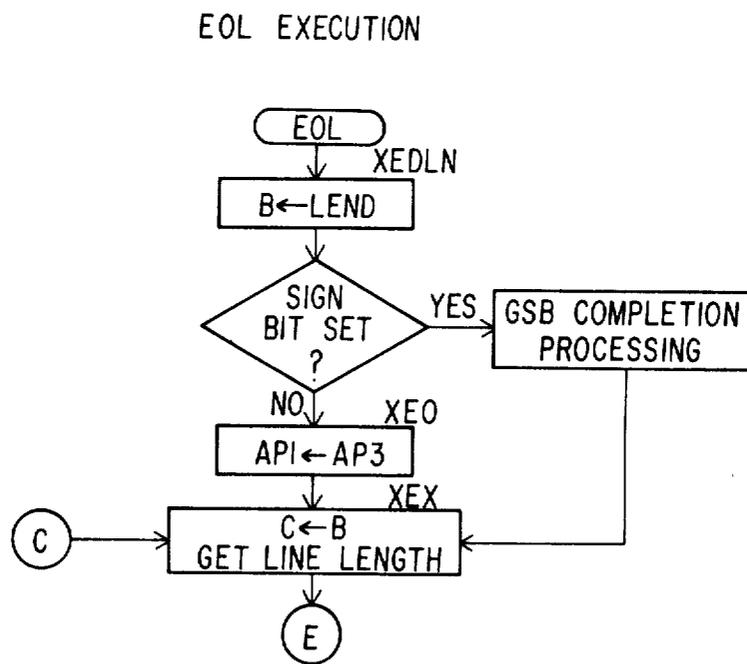


FIG 181A

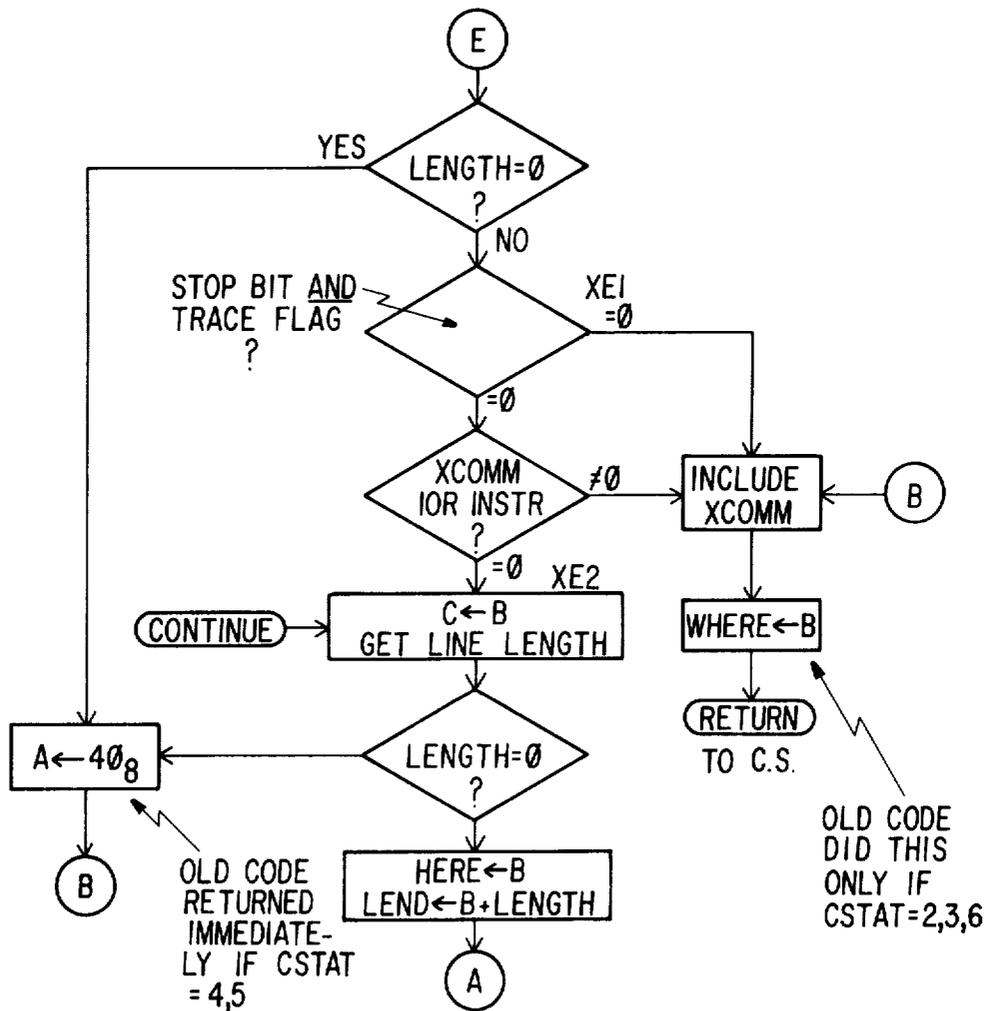
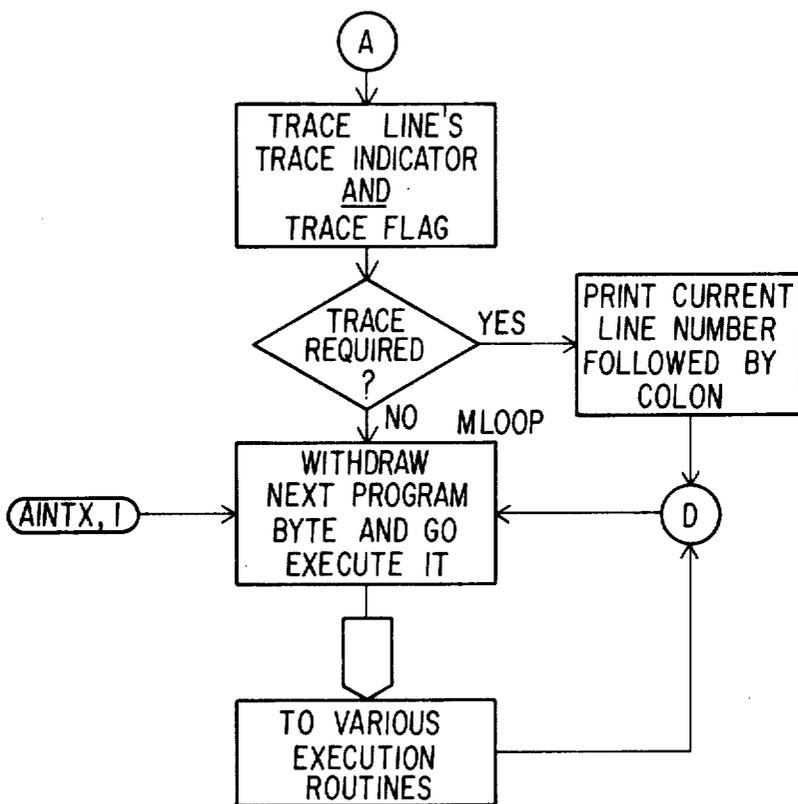


FIG 181B



CSTAT SETTING

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| 0 IDLE | 1 EXECUTE |
| 2 RUN | 3 LIVE-KEYBOARD RUN |
| 4 ENT WAIT | 5 ENT RUN |
| 6 GSB IN LIVE KEYBOARD | |

FIG 181C

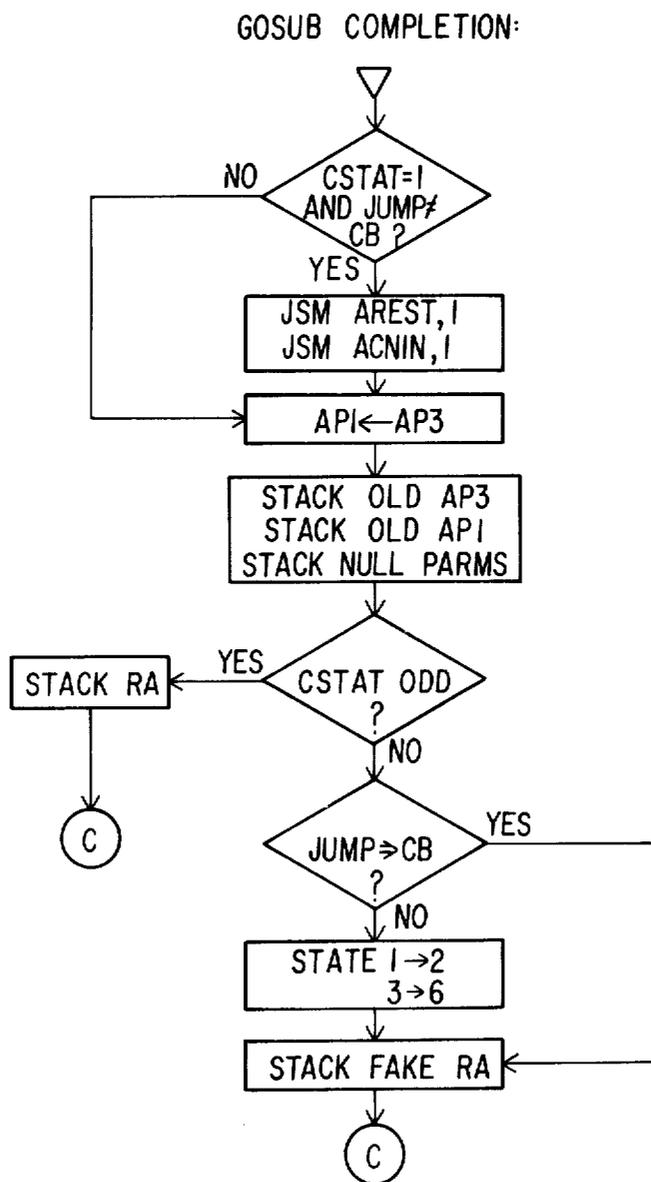


FIG 18ID

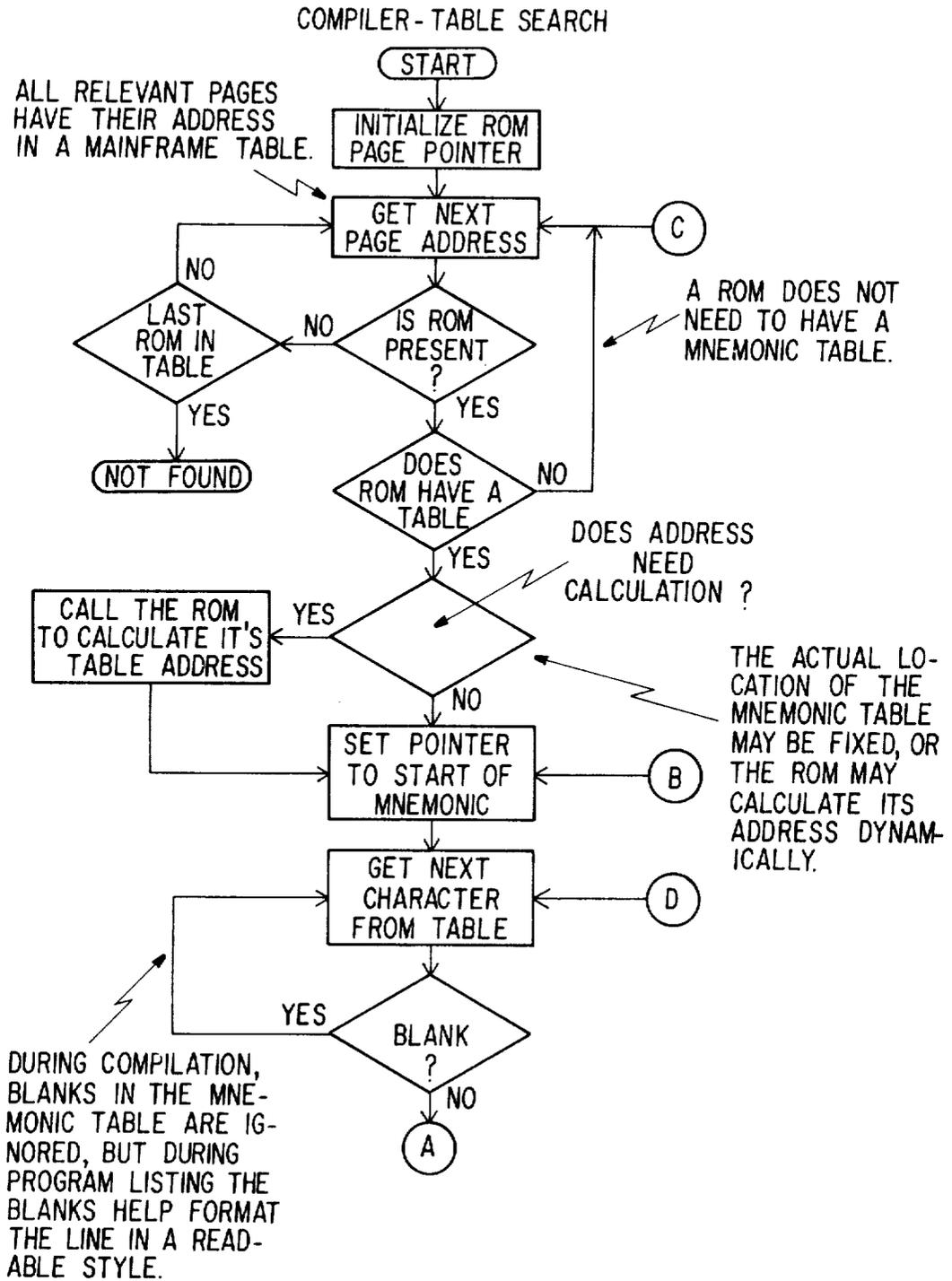


FIG 182A

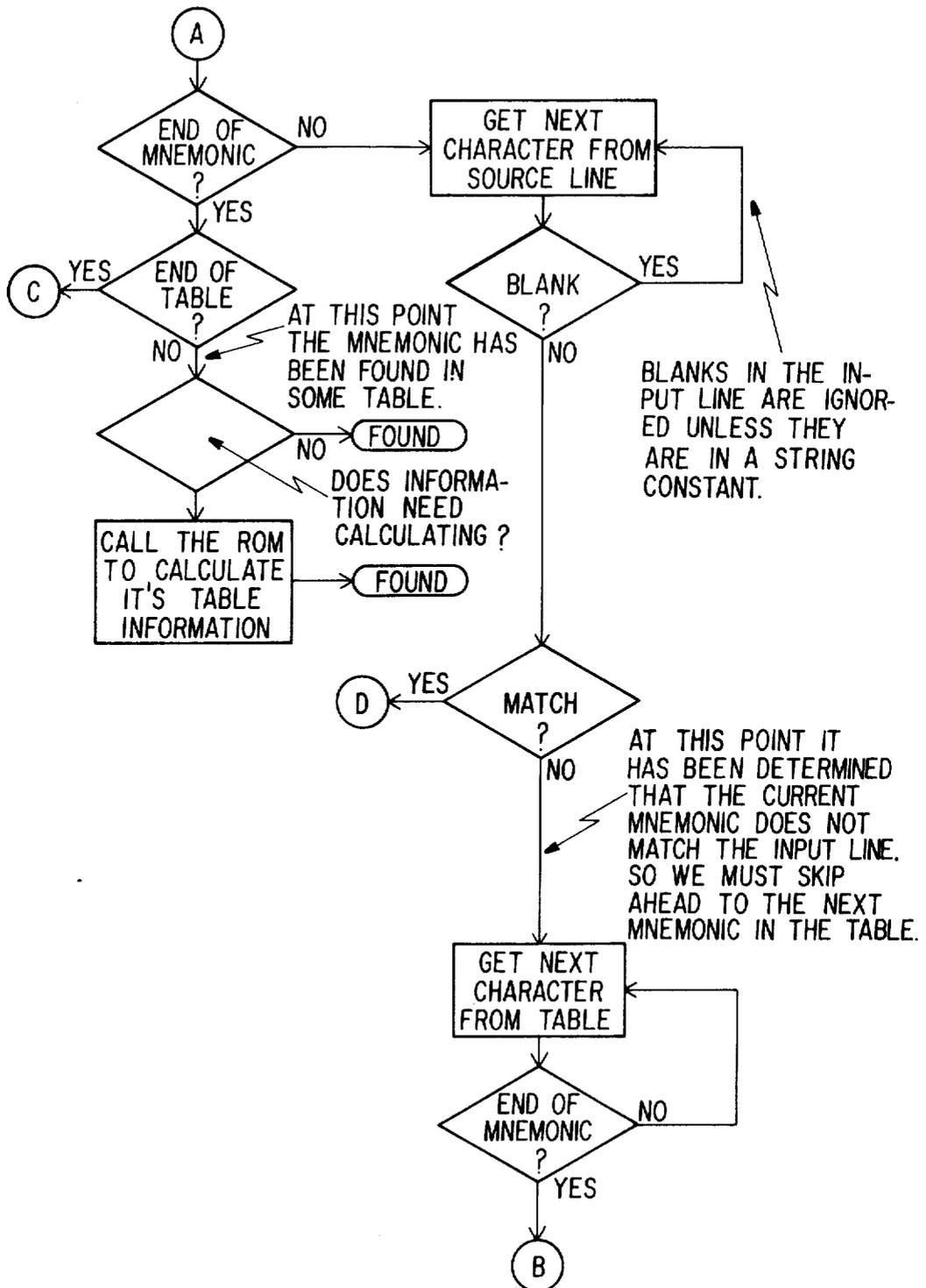


FIG 182B

PROGRAMMABLE CALCULATOR

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to calculators and improvements therein and more particularly to programmable calculators that may be controlled both manually from the keyboard input unit and automatically by means of a stored program that has previously been loaded into the calculator memory from the keyboard input unit or an external magnetic record member.

Computational problems may be solved manually, with the aid of a calculator (a dedicated computational keyboard-given machine that may be either programmable or nonprogrammable) or a general purpose computer. Manual solution of computational problems is often very slow, so slow in many cases so as to be an impractical, expensive, and ineffective use of the human resource, particularly when there are other alternatives for solution of the computational problems.

Nonprogrammable calculators may be employed to solve many relatively simple computational problems more efficiently than they could be solved by manual methods. However, the keyboard operations or language employed by these calculators is typically trivial in structure, thereby requiring many keyboard operations to solve more general arithmetic problems. Programmable calculators may be employed to solve many additional computational problems at rates hundreds of times faster than manual methods. However, the keyboard language employed by these calculators is also typically relatively simple in structure, thereby again requiring many keyboard operations to solve more general arithmetic problems.

Conventional programmable calculators have also been restricted to operation in accordance with a single fixed program language. It would be advantageous to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may select at will any one of a number of different calculator or computer languages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The principal object of this invention is to provide an improved programmable calculator that has more capability and flexibility than conventional programmable calculators, that is smaller, less expensive, and more efficient in evaluating mathematical functions than are conventional computer systems, and that is much easier for the unskilled user to operate than either conventional programmable calculators or computer systems.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may employ a reset key at any time during operation of the calculator to initialize the calculator without thereby erasing any information stored in the calculator memory.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which a visual cursor can be selectively entered into a displayed line of alphanumeric characters from either the left-hand end of that line or the right-hand end of that line.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may execute statements manually from the keyboard at the same time the calculator is executing a program stored in the calculator memory.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may obtain,

under program control, a printed listing of selected information stored in the calculator memory.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may, at any point during execution of a program stored in the calculator read-write memory, transfer the entire contents of the read-write memory, including all data and relevant housekeeping information existing at the time of transfer, to an external magnetic tape, and may thereafter load that transferred information back into the calculator read-write memory for automatic resumption of execution of the program at the point therein at which the transfer occurred.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may insert additional characters at a designated position in a line of alphanumeric information by moving an insert cursor to that position and by then simply actuating keys representing the desired characters to be inserted.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may coarsely and finely position, within a display, a line of alphanumeric information whose length exceeds that of the display by selectively actuating a group of display position control keys.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which an attempt to store a line of alphanumeric statements containing a syntax error results in a visual error message being indicated to the user and in which subsequent actuation of a recall key results in that erroneous line being visually displayed with a cursor indicating the location of the syntax error.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may select either one of two visual cursors to designate separate editing functions to be performed in connection with a displayed line of alphanumeric information.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which interrupt service routines employed in connection with peripheral input/output units may be written by the user in keyboard language.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user can declare an interrupt priority among a plurality of peripheral input/output units to eliminate user attention to interrupt requests.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator that automatically adjusts addresses designated in relative branch statements of a program stored in the calculator memory in accordance with any program editing performed by the user.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may specify an array through use of a dimension statement that includes one or more variables to represent the size of the array.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may specify, as part of an enter statement, an array that may include an expression to specify a subscript thereof and in which the expression is automatically evaluated by the calculator and the result thereof displayed for the user.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which a specified array may include an expression to designate a subscript thereof and in which a trace mode of operation is provided to

automatically evaluate the expression and display the result thereof to the user.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may completely change the language of the calculator by replacing a plug-in language read-only memory.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may call a rounding function for rounding a number to a specified number of digits.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may call a tangent function and specify as an argument of that function any angle up to 10^{99} .

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may direct execution of a program to begin or continue at a labelled program statement.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may select an exclusive or logic operator for use in constructing alphanumeric statements.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may recall into the display either the last or the penultimate line of one or more alphanumeric statements executed by the calculator or stored in the calculator memory by actuating a recall key either once or twice, respectively.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may, during program execution, direct execution of the program to any one of a plurality of program lines by simply actuating an appropriate one of the keys of a keyboard input unit.

Another object of this invention is to provide a programmable calculator in which the user may communicate via the calculator keyboard with a plurality of peripheral input/output units connected to the calculator by means of a universal interface but without regard for conventions of that universal interface bus.

Other and incidental objects of this invention will become apparent to those persons skilled in the art upon detailed examination of the following portions of this specification.

These objects are accomplished in accordance with the illustrated preferred embodiment of this invention by employing a keyboard input unit, a magnetic tape cassette reading and recording unit, a 32-character light-emitting diode (LED) display, a 16-character thermal printer unit, a memory unit, and a central processing unit (CPU) to provide an adaptable programmable calculator having manual operating, automatic operating, program entering, magnetic tape reading, and magnetic tape recording modes.

The keyboard input unit includes a group of numeric data keys for entering data into the calculator, a group of algebraic operator keys for use in entering algebraic statements into the calculator, a second set of numeric keys, a complete set of alphabetic keys and a group of special character keys all arranged in a configuration slightly modified from that of a typewriter keyboard, a group of program editing and display control keys useful in editing displayed lines of alphanumeric information, a group of system command keys for listing programs of alphanumeric statements stored in the calculator memory, for controlling the operation of the magnetic tape cassette reading and recording unit, for controlling the calculator memory, and for otherwise con-

trolling operation of the calculator, and a group of user-definable keys. Many of these groups of keys are useful in both the manual and automatic operating modes of the calculator.

The magnetic tape cassette reading and recording unit includes a reading and recording head, a drive mechanism for driving a magnetic tape past the reading and recording head, and reading and recording drive circuits coupled to the reading and recording head for bidirectionally transferring information between the magnetic tape and the calculator as determined by alphanumeric statements executed from the keyboard or as part of a program stored in the calculator memory.

The memory unit includes a modular random-access read-write memory having a dedicated system area and a separate user area for storing alphanumeric program statements and/or data. The user portion of the read-write memory may be expanded without increasing the overall dimensions of the calculator by the addition of a plug-in read-write memory module. Additional read-write memory made available to the user is automatically accommodated by the calculator, and the user is automatically informed of the number of available program storage locations and when the storage capacity of the read-write memory has been exceeded.

The memory unit also includes a modular read-only memory in which routines and subroutines of assembly language instructions for performing the various functions of the calculator are stored. The read-only memory comprises a plug-in mainframe language read-only memory for defining the language of the calculator and a group of optional plug-in function read-only memories that may be selectively added by the user to increase the functional capability of the calculator within the framework of the language defined by the mainframe language ROM. Receptacles are provided in the front base of the calculator housing to accommodate up to four plug-in function read-only memories. A receptacle is likewise provided on the right side panel of the calculator housing to accommodate the single mainframe language ROM. By plugging an appropriate different mainframe language ROM into the receptacle provided therefore, the operating language of the calculator can be changed from the standard algebraic language described hereinafter to either BASIC, FORTRAN, ALGOL or APL computer language, for example. Different mainframe language plug-in read-only memories, as well as any plug-in function read-only memories added by the user, are automatically accommodated by the calculator.

Exemplary of the plug-in function read-only memories that the user may add to increase the functional capabilities of the calculator are a plotter ROM, a string variables ROM, a general input/output ROM, a matrix ROM, an advanced programming ROM, an extended input/output ROM, and a disc memory ROM.

The LED display unit is hardware-refreshed and features 32-character 5×7 dot matrix alphanumeric capability. Hardware refreshing of the display allows the user to use the display in connection with keyboard calculations at the same time the microprocessor is executing a program stored in the calculator memory.

The central processing unit (CPU) may comprise, for example, an LSI MOS hybrid microprocessor that includes a binary processor chip, an input/output (I/O) chip, and an extended math chip together with necessary buffering circuitry. This processor utilizes 16-bit parallel bus architecture which, at various points in

time, handles address, instruction or data information. Also included are two 16-bit general purpose accumulators, memory stack instruction capability, two-level vectored interrupt capability, a single direct memory access channel, and math instructions for handling binary-coded-decimal floating point numbers.

In the run mode of operation, the calculator is controlled by an internal stored format generated by the calculator in response to actuation by the user of selected keys of the keyboard input unit. Each internal stored format is employed as a pointer to the address of the routine stored in the calculator read-only memory that is required for execution of the selected keyboard instruction.

In the program mode of operation, the internal stored format generated by the calculator during entry of a program is stored in the program storage area of the user read-write memory. This internal stored format, compiled from lines of alphanumeric statements entered into the calculator by the user, constitutes a program that may be automatically executed by the calculator upon request by the user. During program entry, the output printer may be commanded, by means of a keyboard switch, to provide a printed listing of the keyboard statements entered by the user together with the corresponding program line at which the associated internal stored format is stored. Since several key actuations may result in generation by the calculator of a single compiled instruction code and since the calculator executes only these internal instruction codes, a complex program can be stored and executed by the calculator very efficiently and in a short period of time.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of a programmable calculator according to the preferred embodiment of this invention.

FIG. 2 is a rear perspective view of the programmable calculator of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is a plan view of the keyboard input unit employed in the programmable calculator of FIG. 1.

FIG. 4 is a simplified block diagram of the hardware associated with the calculator of FIG. 1.

FIG. 5 is a simplified block diagram of the firmware associated with the calculator of FIG. 1.

FIG. 6 is a memory map showing the format of the various read-write and read-only memories within the calculator memory section of FIG. 4.

FIG. 7 is a memory map showing the format of each of the twelve individual read-only memory chips within the mainframe language ROM of FIG. 4.

FIG. 8 is a memory map of the basic and optional read-write memories of FIGS. 4 and 6.

FIG. 9 is a detailed memory map of a portion of the read-write memory of FIG. 8 that is reserved for the special function keys.

FIG. 10 is a detailed memory map of the portion of the read-write memory of FIG. 8 that is employed as a user program area.

FIG. 11 is a detailed memory map of the portion of the read-write memory of FIG. 8 that is employed as a statement parameter stack.

FIG. 12 is a detailed memory map of the portion of the read-write memory of FIG. 8 that is employed as a subroutine stack.

FIG. 13 is a detailed memory map of the portion of the read-write memory of FIG. 8 that is employed as a for/next stack.

FIGS. 14A-B are a detailed memory map of the portion of the read-write memory of FIG. 8 that is employed as a value table.

FIG. 15 is a detailed memory map of the base page portions of the language read-only memory of FIG. 7 and the read-write memory of FIG. 8.

FIG. 16 is a detailed block diagram of the processor of FIG. 4.

FIG. 17 is a detailed schematic diagram of the clock generator of FIG. 16.

FIG. 18 is a detailed schematic diagram of the preset circuit of FIG. 16.

FIG. 19 is a detailed block diagram of the microprocessor of FIG. 16.

FIG. 20 is a detailed logic diagram of one of the BIBs of FIGS. 16 and 19.

FIG. 21 is a diagram illustrating the memory addressing convention employed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 22 is a diagram illustrating current page absolute addressing employed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 23 is a diagram illustrating relative addressing employed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIGS. 24A-G are a tabular illustration of the instruction set and corresponding bit patterns associated with the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIGS. 25A-C are a detailed block diagram of the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 26 is a detailed block diagram of the connection between the IDA bus of FIG. 19 and the IDB bus of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 27 is a detailed schematic diagram illustrating how the DMP ST microinstruction is placed on the IDB bus of FIGS. 25A-B and illustrating the details of a pre-charger and a 01 enhancer associated with the IDB bus.

FIG. 28 is a detailed schematic diagram of the D register of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 29 is a detailed block diagram of the I register of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 30 is a detailed schematic diagram of the upper twelve bits of the I register of FIG. 29.

FIG. 31 is a detailed schematic diagram of the CTQ generator of FIG. 29.

FIG. 32 is a detailed schematic diagram of the lower four bits of the I register of FIG. 29.

FIG. 33 is a detailed block diagram of the instruction decode block of FIGS. 24A-B.

FIGS. 34A-D are a table of the 29 instruction categories decoded by the instruction category identifier of FIG. 33.

FIGS. 35A-E are a tabular illustration of the relationship between the 29 instruction categories of FIGS. 34A-D and the instruction bit patterns of FIGS. 24A-G.

FIG. 36 is a tabular illustration of the details of generation of the instruction group qualifiers appearing at the output of the instruction group decoder of FIG. 33 from the outputs of the instruction category identifier of FIG. 33.

FIG. 37 is a detailed schematic diagram of the asynchronous instruction generator of FIG. 33.

FIG. 38 is a detailed block diagram of the control ROM included within the BPC of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 39 is a detailed schematic diagram of the 4-bit state counter and drivers of FIG. 38.

FIG. 40 is a diagram illustrating the natural state sequence of the state counter of FIG. 38.

FIG. 41 is a detailed schematic diagram of the micro-instruction decoding circuitry of FIG. 38.

FIG. 42 is a detailed schematic diagram of the non-sequential state-count generator of FIG. 38.

FIG. 43 is a diagram illustrating the logical properties of the non-sequential state-count generator of FIG. 38.

FIG. 44 is a detailed schematic diagram of the next state-count encoder of FIG. 42.

FIG. 45A is a detailed block diagram of the R register of FIG. 25A-B.

FIG. 45B is a detailed schematic diagram showing the origin of various signals employed by the R register of FIG. 45A.

FIG. 45C is a detailed schematic diagram of one of the bits of the R register of FIG. 45A.

FIG. 46A is a detailed block diagram of the A and B registers of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 46B is a detailed block diagram of the ZAB bus control of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 47A is a detailed schematic diagram of one of the bits of each of the A and B registers of FIG. 46A.

FIG. 48 is a detailed schematic diagram of the \overline{ZAB} bus and the \overline{ZAB} bus control block of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 49 is a detailed block diagram of the S register and the S register shift control block of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 50 is a detailed schematic diagram of the S register of FIG. 49.

FIG. 51 is a detailed schematic diagram of the S register shift control block of FIG. 49.

FIG. 52 is a detailed schematic diagram of the ALU of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 53 is a detailed block diagram of the adder and completer of FIG. 52.

FIG. 54 is a detailed schematic diagram of the completer of FIG. 53 together with its associated circuitry.

FIG. 55 is a diagram illustrating the rules for generating sum and carry bits during addition operations performed by the ALU of FIG. 52.

FIG. 56 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the circuitry within the adder of FIG. 53.

FIG. 57 is a detailed schematic diagram of the ALU control block of FIG. 52.

FIG. 58 is a detailed schematic diagram of the output selector and LSB/MSB trap blocks of FIG. 52.

FIG. 59 is a detailed block diagram of the extend and overflow registers of FIGS. 25A-N in a non-ERA mode.

FIG. 60 is a detailed block diagram of the extend and overflow registers of FIGS. 25A-B connected in a non-ERA mode.

FIG. 60 is a detailed block diagram of the extend and overflow registers of FIGS. 25A-B connected in an ERA mode.

FIG. 61 is a detailed schematic diagram of the EX/OV control block FIG. 59.

FIG. 62 is a detailed schematic diagram of the extend, overflow, set EX, set OV, and EX/OV selector #1 blocks of FIG. 59.

FIG. 63 is a detailed schematic diagram of EX, OV, and EX/OV selector #2 of blocks of FIG. 60.

FIG. 64 is a detailed schematic diagram of the flag multiplexor of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 65 is a detailed schematic diagram of the skip matrix of FIGS. 25-B.

FIG. 66 is a detailed schematic diagram of the P register of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 67 is a detailed schematic diagram of the T register of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 68 is a detailed block diagram of a portion of the overall block diagram of FIGS. 25A-B that comprises a program adder section.

FIG. 69 is a diagram illustrating how the program adder section of FIG. 68 generates a 15-bit base page address from the 10-bit field of a memory reference instruction.

FIG. 70 is a diagram illustrating how the program adder section of FIG. 68 generates a 15-bit relative current page address from the 10-bit field of a memory reference instruction.

FIG. 71 is a diagram illustrating how the program adder section of FIG. 68 generates a 15-bit absolute current page address from the 10-bit field of a memory reference instruction.

FIG. 72 is a diagram illustrating how the program adder section of FIG. 68 generates a 15-bit memory address from the 6-bit field of a skip instruction.

FIG. 73 is a diagram illustrating the increment P mode of operation of the program adder section of FIG. 68.

FIG. 74 is a detailed schematic diagram of the P-adder input (PAI) of FIG. 68.

FIG. 75 is a detailed block diagram of the P-adder of FIG. 68.

FIG. 76 is a detailed schematic diagram of the P-adder control and the P-adder output selector blocks of FIG. 68.

FIG. 77 is a detailed schematic diagram of the addressing mode selector of FIG. 68 and the service logic of FIG. 75.

FIG. 78 is a detailed schematic diagram of the P-adder of FIG. 75.

FIG. 79 is a detailed block diagram of the BPC register detection and address latches block and the indirect circuit of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 80 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the circuitry of FIG. 79.

FIG. 81 is a detailed schematic diagram of the BPC-register address detector of FIG. 79.

FIG. 82 is a detailed schematic diagram of the BPC-register LSB address latches of FIG. 79.

FIGS. 83A-B are a detailed block diagram of the M-section of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 84 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the circuitry of FIG. 83A.

FIG. 85 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the circuitry of FIG. 83A.

FIG. 86 is a flow chart illustrating the logic flow of the circuitry of FIGS. 84 and 85.

FIG. 87 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the circuitry of FIG. 83B.

FIG. 88 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the circuitry of FIG. 83B.

FIG. 89 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the M-section of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 90 is a detailed schematic diagram of a portion of the circuitry of FIG. 83A.

FIGS. 91A-E are illustrations of the conventions used in the BPC ASM chart of FIGS. 92-103.

FIG. 92 is a diagram showing the overall relationship of the flow chart segments of FIGS. 93-103.

FIG. 93 is a flow chart segment of the instruction fetch and fanout activity of the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 94 is a flow chart segment of the load, add, and, or, and compare machine instructions executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 95 is a flow chart segment of the STA and STB machine instruction executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 96 is a flow chart segment of the ISZ and DSZ machine instructions executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 97 is a flow chart segment of the JMP and JSM machine instructions executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 98 is a flow chart segment of the EXE machine instruction executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 99 is a flow chart segment of the RET machine instruction executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 100 is a flow chart segment of the alter-skip group of machine instructions executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 101 is a flow chart segment of the shift-rotate group of machine instructions executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 102 is a flow chart segment of the complement group of machine instructions executed by the BPC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 103 is a flow chart segment illustrating the response of the BPC of FIG. 19 to a request for execution of a non-BPC machine instruction.

FIG. 104 is a flow chart of memory cycle operation initiated by the M-section of FIGS. 25A-B.

FIG. 105 is a tabular illustration of the addressing capability embodied in the flow chart of FIG. 104.

FIG. 106 is an illustration of the conventions used in the waveform diagrams of FIGS. 107A-119B.

FIGS. 107A-C are a waveform diagram illustrating a read memory cycle in which the source address is a BPC register.

FIGS. 108A-B are a waveform diagram illustrating two consecutive read memory cycles originating with the BPC in which the source addresses are in the external memory.

FIG. 109 is a waveform diagram illustrating a generalized BPC-originated read memory cycle.

FIGS. 110A-D are a waveform diagram illustrating a write memory cycle in which the destination address is a BPC register.

FIGS. 111A-C are a waveform diagram illustrating two consecutive write memory cycles originating with the BPC in which the destination addresses are in the external memory.

FIG. 112 is a waveform diagram illustrating a generalized BPC-originated write memory cycle not involving handshake.

FIG. 113 is a waveform diagram illustrating a generalized 5-state BPC-originated write memory cycle with handshake.

FIG. 114 is a waveform diagram illustrating a generalized 6-state BPC-originated write memory cycle with handshake.

FIGS. 115A-C are a waveform diagram illustrating the initial start up and first instruction fetch of the BPC.

FIG. 116 is a waveform diagram illustrating the capture of external flags during a BPC instruction fetch.

FIGS. 117A-B are a waveform diagram illustrating an interrupt of the BPC during an instruction fetch.

FIG. 118 is a flow chart illustrating the logical relationship between a bus request and a bus grant.

FIGS. 119A-B are a waveform diagram illustrating the timing relationship between a bus request and a bus grant.

FIGS. 120A-E are a tabular representation of the contents of the read-only memory portion of the BPC of FIGS. 19 and 25A-B.

FIG. 121 is a waveform diagram illustrating a write I/O bus cycle.

FIG. 122 is a waveform diagram illustrating a read I/O bus cycle.

FIG. 123 is a diagram illustrating the indirect addressing sequence implemented by the BPC and IOC of FIG. 19 during an interrupt.

FIG. 124 is a pictorial representation of the use of the extended bus grant capability of the microprocessor of FIG. 19.

FIGS. 125A-C are a tabular illustration of the instruction set and corresponding bit patterns associated with the IOC of FIG. 19.

FIGS. 126A-C are a detailed block diagram of the IOC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 127 is a diagram illustrating the format in which 12-digit floating point binary-coded-decimal numbers are encoded for use by the EMC of FIG. 19.

FIGS. 128A-C are a tabular illustration of the instruction set and corresponding bit patterns associated with the EMC of FIG. 19.

FIGS. 129A-C are a detailed block diagram of the EMC of FIG. 19.

FIG. 130 is a detailed schematic diagram of the bus control block of FIG. 16.

FIG. 131 is a detailed schematic diagram of the memory timing control block of FIG. 16.

FIG. 132 is a detailed block diagram of the mainframe language ROM, ROM interface, and plug-in ROM of FIG. 4.

FIG. 133 is a detailed schematic diagram of one of the individual ROM chips employed in the mainframe language ROM, ROM interface, and plug-in ROM of FIGS. 4 and 132.

FIG. 134 is a detailed schematic diagram of an address section of the basic and optional read-write memories of FIG. 4.

FIG. 135 is a detailed schematic diagram of a memory control section of the basic and optional read-write memories of FIG. 4.

FIG. 136 is a waveform diagram illustrating the timing relationship between various signals involved in the read-write memory control section circuitry of FIG. 135.

FIG. 137 is a detailed schematic diagram of a read-write memory devices section of the basic and optional read-write memories of FIG. 4.

FIG. 138 is a detailed schematic diagram of an I/O interface section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 139 is a detailed schematic diagram of a keyboard scan circuit section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 140 is a detailed schematic diagram of a timing generator section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 141 is a waveform diagram illustrating the timing relationship between various signals involved in the timing generator section of FIG. 140.

FIG. 142 is a detailed schematic diagram of a memory section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 143 is a detailed schematic diagram of a display control section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 144 is a detailed block diagram of the display of FIG. 4.

FIG. 145 is a waveform diagram illustrating the timing relationship between various signals involved in the display control section of FIG. 143.

FIGS. 146A-B are a detailed schematic diagram of a printer control section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 147 is a detailed block diagram of the printer of FIG. 4.

FIGS. 148A-B are a waveform diagram illustrating the timing relationship between various signals involved in the printer control section of FIGS. 146A-B.

FIGS. 149A-C are a detailed schematic diagram of an I/O interface section of the cassette control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 150 is a detailed schematic diagram of a tape hole detection circuit section of the magnetic tape cassette unit of FIG. 4.

FIGS. 151A-C are a detailed schematic diagram of a servo section of the cassette control block of FIG. 4.

FIG. 152 is a detailed schematic diagram of a write electronics section of the cassette control block of FIG. 4.

FIGS. 153A-B are a detailed schematic diagram of a read electronics section of the cassette control block of FIG. 4.

FIGS. 154A-C are a detailed schematic diagram of the power module and power supply blocks of FIG. 4.

FIG. 155 is a flow chart of a reset subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 156A-B are a flow chart of a list subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 157 is a flow chart of a flashing cursor subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 158A-B are a flow chart illustrating a double buffering feature of the calculator of FIG. 1.

FIGS. 159A-L are a flow chart of line editing subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 160A-D are a flow chart of array allocation subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 161 is a flow chart of two rounding subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 172 is a flow chart of a quote recognition subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 163A-F are a flow chart of enter statement subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 164 is a flow chart of a read binary subroutine stored in the calculator read-only memory.

FIG. 165 is a flow chart of a prescale subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 166 is a flow chart of a GTO/GSB destination adjustment subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 167A-B are a flow chart of live keyboard key processing subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 168A-B are a flow chart of live keyboard execution routines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 169A-B are a flow chart of live keyboard interpreter routines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 170A-D illustrate the information structure of a magnetic tape employed in the magnetic tape cassette reading and recording unit of the calculator.

FIGS. 171A-B are a flow chart of a magnetic tape recording routine and subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 172A-B are a flow chart of a magnetic tape reading routine and subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 173 is a diagram illustrating line bridging performed by the routine of FIGS. 172A-B.

FIG. 174 is a flow chart of a load memory subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 175 is a flow chart of a record memory subroutine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIG. 176 is a flow chart of an HPIB transparency routine and subroutine stored in the calculator read-only memory.

FIGS. 177A-B are a flow chart of a reverse compiler routine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 178A-B are a flow chart of a number builder routine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 179A-B are a flow chart of a compiler-scanner routine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 180A-C are a flow chart of GOTO/GOSUB processing subroutines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 181A-D are a flow chart of end-of-line execution routines stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

FIGS. 182A-B are a flow chart of a compiler-table search routine stored in the mainframe language ROM of FIGS. 4 and 7.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Referring to FIG. 1, there is shown a programmable calculator including both a keyboard 320 for entering information into the calculator and for controlling the operation of the calculator and a magnetic tape cassette reading and recording unit 360 for recording information stored within the calculator onto one or more external tape cartridges 12 and for loading information stored on such tape cartridges back into the calculator. The calculator also includes a 32-character 5×7 dot matrix light-emitting diode (LED) display 330 for displaying alphanumeric statements entered into the calculator, results of statement execution, error conditions encountered during operation of the calculator, and messages and data prompts generated during program execution. The calculator further includes a 16-column alphanumeric thermal printer 340 for printing computation results, program listings, and messages generated by the calculator or the user. One or more plug-in read-only memories 230 for increasing the functional capability of the calculator may be plugged into a group of four ROM receptacles 14 provided in the front base of the calculator. A plug-in mainframe language ROM 210

that defines the operating language of the calculator resides in a slot provided on the right base of the calculator. By replacing the mainframe language ROM, the operating language of the calculator may be changed, for example, to either BASIC, FORTRAN, ALGOL or APL computer language.

As shown in FIG. 2, the rear panel of the calculator includes three input/output (I/O) receptacles 30 for accepting I/O interface modules 32. These I/O interface modules serve to couple the calculator to various selected peripheral I/O units such as X-Y plotters, printers, typewriters, photoreaders, paper tape punches, digitizers, BCD-compatible data gathering instruments such as digital voltmeters, frequency synthesizers, and network analyzers, and a universal interface bus for interfacing to most bus-compatible instrumentation.

The overall operation of the calculator hardware may be understood with reference to the block diagram of FIG. 4. A central processing unit (CPU) 100 handles all data processing performed by the calculator and is arranged to cooperate with a memory section 200 and an I/O section 300. Memory section 200 comprises the mainframe language ROM 210, a basic read-write memory 220, the optional plug-in read-only memory modules 230, and an optional read-write memory 240. I/O section 300 includes a keyboard/display/printer (KDP) control circuit 310, the keyboard input unit 320, the display 330, the thermal printer 340, the magnetic tape cassette reading and recording unit 360, a magnetic tape control circuit 350, and an I/O interface circuit 370. A power module 410 includes a line transformer, a power switch 16 located on the right panel of the calculator, a group of line voltage selection switches, and a group of fuses. The fuses and line voltage selection switches are located within a printer paper supply compartment that is accessible through a hinged cover 18 on the top panel of the calculator.

CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT

Referring now to FIG. 16, there is shown a more detailed block diagram of the central processing unit 100 of FIG. 4. The heart of the CPU 100 is a microprocessor 101. Microprocessor 101 is a hybrid combination of three NMOS integrated circuits and four schottky TTL bidirectional data buffers. Microprocessor 101 requires two-phase clocking that is generated by a clock generator circuit 102. A preset circuit 103 initializes the microprocessor 101 by means of a signal POP when the power is not valid, as indicated by a line PVL, or when a RESET key on keyboard input unit 320 is actuated, as indicated by a RESET line. A bus control circuit 104 determines the direction of data flow on the memory bus and further determines which memory section is allowed to place data on the memory bus. A memory timing and control circuit 105 provides the proper timing signals for interfacing the microprocessor 101 to the various memory sections.

CLOCK GENERATOR

Operation of the clock generator circuit 102 of FIG. 16 may be understood with reference to the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 17 and with further reference to copending U.S. Pat. application Ser. No. 599,500 entitled TWO-PHASE CLOCK CIRCUIT, filed Jul. 28, 1975, by Loyd F. Nelson et al and assigned to the same assignee as the present application. A dual voltage controlled multivibrator U8 may comprise, for example, a Motorola MC4024 package. Section U8A of

this package and its associated components are employed to generate a nominal frequency of 11.6 megahertz. Section U8A is biased at a nominal voltage of 4.0 volts via resistor R23 from a power supply and a divider network comprising diode CR1 and resistors R20 and R21. Section U8B, similarly biased, generates a signal having a nominal frequency of 10 kilohertz that is integrated by resistor R16 and capacitor C15 to produce a triangular waveform. The triangular waveform is then used to modulate the nominal 10-kilohertz frequency, thus spreading the energy associated with the basic frequency over a frequency spectrum of 11.2 megahertz to 12 megahertz and reducing both the conducted and radiated energy to an acceptable limit at any given frequency. The resulting frequency is divided by a flip-flop U7 to produce the clock frequency used in the calculator. Devices U4, U5, and U6 provide the two non-overlapping clock signals required by the microprocessor 101. Device U4, which may comprise, for example, a Motorola MMH0026, converts the TTL signal levels to MOS levels, as required by microprocessor 101. A pair of inverters U6A and U6B feed back the clock signals to U5B and U5A to inhibit each clock signal from proceeding to the high logic state until the other clock signal has reached the low logic state. Schottky TTL devices are utilized for the gates of devices U5 and U6 to minimize the amount of time each clock signal resides in the low logic state while insuring that the two clock signals will not overlap. The feedback signals of both inverters U6A and U6B are also distributed to various circuits within the calculator requiring synchronization with the microprocessor. Exemplary of these circuits are the memory timing control circuit 105, the basic and optional read-write memories 220 and 240, a monitor interface circuit, and the preset circuit 103. An output of clock generator 102 is also provided for the KDP control circuit 310 of FIG. 4 for display and printer timing purposes.

PRESET CIRCUIT

Operation of the preset circuit 103 of FIG. 16 may be understood with reference to the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 18. The output of a flip-flop U7 is a power-on pulse POP that is employed to initialize microprocessor 101. Flip-flop U7 synchronizes a power valid line PVL and a reset key line RESET for the microprocessor 101. The PVL line indicates when the power supply voltages are valid. Since the signal on the PVL line transitions slowly, a pair of resistors R13 and R14 are employed to provide sufficient hysteresis to protect against false transitions. Preset circuit 103 also generates an initialization signal INIT that is coupled via the I/O bus of FIG. 16 to the various I/O control circuits 310, 350, and 370 of FIG. 4 to initialize I/O section 300 simultaneously with initialization of microprocessor 101.

MICROPROCESSOR

Operation of the microprocessor 101 of FIG. 15 may be understood with reference to the detailed block and schematic diagrams of FIGS. 19-129C. Microprocessor 101 is employed to fetch and execute programmed machine language instructions stored in the memory and to provide a means of communication with various peripheral I/O units. Microprocessor 101 is a hybrid assembly whose active components are four 8-bit bidirectional interface buffers (BIB), a binary processor chip (BPC), an input/output controller (IOC), and an extended math

chip (EMC), as shown in the detailed block diagram of FIG. 19. The BPC, IOC, and EMC are each NMOS LSI integrated circuits, while each BIB comprises bipolar devices exclusively.

Referring now to FIG. 20, there is shown a detailed diagram of the internal logic of each 8-bit BIB. Each bit is buffered in both directions by tri-state buffers controlled by non-overlapping buffer enable signals. A pair of 8-bit BIBs forms a 16-bit buffer between the three NMOS chips of the microprocessor and the calculator memory. Those BIBs are hereinafter referred to as the memory BIBs. The remaining pair of 8-bit BIBs forms a 16-bit buffer used for communication with peripheral input/output units and are hereinafter referred to as the peripheral BIBs.

The elements of the microprocessor are interconnected by an MOS-level instruction-data bus (IDA). Within the microprocessor 101, the IDA bus comprises sixteen lines labelled IDA₀-IDA₁₅ that are common to the memory and peripheral BIBs as well as the BPC, IOC, and EMC. Also included are a number of other MOS-level lines, some of which are common to all of the chips within microprocessor 101 and some of which form interconnections with only certain ones of the chips. The IDA bus is employed to transmit encoded information representing either machine language instructions, memory or register addresses, or memory or register data to and from various peripheral input/output units. The remaining lines comprise control lines, clock lines, power supply lines, etc.

The peripheral and memory BIBs selectively connect the MOS-level IDA bus within microprocessor 101 to the TTL-level circuitry outside the microprocessor. In the case of operations involving the microprocessor and portions of the calculator memory outside the microprocessor such as transmission of address, data, and instruction information, the memory BIBs are enabled in the direction determined by a bus control circuit 104. The peripheral BIBs are enabled in the appropriate direction by the IOC whenever a word of information is to be exchanged between a peripheral I/O unit and the microprocessor.

As referred to in the following detailed description of the microprocessor 101, the term "memory" means any addressable memory location of the calculator both within and without the microprocessor itself. The term "external memory" refers to the calculator memory section 200 of FIG. 4. The term "register" refers to the various storage locations within the microprocessor itself. These registers range in size from one bit to sixteen bits. The term "addressable register" refers to a register within one of the microprocessor chips that responds as memory when addressed. Most registers are not addressable. In most discussions that follow the context clarifies whether or not a register has addressability so that it is not deemed necessary to explicitly differentiate between addressable registers and registers. Those registers that are addressable are included in the meaning of the term "memory". The term "memory cycle" refers to a read or write operation involving a memory location.

The first 32 memory addresses do not refer to external memory. Instead, these addresses (0-37₈) are reserved to designate addressable registers within the microprocessor. Table 1 below lists the addressable registers within the microprocessor.

Table 1

Register	Location	Octal Address	Description and # of Bits
A	BPC	0	Arithmetic Accumulator (16)
B	BPC	1	Arithmetic Accumulator (16)
P	BPC	2	Program Location Counter (least 15)
R	BPC	3	Return Stack Pointer (least 15)
R4	IOC	4	Peripheral Activity Designator (-)
R5	IOC	5	Peripheral Activity Designator (-)
R6	IOC	6	Peripheral Activity Designator (-)
R7	IOC	7	Peripheral Activity Designator (-)
SE	EMC	24	Shift Extend Register (least 4)
IV	IOC	10	Interrupt Vector (upper 12)
PA	IOC	11	Peripheral Address Register (least 4)
W	IOC	12	Working Register (16)
DMA _{PA}	IOC	13	DMA Peripheral Address Register (least 4)
DMA _C	IOC	14	DMA Count Register (16)
DMA _{MA}	IOC	15	DMA Memory Address & Direction Register (16)
C	IOC	16	Stack Pointer (16)
D	IOC	17	Stack Pointer (16)
AR2	EMC	20	BCD Arithmetic Accumulator (4×16)

Among several service functions performed by the BOC for the IOC and EMC is the generation of a signal on a register access line RAL whenever an address on the IDA bus is within the range reserved for register designation. The signal on line RAL functions to prevent the external memory from responding to any memory cycle having such an address. Functional Description of the BPC

The BPC has two main functions. The first is to fetch machine instructions from memory for itself, the IOC, and for the EMC. A fetched instruction may pertain to one or more of those elements. An element that is not associated with a fetched instruction simply ignores that instruction. The second main function of the BPC is to execute the 56 instructions in its repertoire. These instructions include general purpose register and memory reference instructions, branching instructions, bit manipulation instructions, and some binary arithmetic instructions. Most of the BOC's instructions evolve one of the two accumulator registers: A and B.

The four addressable registers within the BPC have the following functions: The A and B registers are used as accumulator registers for the arithmetic operations, and also as source and destination locations for most BPC machine-instructions referencing memory. The R register is an indirect pointer into an area of RWM designated to store return addresses associated with nests of subroutines encountered during program execution. The P register contains the program counter; its value is the address of the memory location from which the next machine-instruction will be fetched.

Upon the completion of each instruction the program counter (P register) has been incremented by one, except for the instructions JMP, JSM, RET, and SKIP instructions whose SKIP condition has been met. For those instructions the value of P will depend on the activity of the particular instruction.

Indirect Addressing

Memory addresses appear on the IDA Bus as 15-bit patterns during the address portion of a memory cycle. The BPC machine-instructions that reference memory are capable of multi-level indirect addressing. The initial indirect indicator is a particular bit in the machine-

instruction itself (the most-significant, or left-most, bit: bit 15). The internal operation of the BPC is so arranged that if the memory content of that address also has a one in bit 15, the other bits of the contents are themselves taken as an indirect address. The process of accessing via an indirect address continues until a location is accessed which does not have a one in bit 15. At that time the content of that location is taken as the final address; that is, it is taken to be the address of the desired location and the memory cycle is completed when that location is accessed.

Page Addressing

Machine-instructions fetched from memory are 16-bit instructions. Some of those bits represent the particular type of instruction, and if it is an instruction that requires a memory cycle, other bits represent the address to be referenced. Only ten bits of a memory reference instruction are devoted to indicating that address. Those ten bits represent one of 1024_{10} locations on either the base page or the current page of memory. An additional bit in the machine-instruction indicates which. The base page is always a particular, non-changing, range of addresses, exactly 1024_{10} in number. A memory reference machine-instruction fetched from any location in memory (i.e., from any value of the program counter) may directly reference (that is, need not use indirect addressing) any location on the base page.

There are two types of current pages. Each type is also 1024_{10} consecutive words in length. A memory reference machine-instruction can directly reference only locations that are on the same page as it; that is, locations that are within the page containing the current value of the program counter (P). Thus the value of P determines the particular collection of addresses that are the current page at any given time. This is done in one of two distinct ways, and the particular way is determined by whether the signal called RELA is grounded or not. If RELA is ungrounded, the BPC is said to address memory in the "relative" mode. If RELA is grounded it is said to operate in the "absolute" mode.

During its execution each memory reference machine-instruction causes the BPC to form a full 15-bit address based on the ten bits contained within the instruction. How the supplied ten bits are manipulated before becoming part of the address, and how the remaining five bits are supplied, depends upon whether the instruction calls for a base page reference or not, and upon whether the addressing mode is relative or absolute. The differences are determined primarily by the two different definitions of the current page; one for each mode of addressing. Base page addressing is the same in either mode. FIG. 21 depicts the base page.

Absolute Addressing

In the absolute mode of addressing the memory address space is divided into a base page and 32 possible current pages. The base page consists of addresses $77000_8 - 77777_8$ and $00000_8 - 00777_8$. The possible current pages are the consecutive 1024_{10} word groups beginning with 00000_8 . The possible current pages can be numbered, 0 through 31_{10} . Thus the "zero page" is addressed $00000_8 - 17777_8$. Note that the base page is not the same as the zero page; the base page overlaps the zero page and page 31.

Relative Addressing

In relative addressing there are as many possible current pages as there are values of the program counter. In the relative addressing mode a current page is the

512_{10} consecutive locations prior (that is, having lower valued addresses) to the current location (value of P), and the 511_{10} consecutive locations following the current location.

Base Page Addressing

All memory reference instructions include a 10-bit field that specifies the location referenced by the instruction. What goes in this field is a displacement from some reference location; an actual complete address has too many bits in it to fit in the instruction. This 10-bit field is bit 0 through bit 9. Bit 10 tells whether the referenced location is on the base page, or someplace else. Bit 10 is called the B/ \bar{B} bit, as it alone is used to indicate the base page references. Bit 10 will be a zero if it is on the base page, and a one if otherwise. In addition, bit 15 indicates whether the reference is indirect, or not. (A one implies indirect.)

If bit 10 is a zero for a memory reference instruction (base page reference), the 10-bit field is sufficient to indicate completely which of the 1024 locations is to be referenced. There are two ways to describe the rule that is the correspondence between bit patterns in the 10-bit field, and the locations that are the base page: (1) the least significant 10 bits of the "real address" (i.e., $77,000_8$ through 777_8) are put into the 10-bit field, bit for bit. (2) Another way to describe this is as a displacement of $+777_8$ or -1000_8 about 0, with bit 9 being the sign.

The 32 register addresses are considered to be a part of the base page. Base page addressing is always done in the manner indicated above, regardless of whether relative or non-relative addressing is employed by the BPC. Current Page Addressing

Current page addressing refers to memory reference instructions which reference a location which is not on the base page. The same 10-bit field of the machine-instruction is involved, but the B/ \bar{B} bit is a one (\bar{B}). Now, since there are more than 1024 locations that are not the base page, the 10-bit field by itself, is not enough to completely specify the exact location involved. An "assumption" has to be made about which page of the memory is involved.

The hardware inside the BPC handles 15 bits of address and thus can reference any address in a 32K address space. The "assumption" is that the most significant 5 bits correspond the page, and last 10 bits determine the location within that page.

The assumption for absolute addressing requires that there will be no page changes except by certain ways. This means that once the program counter is set to a particular location the top 5 bits need not be changed for any addressing on that (which ever it is) page. When the assembler assembles a memory reference instruction, it computes the least 10 bits and puts them in the instruction. When the BPC executes the instruction it concatenates its own top 5 bits of P with the address represented by the least 10 bits of the instruction; that produces the complete address for the location referenced by the instruction.

However, the least 10 bits produced by the assembler and placed in the machine-instruction do not correspond exactly to the "real" memory address that is referenced. Bit 9 (the 10th bit) is complemented before it is placed in the address field of the instruction. The other 9 bits are left unchanged. This induces a one-half page offset whose effect is to make current page addressing relative to the middle of the page. FIG. 22 depicts current page absolute addressing. This similarity

between current page and base page addressing is deliberate, and results in simplified hardware in the BPC.

Page changes can be accomplished in two ways: incrementing or decrementing the program counter in the BPC, and through indirect addressing. An example of incrementing to a new page is a continuous block of code that spans two adjacent pages. A page change through an increment or decrement can occur in the same general way due to skip instructions.

Indirect addressing allows page changes because the object of an indirect reference is always taken as a full 15-bit address. Indirect addressing is the method used for an instruction on a given page to either reference a memory location on another page (LDA, STA, etc.), or, to jump (JMP or JSM) to a location on another page.

Instructions on any page can make references to any location on the base page without using indirect addressing. This is because the B/ \bar{B} bit designates whether the 10-bit field in the instruction refers to the base page or to the current page. If B/ \bar{B} is a zero (B), the BPC automatically assumes the upper 5 bits are all zeros, and thus the 10-bit field refers to the base page. If B/ \bar{B} is a one (\bar{B}), the top 5 bits are taken for what they are, and the current page is referenced (whichever it is).

It is the responsibility of the assembler to control the B/B bit at the time the machine-instruction is assembled. It does this easily enough by determining if the address of the operated (or its "value") of an instruction is in the range of $77,000_8$ or, 0 through 777_8 . If it is, then it's a base page reference and B/B is made a zero for that instruction.

Relative addressing does not require the concept of a fixed page, as in absolute addressing. The word "page" can still be used, but requires a new definition:

In relative addressing, a page is 1024_{10} consecutive locations, having 512_{10} locations prior to the current location, and 511_{10} locations following the current location.

As before, direct addressing is possible anywhere within the page. But off-page references (other than to the base page) require indirect addressing, which, once started, works as before — it is not relative, but produces a full 15-bit absolute address.

FIG. 23 illustrates relative addressing. Relative current page addressing is done in such the same as base page addressing. The 10-bit field in the memory reference instructions is encoded with a displacement relative to the current location.

Bit 9 (the 10th, and most significant bit of the 10) is a sign bit. If it is a zero, then the displacement is positive, and bits 0 – 8 are taken at face value. If bit 9 is a one, the displacement is negative. Bits 0 – 8 have been complemented and then incremented (two's complement) before being placed in the field. To get the absolute value of the displacement, simply complement them again, and increment, ignoring bit 9.

BPC Machine Instructions

The Assembly language representation of the BPC machine instructions are three-letter mnemonics. Each machine instruction source statement corresponds to a machine operation in the object program produced by an assembler.

The symbolic notation used in representing the BPC machine instructions is explained in Table 2 below.

Table 2

m Memory location.
n Numerical quantity. A numeric value that is not an address, but represents a shift or

Table 2-continued

I	skip amount.
S,C,P	Indirect addressing indicator.
5	Instruction modifiers. These indicators have various meanings, depending upon the instruction. Each will be explained as it is encountered.
,S/,C	The slash indicates that either item (but not both) may be used at this place in the source statement.
[]	Brackets indicate that the item contained within them is optional

Memory Reference Group of Instructions

The 14 memory reference instructions listed below refer to specified address in memory determined by the 10-bit address field (*m*), by the B/B bit, and by the Direct/Indirect bit (I).

LDA *m* [, I]
Load A from *m*. The A register is loaded with the contents of the addressed memory location.

LDB *m* [, I]
Load B from *m*. The B register is loaded with the contents of the addressed memory location.

CPA *m* [, I]
Compare the contents of *m* with the contents of A; skip if unequal. The two 16-bit words are compared bit by bit. If they differ the next instruction is skipped, otherwise it is executed next.

CPB *m* [, I]
Compare the contents of *m* with the contents of B; skip if unequal. The two 16-bit words are compared bit by bit. If they differ the next instruction is skipped, otherwise it is executed next.

ADA *m* [, I]
Add the contents of *m* to A. The contents of the addressed memory location are added to that of A. The binary sum remains in A, while the contents of *m* remain unchanged. If a carry occurs from bit 15 the E register is loaded with one, otherwise, E is left unchanged. If an overflow occurs the O register is loaded with one, otherwise the O register is left unchanged. The overflow condition occurs if there is a carry from either bits 14 or 15, but not both together. The E and O registers are one-bit registers within the BPC. They represent the extend (carry out from bit 15) and overflow conditions for binary arithmetic performed by the BPC.

ADB *m* [, I]
Add the contents of *m* to B. Otherwise identical to ADA.

STA *m* [, I]
Store the contents of A in *m*. The contents of the A register are stored into the addressed memory location, whose previous contents are lost.

STB *m* [, I]
Store the contents of B in *m*. The contents of the B register are stored into the addressed memory location, whose previous contents are lost.

JSM *m* [, I]
Jump to subroutine. JSM permits jumping to subroutines in either ROM or R/W memory. The contents of the return stack register (R) are incremented by one and the contents of P stored in R.I. Program execution resumes at *m*.

JMP *m* [, I]
Jump to *m*. Program execution continues at location *m*.

ISZ *m* [, I]
Increment *m*; skip if zero. ISZ adds one to the contents of the referenced location, and writes the sum into that

location. If the sum is zero, the next instruction is skipped.

DSZ $m [, I]$

Decrement m ; skip if zero. DSZ subtracts one from the contents of the referenced location, and writes the difference into that location. If the difference is zero, the next instruction is skipped.

AND $m [, I]$

Logical and of A and m . The contents of A and m are anded, bit by bit, and the result is left in A.

IOR $m [, I]$

Inclusive or of A and m . The contents of A and m are inclusive or'ed, bit by bit, and the result is left in A.

Shift-Rotate Group of Instructions

Each shift-rotate instruction listed below includes a four-bit field in which the shift or rotate amount is encoded. The number to be encoded in the field is represented by n , and may range from 1 to 16, inclusive. The four-bit field (bits 0 through 3) will contain the binary code for $n-1$.

AAR n

Arithmetic right shift of A. The A register is shifted right n places with the sign bit (bit 15) filling all vacated bit positions; the $n-1$ most significant bits become equal to the sign bit.

SAR n

Shift A right. The A register is shifted right n places with all vacated bit positions cleared; the n most significant bits become zeros.

SBR n

Shift B right. The B register is shifted right n places with all vacated bit positions cleared; the n most significant bits become zeros.

SAL n

Shift A left. The A register is shifted left n places; the n least significant bits become zeros.

SBL n

Shift B left. The B register is shifted left n places; the least significant bits become zeros.

RAR n

Rotate A right. The A register is rotated right n places, with bit 0 rotating into bit 15.

RBR n

Rotate B right. The B register is rotated right n places, with bit 0 rotating into bit 15.

Alter-Skip Group of Instructions

The alter-skip instructions each contain a six bit field which allows a relative branch to any of 64 locations. The distance of the branch is represented by a displacement, n ; n may be within the range of -32_{10} to 31_{10} inclusive.

Bits 0 through 5 are coded with the value of n as follows: if the value is positive or zero, bit 5 is zero, and bits 0 through 4 receive the straight binary code for the value of n ; if the value is negative, bit 5 is a one, and bits 0 through 4 receive a complemented and incremented binary code. Table 3 below illustrates this convention.

Table 3

For $n =$	bits 5-0	meaning: (*denotes current value of P)
-32	100000	if skip, next instruction is * -32
-7	111001	if skip, next instruction is * -7
-1	111111	if skip, next instruction is * -1
0	000000	if skip, repeat this instruction
1	000001	do next instruction, regardless
7	000111	if skip, next instruction is * +15
31	011111	if skip, next instruction is * +31

All instructions in the alter-skip group have the "skip" properties outlined above. Some of the instruc-

tions also have an optional "alter" property. This is where the general instruction form "skip if ... <some one bit condition>" is supplemented with the ability to alter the state of the bit mentioned in the condition. The alteration is to either set the bit, or clear it. If specified, the alteration is done after the condition is tested, never before.

To indicate in a source statement that an instruction includes the alter option, and to specify whether to clear or to set the tested bit, a C or S follows n . The C indicates clearing the bit, while an S indicates setting the bit.

The "alter" information is encoded into the 16-bit instruction word with 2 bits. Bit 7 is called the H/H (Hold/Don't Hold) bit, and bit 6 is the C/S (Clear/Set) bit, for such instructions. If bit 7 is a zero (specifying H) the "alter" option is not active; neither S nor C followed n in the source statement of the instruction, and the tested bit is left unchanged. If bit 7 is a one (specifying H), then "alter" option is active, and bit 6 specifies whether it is S or C. The alter-skip instructions are listed below.

SZA n

Skip if A is zero. If all 16 bits of the A register are zero, skip the amount indicated by n .

SZB n

Skip if B is zero. If all 16 bits of the B register are zero, skip the amount indicated by n .

RZA n

Skip if A is not zero. If any of the 16 bits of the A register are set, skip the amount indicated by n .

RZB n

Skip if B is not zero. If any of the 16 bits of the B register are set, skip the amount indicated by n .

SIA n

Skip if A is zero, and then increment A. The A register is tested, and then incremented by one. If all 16 bits of A were zero before the increment, skip the amount indicated by n .

SIB n

Skip if B is zero, and then increment B. The B register is tested, and then incremented by one. If all 16 bits of B were zero before the increment, skip the amount indicated by n .

RIA n

Skip if A is not zero, and then increment A. The A register is tested, and then incremented by one. If any bits of A were one before the increment, skip the amount indicated by n .

In connection with the next four instructions, Flag and Status are controlled by the peripheral interface addressed by the current select code. The select code is the number that is stored in the register named PA, located in the IOC. Both Status and Flag originate as negative true signals, so that when a missing interface is addressed Status and Flag will appear to be false, or not set.

SFS n

Skip if Flag line is set. If the Flag line is true, skip the amount indicated by n .

SFC n

Skip if Flag line is clear. If the flag line is false, skip the amount indicated by n .

SSS n

Skip if Status line set. If the status line is true, skip the amount indicated by n .

SSC n

Skip if Status line is clear. If the status line is false, skip the amount indicated by n .

SDS n

Skip if decimal carry set. Decimal carry (DC) is a one bit register in the EMC. It is controlled by the EMC, but connected to the decimal carry input of the BPC. If DC is set, skip the amount indicated by n .

SDC n

Skip if decimal carry clear. Decimal carry (DC) is a one bit register in the EMC. It is controlled by the EMC, but connected to the decimal carry input of the BPC. If DC is clear, skip the amount indicated by n .

SHS n

Skip if halt line set. If the halt line is true, skip the amount indicated by n .

SHC n

Skip if halt line clear. If the halt line is false, skip the amount indicated by n .

SLA n [,S/,C]

Skip if the least significant bit of A is zero. If the least significant bit (bit 0) of the A register is a zero, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 0 of A is altered accordingly after the test.

SLB n [,S/,C]

Skip if the least significant bit of B is zero. If the least significant bit (bit 0) of the B register is a zero, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 0 of B is altered accordingly after the test.

RLA n [,S/,C]

Skip if the least significant bit of A is non-zero. If the least significant bit (bit 0) of the A register is a one, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 0 of A is altered accordingly after the test.

RLB n [,S/,C]

Skip if the least significant bit of B is non-zero. If the least significant bit (bit 0) of the B register is a one, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 0 of B is altered accordingly after the test.

SAP n [,S/,C]

Skip if A is positive. If the sign bit (bit 15) of the A register is a zero, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 15 of A is altered accordingly after the test.

SBP n [,S/,C]

Skip if B is positive. If the sign bit (bit 15) of the B register is a zero, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 15 of B is altered accordingly after the test.

SAM n [,S/,C]

Skip if A is minus. If the sign bit (bit 15) of the A register is a one, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 15 of A is altered accordingly after the test.

SBM n [,S/,C]

Skip if B is minus. If the sign bit (bit 15) of the B register is a one, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, bit 15 of B is altered accordingly after the test.

SOS n [,S/,C]

Skip if Overflow is set. If the one-bit Overflow register (O) is set, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, the O register is altered accordingly after the test.

SOC n [,S/,C]

Skip if Overflow is clear. If the one-bit register is clear, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, the O register is altered accordingly after the test.

SES n [,S/,C]

Skip if Extend is set. If the Extend register (E) is set, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, E is altered accordingly after the test.

SEC n [,S/,C]

Skip if Extend is clear. If the Extend register (E) is clear, skip the amount indicated by n . If either S or C is present, E is altered accordingly after the test.

Return Group of Instructions

Listed below is the return instruction for the BPC.

RET n [,P]

Return. The R register is a pointer into a stack of words containing the addresses of previous subroutine calls. A read R,I occurs. That produces the address (value of P) for the latest JSM that occurred. The BPC then jumps to address $P+n$. The value of n may range from -32 to 31 , inclusive. The value of n is encoded into bits 0 through 5 of the instructions as a 6 bit, two's complement, binary number. The ordinary, non-interrupt-service routine return, is RET 1. If a P is present, it "pops" the interrupt system. Two things in the 10C occur when this happens: first, the peripheral address stack in the 10C is popped, and second, the interrupt grant network of the 10C is "decremented".

The peripheral address stack is a hardware stack in the 10C, 4 bits wide, and three levels deep. On the top of this stack is the current select code for I/O operations. Select codes are stacked as interrupts occur during I/O operations. A RET n , P at the end of an interrupt service routine puts the select code of the interrupted device back on the top of the stack.

The interrupt grant network in the 10C keeps track of which interrupt priority level is currently in use. From this it determines whether or not to grant an interrupt request. A RET n , P at the end of an interrupt service routine causes the interrupt grant network to change the current interrupt priority level to the next lower level (unless it is already at the lowest level).

Complement Group of Instructions

Listed below are the complement group machine-instructions of the BPC.

CMA

Complement A. The A register is replaced by its one's (bit by bit) complement.

CMB

Complement B. The B register is replaced by its one's (bit by bit) complement.

TCA

Two's complement A. The A register is replaced by its one's (bit by bit) complement, and then incremented by one.

TCB

Two's complement B. The B register is replaced by its one's (bit by bit) complement, and then incremented by one.

Execute Group of Instructions

Listed below is the execute machine-instruction for the BPC.

EXE $0 \leq m \leq 37_8$ [,I]

Execute register m . The contents of any addressable register can be treated as the current instruction, and executed in the normal manner. The register is left unchanged unless the fetched machine-instruction causes it to be altered. The next instruction executed will be the one following the EXE m , unless the instruction in m causes a branch.

Multi-level indirect addressing is allowed. An EXE m , I causes the contents of m to be taken as the address of the place in memory whose contents are to be exe-

cuted; this can be anywhere in memory, and need not be another register. But regardless, only 15 bits are required to specify this location. If the 16th bit of m is set, the lower 15 bits are taken as the address of the address, instead of the address of the instruction. This continues until an address is encountered whose 16th bit is zero. Then that address is taken as the final address of the instruction. Using that address one more fetch is done, and the bit pattern found executed as an instruction, even if it has a one in the 16th bit. FIGS. 24A-G depict the bit patterns of the BPC machine-instructions.

Internal Description of the BPC

The details of the BPC may be understood with reference to the block diagram of FIGS. 25A-C. The majority of activity within the BPC is controlled by a ROM. This is a programmed logic array whose input qualifiers are a 4-bit state-count, group, miscellaneous, and input-output qualifiers. From the ROM are decoded micro-instructions. Each machine-instruction that the BPC executes, and the BPC's response to memory cycles directed at its addressable registers, is a complex series of micro-instructions. This activity is represented by the flow charts depicted in FIGS. 91A through 105.

Changes in the state-count correspond to the step-by-step sequence of activity shown in the flow charts. The State-Counter has a natural sequence that was chosen by computer simulation to reduce the complexity of the necessary number of non-sequential transitions. When a section of the flow chart requires a non-sequential transition it decodes a special microinstruction whose purpose is to override the natural sequence and produce the desired alteration in the state-count.

The Group Qualifiers are generated by Instruction Decode. The Group Qualifiers represent the instruction that has been fetched and that must now be executed.

The Input-Output Qualifiers are controlled by the M-Section. Those qualifiers are used in decoding micro-instructions, and in flow chart branching, that are dependent upon or have to do with input and output to the BPC.

The IDB Bus is the internal BPC representation of the IDA Bus. To conserve power, this bus is used dynamically; it is precharged on phase two, and is available for data transmission only during phase one. Data on the IDB Bus is transmitted in negative true form; a logical one is encoded on a given line of the bus by grounding that line.

The main means of inter-register communication with the BPC is via the IDB Bus and the various set and dump micro-instructions. For instance, a SET I loads the I Register with the contents of the IDB Bus. A DMP IDA places the contents of the IDA Bus onto the IDB Bus. A simultaneous DMP IDA and SET I loads the I Register with the word encoded on the IDA Bus. As a further instance, that very activity is part of what is decoded from the ROM at the conclusion of a memory cycle that is an instruction fetch. FIGS. 115A-C and 116 illustrate the waveforms associated with the start-up sequence and an instruction fetch.

Once the instruction is in the I Register, the bit pattern of the instruction is felt by Instruction Decode. Aside from the afore-mentioned Group Qualifiers, Instruction Decode generates two other groups of signals. One of these are control lines that go to the Flag Multiplexer to determine which, if any, of the external flag lines is involved in the execution of the current machine-instruction. The remaining group of signals are called the Asynchronous Control Lines. These are sig-

nals that, unlike micro-instructions, are steady-state signals present the entire time that the machine-instruction is in the I Register. The Asynchronous Control Lines are used to determine the various modes in which much of the remaining hardware will operate during the execution of the machine-instruction. For example, the S Register is capable of several types of shifting operations, and the micro-instruction that causes S to shift (SSE) means only that S should now shift one time. The exact nature of the particular type of shift to be done corresponds to the type of shift machine-instruction in the I Register. This in turn affects Instruction Decode and the Asynchronous Control Lines, which in turn affect the circuitry called S Register Shift Control. It is that circuitry that determines the particular type of shift operation that S will perform when an SSE is given.

In a similar way the Asynchronous Control Line affect the nature of the operation of the Arithmetic-Logic Unit (ALU), the Skip Matrix, and the A and B registers.

The least four bits of the I Register are a binary decremter and CTQ Qualifier network. This circuitry is used in conjunction with machine-instructions that involve shift operations. Such machine-instructions have the number of shifts to be performed encoded in their least four bits. When such an instruction is in the I Register, the least four bits are decremented once for each shift that is performed. The CTQ Qualifier indicates when the last shift has been performed.

The A and B Registers are primarily involved in machine-instructions that; read to, or write from, memory; do binary arithmetic; shift; or, branch. Machine-instructions that simply read from, or, write to, memory, are relatively easily executed, as the main activity consists of dumping or setting the A or B Register. The arithmetic instructions involve the ALU.

The ALU has three inputs. One is the ZAB Bus. This bus can transmit either zero, the A Register, or the B Register. The choice is determined by the Asynchronous Control Lines. The input from the ZAB Bus can be understood in its true, or in its complemented form. The second input to the ALU is the S Register. The remaining input is a carry-in signal.

The ALU can perform three basic operations: logical and, logical inclusive or, and binary addition. The choice is determined by the Asynchronous Control Lines.

Whatever operation is performed is done between the complemented or uncomplemented contents of the ZAB Bus, and the contents of the S Register. The output of the ALU is available through the DMP ALU micro-instruction, as well as through lines representing the carry-out from the 14th and 15th bits of the result. These carry-outs are used to determine whether or not to set the one-bit Extend and Overflow Registers.

The R Register is the return stack pointer for the RET machine-instruction.

The P Register is the program counter. Associated with it are several other pieces of circuitry used for incrementing the program counter, as well as for forming complete 15-bit addresses for memory cycles needed in the execution of memory reference or skip machine-instructions. These other pieces of circuitry are the T Register, the P-Adder Input, P-Adder Control, and the P-Adder.

The P-Adder mechanism can operate in one of three modes. These modes are established by micro-instruc-

tions, not by the Asynchronous Control Lines. In the memory reference machine-instruction mode (established for the duration of the ADM micro-instruction) the T Register will contain a duplicate copy of the memory reference machine-instruction being executed. Thus the 10-bit address field of the machine-instruction and the base page bit (bit 10) as well as top 5 bits of all the program counter, are available to the adder mechanism. In accordance with the rules for either relative or absolute addressing (as determined by RELA) the P-Adder Input and P-Adder operate to produce the correct full 15-bit address needed for the associated memory cycle.

The ADS micro-instruction establishes a mode where only the least five bits of a skip machine-instruction are combined with the program counter to produce a new value for the program counter.

In the absence of either an ADM or ADS micro-instruction the P-Adder mechanism defaults to an increment-P mode. In this mode the value of $P+1$ is continuously being formed. This is the typical way in which the value of the program counter is changed at the end of non-branching machine-instructions.

The output of the P-Adder mechanism is available to the IDB Bus through the DMP PAD micro-instruction.

The D Register is used to drive the IDA Bus through the SET IDA micro-instruction. Because of limitations on transistor device sizes and the large capacitances possible on the IDA Bus, two consecutive SET IDA's are required to ensure that the IDA Bus properly represents the desired data.

The PBC has special circuitry to detect a machine-instruction that requires an indirect memory cycle. This circuitry generates a qualifier used in the ROM. The flow-charting that corresponds to a machine-instruction that can do indirect addressing has special activity to handle the occurrence of an indirect reference.

In the event of an interrupt request generated by the IOC, the BPC aborts the execution of the machine-instruction just fetched, and without incrementing the program counter, executes the following machine-instruction instead: $JMP 10_3, I$. Register 10_3 is the Interrupt Vector Register (IV) in the IOC. This is part of the means by which vectored interrupt is implemented. FIGS. 117A-B illustrate interrupt operation.

In the event that an addressable register within the BPC is the object of a memory cycle, whether the memory cycle is originated by the BPC itself, or by an agency external to the BPC, a BPC Register Detection and Address Latch circuit detects that fact (by the value of the address) and latches the address, and also latches whether the operation is a read or a write. The result of this action is two-fold: First, it supplies qualifier information to the ROM so that micro-instructions necessary to the completion of the memory cycle may be issued. Secondly, it initiates action within the M-Section that aids in the handling of the various memory cycle control signals.

FIGS. 106-114 are waveforms that illustrate the various memory cycles that can occur.

The BPC can interrupt the execution of a machine-instruction to allow some other agency to use the IDA Bus. The BPC will do this whenever Bus Request (\overline{BR}) is active, and the BPC is not in the middle of a memory cycle. When these conditions are met, the BPC issues a signal called Bus Grant (BG) to inform the requesting agency that the IDA Bus is available, and the BPC also generates an internal signal called Stop (STP) that halts

the operation of the decremter in the I Register, and halts the change of the ROM statecounter. In addition, STP inhibits the decoding from the ROM of all but those micro-instructions needed to respond to memory cycles under the control of the M-Section. STP and BG are given until the requesting agency signals that its use of the IDA Bus is over by releasing \overline{BR} . This capability is the basis of Direct Memory Access, as implemented by the IOC. FIGS. 118 and 119A-B illustrate the operation of Bus Request and Bus Grant. Communication Between the BPC and IOC.

Each major element in the microprocessor is connected to the IDA Bus and some related control lines. The IDA Bus allows elements of the system to both "send" and "receive" 16-bit words.

The term "chip" refers to any of the BPC, IOC, or EMC.

Consider this question: "Since there are some separate instructions for the IOC, and since the BPC is sort of the 'head processor' that does the fetching of instructions from memory, how is it that the IOC receives its instructions that the BPC is not disturbed by fetching such an instruction?"

The answer is: All chips in the microprocessor are exposed to instructions via the IDA Bus as they are fetched. A chip will either execute an instruction, or idle until the next instruction fetch. An instruction can cause activity in more than one chip.

There is a signal called Sync, which is issued by common consent of all the chips in the microprocessor, and whose significance is that the next memory cycle is an instruction fetch. During that fetch, the instruction word appears on the IDA Bus. Each chip in the microprocessor looks at the word and puts it through an instruction decode process to determine if that chip needs to initiate some activity. If a chip recognizes a machine-instruction, it pulls Sync to ground and begins the activity.

More than one chip can recognize the same instruction, and this does happen (the $RET n, P$ machine-instruction affects both the BPC and the IOC). While each chip is busy, it keeps Sync grounded, releasing it when its activity is completed. When all activity is complete, (i.e., Sync is allowed to go high by all chips), the BPC initiates the next instruction fetch. The other chips in the microprocessor can recognize this memory access as an instruction fetch because Sync has gone high.

If a chip is not affected by an instruction, it idles until either another Sync/instruction fetch, or, until some other mechanism causes the chip to respond. For instance, the IOC can be the object of a memory cycle required by the BPC's execution of a memory reference instruction (which the IOC had decoded as "not me").

Each element in the system decodes the addresses for which it contains addressable registers. To initiate a register memory cycle, an element of the microprocessor puts the address of the desired location on the IDA Bus, sets the Read/Write line high or low, and gives Start Memory. Then, elsewhere in the microprocessor the address is decoded and recognized, and an element of the microprocessor begins to function as memory. It is part of the system definition that whatever is on the IDA Bus when a Start Memory is given is an address of a memory (or register) location.

Here is a complete description of the entire process: An originator originates a memory cycle by putting the address on the IDA Bus, setting the the Read/Write

line, and giving a Start Memory. The respondent identifies itself as containing the object location of the memory cycle, and handles the data. If the originator is a sender (write) it puts and holds the data on the IDA Bus until the respondent acknowledges receipt by sending Memory Complete. If the originator is a receiver (read) the respondent obtains and puts the data onto the IDA Bus and then sends Memory Complete. The originator then has one clock time to capture the data; no additional acknowledgement is involved.

Description of the IOC

The IOC includes a register called the Peripheral Address Register (PA) which is used in establishing the select code currently in use. The bottom four bits of this register are brought out of the IOC as PA0 through PA3. Each Peripheral Interface decodes PA0-PA3 and thus determines if it is the addressed interface.

The peripheral address is established by storing the desired select code into PA with an ordinary memory reference instruction.

Flag, Status and Control

The peripheral interface is the source of the Flag and Status bits for the BPC instructions SFS, SFC, SSS, and SSC. Since there can be many interfaces, but only one each of Flag and Status, only the interface addressed by the select code is allowed to ground these lines. Their logic is negative-true, and a result of this is that if the addressed peripheral is not present on the I/O Bus, Status and Flag are logically false.

IC1 and IC2 are two control lines that are sent to each peripheral interface by the IOC. The state of these two lines during the transfer of information can be decoded to mean something by the interface. Just what 'something' will be is subject to agreement between the firmware designer and the interface designer — it can be any thing they want, and might not be the same for different interfaces. These two lines act as a four position mode switch on the interface, controlled by the IOC during an I/O operation. I/O Bus Cycles.

An I/O Bus cycle is an exchange of a word between the IDA Bus and the IOD Bus. The information transferred between the processor and an interface is not of the handshake variety.

Timing diagrams for read and write I/O Bus cycles are shown in FIGS. 121 and 122. These cycles are initiated by standard (programmed) I/O instructions, interrupt, and by DMA.

For example, during a standard I/O instruction, an I/O Bus cycle is initiated by a reference to one of R4 through R7 in the IOC. One way that can be done is with a BPC memory reference instructions; for instance, STA R4 (for a write cycle), or LDA R4 (for a read cycle).

Consider a write I/O Bus cycle as illustrated in FIG. 121. This is initiated with a reference to one of R4-R7. The IOC sees this as an address between 4 and 7 on the IDA Bus while \overline{STM} is low. The Read line is low to denote a write operation. The IOC enables the peripheral BIB's and specifies the direction. It also sets the control lines IC1 and IC2, according to which register was referenced. Meanwhile, the BPC has put the word that is to be written onto the IDA Bus. That word is felt at all peripheral interfaces. The interface that is addressed uses DOUT to understand it's to read something, and uses \overline{IOSB} as a strobe for doing it. After \overline{IOSB} is given, the IOC gives [Synchronized] Memory Complete (SMC) and the process terminates. The BPC

has written a word to the interface whose select code matched the number in the PA register.

A read I/O Bus cycle is similar, as shown in FIG. 122. Here the BPC expects to receive a word from the addressed peripheral interface. Read, \overline{DOUT} and \overline{BE} are different because the data is now moving in the other direction.

In either case, the critical control signals \overline{SMC} and \overline{IOSB} are given by the IOC, and their timing is fixed. There can be no delays due to something's not being ready, nor is there any handshake between the interface and the IOC.

It is the responsibility of the firmware not to initiate an I/O Bus cycle involving a device that is not ready. To do so will result in lost data, and there will be no warning that this has happened.

Place and Withdraw

The IOC includes some firmware-stack manipulation instructions. Two registers are provided as stack pointers: C and D. There are eight place and withdraw instructions for putting things into stacks and getting them out. Furthermore, the place and withdraw instructions can handle full 16-bit words, or pack 8-bit bytes in words of a stack. And last, there are provisions for automatic incrementing and decrementing of the stack pointer registers, C and D.

The mnemonics for the place and withdraw instructions are easy to decipher. All place instructions begin with P, and all withdraw instructions begin with W. The next character is a W or B, for word or byte, respectively. The next character is either a C or D, depending upon which stack pointer is to be used. There are eight combinations, and each is a legitimate instruction.

A PWD A,1 reads as follows: place the entire word of A into the stack pointed at by D, and increment the pointer before the operation. The instruction WWC B,D is read: Withdraw an entire word from the stack pointed at by C, put the word into B, and decrement the stack pointer D after the operation.

The place and withdraw instruction outwardly resembles the memory reference instructions of the BPC: a mnemonic followed by an operand that is understood as an address, followed by an optional 'behavior modifier'. The range of values that the operand may have is restricted, however. The value of the operand must be between 0 and 7, inclusive. Thus, the place and withdraw instructions can place from, or, withdraw into, the first eight registers. These are A, B, P, R, and R4 through R7. Therefore, the place and withdraw instructions can initiate I/O Bus cycles; they can do I/O.

The place and withdraw instructions automatically change the value of the stack pointer each time the stack is accessed. In the source text an increment or decrement is specified by including a ,I or a ,D respectively, after the operand.

Regardless of which of increments or decrement is specified, a place instruction will do the increment or decrement of the pointer prior to the actual place operation. Contrariwise, the withdraw instructions do the increment or decrement after actual withdraw operation. The reason for this is that it always leaves the stack with the pointer pointing at the new 'top-of-the-stack'. Place and Withdraw for Bytes

The following explains how the place and withdraw instructions are used for placing and withdrawing bytes as opposed to complete words. First, the stack is always a stack composed of words. However, for byte opera-

tions bit 15 of the pointer register assumes added significance; it selects the left-half or right-half of the word on top of the stack. If bit 15 of the pointer register is a one, the left-half is selected. Also, only the right-half of the registers A, B, P, R, and R4-R7 are taken as the operands; the left halves are ignored.

Thus, the instructions place from, or, withdraw into, the right-half of the referenced register. The left-half of the destination register is cleared during a withdraw operation. The instructions place into, or withdraw from, the left or right half of the top of the stack, as determined by bit 15 of the pointer register. A place operation does not disturb the unreferenced half of the destination word in the stack, provided the memory entity properly utilizes the BYTE line. After each place or withdraw, bit 15 is automatically toggled, to provide a left-right-left-right...sequence.

However, it is up to the firmware to see to it that bit 15 of the pointer register is properly set prior to beginning stack operations.

When incrementing the stack pointer, bit 15 automatically changes state each time. But, the address contained in the lower 15 bits increments only during the zero-to-one transition of bit 15. Similarly, when decrementing the transition of bit 15 from a one to a zero is accompanied by a decrement of the lower 15 bits.

The incrementing and decrementing schemes just described are only for increments and decrements brought about by *a*, *I*, or *D* following the operand of a Place or Withdraw instruction. Increments or decrements to the pointer register with *ISZ* or *DSZ* do not automatically toggle bit 15.

The place-byte instruction cannot be used to place bytes into the registers within the *BPC*, *EMC*, and *IOC*. The reason for this is that these chips do not utilize the BYTE line of the *IDA* Bus during references to their internal registers.

The BYTE line is a signal supplied by the *IOC* for use by an interested memory entity. The BYTE line indicates that whatever is being transferred to or from memory is a byte (8 bits) and that bit 15 of the address indicates right or left half. It is up to the memory (if it is a 16-bit mechanism) to merge the byte in question with its companion byte in the addressed word.

In the case of a withdraw-byte the memory can supply the full 16-bit word (that is, ignore the BYTE line). The *IOC* will extract the proper byte from the full word and store it as the right-half of the referenced register; the left half of the referenced register is cleared. In the case of a place-byte, however, the *IOC* copies the entire referenced register into *W*, and outputs its right half as either the upper or lower byte (according to bit 15 of the address) in a full 16-bit word. The full word is transmitted to the memory, and the "other" byte is all zeros. Thus, in this case the memory must utilize the BYTE line.

The consequence of the above is that any byte-oriented stacks to be managed using the place instruction must not include registers in any of the *BPC*, *EMC*, or *IOC*; that is, *C* and *D* must not assume any value between 0 and 37₈ inclusive for a place-byte instruction. Standard I/O

Standard programmed I/O involves three activities:

- (1) Setting the peripheral address
- (2) Investigating the status of the peripheral
- (3) Initiating an I/O Bus Cycle

Addressing the Peripheral

A peripheral is selected as the addressed peripheral by storing its octal select code into the register called *PA* (Peripheral Address — address 11₈). Only the four least significant bits are used to represent the select code.

Checking Status

The addressed peripheral is allowed to control the Flag and Status lines. (That is, it is up to the interface to not ground Flag or Status unless it is the addressed interface). These lines have an electrically negative-true logic so that when floating they appear false (clear, or not set) for *SFS*, *SFC*, *SSS*, and *SSC*.

The basic idea (and it can be done in a variety of ways) is to use sufficient checks of Flag and Status before and amongst the I/O Bus Cycles such that there is no possibility of initiating an I/O Bus Cycle to a device that is not ready to handle it. One way to do this with standard I/O is to precede every Bus Cycle with the appropriate checks.

Initiating I/O Bus Cycles

An I/O Bus Cycle occurs once each time one of R4 - R7 (4₈ - 7₈) is accessed as memory. An instruction that "puts" something into R4-R7 results in an output (write) I/O Bus Cycle. Conversely, an instruction that "gets" something from R4 - R7 results in an input (read) I/O Bus Cycle. However, there are no R4 through R7. The use of address 4-7 is just a device to get an I/O Bus Cycle started; they do not correspond to actual physical registers in the *IOC*.

The Interrupt System

The idea behind interrupt is that for certain kinds of peripheral activity, the calculator can go about other business once the I/O activity is initiated, leaving the bulk of the I/O activity to an interrupt service routine. When the peripheral is ready to handle another ration of data (it might be a single byte or a whole string of words) it requests an interrupt. When the micro-processor grants the interrupt, the firmware program currently being executed is automatically suspended, and there is an automatic JSM to an interrupt service routine that corresponds to the device that interrupted. The service routine used standard programmed I/O to accomplish its task. A *RET O,P* terminates the activity of the service routine and causes resumption of the suspended program.

Priority

The interrupt system allows even an interrupt service routine to be interrupted and is therefore a multi-level interrupt system, and it has a priority scheme to determine whether to grant or ignore an interrupt request.

The *IOC* allows two levels of interrupt, and has an accompanying two levels of priority. Priority is determined by select code; select codes 0-7₈ are the lower level (priority level 1), and select codes 10₈-17₈ are the higher level (priority level 2). Level 2 devices have priority over level 1 devices; that is, a disc driver operating at level 2 could interrupt a plotter operating at level 1, but not vice versa. Within a priority level all devices are of "equal" priority, and operation is of a first come-first served basis; a level 1 device cannot be interrupted by another level 1 device, but only by a level 2 device. Within a level priorities are not equal in the case of simultaneous requests by two or more devices within a level. In such an instance the device with the higher numbered select code has priority. With no interrupt service routine in progress, any interrupt will be granted.

Vectored Interrupts

Devices request an interrupt by pulling on one or two interrupt request lines (\overline{IRL} and \overline{IRH} — one for each priority level). The IOC determines the requesting select code by means of an interrupt poll, to be described in the next paragraph. If the IOC grants the interrupt it saves the existing select code located in PA, puts the interrupting select code in PA, and does a JSM-Indirect through an interrupt table to get to the interrupt service routine.

An interrupt poll is a special I/O Bus Cycle to determine which interface(s) is (are) requesting an interrupt. An interrupt poll is restricted to one level of priority at a time, and is done only when the IOC is prepared to grant an interrupt for that level.

The interfaces distinguish an Interrupt Poll Bus Cycle from an ordinary I/O Bus Cycle through the \overline{INT} line being low. Also, during this Bus Cycle PA3 specifies which priority level the poll is for. An interface that is requesting an interrupt on the level being polled responds by grounding the n th I/O Data line of the I/O Bus, where n equals the device's select code modulo eight. If more than one device is requesting an interrupt, the one with the higher select code will have priority.

Automatic Peripheral Addressing

The IOC has a three-deep first-in last-out hardware stack. The top of the stack is the Peripheral Address register (PA-11_g). The stack is deep enough to hold the select code in use prior to any interrupts, plus the select codes for two levels of interrupt. When an interrupt is granted, the IOC automatically pushes the select code of the interrupting device (as determined by the interrupt poll) onto the stack. Thus the previous select code-in-use is saved, and the new select code-in-use becomes the one of the interrupting device.

Interrupt Table

It is the responsibility of the firmware to maintain an interrupt table of 16 consecutive words, starting at some RWM address whose four least significant bits are zeros. The firmware is also to see to it that the starting address of the table is stored in the IV register (Interrupt Vector register — 10_g), and that bit 15 of IV is set. (IV is the first of two levels in an indirect chain. For an address in the interrupt table to be taken indirectly, the previous address (IV) must have had bit 15 set.)

The words in the interrupt table contain the addresses of the interrupt service routines for the 16 different select codes. FIG. 123 depicts the interrupt table.

After the interrupt poll is complete the select code of the interrupting device is made to be the four least significant bits of the IV register. Thus IV now points at the word in the Interrupt Table which has the address of the appropriate interrupt service routine.

All that is needed now is a JSM IV, I, and the interrupt service routine will be under way. This is accomplished by the BPC as explained below.

Interrupt Process Summary

The IOC inspects the interrupt requests \overline{IRL} and \overline{IRH} during the time sync is given. Based on the priority of the interrupt requests, and the priority of any interrupt in progress, the IOC decides whether or not to grant an interrupt. If it decides to allow an interrupt it immediately pulls \overline{INT} to ground, and also begins an interrupt poll.

The grounding of \overline{INT} serves three purposes: It allows the interfaces to identify the forthcoming I/O Bus Cycle as an interrupt poll; it causes all the chips in the system, except the BPC, to abort their instruction de-

code process (which by this time is in progress) and return to their idle states; and it causes the BPC to abort its instruction decode and execute a JSM 10_g, I instead.

The IOC uses the results of the interrupt poll to form the interrupt vector, which is then used by the JSM 10_g, I. It also pushes the new select code onto the peripheral address stack, and puts itself into a configuration where all interrupt requests except those of a higher priority will be ignored.

Interrupt Service Routines

The majority of the interrupt activity described so far is accomplished automatically by the hardware. All the firmware has been responsible for has been the IV register, the maintenance of the interrupt table, and (probably) the initiation of the particular peripheral operation involved (plotting a point, backspace, finding a file, etc.). Such operations (initiated through a command given by simple programmed I/O) may involve many subsequent I/O Bus Cycles, done at odd time-intervals, and requested by the peripheral through an interrupt. It is the responsibility of the interrupt service routine to handle the I/O activity required by the peripheral without upsetting the routine that was interrupted.

The last things done by an interrupt service routine are to: (if necessary) shut off the interrupt mode of the interface; restore any saved values; and to execute a RET O,P.

The RET O part acts to return to the routine that was interrupted, so that its execution will continue. The P acts to pop the peripheral address stack and adjust the IOC's internal indicator of what priority level of interrupt is in progress. By popping the peripheral address stack, PA is set back to whatever it was prior to the most recent interrupt.

Disabling the Interrupt System

The interrupt system can be "turned off" by a DIR instruction. After this instruction is given the IOC will refuse to grant any interrupts whatsoever, until the interrupt system is turned back on with the instruction EIR. While the IOC won't grant any interrupts, the RET O,P works as usual so that interrupt service routines may be safely terminated, even while the interrupt system is turned off.

Pop On Turn-On

There is a signal called \overline{POP} generated by the power supply. Its purpose is to initialize all the chips in the calculator system during turnon. \overline{POP} leaves the IOC with the DMA and Pulse Count Modes turned off, and with the interrupt system turned off. The contents of the internal registers are random.

Direct Memory Access

Direct Memory Access is a means to exchange entire blocks of data between memory and peripherals. A block is a series of consecutive memory locations. Once started, the process is mostly automatic; it is done under control of hardware in the IOC, and regulated by the interface.

The DMA process transfers a word at a time, on a cycle-steal basis. This means that to transfer a word the IOC requests control of the IDA Bus with BR, halting all other system activity for the duration of IOC control over the Bus, which is one memory cycle. When granted the Bus the IOC uses it to accomplish the necessary memory activity.

A transfer of a word is initiated at the request of the interface. To request a DMA transfer a device grounds the DMA Request line (\overline{DMAR}). Since there is only one channel of DMA hardware, and one DMA Request

line, only one peripheral at a time may use DMA. A situation where two or more devices compete for the DMA channel must be resolved by the firmware, and it is absolutely forbidden for two or more devices to ground DMAR at the same time. (A data request for DMA is not like an interrupt request; there is no priority scheme, and no means for the hardware to select, identify and notify an interface as the winner of a race for DMA service.) Furthermore, a device must not begin requesting DMA transfers on its own; it must wait until instructed to do so by the firmware.

During a DMA transfer of a block of data the IOC knows the next memory location involved, whether input or output, which select code (and possibly) whether or not the transfer of the entire block is complete. This information is in registers in the IOC, which are set up by the firmware before the peripheral is told to begin DMA activity.

The DMA process is altogether independent of the operation of standard I/O and of the interrupt system, and except for cycle-stealing, does not interfere with them in any way.

Enabling and Disabling the DMA Mode

DMA transfers as described above are referred to as the DMA Mode. The DMA Mode can be disabled two ways: by a DDR (Disable Data Request), or by a PCM (Pulse Count Mode — described later). A DDR causes the IOC to simply ignore DMAR; no more, no less. The instruction DMA (DMA Mode) causes the IOC to resume DMA Mode operation; DMA cancels DDR, and vice versa. DMA also cancels PCM, and vice versa. Also, DDR cancels PCM, and vice versa.

Also, the IOC turns on as if it has just been given a DDR. DDR (along with DIR) is useful during system initialization (or possible error recovery) routines, where it is unsafe to allow any system activity to proceed until the system is properly initialized (or restarted).

Register Set-Up

There are three registers that must be set up prior to the onset of DMA activity. These are shown in Table 4 below.

Table 4

Name	Address	Meaning
DMA PA	(=13 _b)	DMA Peripheral Address
DMAMA	(=14 _b)	DMA Memory Address (and direction)
DMAC	(=15 _b)	DMA Count

The four least significant bits of DMA PA specify the select code that is the peripheral side of the DMA activity. During an I/O Bus Cycle given in response to a DMA data request, the four least significant bits of DMA PA will determine the states of the PA lines, not the PA register.

DMAC can, if desired, be set to $n-1$, where n is the number of words to be transferred. During each transfer the count in DMAC is decremented. During the last transfer the IOC automatically generates signals which the interface can use to recognize the last transfer. In the case of a transfer of unknown size, DMAC should be set to a very large count, to thwart the automatic termination mechanism. In such cases it is up to the interface to identify the last transfer.

DMAMA is set to the address of the first word in the block to be transferred. This is the lowest numbered address; after each transfer DMAMA is automatically incremented by the IOC. Bit 15 of DMAMA specifies

input or output (relative to the processor); a zero specifies input and a one specifies output.

DMA Initiation

Once the three registers are set up, a "start DMA" command is given to the interface through standard programmed I/O. The "start DMA" command is an output I/O Bus Cycle with a particular combination of IC1, IC2, (and perhaps) a particular bit pattern in the transmitted word. The patterns themselves are subject to agreement between the firmware designer and the interface designer. Sophisticated peripherals using DMA in both directions will have two start commands, one for input and one for output. It's also possible that other information could be encoded in the start command (block size, for instance).

Data Request and Transfer

The interface exerts DMAR low whenever it is ready to exchange a word of data. When DMAR goes low the IOC requests control of the IDA Bus. When granted the Bus, the IOC initiates an I/O Bus Cycle with the PA lines controlled by DMA Peripheral Address, and does a memory cycle. (The order of these two operations depends upon the direction of the transfer).

Next the IOC increments DMA Memory Address and decrements DMA Count.

DMA Termination

There are two automatic termination mechanisms, each usable only when the block size is known in advance, and each based on the count in DMAC going negative. Recall that at the start of the operation part of DMAC is set to $n-1$, where n is the size of the transfer in words.

During the transfer of the n th word, the IOC will signal the interface by temporarily exerting IC2 high during the I/O Bus Cycle for that exchange. The interface can detect this and cease DMA operations.

The other means of automatic termination is detection by the interface of a signal called Count Minus (CTM). CTM is generated by the IOC; it means that the count in the least significant 15 bits of DMAC has gone negative. CTM is a steady-state signal, given as soon as, and as long as, the count in DMAC is negative. CTM is generated by the IOC but is not utilized in the configuration employed in the hybrid microprocessor. That is, CTM never leaves the IOC.

For DMA transfers of unknown block size, the interface determines when the transfer is complete, and flags or interrupts the processor.

The Pulse Count Mode

The Pulse Count Mode is a means of using the DMA hardware to acknowledge, but do nothing about, some number of leading DMA requests. The Pulse Count Mode is initiated by a PCM, and resembles the DMA Mode, but without the memory cycle. The activities of the three registers DMA PA, DMAC and DMAMA remain as described for DMA Mode operation. The only difference is that no data is exchanged with memory; no memory cycle is given. (The IOC even requests the IDA Bus, but when granted it, releases it without doing the memory cycle).

A dummy I/O Bus Cycle is given, and DMAC decremented. Also, the automatic termination mechanisms still function; in fact, they are the object of the entire operation. The Pulse Count Mode is intended for applications like the following: Suppose it were desired to move a tape cassette a known number of files. The firmware puts the appropriate number into DMAC, gives PCM, and instructs the cassette to begin moving.

The cassette would give a DMA Request each time it encounters a file header. In this way the DMA hardware and the automatic termination mechanism count the number of files for the cassette. PCM cancels DMA and DDR. Both DMA and DDR cancel PCM.

Extended Bus Grant

Two of the signals of the IDA Bus are Bus Request (\overline{BR}) and Bus Grant (BG). These two signals are used, for instance, during a DMA transfer. The IOC requests the IDA Bus (in order to do the necessary memory cycle) by grounding \overline{BR} . When BG is given the IOC then knows to proceed.

Other entities can also request the IDA Bus. All chips in the system listen to Bus Request, and Bus Grant cannot go high until all chips consent to it; a 'wired and' does that. If two chips request the IDA Bus at the same time, the winner of BG is specified, and the loser is kept waiting by a daisy-chain priority scheme for the routing of Bus Grant. This is depicted in FIG. 124.

As FIG. 124 shows, the IOC is the initial receiver of Bus Grant; if it's not who is requesting the Bus, then the tester gets Bus Grant next. If the tester is not requesting the Bus, then the next device in the chain has the chance to use Bus Grant. A device gives the next device its chance by passing along the signal EXBG (Extended Bus Grant). The requesting device understands EXBG as a Bus Grant, and refuses to send EXBG any further. IOC Machine Instructions.

Assembly language machine instructions are three-letter mnemonics. Each machine instruction source statement corresponds to a machine operation in the object program produced by an assembler.

Notation used in requesting source statement is explained below:

reg 0-7	Register location.
reg 4-7	Register location.
I	Increment indicator (for place and withdraw instructions); for BPC memory reference instructions it is an indirect addressing indicator.
D	Decrement indicator for place and withdraw instructions.
,I/,D	The slash indicates that either item (but not both) may be used at this place in the source statement.
[]	Brackets indicate that the item contained within them is optional.

Stack Group

The stack group manages first-in, last-out firmware stacks. The "place" instruction puts a word or a byte into a stack pointed at by C or D. The item that is placed is reg 0-7. The "withdraw" instructions remove a word or a byte from a stack pointed at by C or D. The removed item is written into reg 0-7.

After each place or withdraw instruction the stack pointer is either incremented or decremented, as specified in the source text by the optional I or D, respectively. In the absence of either an I or a D, the assembler defaults to I for place instructions, and D for withdraw instructions.

Place instructions increment or decrement the stack pointer prior to the placement, and withdraw instructions do it after the withdrawal. In this way the pointer is always left pointing at the top of the stack.

For byte operations bit 15 of the pointer register (C or D) indicates left or right half (one = left, zero = right). Stack instructions involving bytes toggle bit 15 at each increment or decrement; but the lower bits of

the pointer increment or decrement only every other time.

The values of C and D for place-byte and withdraw-byte instructions must not be the address of any internal register for the BPC, EMC, or IOC. The place and withdraw instruction can also initiate I/O operations, so they are also listed under the I/O group. The stack group instructions are listed below.

- 5 PWC reg 0-7 [I,] Place the entire word of reg into the stack pointed at by C.
- 10 PWD reg 0-7 [I/,D] Place the entire word of reg into the stack pointed at by D.
- 15 PBC reg 0-7 [I/,D] Place the right half of reg into the stack pointed at by C.
- PBD reg 0-7 [I/,D] Place the right half of reg into the stack pointed at by D.
- 20 WWC reg 0-7 [I/,D] Withdraw an entire word from the stack pointed at by C, and put it into reg.
- WWD reg 0-7 [I/,D] Withdraw an entire word from the stack pointed at by D, and put it into reg.
- 25 WBC reg 0-7 [I/,D] Withdraw a byte from the stack pointed at by C, and put it into the right half of reg.
- WBD reg 0-7 [I/,D] Withdraw a byte from the stack pointed at by D, and put it into the right half of reg.

I/O Group

The states of $\overline{IC1}$ and $\overline{IC2}$ during the I/O Bus Cycles initiated by the instructions listed hereinafter depend upon which register is the operand of the instructions as shown in Table 5 below.

	IC1	IC2
R4	1	1
R5	1	0
R6	0	1
R7	0	0

mem. ref. inst. reg 4-7 [I]

45 Initiate an I/O Bus Cycle. Memory reference instructions 'reading' from reg cause input I/O Bus Cycles; those 'writing' to reg cause output I/O Bus Cycles. In either case the exchange is between A or B and the interface addressed by the PA register (Peripheral Address Register - 11₉); reg 4-7 do not really exist as physical registers within any chip on the IDA Bus.

stack inst. reg 4-7 [I/,D]
Initiate an I/O Bus Cycle. Place instructions 'read' from reg, therefore they cause input I/O Bus Cycles. Withdraw instructions 'write' into reg, therefore they cause output I/O Bus Cycles. In either case the exchange is between the addressed stack location and the interface addressed by PA.

Interrupt Group

The interrupt group instructions are listed below.

60 EIR Enable the interrupt system. This instruction cancels DIR.

DIR Disable the interrupt system. This instruction cancels EIR.

DMA Group

The DMA group instructions are listed below.

DMA

Enable the DMA mode. This instruction cancels PCM and DDR.

PCM

Enable and Pulse Count Mode. This instruction cancels DMA and DDR.

DDR

Disable Data Request. This instruction cancels the DMA Mode and the Pulse Count Mode.

IOC Machine-Instruction Bit Patterns

FIGS. 125A-C depict the bit patterns of the IOC machine-instructions.

Internal Description of the IOC

The IOC may be understood with reference to the detailed block diagram of FIGS. 126A-C. A DMP IDA micro-instruction provides communication from the IDA Bus to the internal IDC Bus in the IOC. A SET IDA micro-instruction provides communication from the IOC to the IDA Bus; SET IDA drives the IDA Bus according to the contents of the O Register, which in turn is set with a SET O micro-instruction.

As in the BPC, and Address Decode section and associated latches detect the appearance of an IOC-related register address. Such as event results in the address being latched and sent to the Bus Control ROM as qualifier information.

There are two main ROMs in the IOC. These are the Bus Control ROM and the Instruction Control ROM. The Bus Control ROM is responsible for generating and responding to activity between the IOC and the IDA and IOD busses. This class of activity consists of memory cycles, I/O Bus cycles, interrupt polls, interrupt requests, and requests for DMA. The instruction Control ROM is responsible for recognizing fetched IOC machine-instructions, and for implementing the algorithms that accomplish those instructions. Frequently, the Bus Control ROM will undertake activity on the behalf of the Instruction Control ROM. These two ROMs are physically merged, and share a common set of decodable micro-instructions.

However, each of the two ROMs has its own state-counter. For each ROM, the next state is explicitly decoded by each current state.

The I Register serves a function similar to that of the I Register of the BPC. It serves as a repository to hold the fetched machine-instruction and to supply that instruction to Instruction Decode. Instruction Decode generates Asynchronous Control Lines that are similar in function to those of the BPC. Instruction Decode also generates Instruction Qualifiers that represent the machine-instruction to the ROM mechanism.

The W Register is used primarily in conjunction with the execution of the place and withdraw machine-instructions. Each such instruction requires two memory cycles; one to get the data from the source, and one to transmit it to the destination. W serves as a place to hold the data in between those memory cycles.

The DMP W function is complex, and is implemented by a DMP W and Crossover Network. If the place or withdraw operation is for the entire word, the crossover function is not employed, and the pairs of signals OLB, DLB, and, OMB, DMB, work together to implement a standard 16-bit DMP W. However, a byte oriented place or withdraw instruction involves the dumping of only a single byte of W onto the IDC Bus. This is done in the following combinations: least-significant byte of W to most-significant half of the IDC Bus; least-significant byte of W to least-significant half of the IDC Bus; and, most-significant byte of W to least-significant

half of the IDC Bus. The exact mode of operation during a DMP W is determined by W Register Control on the basis of the Asynchronous Control Lines from Instruction Decode.

Another use of W occurs during an interrupt. During an interrupt poll the response of the requesting peripheral(s) is loaded into the least-significant half of W. These eight bits represent the eight peripherals on the currently active (or enabled) level of interrupt. Each peripheral requesting interrupt service during the poll will have a one in its corresponding bit. This eight-bit pattern is fed to a Select Code Priority Resolver and 3 LSB Interrupt Vector Generator. That circuitry identifies the highest numbered select code requesting service (should there be more than one) and generates the three least-significant bits of binary code that correspond to that peripheral's select code. The next most-significant bit corresponds to the level at which the interrupt is being granted, and it is available from the interrupt circuitry in the form of the signal PHIR.

The interrupt vector is made up of the three least-significant bits from W, as encoded by the priority resolver, the bit corresponding to PHIR, and the 12 bits contained in the Interrupt Vector Register (IV). Thus, when an interrupt is granted the complete interrupt vector is placed on the IDC Bus by simultaneously giving the following micro-instructions: EPR, DMP, ISC, UIG, and DMP IV.

The C and D Registers are the pointer registers used for place and withdraw operations. Each of these registers is equipped with a 15-bit increment and decrement network for changing the value of the pointer. Whether to increment or decrement is controlled by the C and D Register Control circuit according to the Asynchronous Control Lines.

The DMA Memory Address (DMAMA) and DMA Count (DMAC) Registers are similar to the C and D Registers, except that DMAMA always increments, and that DMAC always decrements. In addition, the decrement for DMAC is a 16-bit decrement. These two registers are used in conjunction to identify the destination or source address in memory of each DMA transfer, and to keep a count of the number of such transfers so far.

Two separate mechanisms are provided for the storage of peripheral select codes. The DMAPA Register is a four-bit register used to contain the select code of any peripheral that is engaged in DMA.

The other mechanism is a three-level stack, also four bits wide, whose uppermost level is the Peripheral Address Register (PA). It is in this stack that peripheral select codes for both standard I/O and interrupt I/O are kept. The stack is managed by the interrupt circuitry.

The Peripheral Address Lines (PA Lines) reflect either the contents of DMAPA or PA, depending upon whether or not the associated I/O Bus cycles are for DMA or not, respectively. This selection is controlled by the DMA circuitry, and is implemented by the Peripheral Address Bus Controller.

Three latches control whether or not the Interrupt System is active or disabled, whether or not the DMA Mode is active or disabled, and, whether or not the Pulse Count Mode is active or disabled. Those latches are respectively controlled by these machine-instructions; EIR and DIR for the Interrupt System, and, DMA, PCM, and DDR for DMA-type operations.

The interrupt circuitry is controlled by a two-bit state-counter and ROM. The state-count is used to rep-

resent the level of interrupt currently in use. Requests for interrupt are made into qualifiers for the ROM of the interrupt controller. If the interrupt request can be granted it is represented by a change in state of that ROM, as well as by instructions decoded from that ROM and sent to the Interrupt Grant Network. This circuitry generates the INT signal used to cause an interrupt of the BPC, and, generates an INTQ qualifier that represents the occurrence of an interrupt to the main ROM mechanism in the IOC so that an interrupt poll can be initiated.

The DMA circuitry is similar in its method of control. It has a ROM controlled by a three-bit state-counter.

Description of the EMC

The Extended Math Chip (EMC) executes 15 machine-instructions. Eleven of these operate on BCD-Coded three-word mantissa data. Two operate on blocks of data of from 1 to 16 words. One is a binary multiply and one clears the Decimal Carry (DC) register.

Unless specified otherwise, the contents of the registers A, B, SE and DC are not changed by the execution of any of the EMC's instructions. The EMC communicates with other chips along the IDA Bus in a way similar to how the IOC communicates via the Bus.

Notation

A number of notational devices are employed in describing the operation of the EMC.

The symbols <...> denotes a reference to the actual contents of the named location.

A₀₋₃ and B₀₋₃ denote the four least significant bit-positions of the A and B registers, respectively. Similarly, A₄₋₁₅ denotes the 12 most-significant bit-positions of the A register. And by the previous convention, <A₀₋₃> represents the bit pattern contained in the four least-significant bit-positions of A.

AR1 is the label of a four-word location in R/W memory: 77770₈ through 77773₈.

AR2 is the label of a four-word arithmetic accumulator register located within the EMC, and occupying register addresses 20₁ through 23₃.

SE is the label of the four-bit shift-extend register, located within the EMC. Although SE is addressable, and can be read from, and stored into, its primary use is as internal intermediate storage during those EMC instructions that read something from, or put something into, A₀₋₃. The address of SE is 24₄.

DC is the mnemonic for the one-bit decimal-carry register located within the EMC. DC is set by the carry output of the decimal adders of the EMC. Sometimes, in the illustrations of what the EMC instructions do, DC is shown as being part of the actual computation, as well as being a repository for overflow. In such cases the initial value of DC affects the result. However, DC will usually be zero at the beginning of such an instruction. The firmware sees to that by various means.

DC does not have a register address. Instead, it is the object of the BPC instructions SDS and SDC (Skip if Decimal Carry Set and Skip if Decimal Carry Clear), and the EMC instruction CDC (Clear Decimal Carry).

Data Format

The EMC can perform operations on twelve-digit, BCD-encoded, floating point numbers. Such numbers occupy four words of memory, and the various parts of a number are put into specific portions of the four words. FIG. 127 depicts this format.

The twelve mantissa digits are denoted by D₁ through D₁₂. D₁ is the most-significant digit, and D₁₂ is the least-significant digit. It is assumed that there is a decimal point between D₁ and D₂. E, and M, each represent positive and negative (signs) by zero and one, respectively.

EMC Machine Instructions

Assembly language EMC machine-instructions are three-letter mnemonics. Each machine instruction source statement corresponds to a machine operation in the object program produced by an assembler.

Notation used in representing source statements is explained below:

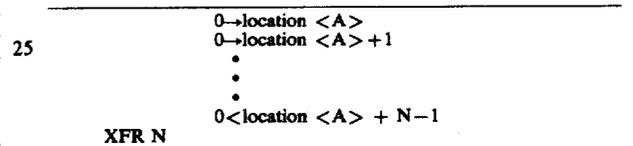
N Constant whose value is restricted to the range: $1 \leq N \leq 20_8 = 16_{10}$

The Four-Word Group

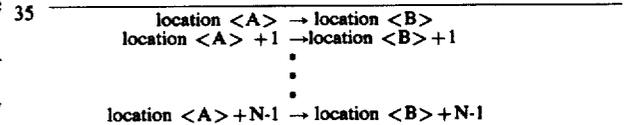
The four-word group instructions are listed below.

CLR N

Clear N words. This instruction clears N consecutive words, beginning with location < A >. Recall that: $1 \leq N \leq 16_{10}$.



Transfer N words. This instruction transfers the N consecutive words beginning at location < A > to those beginning at < B >. Recall that: $1 \leq N \leq 16_{10}$.



The Mantissa Shift Group

The mantissa shift group instructions are listed below.

MRX

Mantissa right shift of AR1 r times, $r = \langle B_{0-3} \rangle$, and $0 \leq r \leq 17_8 = 15_{10}$.

1st shift: $\langle A_{0-3} \rangle \rightarrow D_1; \dots \langle D_i \rangle \rightarrow D_{i+1}; \dots D_{12}$ is lost

jth shift: $0 \rightarrow D_1; \dots \langle D_i \rangle \rightarrow D_{i+1}; \dots D_{12}$ is lost

rth shift: $0 \rightarrow D_1; \dots \langle D_i \rangle \rightarrow D_{i+1}; \dots \langle D_{12} \rangle \rightarrow A_{0-3}; 0 \rightarrow DC; 0 \rightarrow A_{4-15}$

Notice:

- (1) The first shift does not necessarily shift in a zero; the first shift shifts in $\langle A_{0-3} \rangle$.
- (2) The last digit shifted out ends up as $\langle A_{0-3} \rangle$.
- (3) If only one digit-shift is done, (1) and (2) happen together.
- (4) After (2), SE is the same as $\langle A_{0-3} \rangle$.
- (5) Any more than eleven shifts is wasteful.

MRY

Mantissa right shift of AR2 $\langle B_{0-3} \rangle$ -times. Otherwise identical to MRX.

MLY

Mantissa left shift of AR2 one time.

$\langle A_{0-3} \rangle \rightarrow D_{12}; \dots \langle D_i \rangle \rightarrow D_{i-1}; \dots \langle D_1 \rangle \rightarrow A_{0-3}; 0 \rightarrow DC; 0 \rightarrow A_{4-15}$

At the conclusion of the operation SE equals $\langle A_{0-3} \rangle$.

DRS

Mantissa right shift of AR1 one time.

$$0 \rightarrow D_{15}; \dots < D_i > \rightarrow D_{i+1}; \dots < D_{12} > \rightarrow A_{0,3}; 0 \rightarrow DC; 0 \rightarrow A_{4,15}$$

At the conclusion of the operation SE equals $\langle A_{0,3} \rangle$.
NRM

Normalize AR2. The mantissa digits of AR2 are shifted left until $D_1 \neq 0$.

If the original D_1 is non-zero, no shifts occur. If twelve shifts occur, then AR2 equals zero, and no further shifts are done. The number of shifts is stored as a binary number in $B_{0,3}$.

- i. $0 \rightarrow B_{4,15}$; # of shifts $\rightarrow B_{0,3}$
- ii. For $0 \leq \langle B_{0,3} \rangle \leq 11$; $0 \rightarrow DC$
- iii. If $\langle B_{0,3} \rangle = 12$; $1 \rightarrow DC$

The Arithmetic Group

The arithmetic group instructions are listed below.

CMX

Ten's complements of AR1. The mantissa of AR1 is replaced with its ten's complement, and DC is set to zero.

CMY

Ten's complement of AR2. The mantissa of AR2 is replaced with its ten's complement, and DC is set to zero.

CDC

Clear Decimal Carry. Clears the DC register; $0 \rightarrow DC$.

FXA

Fixed-point addition. The mantissas of AR1 and AR2 are added together, along with DC (as a D_{12} -digit), and the result is placed in AR2. If an overflow occurs, DC is set to one, otherwise, DC is set to zero at the completion of the addition.

During the addition the exponents are not considered, and are left strictly alone. The signs are also left completely alone.

$$\begin{array}{r} \langle AR1 \rangle = D_1 D_2 D_3 \dots D_{12} \\ \langle AR2 \rangle = D_1 D_2 D_3 \dots D_{12} \\ + \quad \quad \quad \langle DC \rangle \leftarrow \text{initial value of DC} \\ \hline (\text{overflow}) \rightarrow "D_0" D_1 D_2 D_3 \dots D_{12} \rightarrow AR2 \\ DC (\text{final value of DC}) \end{array}$$

Mantissa Word Add. $\langle B \rangle$ is taken as four BCD digits, and added, as D_9 through D_{12} , to AR2. DC is also added in as a D_{12} . The result is left in AR2. If an overflow occurs, DC is set to one, otherwise, DC is set to zero at the completion of the addition.

During the addition the exponents are not considered, and are left strictly alone, as are the signs. MWA is intended primarily for use in rounding routines.

$$\begin{array}{r} \langle B \rangle = \dots D_9 D_{10} D_{11} D_{12} \\ \langle AR2 \rangle = D_1 \dots D_9 D_{10} D_{11} D_{12} \\ + \quad \quad \quad \langle DC \rangle \leftarrow \text{initial value of DC} \\ \hline (\text{overflow}) \rightarrow "D_0" D_1 \dots D_9 D_{10} D_{11} D_{12} \rightarrow AR2 \\ DC (\text{final value of DC}) \end{array}$$

FMP

Fast multiply. The mantissas of AR1 and AR2 are added together (along with DC as D_{12}) $\langle B_{0,3} \rangle$ -times; the result accumulates in AR2.

The repeated additions are likely to cause some unknown number of overflows to occur. The number of overflows that occurs is returned in $A_{0,3}$.

FMP is used repeatedly to accumulate partial products during BCD multiplication. FMP operates strictly

upon mantissa portions; signs and exponents are left strictly alone.

$$\langle AR2 \rangle + ((\langle AR1 \rangle \langle B_{0,3} \rangle)) + DC \rightarrow AR$$

DC doesn't enter into these repeated additions except for the first one as shown at right. $0 \rightarrow DC$ immediately after each overflow
 $0 \rightarrow DC, 0 \rightarrow A_{4,15}$, # of overflows $\rightarrow A_{0,3}$
 MPY

Binary Multiply Using Booth's Algorithm. The (binary) signed two's complement contents of the A and B registers are multiplied together. The thirty-two bit product is also assigned two's complement number, and is stored back into A and B. B receives the sign and most-significant bits, and A the least-significant bits.

$$\langle A \rangle \cdot \langle B \rangle \rightarrow \langle B \rangle \langle A \rangle$$

FDV

Fast Divide. The mantissas of AR1 and AR2 are added together until the first decimal overflow occurs. The result of these additions accumulates into AR2. The number of additions without overflow (n) is placed into

B.

$$\langle AR2 \rangle + \langle AR1 \rangle + \langle DC \rangle \rightarrow AR2$$

(repeatedly until overflow)

then

$$0 \rightarrow DC, 0 \rightarrow B_{4,15}, n \rightarrow B_{0,3}$$

FDV is used in floating-point division to find the quotient digits of a division. In general, more than one application of FDV is needed to find each digit of the quotient.

As with the other BCD instructions, the signs and exponents of AR1 and AR2 are left strictly alone. FIGS. 128A-C depict the bit patterns of the EMC machine-instructions.

Internal Description of the EMC

FIGS. 129A-C depict the internal block diagram of the EMC. The micro-instructions SET IDA and DMP IDA are the communication link between the external IDA bus and the internal \overline{IDM} bus. An instruction is fetched by the BPC and placed on the IDA Bus. All chips connected to the bus decode it and act accordingly.

If the fetched instruction is not an EMC instruction, or if an interrupt request is made, the EMC ignores the instruction. Upon completion of the instruction by another chip or upon completion of the interrupt, the EMC examines the next instruction. If the instruction is an EMC instruction, it is executed and data effected by it are transferred via the IDA bus. At the appropriate point during the execution of the instruction, SYNC is given to indicate to other chips that it has finished using the IDA Bus and consequently to treat the next data that appears on IDA as an instruction.

The Word Pointer Shift Register points to the register to be effected by the DMPX/SETX or DMPY/SETY micro-instructions and the registers to be bussed to the Adder. It is also employed as a counter in some instructions.

Once data is on the \overline{IDM} Bus, it can then be loaded into one of several registers by issuing the appropriate micro-instruction. The data paths between IDM and the X and Y registers can be controlled in two ways. One way is by issuing an explicit micro-instruction, e.g.,

SET Y2 would set the Y2 Register with the data on ID_M. Another way of accomplishing the same thing would be to issue a SET Y for a word pointer equal two.

The X Registers are used for all shifting operations, the direction being instruction dependent.

The Shift Extend Register is a four-bit addressable register used to hold a digit to be shifted into the X register or one that has been shifted out of X.

The Arithmetic Extend Register is a four-bit addressable (read-only) register used to accumulate a decimal digit for the FMP and FDV instructions and serves as a number-of-shifts accumulator in the NRM instruction.

The N Counter is used to indicate the number of words involved in the CLR and XFR instructions, the number of shifts in MRX, MRY, MLY and DRS, the multiplier digit in FMP, and a loop counter in MPY.

The Adder is capable of either binary or BCD addition with the complements being capable of either one's or nine's complementation of the Y Register inputs. A carry-in signal is available from three sources for generating two's or ten's complement arithmetic.

The Decimal Carry Register is a one-bit register that can hold the carry-out of the Adder. ADR1 is the address of the AR1 operand; its two least significant bits are determined by the word pointer, e.g., WP0 = > 00, WP1 = > 01, etc.

The Address Decode ROM generates the control signals used for reading from or writing into a register in either the Extended Register Access (ERA) mode or the normal addressing mode of operation. Miscellaneous hardware has been added to enhance the execution of the two's complement binary multiply instruction (MPY).

BUS CONTROL

The direction of data flow on the IDA bus is controlled by the bus control circuit of FIGS. 16 and 130. Gate U19 provides the basic definition of the direction of data flow. The direction of data flow is normally from the microprocessor to the memory since address is the first data on the IDA bus when the memory cycle starts. This condition is controlled by the STM signal into gate U19 being logically false. Once the memory cycle starts, the Processor Driving (PDR) signal indicates that data flow is from processor to memory. In some instances, such as during direct memory access (DMA) operation, the PDR signal does not indicate the direction of data flow on the IDA bus. For this case, the Write (WRIT) signal is ANDed into U19 to decide bus direction. Also, since the first thirty-two memory addresses are actually registers within the microprocessor, the Register Access Line (RAL) is used to prevent bus conflict when accessing register information. Finally, the Monitor Buffer Control (MBC) signal is also ANDed in to define bus direction during testing. The resulting output of U19 is called the Stay Off Bus (SOB) signal since it indicates those times when the memory section is not allowed to be on the IDA bus. The bus control circuit also controls the direction of the bidirectional data buffer located within the hybrid microprocessor (processor buffer out, PBO, signal). Since the microprocessor buffer and the memory buffers normally operate in tandem (i.e., when the microprocessor buffer points out, the memory buffer points into memory, and when the memory buffer points out, the microprocessor buffer points into the microprocessor) the

SOB signal is inverted by U17A and used to control the microprocessor's buffer.

The bus control circuit also decodes the upper three bits of the IDA bus (IDA12 through IDA14) using a dual open-collector output 2-line to 4-line decoder (Texas Instruments device SN74LS156 or equivalent) as a one-of-eight decoder. The memory space is thus broken into 4096-word divisions. The memory map of FIG. 6 shows allocation of read-only and read/write memory in the memory space. The first three outputs of the decoder are wire-ORed together to indicate that the mainframe language ROM memory section is being accessed. The next three outputs of the decoder are also wired-ORed together with the two-pole switch S1 determining whether or not the upper two outputs are to be included in the wire-ORing. The resulting output determines which portion of the memory space is taken by the optional plug-in ROM memory section. The balance of the address space is assumed to be read/write memory. The boundary between the plug-in ROM and the read/write memory is determined by switch S1 which is set according to the amount of optional read/write memory that the calculator contains. The STM (Start Memory) signal is used to latch the outputs of the decoder into the latches U16A and U16B for the balance of the memory cycle since address information is only present on the IDA bus at the beginning of the memory cycle. The output of the latches is gated with the Stay Off Bus (SOB) signal to prohibit the memory section from placing data onto the IDA bus until permitted to do so. If the data to be read is located in the mainframe language ROM memory section, the bus control circuit releases the mainframe ROM buffer control (MFRBC) signal to allow the ROM to place data on the IDA bus and point the bidirectional buffer associated with the ROM from the memory to the microprocessor. Likewise, if the data to be read is located in the plug-in ROM memory section, the bus control circuit releases the plug-in ROM buffer control (PIRBC) signal. If the data, instead, is to be read from the read/write memory sections, the bus control simply removes the Stay Off Bus signal to allow the read/write memory to place the data on the IDA bus at its discretion.

MEMORY TIMING AND CONTROL

The Memory Timing and Control block of FIG. 16 may be understood with reference to the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 131. This block comprises a small state counter, U21, which counts the number of states in the memory cycle. The counter initiates its sequence when the STM signal occurs if the memory cycle is referencing addresses located in the memory section (indicated by the RAL signal not being true). The counter is clocked on the rising edge of the phase two clock. On the first clock after the STM occurs, flip-flop U21A changes state and the STMROM signal is generated. Thus, the STM signal to the ROM is delayed by one-half of a state time to allow more address setup time as required by the ROM. On the next state time, the second flip-flop U21B is set provided that the Memory Busy (MEB) signal is not true. The Memory Busy signal is used to suspend the sequencing should the read/write memory be addressed and not be able to participate in the memory cycle immediately (such as being in a refresh cycle when the memory cycle starts). When the second flip-flop is set, the Unsynchronized Memory Complete (UMC) signal is generated to indi-

cate to the microprocessor that the memory cycle is complete. FIG. 109 illustrates the timing associated with the memory cycle.

READ-ONLY MEMORY

Both the plug-in ROM memory section and the mainframe language ROM memory section shown in the block diagram of FIG. 4 are composed of a number of N-channel MOS sixteen-kilobit integrated circuits. These devices are organized as 1024 words of 16 bits and contain their own dynamic address latches and mask-programmable address decode circuits. The organization of the read-only memory section is shown in FIG. 132. The mainframe language ROM memory section contains twelve such devices. The plug-in ROM modules contain either two or four such devices depending on the features which the ROM module contains. An example of the ROM circuitry used in all the read-only memory sections is shown in FIG. 133. The 16-bit IDA bus input/outputs are used for receiving the address information from the microprocessor and for outputting the data accessed. When the STM input is not true, the ROM assumes that memory address information is on the IDA bus and continually inspects IDA bits 10 through 14 to determine if it has been addressed. The device is designed such that power consumption when not addressed is approximately one-tenth the consumption when addressed. Therefore, the power consumption in the calculator is reduced by applying the power to the device only when it is addressed. Consequently, each ROM device has an associated "power pulse" circuit 211 which is turned on by the ROM address decode circuit (powered separately from the +12 volts input) only when the ROM is addressed. If the ROM detects its address, it exerts the power pulse (PWP) output which switches on the transistor and applies +12 volts to the voltage switch (VSW) input that powers the balance of the ROM circuit. The ROM latches the address information and starts its data access when the STM signal (STMROM) is exerted. The accessed data is placed on the IDA bus as soon as it is accessed (approximately 300 ns) provided the output drivers are not disabled (Output Data Disable, ODD) by the bus control circuit.

READ/WRITE MEMORY

Both the basic read/write memory section and the optional read/write memory section shown in the block diagram of FIG. 4 are identical in structure. As shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 134, each section contains an address decoder U1 which examines the upper three bits of the address (IDA12 through IDA14) and generates one of three outputs depending on whether the address is 70K, 60K, or 50K octal. A jumper is used to select which address the memory section responds to thereby defining the memory section as the basic read/write section or the optional read/write section. The output of the address decoder is latched in U5 along with the balance of the address (U12, U14, U16) when the Start Memory (STM) signal occurs. The output of U5 is gated with the STM signal to generate the Request for service (REQ) signal which is sent to the read/write memory control circuit. The output of the address latches goes directly to the read/write memory devices with the exception of the lower six bits which first traverse a two-to-one data selector (U17 and U18). The other input of the data selector comes from the refresh address counter (U20 and U21).

The lower six bits of the address are selected by a read/write memory control circuit (DATA SELECT) as determined by the read/write cycle being either a refresh cycle or a normal memory cycle. At the start of the refresh cycle, the read/write control circuit first increments the refresh address counter to advance it to the next memory address to be refreshed.

The read/write memory control circuit is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 135. The state of the memory control is determined by the four flip-flops of devices U6 and U7. The flip-flops of U7 indicate that a refresh cycle is in progress. The waveforms associated with the control circuitry are shown in FIG. 136. The flip-flops are clocked on the positive-going edge of the phase two clock. When the STM signal occurs, flip-flop U6A will be set via U4A and U4B on the next clock provided neither flip-flop of U7 is set. The read/write memory devices are enabled (CEN) via U9A whenever either U6A or U6B are set. Whether the read/write memory devices perform a read or write operation is determined by gate U2A (RW). If the RW signal is a logical high, the read/write devices are in read mode. To generate the write mode, three conditions are necessary: the Write (WRIT) signal from the microprocessor must be logically true; a refresh cycle must not be in progress (U7A and U7B are not set); and the latch composed of gates U3C and U3D must be set (U3C output high). The latch is cleared by the Request (REQ) signal not being true. The latch is set at the beginning the next phase two clock following the setting of flip-flop U6B. If the memory cycle is a read cycle, the Output Buffer Enable (OBC) signal, which allows the output of the read/write memory devices to be placed on the IDA bus, is generated via U2C when the memory timing and control circuit removes the Stay Off Bus (SOB) signal.

The refresh cycle is initiated via gate U4B when the monostable U21 delay period has expired provided that the microprocessor is not requesting use of the memory. When the cycle is initiated, flip-flop U7A will be set which causes the read/write cycle by setting U6B via U4A and U4B on the next state time. Secondly, flip-flop U7A also generates the Memory Busy (MEB) signal via U2B and U3B to notify the memory timing and control circuit should the microprocessor start a memory cycle while the refresh cycle is in progress. Thirdly, flip-flop U7A also drives the RW signal, via U8B, to the read logic level as required by the read/write memory devices during the refresh cycle. The second flip-flop of the refresh cycle, U7B will be set the state time following the setting of flip-flop U6A to sustain the conditions required for the refresh cycle. When the read/write cycle has expired, indicated by flip-flop U6B resetting, the next state time flip-flop U7B resets thus terminating the refresh cycle.

The read/write memory devices, Texas Instruments devices TMS 4030 or equivalent, are shown in FIG. 137. The devices are organized as 4096 addresses of one bit. The read/write (RW) control signal determines if the operation is a read (RW high) or a write operation. If the cycle is a write cycle, the data written is accepted from the Data In (DIN) inputs. If the cycle is a read cycle, the data is presented at the Data Out (DOUT) outputs and will be placed onto the IDA bus when the Output Buffer Enable (OBE) signal is generated by the read/write memory control. The read/write cycle is started when the Chip Enable (CEN) signal occurs provided that the devices have been selected by the

Chip Select (CS) signal. The memory section is capable of byte operation as determined by flip-flop U5 and gates U8C and U8D. The memory bus control signal Byte (BYTE) from the microprocessor indicates if the memory operation is to be a byte operation. If the Byte signal does not occur, both bytes are enabled. If the byte signal does occur, the address bit IDA15, latched in U5B when STM occurs, will determine which byte is being referenced.

KDP CONTROL

Referring now to FIG. 138, there is shown a detailed schematic diagram of an I/O interface included within the KDP control block of FIG. 4. When the Initialize (INIT) signal on the I/O bus occurs, the power-up (PUP) signal is generated by the I/O interface and used throughout the KDP control circuitry to initialize the various flip-flops and counters. The I/O interface section contains the I/O operation decoder composed of the two three-to-eight decoders U21 and U29. The decoders are enabled whenever the KDP's peripheral address is detected by gate U17. Decoder U21 generates the read register 4 (R4) and read register 5 (R5) signals. The R4 signal is used to send the keycode information to the microprocessor. The R5 signal is used to send the KDP status information to the microprocessor. The status latch U53 as well as the gates to place the data on the I/O bus is located in the I/O interface section. Bit 0 indicates that the LED display unit contains 32 alphanumeric positions. Bit 1 indicates if the printer is out of paper. Bit 2 indicates that the printer is busy printing. Bit 3 indicates that the reset key on the keyboard has been depressed. Bit 4 indicates that the keyboard section is exerting the interrupt request signal (IRL).

The other decoder, U29, generates four register strobe signals, R4SB, W4SB, W5SB, and W6SB. The R4SB signal indicates to the keyboard scan control circuitry that the pending keycode has been accepted by the microprocessor. The W4SB signal loads the display character code from the microprocessor into the data register in the KDP memory section, causes the timing generator circuitry to generate the signals to store the character code in the read/write memory in the memory section, and causes the display control section to terminate displaying until all the new data has been received. The W6SB signal also loads the data register in the memory section with the printer character code, and causes the timing generator section to transfer the code to the read/write memory in the memory section. New printer data is not sent to the KDP control until the printer busy bit in the KDP status indicates to the microprocessor that the printer is no longer busy. The W5SB signal updates the "command register" of the KDP control. Bit 0 of the I/O command word generates the print (PRT) signal via gate U57A which sets the print command flip-flop located in the print control section. Bit 1 generates the display (DSP) signal via gate U51B which, similarly, set the display command flip-flop located in the display control section. Bit 2 is used to turn on an astable multivibrator (gates U30A and U30B) which produces the audio "beep" sound of the calculator. Bits 3 and 4 control the command register "run light" flip-flop U31A which turns on and off the "run light" located on the left side of the LED display unit. Since the flip-flop is JK type flip-flop, if both bits 3 and 4 are set, the run light will toggle to the opposite state. If bit 3 only is set, the run light will be turned off. If bit 4 only is set, the run light

will be turned on. Similarly, bits 5 and 6 control the command register cursor flip-flop U31B which determines which type of cursor, insert or replace, symbol can be displayed in the LED display unit. If bit 5 only is set, the cursor will be the insert cursor. If bit 6 only is set, the cursor will be the replace cursor.

The switches on the calculator keyboard are single-pole, single-throw switches. The circuitry included within the KDP control block of FIG. 4 which scans for keyboard input and sends the information to the microprocessor via the I/O bus is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 139. The keyboard scan counter U65A and U65B determines which key is being examined for closure. The counter is clocked at approximately a 2.5 KHz rate by an oscillator made of gates U37A and U37B and associated components. The lower four bits of the counter is decoded by U48 to select one of sixteen column select lines to the keyboard. The upper three bits of the counter are used by U57 to select one of eight row scan lines from the keyboard. Should the selected keyswitch be depressed, the column select output will be connected to the row select input and the output of the row selector (U57) will go to the logic low state indicating that a keyswitch closure has been detected.

When a key closure has been detected, flip-flop U27A will be set via inverter U36B. The complement output of flip-flop U27A inhibits the keyboard scan counter from counting further thereby saving the keycode for the key closure that was detected. The flip-flop also causes flip-flop U27B to become set via U39C. The output of flip-flop U27B then sets the latch U62 provided that an interrupt poll is not in progress (U56C). The output of the latch causes the low priority interrupt request (IRL) signal to the microprocessor to be set, thereby indicating that a key closure has been detected and that interrupt service is required. At the microprocessor's convenience the service routine is performed. The first operation of the service routine is to perform an interrupt poll to determine which I/O device is requesting service. The fact that the interrupt poll is taking place is indicated to the keyboard scan circuit by the Interrupt (INT) signal being exerted when peripheral address bit 3 (PA3) is logically false (poll of low level interrupt I/O devices). The keyboard scan circuit, since it has generated an interrupt request, responds by exerting the I/O bus data bit 0 (IOD0) which corresponds to its peripheral address via gate U61C. Upon determining that the keyboard scan circuit is interrupting, the microprocessor executes the keyboard service routine. During the service routine, an I/O cycle which reads R4 occurs. When the I/O cycle occurs, the keycode from the keyboard scan counter is placed on the I/O bus via the eight gates of U58 and U59. The I/O cycle also causes the Read Register 4 Strobe (R4SB) which U37C resets flip-flop U27B. The output of U27B will, in turn, set U27A, provided that the debounce counter U28 declares the key no longer closed, and thus allows the keyboard scanning to resume. The debounce counter is reset whenever a key closure occurs. As the key is released, the debounce counter will be reset each time a key bounce occurs until finally no further key bounce occurs and the debounce counter counts to the point that it enables gate U37D.

The keyboard scan circuit also has the automatic key repeat feature. The latch, composed of gates U39A and U39B is reset whenever no key closure is detected.

Likewise, the repeat counter U47 is held reset as long as no key closure is detected. When a key closure is detected, the repeat counter is allowed to start counting (but starts counting over again each time that a key bounce occurs as the key is closing). When the repeat counter's output pin 1 goes high, the latch composed of gates U39A and U39B is set and the repeat feature is enabled by enabling gate U39D. Thereafter each time U47 output pin 12 goes high, gate U39D will set flip-flop U27B thereby causing another interrupt request to occur. The delay time from the time the key is depressed to the time automatic repeating starts is determined by the time it takes after key closure, with no further bouncing, for U47 output pin 1 to go high followed by output pin 12 going high. The frequency of key repeat is determined by the frequency at which U47 output pin 12 toggles.

The keyboard also contains the Reset key which is handled separately from the keyboard scanning. When the Reset key is depressed, the KRST signal goes low and, after a time delay for key bounce caused by C22, R49, and R50, the input to inverter U40B goes low. The positive-going transition of inverter output U40B is differentiated by C21 and R47 to produce a pulse which becomes the I/O bus Reet (RESET) signal that reinitializes the microprocessor and I/O section. The output of the inverter, before the pulse formation, is sent to the KDP's status latch which the microprocessor can interrogate to determine if the initialization is a power-on initialization or a Reset key initialization.

The Shift and Shift Lock keys on the keyboard are handled separately from the scanning circuit. When either of the shift keys on the keyboard is depressed, the SHIFT signal resets the latch composed of gates U46A and U45C and sets flip-flop U56B which in turn will set I/O data bit 7 (IOD7) thereby indicating to the microprocessor that the shift key is depressed. If the shift lock key is depressed, the latch composed of gates U46A and U45C will be set to indicate that all further keycodes are shifted keycodes. The latch remains set until on the shift keys is depressed.

A KDP control timing generator included within the KDP control block of FIG. 4 is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 140. The 6 MHz clock from the I/O bus is divided by four by flip-flops U66A and U62A to produce the KDP clock and the gated T clock generated at the output of gates U56A and U7C. The gated clock is disabled via gate U54B whenever either flip-flops U63B or U64B are set. Flip-flop U63B is set on the next KDP clock after a printer data word (indicated by W6SB) is sent to the KDP control. Similarly, flip-flop U64B is set on the next KDP clock after a display data word (indicated by W4SB) is sent the KDP control. The two flip-flops disable the T clock for only one state time since the output of each flip-flop clears flip-flops U63A and U63B, respectfully. During the state time that the T clock is disabled, the R/W signal (gate U55C) goes low during the second half of the state time and is used by the memory section to store the data just received into the KDP read/write memory. The three signals PLC (printer load clock), DLC (display load clock), and SPA (select printer address) is used by the printer control, display control, and memory sections to produce the correct address for storing the data just received into the KDP read/write memory. When new display or printer data is not being received, the PR (printer) signal is used to control the SPA signal so that

either display or printer data can be read from the KDP memory.

The upper portion of FIG. 140 shows the circuitry which generates the basic timing signals used by the printer control, display control, and memory sections. The waveforms generated by this circuitry is shown in the waveform timing diagram of FIG. 141. Device U35 is a four-bit binary counter with a synchronous load control input (Texas Instruments device SN74LS163). The PR (printer) signal is present for eight state times and absent for six state times. The last state time before each transition of PR, the P7 signal is generated by gate U46C for the full state time and the T7 signal is generated by gate U56B during the last half of the state time. Each time that P7 occurs, the binary counter will be loaded with the data on the A through D inputs on the next state time. If the PR signal is not true, the counter will be set to zero the next state time. If the PR signal is true, the counter will be set to a decimal ten on the next state. The use of these timing signals will be discussed in the following sections.

A read/write memory section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4 is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 142. Central to the memory section is the KDP read/write memory which stores the display data. By designing the display control section to automatically refresh the display, the capability to inform the calculator user of what the calculator program is doing via display messages while the program is running is possible. More importantly, the design provides the basic requirement of live keyboard, i.e., displaying keyboard actions and results while a program is running. The read/write memory device U38 is Signetics device 82S09 which is capable of storing sixty-four 9-bit words. The memory is divided into two halves by the select printer address (SPA) signal on the A5 input of the device. Thus the lower half of the memory stores the 32-character codes for the LED display unit and the upper 16 locations of the upper half stores the 16-character codes for the thermal printer unit. The data from the I/O data bus to be stored in the memory is first saved in the register composed of U43 and U52. The timing section then generates the R/W and SPA signals as necessary to transfer the data from the register into the proper location in the memory. When the KDP control is not receiving information from the I/O bus, the display and printer data in the read/write memory are alternately assessed to refresh the display. The printer data is only printed the one time after the print command is received by the I/O interface section. The address for the read/write memory is selected by the two-to-one data selector composed of U13 and U14. The two inputs to the data selector are the display character address and character column select and the printer character address and character row select. The character address information is used to address the read/write memory. The column and row select is used to address the dot pattern read-only memory U23. The read-only memory is comprised of devices that are organized as 2048 words of eight bits. The dot patterns for both the display and the printer are stored in the ROM. The most significant bit of the address (PR) is used to select whether the dot pattern is for the display or for the printer. The next seven bits of address select one of 128 possible symbols. The lowest three bits of address select the desired column or row of the symbol. Column data is needed for the display unit; row information is needed for the printer unit. The timing section

is designed such that when a printer character is being processed by the printer control section, the address to the read/write memory is the next display character to be processed and vice versa. As shown in the timing diagram of FIG. 141, during the state times that the P7 signal occurs, the ROM is enabled (input CE of U23) and, as explained in the read-only memory section, the power pulse circuit composed of Q3 and associated components applies +12 volts to the main section of the ROM device. During the second half of the state time the T clock occurs and the ROM accesses the dot data addressed and presents it at the D outputs for use. At the end of the P7 state time the dot data is parallel loaded into the parallel-in/serial-out shift register composed of U22 and U18. During the following state times the dot data (DD) is shifted out of the shift register for use by the display or printer control sections. If the dot data is printer row data only five dot data bits are defined (five by seven printer matrix). For the display dot data, all seven bits are defined since the data is column information.

The most significant bit of the read/write memory is not used. The next most significant bit is used to inform the display control section that the cursor (CURSOR) is to be flashed in that character position. The outputs of the read/write memory are open-collector and require the external pull-up resistors to obtain the logic high state. This fact is used to advantage to generate the symbol for the insert cursor (character code zero). If the display symbol being accessed in the read/write memory is to have the cursor superimposed (read/write output bit 07 true), the display control section, if required, will cause the cursor enable (CE) signal to go high thereby switching off transistor Q4 and causing the output of the read/write memory to become the character code zero for the insert cursor.

A display control section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4 is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 143. When the first data character of a new group of display data is sent to the KDP control, the W4SB associated with the transaction is used to trigger one-shot U16. The output of U16 via gate U9A clears binary counters U3 and U6 thereby initializing the counters to the first display character address of the read/write memory in the memory section. Also, via gate U7A, the output clears flip-flops U15B and U15A. In turn, the output of flip-flop U15A disables the column scan decoder U2 which blanks the display, disables gate U4A which enables gate U10D and allows the display load clock (DLC) from the timing section to increment the binary counter to the next display character address each time that a new display data character is received, and disables the one-shot U16 from being triggered again on the next data transfer. The display control section remains in the mode of receiving display data with the display blanked until the DSP signal is received.

When the DSP signal, part of the command word, is received from the I/O interface section, the binary counters U3 and U6 are again cleared to start the display scan at the first display character address. Also, the DSP signal sets flip-flop U15B which clears flip-flops U12B and U32B thereby re-starting the flash cycle for the cursor and allows flip-flop U15A to be set on the next T7 clock. Once flip-flop U15A is set, the display control switches from the mode of receiving new data to the mode of displaying the data. Assume for the moment that the cursor is not displayed, in which case

gate U5A is enabled to pass the serial display dot data (DD) through to the display connector and hence to the display. The LED display unit is composed of eight display devices that contain four display dot matrices per device. A detailed block diagram of the display unit of FIG. 4 is shown in FIG. 144. The serial-in/parallel-out shift register (332) shifts in a new dot data bit each time that the clock signal occurs. When one column of dots for each character position has been received (244 bits), the scan line corresponding to the column data is enabled to cause the dots selected on those columns to light or not light according to the data in the shift register. The cycle is then repeated with each column in sequence. Counter U1 and decoder U2 determine which column is selected. The timing relationship between the waveforms that result from a display of all LED columns is shown in FIG. 145. Since binary counter U3 starts with a count of zero at the beginning of the display cycle, both gates U5B and U9C will enable gate U4B. Gate U9B allows the T clock to become the series of display clocks shown in the first three lines of FIG. 145. The display size (SIZE) signal via gate U5B will disable the last sixteen series of display clocks (shown on line two) if the display is only a sixteen character display. The upper three bits of the binary counter U3 and decoding gate U9C further allow the display clocks only when the three bits are zeros. The balance of the time the column scan decoder U2 is allowed to operate. The divide-by-five column counter U1 determines which column is being scanned. It is not initialized as it makes no difference which column is scanned first since all columns will eventually be scanned. Each time that counter U3 "rolls over", the column counter U1 will be incremented to the next column.

The display cursor logic is shown at the upper left portion of FIG. 143. The cursor flash frequency is determined by the astable multivibrator composed of gates U8A, U8B, and U8C which is divided by four by flip-flops U12B and U32B. When the Q-not output of flip-flops U32B is a logical high, the cursor symbol is enabled for disabling. The command register in the I/O interface section enables either gate U11A or U11B depending on whether the insert (INS) or replace (RPL) cursor is selected. As discussed in the memory section above, the cursor (CURSOR) output from the read/write memory indicates when the particular character being accessed from the read/write memory is to also have the flashing cursor. If the insert cursor is selected, the cursor enable (CE) signal is generated which forces the output of the read/write memory to assume the insert cursor code. If the replace cursor is selected, the flip-flop U12A is used to save the cursor signal so that it will be available when the character dot pattern is sent to the display unit. The replace cursor lights all dots in each column of the character matrix which is achieved by gate U11B disabling U5A when the cursor is to be displayed thereby forcing the serial display data to the state that lights all dots on the column.

A printer control section of the KDP control block of FIG. 4 is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 146A. Assume as an initial condition that flip-flops U44A and U44B and binary counter U33 have just been cleared by gate U54C. Since the output of flip-flop U44B is a low, decimal counters U24, U25, and U26 and flip-flop U32A will be cleared, printer scan decoder U41 will be disabled, printer paper advance (ADV) solenoid will be de-energized via gate U7B, and gate U17B will

be disabled thereby enabling gate U10B to pass the printer load clock (PLC). Hence, no printing action will occur and the printer control is in the data receiving mode. The binary counter U33 provides the printer character address to the read/write memory in the memory section. Each time that printer data is received by the KDP control, the timing section produces the printer load clock (PLC) to advance the binary counter U33 (via gate U10B) to the next printer character address so that the next address will be ready when the next printer character code is received. The PLC clock also clocks the other binary counters U26, U25, and U24 as well as flip-flop U32A but since the counters are connected in cascade (ripple carry output to enable inputs of next stage) none of the counters will change state because flip-flop U32A is clear. The printer control section will remain in the data receiving mode until the PRT command signal is received from the I/O interface section.

When the PRT signal is received, flip-flop U44A will be set and at the end of the next T7 clock flip-flop U44B will be set indicating that the printer control section is in the print mode. To understand the timing that the printer control section generates, it is first necessary to understand the requirements of the thermal printer unit. A block diagram of the thermal printer of FIG. 4 is shown in FIG. 147. The print head circuit comprises an off-the-shelf twenty-bit serial-in/parallel-out shift register whose inputs are DATA and CLOCK. The output of each group of five bits goes to a 5-of-20 demultiplexer. Each demultiplexer routes its five input bits to one of four print head positions. Each print head position contains five dot resistors which "burn" the paper to produce the printing. The four input scan signals (S1 through S4) determine which of the head positions the demultiplexer selects. The sequence of operation is for the printer control to send the dot information for the first, fifth, ninth, and thirteenth character positions and generate the first scan signal which "burns" the paper for the proper length of time. The procedure is then repeated for each of the other scan signals in sequence. When the four scans are completed, the paper advance solenoid which has been energized ("cocked") during the four scan operations is de-energized and a fifth time period is required to allow the paper to advance and settle.

Returning now to the printer control circuitry, FIGS. 148A-B show the timing relationship of various waveforms associated with the printer control circuitry of FIG. 146A. Binary counter U33 counts the sixteen character positions. Outputs QB and QC of decimal counter U25 determines which scan is taking place via scan decoder U41. Notice that the counter's output also goes to integrated circuit U34. Device U34 is a four-bit magnitude comparator which generates a positive-true output as output A=B whenever the four bits input at the A inputs is equal to the four bits input at the B inputs. The output is used to enable the T clocks to pass through gate U5C to become the printer clocks. Notice that inputs A0 and A1 are tied to a logic one. Consequently, inputs B0 and B1 can be used to shut off the clocks to the printer. The four gates U19A, U19B, U19C, and U7D combine logically with inputs B0 and B1 to form a disable function such that if any input to U19A, U19B, or U19C is a logic high, the clocks to the printer are disabled. Therefore, let each input to gates U19A, U19B, and U19C be taken to form a counter whose decimal count is shown in FIG. 148B. The state

number associated with each count is shown immediately above the decimal count. The outputs which define the decimal count are the output from flip-flop U32A, the four outputs of U26, and the QA output of U25. Notice that the feedback generated by gates U5D and U46B causes the counting sequence to change from decimal count 11 to 16 during state numbers 12 and 13 and again from count 43 to 48 during state numbers 28 and 29. Note also that counter U26 is a decimal counter which causes the count to change from count 19 to 32 during state numbers 16 and 17 and again from count 43 to 48 during state numbers 28 and 29. Thus, the total number of states for one scan is 32.

Only during the first state (decimal count zero) are the T clocks allowed to pass through gate U5C to become the printer clocks. Binary counter U33 counts the sixteen character positions of the printer. For the first scan, input B2 and B3 of comparator U34 are both zero. Therefore, as the character counter U33 counts through the sixteen character positions, only the first, fifth, ninth, and thirteenth characters are sent to the printer. For the next scan, only the second, sixth, tenth, and fourteenth characters are sent to the printer. A similar pattern occurs for scans three and four. These waveforms for each scan are shown in FIG. 148A. After the character counter has counted through sixteen counts, flip-flop U32A will be set and via gate U19A further clocks to the printer will be disabled.

The scan signals are shown in FIG. 148B. The scan decoder U41 is enabled by flip-flop U44B, QD output of U24, and the burn control output (BCO). A printer burn control circuit within the KDP control block of FIG. 4 is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 146B. Devices U50D, U50C, and associated components form an oscillator whose duty cycle depends on the unregulated +20 volts. The output of the oscillator turns switch Q4 on and off which in turn charges capacitor C27 through resistors R66 and R67. The higher the +20 volts, the slower that capacitor C27 will be charged. Devices U50B, Q15, Q16, and associated components form another oscillator which operates at a frequency of approximately one-tenth that of the U50D oscillator. The purpose of this oscillator is to discharge capacitor C27. The voltage across C27 is input through R67 to the non-inverting input of comparator U50A. The other input of the comparator is a reference voltage. The reference voltage can be modified by the print intensity adjustment, the print head thermister, and resistor R63 which is switched in when FET Q12 is turned-on. The output of the comparator U50A is the burn control output (BCO) signal which alternatively switches the printer scan signals on and off. The BCO signal is a negative-true signal whose duty cycle is inversely proportional to approximately the square of the unregulated +20 volts, thereby providing an almost constant power dissipation for the print head resistors. The print temperature control (PTC) signal from gate U7D of the printer control section modifies the duty cycle of the burn control to allow a fast rise time for the temperature of the print head resistors during state numbers 1 through 12 of the scan time followed by an approximately constant temperature for the print head resistors during the second portion of the scan period.

When the fourth scan is completed, the QD output of U25 will become set. The output disables the scan decoder U41, disables the current drive to the advance solenoid, and disables the counter feedback gate U46B. The paper then advances to the next line. The time

allowed for the advance (40 state times) is longer than the scan time due to the disabling of the feedback gate U46B.

Decimal counter U24 is used to determine which row of the character is selected. For the first row, the dot information read out of the read/only memory section is all spaces. The next seven rows are the seven rows of the five-by-seven dot matrix. The last two rows are again all spaces to provide the separation between the characters on successive lines. For the last two rows, output QD of decimal counter U24 (counts eight and nine) will be a high thereby disabling the scan decoder during those two rows. At the end of the tenth row, the QD output will return to a logic low which via capacitor C16 clears flip-flops U44A and U44B ending the print mode.

CASSETTE CONTROL

The cassette control circuitry of FIG. 4 provides the interface between the microprocessor and the cassette transport hardware. The control circuitry can be divided into four sections. One section is the I/O interface section which provides the interface between the I/O bus and the rest of the cassette control circuitry. Another section is the tape section which provides the motor drive electronics that causes the movement of the magnetic tape. A third section is the read electronics section which detects flux transitions on the magnetic tape and decodes it into bit serial digital data which is sent to the microprocessor. The delta distance code is used to represent digital information on the magnetic tape. This code represents a zero on the magnetic tape by a short distance between flux transitions and a one by a long distance between flux transitions. The fourth section is the write electronics section which encodes bit serial digital data from the microprocessor into a series of flux transitions on the magnetic tape.

The cassette control I/O interface section is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIGS. 149A-C. The I/O interface section contains an I/O operation decoder composed of a dual three-to-eight decoder U3 and associated gates. The decoder is enabled whenever the peripheral address lines indicate peripheral address one and an interrupt (INT) poll is not occurring. One section of the decoder decodes the I/O read operations; the other section decodes the I/O write operations. A write to memory address seven (W7) clears the servo-fail flip-flop U7B and the cartridge out flip-flop U7A as shown in FIG. 149C. The servo-fail flip-flop is set by the servo section. The cartridge out flip-flop is set when the cartridge-in microswitch opens due to the cartridge being removed from the transport assembly. A write to memory address six (W6), which occurs during the last I/O DMA operation, sets the search complete flip-flop U9A and clears the DMA request enable flip-flop U9B. A write to memory address five (W5) latches the primary command information from the microprocessor into the eight-bit command latch U1 shown in FIG. 149B. The command latch is also cleared to its initial state by the Initialize (INIT) signal when the calculator is turned on. The figure shows the information assigned to each bit. A write to memory address four (W4) causes the bit serial data to be written on the magnetic tape (sent on I/O bus line IOD0) to be latched into flip-flop U13A and clears the flag flip-flop U13B.

A read of R6 (R6SB) causes the beginning/end of tape flip-flop U15A to be cleared. The flip-flop is set whenever a hole is detected in the magnetic tape as

shown in FIG. 150. A hole is detected by allowing light to pass through the hole to reach a phototransistor. The signal from the phototransistor is applied to an op-amp U4 which compares the signal to a level which is approximately 30% of the peak level. The transistor Q4 changes the op-amp output to voltage levels compatible with the input requirements of the beginning/end of tape flip-flop.

A read of R5 (R5) causes the cassette status data, held stable by latch U16 of FIG. 149B, to be sent to the microprocessor. The data assigned to each bit is shown in the figure. A read of R4 (R4SB) causes the data decoded from the magnetic tape (RDT) to be sent to the microprocessor (gate U12F) and clears the flag flip-flop U13B shown in FIG. 149C. The flag flip-flop is used to indicate the presence of either servo tach information (output of flip-flop U15B) or the presence of read data (RWF) from the magnetic tape as selected by the command bit 3 (TAC) of the command latch U1. Similarly, the I/O status (STS) signal is used to indicate either the presence of a gap on the magnetic tape (when in the normal mode as indicated by search/normal bit of the command latch U1) or the fact that the search operation has ended when in the search mode. The search operation is terminated (indicated by gate U6A) by either having a servo-fail signal (flip-flop U7B) or a cartridge out signal (flip-flop U7A) or a beginning/end of tape encounter (flip-flop U15A) or a normal completion caused by an I/O write operation to R6 setting the search complete flip-flop U9A. Conversely, if none of the four conditions have occurred and the run command (command bit 7) is true, the GO signal is generated via gate U5B which informs the servo section that the motor is to run.

The cassette control servo section is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIGS. 151A-C. The servo system is designed to provide tape speeds of ± 22 ips and ± 90 ips at $\pm 5\%$. The transition between these speeds is at a constant acceleration of ± 1200 in/sec/sec which corresponds to approximately 18 ms to accelerate from 0 to 22 ips. In addition to speed control, the servo section provides the tape moving (MVG), a tachometer pulses (TAC), and servo-fail detect (SFD) signals as status information for the microprocessor. The input signals from the I/O interface section are the GO signal which indicates that tape movement is to occur, the Fast (FST) signal which indicates the higher speed is desired, and the REVERSE signal which indicates the direction of tape movement.

Referring to FIG. 151A, the reference generator composed of the input circuitry associated with U25A converts the digital input signals GO, FST, and REV to analog voltages for input to the controlled-slew-rate amplifier composed of U25A and U25B. The slew rate is a function of the voltage of the zener diodes CR7 and CR8, resistor R49, and capacitor C29. The slew rate is approximately 100 v/sec. The steady-state voltage gain of the amplifier is either $+1.5$ or -1.5 as determined by the digital input REV signal. The steady state output voltage is 0, ± 2 , or ± 7 volts depending, respectively, on whether GO is logically false, GO is true and FST is false, or G is true and FST is true. The output voltage will be referred to as the "forcing function (Vff)". It is applied via R79 to the summing junction of the servo loop which is at the inverting input of U28B. The forcing function is also applied to the dead-band detector circuit.

The dead-band detector circuit is composed of the two voltage comparators U21C and U21D and associated components. Since these comparators operate from 0 to 5 volts, the forcing function is first level-shifted to provide compatibility with the comparators. If the shifted level is above the reference of U21D, the moving reverse (MRV) signal is generated. If the shifted level is below the reference level of U21C, the moving forward (MFD) signal is generated. If either the MRV or MFD signals are generated, the moving (MVG) signal is also generated. This signal indicates that the forcing function is indicating a motor speed of greater than 2 ips. The moving signal is used to light the run LED on the transport assembly which indicates to the user that the motor is operating and is sent to the status latch in the I/O interface section for use by the microprocessor. Also, the absence of the moving signal is used to turn off the drive to the motor to prevent the motor from creeping due to small offset voltages in the system.

The feedback voltage Vfb from the tachometer associated with the motor is also applied via R78 to the servo loop summing junction, as shown in FIG. 151B. The feedback voltage is proportional to the angular velocity of the motor and is generated by an optical tachometer, as shown in FIG. 151C. The optical tachometer consists of a light source, a 1000 line disk and a phototransistor. A signal (23 KHz at 22 ips) is amplified by the op-amp U3 and applied to the bidirectional one-shot (Signetics device 8T20 or equivalent shown in FIG. 151B) which generates 2 us pulses. These pulses occur on both polarities of the waveform such that the repetition rate of the output pulses is twice the input frequency (46 KHz at 22 ips). The pulses are applied to a second-order low pass filter, composed of L2 and C42, which has a bandpass of 2.25 KHz. The output of the filter is a positive DC voltage which is proportional to the angular velocity of the motor. (The ripple of the DC voltage does not have an adverse effect upon the motor speed since its frequency components are much higher than the bandwidth of the system.) The output of the filter is amplified by U28A with a gain of either +3 or -3 in a circuit configuration similar to the configuration used to generate the forcing function. The polarity of the gain in this case is determined by the MRV (moving reverse) and MFD (moving forward) signals generated by the dead-band detector circuit.

The feedback from the summing junction op-amp U28B is also applied to the summing junction. The feedback provides most of the open loop gain and introduces a zero at 5 Hz that matches the mechanical pole of the motor. The closed loop gain of V_{fb}/V_{ff} is 0.6 with a bandwidth of approximately 200 Hz. The motor driver amplifier, composed of transistors Q3, Q4, Q9, and Q10 and associated components (shown in FIG. 151C), provides a voltage gain of 2.46 as determined by the feedback resistors R62 and R61. As mentioned earlier, the moving (MVG) signal from the dead-band detect circuit is used to disable the drivers if the moving signal is logically false to prevent the motor from creeping due to small offset voltages in the system as well as to insure stability during the zero speed crossover region. Also, the INIT signal is used to disable the drivers to prevent spurious movement of the tape during calculator turn-on and turn-off. The maximum average power dissipated from either darlington driver is 13 watts. This assumes a worse case duty cycle of 80% and a maximum average supply voltage of 23 volts.

The servo-fail detect circuit, composed of U21 and associated components, senses both the voltage to and current through the motor. Both the voltage and current sense inputs are filtered such that an overload condition is not detected during acceleration. The output of the circuit sets the servo-fail flip-flop in the I/O interface section which in turn causes the GO input signal to be removed thereby protecting the motor from overload.

The write electronics section of the cassette control block of FIG. 4 is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIG. 152. The inputs to the section come from the I/O interface section and are the bit to be encoded (BSD), the write command (WRT), the track to be written on (TRKB), and the mode command (MOD). Outputs from the section are the flux transitions on the magnetic tape, and the read/write flag (RWF) to I/O interface flag flip-flop which indicates that another bit of data may be sent.

The encoder portion of the write electronics section is composed of flip-flops U30A and U30B, astable multivibrator U29, and one-shot U31B with associated gates. The section is initialized whenever the WRT signal is false. Both the data bit flip-flop U30A and the write data flip-flop U30B are preset by the WRT signal. Also, via gate U35C and open-collector inverter U34D, the WRT signal discharges the timing capacitor C50 associated with the astable multivibrator U29. The one-shot U31B is shared between the encoder and the decoder. Its other input (input A) is forced to the enable state during write operations by the WRT signal. When the WRT signal becomes true and the MOD signal is false, the output of the astable multivibrator is allowed to oscillate. The period of the first oscillation of the multivibrator is determined by C50, R87, and R88. When the first oscillation is complete, the one-shot U31B will be triggered which signals the end of a data bit time. The output of the one-shot causes a flux transition on the magnetic tape by toggling the write data flip-flop U30B, loads the next data bit on the BSD line into data bit flip-flop U30A, and sets the I/O interface section flag flip-flop to indicate that another bit may now be sent by the microprocessor. The output of data bit flip-flop U30A determines the time constant of the astable multivibrator by either switching in or switching out resistor R88. The period of the astable is short if the flip-flop contains a zero and long if the flip-flop contains a one.

The output of the write data flip-flop U30B is sent to the magnetic tape read/write circuitry. The read/write head provides for two tracks on the tape; track A and track B. A high-voltage open-collector output BCD-to-decimal decoder U1 (Texas Instruments device SN7445 or equivalent) is used as a one-of-eight decoder to select the track, whether a read or write operation is to occur, and, if a write operation is selected, which direction current flow through the head is to occur. Hence, the decoder inputs are TRB (track B), WRT (write), and WDT (write data). The TRB signal determines the track by enabling outputs 4, 5, 6, and 7 or outputs 0, 1, 2, and 3. The WRT signal selects the "write" outputs 2, 3, 6, and 7 rather than the read outputs 0, 1, 4, and 5. Since the "read" outputs are not enabled, the four FET switches Q1 through Q4 are turned off and the read circuitry is disconnected from the tape head. (The regulated turn off bias for the switches is generated by a voltage doubler circuit located in the servo section.) When the WRT signal goes high, transistor Q5 is turned on which, in turn, turns on the current source composed

of Q6 and associated resistors. The direction of current flow through the head from the current source to the decoder output is determined by the write data (WDT) signal input to the decoder. Each time the WDT signal changes levels the direction of the flux on the magnetic tape is reversed due to the current flow through the head changing directions. The Initialize (INIT) signal is logically ORed with the WRT signal (via CR4) to turn off the current source and prevent spurious write currents through the head during a calculator turn-on or turn-off.

The read electronics section of the cassette control block of FIG. 4 is shown in the detailed schematic diagram of FIGS. 153A-B. The inputs to the read electronics is the TRB (track B) signal which determines which track is to be read, the WRT (write) signal which disables the write section and enables the read section, the analog signal from the magnetic tape head, and the FST (fast) and MOD (mode) signals which determine the threshold level associated with the analog head signal. The outputs are the bit serial read data (RDT) to the I/O interface and the read/write flag (RWT) to the I/O interface flag flip-flop.

When information on the tape is being read, the BCD-to-decimal decoder U1 of FIG. 152 selects outputs 0 or 1 or outputs 4 or 5 thereby turning on FET switches Q1 and Q2 or switches Q3 and Q4, respectively. The appropriate tape read head is then connected to the pre-amplifier U2. The preamp provides a nominal gain of -20. Since the output from the read head can vary as much as +/-25%, the gain is adjusted by selecting R5 such that the output of the preamp is 300 mV PP. The bandwidth of the preamp is at least 110 KHz. The read waveform from the magnetic head contains predominate frequencies of 10.6 KHz and 17.6 KHz when the tape speed is at 22 ips for one's and zero's, respectively. A significant amount of information is contained in the 3rd harmonics of these waveforms. The frequency is increased to 72 KHz when the tape speed is at 90 ips. However, at 90 ips, only gap information (the absence of flux transitions) is being searched for and no data is recovered at that speed. The signal from the preamp is applied to the input of an active second-order Butterworth low pass filter composed of U17 and associated components. The filter has a bandwidth of 55 KHz which limits the noise susceptibility but at the same time does not increase the peak shift excessively. The filter has a gain of 6.7 which produces a nominal output of 2 Vpp. The output of the filter is applied to a differentiator (C14 and R5) and a threshold detector composed of U22 and associated components. The differentiator attenuates the signal (10.6 KHz) by a factor of 9, while the following amplifier U18 provides a gain of 9 and a low impedance output. The output of U18 is applied to a dual comparator U10 which detects a zero crossing condition. The two comparators are only enabled during the appropriate +/- threshold to increase the noise immunity. The output from the zero crossing detector is applied to the clock input of a D-type flip-flop U27 while the clear and D inputs are connected to the threshold (THD) signal from the threshold detector. This configuration prevents a glitch (multiple transitions) from occurring on the output of the flip-flop since the only way possible for the output to go high is for the clock input to go high while the THD signal is high. The only way for the output to go low is for the clear and D inputs to go low. The positive-going transition of the output of the

flip-flop U27 indicates that a flux transition (FTR) has occurred.

The input to the threshold detector is the amplified and filtered signal from active Butterworth filter. The threshold detector produces an output when the absolute value of the waveform exceeds either 10%, 45% or 30% of the nominal peak signal. The 10% level is used for reading at 22 ips, the 45% level is used for write verification and gap detection, and the 30% level is used for high speed gap search. Which level is selected is determined by the FST and MOD inputs at inverters U20E and U20F, respectively. The two transistors Q1 and Q2 connected in cascade perform the function of filtering the output of the threshold detector and insuring that the THD signal remains high for at least 100 ns thereby preventing noise from causing false outputs on the flux transition (FTR) signal out of the flip-flop U27.

The output of the threshold detector (THD) is also used to retrigger one-shots U43A and U43B shown in FIG. 153B. The first one-shot, U43A, has a period of approximately 125 us. If no flux transitions are detected for 125 us, the one-shot expires and sets the latch composed of gates U39A and U39B. The output of the latch (GAP) indicates to the microprocessor, via the I/O status control signal, that a gap condition exists. The output of the latch also inhibits the InterRecord Gap (IRG) one-shot U43B from being retriggered. The period of the interrecord gap one-shot is approximately 2.5 ms. If the latch has not been reset or if a flux transition after the latch is reset has not occurred by 2.5 ms, the one-shot expires and an interrecord gap condition is declared. The gap one-shot U43A also clears the four-bit binary counter U42. To prevent the possibility of noise in the system erroneously ending the gap condition, the latch is not allowed to reset until four flux transitions have been detected and counted by the binary counter U42. The gap one-shot also clears flip-flop U38A whose output is used to initialize the read decode circuitry. The first twelve flux transitions after a gap occurs always correspond to a digital zero on the magnetic tape. Hence the flip-flop U38A is not set again until twelve flux transitions have been counted by the binary counter U42.

The decoder is required to reliably retrieve information stored in the form of delta distance code from a tape which exhibits speed variations. The input to the decoder is a stream of pulses corresponding to flux transitions detected on the magnetic tape (FTR). The time between the pulses indicates whether the distance between flux transitions was a "long" or a "short" distance. Decoding the time between pulses into ones and zeros could be accomplished on an absolute basis of one were willing to allow the ratio between zero and one to be large enough that a zero would always be less than a specified time and a one would always be greater than a specified time when all possible variations in the system have been accounted for. This approach would reduce the amount of information which could be stored on the tape and is not acceptable. Instead, the decoder eliminates dependence upon the absolute time required for the tape to move a long or short distance by "tracking" the average tape speed. The ratio of the "long" time to the "short" time, not the actual time, is used in decoding the information. The decoder uses the time between previous FTR pulses to develop a reference voltage which is used for decoding. The reference voltage is developed across C59.

To understand how the reference voltage is established, a description of the decoder circuit configuration is first necessary. When the GAP signal occurs, flip-flop U38A is cleared and its output, the decoder initializing signal, clears the read data flip-flop U38B and turns on FET switch U33A to short out resistor R111. The reference capacitor C59 is driven by U36 which is part of the sample and hold circuit formed by FET switches U33B and U33D and sample and hold capacitor C58. The input to the sample and hold circuit comes from the ramp generator circuit formed by U32 and associated components. Notice that the output of the ramp generator can be applied directly to the sample and hold capacitor C58 via FET switch U33D but is first attenuated by the resistor divider R108 and R107 before it can be applied to the sample and hold capacitor via FET switch U33B. Notice, further, that the read data output (RDT) of the read data flip-flop U38B enables the attenuated signal FET switch U33B to update the sample and hold capacitor when RDT is a one or, similarly, enables the direct signal FET switch U33D when RDT is a zero. The ramp generator (U32) output, which is the signal sampled, is reset to zero by switch U33C whenever one-shot U31B is triggered.

When the end of a gap occurs, the following initializing action is generated. The positive-going edge of the first flux transition pulse (FTR) triggers the one-shot U31A which has a pulse width of approximately one microsecond. The one-shot pulse and the fact that the read data flip-flop U38B is being held clear by the decoder initializing signal U38A causes FET switch U33D to turn on and charge the sample and hold capacitor C58 to the voltage of the ramp generator output. In turn, the reference capacitor C59 will also be charged to the voltage of the sample and hold capacitor via U36 since the FET switch U33A is turned on by the decoder initializing signal. For the first flux transition, the ramp generator will be at its maximum value due to the long time of the gap signal. On the trailing edge of the one-shot U31A pulse, the second one-shot U31B is triggered and generates a four microsecond pulse which turns on FET switch U33C and resets the ramp generator. After the pulse terminates, the output of the ramp generator proceeds to become a ramp. The next flux transition occurs after a "short" time (twelve "short" times always follow a gap) and again the sample and hold capacitor is updated with the voltage of the ramp generator. This time the voltage of the ramp generator correctly corresponds to the "short" time or a digital zero on the magnetic tape. After twelve flux transitions the reference capacitor C59 has been initialized and the decoder initializing signal is terminated.

The time between the flux transitions now varies according to whether digital ones or zeros ("longs" or "shorts") are recorded on the magnetic tape. When a flux transition occurs, one-shot U31A is triggered and its output clocks the read data flip-flop U38B. The read data flip-flop is updated with the results of the comparison of the reference voltage to the attenuated output of the ramp generator by comparator U37. The output of the ramp generator is attenuated by R105 and R106 to produce a "short" voltage less than the reference voltage and a "long" voltage greater than the reference voltage. The read data output is used to select which FET switch, U33B for a "long" or U33D for a "short", updates the sample and hold capacitor C58. The ramp generator output is attenuated for the "long" time to produce the same sample and hold voltage as for the

"short" time. The reference capacitor C59 voltage is allowed to track only the low frequency changes caused by tape speed variations since resistor R111 and capacitor C59 now filter the short term changes in the voltage of the sample and hold capacitor. The read data output is sent to the I/O interface section to become the bit serial data to the microprocessor. Each time that one-shot U31B resets the ramp generator, it also generates the read/write flag which sets the I/O interface flag flip-flop to indicate to the microprocessor that the bit serial data is ready.

POWER SUPPLIES

The power supplies in the calculator consist of five regulated supplies, +12, +7, +5, -5, and -12 volts, and two unregulated supplies, +/-20 volts. These power supplies may be understood with reference to the block diagram of FIG. 4 and the detailed schematic diagrams of FIGS. 154A-C.

For the +12 volt supply of FIG. 154C, a reference voltage appears at pin 4 of U3 when a voltage of 10 to 40 volts is applied between pins 8 and 5. The reference voltage is also applied to the non-inverting input of the amplifier in U3. The output voltage from the supply is sensed by R9, R10, and R11 and applied to the inverting input of the amplifier in U3. Capacitor C11 is used to limit the frequency response of the U3 amplifier. The output of the U3 amplifier is further amplified by Q4. The output current of the supply is dropped across R13 and sensed by pins 10 and 1 of U3 to limit the output current to approximately 2.75 amps.

For the +7 volt supply, device U1 (National device LM309 or equivalent) is used. The device is designed to provide +5 volts between pins 3 and 2 when a voltage of +7 to +35 is applied between pins 1 and 2. By using a resistor divider R5 and R6, the terminal normally connected to ground is connected to a point which is at 2 volts, thus giving an output of +7 volts from the device. Resistor R8 is used to limit the power dissipation in U1.

The five volt supply of FIG. 154B is a switching regulator. The non-inverting input (pin 1) of the amplifier in U4 is connected via R15 to a +5 reference voltage developed from the +12 volt supply by resistors R14 and R16. The inverting input (pin 2) to the amplifier is connected to the supply output at L2. If the supply output voltage, as sensed at the inverting input of U4, falls below the reference voltage on the non-inverting input, the output of U4, amplified by Q6 and Q3, applies +20 volts to inductor L2. The tap on inductor L2 via R22 allows both Q3 and Q6 to saturate thereby increasing efficiency. When Q3 turns on, the reference voltage to the non-inverting input of U3 is raised by approximately 50 millivolts by resistor divider R17 and R15. When the output voltage at the inverting input of the U4 amplifier reaches the reference voltage at the non-inverting input, the amplifier turns off Q6 and Q3. Turning off Q3 causes the reference voltage on the non-inverting input of the amplifier to drop by about 20 millivolts. This hysteresis voltage introduces about 70 millivolts of ripple on the +5 volt supply which is filtered out by L1, C4, and C15. The current used to turn on Q6 and Q3 is limited by sensing the voltage across R19. If the +5 volt supply is suddenly pulled more than a diode and an emitter-base voltage drop below the reference voltage, transistor Q5 turns on and shuts off the drive transistor in U4. As long as there is

any current flow out of the +5 volt supply, Q5 remains on and keeps the +5 volt supply shut down.

The -12 volt supply is developed by device U2 (National LM 320-12 or equivalent) in a manner similar to the +7 volt supply. The -5 volt supply is a zener regulated supply consisting of resistor R7 and zener CR8.

CALCULATOR FIRMWARE

Operation of the calculator firmware may be understood with reference to FIGS. 5-15, the calculator firmware listing of routines and subroutines stored within the calculator read-only memory, and the flow chart of these routines and subroutines illustrates in FIGS. 155-182B.

Referring to FIG. 5, there is shown an overall block diagram of the portion of the calculator firmware residing in the mainframe language ROM 210 of FIG. 4. The address structure of the mainframe language ROM is depicted in FIG. 6 in relation to the remainder of the calculator memory. The location of each of the firmware components of FIG. 5 within the twelve individual ROM chips comprising the mainframe language ROM is shown in FIG. 7. The remaining portion of the calculator firmware resides in the various plug-in ROMs 230 of FIG. 4 that may be employed by the user for increasing the functional capability of the calculator.

A detailed listing of the routines and subroutines of instructions stored in the mainframe language ROM together with a listing of the routines and subroutines that may be stored in a general I/O plug-in ROM are provided hereinafter. In addition, as a preface to the listing of the routines and subroutines stored in read-only memory, a listing of the base page read-write memory is given. This listing of the base page read-write memory may be understood with reference to the memory map of FIG. 15. It will be seen that the base page portion of the read-write memory is employed for storing several words of information used by the calculator firmware. Included are all the working registers of the calculator, scratch pad locations used by the floating point math routines, locations for storing information

regarding the current status of the magnetic tape cassette unit, and locations for storing information regarding the current position of the visual cursor associated with the output display unit.

DETAILED LISTING OF ROUTINES AND SUBROUTINES OF INSTRUCTIONS

A complete assembly language listing of all of the routines and subroutines of instructions employed by the calculator is given below. The listing covers the read-write memory base page, the entire mainframe language read-only memory, and a general I/O plug-in read-only memory. Each page within the listing is numbered in sequence at the upper left-hand corner, and its page number within the specification as a whole is indicated at the bottom of the page. Each line of each page is separately numbered in the first column from the left-hand side of the page. This line numbering and paginating arrangement facilitates reference to different portions of the listing. Descriptive headings are variously provided throughout the listing to identify routines, subroutines, groups of constants, and plug-in ROM routines. Each instruction of each routine or subroutine and each constant stored in the mainframe language ROM or the general I/O plug-in ROM is represented in octal form in the third column from the left-hand side of the page. Each of these instructions may be understood in detail by referring to the detailed description of the microprocessor hereinabove. The octal address of the ROM location in which each such instruction or constant is stored is given in the second column from the left-hand side of the page.

Mnemonic labels serving as symbolic addresses or names are given in the fourth column from the left-hand side of the page. An asterisk in the fourth column indicates that particular line of the listing is merely a comment. A mnemonic code corresponding to a particular instruction is given in the fifth column from the left-hand side of the page. Operands that may be either labels or literals associated with each of the instructions are located in the sixth column from the left-hand side of the page. Explanatory comments are given in the remaining right-hand portion of each page.

Page 1

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

00003000	76550		ORG	76550B	
00004000		*	UNL		
00005000			SUP		
00006000		*			
00007000		*			
00008000		*			
00009000	76550		BINARY BSS	7	BINARY PROGRAM LINKS
00010000		*			
00011000	76557		CBUFF BSS	80	COMPILE BUFFER
00012000	76677		CSTAK BSS	80	COMPILE STACK
00013000		*			
00014000	77017		RMTBL BSS	19	ROM ADDRESS TABLE
00015000	77042		STEAL BSS	16	STOLEN RWM TABLE
00016000	77062		ROMWD BSS	1	ROM IN/OUT INFO
00017000	77063		NPROG BSS	1	NEW-PROGRAM FLAG
00018000	77064		IBUFF BSS	41	INPUT/OUTPUT BUFFER
00019000	77135		KBUFF BSS	41	KEYBOARD BUFFER
00020000		*			
00021000	77206		IOTMP BSS	8	I/O DRIVER TEMPORARIES
00022000	77216		CSTMP BSS	17	CONTROL SUPERVISOR TEMPORARIES
00023000	77237		CMTMP BSS	14	COMPILER TEMPORARIES
00024000		*			
00025000	77255		XCOMM BSS	1	INTERPRETER COMMUNICATIONS WORD
00026000	77256		MODE BSS	1	CONTROL-SUPERVISOR MODE FLAG
00027000	77257		CSTAT BSS	1	CONTROL STATE
00028000	77260		ERRBP BSS	1	ERROR BYPASS LINK
00029000		*			

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

00030000	77261	EXTMP BSS 12	INTERPRETER TEMPORARIES
00031000		*	
00032000	77275	IDARW BSS 1	INDEXED RWM
00033000	77276	SAVEB BSS 1	
00034000	77277	ENDS BSS 1	
00035000	77300	APZ BSS 1	
00036000	77301	BSS 4	RESERVED FOR INDEX TABLE
00037000		*	
00038000	77305	OFWAM BSS 1	FIRST WORD ACTUAL RWM
00039000	77306	FWAM BSS 1	FIRST WORD AVAILABLE RWM
00040000	77307	FWUP BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF USER PROGRAM
00041000	77310	RMAX BSS 1	MAXIMUM R-REGISTER ADDRESS
00042000	77311	VT1 BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF VALUE TABLE INFO
00043000	77312	VT2 BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF VALUE TABLE VALUES
00044000	77313	FWBA BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF BINARY AREA
00045000	77314	TE BSS 1	TRACE ON/OFF FLAG
00046000	77315	STYFG BSS 1	SECURE-PROGRAM FLAG
00047000	77316	CEHR BSS 1	COMPILE ERROR FLAG
00048000	77317	SWMRE BSS 1	SAVED WHERE
00049000		*	
00050000	77320	ESV BSS 1	ERASE STRING VARIABLE TABLE
00051000	77321	STCHK BSS 1	STRING COMPARISON LINK
00052000	77322	STENT BSS 1	STRING ENTER LINK
00053000	77323	STLAS BSS 1	STRING ENTER ASSIGNMENT LINK
00054000	77324	AKOUN BSS 1	LINK TO PROCESS A STRING
00055000	77325	STRES BSS 1	STRING ASSIGNMENT FOR READ STAT
00056000	77326	STFL BSS 1	STRING ENTER FLAG
00057000	77327	SELD BSS 4	SEED FOR RANDOM-NUMBER GENERATOR
00058000	77333	BSS 8	RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE
00059000	77343	NOTRY BSS 1	MAXIMUM # OF TRIES AT READ OR SEARCH
00060000	77344	AVFLG BSS 1	CASSETTE AUTOVERIFY FLAG
00061000	77345	CSCF BSS 1	SELECT CODE OF CASSETTE
00062000	77346	FTRGT BSS 1	TARGET RECORD FOR PARALLEL SEARCH
00063000	77347	INTSR BSS 1	INTERRUPT SERVICE FLAG
00064000		*	
00065000	77350	AEBUF BSS 1	BUFFER EDIT POINTERS
00066000	77351	AEBFX BSS 1	
00067000	77352	AEBFM BSS 1	
00068000	77353	AEBFL BSS 1	
00069000		*	
00070000	77354	DVTAB BSS 26	DECLARED VARIABLE TABLE
00071000	77406	DATAB BSS 26	DECLARED ARRAY TABLE
00072000	77440	ITABL BSS 16	INTERRUPT JUMP TABLE
00073000	77460	HPIT BSS 7	HI-PRIORITY INTERRUPT SAVE AREA
00074000	77467	LPIT BSS 7	LO-PRIORITY INTERRUPT SAVE AREA
00075000		*	
00076000	77476	ENR BSS 4	ENTER REGISTER
00077000	77502	URES BSS 4	USER RESULT REGISTER
00078000	77506	FLAGS BSS 1	FLAG REGISTER, 0-15 L-TO-R
00079000		*	
00080000	77507	ELINK BSS 1	END-STATE EXECUTION LINK
00081000	77510	IUSR BSS 1	I/O-ROM SERVICE ROUTINE LINK
00082000	77511	MLBPL BSS 1	"MAIN LOOP" BYPASS LINK
00083000	77512	OLEN BSS 1	DISPLAY LENGTH
00084000	77513	DBP BSS 1	DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER
00085000	77514	CSELC BSS 1	CASSETTE SELECT CODE
00086000	77515	BUSFG BSS 1	FOR JN
00087000	77516	IOINT BSS 1	FOR JN
00088000	77517	RGLG BSS 1	REGISTER ASSIGNMENT INFORMATION
00089000		*	
00090000	77520	PARG BSS 1	P-ARGUMENT
00091000	77521	AP36 BSS 1	PRODUCTION 36 (FOR JO)
00092000	77522	AP37 BSS 1	PRODUCTION 37
00093000	77523	AP77 BSS 1	PRODUCTION 77
00094000	77524	AP78 BSS 1	PRODUCTION 78
00095000	77525	AP136 BSS 1	PRODUCTION 136
00096000	77526	APP# BSS 1	P# EXECUTION
00097000	77527	APRET BSS 1	A.P. ROM'S PART OF RETI EXECUTION
00098000	77530	LOADL BSS 1	CASSETTE LDK OK LINK
00099000	77531	APRVC BSS 1	A.P. ROM'S CHECK FOR ()
00100000	77532	REFOH BSS 1	RESET FOR/NEXT BEFORE EXECUTE
00101000	77533	RLINK BSS 1	RUN-CMND EXECUTION LINK
00102000		*	
00103000	77534	RBUFF BSS 41	RESERVE KEYBOARD-BUFFER
00104000	77605	LKTMP BSS 14	
00105000	77623	LKFLG BSS 1	LIVE KEYBOARD ENABLE/DISABLE FLAG
00106000		*	
00107000	77624	ENSV BSS 4	SAVE AREA FOR ENTER
00108000	77630	SVXCM BSS 1	SAVED XCOMM FOR ENTER
00109000		*	
00110000	77631	BSS 2	FOR POST-RELEASE CHANGES
00111000		*	
00112000	77633	JSTAK BSS 33	JSM STACK
00113000		*	
00114000	77674	BSS 1	FOR POST-RELEASE CHANGES

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00114100	77675	T26	BSS 1	
00115000		*		
00116000	77676	CATMP	BSS 11	CASSETTE TEMPORARIES
00117000		*		
00118000	77711	T1	BSS 1	SHARED TEMPORARIES
00119000	77712	T2	BSS 1	
00120000	77713	T3	BSS 1	
00121000	77714	T4	BSS 1	
00122000	77715	T5	BSS 1	
00123000	77716	T6	BSS 1	
00124000	77717	T7	BSS 1	
00125000	77720	T8	BSS 1	
00126000	77721	T9	BSS 1	
00127000	77722	T10	BSS 1	
00128000	77723	T11	BSS 1	
00129000	77724	T12	BSS 1	
00130000	77725	T13	BSS 1	
00131000	77726	T14	BSS 1	
00132000	77727	T15	BSS 1	
00133000	77730	T16	BSS 1	
00134000	77731	T17	BSS 1	
00135000	77732	T18	BSS 1	
00136000	77733	T19	BSS 1	
00137000	77734	T20	BSS 1	
00138000	77735	T21	BSS 1	
00139000	77736	T22	BSS 1	
00140000	77737	T23	BSS 1	
00141000	77740	T24	BSS 1	
00142000	77741	T25	BSS 1	
00143000		*		
00144000	77742	OP1	BSS 4	FLOATING-POINT TEMPORARY
00145000	77746	OP2	BSS 4	FLOATING-POINT TEMPORARY
00146000	77752	RES	BSS 4	RESULT FOR ALL FLOATING-POINT
00147000	77756	MHW1	BSS 10	MATH READ-WRITE
00148000	77770		BSS 4	ARI
00149000	77774	MHW2	BSS 4	MATH READ-WRITE
00151000	00040		ORG 40B	
00152000		*		
00153000		*	SYSTEM STARTUP	
00154000		*		
00155000	00040	164041	SYSS JMP *+1,I	
00156000	00041		BSS 1	
00158000		*		
00159000		*	CONSTANTS	
00160000		*		
00161000	00042	000777	P511 DEC 511	JN JO
00162000		000042	B777 EQU P511	
00163000	00043	000411	P205 DEC 265	
00164000		000043	B411 EQU P265	
00165000	00044	000400	P256 DEC 256	JB JN
00166000		000044	B400 EQU P256	
00167000	00045	000377	P255 DEC 255	JB JN
00168000		000045	B377 EQU P255	MT
00169000	00046	000231	P153 DEC 153	
00170000		000046	B231 EQU P153	
00171000	00047	000230	P152 DEC 152	
00172000		000047	B230 EQU P152	
00173000	00050	000224	P148 DEC 148	
00174000		000050	B224 EQU P148	
00175000	00051	000202	P130 DEC 130	
00176000		000051	B202 EQU P130	
00177000	00052	000200	P128 DEC 128	JB MT
00178000		000052	B200 EQU P128	
00179000	00053	000177	P127 DEC 127	JB MT
00180000		000053	B177 EQU P127	MT
00181000	00054	000176	P126 DEC 126	JB
00182000		000054	B176 EQU P126	
00183000	00055	000175	P125 DEC 125	JB
00184000		000055	B175 EQU P125	
00185000	00056	000174	P124 DEC 124	JB
00186000		000056	B174 EQU P124	
00187000	00057	000173	P123 DEC 123	JB
00188000		000057	B173 EQU P123	MT
00189000	00060	000162	P114 DEC 114	JB
00190000		000060	B162 EQU P114	
00191000	00061	000160	P112 DEC 112	
00192000		000061	B160 EQU P112	
00193000	00062	000153	P107 DEC 107	JB
00194000		000062	B153 EQU P107	MT
00195000	00063	000145	P101 DEC 101	
00196000		000063	B145 EQU P101	

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00197000	00064	000143	P99	DEC 99		JO MT
00198000	00065	000141	P97	DEC 97		
00199000		000065	H141	EQU P97		
00200000	00066	000140	P96	DEC 96		JB
00201000		000066	B140	EQU P96		
00202000	00067	000135	P93	DEC 93		
00203000		000067	B135	EQU P93		
00204000	00070	000133	P91	DEC 91		
00205000		000070	B133	EQU P91		
00206000	00071	000105	P69	DEC 69		JB
00207000	00072	000101	P65	DEC 65		
00208000		000072	H101	EQU P65		
00209000	00073	000100	P64	DEC 64		JB JO MT
00210000		000073	B100	EQU P64		
00211000	00074	000077	P63	DEC 63		JB
00212000		000074	B77	EQU P63		
00213000	00075	000075	P61	DEC 61		
00214000		000075	H75	EQU P61		
00215000	00076	000073	P59	DEC 59		JR
00216000		000076	B73	EQU P59		
00217000	00077	000072	P58	DEC 58		JB
00218000		000077	B72	EQU P58		
00219000	00100	000064	P52	DEC 52		JR
00220000		000100	B64	EQU P52		
00221000	00101	000063	P51	DEC 51		JB
00222000		000101	H63	EQU P51		MT
00223000	00102	000061	P49	DEC 49		
00224000		000102	B61	EQU P49		
00225000	00103	000060	P48	DEC 48		JR
00226000		000103	B60	EQU P48		
00227000	00104	000057	P47	DEC 47		JB
00228000		000104	B57	EQU P47		
00229000	00105	000056	P46	DEC 46		JB
00230000		000105	B56	EQU P46		
00231000	00106	000055	P45	DEC 45		JB
00232000		000106	B55	EQU P45		
00233000	00107	000054	P44	DEC 44		JB
00234000		000107	B54	EQU P44		
00235000	00110	000053	P43	DEC 43		JR
00236000		000110	B53	EQU P43		
00237000	00111	000052	P42	DEC 42		JB
00238000		000111	B52	EQU P42		
00239000	00112	000051	P41	DEC 41		JB
00240000		000112	B51	EQU P41		
00241000	00113	000050	P40	DEC 40		
00242000		000113	B50	EQU P40		
00243000	00114	000044	P36	DEC 36		
00244000		000114	B44	EQU P36		
00245000	00115	000043	P35	DEC 35		
00246000		000115	B43	EQU P35		
00247000	00116	000042	P34	DEC 34		JR JN
00248000		000116	B42	EQU P34		
00249000	00117	000040	P32	DEC 32		JR JN MT
00250000		000117	B40	EQU P32		
00251000	00120	000037	P31	DEC 31		JB
00252000		000120	B37	EQU P31		
00253000	00121	000034	P28	DEC 28		JN MT
00254000		000121	B34	EQU P28		
00255000	00122	000032	P26	DEC 26		JB JO
00256000	00123	000024	P20	DEC 20		MT
00257000	00124	000023	P19	DEC 19		JN MT
00258000	00125	000022	P18	DEC 18		
00259000	00126	000021	P17	DEC 17		JB JN
00260000	00127	000020	P16	DEC 16		JB JN JO MT
00261000		000127	B20	EQU P16		
00262000	00130	000017	P15	DEC 15		JB JN MT
00263000		000130	B17	EQU P15		
00264000	00131	000016	P14	DEC 14		JB JN
00265000	00132	000015	P13	DEC 13		JB JO
00266000	00133	000014	P12	DEC 12		JB JN JO MT
00267000	00134	000013	P11	DEC 11		JB JO
00268000		000134	B13	EQU P11		
00269000	00135	000012	P10	DEC 10		JB JN JO MT
00270000	00136	000011	P9	DEC 9		
00271000	00137	000010	P8	DEC 8		JB JN JO MT
00272000		000137	B10	EQU P8		
00273000	00140	000007	P7	DEC 7		JB JN JO MT
00274000	00141	000006	P6	DEC 6		JR JO MT
00275000	00142	000005	P5	DEC 5		JB JN JO MT
00276000	00143	000004	P4	DEC 4		JB JN JO MT
00277000	00144	000003	P3	DEC 3		JR JN JO MT
00278000	00145	000002	P2	DEC 2		JB JN JO MT
00279000	00146	177776	M2	DEC -2		JB JN
00280000	00147	177775	M3	DEC -3		JB JN JO MT

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00281000	00150	177774	M4	DEC -4	JB	JN	JO	MT
00282000	00151	177773	M5	DEC -5	JB	JN	JO	
00283000	00152	177772	M6	DEC -6				
00284000	00153	177771	M7	DEC -7	JB			
00285000	00154	177770	M8	DEC -8		JN		MT
00286000	00155	177765	M11	DEC -11			JO	
00287000	00156	177763	M13	DEC -13			JO	
00288000	00157	177761	M15	DEC -15				MT
00289000	00160	177760	M16	DEC -16	JB	JN	JO	MT
00290000	00161	177757	M17	DEC -17	JB			
00291000	00162	177740	M32	DEC -32	JB	JN		MT
00292000		000162	BM40	EGU M32				
00293000	00163	177720	M40	DEC -40	JB			
00294000	00164	177700	M64	DEC -64	JB		JO	
00295000		000164	BM100	EGU M64				
00296000	00165	177660	M80	DEC -80	JB			
00297000	00166	177637	M97	DEC -97				
00298000	00167	177600	M128	DEC -128				MT
00299000	00170	177400	M256	DEC -256	JB		JO	MT
00300000	00171	160000	M8192	DEC -8192	JB			
00301000			*					
00302000	00172	000174	AONE	DEF **2		JN	JO	FLOATING-POINT ONE
00303000	00173	000177	APIE	DEF **4			JO	FUGGED PI
00304000	00174	000000		OCT 000000				
00305000	00175	010000	B10K	OCT 010000	JB		JO	MT
00306000	00176	000000		OCT 000000				
00307000	00177	000000	P0	OCT 000000	JB		JO	
00308000	00200	030501		OCT 030501				3141
00309000	00201	054446		OCT 054446				5926
00310000	00202	051540		OCT 051540				5360
00311000			*					
00312000	00203	000204	PTCN	DEF **1				
00313000	00204	154360	M10K	DEC -10000	JB			
00314000	00205	176030	M1000	DEC -1000				
00315000	00206	177634	M100	DEC -100	JB			
00316000	00207	177766	M10	DEC -10	JB		JO	
00317000	00210	000210	ENUTC	DEF *				
00318000			*					
00319000	00211	077740	BXCAA	OCT 77740	JB			
00320000	00212	077700	EMAX	OCT 77700			JO	
00321000		000212	B777X	EQU EMAX	JB			
00322000	00213	077577	TMASK	OCT 77577				
00323000	00214	077440	EOLB	OCT 77440	JB			
00324000	00215	077400	BXCMM	OCT 77400	JB			
00325000	00216	076574	ZK2	OCT 76574				
00326000	00217	074000	B76K	OCT 76000	JB			
00327000	00220	071050	TRCC2	OCT 71050				
00328000	00221	070000	B70K	OCT 70000			JO	MT
00329000	00222	067000	B67K	OCT 67000				MT
00330000	00223	063000	B63K	OCT 63000	JB			
00331000	00224	060000	B60K	OCT 60000	JB			MT
00332000	00225	052525	ALBPT	OCT 52525	JB			
00333000	00226	037440	QMRKB	OCT 37440	JB			
00334000	00227	020000	B20K	OCT 20000	JB			
00335000	00230	010133	KK2	OCT 10133				
00336000	00231	010050	KK1	OCT 10050				
00337000	00232	007403	B7403	OCT 7403				MT
00338000	00233	004406	ZK3	OCT 4406				
00339000	00234	004000	H4K	OCT 4000				MT
00340000	00235	003377	B3377	OCT 3377				MT
00341000	00236	002000	B2K	OCT 2000	JB			MT
00342000	00237	001000	B1K	OCT 1000				MT
00343000			*					
00344000	00240	177701	ZAP	OCT 177701			JO	
00345000		000167	BM200	EGU M128	JB		JO	
00346000	00241	176000	BM2K	OCT -2000	JB			
00347000	00242	170720	KF	OCT 170720				
00348000	00243	170000	B170K	OCT 170000	JB			
00349000	00244	137777	XMASK	OCT 137777	JB			
00350000	00245	131400	IMCON	OCT 131400				
00351000	00246	126273	AMSE	OCT 126273				MT
00352000	00247	101175	ZK1	OCT 101175				
00353000	00250	100377	BM377	OCT 100377				MT
00354000	00251	100200	UMASK	OCT 100200				
00355000			*					
00356000	00252	000254	NB1	DEF **2				SPECIAL PATTERN FOR NUMBER BUILDER
00357000	00253	077772	NB2	DEF 777728				
00358000	00254	000001	PI	DEC 1	JB	JN	JO	MT
00359000	00255	177764	M12	DEC -12	JB		JO	
00360000	00256	000000		DEC 0				
00361000	00257	177777	M1	DEC -1	JB		JO	MT
00362000	00260	000000		DEC 0				
00363000	00261	000000		DEC 0				
00364000			*					

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00365000	00262	020040	TOBLN	OCT 020040	TWO ASCII BLANKS
00366000	00263	100000	FLAG	OCT 100000	
00367000	00264	040001	STMP	OCT 040001	STRING CONSTANT IN STACK
00368000	00265	100004	STWHR	OCT 100004	
00369000		000171	AHAY	EQU M8192	ENTIRE ARRAY
00370000		000221	EMPTY	EQU 870K	EMPTY
00371000	00266	011401	FPMP	OCT 011401	FULL-PRECISION CONSTANT IN STACK
00372000	00267	110000	FVRWM	OCT 110000	FULL-PRECISION VARIABLE IN RWM
00373000	00270	110402	FVHRA	OCT 110402	FULL-PRECISION VARIABLE IN R
00374000			*		
00375000	00271	062562	LKERM	OCT 62562	LOWER-CASE "ERROR"
00376000	00272	071157		OCT 71157	
00377000	00273	071040		OCT 71040	
00378000			*		
00379000			* POINTERS		
00380000			*		
00381000	00274	000053	AAEOL	DEF B177	ADDRESS OF EOL
00382000	00275	077440	AITAB	DEF ITABL	ADDRESS OF INTERRUPT TABLE
00383000	00276	077354	AVTIB	DEF DVTAB	ADDRESS OF DECLARED VARIABLE TABLE
00384000	00277	077406	ADATB	DEF DATAB	ADDRESS OF DECLARED ARRAY TABLE
00385000	00300	077632	AJSTK	DEF JSTAK-1	ADDRESS OF JSM STACK
00386000	00301	077633	AJSMS	DEF JSTAK	
00387000	00302	176557	ACBFX	DEF CBUFF+1	COMPILE BUFFER 1ST CHAR ADDRESS
00388000	00303	076557	ACBF	DEF CBUFF	COMPILE BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS
00389000	00304	076556	ACBUF	DEF CBUFF-1	ADDRESS OF COMPILE BUFFER
00390000	00305	076676	ACLMT	DEF CBUFF+79	COMPILE BUFFER UPPER LIMIT
00391000	00306	077135	AKBUF	DEF KHUFF	KEYBOARD BUFFER
00392000	00307	177135	AKBFX	DEF KBUFF+1	KEYBOARD BUFFER 1ST CHAR ADDRESS
00393000	00310	077134	AKBFM	DEF KBUFF-1	KEYBOARD BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS - 1
00394000	00311	077205	AKBFL	DEF KBUFF+40	KEYBOARD BUFFER ENDING ADDRESS
00395000	00312	000306	AKUST	DEF AKHUF	KEYBOARD BUFFER POINTERS START
00396000	00313	077064	AIBUF	DEF IBUFF	I/O BUFFER
00397000	00314	177064	AIBFX	DEF IBUFF+1	I/O BUFFER 1ST CHAR ADDRESS
00398000	00315	077063	AIBFM	DEF IBUFF-1	I/O BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS - 1
00399000	00316	077134	AIBFL	DEF IBUFF+40	I/O BUFFER ENDING ADDRESS
00400000	00317	077066	AIBSL	DEF IBUFF+2	I/O BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS + 2
00401000	00320	077070	AISLM	DEF IBUFF+4	I/O BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS + 1
00402000	00321	000313	AIBST	DEF AIBUF	EQUIT POINTERS STARTING ADDRESS
00403000	00322	077534	ARBUF	DEF RBUFF	
00404000	00323	077533	ARBFM	DEF RBUFF-1	
00405000	00324	076677	ASTK1	DEF CSTAK	COMPILE STACK STARTING ADDRESS
00406000	00325	176677	ACSTF	DEF CSTAK+1	
00407000		000305	ASTAK	EQU ACLMT	ADDRESS OF COMPILE STACK - 1
00408000	00326	077016	ASLMT	DEF CSTAK+79	COMPILE STACK UPPER LIMIT
00409000		000326	ATROM	EQU ASLMT	
00410000			*		
00411000	00327	077017	AROMS	DEF RMTBL	ADDRESS OF ROM ADDRESS TABLE
00412000	00330	076550	ABNRY	DEF BINRY	ADDRESS OF BINARY HEADER
00413000	00331	000332	AMAIN	DEF ARTBL	ADDRESS OF MAINFRAME HEADER
00414000	00332		ARTBL	BSS 1	ADDRESS OF REVERSE COMPILE TABLE
00415000	00333		AMTBL	BSS 1	ADDRESS OF MAINFRAME MNEMONIC TABLE
00416000			*		
00417000	00334	000177	AOP0	DEF P0	
00418000	00335	077711	ATMP	DEF T1	STARTING ADDRESS OF SHARED TEMP
00419000			*		
00420000	00336	077742	AOP1	DEF OP1	
00421000	00337	077746	AOP2	DEF OP2	
00422000	00340	077752	ARES	DEF RES	
00423000	00341	077476	AENR	DEF ENR	
00424000	00342	077502	AURES	DEF URES	
00425000			*		
00426000	00343	077414	SVKE	ARS DVTAB-1018+97	
00427000		000326	STHK	EQU ASLMT	
00428000			*		
00429000	00344	077777	MAW	OCT 77777	MAXIMUM AVAILABLE WORD
00430000		000330	LWAM	EQU ABNRY	LAST WORD AVAILABLE RWM + 1
00431000			*		
00432000	00345	077770	ADR1	DEF ARI	
00433000		000127	ADR2	EQU P16	
00434000			*		
00435000			* USEFUL POINTERS AND EQUATES		
00436000			*		
00437000			*		
00438000		077237	TKN	EQU CMTMP+0	TOKEN FOR PARSER
00439000		077240	HCU	EQU CMTMP+1	ASCII FOR PARSER
00440000		077241	OLUC	EQU CMTMP+2	USED BY SCANNER IN CASE OF ERROR
00441000		077242	ISTAN	EQU CMTMP+3	IMPLIED-MULTIPLY FLAG
00442000			*		
00443000		077254	STAKP	EQU CMTMP+13	STACK POINTER
00444000			*		
00445000		077237	GUIDE	EQU CMTMP+0	PRIORITY/CLASS/CHARACTERS
00446000		077240	ASCII	EQU CMTMP+1	CHARACTER ADDRESS
00447000			*		

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00448000	077261	APJ	EQU EXTMP+0	RETURN LINK INFORMATION
00449000	077263	AP1	EQU EXTMP+2	TOP OF EXECUTION STACK
00450000	077264	LEND	EQU EXTMP+3	ADDRESS OF NEXT LINE TO BE EXECUTED
00451000	077265	HEHE	EQU EXTMP+4	ADDRESS OF LINE BEING EXECUTED
00452000	077266	WHERE	EQU EXTMP+5	ADDRESS FOR CS TO RESUME EXECUTION
00453000	077267	TRAC	EQU EXTMP+6	CURRENT LINE TRACE INFORMATION
00454000	077270	SAVEC	EQU EXTMP+7	
00455000	077271	BASE	EQU EXTMP+8	ADDRESS IN DVTAB OR DATAB
00456000	077272	FAP1	EQU EXTMP+9	
00457000	077273	OPND1	EQU EXTMP+10	
00458000	077274	OPND2	EQU EXTMP+11	
00459000		*		
00460000	077222	L	EQU CSTMP+4	
00461000	077610	KBFMT	EQU LKTMP+3	
00462000		*		
00463000	000141	STRID	EQU P6	ID OF STRING ROM
00465000		*		
00466000		*		ROUTINE ADDRESSES
00467000		*		
00468000	00346	ACPLR	BSS 1	COMPILER
00469000	00347	AREAD	BSS 1	COMPILER INPUT READER
00470000	00350	AAPL1	BSS 1	APPLY-PRODUCTION RETURN TO COMPILER
00471000	00351	ASETC	BSS 1	COMPILE ERROR
00472000	00352	ANUMB	BSS 1	NUMBER-BUILDER
00473000	00353	ALBLN	BSS 1	QUOTE SCANNER
00474000	00354	ALBCM	BSS 1	QUOTE BUILDER
00475000	00355	AOUTS	BSS 1	COMPILER BYTE WRITER
00476000		*		
00477000	00356	ARCLR	BSS 1	REVERSE COMPILER
00478000	00357	AUSRM	BSS 1	DISPLAY ROM I.D. NUMBER
00479000		*		
00480000	00360	ARSGT	BSS 1	RESET HI-SPEED BRANCHES
00481000	00361	AINTI	BSS 1	INTERPRETER 'RUN' ENTRY
00482000	00362	AEMAD	BSS 1	FIND BYTE ADDRESS DIFFERENCE
00483000	00363	AINTT	BSS 1	INTERPRETER 'CALL' ENTRY
00484000	00364	AINTK	BSS 1	INTERPRETER 'CONTINUE' ENTRY
00485000	00365	AINTX	BSS 1	INTERPRETER EXECUTION RETURN
00486000	00366	ARAP	BSS 1	FOR MATH ROUTINES
00487000	00367	ASTP	BSS 1	FOR END-STMT LINK
00488000	00370	ALLOC	BSS 1	ALLOCATOR
00489000	00371	AOVTS	BSS 1	EXECUTION STACK OVERFLOW TEST
00490000	00372	AASTR	BSS 1	ASSIGNMENT TRACE
00491000	00373	ALNTR	BSS 1	LINE NUMBER TRACE
00492000	00374	APCI	BSS 1	FIND-BYTE INITIALIZATION ENTRY
00493000	00375	AFCC	BSS 1	FIND-BYTE CONTINUATION ENTRY
00494000	00376	ASEG	BSS 1	SET A FLAG
00495000	00377	AGNAM	BSS 1	GET VARIABLE NAME
00496000	00400	ACLBL	BSS 1	FIND LABEL LINE ADDRESS
00497000	00401	AAUHA	BSS 1	ADJUST BYTE ADDRESS ENTRY #1
00498000	00402	A.ADB	BSS 1	ADJUST BYTE ADDRESS ENTRY #2
00499000		*		
00500000		*		12K PAGE - CONTROL SUPERVISOR
00501000		*		
00502000	00403	AMCLX	BSS 1	MAIN LOOP ADDR+1
00503000	00404	AEERR1	BSS 1	ERROR ROUTINE -- NO RETURN
00504000	00405	AEERR2	BSS 1	ERROR ROUTINE -- RETURN P+2
00505000	00406	APEMI	BSS 1	PLACE ERROR MESSAGE IN I/O BUFFER
00506000	00407	AEREX	BSS 1	ERROR EXIT -- AFTER 'AERR2'
00507000	00410	AREJX	BSS 1	INTERRUPT REJECT ROUTINE
00508000	00411	AXCOMM	BSS 1	XCOMM MANAGEMENT
00509000	00412	APLIR	BSS 1	PLACE LINE NUMBER IN I/O BUFFER
00510000	00413	ACNDT	BSS 1	COMMAND TABLE
00511000	00414	ACTFC	BSS 1	CHECK TABLE FOR COMMAND
00512000	00415	ACONT	BSS 1	IMMEDIATE EXECUTE CONTINUE
00513000	00416	AEXCK	BSS 1	COMMAND EXECUTION
00514000	00417	AEXCL	BSS 1	PLACE LINE BRIDGES ON COMPILED LINE
00515000	00420	AKYPR	BSS 1	PROCESS A KEY
00516000	00421	AENC5	BSS 1	CASSETTE RUN ENTRY
00517000	00422	AECIM	BSS 1	IMMEDIATE CONTINUE
00518000	00423	ASCND	BSS 1	COMMAND TABLE ADDRESS
00519000	00424	ASER	BSS 1	SYSTEM ERROR
00520000	00425	ACNJA	BSS 1	CONTINUE INITIALIZATION
00521000	00426	AERSA	BSS 1	LINK FOR ERASE-ALL
00522000	00427	AISTR	BSS 1	PLACE KEYBOARD CHARACTER IN I/O BUF
00523000	00430	AISTX	BSS 1	PLACE CHARACTER IN I/O BUFFER
00524000	00431	AEST	BSS 1	STATEMENT EXECUTION
00525000		*		
00526000		*		12K PAGE - I/O SUPERVISOR
00527000		*		
00528000	00432	ADSPC	BSS 1	DISPLAY EDIT BUFFER WITH CURSOR
00529000	00433	ALDSP	BSS 1	DISPLAY I/O BUFFER
00530000	00434	AKBSH	BSS 1	KEYBOARD SERVICE ROUTINE
00531000	00435	AIMBF	BSS 1	TRANSFER I/O BUFFER TO KEYBOARD BUF
00532000	00436	AEPON	BSS 1	PRINT-ALL ROUTINE
00533000	00437	AEPNX	BSS 1	LINK TO PRINT-ALL FOR ENP

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00534000	00440	ASVRG BSS 1	SAVE LOW PRIORITY A,B,E,O
00535000	00441	AKPR2 BSS 1	RESTORE LOW PRIORITY A,B,E,O
00536000	00442	ACPST BSS 1	CHECK PRINTER STATUS
00537000	00443	APKNT BSS 1	PRINT CHARACTERS ALREADY GIVEN
00538000	00444	A-PRN BSS 1	PRINT 16 CHARS FROM I/O BUFFER
00539000	00445	APNMR BSS 1	PRINT A NUMERIC VALUE
00540000	00446	AFBP BSS 1	FIND DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER
00541000	00447	ASWIO BSS 1	SWAP POINTERS TO EDIT I/O BUFFER
00542000	00450	ACLB1 BSS 1	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
00543000	00451	ACLEB BSS 1	CLEAR EDIT BUFFER
00544000	00452	AEULB BSS 1	SET EOL IN EDIT BUFFER
00545000	00453	ACLCM BSS 1	CLEAR COMPILE BUFFER
00546000	00454	ANPHL BSS 1	ROM "POWER REDUCTION LOOP"
00547000	00455	ALKEX BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD EXECUTION
00548000	00456	ALXER BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD EXECUTE ERROR
00549000	00457	ALAKY BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD EXECUTE KEY
00550000	00460	AKYTB BSS 1	
00551000	00461	APRKB BSS 1	PRINT-ALL FROM KEYBOARD BUFFER
00552000	00462	APSTR BSS 1 (PSTRG)	
00553000		*	
00554000		* 22K PAGE	
00555000		*	
00556000	00463	AMURH BSS 1	MOVE MAIN PROGRAM TO HIGHER MEMORY
00557000	00464	AMAMP BSS 1	MOVE MAIN PROGRAM TO LOWER MEMORY
00558000	00465	AMPUP BSS 1	MOVE PART OF MAIN PROGRAM HIGHER
00559000	00466	AMPML BSS 1	MOVE PART OF MAIN PROGRAM LOWER
00560000	00467	AMTHM BSS 1	MOVE RWM HIGHER
00561000	00470	AMTLM BSS 1	MOVE RWM LOWER
00562000	00471	AZMM BSS 1	ZERO RWM
00563000	00472	AEMAV BSS 1	ERASE ALL VARIABLES
00564000	00473	ALISK BSS 1	LIST A SPECIAL KEY
00565000	00474	AKEYN BSS 1	PUT SPECIAL KEY NUMBER IN I/O BUF
00566000	00475	AEDPT BSS 1	RESET EDIT POINTERS
00567000	00476	ATLNI BSS 1	PLACE LINE NUMBER IN I/O BUFFER
00568000	00477	ABTDA BSS 1	BINARY TO DECIMAL ASCII
00569000	00500	AEOLN BSS 1	FIND EOL IN I/O BUFFER
00570000	00501	AGNXT BSS 1	GET NEXT CHARACTER
00571000	00502	ATCHR BSS 1	TRANSFER CHARS
00572000	00503	ARNLO BSS 1	LINK TO TURN ON RUN LIGHT
00573000	00504	AHNLF BSS 1	LINK TO TURN OFF RUN LIGHT
00574000		*	
00575000		* 26K PAGE	
00576000		*	
00577000	00505	APGET BSS 1 (PGET)	GET NEXT PARAMETER FOR "PRINT" LIST
00578000	00506	APNUM BSS 1 (PNUM)	PROCESS A NUMERIC ITEM
00579000	00507	AINTC BSS 1 (INTCK)	MAKE INTEGER FROM ASCII STRING
00580000	00510	AGLL BSS 1 (GLENL)	GET LENGTH OF COMPILED LINE
00581000	00511	AGEOL BSS 1	FIND EOL IN COMPILE BUFFER
00582000	00512	AFLAD BSS 1 (FLADR)	FIND LINE ADDRESS
00583000	00513	AFLNA BSS 1	FIND LINE ADDR (TMP7)
00584000	00514	ASLLN BSS 1 (SLLN)	SET 'LNO' TO LAST LINE NUMBER OR -1
00585000	00515	ASTKI BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD INIT
00586000	00516	AKEST BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD RESTORE
00587000	00517	ARENI BSS 1	INSERT LINE RENUMBER GTO/GSB
00588000	00520	AREND BSS 1	DELETE LINE RENUMBER GTO/GSB
00589000	00521	ASTKG BSS 1	STACK ROUTINE FOR GSB
00590000	00522	ADIGX BSS 1	GENERAL RANGE CHECK ROUTINE
00591000	00523	AGLNO BSS 1	GET LINE NUMBER OF CURRENT LINE
00592000		*	
00593000	00524	AUNM BSS 1	UNARY MINUS -- FILLED IN FROM 14K
00594000	00525	AADD BSS 1	ADD
00595000	00526	ASUB BSS 1	SUBTRACT
00596000	00527	AMUL BSS 1	MULTIPLY
00597000	00530	ADIV BSS 1	DIVIDE
00598000	00531	ASQR BSS 1	SQRT
00599000	00532	AGE BSS 1	>=
00600000	00533	AGT BSS 1	>
00601000	00534	ALT BSS 1	<
00602000	00535	ALE BSS 1	<=
00603000	00536	AEQ BSS 1	=
00604000	00537	ANE BSS 1	#
00605000	00540	AAND BSS 1	AND
00606000	00541	AOR BSS 1	OR
00607000	00542	AXOR BSS 1	XOR
00608000	00543	ANOT BSS 1	NOT
00609000	00544	APHND BSS 1	P-ROUND
00610000	00545	ADKND BSS 1	D-ROUND
00611000	00546	ANERR BSS 1	RECOVERABLE MATH ERROR
00612000	00547	ARND BSS 1	ROUND
00613000	00550	ATSUB BSS 1	USED BY RELATIONAL OPERATIONS
00614000	00551	AFLTC BSS 1	FULL-PRECISION EXPONENT RANGE CHECK
00615000	00552	AGET1 BSS 1	GET ONE MATH OPND FROM STACK
00616000	00553	AGET2 BSS 1	GET TWO MATH OPND FROM STACK
00617000	00554	AAUD1 BSS 1	ADD+1
00618000	00555	ASUB1 BSS 1	SUBTRACT+1

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00619000	00556	AMUL1 BSS 1	MULTIPLY*1
00620000	00557	ADIV1 BSS 1	DIVIDE*1
00621000	00560	ADIV2 BSS 1	DIVIDE ENTRY FOR TRUNCATED QUOTIENT
00622000	00561	ASQR1 BSS 1	SQRT*1
00623000	00562	ATSU1 BSS 1	TSUB*1
00624000	00563	AFLTP BSS 1	CONVERT TO FLOATING-POINT
00625000		*	
00626000	00564	ASTMA BSS 1	STMAX ENTRY -- FILLED IN FROM 24K-
00627000	00565	ASTM1 BSS 1	STMAX ENTRY
00628000		*	
00629000	00566	ALST BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LIST'
00630000	00567	APRT BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'PRT'
00631000	00470	ADSP BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'DSP'
00632000	00571	ASPC BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'SPC'
00633000	00572	ALSTK BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LISTK'
00634000	00573	AKUN BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'KON'
00635000	00574	AKUF BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'KOFF'
00636000	00575	AFXD BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'FXD'
00637000	00576	AFLT BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'FLT'
00638000	00577	AENT BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'ENT'
00639000		*	
00640000	00600	ACSTI BSS 1	CASSETTE INITIALIZATION
00641000	00601	ARFK BSS 1	REWIND FROM KEYBOARD
00642000	00602	DMALO BSS 1	LINK TO DMA LOCKOUT ROUTINE
00643000	00603	ASTPA BSS 1	LINK TO SET CASSETTE P.A.
00644000	00604	AWTRR BSS 1	LINK TO WRITE RECORD
00645000	00605	ACHST BSS 1	LINK TO FIND RECORD
00646000	00606	ARHRC BSS 1	LINK TO READ RECORD
00647000		*	
00648000	00607	001053	ABUMP DEF BUMP BUMP PARAMETER POINTER (FAP1)
00649000	00610	001110	ACOUN DEF COUNT COUNT PARAMETERS ON STACK
00650000	00611	001133	AGTAD DEF GETAD GETAD SUBROUTINE
00651000	00612	001142	AGTIN DEF GETIN GETIN SUBROUTINE
00652000		*	
00653000	00613	BSS 2	FOR MORE LINKS IF NEEDED

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00655000		*	
00656000		* UTILITIES	
00657000		*	
00659000		*	
00660000		* SUBROUTINE TO GET OPERAND ABSOLUTE ADDRESS	W.F.C.
00661000		*	
00662000		* ON EXIT: A = UPDATED STACK POINTER	
00663000		* B = ABSOLUTE ADDRESS	
00664000		* SAVEB = OLD STACK POINTER	
00665000		*	
00666000	00615	005263	ABSAD LDB API ENTER HERE TO USE API
00667000	00616	035276	STB SAVEB
00668000		*	
00669000	00617	100001	LDA B,I
00670000	00620	050140	AND P7 GET INDEX NUMBER
00671000	00621	020632	ADA INDXP
00672000	00622	024145	ADB P2
00673000	00623	104001	LDB B,I B = RELATIVE ADDRESS
00674000	00624	124000	ADB A,I B = ABSOLUTE ADDRESS
00675000		*	
00676000	00625	001276	LDA SAVEB
00677000	00626	020254	ADA P1
00678000	00627	100000	LDA A,I A = LENGTH
00679000	00630	021276	ADA SAVEB A = UPDATED POINTER
00680000	00631	170201	RET 1
00681000		*	
00682000	00632	077275	INDXP DEF IOXRW POINTER TO INDEXED RWM
00684000		*	
00685000		* WAIT SUBROUTINE	
00686000		*	
00687000		* ON ENTRY: B = -DELAY IN MILLISECONDS	
00688000		*	
00689000	00633	000642	DELAY LDA TIME
00690000	00634	072100	MIA *
00691000	00635	001206	LDA IOTMP TEST FOR STOP KEY
00692000	00636	010254	CPA P1
00693000	00637	170201	RET 1
00694000	00640	076173	RIB *-5
00695000	00641	170201	RET 1
00696000		*	
00697000	00642	177130	TIME OCT 177130

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00699000 *
00700000 * CONVERT FLOATING NUMBER TO INTEGER W.F.C.
00701000 *
00702000 * ON ENTRY:
00703000 *
00704000 * A POINTS TO FLOATING NUMBER
00705000 *
00706000 * ON EXIT:
00707000 *
00708000 * B HAS INTEGER VALUE
00709000 * 0 INDICATES OVERFLOW STATUS
00710000 *
00711000 * AR2 HAS FRACTIONAL REMAINDER
00712000 *
00713000 * TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2
00714000 *
00715000 00643 000001 LDA B ALTERNATE ENTRY
00716000 *
00717000 00644 004127 FIXPT LDB ADR2 ADDRESS OF AR2
00718000 00645 071403 XFR 4 MOVE NUMBER TO AR2
00719000 00646 004177 LDB P0 INITIALIZE RESULT
00720000 00647 173201 SOC *+1,C
00721000 00650 000020 LDA AR2 LOOK AT EXPONENT
00722000 00651 170405 AAR 6
00723000 00652 020254 ADA P1
00724000 00653 072417 SZA FI3
00725000 00654 172426 SAM FI4
00726000 00655 031711 STA T1
00727000 00656 064664 JMP FI2
00728000 *
00729000 00657 024001 FI1 ADB B 2X
00730000 00660 035712 STB T2
00731000 00661 024001 ADB B 4X
00732000 00662 024001 ADB B 8X
00733000 00663 025712 ADB T2 10X
00734000 00664 000177 FI2 LDA P0
00735000 00665 075541 MLY SHIFT AR2 LEFT
00736000 00666 170040 TCA BUILD NEGATIVE NUMBER
00737000 00667 024000 ADB A ADD IN NEXT DIGIT
00738000 00670 055711 DSZ T1
00739000 00671 064657 JMP FI1
00740000 *
00741000 00672 000021 FI3 LDA AR2+1
00742000 00673 170513 SAR 12
00743000 00674 020151 ADA M5
00744000 00675 172402 SAM *+2 ROUND
00745000 00676 024257 ADB M1
00746000 *
00747000 00677 000020 LDA AR2
00748000 00700 073402 RLA *+2 TEST MANTISSA SIGN
00749000 00701 174040 TCB COMPLEMENT IF NECESSARY
00750000 00702 170201 FI4 RET 1
00752000 *
00753000 * BEEP SUBROUTINE
00754000 *
00755000 00703 000177 BEEP LDA P0
00756000 00704 030011 STA PA
00757000 00705 000143 LDA P4
00758000 00706 030005 STA M5
00759000 00707 170201 RET 1

00761000 *
00762000 * CLEAR I/O BUFFER AND PUT 'LAZY-I' AT LEFT END
00763000 *
00764000 00710 140450 EOLIO JSM ACLBI,I
00765000 00711 000214 LDA EOLB
00766000 00712 130313 STA AIBUF,I
00767000 00713 170201 RET 1

00769000 *
00770000 * MISCELLANY FOR JB
00771000 *
00772000 00714 000721 ARET1 DEF RET1
00773000 *
00774000 00715 000177 CLMOD LDA P0 SET MODE=0
00775000 00716 064720 JMP STMOD
00776000 00717 000143 STELM LDA P4 SET MODE=4
00777000 00720 031256 STMOD STA MODE
00778000 00721 170201 RET1 RET 1
00779000 *
00780000 00722 140404 ERLNF JSM AERR1,I LINE NOT FOUND
00781000 00723 031461 ASC 1,31
00782000 *

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00783000 00724 005315 SECCK LDB STYFG
00784000 00725 076474 SZH RETI
00785000 00726 140404 ERSEC JSM AERR1,I
00786000 00727 030064 ASC 1,04 ,

00788000 *
00789000 * SOME COMMON ERRORS
00790000 *
00791000 00730 000731 AREPN DEF *+1
00792000 00731 140404 E29 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, ROM MISSING AT EXECUTION
00793000 00732 031071 ASC 1,29
00794000 *
00795000 00733 140404 E32 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, ILLEGAL DATA TYPE
00796000 00734 031462 ASC 1,32
00798000 *
00799000 * SUBROUTINE TO DO AN EXE A
00800000 *
00801000 00735 070430 EXEXA DIR PREVENT INTERRUPT INTERFERENCE
00802000 00736 070000 EXE A
00803000 00737 064747 JMP SXCMM*3
00804000 *
00805000 * SUBROUTINE TO CLEAR BITS IN XCOMM
00806000 *
00807000 * ON ENTRY: B = MASK TO CLEAR BITS
00808000 *
00809000 00740 070430 CLACM DIR PREVENT INTERRUPT INTERFERENCE
00810000 00741 001255 LDA XCOMM
00811000 00742 050001 AND B
00812000 00743 064746 JMP SXCMM*2
00813000 *
00814000 * SUBROUTINE TO SET BITS IN XCOMM
00815000 *
00816000 * ON ENTRY: A = BITS TO BE INCLUDED
00817000 *
00818000 00744 070430 SXCMM DIR PREVENT INTERRUPT INTERFERENCE
00819000 00745 061255 IOR XCOMM
00820000 00746 031255 STA XCOMM
00821000 00747 070420 EIR
00822000 00750 170201 RET 1

00824000 *
00825000 * SUBROUTINE TO GET NUMERIC PARAMETER
00826000 *
00827000 * ON ENTRY: FAPI POINTS TO PARAMETER
00828000 *
00829000 * ON EXIT TO P+1: A = CLASS OF NON-NUMERIC ITEM ENCOUNT.
00830000 *
00831000 * ON EXIT TO P+2: B POINTS TO VALUE
00832000 *
00833000 00751 101272 NGET LDA FAPI, GET 'WHAT' WORD
00834000 00752 172201 SAP *+1,C
00835000 00753 170513 SAR 12 GET CLASS
00836000 00754 010254 CPA P1 NUMERIC?
00837000 00755 064757 JMP *+2 YES
00838000 00756 170201 RET 1 NO
00839000 *
00840000 00757 005272 LDB FAPI
00841000 00760 040616 JSM ABSAD*1
00842000 00761 170202 RET 2
00844000 *
00845000 * INTEGER DIVIDE W.F.C.
00846000 *
00847000 * ON ENTRY:
00848000 *
00849000 * BA HAS DIVIDEND
00850000 *
00851000 * JSM IDIV
00852000 * DEF DIVISOR
00853000 *
00854000 * ON EXIT:
00855000 *
00856000 * A = QUOTIENT
00857000 * B = REMAINDER
00858000 * Q = OVERFLOW STATUS
00859000 *
00860000 * TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6
00861000 *
00862000 00762 004177 SDIV LDB P0 ALTERNATE ENTRY
00863000 00763 035711 IDIV STB T1 SAVE HI DIVIDEND
00864000 00764 004146 LDB M2
00865000 00765 035712 STB T2 INITIALIZE QUOTIENT SIGN
00866000 00766 035713 STB T3 INITIALIZE REMAINDER SIGN
00867000 00767 004160 LDB M16

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00868000	00770	035714	STB T4	INITIALIZE LOOP COUNTER
00869000			*	
00870000	00771	144003	ISZ R,1	
00871000	00772	104003	LDB R,1	ADDRESS OF DIVISOR ADDRESS
00872000	00773	104001	LDB B,1	ADDRESS OF DIVISOR
00873000	00774	104001	LDB B,1	
00874000	00775	176003	SRP **3	GET ABS OF DIVISOR
00875000	00776	045712	ISZ T2	
00876000	00777	174040	TCB	
00877000	01000	036715	STB T5	SAVE + DIVISOR
00878000	01001	174040	TCB	
00879000	01002	035716	STB T6	SAVE - DIVISOR
00880000			*	
00881000	01003	005711	LDB T1	TEST DIVIDEND SIGN
00882000	01004	176010	SRP DIV0	
00883000	01005	045712	ISZ T2	COMPLEMENT DIVIDEND
00884000	01006	066007	JMP **1	(ALLOW FOR SKIP)
00885000	01007	170040	TCA	
00886000	01010	174140	CMB	
00887000	01011	072002	HZA **2	
00888000	01012	024254	ADB P1	
00889000	01013	045713	ISZ T3	SET REMAINDER SIGN -
00890000	01014	025716	DIV0 ADB T6	ADD - DIVISOR
00891000	01015	176034	SRP OVFL	SKIP IF OVERFLOW
00893000			*	
00894000			* MAIN DIVIDE LOOP	
00895000			*	
00896000	01016	174600	DIV1 SRL 1	SHIFT LEFT
00897000	01017	172002	SAP **2	
00898000	01020	024254	ADB P1	
00899000	01021	170600	SAL 1	
00900000	01022	025715	ADB T5	ADD + DIVISOR
00901000	01023	066032	JMP DIV3	
00902000	01024	073072	DIV2 SLA DIV1	
00903000	01025	174600	SRL 1	SHIFT LEFT
00904000	01026	172002	SAP **2	
00905000	01027	024254	ADB P1	
00906000	01030	170600	SAL 1	
00907000	01031	025716	ADB T6	ADD - DIVISOR
00908000			*	
00909000	01032	176402	DIV3 SBM **2	
00910000	01033	060254	IOK P1	
00911000	01034	045714	ISZ T4	INCREMENT LOOP COUNTER AND TEST
00912000	01035	066024	JMP DIV2	
00913000			*	
00914000	01036	176002	SRP **2	CORRECT NEGATIVE REMAINDER
00915000	01037	025715	ADB T5	
00916000			*	
00917000	01040	045712	ISZ T2	CORRECT QUOTIENT SIGN
00918000	01041	066050	JMP DIV5	
00919000	01042	170040	TCA	
00920000	01043	173201	DIV4 SOC **1,C	ALL OK
00921000			*	
00922000	01044	045713	ISZ T3	
00923000	01045	170201	RET 1	RETURN POSITIVE REMAINDER
00924000	01046	174040	TCB	
00925000	01047	170201	RET 1	RETURN NEGATIVE REMAINDER
00926000			*	
00927000	01050	172073	DIV5 SAP DIV4	
00928000			*	
00929000	01051	173301	OVFL SOC **1,S	OVERFLOW, SET 0-REGISTER
00930000	01052	170201	RET 1	
00932000			*	
00933000			* SUBROUTINE TO BUMP PARAMETER POINTER	
00934000			*	
00935000			* ON ENTRY: A = -- COUNT	
00936000			*	
00937000			* ON EXIT TO P+1: NO MORE PARAMETERS	
00938000			*	
00939000			* ON EXIT TO P+2: FAP1 = NEXT PARAMETER ADDRESS	
00940000			*	
00941000			* TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2	
00942000			*	
00943000	01053	072415	BUMP SZA BU2	SKIP IF NOTHING TO DO
00944000	01054	031711	STA T1	
00945000	01055	172014	SAP BU3	WHICH WAY?
00946000			*	
00947000	01056	005272	LDB FAP1	MOVE TO LEFT IF -
00948000	01057	100001	BU1 LDA B,I	
00949000	01060	170603	SAL 4	LOOK AT PARAMETER LINK BIT
00950000	01061	172012	SAP BU4	
00951000	01062	000001	LDA B	
00952000	01063	020254	ADB P1	
00953000	01064	124000	ADB A,I	
00954000	01065	045711	ISZ T1	

BASE-PAGE SUBROUTINES

```

00955000 01066 066057      JMP BU1      KEEP ON
00956000                      *
00957000 01067 035272      STB FAP1
00958000 01070 170202      BU2  RET 2      RETURN
00959000                      *
00960000 01071 005263      BU3  LDB AP1      MOVE TO RIGHT IF +
00961000 01072 015272      CPB FAP1
00962000 01073 170201      BU4  RET 1      RETURN
00963000                      *
00964000 01074 035712      BU5  STB T2      SAVE PREVIOUS LOCATION
00965000 01075 000001      LDA B
00966000 01076 020254      ADA P1
00967000 01077 124000      ADB A,I
00968000 01100 015272      CPB FAP1
00969000 01101 066103      JMP **2
00970000 01102 066074      JMP BU5
00971000                      *
00972000 01103 005712      LDB T2
00973000 01104 035272      STB FAP1      MOVE FAP1 ONE POSITION
00974000 01105 055711      DSZ T1
00975000 01106 066071      JMP BU3      KEEP ON
00976000                      *
00977000 01107 170202      RET 2      RETURN
00979000                      *
00980000      * SUBROUTINE TO COUNT PARAMETERS ON STACK
00981000                      *
00982000      * ON EXIT: A = # OF NUMERIC PARAMETERS
00983000      *           B = # OF PARAMETERS
00984000      *           FAP1 = LOCATION OF LEFTMOST PARAMETER
00985000                      *
00986000      * TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2
00987000                      *
00988000 01110 000177      COUNT LDA P0
00989000 01111 031711      STA T1      INITIALIZE A COUNT
00990000 01112 031712      STA T2      INITIALIZE B-COUNT
00991000 01113 005263      LDB AP1
00992000 01114 100001      CU1  LDA B,I      GET "WHAT" WORD
00993000 01115 170600      SAL 1      LOOK AT CLASS
00994000 01116 172402      SAM **2      SKIP IF NON-NUMERIC
00995000 01117 045711      ISZ T1
00996000 01120 045712      ISZ T2
00997000 01121 170602      SAL 3      LOOK AT PARAMETER LINK BIT
00998000 01122 172005      SAP CO2
00999000 01123 000001      LDA B
01000000 01124 020254      ADA P1
01001000 01125 124000      ADB A,I
01002000 01126 066114      JMP CO1      MORE PARAMETERS FOLLOW
01003000                      *
01004000 01127 035272      CO2  STB FAP1      INITIALIZE POINTER
01005000 01130 001711      LDA T1
01006000 01131 005712      LDB T2
01007000 01132 170201      RET 1      RETURN
01009000                      *
01010000      * GET NUMERIC OPERAND ADDRESS
01011000                      *
01012000      * ON EXIT: B = OPERAND ADDRESS
01013000      *           API = UPDATED
01014000                      *
01015000 01133 040615      GETAD JSM ABSAD      GET OPERAND ABSOLUTE ADDRESS
01016000 01134 031263      STA AP1      UPDATE AP1
01017000                      *
01018000 01135 101276      LDA SAVEB,I      THE "WHAT" WORD
01019000 01136 050221      AND B70K
01020000 01137 010175      CPA #10K
01021000 01140 170201      RET 1      RETURN IF NUMERIC
01022000                      *
01023000 01141 064733      JMP E32

*
01025000                      *
01026000      * GET INTEGER PARAMETER
01027000                      *
01028000      * ON EXIT: B = INTEGER VALUE
01029000                      *
01030000 01142 042133      GETIN JSM GETAD      GET OPERAND ADDRESS
01031000 01143 040643      JSM FIXPT-1      CONVERT TO INTEGER
01032000 01144 173402      SOS **2
01033000 01145 170201      RET 1
01034000                      *
01035000 01146 140404      E11  JSM AERR1,I      ERROR, INTEGER OUT OF RANGE
01036000 01147 030461      ASC 1,11

*
01038000                      *
01039000      * WAIT EXECUTION
01040000                      *

```

BASE-PAGE SUBROUTINES

01041000	01150	042142	XWAIT	JSM GETIN	GET INTEGER PARAMETER
01042000	01151	176003		SBP *+3	
01043000	01152	140404	E17A	JSM AERR1	ERROR, ILLEGAL WAIT PARAMETER
01044000	01153	030467		ASC 1,17	
01045000			*		
01046000	01154	174040		TCH	
01047000	01155	040633		JSM DELAY	GO DELAY
01048000	01156	164365		JMP AINTX+1	

01050000	01157		BSS 1	*** RESERVED FOR OK-PAGE CHECKSUM
01051000			LST	
09999000			END	

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

00003000	76550	ORG 76550B
00004000		UNL

TABLES

02001000	01170		ORG 1170B
02002000			UNS
02003000		*	
02004000		* CLASS TABLE FOR COMPILER	
02005000		*	
02006000		* LEFT BYTE = CHARACTER CLASS FOR INPUT SCANNER	
02007000		* RIGHT BYTE = TOKEN CLASS FOR PARSER	
02008000		*	
02009000	01170	000000	CTBL NOP 000
02010000	01171	000000	NOP 001
02011000	01172	000000	NOP 002
02012000	01173	000000	NOP 003
02013000	01174	000000	NOP 004
02014000	01175	000000	NOP 005
02015000	01176	000000	NOP 006
02016000	01177	000000	NOP 007
02017000	01200	000000	NOP 010
02018000	01201	000000	NOP 011
02019000	01202	000000	NOP 012
02020000	01203	000000	NOP 013
02021000	01204	000000	NOP 014
02022000	01205	000000	NOP 015
02023000	01206	000000	NOP 016
02024000	01207	000000	NOP 017
02025000	01210	000000	NOP 020
02026000	01211	000000	NOP 021
02027000	01212	000000	NOP 022
02028000	01213	000000	NOP 023
02029000	01214	000000	NOP 024
02030000	01215	000000	NOP 025
02031000	01216	000000	NOP 026
02032000	01217	000000	NOP 027
02033000	01220	000000	NOP 030
02034000	01221	000000	NOP 031
02035000	01222	000000	NOP 032
02036000	01223	000000	NOP 033
02037000	01224	000000	NOP 034
02038000	01225	000000	NOP 035
02039000	01226	000000	NOP 036
02040000	01227	003020	OCT 3020 037 6 16 I*
02041000	01230	000000	NOP 040
02042000	01231	000000	NOP 041
02043000	01232	001465	OCT 1465 042 3 53 "
02044000	01233	000400	OCT 0400 043 1 "
02045000	01234	000000	NOP 044 \$
02046000	01235	000400	OCT 0400 045 1 %
02047000	01236	000400	OCT 0400 046 1 &
02048000	01237	000400	OCT 0400 047 1 ' !
02049000	01240	004002	OCT 4002 050 8 2 (
02050000	01241	007407	OCT 3407 051 7 7)
02051000	01242	003006	OCT 3006 052 6 6 *
02052000	01243	003003	OCT 3003 053 6 3 +
02053000	01244	003014	OCT 3014 054 6 12 -
02054000	01245	003012	OCT 3012 055 6 10 =
02055000	01246	002462	OCT 2462 056 5 50 .
02056000	01247	003013	OCT 3013 057 6 11 /

TABLES

02057000	01250	002062	UCT	2062	060	4	50	0	
02058000	01251	002062	UCT	2062	061	4	50	1	
02059000	01252	002062	UCT	2062	062	4	50	2	
02060000	01253	002062	UCT	2062	063	4	50	3	
02061000	01254	002062	UCT	2062	064	4	50	4	
02062000	01255	002062	UCT	2062	065	4	50	5	
02063000	01256	002062	UCT	2062	066	4	50	6	
02064000	01257	002062	UCT	2062	067	4	50	7	
02065000	01260	002062	UCT	2062	070	4	50	8	
02066000	01261	002062	UCT	2062	071	4	50	9	
02067000	01262	003015	UCT	3015	072	6	13	1	
02068000	01263	003019	UCT	3019	073	6	8	1	
02069000	01264	000400	UCT	0400	074	1		<	
02070000	01265	000400	UCT	0400	075	1		=	
02071000	01266	000400	UCT	0400	076	1		>	
02072000	01267	000000	NOP		077			?	
02073000	01270	000000	NOP		100			@	
02074000	01271	001066	UCT	1066	101	2	54	A	
02075000	01272	001066	UCT	1066	102	2	54	B	
02076000	01273	001066	UCT	1066	103	2	54	C	
02077000	01274	001066	UCT	1066	104	2	54	D	
02078000	01275	001066	UCT	1066	105	2	54	E	
02079000	01276	001066	UCT	1066	106	2	54	F	
02080000	01277	001066	UCT	1066	107	2	54	G	
02081000	01300	001066	UCT	1066	110	2	54	H	
02082000	01301	001066	UCT	1066	111	2	54	I	
02083000	01302	001066	UCT	1066	112	2	54	J	
02084000	01303	001066	UCT	1066	113	2	54	K	
02085000	01304	001066	UCT	1066	114	2	54	L	
02086000	01305	001066	UCT	1066	115	2	54	M	
02087000	01306	001066	UCT	1066	116	2	54	N	
02088000	01307	001066	UCT	1066	117	2	54	O	
02089000	01310	001066	UCT	1066	120	2	54	P	
02090000	01311	001066	UCT	1066	121	2	54	Q	
02091000	01312	001066	UCT	1066	122	2	54	R	
02092000	01313	001066	UCT	1066	123	2	54	S	
02093000	01314	001066	UCT	1066	124	2	54	T	
02094000	01315	001066	UCT	1066	125	2	54	U	
02095000	01316	001066	UCT	1066	126	2	54	V	
02096000	01317	001066	UCT	1066	127	2	54	W	
02097000	01320	001066	UCT	1066	130	2	54	X	
02098000	01321	001066	UCT	1066	131	2	54	Y	
02099000	01322	001066	UCT	1066	132	2	54	Z	
02100000	01323	003001	UCT	3001	133	6	1	1	
02101000	01324	004053	UCT	4053	134	8	43	SQR	
02102000	01325	003404	UCT	3404	135	7	4	1	
02103000	01326	000400	UCT	0400	136	1		A	
02104000	01327	000000	NOP		137				
02105000	01330	000000	NOP		140				
02106000	01331	000400	UCT	0400	141	1		L.C. A	
02107000	01332	000400	UCT	0400	142	1		L.C. B	
02108000	01333	000400	UCT	0400	143	1		L.C. C	
02109000	01334	000400	UCT	0400	144	1		L.C. D	
02110000	01335	000400	UCT	0400	145	1		L.C. E	
02111000	01336	000400	UCT	0400	146	1		L.C. F	
02112000	01337	000400	UCT	0400	147	1		L.C. G	
02113000	01340	000400	UCT	0400	150	1		L.C. H	
02114000	01341	000400	UCT	0400	151	1		L.C. I	
02115000	01342	000400	UCT	0400	152	1		L.C. J	
02116000	01343	000400	UCT	0400	153	1		L.C. K	
02117000	01344	000400	UCT	0400	154	1		L.C. L	
02118000	01345	000400	UCT	0400	155	1		L.C. M	
02119000	01346	000400	UCT	0400	156	1		L.C. N	
02120000	01347	000400	UCT	0400	157	1		L.C. O	
02121000	01350	000400	UCT	0400	160	1		L.C. P	
02122000	01351	000400	UCT	0400	161	1		L.C. Q	
02123000	01352	000400	UCT	0400	162	1		L.C. R	
02124000	01353	000400	UCT	0400	163	1		L.C. S	
02125000	01354	000400	UCT	0400	164	1		L.C. T	
02126000	01355	000400	UCT	0400	165	1		L.C. U	
02127000	01356	000400	UCT	0400	166	1		L.C. V	
02128000	01357	000400	UCT	0400	167	1		L.C. W	
02129000	01360	000400	UCT	0400	170	1		L.C. X	
02130000	01361	000400	UCT	0400	171	1		L.C. Y	
02131000	01362	000400	UCT	0400	172	1		L.C. Z	
02132000	01363	004422	UCT	4422	173	9	18	PI	
02133000	01364	000000	NOP		174				
02134000	01365	003016	UCT	3016	175	6	14	GAZINTA	
02135000	01366	000400	UCT	0400	176	1		SIGMA	
02136000	01367	003031	UCT	3031	177	6	25	EOL	
02138000			*						
02139000			*						
02140000			*						
02141000			*						
02142000			*						

* MNEMONIC TABLE

* L.H. = CLASS R.H. = TOKEN

TABLES

02143000	01370	004063	OCT	4063	LC. P. (65)
02144000	01371	003027	OCT	3027	TLIST (64)
02145000	01372	003027	OCT	3027	LISTK (63)
02146000	01373	004422	OCT	4422	RES. (62)
02147000	01374	003041	OCT	3041	LIST (61)
02148000	01375	004063	OCT	4063	LC. R (60)
02149000	01376	003047	OCT	3047	= (59)
02150000	01377	003047	OCT	3047	> (58)
02151000	01400	003047	OCT	3047	< (57)
02152000	01401	003047	OCT	3047	>= (56)
02153000	01402	003047	OCT	3047	<= (55)
02154000	01403	003047	OCT	3047	# (54)
02155000	01404	003027	OCT	3027	LKE (53)
02156000	01405	003027	OCT	3027	LKO (52)
02157000	01406	003027	OCT	3027	AVE (51)
02158000	01407	003027	OCT	3027	AVO (50)
02159000	01410	003057	OCT	3057	VFY (49)
02160000	01411	003035	OCT	3035	LDB (48)
02161000	01412	003035	OCT	3035	LDK (47)
02162000	01413	003035	OCT	3035	HCK (46)
02163000	01414	003035	OCT	3035	LOM (45)
02164000	01415	003035	OCT	3035	RCM (44)
02165000	01416	003041	OCT	3041	LDP (43)
02166000	01417	003030	OCT	3030	ENP (42)
02167000	01420	003046	OCT	3046	LDF (41)
02168000	01421	003046	OCT	3046	HCF (40)
02169000	01422	003042	OCT	3042	MRK (39)
02170000	01423	003054	OCT	3054	ERT (38)
02171000	01424	003035	OCT	3035	FDI (37)
02172000	01425	003054	OCT	3054	TRK (36)
02173000	01426	003054	OCT	3054	SSC (35)
02174000	01427	003036	OCT	3036	IDF (34)
02175000	01430	003021	OCT	3021	XOR (33)
02176000	01431	003027	OCT	3027	REW (32)
02177000	01432	003027	OCT	3027	END (31)
02178000	01433	003027	OCT	3027	BEEP (30)
02179000	01434	003054	OCT	3054	WAIT (29)
02180000	01435	003050	OCT	3050	RET (28)
02181000	01436	003026	OCT	3026	DIM (27)
02182000	01437	003060	OCT	3060	GSB (26)
02183000	01440	003060	OCT	3060	GTO (25)
02184000	01441	003060	OCT	3060	GSB+ (24)
02185000	01442	003060	OCT	3060	GSB- (23)
02186000	01443	003060	OCT	3060	GTO+ (22)
02187000	01444	003060	OCT	3060	GTO- (21)
02188000	01445	003030	OCT	3030	ENT (20)
02189000	01446	004053	OCT	4053	FLG (19)
02190000	01447	003055	OCT	3055	STP (18)
02191000	01450	003055	OCT	3055	NOR (17)
02192000	01451	003055	OCT	3055	TRC (16)
02193000	01452	004051	OCT	4051	DRND (15)
02194000	01453	004051	OCT	4051	PRND (14)
02195000	01454	003052	OCT	3052	CMF (13)
02196000	01455	003052	OCT	3052	CFG (12)
02197000	01456	003052	OCT	3052	SFG (11)
02198000	01457	003040	OCT	3040	JMP (10)
02199000	01460	003035	OCT	3035	SPC (09)
02200000	01461	003035	OCT	3035	FLT (08)
02201000	01462	003035	OCT	3035	FXD (07)
02202000	01463	003043	OCT	3043	NOT (06)
02203000	01464	003024	OCT	3024	AND (05)
02204000	01465	003021	OCT	3021	OR (04)
02205000	01466	003045	OCT	3045	DSP (03)
02206000	01467	003045	OCT	3045	PRT (02)
02207000	01470	003054	OCT	3054	IF (01)
02208000		001471	MNTBL	ERU *	
02209000	01471	064546	DEC	26982	I F
02210000	01472	020201	DEC	08321	(01)
02211000	01473	070162	DEC	28786	P R
02212000	01474	072040	DEC	29728	T
02213000	01475	101144	DEC	-32156	(02) D
02214000	01476	071560	DEC	29552	S P
02215000	01477	020203	DEC	08323	(03)
02216000	01500	020157	DEC	08303	0
02217000	01501	071040	DEC	29216	R
02218000	01502	102040	DEC	-31712	(04)
02219000	01503	060556	DEC	24942	A N
02220000	01504	062040	DEC	25632	D
02221000	01505	102556	DEC	-31378	(05) N
02222000	01506	067564	DEC	24532	O T
02223000	01507	020206	DEC	08326	(06)
02224000	01510	020170	OCT	020170	X
02225000	01511	067562	OCT	067562	O R
02226000	01512	020241	OCT	020241	(33)
02227000	01513	063170	DEC	26232	F X

TABLES

02228000	01514	062040	DEC	25632	D
02229000	01515	103540	DEC	30874	(07) F
02230000	01516	066164	DEC	27764	L T
02231000	01517	020210	DEC	0832	(08)
02232000	01520	071560	DEC	29552	S P
02233000	01521	061440	DEC	25376	C
02234000	01522	104552	DEC	-30358	(09) J
02235000	01523	066560	DEC	28016	M P
02236000	01524	020212	DEC	08330	(10)
02237000	01525	071546	DEC	29542	S F
02238000	01526	067440	DEC	26400	R
02239000	01527	105543	DEC	-29853	(11) C
02240000	01530	067147	DEC	26215	F G
02241000	01531	020214	DEC	08332	(12)
02242000	01532	061555	DEC	25453	C M
02243000	01533	067040	DEC	26144	F
02244000	01534	104560	DEC	-29328	(13) P
02245000	01535	071156	DEC	29294	R N
02246000	01536	067216	DEC	25742	D (14)
02247000	01537	067162	DEC	25714	D R
02248000	01540	067144	DEC	28260	N D
02249000	01541	107564	DEC	-28812	(15) T
02250000	01542	071143	DEC	29283	R C
02251000	01543	020220	DEC	08336	(16)
02252000	01544	067157	DEC	28271	N O
02253000	01545	071040	DEC	29216	R
02254000	01546	110563	DEC	-28301	(17) S
02255000	01547	072160	DEC	29808	T P
02256000	01550	020222	DEC	08338	(18)
02257000	01551	063154	DEC	26220	F L
02258000	01552	063623	DEC	26515	G (19)
02259000	01553	062556	DEC	25966	E N
02260000	01554	072040	DEC	29728	T
02261000	01555	112147	DEC	-27545	(20) G
02262000	01556	072157	DEC	29807	T O
02263000	01557	020055	DEC	08237	-
02264000	01560	112547	DEC	-27289	(21) G
02265000	01561	072157	DEC	29807	T O
02266000	01562	020053	DEC	08235	+
02267000	01563	113147	DEC	-27033	(22) G
02268000	01564	071542	DEC	29538	S B
02269000	01565	020055	DEC	08237	-
02270000	01566	113547	DEC	-26777	(23) G
02271000	01567	071542	DEC	29538	S B
02272000	01570	020053	DEC	08235	+
02273000	01571	114147	DEC	-26521	(24) G
02274000	01572	072157	DEC	29807	T O
02275000	01573	020231	DEC	08345	(25)
02276000	01574	063563	DEC	26483	G S
02277000	01575	061040	DEC	25120	B
02278000	01576	115144	DEC	-26012	(26) D
02279000	01577	064555	DEC	26989	I M
02280000	01600	020233	DEC	08347	(27)
02281000	01601	073541	DEC	30561	W A
02282000	01602	064564	DEC	26996	I T
02283000	01603	020235	DEC	08349	(29)
02284000	01604	061145	DEC	25189	B E
02285000	01605	062560	DEC	25968	E P
02286000	01606	117145	DEC	-249	(30) E
02287000	01607	067144	DEC	28200	N D
02288000	01610	117562	DEC	-24718	(31) R
02289000	01611	062567	DEC	25975	E W
02290000	01612	120151	DEC	120151	(32) I
02291000	01613	062146	DEC	25702	D F
02292000	01614	020242	DEC	08354	(34)
02293000	01615	071563	DEC	29555	S S
02294000	01616	061440	DEC	25376	C
02295000	01617	121564	DEC	-23692	(35) T
02296000	01620	071153	DEC	29291	R K
02297000	01621	020244	DEC	08356	(36)
02298000	01622	063144	DEC	26212	F D
02299000	01623	067040	DEC	26144	F
02300000	01624	122545	DEC	-23195	(37) E
02301000	01625	071164	DEC	29300	R T
02302000	01626	020246	DEC	08358	(38)
02303000	01627	066562	DEC	28018	M R
02304000	01630	065440	DEC	27424	K
02305000	01631	123562	DEC	-22670	(39) R
02306000	01632	061546	DEC	25446	C F
02307000	01633	020250	DEC	08360	(40)
02308000	01634	066144	DEC	27748	L D
02309000	01635	067040	DEC	26144	F
02310000	01636	124562	DEC	-22158	(41) R
02311000	01637	062564	DEC	062564	E T
02312000	01640	020234	DEC	020234	(28)

TABLES

02313000	01641	066144	OCT	066144	L	D
02314000	01642	070040	OCT	070040	P	
02315000	01643	125562	DEC	-21646	(43)	R
02316000	01644	061955	DEC	25453	C	M
02317000	01645	020254	DEC	08364		(44)
02318000	01646	066144	DEC	27748	L	D
02319000	01647	066440	DEC	27936	M	
02320000	01650	126562	DEC	-21134	(45)	R
02321000	01651	061553	DEC	25451	C	K
02322000	01652	020256	DEC	08366		(46)
02323000	01653	066144	DEC	27748	L	D
02324000	01654	065440	DEC	27424	K	
02325000	01655	127554	DEC	-20628	(47)	L
02326000	01656	062142	DEC	25698	D	R
02327000	01657	020260	DEC	08368		(48)
02328000	01660	073146	DEC	30310	V	F
02329000	01661	074440	DEC	31008	Y	
02330000	01662	130541	DEC	-20127	(49)	A
02331000	01663	073144	DEC	30308	V	D
02332000	01664	131141	DEC	-19871	(50)	A
02333000	01665	073145	DEC	30309	V	E
02334000	01666	131554	OCT	131554	(51)	L
02335000	01667	065544	OCT	065544	K	D
02336000	01670	020264	OCT	020264		(52)
02337000	01671	021666	OCT	021666	#	(54)
02338000	01672	036076	OCT	036076	<	>
02339000	01673	133076	OCT	133076	(54)	>
02340000	01674	036266	OCT	036266	<	(54)
02341000	01675	036075	OCT	036075	<	=
02342000	01676	133475	OCT	133475	(55)	=
02343000	01677	036267	OCT	036267	<	(55)
02344000	01700	037075	OCT	037075	>	=
02345000	01701	134075	OCT	134075	(56)	=
02346000	01702	037270	OCT	037270	>	(56)
02347000	01703	036271	OCT	036271	<	(57)
02348000	01704	037272	OCT	037272	>	(58)
02349000	01705	036673	OCT	036673	=	(59)
02350000	01706	066153	OCT	066153	L	K
02351000	01707	062440	OCT	062440	E	
02352000	01710	132562	OCT	132562	(53)	R
02353000	01711	062563	OCT	062563	E	S
02354000	01712	137162	OCT	137162	(62)	R
02355000	01713	136154	OCT	136154	(60)	L
02356000	01714	064563	OCT	064563	I	S
02357000	01715	072040	OCT	072040	T	
02358000	01716	065677	OCT	065677	K	(63)
02359000	01717	072154	OCT	072154	T	L
02360000	01720	064563	OCT	064563	I	S
02361000	01721	072300	OCT	072300	T	(64)
02362000	01722	070301	OCT	070301	P	(65)
02363000	01723	066151	OCT	066151	L	I
02364000	01724	071564	OCT	071564	S	L
02365000	01725	020275	OCT	020275		(61)
02366000	01726	062556	OCT	062556	E	N
02367000	01727	070040	OCT	070040	P	
02368000	01730	125200	OCT	125200	(42)	\
02369000	01731	000000	NOP			

TABLES FOR COMPILER -- PARSE TABLES

02371000			*			
02372000			* EQUATES NEEDED BY PARSER			
02373000			*			
02374000		000210	MAXR	EQU	136	
02375000		000274	MAXL	EQU	188	
02376000		000302	MAAP	EQU	194	
02377000			SUP			
02379000	01732	002010	READX	DEC	1032,1550,5141,9485,10799,11312,11985,12337	
02380000	01742	031306		DEC	12998,13362,13875,14188,14989,15502,16439,17039	
02381000	01752	042071		DEC	17465,17978,18491,19088,19601,20626,21057,21651	
02382000	01762	053103		DEC	22083,22596,23188,23701,24215,24649,25162,25868	
02383000	01772	063115		DEC	26189,26776,27290,27924,28900,1032,1550,1090	
02384000	02002	012025		DEC	5141,9485,13362,14388,17978,21057,22083,23701	
02385000	02012	061112		DEC	25162,25868,26189,26776,27422,27924,1032,1550	
02386000	02022	006023		DEC	3091,5141,9485,13362,14388,17978,21057,22083	
02387000	02032	056225		DEC	23701,25162,25868,26189,26776,27422,27924,1032	
02388000	02042	007016		DEC	1550,5141,9485,13362,14388,17978,21057,22083	
02389000	02052	056225		DEC	23701,25162,25868,26189,26776,27422,27924,1032	
02390000	02062	022415		DEC	9485,13362,21057,22083,23701,25162,25868,26189	
02391000	02072	066424		DEC	27924,1032,1550,5141,9485,13362,21057,22083	
02392000	02102	056225		DEC	23701,25162,25868,26189,27924,14388,26776,27422	

TABLES FOR COMPILE -- PARSE TABLES

02393000	02112	004502	UFC	2370,2371,25162,26189,26776,27441,27924,25162
02394000	02122	063115	UFC	26189,26776,27924,26776,23702,25163,26703,27942
02395000	02132	061112	UFC	25162,26189,26776,27440,27924,1161,27982,1162
02396000	02142	061112	UFC	25162,26189,27924,1032,1550,5141,9485,13362
02397000	02152	034064	UFC	14388,21057,22083,23701,25162,25868,26189,26776
02398000	02162	065436	DEC	27422,27924,1032,1550,5141,9485,13362,14388
02399000	02172	043072	UFC	17978,21057,22083,23701,25164,25868,26189,26777
02400000	02202	065436	DEC	27422,27924,1035,1036,1037,25816,27351,514
02401000	02212	001004	UFC	516,518,515,517,519,6853,7206,8748
02402000	02222	014047	UFC	7207,1032,1550,5141,9485,10799,11312,11985
02403000	02232	030061	UFC	12337,13362,13875,14388,14989,15502,16439,17039
02404000	02242	042071	UFC	17465,17978,18491,19088,19601,20626,21057,21651
02405000	02252	053103	UFC	22083,22590,23188,23701,24215,24649,25162,25868
02406000	02262	063115	UFC	26189,26776,27422,27924,28900,2576,7208,20030
02407000	02272	006020	UFC	2576,1030,7209,1551,5142,20031,3089,5655
02408000	02202	004447	UFC	2343,6180,6283,6168,6169,6170,4301,12999
02409000	02312	017052	DEC	7722,9773,1032,1550,5141,9485,10799,11312
02410000	02322	027321	UFC	11985,12337,12998,13362,13875,14388,14989,15502
02411000	02332	040067	UFC	16439,17039,17465,17978,18491,19088,19601,20626
02412000	02342	051101	UFC	21057,21651,22083,22590,23188,23701,24215,24649
02413000	02352	061112	UFC	25162,25868,26189,26776,27422,27924,28900,6173
02414000	02362	014037	UFC	6175,13000,3854,6174,6177,6179,6693,3856
02415000	02372	014034	DEC	6172,3859,6172,2325,6172,2337,6172,3818
02416000	02402	014034	UFC	6172,2344,6172,3857,6284,3871,6284,8235
02417000	02412	014033	UFC	6171,10286,20301,4628
02418000	02416	007275	LOOKA UFC	3773,6333,9,3774,6334,10,4287,6335
02419000	02426	031277	UFC	12991,32,3776,6336,34,4313,13017,53
02420000	02436	010341	UFC	4321,13025,54,13037,56,4317,13021,60
02421000	02446	010322	UFC	4306,13010,61,12993,64,4315,13019,66
02422000	02456	010302	UFC	4290,12994,69,1094,274,1095,233,4319
02423000	02466	031337	UFC	13023,72,590,288,592,288,6737,286
02424000	02476	016123	UFC	7251,8787,206,7252,8788,239,7253,207
02425000	02506	014126	UFC	7254,240,4325,13029,88,2650,7258,20058
02426000	02516	004027	UFC	279,2651,251,2652,253,7261,230,7262
02427000	02526	000430	DEC	280,1631,5215,20003,249,1632,5216,252
02428000	02536	003141	UFC	1633,5217,250,3170,5730,254,3171,5731
02429000	02546	000377	UFC	255,3172,5732,256,6246,211,6247,212
02430000	02556	014150	UFC	6248,213,787,329,6254,308,6255,222
02431000	02566	014163	UFC	6259,327,6773,299,6263,238,6264,220
02432000	02576	020209	UFC	8320,260,8321,261,8322,262,6275,226
02433000	02606	024204	UFC	10372,243,10373,244,4743,263,4744,264

02436000	02616	000000	APPLY DEC	0,109,-9532,195,106,112,87,-20790
02437000	02626	000311	DEC	201,-20788,203,4209,27354,28395,29298,31035
02438000	02636	075442	DEC	31522,-32448,-30512,-30031,4928,5440,5748,2226
02439000	02646	052512	DEC	21834,23371,-23220,14648,15670,16187,16704,17224
02440000	02656	042500	DEC	17228,18038,18610,19244,311,669,-9571,-20835
02441000	02666	000236	DEC	158,667,-9573,-20837,156,22714,185,23798
02442000	02676	000365	DEC	245,29944,247,31910,32423,165,7849,11434
02443000	02706	000250	DEC	168,8962,12035,257,7350,10935,181,22204
02444000	02716	000273	UFC	187,-30961,-25834,10506,265,25394,27972,-28448
02445000	02726	046361	DEC	19697,20210,13106,13618,14149,15157,267,31036
02446000	02736	037474	UFC	16188,321,675,-9565,-20829,164,671,30880
02447000	02746	100240	DEC	-32608,-9569,4768,5280,31905,32418,-20833,16032
02448000	02756	040240	UFC	18544,17568,89,8476,283,25395,20761,21274
02449000	02766	031463	DEC	13107,13619,285,171,172,12581,292,101
02450000	02776	044452	UFC	18730,297,173,105,13102,13615,301,214
02451000	03006	000257	UFC	175,26851,-31564,6265,1659,6780,2685,3707
02452000	03016	000172	UFC	122,176,16186,313,5247,126,-32532,16675
02453000	03026	042476	UFC	17726,317,184,227,231,174,108,82
02454000	03036	077350	UFC	30440,134
02455000	03040	000245	INDEX DEC	165,9232,9232,9232,9232,4881,7057,9232
02456000	03050	044620	UFC	19856,19856,9232,9232,9232,11274,12556,14083
02457000	03060	030414	DEC	12556,14465,14593,11274,11274,12556,12556,16131
02458000	03070	036605	UFC	14725,15364,17539,9232,17539,9232,9232,19856
02459000	03100	022020	UFC	9232,19856,9232,9232,9232,17539,17539,15873
02460000	03110	037001	UFC	15873,9232,11274,9232,9232,9232,16001,16131
02461000	03120	040205	UFC	16517,17153,17281,17409,9232,17539,9232,9232
02462000	03130	022020	UFC	9232,17935,17281,9232,9232,17935,17935,19856
02463000	03140	052601	DEC	21869,9232,11274,9232,9232,22017,22145,17539
02464000	03150	053402	DEC	22274,22529,22657,22785,11274,22913,23041,23169
02465000	03160	055401	DEC	23297,9232,23426,23426,23681,23681,23844,28419
02466000	03170	070202	DEC	28802,28419,28417,28417,29057,29057,29187,29186
02467000	03200	071002	UFC	29186,29570,29570,29570,29826,30081,30209,30337
02468000	03210	073401	DEC	30465,30594,30849,30977,31141,-29695,-29567,-29439
02469000	03220	106601	DEC	-29311,-29183,-29055,-28927,-28799,-28671,-28543,-28543
02470000	03230	110402	DEC	-28414,-28198,-27902,-27646,-27390,-27134,-26878,-26623
02471000	03240	114001	DEC	-26623,-26623,-26495,-26367,-26367,-26239,-26111,-26111
02472000	03250	000203	DEC	131,515,900,1411,1795,2179,2562,2819
02473000	03260	006203	UFC	3203,3586,3643,4227,4610,4666,5123,5506
02474000	03270	013202	UFC	5762,6018,6275,6659,7042,7298,7555,7940
02475000	03300	020402	UFC	8450,8706,8962,9218,9476,9737,10371,10755
02476000	03310	025003	UFC	11139,11523,11906,12162,12418,12674,12930,13186
02477000	03320	032202	UFC	13442,13698,13954,14210,14466,14722,14978,15234

TABLES FOR COMPILER -- PARSE TABLES

02479000	03330	036202	DEC	15490,15746,16002,16258,-24695,-24694,-24672,-24670
02480000	03340	117700	DFC	-24640,-23739,128,129,257,384,385,385
02481000	03350	001200	DFC	640,642,768,770,896,1024,1024,1025
02482000	03360	002000	DEC	1024,1024,1025,1025,1025,1025,1025,1025
02483000	03370	003000	DFC	1024,1025,1024,1025,1024,1025,1024,1025
02484000	03400	007000	DEC	1024,1025,1025,1024,1024,1024,1025,1025
02485000	03410	002001	DEC	1025,1028,1281,1281,1280,1281,1536,1536
02486000	03420	011402	DFC	4866,4866,5376,5378,5888,5890,6144,6145
02487000	03430	014400	DEC	6400,6402,6402,6402,6402,6656,6658,6658
02488000	03440	015000	DEC	7040,7042,7042,7424,7425,7425,7808,7810
02489000	03450	020000	DEC	8192,8194,8448,8448,8448,8450,8449,8453
02490000	03460	020403	DEC	8451,8448,8451,8960,8963,8961,10240,10240
02491000	03470	024502	DEC	10626,10626,11136,11138,12800,12800,12803,13056
02492000	03500	031403	DEC	13059,13824,13826,13952,13954,14080,14083,14083
02493000	03510	034000	DFC	14336,14338,14364,14466,14720,14722,14722,14848
02494000	03520	035002	DEC	14850,14976,14976,15360,15362,15490,15616,15618
02495000	03530	040400	DEC	16640,16642,16768,16768,17024,17024,17280,17280
02496000	03540	041600	DFC	17280,17283,17283,17792,17794,17920,17920,17922
02497000	03550	043200	DEC	18048,18050,18178,18306,18432,18560
02499000	03556		BSS 1	*** RESERVED FOR 2K-PAGE CHECKSUM ***
02501000	03557		BSS 5	RESERVED FOR TABLE EXPANSION

SYNTHESIZE JUMP TABLE

02503000			*			
02504000			* SYNTHESIZE JUMP TABLE			
02505000			*			
02506000	03564	004543	SYNJ	DFC	APL1	1
02507000	03565	004543		DFC	APL1	2
02508000	03566	004740		DFC	OLAH	3
02509000	03567	004631		DEF	OUT1	4
02510000	03570	004631		DEF	OUT1	5
02511000	03571	004631		DEF	OUT1	6
02512000	03572	004543		DEF	APL1	7
02513000	03573	004543		DEF	APL1	8
02514000	03574	004543		DEF	APL1	9
02515000	03575	004543		DEF	APL1	10
02516000	03576	004631		DEF	OUT1	11
02517000	03577	004644		DEF	IMSTZ	12
02518000	03600	004543		DEF	APL1	13
02519000	03601	004627		DEF	OUT2	14
02520000	03602	004631		DEF	OUT1	15
02521000	03603	004672		DEF	OEMTY	16
02522000	03604	004627		DEF	OUT2	17
02523000	03605	004627		DEF	OUT2	18
02524000	03606	004627		DEF	OUT2	19
02525000	03607	004627		DEF	OUT2	20
02526000	03610	005012		DEF	HRSTR	21
02527000	03611	005021		DEF	HRNUM	22
02528000	03612	004672		DEF	OEMTY	23
02529000	03613	004627		DEF	OUT2	24
02530000	03614	004672		DEF	OEMTY	25
02531000	03615	004627		DEF	OUT2	26
02532000	03616	004672		DEF	OEMTY	27
02533000	03617	004627		DEF	OUT2	28
02534000	03620	004672		DEF	OEMTY	29
02535000	03621	004627		DEF	OUT2	30
02536000	03622	004672		DEF	OEMTY	31
02537000	03623	004627		DEF	OUT2	32
02538000	03624	004627		DEF	OUT2	33
02539000	03625	005041		DEF	LITHL	34
02540000	03626	004663		DEF	IMDSF	35
02541000	03627	004543		DEF	APL1	36
02542000	03630	004627		DEF	OUT2	37
02543000	03631	004627		DEF	OUT2	38
02544000	03632	177521		DEF	AP36,I	39 UDF_CALL
02545000	03633	177522		DEF	AP37,I	40 UDF_CALL
02546000	03634	004627		DEF	OUT2	41
02547000	03635	004627		DEF	OUT2	42
02548000	03636	004672		DEF	OEMTY	43
02549000	03637	004627		DEF	OUT2	44
02550000	03640	004543		DEF	APL1	45
02551000	03641	004543		DEF	APL1	46
02552000	03642	004627		DEF	OUT2	47
02553000	03643	004627		DEF	OUT2	48
02554000	03644	004543		DEF	APL1	49
02555000	03645	004627		DEF	OUT2	50
02556000	03646	004543		DEF	APL1	51
02557000	03647	004627		DEF	OUT2	52
02558000	03650	004543		DEF	APL1	53

SYNTHESIZE JUMP TABLE

02554000	03651	004627	DEF OUT2	54	
02556000	03652	004543	DEF APL1	55	
02561000	03653	004627	DEF OUT2	56	
02562000	03654	004627	DEF OUT2	57	
02563000	03655	004627	DEF OUT2	58	
02564000	03656	004627	DEF OUT2	59	
02565000	03657	004543	DEF APL1	60	
02566000	03660	004627	DEF OUT2	61	
02567000	03661	004627	DEF OUT2	62	
02568000	03662	004543	DEF APL1	63	
02569000	03663	004627	DEF OUT2	64	
02570000	03664	004627	DEF OUT2	65	
02571000	03665	004543	DEF APL1	66	
02572000	03666	004543	DEF APL1	67	
02573000	03667	004670	DEF UNARY	68	
02574000	03670	004543	DEF APL1	69	
02575000	03671	004627	DEF OUT2	70	
02576000	03672	004543	DEF APL1	71	
02577000	03673	004627	DEF OUT2	72	
02578000	03674	004543	DEF APL1	73	
02579000	03675	004703	DEF UNUMB	74	
02580000	03676	004631	DEF OUT1	75	
02581000	03677	004543	DEF APL1	76	
02582000	03700	004627	DEF OUT2	77	
02583000	03701	004675	DEF UROUND	78	
02584000	03702	004623	DEF OUT4	79	
02585000	03703	177523	DEF AP77,I	80	UDF FCN
02586000	03704	177524	DEF AP78,I	81	UDF FCN
02587000	03705	004631	DEF OUT1	82	
02588000	03706	004623	DEF OUT4	83	
02589000	03707	004627	DEF OUT2	84	
02590000	03710	004543	DEF APL1	85	
02591000	03711	004543	DEF APL1	86	
02592000	03712	005037	DEF STRAS	87	
02593000	03713	005037	DEF STRAS	88	
02594000	03714	004543	DEF APL1	89	
02595000	03715	004627	DEF OUT2	90	
02596000	03716	004543	DEF APL1	91	
02597000	03717	004744	DEF OSTRG	92	
02598000	03720	004623	DEF OUT4	93	
02599000	03721	004631	DEF OUT1	94	
02600000	03722	004623	DEF OUT4	95	
02601000	03723	004543	DEF APL1	96	
02602000	03724	004627	DEF OUT2	97	
02603000	03725	004543	DEF APL1	98	
02604000	03726	004627	DEF OUT2	99	
02605000	03727	004774	DEF OTIME	100	
02606000	03730	004777	DEF UDIML	101	
02607000	03731	004777	DEF UDIML	102	
02608000	03732	004543	DEF APL1	103	
02609000	03733	005077	DEF OSCOM	104	
02610000	03734	004543	DEF APL1	105	
02611000	03735	004627	DEF OUT2	106	
02612000	03736	004543	DEF APL1	107	
02613000	03737	004627	DEF OUT2	108	
02614000	03740	004627	DEF OUT2	109	
02615000	03741	004744	DEF OSTRG	110	
02616000	03742	004747	DEF ESTRG	111	
02617000	03743	004543	DEF APL1	112	
02618000	03744	004543	DEF APL1	113	
02619000	03745	004543	DEF APL1	114	
02620000	03746	004627	DEF OUT2	115	
02621000	03747	004627	DEF OUT2	116	
02622000	03750	004543	DEF APL1	117	
02623000	03751	004627	DEF OUT2	118	
02624000	03752	004543	DEF APL1	119	
02625000	03753	004627	DEF OUT2	120	
02626000	03754	004543	DEF APL1	121	
02627000	03755	004543	DEF APL1	122	
02628000	03756	004543	DEF APL1	123	
02629000	03757	004627	DEF OUT2	124	
02630000	03760	004631	DEF OUT1	125	
02631000	03761	004543	DEF APL1	126	
02632000	03762	004543	DEF APL1	127	
02633000	03763	004700	DEF ARREF	128	
02634000	03764	004700	DEF ARREF	129	
02635000	03765	004543	DEF APL1	130	
02636000	03766	004627	DEF OUT2	131	
02637000	03767	004631	DEF OUT1	132	
02638000	03770	004543	DEF APL1	133	
02639000	03771	004627	DEF OUT2	134	
02640000	03772	004543	DEF APL1	135	
02641000	03773	004627	DEF OUT2	136	
02642000	03774	004627	DEF OUT2	137	
02643000	03775	004627	DEF OUT2	138	
02644000	03776	177525	DEF AP136,I	139	FOR =
02645000	03777	004631	DEF OUT1	140	

COMPILER

```

02547000 *
02548000 * COMPILER W.F.C.
02549000 *
02550000 * ON ENTRY:
02551000 *
02552000 * KEYBOARD BUFFER CONTAINS SOURCE LINE
02553000 *
02554000 * ON EXIT:
02555000 *
02556000 * COMPILE BUFFER CONTAINS COMPILED LINE
02557000 *

02659000 *
02660000 * HEADER FOR SCANNER
02661000 *
02662000 * ON ENTRY:
02663000 *
02664000 * C-REGISTER POINTS TO INPUT AREA
02665000 *
02666000 * ON EXIT:
02667000 *
02668000 * A-REGISTER = CHARACTER
02669000 * B-REGISTER = CLASS FROM CTBL
02670000 *
02671000 * CTBL WORD SAVED IN CT2
02672000 *
02673000 * BLANKS ARE IGNORED
02674000 *
02675000 04000 074560 HEAD2 WRC A,I GET NEXT CHARACTER
02676000 04001 050053 AND B177
02677000 04002 010117 CPA B40
02678000 04003 067000 JMP *-3 JUMP IF TO BE SKIPPED
02679000 *
02680000 04004 007012 LDB ACTBL GET CTBL ORIGIN
02681000 04005 024000 ADR A
02682000 04006 104001 LDB B,I GET CTBL WORD
02683000 04007 035244 STB CT2
02684000 04010 174507 SBW B GET LEFT BYTE = CLASS
02685000 04011 170201 RET 1
02686000 *
02688000 * POINTERS AND EQUATES
02689000 *
02690000 04012 001170 ACTBL DEF CTRL ADDRESS OF CLASS TABLE
02691000 04013 009037 AINDX DEF INDEX-1 ADDRESS OF INDEX TABLE
02692000 04014 001731 ARLED DEF READX-1 ADDRESS OF READ TABLE
02693000 04015 002415 ALOOK DEF LOOKX-1 ADDRESS OF LOOK TABLE
02694000 04016 002615 AAPLY DEF APPLY-1 ADDRESS OF APPLY TABLE
02695000 04017 103564 ASYJP DEF SYNJP,I ADDRESS OF SYNTHESIZE JUMP TABLE
02696000 *
02697000 077243 CT1 EQU CMTMP+4 TEMPORARY
02698000 077244 CT2 EQU CMTMP+5 TEMPORARY
02699000 077245 CT3 EQU CMTMP+6 TEMPORARY
02700000 077246 CT4 EQU CMTMP+7 TEMPORARY
02701000 077247 CT5 EQU CMTMP+8 TEMPORARY
02702000 077250 NLOOK EQU CMTMP+9 NO-LOOK-AHEAD-DONE
02703000 077251 STATE EQU CMTMP+10 PARSER STATE
02704000 077252 IAX1 EQU CMTMP+11 INDEX1
02705000 077253 IAX2 EQU CMTMP+12 INDEX2
02706000 *
02707000 077772 ES EQU 77772B EXPONENT SIGN
02708000 077773 DC EQU ES+1 DIGIT COUNTER
02709000 077774 SD EQU ES+2 SIGNIFICANT-DIGITS FLAG
02710000 077775 M EQU ES+3 PART OF EXPONENT
02711000 077776 EX EQU ES+4 PART OF EXPONENT
02712000 077777 DP EQU ES+5 DECIMAL-POINT FLAG

02714000 *
02715000 * SET C-REGISTER FOR COMPILATION ERROR
02716000 *
02717000 04020 005241 SETCE LDB OLDC
02718000 04021 034016 STB C RESTORE ANCIENT C
02719000 *
02720000 04022 004016 SE1 LDB C TENTATIVE CURSOR POSITION
02721000 04023 035316 STB CEMR
02722000 04024 074560 WRC A,I TEST FOR BLANK OR EOL
02723000 04025 050053 AND B177
02724000 04026 010117 CPA B40
02725000 04027 067022 JMP SE1 BLANK, KEEP LOOKING
02726000 04030 010053 CPA B177
02727000 04031 067033 JMP SE2 EOL, GO THE OTHER WAY
02728000 04032 164404 JMP AERR1,I
02729000 *
02730000 04033 054016 SE2 USZ C

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COMPILER

02731000	04034	035315	SLJ	STB	CERR	
02732000	04035	004016		LDR	C	
02733000	04036	074760		WBC	A,D	
02734000	04037	050053		AND	B177	
02735000	04040	010117		CPA	H40	BLANK, KEEP LOOKING
02736000	04041	067034		JMP	SF3	
02737000	04042	164404		JMP	AERR1,I	

COMPILER -- SCANNER

02739000			*			
02740000			*	SCANNER		
02741000			*			
02742000			*	ON EXIT:		
02743000			*			
02744000			*	TKN = TOKEN (FROM CTBL)		
02745000			*	BCD = CHARACTER		
02746000			*			
02747000	04043	004010	SCAN	LDR	C	
02748000	04044	035241		STB	OLDC	
02749000	04045	043000	JSM	READ2		READ FROM INPUT
02750000	04046	031240		STA	BCD	
02751000	04047	000016		LDA	C	
02752000	04050	031243		STA	CT1	SAVE C+1
02753000			*			
02754000	04051	001244	SCI	LDA	CT2	RECALL CTRL INFORMATION
02755000	04052	050045		AND	B377	
02756000	04053	031237		STA	TKN	SAVE TOKEN
02757000			*			
02758000	04054	027056		ADB	AJ1	
02759000	04055	164001		JMP	B,I	BRANCH VIA JMP TABLE
02760000			*			
02761000	04056	104057	AJ1	DEF	*+1,I	JUMP TABLE #1
02762000			*			
02763000	04057	004522		DEF	E7	0 UNDEFINED CODE
02764000	04060	004125		DEF	SL2	1 SPECIAL MNEMONIC
02765000	04061	004100		DEF	TYPE1	2 LETTER
02766000	04062	004251		DEF	SQ1	3 QUOTE
02767000	04063	004071		DEF	TYPE4	4 DIGIT
02768000	04064	004071		DEF	TYPE5	5 DECIMAL POINT
02769000	04065	004122		DEF	TYPE6	6 SPECIAL CHARACTER
02770000	04066	004110		DEF	TYPE7	7 SPECIAL CHARACTER
02771000	04067	004112		DEF	TYPE8	8 SPECIAL CHARACTER
02772000	04070	004106		DEF	TYPE9	9 SPECIAL CHARACTER
02773000			*			
02774000			*	NUMERIC		
02775000			*			
02776000			*			
02777000	04071	001242	TYPE4	LDA	ISTAR	TEST I* FLAG
02778000	04072	072022		RZA	TY1	
02779000	04073	045242		ISZ	ISTAR	SET IT
02780000	04074	043274		JSM	SN1	CALL NUMBER BUILDER
02781000	04075	043020	EB	JSM	SETCE	ERROR, SYNTAX ERROR IN NUMBER
02782000	04076	030060		ASC	1,06	
02783000	04077	170201		RET	1	
02784000			*			
02785000			*	LETTER		
02786000			*			
02787000			*			
02788000	04100	043000	TYPE4	JSM	READ2	LOOK AHEAD
02789000	04101	010114		CPA	B44	
02790000	04102	007225		JMP	STL	JUMP IF FOLLOWED BY 5
02791000	04103	074761		WBC	B+0	
02792000	04104	010070		CPA	B133	
02793000	04105	067240		JMP	SSL	JUMP IF FOLLOWED BY 1
02794000			*			
02795000			*			FALL THRU
02796000			*			
02797000			*	SPECIAL CHARACTER		
02798000			*			
02799000	04106	001242	TYPE4	LDA	ISTAR	(EITHER SIDE OF I*)
02800000	04107	072005		RZA	TY1	
02801000	04110	045242	TYPE4	ISZ	ISTAR	(LEFT SIDE OF I*)
02802000	04111	170201		RET	1	
02803000			*			
02804000	04112	001242	TYPE4	LDA	ISTAR	(RIGHT SIDE OF I*)
02805000	04113	072411		SZA	TY2	
02806000	04114	001241	TY1	LDA	OLDC	
02807000	04115	030016		STA	C	RESTORE C
02808000	04116	000127		LDA	P16	
02809000	04117	031237		STA	TKN	TKN FOR I*
02810000	04120	000120		LDA	P31	
02811000	04121	031240		STA	BCD	BCD FOR I*

COMPILER -- SCANNER

02012000			*			
02013000	04122	000177	TYPEA	LDA P0	(NEITHER SIDE OF I*)	
02014000	04123	031242		STA ISTAR		
02015000	04124	170201	TY2	RET 1		
02017000			*			
02018000			*	TABLE SEARCH		
02019000			*			
02020000	04125	004017	SL2	LDB D		
02021000	04126	035244		STB CT2	SAVE D	
02022000	04127	004327		LDB AROMS		
02023000	04130	035245		STB CT3	INITIALIZE 'TABLES' POINTER	
02024000			*			
02025000	04131	105245	TS1	LDB CT3+I	GET ADDRESS OF NEXT ROM	
02026000	04132	045245		ISZ CT3		
02027000	04133	076476	SZB TS1		JUMP IF ROM NOT PRESENT	
02028000	04134	014257	CPB M1			
02029000	04135	067223	JMP E3		JUMP IF END OF ALL TABLES	
02030000	04136	024254	ADB P1			
02031000	04137	104001		LDB B+I	PICK UP ROM TABLE ORIGIN ADDRESS	
02032000	04140	014257	CPB M1			
02033000	04141	067131	JMP TS1			
02034000	04142	176202	SAB **2,C			
02035000	04143	140001	JSM B+I		OPTIONAL CALL ON ROM	
02036000			*			
02037000	04144	035712		STB T2		
02038000	04145	034017		STB D		
02039000	04146	074770		WRD A+U	SET D = ROM TABLE ADDRESS	
02040000			*			
02041000	04147	005243	TS2	LDB CT1		
02042000	04150	034016		STB C		
02043000	04151	074761		WBC B+D	SET C = START OF MNEMONIC	
02044000	04152	074570	TS3	WRD A+I		
02045000	04153	010117	CPA B40			
02046000	04154	067152	JMP *-2		IGNORE BLANKS IN MNEMONIC TABLE	
02047000	04155	031711	STA T1			
02048000	04156	170607	SAL B			
02049000	04157	172612	SAM TS4+C		SKIP IF ENTRY CODE OR END-OF-TABLE	
02050000	04160	074561	WBC B+I			
02051000	04161	014117	CPB B40			
02052000	04162	067160	JMP *-2		IGNORE BLANKS IN INPUT LINE	
02053000	04163	015711	CPB T1			
02054000	04164	067152	JMP TS3		JUMP IF CHARACTER MATCH	
02055000			*			
02056000	04165	074570		WRD A+I	FIND END OF TABLE ENTRY	
02057000	04166	170607		SAL B		
02058000	04167	172076		SAB *-2		
02059000	04170	067147		JMP TS2		
02060000			*			
02061000	04171	170507	TS4	SAB B		
02062000	04172	072002		K7A **2		
02063000	04173	067131		JMP TS1	JUMP IF END OF TABLE	
02064000	04174	004000		LDB A		
02065000	04175	174040		TCH		
02066000	04176	025712		ADB T2	SUBTRACT OPCODE FROM TABLE ADDRESS	
02067000	04177	104001		LDB B+I		
02068000	04200	035237		STB TKN	TEMPORARILY SAVE CLASS/TOKEN VALUE	
02069000			*			
02070000	04201	004327		LDB AROMS		
02071000	04202	174040		TCP		
02072000	04203	025245		ADB CT3	CALCULATE ROM ID	
02073000	04204	014125		CPB P18		
02074000	04205	067211		JMP SL5	JUMP IF MAINFRAME	
02075000			*			
02076000	04206	170607		SAL B	CORRECT BCD FOR OPTIONAL ROMS	
02077000	04207	060001		IOR B		
02078000	04210	067212		JMP **2		
02079000			*			
02080000	04211	020053	SL5	ADA B177	CORRECT MAINFRAME BCD	
02081000	04212	031240		STA BCD		
02082000			*			
02083000	04213	005244		LDB CT2		
02084000	04214	034017		STB D	RESTORE D	
02085000			*			
02086000	04215	005237		LDB TKN	RECALL CLASS/TOKEN INFO	
02087000	04216	176202		SAB **2,C		
02088000	04217	140001		JSM B+I	OPTIONAL CALL ON ROM	
02089000			*			
02090000	04220	035244		STB CT2		
02091000	04221	174507		SHR J		
02092000	04222	067051		JMP SC1		
02093000			*			
02094000	04223	043020	E3	JSM SETCE	ERROR, MYSTERIOUS MNEMONIC	
02095000	04224	030063		ASC 1,03		

COMPILER -- SCANNER

02848000			*			
02849000			*	STRING LETTER		
02900000			*			
02901000	04225	000100	STL	LDA P52		
02902000	04226	031237		STA TKN	TKN FOR STRING	
02903000			*			
02904000	04227	043000		JSM READ2	LOOK AHEAD	
02905000	04230	074761		WRC B4D		
02906000	04231	005240		LDB BCD		
02907000	04232	010070		CPA B133	[?]	
02908000	04233	024117		ADB B40	YES, OFFSET BCD	
02909000	04234	174607		SAL B		
02910000	04235	024141		ADB STRID	ID OF STRING ROM	
02911000	04236	035240		STB BCD		
02912000			*			
02913000	04237	067122		JMP TYPEA		
02915000			*			
02916000			*	SUBSCRIPTED LETTER		
02917000			*			
02918000	04240	001242	SSL	LDA ISTAR		
02919000	04241	072402		SZA **2		
02920000	04242	067114		JMP TY1		
02921000			*			
02922000	04243	000102		LDA P49		
02923000	04244	031237		STA TKN	TKN FOR SUBSCRIPTED	
02924000			*			
02925000	04245	005240		LDB BCD		
02926000	04246	024117		ADB B40		
02927000	04247	035240		STB BCD	OFFSET BCD	
02928000			*			
02929000	04250	170201		RET 1		
02931000			*			
02932000			*	PROCESS QUOTE FIELD		
02933000			*			
02934000			*	ON EXIT:		
02935000			*			
02936000			*	CT4 = BYTE COUNT		
02937000			*	CT5 = START OF STRING		
02938000			*			
02939000	04251	000177	SQ1	LDA P0		
02940000	04252	031242		STA ISTAR		
02941000	04253	031246		STA CT4	INITIALIZE BYTE COUNT	
02942000	04254	004016		LDB C		
02943000	04255	035247		STB CT5	SAVE START OF STRING	
02944000			*			
02945000	04256	074561	SQ2	WRC B4I	READ NEXT CHARACTER	
02946000	04257	014116		CPA B42	"?	
02947000	04260	067267		JMP SQ4	YES	
02948000	04261	014053		CPH B177	EOL?	
02949000	04262	067265		JMP E2	YES	
02950000	04263	045246	SQ3	ISZ CT4	INCREMENT BYTE COUNT	
02951000	04264	067256		JMP SQ2		
02952000			*			
02953000	04265	043020	E2	JSM SETCE	ERROR, UNTERMINATED STRING	
02954000	04266	030062		ASC 1,02		
02955000			*			
02956000	04267	074561	SQ4	WRC B4I	READ NEXT CHARACTER	
02957000	04270	014116		CPA B42	"?"	
02958000	04271	067263		JMP SQ3	YES, CONTINUE	
02959000			*			
02960000	04272	074760		WRC A4D	HACK UP INPUT POINTER	
02961000	04273	170201		RET 1		
02963000			*			
02964000			*	NUMBER BUILDER		
02965000			*			
02966000	04274	060252	SN1	LDA NH1		
02967000	04275	004253		LDB NH2		
02968000	04276	071405		XFR 6	INITIALIZE	
02969000	04277	000127		LDA ADH2		
02970000	04300	071603		CLR 4	CLEAR AR2	
02971000			*			
02972000	04301	001240		LDA BCD		
02973000	04302	004103		LDB B60		
02974000	04303	035240		STB BCD		
02975000			*			
02976000	04304	010105		CPA B56	?	
02977000	04305	067353		JMP SN4	YES	
02978000	04306	010103	SN2	CPA B60	?	
02979000	04307	067312		JMP **3	YES	
02980000	04310	004254		LDB P1	NO, SET SQ	
02981000	04311	035774		STB SD		
02982000			*			
02983000	04312	005777		LDB UP		

COMPILER -- SCANNER

02984000	04313	025774		ADH SD	
02985000	04314	025775		ADH M	
02986000	04315	035775		STB M	UPDATE EXPONENT
02987000	04316	005774		LDB SD	
02988000	04317	076406		S7B SN3	SKIP IF NO SIGNIFICANT DIGITS YET
02989000	04320	005775		LDB UC	
02990000	04321	076504		STB SN3	SKIP IF 12 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS NOW
02991000	04322	035773		STB UC	
02992000	04323	050130		AND B17	
02993000	04324	076541		MLY	MERGE IN NEW DIGIT
02994000			*		
02995000	04325	043000	SN3	JSM READ2	READ NEXT CHARACTER
02996000	04326	014143		CPB P4	DIGIT?
02997000	04327	007306		JMP SN2	YES
02998000	04330	010105		CPA B56	?
02999000	04331	067360		JMP SN5	YES
03000000	04332	010063		CPA B145	EEX?
03001000	04333	067365		JMP SN7	YES
03002000	04334	001770	SNW	LDA EX	WRAP IT UP
03003000	04335	055772		USZ ES	
03004000	04336	170040		TCA	
03005000	04337	021775		ADA M	FINAL EXPONENT
03006000	04340	071500		NRM	
03007000	04341	072310		SOS **B	SKIP IF FLOATING ZERO
03008000	04342	004000		LDB A	
03009000	04343	176002		SHP **2	
03010000	04344	174040		TCB	
03011000	04345	024200		ADH M100	OVERFLOW TEST
03012000	04346	176016		SHP E6A	
03013000	04347	170605		S4L 6	
03014000	04350	030020		STA AR2	
03015000	04351	074761		WRC B+D	BACK UP C
03016000	04352	170203		HFT 3	NORMAL RETURN
03017000	04353	055777	SN4	USZ DP	SET DP FOR LEADING .
03018000	04354	043000		JSM READ2	READ NEXT CHARACTER
03019000	04355	014143		CPH P4	DIGIT?
03020000	04356	067306		JMP SN2	YES
03021000	04357	067364		JMP E6A	ERROR, ILLEGAL DECIMAL POINT
03022000			*		
03023000	04360	001777	SN5	LDA DP	
03024000	04361	072076		RZA *-2	
03025000	04362	055777		USZ DP	SET DP
03026000	04363	067325		JMP SN3	
03028000			*		
03029000	04364	170201	E6A	RET 1	ERROR RETURN
03030000			*		
03031000	04365	004016	SN7	LDB C	
03032000	04366	035711		STB T1	SAVE C IN CASE OF MNEMONIC WITH E
03033000	04367	043000		JSM READ2	READ NEXT CHARACTER
03034000	04370	010106		CPA B55	-?
03035000	04371	067421		JMP SNM	YES
03036000	04372	010110		CPA B53	+
03037000	04373	067423		JMP SN6	YES
03038000	04374	014143		CPH P4	DIGIT?
03039000	04375	067401		JMP SN9	YES
03040000	04376	005711		LDB T1	NO
03041000	04377	034016		STB C	FALSE ALARM, RESTORE C
03042000	04400	067334		JMP SNW	
03043000			*		
03044000	04401	045240	SN9	ISZ HCD	SET E-FORMAT
03045000	04402	031711		STA T1	SAVE ASCII DIGIT
03046000	04403	001776		LDA EX	
03047000	04404	004135		LDB P10	10*EX
03048000	04405	075017		MPY	
03049000	04406	020163		ADA M48	
03050000	04407	021711		ADA T1	
03051000	04410	031776		STA EX	SAVE UPDATED EXPONENT SPEC
03052000	04411	020170		ADA M256	OVERFLOW TEST
03053000	04412	172052		SAP E6A	
03054000	04413	043000		JSM READ2	READ NEXT CHARACTER
03055000	04414	014143		CPH P4	DIGIT?
03056000	04415	067402		JMP SN9+1	YES
03057000	04416	010105		CPA B54	?
03058000	04417	067364		JMP E6A	YES, ERROR
03059000	04420	067334		JMP SNW	
03060000			*		
03061000	04421	000257	SNM	LDA M1	- EXPONENT DETECTED
03062000	04422	031772		STA ES	
03063000	04423	043000	SN6	JSM READ2	READ NEXT CHARACTER
03064000	04424	014143		CPH P4	DIGIT?
03065000	04425	067401		JMP SN9	YES
03066000	04426	067364		JMP E6A	NO

COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

03060000	04427	177567	TCUN1	AHS	-MAXR-1	
03065000	04430	177706	TCUN2	ARS	MAXR-MAXP	
03070000	04431	000006	TCUN3	ABS	MAXP-MAXL	
03072000			*			
03073000			*	STACKER		
03074000			*			
03075000	04432	005254	CPSTK	LDR	STAKP	
03076000	04433	014376		CPH	ASLMT	
03077000	04434	067440		JMP	E8	
03078000			*			
03079000	04435	045254		ISZ	STAKP	
03080000	04436	131254		STA	STAKP,I	
03081000	04437	170201		RET	1	
03082000			*			
03083000	04440	043020	E8	JSM	SETCE	ERROR, OVERFLOW
03084000	04441	030070		ASC	1,08	
03086000			*			
03087000			*	INITIALIZATION		
03088000			*			
03089000	04442	000257	CPLR	LDA	M1	
03090000	04443	031610		STA	KHMT	INDICATE COMPILE BUFFER IS OVERWRIT,
03091000	04444	001532		LDA	REFOR	
03092000	04445	072402		SZA	**2	
03093000	04446	141532		JSM	REFOR,I	
03094000	04447	140453		JSM	ACLCM,I	CLEAR COMPILE BUFFER
03095000			*			
03096000	04450	004307		LDB	AKBFX	
03097000	04451	034016		STB	C	POINT C TO KEYBOARD BUFFER
03098000	04452	004304		LDB	ACBUF	
03099000	04453	034017		STB	D	POINT D TO COMPILE BUFFER ORIGIN
03100000	04454	000177		LDA	P0	
03101000	04455	031242		STA	ISTAR	IMPLIED MULTIPLY FLAG
03102000	04456	031316		STA	CERR	COMPILE ERROR FLAG
03103000	04457	000254		LDA	P1	
03104000	04460	031251		STA	STATE	PARSER START STATE
03105000	04461	000305		LDA	ASTAK	
03106000	04462	031254		STA	STAKP	STACK POINTER
03107000			*			
03108000	04463	000257	LOOP1	LDA	M1	
03109000	04464	031250		STA	NLOOK	SET NO-LOOK-AHEAD-DONE TRUE
03110000	04465	001251		LDA	STATE	
03111000	04466	023013	LOOP2	ADA	A,INDX	INDEX TABLE ORIGIN
03112000	04467	100000		LDA	A,I	INDEX WORD
03113000	04470	004000		LDB	A	
03114000	04471	174300		SRM	7	
03115000	04472	035252		STU	IX1	B = INDEX1(STATE)
03116000	04473	050053		AND	B,177	
03117000	04474	031253		STA	IX2	A = INDEX2(STATE)
03118000	04475	001251		LDA	STATE	
03119000	04476	023427		ADA	{CON}	(-MAXR-1)
03120000	04477	172033		SAP	APPLT	
03122000			*			
03123000			*	HEAD STATE		
03124000			*			
03125000	04500	001251		LDA	STATE	
03126000	04501	043432		JSM	CPSTK	STACK PRESENT STATE
03127000			*			
03128000	04502	045250		ISZ	NLOOK	TEST NO-LOOK-AHEAD-DONE
03129000	04503	067505		JMP	**2	
03130000	04504	043043		JSM	SCAN	READ
03131000			*			
03132000	04505	004252		LDB	IX1	RECALL INDEX1
03133000	04506	027014		ADB	A,REED	OFFSET BY READ TABLE ORIGIN
03134000	04507	001253		LDA	IX2	RECALL INDEX2
03135000	04510	020001		ADA	B	
03136000	04511	020257		ADA	M1	
03137000	04512	031243		STA	CTI	LIMIT ADDRESS FOR TOKEN SEARCH
03138000			*			
03139000	04513	100001	REA2	LDA	B,I	GET COMPARISON TOKEN
03140000	04514	176510		SAR	9	A = READ1{J}
03141000	04515	011237		CPA	TKN	
03142000	04516	067524		JMP	REA3	FOUND IT
03143000	04517	015243		CFB	CTI	NO MATCH
03144000	04520	067522		JMP	**2	END OF TABLE, MUST BE ERROR
03145000	04521	076172		RTB	REA2	
03146000			*			
03147000	04522	043020	E7	JSM	SETCE	SYNTAX ERROR
03148000	04523	030067		ASC	1,07	
03149000			*			
03150000	04524	100001	REA3	LDA	B,I	
03151000	04525	050042		AND	B,777	A = READ2{J}

COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

```

03152000 04526 031251 STA STATE
03153000 *
03154000 04527 001240 LDA BCD
03155000 04530 043432 JSM CPSTK STACK BCD
03156000 04531 067463 JMP LOOP1 *
03158000 04532 023430 APPLT ADA TCON2 (MAXR-MAXP)
03159000 04533 172434 SAP PUSHT
03160000 *
03161000 * APPLY STATE
03162000 *
03163000 04534 005253 LDH IX2 RECALL INDEX2
03164000 04535 174600 SRL 1
03165000 04536 174040 TCB
03166000 04537 025254 ADH STAKP A = MP
03167000 04540 035243 STM CT1
03168000 04541 023017 ADA ASYJP
03169000 04542 164000 JMP A:1 BRANCH TO SYNTHESIZE
03170000 *
03171000 04543 001243 APL1 LDA CT1
03172000 04544 031254 STA STAKP UPDATE STACK POINTER
03173000 04545 020257 ADA M1
03174000 04546 100000 LDA A:I A = PREVSTATE = J
03175000 04547 031243 STA CT1
03176000 04550 005252 LDH IX1 RECALL INDEX1
03177000 04551 027016 ADH AAPLY APPLY TABLE ORIGIN
03178000 *
03179000 04552 100001 APL2 LDA B:I APPLY TABLE WORD
03180000 04553 170510 SAR 9 A = APPLY1[I] = TEMP
03181000 04554 072404 SZA APL3 =0?
03182000 04555 011243 CPA CT1 =J?
03183000 04556 067560 JMP APL3 YES
03184000 04557 076173 RIB APL2
03185000 *
03186000 04560 100001 APL3 LDA B:I
03187000 04561 050042 AND B777 A = APPLY2[I]
03188000 04562 072003 RZA APL4
03189000 04563 000254 LDA P1 DONE WITH PARSE!
03190000 04564 170201 RET 1
03191000 *
03192000 04565 031251 APL4 STA STATE
03193000 04566 067466 JMP LOOP2
03195000 04567 023431 PUSHT ADA TCON3 (MAXP-MAXL)
03196000 04570 172020 SAP PUSH
03197000 *
03198000 * LOOK STATE
03199000 *
03200000 04571 045250 ISZ INLOOK TEST NO-LOOK-AHEAD-DONE
03201000 04572 067574 JMP *+2
03202000 04573 043043 JSM SCAN READ
03203000 *
03204000 04574 005252 LDH IX1 RECALL INDEX1
03205000 04575 027015 ADH ALOOK LOOK TABLE ORIGIN
03206000 *
03207000 04576 100001 LOU2 LDA B:I LOOK TABLE WORD
03208000 04577 170510 SAR 9 B = LOOK1[I] = TEMP
03209000 04600 072404 SZA LOU3 =0?
03210000 04601 011237 CPA 1KN =TOKEN?
03211000 04602 067604 JMP LOU3 YES
03212000 04603 076173 RIB LOU2
03213000 *
03214000 04604 100001 LOU3 LDA B:I
03215000 04605 050042 AND B777 A = LOOK2[I]
03216000 04606 031251 STA STATE
03217000 04607 067466 JMP LOOP2

03219000 *
03220000 * PUSH STATE
03221000 *
03222000 04610 001253 PUSH LDA IX2
03223000 04611 043432 JSM CPSTK STACK INDEX2
03224000 04612 000054 LDA 3176
03225000 04613 043432 JSM CPSTK STACK 'EMPTY'
03226000 *
03227000 04614 001252 LDA IX1 RECALL INDEX1
03228000 04615 031251 STA STATE
03229000 04616 067466 JMP LOOP2

COMPILER -- SYNTHESIZE PRELIMINARIES

03231000 *
03232000 * TOS OUTPUT
03233000 *
03234000 04617 055254 OUT6 DSZ STAKP TOS=5

```

COMPILER -- SYNTHESIZE

03235000	04620	055254	USZ STAKP	
03236000	04621	055254	OUT5 USZ STAKP	TOS-4
03237000	04622	055254	USZ STAKP	
03238000	04623	055254	OUT4 DSZ STAKP	TOS-3
03239000	04624	055254	DSZ STAKP	
03240000	04625	055254	OUT3 USZ STAKP	TOS-2
03241000	04626	055254	DSZ STAKP	
03242000	04627	055254	OUT2 USZ STAKP	TOS-1
03243000	04630	055254	DSZ STAKP	
03244000		*		
03245000	04631	101254	OUT1 LDA STAKP,I	TOS
03246000		*		
03247000	04632	043637	OUT0 JSM OUTST	NORMAL BCD OUTPUT
03248000	04633	170507	SAZ 0	
03249000	04634	072402	SZA **2	SKIP IF MAINFRAME
03250000	04635	043637	JSM OUTST	
03251000	04636	067543	JMP APL1	RETURN
03253000		*		
03254000		*	BYTE WRITER SUBROUTINE	
03255000		*		
03256000		*	ON ENTRY!	
03257000		*		
03258000		*	A-REGISTER = BYTE	
03259000		*		
03260000	04637	004017	OUTST LDB 0	
03261000	04640	014305	CPB ACLMT	
03262000	04641	067449	JMP E0	
03263000		*		
03264000	04642	074550	PBD A,I	
03265000	04643	170201	RET 1	
03267000		*		
03268000		*	IMPLIED STORAGE	
03269000		*		
03270000	04644	001257	IMSTZ LDA CSTAT	CHECK CONTROLLER STATE
03271000	04645	010177	CPA P0	
03272000	04646	067661	JMP E12	CANNOT STORE IT
03273000	04647	010142	CPA P5	
03274000	04650	067655	JMP IM2	ENTER CONTINUATION
03275000		*		
03276000	04651	000074	IM1 LDA B77	
03277000	04652	043637	JSM OUTST	OUTPUT 'RES'
03278000	04653	000247	LDA ZK1	
03279000	04654	067632	JMP OUT0	OUTPUT 'GAZINTA' PAIR
03280000		*		
03281000	04655	001517	IM2 LDA RGFLG	
03282000	04656	072473	SZA IM1	
03283000	04657	060216	LDA ZK2	
03284000	04660	067632	JMP OUT0	OUTPUT 'ENR GAZINTA' PAIR
03285000		*		
03286000	04661	043020	E12 JSM SETCE	ERROR, LINE CANNOT BE STORED
03287000	04662	030462	ASC 1,12	
03289000		*		
03290000		*	IMPLIED DISPLAY FOR STRINGS	
03291000		*		
03292000	04663	001257	IMUSP LDA CSTAT	CHECK CONTROLLER STATE
03293000	04664	010177	CPA P0	
03294000	04665	067661	JMP E12	CANNOT STORE IT
03295000	04666	000051	LDA H202	
03296000	04667	067632	JMP OUT0	OUTPUT 'DSP'
03298000		*		
03299000		*	UNARY -	
03300000		*		
03301000	04670	000105	UNARY LDA B56	
03302000	04671	067632	JMP OUT0	OUTPUT 'U-'
03304000		*		
03305000		*	EMPTY PARAMETER	
03306000		*		
03307000	04672	000054	UEMPT LDA B176	
03308000	04673	043637	JSM OUTST	OUTPUT 'EMPTY'
03309000	04674	067631	JMP OUT1	
03311000		*		
03312000		*	'ROUND' STATEMENTS	
03313000		*		
03314000	04675	000107	OROUN LDA B54	
03315000	04676	043637	JSM OUTST	OUTPUT '1'
03316000	04677	067617	JMP OUT6	

COMPILER -- SYNTHESIZE

03314000			*
03319000			* ARRAY REFERENCE
03320000			*
03321000	04700	000066	ARMEF LDA B140
03322000	04701	043637	JSM OUTST
03323000	04702	067623	JMP OUT4
03325000			*
03326000			* REAL NUMBER
03327000			*
03328000	04703	101254	GNUMB LDA STAKP,1
03329000	04704	004020	LDH AR2
03330000	04705	076405	SZB ON1
03331000	04706	020145	ADA P2
03332000	04707	043637	JSM OUTST
03333000	04710	000020	LDA AR2
03334000	04711	170405	AAH 6
03335000	04712	043637	GN1 JSM OUTST
03336000			*
03337000	04713	000127	LDA ADR2
03338000	04714	004345	LDH ADR1
03339000	04715	071403	XFR 4
03340000	04716	004155	LDB M11
03341000	04717	075441	DPS
03342000	04720	072002	RZA **2
03343000	04721	076176	RIB **2
03344000	04722	024257	ADB M1
03345000	04723	174400	APR 1
03346000	04724	076412	SZB ON3
03347000	04725	035711	STB F1
03348000			*
03349000	04726	075541	ON2 MLY
03350000	04727	170603	SAL 4
03351000	04730	031712	STA T2
03352000	04731	075541	MLY
03353000	04732	061712	ICR T2
03354000	04733	043637	JSM OUTST
03355000	04734	045711	ISZ J1
03356000	04735	067726	JMP ON2
03357000			*
03358000	04736	000121	ON3 LDA B34
03359000	04737	067632	JMP OUT0
03361000			*
03362000			* STRING
03363000			*
03364000	04740	000115	OLABL LDA B43
03365000	04741	043752	JSM STRGF
03366000	04742	000075	LDA B75
03367000	04743	067632	JMP OUT0
03368000			*
03369000	04744	000116	DSTRG LDA B42
03370000	04745	043752	JSM STRGF
03371000	04746	067543	JMP APL1
03373000			*
03374000			* SPECIAL STRING FOR ENT
03375000			*
03376000	04747	000116	ESTRG LDA B42
03377000	04750	043752	JSM STRGF
03378000	04751	067627	JMP OUT2
03380000	04752	043637	STRGF JSM OUTST
03381000	04753	001246	LDA C14
03382000	04754	043637	JSM OUTST
03383000	04755	004016	LDH C
03384000	04756	035711	STB T1
03385000	04757	005247	LDH C15
03386000	04760	034016	STB C
03387000			*
03388000	04761	074560	SF2 WRC A,1
03389000	04762	010116	CPA B42
03390000	04763	067766	JMP SF4
03391000	04764	043637	SF3 JSM OUTST
03392000	04765	067761	JMP SF2
03393000			*
03394000	04766	074560	SF4 WRC A,1
03395000	04767	010116	CPA B42
03396000	04770	067764	JMP SF3
03397000			*
03398000	04771	005711	LDH T1
03399000	04772	034016	STB C
03400000	04773	170201	RET 1

COMPILER -- SYNTHESIZE

```

03402000 *
03403000 * OUTPUT DIM OPERATORS
03404000 *
03405000 04774 000070 ODIME LDA B133
03406000 04775 043637 JSM OUTST OUTPUT DIM OPERATOR
03407000 04776 067631 JMP OUT1 OUTPUT LETTER
03408000 *
03409000 04777 000070 ODIML LDA B133
03410000 05000 043637 JSM OUTST OUTPUT DIM OPERATOR
03411000 05001 067623 JMP OUT4 OUTPUT LETTER
03413000 *
03414000 * BRANCH OUTPUT SUBROUTINE
03415000 *
03416000 05002 004254 BRNCH LDB STAKP
03417000 05003 024146 ANB M2
03418000 05004 100001 LDA B4I
03419000 05005 031711 STA T1
03420000 05006 043637 JSM OUTST OUTPUT THE BRANCH COMMAND
03421000 05007 000177 LDA P0
03422000 05010 043637 JSM OUTST LEAVE TWO BLANK BYTES
03423000 05011 067637 JMP OUTST

03425000 *
03426000 * STRING BRANCH
03427000 *
03428000 05012 042002 BRSTR JSM BRNCH OUTPUT THE BRANCH COMMAND
03429000 05013 001711 LDA T1
03430000 05014 010047 CPA B230
03431000 05015 067744 JMP OSTRG OUTPUT THE LABEL
03432000 05016 010046 CPA B231
03433000 05017 067744 JMP OSTRG OUTPUT THE LABEL
03434000 *
03435000 05020 067522 JMP E7 ERROR, ILLEGAL BRANCH COMMAND

03437000 *
03438000 * NUMBER BRANCH
03439000 *
03440000 05021 042002 BRNUM JSM BRNCH OUTPUT THE BRANCH COMMAND
03441000 05022 001777 LDA D0
03442000 05023 072403 SZA **3
03443000 05024 043020 E10 JSM SETCE ERROR, ILLEGAL INTEGER
03444000 05025 030460 ASC I,10
03445000 *
03446000 05026 000114 LDA B44 OUTPUT 'INTEGER FOLLOWS'
03447000 05027 043637 JSM OUTST
03448000 *
03449000 05030 040646 JSM FIXPT+2 OUTPUT THE INTEGER
03450000 05031 173473 SOS E10
03451000 05032 000001 LDA B
03452000 05033 170707 RAR B
03453000 05034 043637 JSM OUTST
03454000 05035 170707 RAR B
03455000 05036 067635 JMP OUTQ+3

03457000 *
03458000 * STRING ASSIGNMENT
03459000 *
03460000 05037 000233 STRAS LDA ZK3
03461000 05040 067632 JMP OUT0 OUTPUT 'GAZINTA STRING'
03463000 *
03464000 * LITERAL TRANSFER
03465000 *
03466000 05041 101254 LITRL LDA STAKP,I
03467000 05042 043637 JSM OUTST OUTPUT TOS
03468000 05043 170507 SAR B
03469000 05044 072402 SZA **2
03470000 05045 043637 JSM OUTST
03471000 05046 000121 LDA B34
03472000 05047 043637 JSM OUTST OUTPUT 'COMMENT DELIMITER'
03473000 05050 074560 LIO WRC A,I
03474000 05051 010076 CPA B73
03475000 05052 066062 JMP L11 JUMP IF I
03476000 05053 010053 CPA B177
03477000 05054 066062 JMP L11 JUMP IF EOL
03478000 05055 010116 CPA B42
03479000 05056 066066 JMP L12 JUMP IF "
03480000 05057 010117 CPA B40
03481000 05060 066050 JMP L10
03482000 05061 066047 JMP L10-1
03483000 *
03484000 05062 000121 L11 LDA B34
03485000 05063 043637 JSM OUTST OUTPUT 'COMMENT DELIMITER'

```

COMPILER -- SYNTHESIZE

```

03486000 05064 074760 WRC A+D
03487000 05065 067543 JMP APL1
03488000 *
03489000 05066 004016 L12 LDB C
03490000 05067 035241 STB OLDC
03491000 05070 043637 JSM OUTST
03492000 05071 074560 WRC A+I
03493000 05072 010116 CPA B42
03494000 05073 066047 JMP L10-1
03495000 05074 010053 CPA H177
03496000 05075 067265 JMP E2 ERROR, UNTERMINATED STRING
03497000 05076 066070 JMP L12+2

```

```

03499000 *
03500000 * OUTPUT SUBSCRIPT COMMA
03501000 *
03502000 05077 000100 USCOM LDA B64
03503000 05100 067632 JMP OUT0 OUTPUT !,2!

```

COMPILER -- FILL IN BASE-PAGE LINKS

```

03504000 *
03506000 * FILL IN BASE-PAGE LINKS
03507000 *
03508000 00346 ORG ACPLR
03509000 00346 004442 DEF CPLR
03510000 00347 004000 DEF READ2
03511000 00350 004543 DEF APL1
03512000 00351 004020 DEF SETCE
03513000 00352 004274 DEF SNL
03514000 00353 004251 DEF SOL
03515000 00354 004752 DEF STRGF
03516000 00355 004637 DEF OUTS1
03517000 *
03518000 00333 ORG AMTBL
03519000 00333 001471 DEF MNTBL
03520000 *
03521000 END

```

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

```

00003000 76550 ORG 76550B
00004000 UNL

```

REVERSE COMPILER TABLE

```

02001000 15477 ORG 15477B
02002000 *
02003000 * CLASS TABLE FOR REVERSE COMPILER
02004000 *
02005000 * FORMAT IS PPPP CCCC MMMMMMMM
02006000 *
02007000 * P = PRIORITY
02008000 * C = CLASS
02009000 * M = MNEMONIC INFORMATION:
02010000 *
02011000 *
02012000 *
02013000 *
02014000 *
02015000 *
02016000 15477 000000 RTBL NOP 000
02017000 15500 003400 OCT 003400 001 0 7 000 ROM
02018000 15501 003400 OCT 003400 002 0 7 000 ROM
02019000 15502 003400 OCT 003400 003 0 7 000 ROM
02020000 15503 003400 OCT 003400 004 0 7 000 ROM
02021000 15504 003400 OCT 003400 005 0 7 000 ROM
02022000 15505 003400 OCT 003400 006 0 7 000 ROM
02023000 15506 003400 OCT 003400 007 0 7 000 ROM
02024000 15507 003400 OCT 003400 010 0 7 000 ROM
02025000 15510 003400 OCT 003400 011 0 7 000 ROM
02026000 15511 003400 OCT 003400 012 0 7 000 ROM
02027000 15512 003400 OCT 003400 013 0 7 000 ROM
02028000 15513 003400 OCT 003400 014 0 7 000 ROM
02029000 15514 003400 OCT 003400 015 0 7 000 ROM
02030000 15515 003400 OCT 003400 016 0 7 000 ROM

```

REVERSE COMPILER TABLE

02031000	15516	003400	OCT 003400	017	0	7	000	ROM
02032000	15517	003400	OCT 003400	020	0	7	000	ROM
02033000	15520	003400	OCT 003400	021	0	7	000	ROM
02034000	15521	003400	OCT 003400	022	0	7	000	ROM
02035000	15522	000000	NOP	023				
02036000	15523	000000	NOP	024				
02037000	15524	000000	NOP	025				
02038000	15525	000000	NOP	026				
02039000	15526	000000	NOP	027				
02040000	15527	000000	NOP	030				
02041000	15530	000000	NOP	031				
02042000	15531	000000	NOP	032				
02043000	15532	000000	NOP	033				
02044000	15533	002400	OCT 002400	034	0	5	000	LITERAL
02045000	15534	000000	NOP	035				
02046000	15535	000000	NOP	036				
02047000	15536	131400	OCT 131400	037	11	3	000	I*
02048000	15537	000000	NOP	040				
02049000	15540	000000	NOP	041				
02050000	15541	004000	OCT 004000	042	0	8	000	STRING FOLLOWS
02051000	15542	004000	OCT 004000	043	0	8	000	LABEL FOLLOWS
02052000	15543	005000	OCT 005000	044	0	10	000	INTEGER FOLLOWS
02053000	15544	000000	NOP	045				
02054000	15545	000000	NOP	046				
02055000	15546	004000	OCT 004000	047	0	8	000	'
02056000	15547	000000	NOP	050				
02057000	15550	000000	NOP	051				
02058000	15551	111452	OCT 111452	052	9	3	052	*
02059000	15552	101453	OCT 101453	053	8	3	053	*
02060000	15553	021454	OCT 021454	054	2	3	054	,1
02061000	15554	101455	OCT 101455	055	8	3	055	-
02062000	15555	121055	OCT 121055	056	10	2	055	U-
02063000	15556	111457	OCT 111457	057	9	3	057	/
02064000	15557	004400	OCT 004400	060	0	9	000	F NUMBER
02065000	15560	004400	OCT 004400	061	0	9	000	E NUMBER
02066000	15561	004400	OCT 004400	062	0	9	000	F NUMBER W/EXPONENT
02067000	15562	004400	OCT 004400	063	0	9	000	E NUMBER W/EXPONENT
02068000	15563	021454	OCT 021454	064	2	3	054	,2
02069000	15564	000000	NOP	065				
02070000	15565	000000	NOP	066				
02071000	15566	000000	NOP	067				
02072000	15567	000000	NOP	070				
02073000	15570	000000	NOP	071				
02074000	15571	031472	OCT 031472	072	3	3	072	I
02075000	15572	002073	OCT 002073	073	0	4	073	I
02076000	15573	000000	NOP	074				
02077000	15574	002072	OCT 002072	075	0	4	072	I
02078000	15575	000000	NOP	076				
02079000	15576	000000	NOP	077				
02080000	15577	000000	NOP	100				
02081000	15600	000501	OCT 000501	101	0	1	101	A
02082000	15601	000502	OCT 000502	102	0	1	102	B
02083000	15602	000503	OCT 000503	103	0	1	103	C
02084000	15603	000504	OCT 000504	104	0	1	104	D
02085000	15604	000505	OCT 000505	105	0	1	105	E
02086000	15605	000506	OCT 000506	106	0	1	106	F
02087000	15606	000507	OCT 000507	107	0	1	107	G
02088000	15607	000510	OCT 000510	110	0	1	110	H
02089000	15610	000511	OCT 000511	111	0	1	111	I
02090000	15611	000512	OCT 000512	112	0	1	112	J
02091000	15612	000513	OCT 000513	113	0	1	113	K
02092000	15613	000514	OCT 000514	114	0	1	114	L
02093000	15614	000515	OCT 000515	115	0	1	115	M
02094000	15615	000516	OCT 000516	116	0	1	116	N
02095000	15616	000517	OCT 000517	117	0	1	117	O
02096000	15617	000520	OCT 000520	120	0	1	120	P
02097000	15620	000521	OCT 000521	121	0	1	121	Q
02098000	15621	000522	OCT 000522	122	0	1	122	R
02099000	15622	000523	OCT 000523	123	0	1	123	S
02100000	15623	000524	OCT 000524	124	0	1	124	T
02101000	15624	000525	OCT 000525	125	0	1	125	U
02102000	15625	000526	OCT 000526	126	0	1	126	V
02103000	15626	000527	OCT 000527	127	0	1	127	W
02104000	15627	000530	OCT 000530	130	0	1	130	X
02105000	15630	000531	OCT 000531	131	0	1	131	Y
02106000	15631	000532	OCT 000532	132	0	1	132	Z
02107000	15632	025400	OCT 025400	133	2	11		DIM OPERATOR
02108000	15633	151134	OCT 151134	134	13	2	134	SQR
02109000	15634	000000	NOP	135	0	0	000	END OF #
02110000	15635	000000	NOP	136				
02111000	15636	000000	NOP	137				
02112000	15637	000452	OCT 000452	140	0	1	052	ENTIRE ARRAY

REVERSE COMPILER TABLE

02113000	15640	171101	OCT	171101	141	15	2	101	AC
02114000	15641	171102	OCT	171102	142	15	2	102	BC
02115000	15642	171103	OCT	171103	143	15	2	103	CC
02116000	15643	171104	OCT	171104	144	15	2	104	DC
02117000	15644	171105	OCT	171105	145	15	2	105	EC
02118000	15645	171106	OCT	171106	146	15	2	106	FC
02119000	15646	171107	OCT	171107	147	15	2	107	GC
02120000	15647	171110	OCT	171110	150	15	2	110	HC
02121000	15650	171111	OCT	171111	151	15	2	111	IC
02122000	15651	171112	OCT	171112	152	15	2	112	JC
02123000	15652	171113	OCT	171113	153	15	2	113	KC
02124000	15653	171114	OCT	171114	154	15	2	114	LC
02125000	15654	171115	OCT	171115	155	15	2	115	MC
02126000	15655	171116	OCT	171116	156	15	2	116	NC
02127000	15656	171117	OCT	171117	157	15	2	117	OC
02128000	15657	171120	OCT	171120	160	15	2	120	PC
02129000	15660	171121	OCT	171121	161	15	2	121	QC
02130000	15661	171122	OCT	171122	162	15	2	122	RC
02131000	15662	171123	OCT	171123	163	15	2	123	SC
02132000	15663	171124	OCT	171124	164	15	2	124	TC
02133000	15664	171125	OCT	171125	165	15	2	125	UC
02134000	15665	171126	OCT	171126	166	15	2	126	VC
02135000	15666	171127	OCT	171127	167	15	2	127	WC
02136000	15667	171130	OCT	171130	170	15	2	130	XC
02137000	15670	171131	OCT	171131	171	15	2	131	YC
02138000	15671	171132	OCT	171132	172	15	2	132	ZC
02139000	15672	000573	OCT	000573	173	0	1	173	PI
02140000	15673	031575	OCT	031575	174	3	3	175	GAZINTA STRING
02141000	15674	031575	OCT	031575	175	3	3	175	GAZINTA
02142000	15675	000400	OCT	000400	176	0	1	000	EMPTY
02143000	15676	002177	OCT	002177	177	0	4	177	EOL
02144000	15677	011003	OCT	011003	200	1	2	3	IF
02145000	15700	011004	OCT	011004	201	1	2	4	PRT
02146000	15701	011004	OCT	011004	202	1	2	4	DSP
02147000	15702	041400	OCT	041400	203	4	3		OH
02148000	15703	051400	OCT	051400	204	5	3		AND
02149000	15704	061000	OCT	061000	205	6	2		NOT
02150000	15705	011000	OCT	011000	206	1	2		FXD
02151000	15706	011000	OCT	011000	207	1	2		FLT
02152000	15707	011000	OCT	011000	210	1	2		SPC
02153000	15710	011000	OCT	011000	211	1	2		JMP
02154000	15711	011000	OCT	011000	212	1	2		SFG
02155000	15712	011000	OCT	011000	213	1	2		CFG
02156000	15713	011000	OCT	011000	214	1	2		CMF
02157000	15714	161000	OCT	161000	215	14	2		PRND
02158000	15715	161000	OCT	161000	216	14	2		DRND
02159000	15716	011000	OCT	011000	217	1	2		THC
02160000	15717	011000	OCT	011000	220	1	2		NOR
02161000	15720	011000	OCT	011000	221	1	2		STP
02162000	15721	151000	OCT	151000	222	13	2		FLG
02163000	15722	011000	OCT	011000	223	1	2		ENT
02164000	15723	003000	OCT	003000	224	0	6		GTO-
02165000	15724	003000	OCT	003000	225	0	6		GTO+
02166000	15725	003000	OCT	003000	226	0	6		GSB-
02167000	15726	003000	OCT	003000	227	0	6		GSB+
02168000	15727	003000	OCT	003000	230	0	6		GTO
02169000	15730	003000	OCT	003000	231	0	6		GSB
02170000	15731	011000	OCT	011000	232	1	2		DIM
02171000	15732	011000	OCT	011000	233	1	2		RET
02172000	15733	011000	OCT	011000	234	1	2		WAIT
02173000	15734	000400	OCT	000400	235	0	1		BEEP
02174000	15735	000400	OCT	000400	236	0	1		END
02175000	15736	000400	OCT	000400	237	0	1		REW
02176000	15737	041400	OCT	041400	240	4	3		XOR
02177000	15740	011000	OCT	011000	241	1	2		IDF
02178000	15741	011000	OCT	011000	242	1	2		SSC
02179000	15742	011000	OCT	011000	243	1	2		TRK
02180000	15743	011000	OCT	011000	244	1	2		EDF
02181000	15744	011000	OCT	011000	245	1	2		ERT
02182000	15745	011000	OCT	011000	246	1	2		MRK
02183000	15746	011000	OCT	011000	247	1	2		RCF
02184000	15747	011000	OCT	011000	250	1	2		LDF
02185000	15750	011000	OCT	011000	251	1	2		ENP
02186000	15751	011000	OCT	011000	252	1	2		LDP
02187000	15752	011000	OCT	011000	253	1	2		RCM
02188000	15753	011000	OCT	011000	254	1	2		LDM
02189000	15754	011000	OCT	011000	255	1	2		RCK
02190000	15755	011000	OCT	011000	256	1	2		LDK
02191000	15756	011000	OCT	011000	257	1	2		LDB
02192000	15757	011000	OCT	011000	260	1	2		VFY
02193000	15760	000400	OCT	000400	261	0	1		AVD
02194000	15761	000400	OCT	000400	262	0	1		AVE
02195000	15762	000400	OCT	000400	263	0	1		LKD
02196000	15763	000400	OCT	000400	264	0	1		LKE
02197000	15764	071400	OCT	071400	265	7	3		#

REVERSE COMPILER TABLE

02198000	15765	071400	OCT 071400	266	7	3	<=
02199000	15766	071400	OCT 071400	267	7	3	>=
02200000	15767	071400	OCT 071400	270	7	3	<
02201000	15770	071400	OCT 071400	271	7	3	>
02202000	15771	071400	OCT 071400	272	7	3	=
02203000	15772	151000	OCT 151000	273	13	2	L.C. R
02204000	15773	011000	OCT 011000	274	1	2	LIST
02205000	15774	000400	OCT 000400	275	0	1	RES
02206000	15775	000400	OCT 000400	276	0	1	LIST K
02207000	15776	000400	OCT 000400	277	0	1	TLIST
02208000	15777	151000	OCT 151000	300	13	2	L.C. P

REVERSE COMPILER

```

02210000 05106      OPD 0106B
02211000      *
02212000      * REVERSE COMPILER
02213000      *

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02215000      *
02216000      * POINTERS AND EQUATES
02217000      *
02218000      077241 LEFT EQU CMTMP+2
02219000      077242 FR1 EQU CMTMP+3      INPUT PRIORITY
02220000      077243 LAST EQU CMTMP+4      LATEST OUTPUT PRIORITY
02221000      077244 ARXBF EQU CMTMP+5      LEFT END OF BUFFER
02222000      077245 CODE EQU CMTMP+6
02223000      077246 HT1 EQU CMTMP+7
02224000      077247 HT2 EQU CMTMP+8
02225000      077250 H13 EQU CMTMP+9
02226000      077251 OFLAG EQU CMTMP+10     OUTPUT BUFFER OVERFLOW FLAG
02227000      077252 IMMFG EQU CMTMP+11     I* DUMP FLAG

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02229000 05106      HSS 1      *** RESERVED FOR 4K-PAGE CHECKSUM

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REVERSE COMPILER SUBROUTINES

```

02231000      *
02232000      * OUTPUT WRITER SUBROUTINE
02233000      *
02234000      05107 000177 KCPAR LDA P0      SPECIAL ENTRY FOR PARENTHESES
02235000      05110 042142      JSM RCSTK
02236000      05111 000231      LDA RK1      STACK '()'
02237000      05112 042142      JSM RCSTK
02238000      05113 000112      LDA H51      OUTPUT '()'
02239000      *
02240000      05114 072422 KCOU1 SZA RCO2     SKIP IF NULL CHARACTER
02241000      05115 004016      LDB C
02242000      05116 035714      STB T4      SAVE C
02243000      05117 004316      LDB AIBFL
02244000      05120 034016      STB C      INITIALIZE DESTINATION
02245000      05121 024257      ADH M1
02246000      05122 034017      STB D      INITIALIZE SOURCE
02247000      05123 074771 KCO1 WHD B,D
02248000      05124 074741      PRC B,D      MOVE A BYTE
02249000      05125 004017      LDB D
02250000      05126 015244      CPB ARBF
02251000      05127 066131      JMP **2
02252000      05130 066123      JMP RCO1
02253000      *
02254000      05131 005714      LDB T4
02255000      05132 034016      STB C      RESTORE C
02256000      *
02257000      05133 074550      PBU A,I      INSERT NEW CHARACTER
02258000      05134 104316      LDR AIBFL,I
02259000      05135 014262      CPB FOBLN     OVERFLOW?
02260000      05136 170201 KCO2 RET 1      NO
02261000      05137 004074      LDB B77      YES
02262000      05140 035251      STB OFLAG
02263000      05141 170201      RET 1
02265000      *
02266000      * STACKER SUBROUTINE
02267000      *
02268000      05142 005254 RCSTK LDB STAKP
02269000      05143 014326      CPB ASLMT
02270000      05144 164424      JMP ASYER,I   STACK OVERFLOW
02271000      *
02272000      05145 045254      ISZ STAKP
02273000      05146 131254      STA STAKP,I   STACK THE INFO
02274000      05147 170201      RET 1

```

REVERSE COMPILER SUBROUTINES

```

02276000 *
02277000 * MNEMONIC TABLE SCAN SUBROUTINE FOR REVERSE COMPILER
02278000 *
02279000 * ON ENTRY:
02280000 *
02281000 * A=REGISTER = OPCODE
02282000 * B=REGISTER = WORD ADDRESS OF TABLE
02283000 *
02284000 * ON EXIT:
02285000 *
02286000 * GUIDE = CHARACTER COUNT INCLUDED
02287000 * ASCII = CHARACTER POINTER TO RIGHT END OF MNEMONIC
02288000 *
02289000 * A-REGISTER = GUIDE
02290000 *
02291000 05150 031711 TSCAN STA T1          SAVE OPCODE
02292000 05151 034017 STB D
02293000 05152 074770 WBD A,D          INITIALIZE CHARACTER POINTER
02294000 *
02295000 05153 000177 Y1 LDA P0
02296000 05154 031713 STA T3          INITIALIZE CHARACTER COUNT
02297000 05155 074570 Y2 WRD A,I
02298000 05156 170607 SAL D
02299000 05157 172603 SAM *+3,C      SKIP IF OPCODE
02300000 05160 045713 ISZ T3
02301000 05161 066155 JMP Y2
02302000 *
02303000 05162 170507 SAR B
02304000 05163 011711 CPA T1
02305000 05164 066166 JMP *+2        JUMP IF FOUND
02306000 05165 066153 JMP Y1
02307000 *
02308000 05166 001237 LDA GUIDE
02309000 05167 050170 AND M256
02310000 05170 061713 IOR T3
02311000 05171 031237 STA GUIDE      RECORD CHARACTER COUNT
02312000 *
02313000 05172 054017 DSZ D
02314000 05173 004017 LDH D
02315000 05174 035240 STH ASCII     RECORD CHARACTER POINTER
02316000 *
02317000 05175 170201 RET 1
02318000 *
02319000 * BACKWARD SCAN SUBROUTINE FOR REVERSE COMPILER
02320000 *
02321000 *
02322000 * ON RETURN TO P+1: AT LH LIMIT
02323000 *
02324000 * ON RETURN TO P+2: B=REGISTER HAS BYTE
02325000 *
02326000 05176 004304 HSCAN LDB ACBUF
02327000 05177 014016 CPB C
02328000 05200 170201 RET 1          AT LH LIMIT, DONE
02329000 *
02330000 05201 034017 STB D
02331000 05202 074571 WRD B,I      INITIALIZE FORWARD POINTER
02332000 *
02333000 05203 004017 HSCAL LDH D
02334000 05204 014016 CPB C
02335000 05205 066264 JMP HS2      JUMP IF C IS OK
02336000 05206 000017 LDA D
02337000 05207 074771 WBD B,D      BACK UP ONE SPACE
02338000 05210 004017 LDB D
02339000 05211 014016 CPB C
02340000 05212 066262 JMP HS1      JUMP IF C NOT OK
02341000 *
02342000 05213 031241 STA LEFTE     SAVE OLD D
02343000 05214 030017 STA D
02344000 05215 074570 WRD A,I      CONTINUE FORWARD SCAN
02345000 05216 031711 STA T1
02346000 05217 020332 ADA ARTBL
02347000 05220 100000 LDA A,I      GET RTBL WORD
02348000 05221 170507 SAR B
02349000 05222 050130 AND H17     GET CLASS
02350000 05223 010142 CPA P5
02351000 05224 066253 JMP HS5     5 = LITERAL
02352000 05225 010141 CPA P6
02353000 05226 066257 JMP HS6     6 = GTO OR GSB
02354000 05227 010140 CPA P7
02355000 05230 066245 JMP HS3     7 = OPTIONAL ROM
02356000 05231 010137 CPA P8
02357000 05232 066240 JMP HS4     8 = CHARACTER STRING
02358000 05233 010136 CPA P9
02359000 05234 066253 JMP HS5     9 = REAL NUMBER
02360000 05235 010135 CPA P10
02361000 05236 066257 JMP HS6     10 = INTEGER NUMBER
02362000 *
02363000 05237 066203 JMP HSCL    NONE => ONE-BYTE CODE

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REVERSE COMPILER SUBROUTINES

02365000			*		
02366000			*	CHARACTER STRING	
02367000			*		
02368000	05240	074571	RS*	WRD B,I	GET LENGTH OF STRING
02369000	05241	174040		TCB	
02370000	05242	076541		SIB RSCL	
02371000	05243	074570		WRD A,I	SKIP TO END OF STRING
02372000	05244	066242		JMP *-2	
02373000			*		
02374000			*	OPTIONAL-ROM CODE	
02375000			*		
02376000	05245	074570	RSJ	WRD A,I	SKIP SECOND CODE OF PAIR
02377000	05246	170607		SAL B	
02378000	05247	061711		IOR T1	
02379000	05250	010043		CPA B411	IS IT API 'XXX' ?
02380000	05251	066240		JMP RS4	YES
02381000	05252	066203		JMP RSCL	
02382000			*		
02383000			*	REAL NUMBER OR ENT LITERAL	
02384000			*		
02385000	05253	074570	RSB	WRD A,I	LOOK FOR END OF IT
02386000	05254	010121		CPA B34	
02387000	05255	066203		JMP RSCL	
02388000	05256	066253		JMP *-3	
02389000			*		
02390000			*	GTO OR GSB	
02391000			*		
02392000	05257	074570	RSB	WRD A,I	SKIP H.S. BRANCH ADDRESS
02393000	05260	074570		WRD A,I	
02394000	05261	066203		JMP RSCL	

02396000			*		
02397000			*	NORMAL RETURNS	
02398000			*		
02399000	05262	005241	RS1	LDB LEFT	
02400000	05263	034016		STB C	CORRECT C
02401000	05264	074761	RS2	WRC B,D	
02402000	05265	170202		RET 2	RETURN WITH BYTE

REVERSE COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

02404000			*		
02405000			*	INITIALIZATION	
02406000			*		
02407000			*	ON ENTRY:	
02408000			*		
02409000			*	R-REGISTER HAS LOCATION FOR LEFT END	
02410000			*		
02411000	05266	035244	KCLR	STB ARBF	INITIALIZE LEFT-END POINTER
02412000	05267	000001		LDA B	
02413000	05270	004450		LDB ACLBI	
02414000	05271	024254		ADB PI	SPECIAL ENTRY INTO ACLBI,I
02415000	05272	140001		JSH B,I	TO CLEAR MOST OF I/O BUFFER
02416000	05273	000262		LDA TOBLN	
02417000	05274	130316		STA AIBFL,I	
02418000	05275	000117		LDA B40	
02419000	05276	031251		STA OFLAG	INDICATE NO BUFFER OVERFLOW
02420000			*		
02421000	05277	000257		LDA M1	
02422000	05300	031610		STA KBFMT	INDICATE COMPILE BUFFER IS OVERWRIT
02423000	05301	001532		LDA REFOR	
02424000	05302	072402		SZA *-2	
02425000	05303	141532		JSH REFOR,I	
02426000			*		
02427000	05304	140511		JSH AGEQL,I	LOOK FOR EOL
02428000	05305	066323		JMP RL1	

02430000			*		
02431000			*	EXIT ROUTINE	
02432000			*		
02433000	05306	005244	KXIT	LDB ARBF	
02434000	05307	034017		STB D	INITIALIZE POINTER FOR OVERFLOW FLAG
02435000	05310	074570		WRD A,I	
02436000	05311	001251		LDA OFLAG	
02437000	05312	074750		PRD A,D	STORE OVERFLOW STATUS FLAG
02438000	05313	000214		LDA EOLB	
02439000	05314	130316		STA AIBFL,I	FIX UP END OF I/O BUFFER
02440000			*		
02441000	05315	005531		LDR APRVC	IS API ROM IN?
02442000	05316	076402		S7H *-2	NO
02443000	05317	164001		JMP B,I	YES
02444000	05320	170201		RFT 1	

REVERSE COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

```

02446000 *
02447000 * MAIN LOOP
02448000 *
02449000 05321 042176 RLOOP JSM RSCAN SCAN BACKWARDS
02450000 05322 066306 JMP REXIT DONE
02451000 *
02452000 05323 035245 RL1 STB CODE SAVE BYTE
02453000 05324 024332 ADB ARTBL
02454000 05325 100001 LDA B,I
02455000 05326 031237 STA GUIDE SAVE RTBL WORD
02456000 05327 004177 LDB P0
02457000 05330 035240 STB ASCII INITIALIZE 'ASCII' TO 'NO MNEMONIC'
02458000 *
02459000 05331 005245 LDB CODE RECALL CODE
02460000 05332 024167 ADB M128
02461000 05333 176405 SRM RL4 SKIP UNLESS MAINFRAME MNEMONIC
02462000 05334 000001 LDA B
02463000 05335 020254 ADA P1
02464000 05336 004333 LDB AMTBL
02465000 05337 042150 JSM TSCAN GO GET MNEMONIC INFORMATION
02466000 *
02467000 05340 170507 RL4 SAR B
02468000 05341 050130 AND B17 GET CLASS
02469000 05342 022344 ADA AJ2
02470000 05343 164000 JMP A,I BRANCH VIA JMP TABLE
02471000 *
02472000 05344 105345 AJ2 DEF *+1,I JUMP TABLE #2
02473000 *
02474000 05345 100424 DEF ASYER,I 0 UNEXPECTED CODE
02475000 05346 005433 DEF RC2 1 OPERAND
02476000 05347 005470 DEF RC4 2 UNARY OPERATOR
02477000 05350 005470 DEF RC4 3 BINARY OPERATOR
02478000 05351 005427 DEF RC1 4 EOL
02479000 05352 005575 DEF ELOUT 5 LITERAL
02480000 05353 005433 DEF RC2 6 GTO OR GSB
02481000 05354 005361 DEF OPRM 7 OPTIONAL-ROM
02482000 05355 005545 DEF STOUT 8 CHARACTER STRING
02483000 05356 005610 DEF REOUT 9 REAL NUMBER
02484000 05357 005737 DEF INTOT 10 INTEGER NUMBER
02485000 05360 005321 DEF RLOOP 11 IGNORE
02486000 *
02487000 * CALL OPTIONAL-ROM FOR REVERSE COMPILER
02488000 *
02489000 *
02490000 * ON EXIT:
02491000 *
02492000 * 'GUIDE' = 'GUIDE' INFORMATION
02493000 * 'ASCII' = CHARACTER POINTER TO RIGHT END OF MNEMONIC
02494000 *
02495000 05361 004326 OPRM LDB ATROM
02496000 05362 025245 ADB CODE
02497000 05363 104001 LDB B,I GET ROM PAGE ADDRESS
02498000 05364 076407 SZB E20A SKIP IF ROM IS MISSING
02499000 05365 024254 ADB P1
02500000 05366 035246 STB RT1 COMPILE
02501000 05367 024254 ADB P1
02502000 05370 035247 STB RT2 REVERSE COMPILE
02503000 05371 104001 LDB B,I
02504000 05372 014257 CPB M1
02505000 05373 066772 E20A JMP E20 ERROR, ROM MISSING
02506000 *
02507000 05374 044016 ISZ C
02508000 05375 074760 WBC A,D GET ROM'S RELATIVE CODE
02509000 05376 031250 STA RT3
02510000 05377 074761 WBC B,D
02511000 *
02512000 05400 105247 LDB RT2,I
02513000 05401 176205 SRP *+5,C
02514000 05402 140001 JSM B,I OPTIONAL CALL ON ROM
02515000 05403 064406 JMP *+3
02516000 05404 001237 LDA GUIDE SPECIAL RETURN FOR STRING ROM
02517000 05405 066340 JMP RL4
02518000 *
02519000 05406 001250 LDA RT3
02520000 05407 020257 ADA M1
02521000 05410 170700 RAR I
02522000 05411 024000 ADB A
02523000 05412 176204 SRP *+4,C SKIP IF LEFT HALF
02524000 05413 100001 LDA B,I
02525000 05414 170607 SAL B
02526000 05415 066420 JMP *+3
02527000 05416 100001 LDA B,I
02528000 05417 050170 AND M256
02529000 05420 031237 STA GUIDE SAVE 'GUIDE' INFORMATION
02530000 *

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REVERSE COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

02531000	05421	105246		LDR R11,1	
02532000	05422	176202		SAP *+2,C	
02533000	05423	140001		JSM B,I	OPTIONAL CALL ON ROM
02534000			*		
02535000	05424	001250		LDA RT3	
02536000	05425	042150		JSM TSCAN	GO GET MNEMONIC INFORMATION
02537000	05426	066340		JMP RL4	
02537000			*		
02540000			*	EOL CODE	
02541000			*		
02542000	05427	000305	RC1	LDA ASTAK	
02543000	05430	031254		STA STAKP	RESET STACK POINTER
02544000	05431	000177		LDA PU	
02545000	05432	031243		STA LAST	RESET 'LAST'
02546000			*		
02547000			*	OPERAND	
02548000			*		
02549000	05433	001237	RC2	LDA GUIDE	
02550000	05434	005249		LDB ASCII	
02551000	05435	042754		JSM NMOUT	OUTPUT OPERAND
02552000	05436	000177	RC2A	LDA P0	
02553000	05437	031252		STA IMMFG	
02554000			*		
02555000	05440	004305	RC3	LDB ASTAK	
02556000	05441	015254		CPB STAKP	STACK EMPTY?
02557000	05442	066321		JMP RLOOP	YES
02558000			*		
02559000	05443	101254		LDA STAKP,I	RECALL STACKED 'GUIDE'
02560000	05444	055254		DSZ STAKP	
02561000	05445	031237		STA GUIDE	
02562000	05446	105254		LDB STAKP,I	RECALL STACKED 'ASCII'
02563000	05447	055254		DSZ STAKP	
02564000	05450	010245		CPA IMCON	=131400B
02565000	05451	066455		JMP RC3A	JUMP IF IMPLIED MULTIPLY
02566000	05452	042754		JSM NMOUT	OUTPUT TOS
02567000	05453	000177		LDA P0	
02568000	05454	031252		STA IMMFG	NOT IMPLIED MULTIPLY
02569000			*		
02570000	05455	001237	RC3A	LDA GUIDE	
02571000	05456	004000		LDB A	
02572000	05457	170507		SAR B	
02573000	05460	050130		AND B17	A=CLASS
02574000			*		
02575000	05461	174513		SHR 12	B=PRIORITY
02576000	05462	014140		CPB P7	
02577000	05463	004137		LDB P8	CHANGE 7 TO 8
02578000	05464	035243		STR LAST	SET 'LAST'
02579000	05465	010144		CPA P3	BINARY OPERATOR?
02580000	05466	066321		JMP RLOOP	YES
02581000	05467	066440		JMP RC3	NO
02582000			*		
02583000			*	OPERATOR	
02584000			*		
02585000	05470	001237	RC4	LDA GUIDE	
02586000	05471	170513		SAR 12	A=INPUT PRIORITY
02587000	05472	031242		STA PRI	
02588000	05473	000305		LDA ASTAK	
02589000	05474	011254		CPA STAKP	STACK EMPTY?
02590000	05475	066505		JMP RC5	YES
02591000	05476	101254		LDA STAKP,I	
02592000	05477	170513		SAR 12	A=PR2
02593000	05500	010132		CPA P13	
02594000	05501	000133		LDA P12	CHANGE 13 TO 12
02595000	05502	170140		CMA	
02596000	05503	021242		ADA PRI	PRI-PR2-1
02597000	05504	172405		SAR RC6	
02598000	05505	001242	RC5	LDA PRI	
02599000	05506	170140		CMA	
02600000	05507	021243		ADA LAST	LAST-PRI-1
02601000	05510	172406		SAR RC7	
02602000	05511	042107	RC6	JSM RCPAR	STACK 'I' AND OUIPUT 'I'
02603000	05512	000177		LDA P0	
02604000	05513	031252		STA IMMFG	COVERS CASE (2+3)4
02605000	05514	000254		LDA P1	
02606000	05515	031243		STA LAST	SET 'LAST'
02607000			*		
02608000	05516	001240	RC7	LDA ASCII	STACK INPUT INFORMATION
02609000	05517	042142		JSM RCSTK	
02610000	05520	001237		LDA GUIDE	
02611000	05521	042142		JSM RCSTK	
02612000	05522	001242		LDA PRI	RECALL INPUT PRIORITY
02613000	05523	010131		CPA P14	
02614000	05524	066530		JMP RC8	
02615000	05525	010130		CPA P15	
02616000	05526	066532		JMP RC9	

REVERSE COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

02018000	05427	066321	*	JMP RLOOP	
02019000			*		
02020000	05430	042107	HCB	JSM RCPAR	STACK '(' AND OUTPUT ')'
02021000	05431	066540	*	JMP RCOM	
02022000			*		
02023000	05432	000177	KCY	LDA P0	
02024000	05433	042142		JSM RCSTK	
02025000	05434	000230		LDA RK2	STACK '(')
02026000	05435	042142		JSM RCSTK	
02027000	05436	000067		LDA B135	
02028000	05437	042114		JSM RCOU	OUTPUT ')'
02029000	05440	000177	RCOM	LDA P0	
02030000	05441	031252		STA IMMFG	COVERS CASE A1213
02031000	05442	000254		LDA P1	
02032000	05443	031243		STA LAST	SET 'LAST'
02033000	05444	066321		JMP RLOOP	
02035000			*		
02036000			*		SECTION TO OUTPUT A STRING IN LIST FORMAT
02037000			*		
02038000	05445	000110	STOUT	LDA B42	
02039000	05446	042114		JSM RCOU	OUTPUT TRAILING QUOTE
02040000	05447	004016		LDB C	
02041000	05450	035270		STB SAVEC	SAVE C
02042000	05451	044016		ISZ C	
02043000	05452	074560		WRC A,I	GET LENGTH
02044000	05453	072415		SZA ST1	
02045000	05454	031712		STA T2	
02046000	05455	031713		STA T3	
02047000			*		
02048000	05456	074560		WRC A,I	FIND RIGHT-HAND END OF STRING
02049000	05457	055712		DSZ T2	
02050000	05460	066556		JMP *-2	
02051000	05461	074760		WRC A,D	POINT TO RIGHT-HAND END OF STRING
02052000			*		
02053000	05462	074760		WRC A,D	READ A CHARACTER
02054000	05463	042114		JSM RCOU	MOVE TO OUTPUT
02055000	05464	010116		CPA B42	
02056000	05465	042114		JSM RCOU	DUPLICATE IF "
02057000	05466	055713		DSZ T3	
02058000	05467	066562		JMP *-5	
02059000			*		
02060000	05470	000110	ST1	LDA B42	
02061000	05471	042114		JSM RCOU	OUTPUT LEADING QUOTE
02062000	05472	005270		LDB SAVEC	
02063000	05473	034016		STB C	RESTORE C
02064000	05474	066439		JMP RC2A	
02065000			*		
02066000			*		SECTION TO OUTPUT LITERAL
02067000			*		
02068000			*		
02069000	05475	044016	EL0UT	ISZ C	SKIP PAST LEADING B34
02070000			*		
02071000	05476	074560	EL1	WRC A,I	FIND RIGHT-HAND END OF LITERAL
02072000	05477	010121		CPA B34	
02073000	05600	066602		JMP EL2	
02074000	05601	066576		JMP EL1	
02075000	05602	054016	EL2	DSZ C	
02076000			*		
02077000	05603	074760	EL3	WRC A,D	READ A CHARACTER
02078000	05604	010121		CPA B34	
02079000	05605	066321		JMP RLOOP	
02080000	05606	042114		JSM RCOU	MOVE TO OUTPUT
02081000	05607	066603		JMP EL3	
02082000			*		
02083000			*		SECTION TO OUTPUT A REAL NUMBER IN LIST FORMAT
02084000			*		
02085000			*		
02086000	05610	001252	REOUT	LDA IMMFG	
02087000	05611	170140		CKA	
02088000	05612	031252		STA IMMFG	
02089000	05613	072002		RZA *-2	
02090000	05614	042107		JSM RCPAR	DUMPING NUMBER WITH I* ACTIVE
02091000	05615	004016		LDB C	
02092000	05616	035270		STB SAVEC	SAVE C
02093000	05617	000345		LDA ADRI	
02094000	05620	030017		STA D	
02095000	05621	071603		CLR 4	CLEAR ARI
02096000	05622	173201		SOC *-1,C	
02097000			*		
02098000	05623	074560		WRC A,I	
02099000	05624	074560		WRC A,I	GET FORMAT INDICATOR
02100000	05625	010103		CPA B60	
02101000	05626	173211		SOC RN2+C	JUMP IF F/NX
02102000	05627	010102		CPA B61	

REVERSE COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

02703000	05430	173307	SOC RN2,S	JUMP IF F/NX
02704000	05431	010101	CPA B63	
02705000	05432	173301	SOC *+1,S	
02706000			*	
02707000	05433	074560	WBC A,I	
02708000	05434	170607	SAL 8	
02709000	05435	170401	AAR 2	
02710000	05436	031770	STA ARI	SET UP EXPONENT
02711000			*	
02712000	05437	074560	RN2 WBC A,I	MOVE DIGITS TO ARI
02713000	05440	010121	CPA B34	
02714000	05441	066644	JMP RN3A	
02715000	05442	074550	PHD A,I	
02716000	05443	066637	JMP RN2	
02717000			*	
02718000	05444	005270	RN3A LDB SAVEC	
02719000	05445	034016	STB C	RESTORE C
02720000			*	
02721000			*	* ENTER HERE IF NUMBER ALREADY IN ARI
02722000			*	
02723000	05446	001770	LDA ARI	
02724000	05447	170405	AAR 6	LOOK AT EXPONENT
02725000			*	
02726000	05450	173022	SOC ROUTF	SKIP IF F-FORMAT
02727000			*	
02728000	05451	172002	SAP *+2	GET ABS OF EXPONENT
02729000	05452	170040	TCA	
02730000	05453	040762	RN4 JSM SDIY	GET EXPONENT DIGIT
02731000	05454	000135	DEF P10	
02732000	05455	024103	ADH B60	CONVERT TO ASCII
02733000	05456	031711	STA T1	
02734000	05457	000001	LDA B	
02735000	05460	042114	JSM RCOUT	MOVE TO OUTPUT
02736000	05461	001711	LDA T1	
02737000	05462	072071	RZA RN4	
02738000	05463	001770	LDA ARI	
02739000	05464	172003	SAP *+3	TEST EXPONENT SIGN
02740000	05465	000106	LDA B55	
02742000	05466	042114	JSM RCOUT	OUTPUT '0'
02743000	05467	000063	LDA B145	
02744000	05470	042114	JSM RCOUT	OUTPUT 'EEX'
02745000			*	
02746000	05471	000177	LDA P0	FALL THROUGH TO F-SECTION
02747000			*	
02748000	05472	170140	ROUTF CMA	
02749000	05473	031711	STA T1	SAVE K = 1'S COMPLEMENT OF EXP
02750000	05474	020133	ANA P12	
02751000	05475	172010	SAP RF2	
02752000	05476	031712	STA T2	
02753000	05477	000103	LDA B60	
02754000	05700	042114	JSM RCOUT	OUTPUT '0' TO LEFT OF DECIMAL
02755000	05701	045711	ISZ T1	
02756000	05702	045712	ISZ T2	
02757000	05703	066700	JMP *-3	
02758000	05704	066727	JMP RF4	
02759000			*	
02760000	05705	170040	RF2 TCA	
02761000	05706	172021	SAP RF4	
02762000	05707	004103	LDB B60	
02763000	05710	035712	STB T2	SET INSIGNIFICANT-ZERO FLAG
02764000	05711	031713	STA T3	DIGIT COUNTER
02765000	05712	075441	RF3 DRS	SHIFT ARI RIGHT
02766000	05713	060103	IDR B60	CONVERT TO ASCII
02767000	05714	011712	CPA T2	
02768000	05715	066721	JMP *+4	DON'T OUTPUT INSIGNIFICANT ZEROS
02769000	05716	042114	JSM RCOUT	
02770000	05717	000177	LDA P0	
02771000	05720	031712	STA T2	RESET INSIGNIFICANT-ZERO FLAG
02772000	05721	045713	ISZ T3	
02773000	05722	066712	JMP RF3	
02774000			*	
02775000	05723	001712	LDA T2	
02776000	05724	072003	RZA *+3	
02777000	05725	000105	LDA B56	
02778000	05726	042114	JSM RCOUT	OUTPUT '0'
02779000			*	
02780000	05727	001711	RF4 LDA T1	RECALL K
02781000	05730	172006	SAP RF6	DONE
02782000	05731	075441	RF5 DRS	SHIFT ARI RIGHT
02783000	05732	060103	IDR B60	CONVERT TO ASCII
02784000	05733	042114	JSM RCOUT	
02785000	05734	045711	ISZ T1	TEST FOR FINAL MSD
02786000	05735	066731	JMP RF5	
02787000			*	
02788000	05736	066440	RF6 JMP RC3	

REVERSE COMPILER -- MAIN SECTION

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02190000 *
02191000 * SECTION TO OUTPUT AN INTEGER
02192000 *
02193000 05737 004010 INTOT LDB C
02194000 05740 035270 STB SAVEC SAVE C
02195000 05741 044010 ISZ C
02196000 05742 074560 WRC A,I GET THE INTEGER
02197000 05743 170607 SAL B
02198000 05744 074561 WBC B,I
02199000 05745 024000 ADB A
02000000 05746 140563 JSM AFLTP,I CONVERT TO FLOATING
02001000 05747 000127 LDA ADR2
02002000 05750 004345 LOH ADR1
02003000 05751 071403 XFR 4 MOVE TO ARI
02004000 05752 173201 SOC *+1,C
02005000 05753 066544 JMP RN3A
02007000 *
02008000 * SUBROUTINE TO OUTPUT NORMAL CODES
02009000 *
02010000 * ON ENTRY:
02011000 *
02012000 * A-REGISTER = 'GUIDE' INFORMATION
02013000 * B-REGISTER = 'ASCII' INFORMATION
02014000 *
02015000 05754 050045 NMOUT AND B377
02016000 05755 076002 R7H NM1 SKIP IF MNEMONIC
02017000 05756 066114 JMP RCOUT OUTPUT DIRECT CODE
02018000 *
02019000 05757 031711 NM1 STA T1 INITIALIZE CHARACTER COUNTER
02020000 05760 000016 LIA C
02021000 05761 031270 STA SAVEC SAVE C
02022000 05762 034016 STB C
02023000 05763 074760 NM2 WRC A,D MOVE A CHARACTER
02024000 05764 042114 JSM RCOUT
02025000 05765 055711 USZ T1
02026000 05766 066763 JMP NM2
02027000 *
02028000 05767 005270 LDB SAVEC
02029000 05770 034016 STB C RESTORE C
02030000 05771 170201 RFT 1

02032000 *
02033000 * MISSING ROM
02034000 *
02035000 05772 140405 E20 JSM AERR2,I ERROR, MISSING ROM
02036000 05773 031060 ASC 1,20
02037000 05774 001245 LIA CODE
02038000 05775 004320 USRMI LDB AIOLM
02039000 05776 140477 JSM AHTDA,I INCLUDE ROM'S ID
02040000 05777 164407 JMP AEREX,I

02042000 *
02043000 * FILL IN BASE-PAGE LINKS
02044000 *
02045000 00356 ORG ARCLR
02046000 00356 005266 DEF RCLR
02047000 00357 005775 DEF DSRMI
02048000 *
02049000 00332 ORG ARTBL
02050000 00332 015477 DEF RTBL
02051000 *
02052000 END

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE HEAD-WRITE-MEMORY

00003000 76550 ORG 76550B
00004000 UNL

INTERPRETER

02001000 *
02002000 * INTERPRETER
02003000 *
02004000 06012 ORG 6012B
02005000 *
02006000 06012 140404 E9 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, WRONG CONTROL STATE
02007000 06013 030071 ASC 1,09
02008000 06014 177737 M33 DEC -33

```

INTERPRETER

02010000			*		
02011000			*	* SUBROUTINE TO SKIP N LINES	
02012000			*		
02013000			*	* ON ENTRY: A = +- SKIP DISTANCE	
02014000			*	* B = STARTING ADDRESS	
02015000			*		
02016000			*	* ON EXIT: B = ADDRESS OF TARGET LINE	
02017000			*		
02018000			*	* TEMPORARIES USED: T2	
02019000			*		
02020000	06015	072413		RELGO SZA XIT	SKIP IF NOTHING TO DO
02021000	06016	031712		STA T2	
02022000	06017	172012		SAP FSKIP	WHICH WAY?
02023000			*		
02024000	06020	100001		BSKIP LDA B,I	BACKWARD IF -
02025000	06021	170507		SAR 8	BACKWARD LINK
02026000	06022	050053		AND B177	
02027000	06023	170040		TCA	
02028000	06024	072414		SZA E31	ERROR IF ZERO
02029000	06025	024000		ADB A	
02030000	06026	045712		ISZ T2	
02031000	06027	067020		JMP BSKIP	
02032000			*		
02033000	06030	170201		XIT RET 1	DONE
02034000			*		
02035000	06031	100001		FSKIP LDA B,I	FORWARD IF +
02036000	06032	050053		AND B177	FORWARD LINK
02037000	06033	072405		SZA E31	
02038000	06034	024000		ADB A	
02039000	06035	055712		USZ T2	
02040000	06036	067031		JMP FSKIP	
02041000			*		
02042000	06037	170201		RET 1	DONE
02043000			*		
02044000	06040	064722		E31 JMP FRLNF	ERROR, NONEXISTENT LINE
02046000			*		
02047000			*	* SUBROUTINE TO DETERMINE WHETHER B IS IN COMPILE BUFFER	
02048000			*		
02049000	06041	000001		FINDB LDA B	
02050000	06042	170140		CMA	
02051000	06043	020330		ADA ABNRY	ABNRY-B-1
02052000	06044	172002		SAP **2	
02053000	06045	170201		RET 1	YES
02054000	06046	170202		RET 2	NO
02056000			*		
02057000			*	* EXECUTION STACK OVERFLOW TEST	
02058000			*		
02059000			*	* ON ENTRY: A = # OF WORDS NEEDED	
02060000			*	* B = 'WHAT'	
02061000			*		
02062000			*	* ON EXIT: API = UPDATED	
02063000			*	* B = D = POINTS TO 'LENGTH'	
02064000			*		
02065000			*	* TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2	
02066000			*		
02067000	06047	000144		PHYAR LDA P3	SPECIAL ENTRY TO STACK VARIABLE
02068000	06050	004267		LDB FVRWM	
02069000	06051	067054		JMP **3	
02070000			*		
02071000	06052	000140		PHCON LDA P7	SPECIAL ENTRY TO STACK CONSTANT
02072000	06053	004266		LOB FPTMP	
02073000			*		
02074000	06054	031711		OVTST STA T1	
02075000	06055	035712		STB T2	
02076000	06056	170040		TCA	
02077000	06057	005310		LDB RMAX	
02078000	06060	174140		CMB	
02079000	06061	021263		ADA API	
02080000	06062	024000		ADB A	API-(RMAX+1)
02081000	06063	176003		SRP **3	
02082000	06064	140404		E40 JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, STACK OVERFLOW
02083000	06065	032060		ASC 1,40	
02084000			*		
02085000	06066	031263		STA API	
02086000	06067	020257		ADA M1	
02087000	06070	030017		STA D	
02088000			*		
02089000	06071	005712		LDB T2	
02090000	06072	070551		PWD B,I	FILL IN 'WHAT'
02091000	06073	005711		LDB T1	
02092000	06074	070551		PWD B,I	FILL IN 'LENGTH'
02093000			*		
02094000	06075	004017		LDB D	
02095000	06076	170201		RET 1	

INTERPRETER

02097000			*		
02098000			*	ASSIGNMENT TRACE	
02099000			*		
02100000			*	ON ENTRY: A-REGISTER = SOURCE ADDRESS	
02101000			*	B-REGISTER = DESTINATION ADDRESS	
02102000			*		
02103000			*	TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7,T8,T9,T11,T12	
02104000			*	PLUS THOSE USED BY ACLBI,ABTDA,ATCHR,APSTR,APNUM,APNMR	
02105000			*		
02106000	06077	071403	ASTRC	XFR 4	TRANSFER THE NUMBER
02107000	06100	140551	JSM	AFLTC,I	CHECK IF IN USER RANGE
02108000	06101	001267	LDA	TRACE	TEST TRACE FLAG
02109000	06102	172031	SAP	ASI	SKIP IF NO TRACING REQUIRED
02110000	06103	000016	LDA	C	
02111000	06104	031270	STA	SAVEC	SAVE C
02112000			*		
02113000	06105	005762	LDB	MRW1+4	(WAS SAVED BY AFLTC,I)
02114000	06106	140377	JSM	AGNAM,I	GET VARIABLE NAME
02115000	06107	000075	LDA	B75	
02116000	06110	074550	PBD	A,I	OUTPUT =
02117000	06111	000315	LDA	AIBFM	
02118000	06112	004017	LDB	D	
02119000	06113	140362	JSM	AFBAD,I	GET CHARACTER COUNT
02120000	06114	004000	LDB	A	
02121000	06115	000314	LDA	AIBFX	
02122000	06116	030017	STA	D	
02123000	06117	000305	LDA	ASTAK	
02124000	06120	140502	JSM	ATCHR,I	
02125000	06121	000325	LDA	ACSTF	
02126000	06122	030017	STA	D	
02127000	06123	000315	LDA	AIBFM	
02128000	06124	031727	STA	T15	
02129000	06125	140462	JSM	APSTR,I	
02130000	06126	005723	LDB	T11	
02131000	06127	140506	JSM	APNUM,I	
02132000	06130	000000	NOP		
02133000	06131	140445	JSM	APNMR,I	PRINT THE VALUE ASSIGNED
02134000	06132	066444	JMP	FTR2+1	
02135000			*		
02136000	06133	170201	ASI	RET 1	
02138000			*		
02139000			*	IF EXECUTION	
02140000			*		
02141000	06134	140611	XIF	JSM AGTAD,I	GET OPERAND ADDRESS
02142000	06135	024254	ADB	P1	
02143000	06136	100001	LDA	B,I	LOOK AT MANTISSA
02144000	06137	072037	RZA	MLOOP	'TRUE'
02146000			*		
02147000			*	EOL EXECUTION	
02148000			*		
02149000	06140	005264	XEULN	LDB LEND	
02150000	06141	174202	SBP	*+2,C	
02151000	06142	067220	JMP	XCGSB	GO COMPLETE GOSUB
02152000			*		
02153000	06143	001261	XE0	LDA AP3	
02154000	06144	031263	STA	AP1	
02155000			*		
02156000	06145	034016	XEX	STB C	
02157000	06146	074560	WBC	A,I	
02158000	06147	050053	AND	B177	GET WLENGTH
02159000	06150	072431	SZA	XE3	
02160000	06151	100001	LDA	B,I	
02161000	06152	051314	AND	TE	
02162000	06153	050052	AND	B200	GET STOPBIT
02163000	06154	072026	RZA	XE4	
02164000	06155	001255	LDA	XCOMM	
02165000	06156	061347	IOH	INTSR	
02166000	06157	072023	RZA	XE4	
02167000			*		
02168000	06160	034016	XE2	STB C	"CONTINUE" ENTERS HERE
02169000	06161	074560	WBC	A,I	
02170000	06162	050053	AND	B177	GET WLENGTH OF LINE
02171000	06163	072416	SZA	XE3	
02172000			*		
02173000	06164	035265	STB	HERE	SET CURRENT LINE
02174000	06165	020001	ADA	B	
02175000	06166	031264	STA	LEND	SET NEXT LINE
02176000			*		
02177000	06167	101265	LNTRC	LDA HERE,I	
02178000	06170	051314	AND	IF	
02179000	06171	031267	STA	TRACE	SAVE CURRENT LINE TRACE INFORMATION
02180000	06172	172004	SAP	MLOOP	
02181000	06173	067207	JMP	XE6	GO TRACE LINE #

INTERPRETER

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02183000 *
02184000 * I EXECUTION
02185000 *
02186000 06174 001261 XSEMI LDA AP3
02187000 06175 031263 STA API CLEAR TOS
02188000 *
02189000 * MAIN LOOP
02190000 *
02191000 06176 074560 MLOOP WRC A,I GET BYTE
02192000 06177 022475 ADA ABTBL ADD JUMP TABLE ORIGIN
02193000 06200 164000 JMP A,I

02195000 *
02196000 * RETURN TO CALLER
02197000 *
02198000 06201 000117 XE3 LDA B40
02199000 06202 040744 XE4 JSM SXCHM GO SET BITS IN XCOHM
02200000 06203 014334 CPB ADPO
02201000 06204 005317 LDB SWHRE
02202000 06205 035266 STB WHERE
02203000 06206 170201 RET I

02205000 *
02206000 * LINE NUMBER TRACE
02207000 *
02208000 06207 000016 XE6 LDA C
02209000 06210 031270 STA SAVEC SAVE C
02210000 *
02211000 06211 005265 LDB HERE
02212000 06212 140523 JSM AGLNO,I GET LINE # OF CURRENT LINE
02213000 06213 140476 JSM ATLNI,I PUT LINE # INTO I/O BUFFER
02214000 06214 000077 LDA B72
02215000 06215 074550 PBD A,I FOLLOWED BY "I"
02216000 06216 042443 JSM FTR2 GO PRINT I/O BUFFER
02217000 06217 067176 JMP MLOOP
02219000 *
02220000 * COMPLETE GOSUB
02221000 *
02222000 06220 035716 XCGSB STB T6 SAVE JUMP ADDRESS
02223000 *
02224000 06221 001257 LDA CSTAT
02225000 06222 010254 CPA P1
02226000 06223 043041 JSM FINDB IN COMPILER BUFFER?
02227000 06224 067227 JMP XCG0 YES
02228000 06225 140516 JSM AREST,I UNSTACK
02229000 06226 140425 JSM ACNIN,I INITIALIZE FOR CONTINUE
02230000 *
02231000 06227 005261 XCG0 LDB AP3
02232000 06230 035263 STB API
02233000 *
02234000 06231 000150 LDA M4 NEED 4 WORDS
02235000 06232 140521 JSM ASTK6,I GO STACK OLD AP3,API
02236000 06233 031470 XE38 ASC 1,38 ERROR: GOSUBS NESTED TOO DEEP
02237000 *
02238000 06234 004257 LDB M1
02239000 06235 070551 PWD B,I SAVE NULL PARAM LIST ON TOS-2
02240000 06236 001257 LDA CSTAT
02241000 06237 073014 SLA XCG1 SKIP IF EXECUTING FROM USER PROGRAM
02242000 06240 005716 LDB T6
02243000 06241 043041 JSM FINDB IN COMPILER BUFFER?
02244000 06242 067251 JMP *+7 YES
02245000 06243 001257 LDA CSTAT
02246000 06244 010254 CPA P1
02247000 06245 000145 LDA P2
02248000 06246 010144 CPA P3
02249000 06247 000141 LDA P6
02250000 06250 031257 STA CSTAT UPDATE CSTAT IF NECESSARY
02251000 06251 004334 LDB ADPO
02252000 06252 067257 JMP XCG2 FAKE RETURN ADDRESS
02253000 *
02254000 06253 005265 XCG1 LDB HERE
02255000 06254 100001 LDA B,I
02256000 06255 050053 AND B177
02257000 06256 024000 ADR A
02258000 06257 070551 XCG2 PWD B,I SAVE RETURN ADDRESS ON TOS-3
02259000 *
02260000 06260 005716 LDB T6 RECALL JUMP ADDRESS
02261000 06261 067145 JMP XEX
02263000 *
02264000 * RET EXECUTION
02265000 *
02266000 06262 005263 XRETN LDB API
02267000 06263 024254 ADB P1

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02268000	06264	035711	STB T1	SAVE POINTER
02269000			*	
02270000	06265	005261	LDB AP3	
02271000	06266	034017	STB D	
02272000	06267	070571	WWD B,I	RETRIEVE AP3 LINK
02273000	06270	014257	CPB M1	
02274000	06271	067310	JMP E28	ERROR, NO MATCHING GSB
02275000			*	
02276000	06272	025300	ADB AP2	
02277000	06273	035261	STB AP3	RESTORE OLD AP3
02278000	06274	070571	WWD B,I	
02279000	06275	101711	LDA T1,I	GET LENGTH OF RETURN PARAMETER
02280000	06276	170040	TCA	
02281000	06277	031712	STA T2	
02282000	06300	024000	ADB A	
02283000	06301	025300	ADB AP2	
02284000	06302	035263	STB AP1	UPDATED AP1
02285000			*	
02286000	06303	070570	WWD A,I	UDF CALL?
02287000	06304	172402	SAM *+2	NO
02288000	06305	165527	JMP APRET,I	YES, LINK TO UDF ROM
02289000			*	
02290000	06306	070571	WWD B,I	GET RETURN ADDRESS
02291000	06307	067143	JMP XE0	
02292000			*	
02293000	06310	140404	E28 JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, RET WITH NO MATCHING GSB
02294000	06311	031070	ASC 1,28	
02296000			*	
02297000			* STACK NUMBER	
02298000			*	
02299000	06312	074560	NWEXP WBC A,I	NUMBER WITH EXPONENT
02300000	06313	170607	SAL 8	
02301000	06314	170401	AAR 2	
02302000	06315	067317	JMP *+2	
02303000	06316	000177	NNEXP LDA P0	NUMBER WITHOUT EXPONENT
02304000	06317	031713	STA T3	
02305000	06320	043052	JSM PHCON	
02306000	06321	004144	LDB P3	
02307000	06322	070551	PWD B,I	WHERE = RELATIVE 3
02308000	06323	020143	ADA P4	
02309000	06324	071603	CLR 4	
02310000	06325	001713	LDA T3	
02311000	06326	070550	PWD A,I	SET EXPONENT
02312000	06327	074560	NN1 WRC A,I	GET DIGIT PAIR
02313000	06330	010121	CPA B34	
02314000	06331	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02315000	06332	074550	PBD A,I	STORE IN VALUE
02316000	06333	067327	JMP NN1	
02318000			*	
02319000			* STACK PI	
02320000			*	
02321000	06334	043052	XPIE JSM PHCON	
02322000	06335	000144	LDA P3	
02323000	06336	070550	PWD A,I	WHERE = RELATIVE 3
02324000	06337	024145	ADB P2	
02325000	06340	000173	LDA APIE	
02326000	06341	071403	XFR 4	TRANSFER 'PI' TO STACK
02327000	06342	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02329000			*	
02330000			* STACK ENR	
02331000			*	
02332000	06343	043047	XENR JSM PHVAR	
02333000	06344	004341	LDB AENR	
02334000	06345	070551	PWD B,I	WHERE = IN ENTER REGISTER
02335000	06346	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02337000			*	
02338000			* STACK USER RESULT ADDRESS	
02339000			*	
02340000	06347	043047	XAKES JSM PHVAR	
02341000	06350	004342	LDB AURES	
02342000	06351	070551	PWD B,I	WHERE = IN USER RESULT REGISTER
02343000	06352	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02345000			*	
02346000			* STACK USER RESULT VALUE	
02347000			*	
02348000	06353	043052	XVRES JSM PHCON	
02349000	06354	000144	LDA P3	
02350000	06355	070550	PWD A,I	WHERE = RELATIVE 3
02351000	06356	024145	ADB P2	

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02352000	06357	000342	LDA AURES	
02353000	06360	071403	XFR 4	TRANSFER VALUE TO STACK
02354000	06361	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02356000			*	
02357000			* STACK STRING	
02358000			*	
02359000	06362	074560	XSTRG WBC A,I	GET CHARACTER COUNT
02360000	06363	031713	STA T3	
02361000	06364	020254	ADA P1	
02362000	06365	170500	SAR 1	
02363000	06366	020143	ADA P4	LENGTH
02364000	06367	004264	LDB STMP	WHAT = STRING/CONSTANT
02365000	06370	043054	JSM OVTST	
02366000	06371	004265	LDB STWHR	
02367000	06372	070551	PWD B,I	WHERE = RELATIVE 4 (CHARACTER)
02368000	06373	005713	LDB T3	
02369000	06374	070551	PWD B,I	BYTE COUNT
02370000	06375	174040	TCB	
02371000	06376	067401	JMP XSTR2	
02372000			*	
02373000	06377	074560	XSTR1 WBC A,I	MOVE BYTES
02374000	06400	074550	PRD A,I	
02375000	06401	076176	XSTR2 RIB XSTR1	
02376000	06402	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02378000			*	
02379000			* STACK SUBSCRIPTED VARIABLE	
02380000			*	
02381000	06403	023465	XSSVR ADA SSRK	CALCULATE INDEX INTO DATAB
02382000	06404	100000	LDA A,I	
02383000	06405	072003	HZA *+3	
02384000	06406	140404	E27 JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, UNDEFINED ARRAY
02385000	06407	031067	ASC 1,27	
02386000			*	
02387000	06410	105263	LDB AP1,I	LOOK AT FIRST OPERAND
02388000	06411	014171	CPB ARRAY	
02389000	06412	067470	JMP XSL	JUMP IF 'ENTIRE ARRAY'
02390000			*	
02391000	06413	104000	LDB A,I	
02392000	06414	035714	STR T4	SAVE #DIMS
02393000	06415	020254	ADA P1	
02394000	06416	031271	STA BASE	SAVE INDEX INTO DOPE VECTOR
02395000	06417	140510	JSM ACOUN,I	
02396000	06420	010001	CPA 8	
02397000	06421	067423	JMP *+2	
02398000	06422	064733	JMP E32	
02399000	06423	011714	CPA T4	# OF NUMERIC PARAMETERS
02400000	06424	067427	JMP *+3	
02401000	06425	140404	E25 JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, DIMENSIONS DISAGREE
02402000	06426	031065	ASC 1,25	
02403000			*	
02404000	06427	000177	LDA P0	
02405000	06430	031715	NEXTI STA T5	VARPART
02406000	06431	140612	JSM AGTIN,I	GET SUBSCRIPT
02407000	06432	125271	ADB BASE,I	ADD U(I)
02408000	06433	045271	ISZ BASE	
02409000	06434	176432	SRM E26	SKIP IF OUT OF BOUNDS
02410000	06435	035716	STR T6	SAVE Q
02411000	06436	101271	LDA BASE,I	GET D(I)
02412000	06437	045271	ISZ BASE	
02413000	06440	174140	CMB	
02414000	06441	024000	ADB A	D[I]-Q-1
02415000	06442	176424	SRM E26	
02416000			*	
02417000	06443	005715	LDB T5	RECALL VARPART
02418000	06444	075617	MPY	
02419000	06445	021716	ADA T6	VARPART*D(I)+Q
02420000	06446	173420	SOS E26	
02421000	06447	055714	DSZ T4	ANY MORE PLANES?
02422000	06450	067430	JMP NEXTI	YES
02424000	06451	170601	SAL 2	4 WDS/REGISTER
02425000	06452	170040	TCA	
02426000	06453	121271	ADA BASE,I	ADD CONSPART
02427000	06454	055263	DSZ AP1	
02428000	06455	131263	STA AP1,I	WHERE = IN VALUE TABLE
02429000	06456	000144	LDA P3	
02430000	06457	055263	DSZ AP1	
02431000	06460	131263	STA AP1,I	LENGTH = 3
02432000	06461	000267	LDA FVRWM	
02433000	06462	055263	DSZ AP1	
02434000	06463	131263	STA AP1,I	WHAT = FULL/VARIABLE
02435000	06464	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02436000			*	

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02437000	06465	167547	SSRK	ABS DATAB-1419+1000008-IBTBL	
02438000			*		
02439000	06466	140404	E26	JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, OUT OF BOUNDS
02440000	06467	031066		ASC 1,26	
02442000	06470	104000	XSI	LDB A,I	IT WAS 'ENTIRE ARRAY'
02443000	06471	174600		SBL 1	
02444000	06472	020254		ADA P1	
02445000	06473	020001		ADA B	A = LOCATION OF ORGANIZATION DATA
02446000	06474	005263		LDB API	
02447000	06475	024145		ADB P2	
02448000	06476	104001		LDB B,I	
02449000	06477	074402		SZB **2	
02450000	06500	064733		JMP E32	
02451000			*		
02452000	06501	005263		LDB API	
02453000	06502	024145		ADB P2	
02454000	06503	071401		XFR 2	TRANSFER 'ENTIRE ARRAY' INFORMATION
02455000	06504	100001		LDA B,I	
02456000	06505	020144		ADA P3	
02457000	06506	130001		STA B,I	POINT TO END OF AREA
02458000	06507	067176		JMP MLOOP	
02460000			*		
02461000			*	STACK SIMPLE VARIABLE	
02462000			*		
02463000	06510	023521	XSVAR	ADA SVRK	CALCULATE INDEX INTO DVTAB
02464000	06511	031271		STA BASE	
02465000	06512	105271		LDB BASE,I	RECALL DVTAB ENTRY
02466000	06513	014177		CPB P0	
02467000	06514	042033		JSM ALLO4	CALL ALLOCATOR IF UNALLOCATED
02468000	06515	043047		JSM PHVAR	
02469000	06516	105271		LDB BASE,I	
02470000	06517	070551		PWD B,I	WHERE = IN VALUE TABLE
02471000	06520	067176		JMP MLOOP	
02472000			*		
02473000	06521	167555	SVRK	ABS DVTAB-101B+1000008-IBTBL	
02475000			*		
02476000			*	UNARY OPERATORS	
02477000			*		
02478000	06522	140524	XUNM	JSM AUNM,I	
02479000	06523	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02480000			*		
02481000	06524	140531	XSQR	JSM ASQR,I	
02482000	06525	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02483000			*		
02484000	06526	140543	XNOT	JSM ANOT,I	
02485000	06527	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02487000			*		
02488000			*	BINARY OPERATORS	
02489000			*		
02490000	06530	140544	XPRND	JSM APRND,I	
02491000	06531	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02492000			*		
02493000	06532	140545	XDRND	JSM ADRND,I	
02494000	06533	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02495000			*		
02496000	06534	140540	XAND	JSM AAND,I	
02497000	06535	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02498000			*		
02499000	06536	140541	XLOR	JSM AOR,I	
02500000	06537	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02501000			*		
02502000	06540	140542	XXOR	JSM AXOR,I	
02503000	06541	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02504000			*		
02505000	06542	140533	XGTN	JSM AGT,I	
02506000	06543	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02507000			*		
02508000	06544	140536	XEQL	JSM AEQ,I	
02509000	06545	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02510000			*		
02511000	06546	140534	XLTN	JSM ALT,I	
02512000	06547	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02513000			*		
02514000	06550	140532	XGEQ	JSM AGE,I	
02515000	06551	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02516000			*		
02517000	06552	140535	XLEQ	JSM ALE,I	
02518000	06553	067565		JMP RAPUP	WRAP UP
02519000			*		

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02520000 06554 140537 XNEQ JSM ANE,I
02521000 06555 067565 JMP RAPUP WRAP UP
02522000 *
02523000 06556 140530 XDIV JSM ADIV,I
02524000 06557 067565 JMP RAPUP WRAP UP
02525000 *
02526000 06560 140526 XSUB JSM ASUB,I
02527000 06561 067565 JMP RAPUP WRAP UP
02528000 *
02529000 06562 140527 XMPY JSM AMUL,I
02530000 06563 067565 JMP RAPUP WRAP UP
02531000 *
02532000 06564 140525 XADD JSM AADD,I
02533000 *
02534000 * FALL THRU TO WRAP UP
02535000 *
02536000 * WRAP UP MATH OPERATIONS
02537000 *
02538000 06565 043052 RAPUP JSM PHCON
02539000 06566 000164 LDA P3
02540000 06567 070550 PWD A,I WHERE = RELATIVE 3
02541000 *
02542000 06570 001752 LDA RES
02543000 06571 050164 AND M64
02544000 06572 010263 CPA FLAG TEST FOR EXPONENT = -512
02545000 06573 143601 JSM E77,I
02546000 06574 004017 LDB D
02547000 06575 024254 ADB P1
02548000 06576 000360 LDA ARES
02549000 06577 071403 XFR *
02550000 06600 067176 JMP MLOOP
02551000 *
02552000 06601 014000 E77 DEF 14000B

02554000 *
02555000 * NUMERIC ASSIGNMENT
02556000 *
02557000 06602 040615 XASN JSM ABSAD
02558000 06603 031263 STA API UPDATE API
02559000 06604 035712 STR T2 "TQ" ADDRESS
02560000 06605 101276 LDA SAVEB,I
02561000 06606 170513 SAR 12
02562000 06607 010136 CPA P9
02563000 06610 067613 JMP **3
02564000 06611 140404 E33 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, STORE INTO ILLEGAL OPERAND
02565000 06612 031463 ASC 1,33
02566000 *
02567000 06613 101263 LDA API,I LOOK AT "FROM" TYPE
02568000 06614 050221 AND B70K
02569000 06615 010175 CPA B10K
02570000 06616 067620 JMP **2
02571000 06617 067611 JMP E33 ERROR, ILLEGAL DATA TYPE
02572000 *
02573000 06620 040615 JSM ABSAD GET "FROM" ADDRESS
02574000 06621 000001 LDA B
02575000 06622 005712 LDB T2
02576000 06623 043077 JSM ASTRC GO TRACE ASSIGNMENT
02577000 06624 067176 JMP MLOOP
02579000 *
02580000 * EXECUTE DIM OPERATOR
02581000 *
02582000 06625 074560 DIMOP WHC A,I READ NEXT BYTE
02583000 06626 010141 CPA STRID
02584000 06627 067765 JMP DMSTR GO DIM STRING
02585000 *
02586000 06630 020166 ADA M97
02587000 06631 172011 SAP D11 SKIP IF ARRAY VARIABLE
02588000 *
02589000 * SECTION FOR SIMPLE VARIABLE
02590000 *
02591000 06632 020343 ADA SVHE CALCULATE INDEX INTO DVTAB
02592000 06633 031271 STA BASE
02593000 06634 105271 LDB BASE,I RECALL DVTAB ENTRY
02594000 06635 076403 SZB **3
02595000 06636 140404 E23 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, SIMPLE VARIABLE
02596000 06637 031063 ASC 1,23
02597000 *
02598000 06640 042033 JSM ALLO4 CALL ALLOCATOR IF UNALLOCATED
02599000 06641 067760 JMP CLNUP

02600000 *
02601000 * SECTION FOR ARRAY VARIABLE
02602000 *
02603000 06642 020277 D11 ADA ADATB CALCULATE INDEX INTO DATAB
02604000 06643 031271 STA BASE

```

INTERPRETER

02605000	06644	105271		LDB BASE,I	RECALL DATAB ENTRY
02606000	06645	076403		SZB *+3	
02607000	06646	140404	E24	JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, ARRAY ALREADY DIMENSIONED
02608000	06647	031064		ASC 1,24	
02609000			*		
02610000	06650	000254		LDA P1	
02611000	06651	031715		STA T5	S
02612000	06652	031716		STA T6	#DIMS
02613000	06653	004305		LDB ASTAK	INDEX INTO CSTAK (WORK AREA)
02614000	06654	034017		STR 0	
02615000			*		
02616000	06655	101263	DI2	LDA API,I	LINK BIT INFORMATION
02617000	06656	031717		STA T7	
02618000	06657	140612		JSM AGTIN,I	GET SUBSCRIPT
02619000	06660	035720		STB T8	U
02620000	06661	001717		LDA T7	RECALL LINK BIT INFORMATION
02621000	06662	170604		SAL 5	
02622000	06663	172403		SAM *+3	SKIP IF LOWER BOUND SUPPLIED
02623000	06664	004257		LDB M1	ELSE USE DEFAULT
02624000	06665	067670		JMP *+3	
02625000	06666	140612		JSM AGTIN,I	GET SUBSCRIPT
02626000	06667	174040		TCB	-L
02627000	06670	070551		PWD B,I	SAVE U[I]
02628000	06671	025720		ADB T8	
02629000	06672	024254		ADR P1	U=L+1
02630000	06673	070551		PWD B,I	SAVE D[I]
02631000	06674	035720		STB T8	D
02633000	06675	001720		LDA T8	RECALL D
02634000	06676	020257		ADA M1	U=L
02635000	06677	173402		SOS *+2	
02636000	06700	172002		SAP *+2	
02637000	06701	067773	E22A	JMP E22	ERROR, ILLEGAL DIM SPEC
02638000			*		
02639000	06702	001715		LDA T5	RECALL S
02640000	06703	075617		MPY	
02641000	06704	031715		STA T5	S = S*D
02642000	06705	172421		SAM E39B	
02643000	06706	076020		RZB E39B	
02644000			*		
02645000	06707	001717		LDA T7	RECALL LINK BIT INFORMATION
02646000	06710	170603		SAL 4	
02647000	06711	172003		SAP *+3	SKIP IF END OF SPECS
02648000	06712	045716		ISZ T6	INCREMENT #DIMS
02649000	06713	067655		JMP DI2	
02650000			*		
02651000	06714	001716		LDA T6	
02652000	06715	170600		SAL 1	
02653000	06716	020144		ADA P3	2*#DIMS+3
02654000	06717	031717		STA T7	SIZE OF DOPE VECTOR
02655000			*		
02656000	06720	001715		LDA T5	
02657000	06721	004143		LDB P4	
02658000	06722	075617		MPY	
02659000	06723	031715		STA T5	SIZE OF VALUE AREA
02660000	06724	172402		SAM *+2	
02661000	06725	076403		SZB *+3	
02662000	06726	140404	E39B	JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, INSUFFICIENT MEMORY
02663000	06727	031471		ASC 1,39	
02664000			*		
02665000	06730	021717		ADA T7	
02666000	06731	170040		TCA	
02667000	06732	140370		JSM ALLOC,I	REQUEST THE SPACE
02668000	06733	030017		STA D	SAVE START OF AREA
02669000	06734	131271		STA BASE,I	SET DATAB ENTRY
02670000	06735	005716		LDB T6	#DIMS
02671000	06736	134000		STB A,I	
02672000	06737	021717		ADA T7	
02673000	06740	031717		STA T7	START OF VALUE AREA
02674000	06741	031312		STA VT2	UPDATE VT2
02675000	06742	174600		SRL 1	
02676000	06743	174040		TCB	
02677000	06744	035714		STH T4	COUNTER FOR TRANSFER
02678000	06745	004324		LDB ASTK1	RECALL ADDRESS OF WORK AREA
02679000	06746	100001	DI3	LDA B,I	MOVE A U-D PAIR
02680000	06747	070550		PWD A,I	
02681000	06750	045714		ISZ T4	
02682000	06751	076175		RIB DI3	
02683000			*		
02684000	06752	001717		LDA T7	CONSPART
02685000	06753	021715		ADA T5	
02686000	06754	020150		ADA M4	
02687000	06755	070550		PWD A,I	
02688000	06756	001715		LDA T5	SIZE OF VALUE AREA

INTERPRETER

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02689000 06757 070550 PWD A,I
02690000
02691000 06760 074560 CLNUP WBC A,I LOOK AT NEXT BYTE
02692000 06761 010107 CPA B54
02693000 06762 067764 JMP *+2 IGNORE .I
02694000 06763 074760 WBC A,D
02695000 06764 067174 JMP XSEMI CLEAR TOS AND CONTINUE

02697000
02698000 *
02699000 * LINK TO DIM STRING
02700000
02700000 06765 020326 DMSTK ADA STRK
02701000 06766 104000 LDB A,I
02702000 06767 076404 SZB E22 ERROR, ROM MISSING
02703000 06770 000056 LDA B174
02704000 06771 104001 LDB B,I
02705000 06772 164001 JMP B,I
02706000
02707000 06773 140404 E22 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, NO STRING ROM
02708000 06774 031062 ASC 1,22
02710000
02711000 * JMP
02712000
02713000 06775 007014 XJMP LDH M33
02714000 06776 040740 JSM CLXCM CLEAR XCOMM BIT 5
02715000 06777 140612 JSM AGTIN,I GET INTEGER PARAMETER
02716000 07000 000001 LDA B
02717000 07001 005265 LDB HERE
02718000 07002 043015 JSM RELGO EXECUTE SKIP
02719000 07003 001264 LDA LEND
02720000 07004 172402 SAM *+2 TEST FOR IMMEDIATELY PREVIOUS GSB
02721000 07005 067143 JMP XE0
02722000 07006 067220 JMP XCGSB

02724000
02725000 * FLAG
02726000
02727000 07007 140612 XFLG JSM AGTIN,I GET INTEGER PARAMETER
02728000 07010 176413 SBM E35 SKIP IF #<0
02729000 07011 024160 ADB M16
02730000 07012 176011 SBP E35 SKIP IF #>15
02731000 07013 000340 LDA ARES
02732000 07014 071603 CLR * CLEAR 'RES'
02733000 07015 042405 JSM EXEB
02734000 07016 051506 AND FLAGS TEST THE DESIGNATED FLAG
02735000 07017 072403 SZA *+3
02736000 07020 000175 LDA B10K
02737000 07021 031753 STA RES+1 RES = 0 OR 1
02738000 07022 067565 JMP RAPUP
02739000
02740000 07023 140404 E35 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, ILLEGAL FLAG REFERENCE
02741000 07024 031465 ASC 1,35

02743000
02744000 * SKIP LABEL
02745000
02746000 07025 074561 XLABL WBC B,I GET LENGTH OF STRING
02747000 07026 174040 TCB
02748000 07027 066031 JMP XLI
02749000
02750000 07030 074560 WBC A,I SKIP BYTES OF STRING
02751000 07031 076177 XLI RIB *-1
02752000 07032 067176 JMP MLOOP

02754000
02755000 * ALLOCATE SIMPLE VARIABLE, FULL PRECISION
02756000
02757000 07033 000150 ALLO4 LDA M4
02758000 07034 140370 JSM ALLOC,I MOVE MEMORY UP
02759000 07035 131271 STA BASE,I UPDATE DVIAB
02760000 07036 170201 RET I
02762000
02763000 * GTO AND GSB EXECUTION
02764000
02765000 07037 000263 XAGSB LDA FLAG ABSOLUTE GSB
02766000 07040 066042 JMP *+2
02767000 07041 000177 XAGTO LDA P0 ABSOLUTE GTO
02768000 07042 031715 STA T5
02769000 07043 000257 LDA M1 INDICATE FORWARD
02770000 07044 031716 STA T6

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INTERPRETER

02771000	07045	005307	LDB FWUP	INDICATE ABSOLUTE
02772000	07046	066063	JMP XFER	
02773000		*		
02774000	07047	000263	XPGSB LDA FLAG	+ GSB
02775000	07050	066052	JMP *+2	
02776000	07051	000177	XPGTO LDA P0	+ GTO
02777000	07052	031715	STA T5	
02778000	07053	000257	LDA M1	INDICATE FORWARD
02779000	07054	066061	JMP XM1	
02780000		*		
02781000	07055	000263	XMGSB LDA FLAG	- GSB
02782000	07056	066060	JMP *+2	
02783000	07057	000177	XMGTO LDA P0	- GTO
02784000	07060	031715	STA T5	
02785000	07061	031716	XM1 STA T6	
02786000	07062	005265	LDB HERE	INDICATE RELATIVE
02787000		*		
02788000	07063	035717	XFER STB T7	
02789000	07064	074560	WBC A,I	GET HI-SPEED WORD
02790000	07065	170607	SAL B	
02791000	07066	074561	WRC B,I	
02792000	07067	024000	ADB A	
02793000	07070	076410	SZB LOWSP	SKIP IF SEARCH NEEDED
02794000		*		
02795000		*		* THIS SECTION DOES A HI-SPEED BRANCH
02796000		*		
02797000	07071	035264	STB LEND	SET GTO/GSB FLAG
02798000	07072	074560	WBC A,I	
02799000	07073	010116	CPA B#2	ALPHA?
02800000	07074	066025	JMP XLABL	YES
02801000	07075	074560	WBC A,I	NO, SKIP PAST INTEGER
02802000	07076	074560	WRC A,I	
02803000	07077	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02804000		*		
02805000		*		* THIS SECTION DOES A LOW-SPEED BRANCH
02806000		*		
02807000	07100	007014	LOWSP LDB M33	
02808000	07101	040740	JSM CLXCM	CLEAR XCOMM BIT 5
02809000	07102	000016	LDA C	SAVE C FOR LATER FILL-IN
02810000	07103	031720	STA T8	OF HI-SPEED BRANCH ADDRESS
02811000	07104	074560	WBC A,I	
02812000	07105	010114	CPA B#4	NUMERIC?
02813000	07106	066112	JMP FINDN	YES
02814000		*		
02815000	07107	074560	WRC A,I	GET BYTE COUNT
02816000	07110	042164	JSM FINDL	FIND LABELED LINE
02817000	07111	066122	JMP CN1	
02819000		*		
02820000		*		* SCAN FOR A LINE NUMBER
02821000		*		
02822000	07112	074560	FINDN WBC A,I	GET INTEGER
02823000	07113	170607	SAL B	
02824000	07114	074561	WRC B,I	
02825000	07115	066001	IOR B	
02826000	07116	045716	ISZ T6	TEST DIRECTION OF SEARCH
02827000	07117	170040	TCA	
02828000	07120	005717	LDB T7	
02829000	07121	043015	JSM HELGO	
02830000		*		
02831000		*		* FINAL PROCESSING
02832000		*		
02833000	07122	001257	CNA LDA CSTAT	
02834000	07123	010142	CPA P5	
02835000	07124	067012	JMP E9	ERROR, WRONG CONTROL STATE
02836000		*		
02837000	07125	025715	ADB T5	INCLUDE GTO/GSB FLAG
02838000	07126	035264	STB LEND	
02839000	07127	176425	SBM CN2	SKIP IF GSB
02840000	07130	010144	CPA P3	
02841000	07131	067012	JMP E9	ERROR, WRONG CONTROL STATE
02842000	07132	010254	CPA P1	
02843000	07133	043041	JSM FINDB	IN COMPIL BUFFER?
02844000	07134	066154	JMP CN2	YES
02845000	07135	000117	LDA B#0	SET STOP BIT
02846000	07136	040744	JSM SXCMM	
02847000	07137	001232	LDA CSTMP*12	
02848000	07140	170501	SAR 2	TEST RUN-DONE BIT
02849000	07141	073405	RLA *+5	
02850000	07142	140425	JSM ACNIN,I	CONTINUE INITIALIZATION
02851000	07143	004303	LDB ACBE	
02852000	07144	035265	STB HERE	
02853000	07145	140515	JSM ASTKI,I	DUMMY STACK FOR C.S.
02854000	07146	005264	LDB LEND	
02855000	07147	035317	STB SWHRE	
02856000	07150	001232	LDA CSTMP*12	

INTERPRETER

02857000	07151	050207	AND M10	CLEAR BITS 0 AND 3 OF JOB'S CFLAG
02858000	07152	031232	STA CSTMP+12	(FETCH AND STEP BITS)
02859000	07153	140523	JSM AGLNO,I	
02860000	07154	001257	LDA CSTAT	
02861000	07155	073406	RLA **6	DON'T FILL IN H.S. ADDRESS
02862000	07156	001720	LDA T8	RECALL PROGRAM LOCATION
02863000	07157	030017	STA 0	
02864000	07160	074751	PBD B,D	FILL IN HI-SPEED ADDRESS
02865000	07161	174407	ARR 8	
02866000	07162	074751	PBD B,D	
02867000	07163	067176	JMP MLOOP	
02869000			*	
02870000			*	SUBROUTINE TO SCAN FOR AN ALPHAMERIC LABEL
02871000			*	
02872000			*	ON ENTRY: A = BYTE COUNT
02873000			*	C = POINTER TO FIRST BYTE
02874000			*	
02875000			*	TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2,T3,T4,T9
02876000			*	
02877000	07164	031711	FJNDL STA T1	SAVE BYTE COUNT
02878000	07165	000016	LDA C	
02879000	07166	031721	STA T9	SAVE START OF REAL CHARACTERS
02880000	07167	005307	LDB FWUP	NOW SCAN PROGRAM
02881000	07170	035712	FN2 STB T2	
02882000	07171	034017	STB D	
02883000	07172	074570	WBD A,I	
02884000	07173	050053	AND B177	
02885000	07174	072002	RZA **2	
02886000	07175	067040	JMP E31	ERROR, END OF PROGRAM
02887000	07176	031713	STA T3	SAVE LENGTH OF THIS LINE
02888000	07177	074570	WBD A,I	
02889000	07200	010115	CPA B43	DOES LABEL FOLLOW?
02890000	07201	066203	JMP **2	YES
02891000	07202	066223	JMP FN5	NO
02892000	07203	074570	WRD A,I	GET BYTE COUNT
02893000	07204	011711	CPA T1	SAME LENGTH?
02894000	07205	066207	JMP **2	YES
02895000	07206	066223	JMP FN5	NO
02896000	07207	010177	CPA P0	BOTH LABELS NULL?
02897000	07210	066221	JMP FN4	YES
02898000	07211	031714	STA T4	NO, INITIALIZE COMPARE-COUNTER
02899000	07212	074560	FN3 WBC A,I	REAL BYTE
02900000	07213	074571	WBD B,I	TEST BYTE
02901000	07214	010001	CPA B	MATCH?
02902000	07215	066217	JMP **2	YES
02903000	07216	066223	JMP FN5	NO
02904000	07217	055714	USZ T4	DECREMENT COMPARISON COUNTER
02905000	07220	066212	JMP FN3	
02906000			*	
02907000	07221	005712	FN4 LDB T2	FOUND IT
02908000	07222	170201	RET I	
02909000			*	
02910000	07223	005712	FN5 LDB T2	NOT FOUND YET
02911000	07224	025713	ADB T3	
02912000	07225	001721	LDA T9	
02913000	07226	030016	STA C	RESTORE REAL BYTE POINTER
02914000	07227	066170	JMP FN2	
02916000			*	
02917000			*	SUBROUTINE TO CHANGE STOP AND/OR TRACE INDICATOR BITS
02918000			*	
02919000	07230	000257	LDA M1	
02920000	07231	031716	XSHT STA T6	
02921000	07232	035717	STB J7	
02922000	07233	101263	LDA API,I	
02923000	07234	031714	STA T4	SAVE LINK INFORMATION
02924000	07235	140612	JSM AGTIN,I	GET INTEGER PARAMETER
02925000	07236	176434	SRM E19	
02926000	07237	035715	STB T5	SAVE FIRST PARAMETER
02927000	07240	001714	LDA T4	RECALL LINK INFORMATION
02928000	07241	170603	SAL 4	
02929000	07242	172004	SAP GE1	SKIP IF DEFAULT SECOND PARAMETER
02930000	07243	140612	JSM AGTIN,I	GET INTEGER PARAMETER
02931000	07244	176426	SRM E19	
02932000	07245	066247	JMP **2	
02933000	07246	005715	GE1 LDB T5	
02934000	07247	001715	LDA T5	
02935000	07250	170140	CMA	
02936000	07251	020001	ADA B	
02937000	07252	172020	SAP E19	
02938000	07253	031715	STA T5	-# OF LINES
02939000	07254	000001	LDA H	
02940000	07255	005307	LDB FWUP	
02941000	07256	043015	JSM RELGO	GO FIND THE LINE
02942000			*	

INTERPRETER

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02943000 07257 100001 XSNT1 LDA B,I
02944000 07260 051716 AND T6
02945000 07261 061717 IOR T7
02946000 07262 130001 STA B,I
02947000 07263 045715 ISZ T5 ANY MORE LINES TO BE DONE?
02948000 07264 066266 JMP *+2 YES
02949000 07265 067176 JMP MLOOP NO
02950000 *
02951000 07266 050053 AND B177 GET WLENGTH
02952000 07267 072476 SZA *-2 END OF PROGRAM
02953000 07270 024000 ADB A
02954000 07271 066257 JMP XSNT1
02955000 *
02956000 07272 140404 E19 JSM AERR1,I ERROR, BAD LINE NUMBER
02957000 07273 030471 ASC L,19
02958000 *
02959000 * NOR EXECUTION
02960000 *
02961000 *
02962000 07274 105263 XNUR LDB API,I LOOK AT TOS
02963000 07275 014221 CPB EMPTY
02964000 07276 066302 JMP XNO2 JUMP IF NO PARAMETERS
02965000 *
02966000 07277 000213 LDA TMASK
02967000 07300 004177 LDB P0
02968000 07301 066231 JMP XSNT GO CHANGE BITS
02969000 *
02970000 07302 000177 XNO2 LDA P0
02971000 07303 031267 STA TRACE
02972000 07304 031314 STA TE DISABLE TRACING
02973000 07305 067176 JMP MLOOP
*
02975000 *
02976000 * STP EXECUTION
02977000 *
02978000 07306 105263 XSTP LDB API,I LOOK AT TOS
02979000 07307 014221 CPB EMPTY
02980000 07310 066316 JMP XST2 JUMP IF NO PARAMETERS
02981000 *
02982000 07311 040724 JSM SECCK CHECK FOR SECURE PROGRAM
02983000 07312 000251 LDA UMASK
02984000 07313 031314 STA TE ENABLE TRACING
02985000 07314 004052 LDB B200
02986000 07315 066230 JMP XSNT-1 GO CHANGE BITS
02987000 *
02988000 07316 000073 XST2 LDA B100
02989000 07317 040744 JSM SXCMM
02990000 07320 067176 JMP MLOOP
*
02992000 *
02993000 * TRC EXECUTION
02994000 *
02995000 07321 000251 XTRC LDA UMASK
02996000 07322 031314 STA TE ENABLE TRACING
02997000 07323 105263 LDB API,I LOOK AT TOS
02998000 07324 014221 CPB EMPTY
02999000 07325 067176 JMP MLOOP JUMP IF NO PARAMETERS
03000000 *
03001000 07326 040724 JSM SECCK CHECK FOR SECURE PROGRAM
03002000 07327 004263 LDB FLAG
03003000 07330 066230 JMP XSNT-1 GO CHANGE BITS
03005000 07331 007460 FK1 DEF MFLAG
03006000 07332 007467 FK2 DEF SFLAG
03007000 07333 007471 FK3 DEF CFLAG
*
03009000 *
03010000 * COMPLEMENT FLAG
03011000 *
03012000 07334 001506 XCMF LDA FLAGS
03013000 07335 105263 LDB API,I
03014000 07336 014221 CPB EMPTY
03015000 07337 066359 JMP ALLF1 JUMP IF ALL FLAGS
03016000 *
03017000 07340 006331 LDB FK1
03018000 07341 066362 JMP ALTER
*
03020000 *
03021000 * SET FLAG
03022000 *
03023000 07342 000257 XSEF LDA M1
03024000 07343 105263 LDB API,I
03025000 07344 014221 CPB EMPTY

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INTERPRETER

03026000	07345	066357	JMP ALLE2	JUMP IF ALL FLAGS
03027000			*	
03028000	07346	006332	LDB FK2	
03029000	07347	066362	JMP ALTER	
03031000			*	
03032000			* CLEAR FLAG	
03033000			*	
03034000	07350	000177	XCFG LDA P0	
03035000	07351	105263	LDB AP1,I	
03036000	07352	014221	CPH EMPTY	
03037000	07353	066357	JMP ALLE2	JUMP IF ALL FLAGS
03038000			*	
03039000	07354	006333	LDB FK3	
03040000	07355	066362	JMP ALTER	
03041000			*	
03042000	07356	170140	ALLE2 CMA	
03043000	07357	031506	ALLE2 STA FLAGS	
03044000	07360	042415	JSM FCHEK	GO CHECK FOR FLAG TRACING
03045000	07361	067176	JMP MLOOP	
03047000	07362	035714	ALTER STB T4	SAVE SUBROUTINE ADDRESS
03048000	07363	000177	LDA P0	
03049000	07364	031715	STA T5	INITIALIZE FLAG MASK
03050000			*	
03051000	07365	101263	NEXTF LDA AP1,I	
03052000	07366	031716	STA T6	SAVE LINK INFORMATION
03053000	07367	140612	JSM AGTIN,I	GET INTEGER PARAMETER
03054000	07370	174414	SBM E35A	SKIP IF #<0
03055000	07371	024160	ADB M16	
03056000	07372	174012	SHP E35A	SKIP IF #>15
03057000	07373	042405	JSM EXEB	POSITION MASK BIT
03058000	07374	061715	IOR T5	
03059000	07375	031715	STA T5	
03060000	07376	005716	LOB T6	RECALL LINK INFORMATION
03061000	07377	174603	SRL 4	
03062000	07400	174465	SHM NEXTF	SKIP IF MORE PARAMETERS
03063000	07401	141714	JSM T4,I	GO CHANGE FLAGS
03064000	07402	042415	JSM FCHEK	GO CHECK FOR FLAG TRACING
03065000	07403	067176	JMP MLOOP	
03066000			*	
03067000	07404	066023	E35A JMP E35	ERROR, ILLEGAL FLAG MODIFIER REF
03069000			*	
03070000			* SUBROUTINE TO FORM ROTATE INSTRUCTION AND EXECUTE IT	
03071000			*	
03072000	07405	024242	EXEB ADB KF	
03073000	07406	000254	LDA P1	
03074000	07407	070430	DIF	PREVENT INTERRUPT INTERFERENCE
03075000	07410	070001	EXE B	
03076000	07411	070420	EIR	
03077000	07412	170201	RET 1	
03079000			*	
03080000			* SUBROUTINE TO CHECK FOR FLAG TRACING	
03081000			*	
03082000	07413	042405	SYSFL JSM EXEB	SPECIAL ENTRY TO SET A SYSTEM FLAG
03083000	07414	042467	JSM SFLAG	
03084000			*	
03085000	07415	001267	FCHEK LDA TRACE	TRACING ENABLED?
03086000	07416	172031	SAP FTR3	NO
03087000			*	
03088000	07417	000016	LDA C	
03089000	07420	031270	STA SAVEC	
03090000	07421	140450	JSM ACLB1,I	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
03091000	07422	002450	LDA FMSG	
03092000	07423	004313	LOB AIBUF	
03093000	07424	071406	XER 7	"FLAGS!" MESSAGE
03094000	07425	140444	JSM A.PRN,I	GO PRINT IT
03095000	07426	140450	JSM ACLB1,I	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
03096000	07427	000160	LDA M16	
03097000	07430	031713	STA T3	INITIALIZE COUNTER
03098000	07431	004315	LOB AIBFM	
03099000	07432	034017	STR 0	INITIALIZE BUFFER POINTER
03100000	07433	001506	LDA FLAGS	
03101000	07434	004103	FTR1 LDB B60	ASSUME FLAG IS 'ZERO'
03102000	07435	172002	SAP **2	
03103000	07436	004102	LOB B61	NOPE, FLAG IS 'ONE'
03104000	07437	074551	PBD B,I	
03105000	07440	170716	RAH 15	
03106000	07441	045713	ISZ T3	TEST LOOP COUNTER
03107000	07442	066434	JMP FTR1	
03108000			*	
03109000	07443	140444	FTR2 JSM A.PRN,I	GO PRINT FLAG CONFIGURATION
03110000	07444	040710	JSM EOLIO	

INTERPRETER

03111000	07445	001270	LDA SAVEC
03112000	07446	030016	STA C
03113000	07447	170201	FTR3 HET 1 DONE1
03114000			*
03115000	07450	007451	FMSG DEF **1
03116000	07451	043114	ASC 7,FLAGS1 (0-15)
03118000			*
03119000			* SUBROUTINE TO COMPLEMENT DESIGNATED FLAG
03120000			*
03121000			* ON ENTRY: A-REGISTER HAS FLAG MASK
03122000			*
03123000	07460	061506	MFLAG IOR FLAGS
03124000	07461	004000	LDB A
03125000	07462	001506	LDA FLAGS
03126000	07463	051715	AND IS
03127000	07464	170140	CMA
03128000	07465	050001	AND B
03129000	07466	066473	JMP C1
03131000			*
03132000			* SUBROUTINE TO SET DESIGNATED FLAG
03133000			*
03134000			* ON ENTRY: A-REGISTER HAS FLAG MASK
03135000			*
03136000	07467	061506	SFLAG IOR FLAGS
03137000	07470	066473	JMP C1
03139000			*
03140000			* SUBROUTINE TO CLEAR DESIGNATED FLAG
03141000			*
03142000			* ON ENTRY: A-REGISTER HAS FLAG MASK
03143000			*
03144000	07471	170140	CFLAG CMA
03145000	07472	051506	AND FLAGS
03146000	07473	031506	C1 STA FLAGS
03147000	07474	170201	RET 1
03149000	07475	107476	AUTBL DEF IBTBL,1 ADDRESS OF JUMP TABLE
03150000			*
03151000	07476	100424	IBTBL DEF ASYER,I 000
03152000	07477	027755	DEF CALLM 001 ROM #1
03153000	07500	027755	DEF CALLM 002 ROM #2
03154000	07501	027755	DEF CALLM 003 ROM #3
03155000	07502	027755	DEF CALLM 004 ROM #4
03156000	07503	027755	DEF CALLM 005 ROM #5
03157000	07504	027755	DEF CALLM 006 ROM #6
03158000	07505	027755	DEF CALLM 007 ROM #7
03159000	07506	027755	DEF CALLM 010 ROM #8
03160000	07507	027755	DEF CALLM 011 ROM #9
03161000	07510	027755	DEF CALLM 012 ROM #10
03162000	07511	027755	DEF CALLM 013 ROM #11
03163000	07512	027755	DEF CALLM 014 ROM #12
03164000	07513	027755	DEF CALLM 015 ROM #13
03165000	07514	027755	DEF CALLM 016 ROM #14
03166000	07515	027755	DEF CALLM 017 ROM #15
03167000	07516	027755	DEF CALLM 020 ROM #16
03168000	07517	027755	DEF CALLM 021 ROM #17
03169000	07520	027755	DEF CALLM 022 ROM #18
03170000	07521	100424	DEF ASYER,I 023
03171000	07522	100424	DEF ASYER,I 024
03172000	07523	100424	DEF ASYER,I 025
03173000	07524	100424	DEF ASYER,I 026
03174000	07525	100424	DEF ASYER,I 027
03175000	07526	100424	DEF ASYER,I 030
03176000	07527	100424	DEF ASYER,I 031
03177000	07530	100424	DEF ASYER,I 032
03178000	07531	100424	DEF ASYER,I 033
03179000	07532	100424	DEF ASYER,I 034 END OF #
03180000	07533	100424	DEF ASYER,I 035
03181000	07534	100424	DEF ASYER,I 036
03182000	07535	006562	DEF XMPY 037 I*
03183000	07536	100424	DEF ASYER,I 040
03184000	07537	100424	DEF ASYER,I 041
03185000	07540	006362	DEF XSTR 042 STRING FOLLOWS
03186000	07541	007025	DEF XLA 043 LABEL FOLLOWS
03187000	07542	100424	DEF ASYER,I 044
03188000	07543	100424	DEF ASYER,I 045
03189000	07544	100424	DEF ASYER,I 046
03190000	07545	100424	DEF ASYER,I 047
03191000	07546	100424	DEF ASYER,I 050
03192000	07547	100424	DEF ASYER,I 051
03193000	07550	006562	DEF XMPY 052 *
03194000	07551	006564	DEF XADD 053 *
03195000	07552	015446	DEF XCOMA 054 I,1

INTERPRETER

03196000	07553	006560	DEF XSUB	055	-
03197000	07554	006522	DEF XUNM	056	U-
03198000	07555	006556	DEF XDIV	057	/
03199000	07556	006316	DEF NNEXP	060	F-NUMBER
03200000	07557	006316	DEF NNEXP	061	E-NUMBER
03201000	07560	006312	DEF NWEAP	062	F-NUMBER W/EXP
03202000	07561	006312	DEF NWEAP	063	E-NUMBER W/EXP
03203000	07562	015446	DEF XCOMA	064	,2
03204000	07563	100424	DEF ASYER,I	065	
03205000	07564	100424	DEF ASYER,I	066	
03206000	07565	100424	DEF ASYER,I	067	
03207000	07566	100424	DEF ASYER,I	070	
03208000	07567	100424	DEF ASYER,I	071	
03209000	07570	015444	DEF XCOLN	072	:
03210000	07571	006174	DEF XSEMI	073	;
03211000	07572	100424	DEF ASYER,I	074	
03212000	07573	006174	DEF XSEMI	075	LABEL :
03213000	07574	100424	DEF ASYER,I	076	
03214000	07575	006347	DEF XARES	077	RES (ADDRESS)
03215000	07576	100424	DEF ASYER,I	100	LITERAL
03216000	07577	006510	DEF XSVAR	101	A
03217000	07600	006510	DEF XSVAR	102	B
03218000	07601	006510	DEF XSVAR	103	C
03219000	07602	006510	DEF XSVAR	104	D
03220000	07603	006510	DEF XSVAR	105	E
03221000	07604	006510	DEF XSVAR	106	F
03222000	07605	006510	DEF XSVAR	107	G
03223000	07606	006510	DEF XSVAR	110	H
03224000	07607	006510	DEF XSVAR	111	I
03225000	07610	006510	DEF XSVAR	112	J
03226000	07611	006510	DEF XSVAR	113	K
03227000	07612	006510	DEF XSVAR	114	L
03228000	07613	006510	DEF XSVAR	115	M
03229000	07614	006510	DEF XSVAR	116	N
03230000	07615	006510	DEF XSVAR	117	O
03231000	07616	006510	DEF XSVAR	120	P
03232000	07617	006510	DEF XSVAR	121	Q
03233000	07620	006510	DEF XSVAR	122	R
03234000	07621	006510	DEF XSVAR	123	S
03235000	07622	006510	DEF XSVAR	124	T
03236000	07623	006510	DEF XSVAR	125	U
03237000	07624	006510	DEF XSVAR	126	V
03238000	07625	006510	DEF XSVAR	127	W
03239000	07626	006510	DEF XSVAR	130	X
03240000	07627	006510	DEF XSVAR	131	Y
03241000	07630	006510	DEF XSVAR	132	Z
03242000	07631	006625	DEF DIMOP	133	DIM OPERATOR
03243000	07632	006524	DEF XSQR	134	SQR
03244000	07633	100424	DEF ASYER,I	135	
03245000	07634	100424	DEF ASYER,I	136	
03246000	07635	100424	DEF ASYER,I	137	
03247000	07636	027766	DEF XARRY	140	ENTIRE ARRAY
03248000	07637	006403	DEF XSSVR	141	A[
03249000	07640	006403	DEF XSSVR	142	B[
03250000	07641	006403	DEF XSSVR	143	C[
03251000	07642	006403	DEF XSSVR	144	D[
03252000	07643	006403	DEF XSSVR	145	E[
03253000	07644	006403	DEF XSSVR	146	F[
03254000	07645	006403	DEF XSSVR	147	G[
03255000	07646	006403	DEF XSSVR	150	H[
03256000	07647	006403	DEF XSSVR	151	I[
03257000	07650	006403	DEF XSSVR	152	J[
03258000	07651	006403	DEF XSSVR	153	K[
03259000	07652	006403	DEF XSSVR	154	L[
03260000	07653	006403	DEF XSSVR	155	M[
03261000	07654	006403	DEF XSSVR	156	N[
03262000	07655	006403	DEF XSSVR	157	O[
03263000	07656	006403	DEF XSSVR	160	P[
03264000	07657	006403	DEF XSSVR	161	Q[
03265000	07660	006403	DEF XSSVR	162	R[
03266000	07661	006403	DEF XSSVR	163	S[
03267000	07662	006403	DEF XSSVR	164	T[
03268000	07663	006403	DEF XSSVR	165	U[
03269000	07664	006403	DEF XSSVR	166	V[
03270000	07665	006403	DEF XSSVR	167	W[
03271000	07666	006403	DEF XSSVR	170	X[
03272000	07667	006403	DEF XSSVR	171	Y[
03273000	07470	006403	DEF XSSVR	172	Z[
03274000	07671	006334	DEF XPIE	173	PI
03275000	07672	006343	DEF XENR	174	ENR
03276000	07673	006602	DEF XASN	175	GAZINTA
03277000	07674	027771	DEF XEMTY	176	EMPTY
03278000	07675	006140	DEF XEOLN	177	EOL
03279000	07676	006134	DEF XIF	200	IF
03280000	07677	100567	DEF APRT,I	201	PRT

INTERPRETER

03281000	07700	100570	DEF ADSP,I	202 DSP
03282000	07701	006536	DEF XLOR	203 OR
03283000	07702	006534	DEF XAND	204 AND
03284000	07703	006526	DEF XNQT	205 NOT
03285000	07704	100575	DEF AFXD,I	206 FXD
03286000	07705	100576	DEF AFLT,I	207 FLT
03287000	07706	027734	DEF XSPAC	210 SPC
03288000	07707	006775	DEF XJMP	211 JMP
03289000	07710	007342	DEF XSFG	212 SFG
03290000	07711	007350	DEF XCFG	213 CFG
03291000	07712	007334	DEF XCMF	214 CMF
03292000	07713	006530	DEF XPRND	215 PRND
03293000	07714	006532	DEF XDRND	216 DRND
03294000	07715	007321	DEF XTRC	217 TRC
03295000	07716	007274	DEF XNOR	220 NOR
03296000	07717	007306	DEF XSTP	221 STP
03297000	07720	007007	DEF XFLG	222 FLG
03298000	07721	023706	DEF XENT	223 ENT
03299000	07722	007057	DEF XMGIO	224 GTQ-
03300000	07723	007051	DEF XPGTO	225 GTO*
03301000	07724	007055	DEF XMGSH	226 GSH-
03302000	07725	007047	DEF XPGSB	227 GSH+
03303000	07726	007041	DEF XAGTO	230 GTO
03304000	07727	007037	DEF XAGSB	231 GSB
03305000	07730	006176	DEF MLOOP	232 DIM
03306000	07731	006262	DEF XRETN	233 RET
03307000	07732	001150	DEF XWAIT	234 WAIT
03308000	07733	015475	DEF XBEEP	235 BEEP
03309000	07734	015452	DEF XEND	236 END
03310000	07735		BSS 1	237 REW
03311000	07736	006540	DEF XXOR	240 XOR
03312000	07737		BSS 1	241 IDF
03313000	07740		BSS 1	242 SSC
03314000	07741		BSS 1	243 TRK
03315000	07742		BSS 1	244 FDF
03316000	07743		BSS 1	245 EKT
03317000	07744		BSS 1	246 MRK
03318000	07745		BSS 1	247 RCF
03319000	07746		BSS 1	250 LDF
03320000	07747	023704	DEF XEMP	251 ENL
03321000	07750		BSS 1	252 LDP
03322000	07751		BSS 1	253 RCM
03323000	07752		BSS 1	254 LDM
03324000	07753		BSS 1	255 RCK
03325000	07754		BSS 1	256 LDK
03326000	07755		BSS 1	257 LDB
03327000	07756		BSS 1	260 VFY
03328000	07757		BSS 1	261 AVU
03329000	07760		BSS 1	262 AVE
03330000	07761	100574	DEF AKOF,I	263 LKD
03331000	07762	100573	DEF AKON,I	264 LKE
03332000	07763	006554	DEF XNEQ	265 #
03333000	07764	006552	DEF XLEQ	266 <=
03334000	07765	006550	DEF XGEQ	267 >=
03335000	07766	006546	DEF XLTN	270 <
03336000	07767	006542	DEF XGTN	271 >
03337000	07770	006544	DEF XEQL	272 =
03338000	07771	015401	DEF XLCR	273 L.C. R
03339000	07772	100566	DEF ALST,I	274 LIST
03340000	07773	006353	DEF XYRES	275 RES (VALUE)
03341000	07774	100572	DEF ALSTK,I	276 LISTK
03342000	07775		BSS 1	277 TLIST
03343000	07776	177526	DEF APP#,I	300 L.C. P
03345000	07777		BSS 1	*** RESERVED FOR 6K-PAGE CHECKSUM
03347000			*	
03348000			* FILL IN BASE-PAGE LINKS	
03349000			*	
03350000	00360		ORG ARSGT	
03351000	00360	015261	DEF WESTB	
03352000	00361	015246	DEF INTI	
03353000	00362	015370	DEF FBAD	
03354000	00363	006145	DEF XEX	
03355000	00364	006160	DEF XE2	
03356000	00365	006176	DEF MLOOP	
03357000	00366	006565	DEF RAPUP	
03358000	00367	007316	DEF XST2	
03359000	00370	015272	DEF MOVEM	
03360000	00371	006054	DEF OVTST	
03361000	00372	006077	DEF ASTRC	

INTERPRETER

03362000	00373	006167	DEF LNTRC
03363000	00374	027614	DEF FCI
03364000	00375	027626	DEF FCC
03365000	00376	007413	DEF SYSFL
03366000	00377	027466	DEF GNAME
03367000	00400	007164	DEF FINOL
03368000	00401	015360	DEF AD8A
03369000	00402	015362	DEF .ADB

LEFTOVERS

03371000	15246		ORG 15246B
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03373000			*
03374000			* INTERPRETER INITIALIZATION
03375000			*
03376000	15246	005311	INIT LDB VT1
03377000	15247	035300	STB AP2
03378000	15250	024146	ADB M2
03379000	15251	035263	STB AP1
03380000	15252	035261	STB AP3
03381000			*
03382000	15253	000257	LDA M1
03383000	15254	131261	STA AP3,I
03384000			*
03385000	15255	005307	LDB FWUP
03386000	15256	035265	STB HERE
03387000	15257	035266	STB WHERE
03388000			*
03389000	15260	170201	RET 1

03391000			*
03392000			* SECTION TO RESET HI-SPEED BRANCH ADDRESSES
03393000			*
03394000	15261	000050	RESTR LDA B224
03395000	15262	004152	LDB M6
03396000	15263	140374	JSM AFCC,I
03397000	15264	140375	RESTR2 JSM AFCC,I
03398000	15265	170201	RET 1
03399000	15266	000177	LDA P0
03400000	15267	074550	PRD A,I
03401000	15270	074550	PRD A,I
03402000	15271	066264	JMP RESTR2
03405000			*
03406000			* MOVE MEMORY UP
03407000			*
03408000			* ON ENTRY: A = -# OF WORDS TO MOVE
03409000			*
03410000			* ON EXIT: A = NEW VT2 = START OF NEW SPACE
03411000			*
03412000			* TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2,T3,T4
03413000			*
03414000	15272	005263	MOVEM LDB AP1
03415000	15273	035711	STB T1
03416000	15274	024000	ADB A
03417000	15275	035712	STB T2
03418000	15276	031713	STA T3
03419000	15277	000001	LDA B
03420000	15300	170040	TCA
03421000	15301	021310	ADA RMAX
03422000	15302	172403	SAH *+3
03423000	15303	140404	E39 JSM AERR1,I
03424000	15304	031471	ASC 1,39
03425000			*
03426000	15305	035263	STB AP1
03427000	15306	005300	LDB AP2
03428000	15307	025713	ADB T3
03429000	15310	035300	STB AP2
03430000	15311	005261	LDB AP3
03431000	15312	025713	ADB T3
03432000	15313	035261	STB AP3
03433000	15314	005311	LDB VT1
03434000	15315	025713	ADB T3
03435000	15316	035311	STB VT1
03436000	15317	005272	LDB FAP1
03437000	15320	025713	ADB T3
03438000	15321	035272	STB FAP1
03439000	15322	005625	LDB ENSV+1
03440000	15323	025713	ADB T3
03441000	15324	035625	STB ENSV+1
03442000			*

LEFTOVERS

03443000	15325	000122		LDA B26	
03444000	15326	031714		STA T4	
03445000	15327	004277		LDB ADATB	UPDATE DATAB
03446000	15330	100001	MO1	LDA B,I	
03447000	15331	072403		SZA *+3	IGNORE IF UNALLOCATED
03448000	15332	021713		ADA T3	
03449000	15333	130001		STA B,I	STORE UPDATED ENTRY
03450000	15334	055714		DSZ T4	
03451000	15335	076173		RIB MO1	
03452000			*		
03453000	15336	005711		LDB T1	RECALL OLD API
03454000	15337	015312	MO2	CPB VT2	
03455000	15340	066346		JMP MO3	JUMP IF DONE
03456000			*		
03457000	15341	100001		LDA B,I	MOVE ORGANIZATION DATA AND STACK
03458000	15342	024254		ADB P1	
03459000	15343	131712		STA T2,I	
03460000	15344	045712		ISZ T2	
03461000	15345	066337		JMP MO2	
03462000			*		
03463000	15346	001712	MO3	LDA T2	
03464000	15347	035712		STB T2	
03465000	15350	031312		STA VT2	UPDATE VT2
03466000			*		
03467000	15351	004177		LDB P0	ZERO THE NEW AREA
03468000	15352	011712	MO4	CPA T2	
03469000	15353	066356		JMP MO5	
03470000	15354	134000		STB A,I	
03471000	15355	072175		RIA MO4	
03472000			*		
03473000	15356	001312	MO5	LDA VT2	
03474000	15357	170201		RET 1	
03476000			*		
03477000			*	ADJUST BYTE ADDRESS	
03478000			*		
03479000			*	ON ENTRY: A-REGISTER = BYTE ADDRESS	
03480000			*	B-REGISTER = COUNT	
03481000			*		
03482000			*	ON EXIT: A-REGISTER = NEW BYTE ADDRESS	
03483000			*	B-REGISTER = UNALTERED	
03484000			*		
03485000	15360	172302	ADWA	SAP *+2,S	COMPLEMENT SIGN BIT
03486000	15361	172201		SAP *+1,C	
03487000	15362	170716	.ADB	RAR 15	ADJUST ADDRESS
03488000	15363	020001		ADA B	ADD CHANGE
03489000	15364	170700		RAR 1	RESET ADDRESS
03490000	15365	172302		SAP *+2,S	COMPLEMENT SIGN BIT
03491000	15366	172201		SAP *+1,C	
03492000	15367	170201		RET 1	
03494000			*		
03495000			*	FIND BYTE ADDRESS DIFFERENCE	
03496000			*		
03497000			*	ON ENTRY: A-REGISTER = LOWER BYTE ADDRESS	
03498000			*	B-REGISTER = UPPER BYTE ADDRESS FOR POSITIVE	
03499000			*		
03500000			*	ON EXIT: A-REGISTER = CHARACTER COUNT	
03501000			*		
03502000	15370	172302	FHAD	SAP *+2,S	
03503000	15371	172201		SAP *+1,C	COMPLEMENT THE SIGN BIT
03504000	15372	170716		RAR 15	
03505000	15373	176302		SRP *+2,S	
03506000	15374	176201		SBP *+1,C	COMPLEMENT THE SIGN BIT
03507000	15375	174716		RHR 15	
03508000	15376	170040		TCA	MAKE NEG.
03509000	15377	020001		ADA B	A = BYTE DIFF
03510000	15400	170201		RET 1	
03512000			*		
03513000			*	L.C. R EXECUTION	
03514000			*		
03515000	15401	140612	XLCR	JSM AGTIN,I	GET SUBSCRIPT
03516000	15402	176003		SRP *+3	
03517000	15403	140409	E26A	JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, NEGATIVE R SUBSCRIPT
03518000	15404	031066		ASC 1,26	
03519000	15405	000001		LDA B	
03520000	15406	050224		AND B60K	
03521000	15407	072034		WZA E39A	
03522000			*		
03523000	15410	174601		SHL 2	
03524000	15411	024254		ADB P1	
03525000	15412	001277		LDA ENDS	
03526000	15413	020001		ADA B	A = ABSOLUTE ADDRESS

LEFTOVERS

03527000	15414	170140	CMA	
03528000	15415	021263	ADA AP1	
03529000	15416	020152	ADA M6	A = AP1-(L+7)
03530000	15417	172424	SAM E39A	
03531000	15420	055263	DSZ AP1	
03532000	15421	135263	STB AP1,I	WHERE = RELATIVE R-REGISTER
03533000	15422	055263	DSZ AP1	
03534000	15423	000144	LDA P3	LENGTH = 3
03535000	15424	131263	STA AP1,I	
03536000	15425	000270	LDA FVRR	
03537000	15426	055263	DSZ AP1	
03538000	15427	131263	STA AP1,I	WHAT = FULL/VARIABLE
03539000	15430	024144	ADB P3	
03540000	15431	025277	ADB END\$	
03541000	15432	000001	LDA B	
03542000	15433	170040	TCA	
03543000	15434	021310	ADA RMAX	RMAX=(L+3)
03544000	15435	172005	SAP *+5	
03545000	15436	001310	LDA RMAX	
03546000	15437	020254	ADA P1	
03547000	15440	035310	STB RMAX	UPDATE RMAX IF NECESSARY
03548000	15441	140471	JSM AZRWM,I	ZERO THE NEW AREA
03549000	15442	164365	JMP AINTX,I	
03550000			*	
03551000	15443	066303	E39A JMP E39	ERROR, OUT-OF-BOUNDS
03553000			*	
03554000			* SET LINK BITS IN STACK	
03555000			*	
03556000	15444	000236	XCOLN LDA B2K	I => 2000B => BIT 10
03557000	15445	066447	JMP *+2	
03558000			*	
03559000	15446	000234	XCUMA LDA B4K	I => 4000B => BIT 11
03560000	15447	161263	IOR AP1,I	
03561000	15450	131263	STA AP1,I	
03562000	15451	164365	JMP AINTX,I	
03564000			*	
03565000			* END (EVENTUALLY ARRIVES AT XST2)	
03566000			*	
03567000	15452	001257	XEND LDA CSTAT	
03568000	15453	010254	CPA P1	
03569000	15454	066461	JMP XEN1	
03570000	15455	010145	CPA P2	
03571000	15456	066461	JMP XEN1	
03572000	15457	140404	E39A JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, WRONG CONTROL STATE
03573000	15460	030071	ASC 1,09	
03574000			*	
03575000	15461	042246	XEN1 JSM INTI	DELETE EXECUTION STACK
03576000	15462	035264	STB LEND	IMPLIED GTO 0
03577000	15463	035317	STB SWHRE	
03578000	15464	001257	LDA CSTAT	
03579000	15465	010254	CPA P1	
03580000	15466	140515	JSM ASTK1,I	DUMMY STACK FOR C.S. IF REQUIRED
03581000			*	
03582000	15467	000177	LDA P0	
03583000	15470	031226	STA CSTMP+8	LNO=0
03584000	15471	001232	LDA CSTMP+12	
03585000	15472	050207	AND M10	CLEAR BITS 0 AND 3 OF JB'S CFLAG
03586000	15473	031232	STA CSTMP+12	(FETCH AND STEP BITS)
03587000			*	
03588000	15474	165507	JMP ELINK,I	LINK TO WAIT FOR I/O COMPLETION
03590000			*	
03591000			* BEEP EXECUTION	
03592000			*	
03593000	15475	040703	XBEEP JSM BEEP	
03594000	15476	164365	JMP AINTX,I	
03596000	27466		ORG 27466B	
03598000			*	
03599000			* SUBROUTINE TO GET VARIABLE NAME INTO I/O BUFFER	
03600000			*	
03601000	27466	035723	GNAME STB T11	
03602000	27467	174040	TCB	
03603000	27470	035724	STB T12	
03604000	27471	140450	JSM ACLB1,I	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
03605000	27472	004315	LDB A1BFM	
03606000	27473	034017	STB 0	INITIALIZE BUFFER POINTER
03607000			*	
03608000	27474	001311	LDA VT1	
03609000	27475	170040	TCA	
03610000	27476	021723	ADA T11	"TON"-VT1

LEFTOVERS

03611000	27477	172020	SAP	AST1	SKIP UNLESS R-REGISTER OR P-NUMBER
03612000	27500	001310	LDA	RMAX	
03613000	27501	170040	TCA		
03614000	27502	021723	ADA	T11	"TO"-RMAX
03615000	27503	172404	SAM	GNA1	SKIP IF R-REGISTER
03616000	27504	000061	LDA	B160	L.C. P
03617000	27505	074550	PBD	A,I	
03618000	27506	170201	RET	1	
03619000			*		
03620000	27507	000060	GNA1	LDA B162	L.C. R
03621000	27510	074550	PRD	A,I	
03622000	27511	001277	LDA	ENDS	
03623000	27512	170140	CMA		
03624000	27513	021723	ADA	T11	
03625000	27514	170501	SAR	2	R# = ("TO"-ENDS-1)/4
03626000	27515	004017	LDB	D	
03627000	27516	164477	JMP	ABTDA,I	OUTPUT SUBSCRIPT VALUE
03628000			*		
03629000	27517	004276	AST1	LDH	ADVTB
03630000	27520	035712	STR	T2	INITIALIZE TABLE POINTER
03631000	27521	000122	LDA	P26	
03632000	27522	031713	STA	T3	INITIALIZE COUNT
03633000	27523	000072	LDA	B101	
03634000	27524	005723	LDB	T11	RECALL ACTUAL ADDRESS
03635000	27525	115712	AST2	CPB	T2,I
03636000	27526	066612	JMP	AST9,I	JUMP IF SIMPLE VARIABLE FOUND
03637000	27527	045712	ISZ	T2	
03638000	27530	055713	DSZ	T3	
03639000	27531	072174	RIA	AST2	
03640000			*		
03641000			*		FALL THRU IF ARRAY VARIABLE
03642000			*		
03643000	27532	000072	AST4	LDA	B101
03644000	27533	031712	STA	T2	INITIALIZE ASCII CHARACTER
03645000	27534	004277	LDB	ADATB	
03646000	27535	035714	STR	T4	
03647000	27536	105714	AST5	LDB	T4,I
03648000	27537	076417	SZB	AST6	GET DATAB ENTRY
03649000	27540	035717	STR	T7	IGNORE IF ZERO
03650000	27541	100001	LDA	B,I	T7 => #DIMS
03651000	27542	170600	SAL	1	
03652000	27543	024254	ADB	P1	2*#DIMS
03653000	27544	024000	ADB	A	B => LOCATION OF FIRST ELEMENT
03654000	27545	100001	LDA	B,I	
03655000	27546	021724	ADA	T12	FIRST ELEMENT ADDRESS - ACTUAL ADD.
03656000	27547	172407	SAM	AST6	
03657000	27550	024254	ADB	P1	
03658000	27551	035721	STR	T9	T9 => #WORDS
03659000	27552	104001	LDB	B,I	
03660000	27553	174040	TCB		
03661000	27554	024000	ADB	A	RELATIVE WORD - #WORDS
03662000	27555	176404	SBM	AST7	SKIP IF IDENTIFIED
03663000			*		
03664000	27556	045712	AST6	ISZ	T2
03665000	27557	045714	ISZ	T4	IT ISN'T THE ONE
03666000	27560	066536	JMP	AST5	
03667000			*		
03668000	27561	170501	AST7	SAR	2
03669000	27562	005712	LDB	T2	RELATIVE ELEMENT
03670000	27563	074551	PBD	B,I	
03671000	27564	004070	LDB	B133	OUTPUT THE LETTER
03672000	27565	074551	PBD	B,I	OUTPUT (
03673000	27566	055721	DSZ	T9	
03674000	27567	055721	DSZ	T9	
03675000	27570	040762	AST8	JSM	SDIV
03676000	27571	177721	DEF	T9,I	RELATIVE/D(I,J)
03677000	27572	055721	DSZ	T9	
03678000	27573	031720	STA	T8	
03679000	27574	101721	LDA	T9,I	
03680000	27575	055721	DSZ	T9	
03681000	27576	170040	TCA		
03682000	27577	020001	ADA	B	REMAINDER*L(I,J)
03683000	27600	004017	LDB	D	
03684000	27601	140477	JSM	ABTDA,I	OUTPUT SUBSCRIPT VALUE
03685000	27602	005717	LDB	T7	
03686000	27603	015721	CPB	T9	DONE?
03687000	27604	066611	JMP	AST9	
03688000	27605	000107	LDA	B54	OUTPUT ,
03689000	27606	074550	PRD	A,I	
03690000	27607	001720	LDA	T8	
03691000	27610	066570	JMP	AST8	
03692000			*		
03693000	27611	000067	AST9	LDA	B135
03694000	27612	074550	PRD	A,I	OUTPUT]
03695000	27613	170201	RET	1	

LEFTOVERS

03697000			*		
03698000			*	SUBROUTINE TO FIND A DESIGNATED BYTE IN THE PROGRAM	
03699000			*		
03700000			*	INITIALIZATION: LOA (DESIRED BYTE) (EXCEPT EOL)	
03701000			*	LOB -# OF CONSECUTIVE BYTES	
03702000			*	JSM FCI	
03703000			*		
03704000			*	CONTINUATION: JSM FCC	
03705000			*		
03706000			*	ON RETURN TO P+1: END-OF-PROGRAM	
03707000			*	P+2: B-REGISTER = D-REGISTER	
03708000			*		
03709000			*	TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2,T3,T4,T26	
03710000			*		
03711000	27614	170040	FCI	TCA	
03712000	27615	031711		STA T1	SAVE DESIRED BYTE
03713000	27616	035675		STB T26	
03714000	27617	005307		LOB FWUP	
03715000	27620	035712		STB T2	INITIALIZE WORD ADDRESS
03716000	27621	034017	FCI3	STB D	
03717000	27622	074570		WRD A,I	SKIP OVER WLENGTH.
03718000	27623	004017		LOB D	
03719000	27624	035713		STB T3	INITIAL D-REGISTER SETTING.
03720000	27625	170201		RET 1	
03722000	27626	101712	FCC	LOA T2,I	
03723000	27627	050053		AND B177	
03724000	27630	072475		SZA *-3	END-OF-PROGRAM
03725000			*		
03726000	27631	005713		LOB T3	RECALL LOCATION OF NEXT BYTE
03727000	27632	034017		STB D	
03728000	27633	074570	REU	WRD A,I	GET NEXT BYTE
03729000	27634	010053		CPA B177	
03730000	27635	066667		JMP RE2	EOL FOUND
03731000			*		
03732000	27636	031714		STA T4	SAVE CURRENT BYTE
03733000	27637	020332		ADA ANTHL	
03734000	27640	100000		LDA A,I	GET RTBL WORD
03735000	27641	170507		SAR 8	
03736000	27642	050130		AND B17	GET CLASS
03737000			*		
03738000	27643	010142		CPA P5	
03739000	27644	066712		JMP RE5	5 = LITERAL SYNTAX
03740000	27645	010141		CPA P6	
03741000	27646	066702		JMP RE6	6 = GTO/GSB
03742000	27647	010140		CPA P7	
03743000	27650	066724		JMP RE7	7 = OPTIONAL ROM
03744000	27651	010137		CPA P8	
03745000	27652	066716		JMP RE8	8 = CHARACTER STRING
03746000	27653	010136		CPA P9	
03747000	27654	066712		JMP RE5	9 = NUMBER
03748000			*		
03749000	27655	005713	RE1	LOB T3	CURRENT POSITION
03750000	27656	000017		LDA D	
03751000	27657	031713		STA T3	UPDATE POSITION
03752000	27660	034017		STB U	
03753000			*		
03754000	27661	001711		LDA T1	DESIRED BYTE?
03755000	27662	021714		ADA T4	
03756000	27663	172450		SAM RE0	NO
03757000	27664	021675		ADA T26	
03758000	27665	172046		SAP RE0	NO
03759000	27666	170202		RET 2	YES
03760000			*		
03761000	27667	005712	RE2	LOB T2	RECALL WORD ADDRESS OF LINE
03762000	27670	100001		LDA B,I	
03763000	27671	050053		AND B177	GET WLENGTH OF LINE
03764000	27672	024000		ADB A	
03765000	27673	035712		STB T2	
03766000	27674	101712		LOA T2,I	
03767000	27675	050053		AND B177	
03768000	27676	010177		CPA P0	
03769000	27677	170201		RET 1	END-OF-PROGRAM
03770000			*		
03771000	27700	042621		JSM FCI3	
03772000	27701	066633		JMP RE0	
03773000			*		
03774000	27702	074570	RE6	WRD A,I	GTO/GSB
03775000	27703	074570		WRD A,I	
03776000	27704	074570		WRD A,I	GET TYPE OF BRANCH
03777000	27705	010116		CPA B42	
03778000	27706	066716		JMP RE8	
03779000	27707	074570		WRD A,I	

LEFTOVERS

03780000	27710	074570	WRD A,I	
03781000	27711	066655	JMP REL	
03782000			*	
03783000	27712	074570	RE5 WBD A,I	NUMBER OR LITERAL SYNTAX
03784000	27713	010121	CPA B34	
03785000	27714	066655	JMP REL	
03786000	27715	066712	JMP *-3	
03787000			*	
03788000	27716	074571	REB WRD B,I	CHARACTER STRING, GET LENGTH
03789000	27717	174040	TCB	
03790000	27720	076503	SIB **3	
03791000	27721	074570	WBD A,I	
03792000	27722	066720	JMP *-2	
03793000	27723	066655	JMP REL	
03794000			*	
03795000	27724	074571	RE7 WRD B,I	OPTIONAL-ROM, GET SECOND CODE
03796000	27725	001714	LDA T4	
03797000	27726	010136	CPA P9	IS IT THE UDF ROM?
03798000	27727	066731	JMP **2	YES
03799000	27730	066655	JMP REL	NO
03800000			*	
03801000	27731	014254	CPB P1	IS IT A UDF NAME?
03802000	27732	066716	JMP REB	YES
03803000	27733	066655	JMP REL	NO
03804000			*	
03805000			* SPACE EXECUTION	
03806000			*	
03807000			*	
03808000	27734	101263	XSPAC LDA API,I	LOOK AT DATA TYPE
03809000	27735	010221	CPA EMPTY	
03810000	27736	066744	JMP XSP1	JUMP IF NO PARAMETER
03811000			*	
03812000	27737	140612	JSM AGTIN,I	GET INTEGER PARAMETER
03813000	27740	076413	SZB XSP2	
03814000	27741	176004	SRP **4	
03815000	27742	140404	E17 JSM AERR1,I	ERROR, ILLEGAL SPACE COUNT
03816000	27743	030467	ASC 1,17	
03817000			*	
03818000	27744	004254	XSP1 LDB P1	DEFAULT
03819000	27745	035711	STB T1	
03820000	27746	000254	LDA P1	
03821000	27747	140571	JSM ASPC,I	GO SPACE ONCE
03822000	27750	001206	LDA IOTMP	GET KEYCODE
03823000	27751	055711	DSZ T1	COUNT EXHAUSTED?
03824000	27752	010254	CPA P1	STOP KEY?
03825000	27753	164365	XSP2 JMP AINTX,I	DONE1
03826000	27754	066746	JMP XSP1*2	KEEP SPACING
03828000			*	
03829000			* CALL OPTIONAL-ROM FOR EXECUTION	
03830000			*	
03831000	27755	022765	CALLM ADA ROMK	
03832000	27756	104000	LDB A,I	B = RMTBL ENTRY
03833000	27757	076403	SZB E29A	ERROR, ROM MISSING
03834000			*	
03835000	27760	104001	LDB B,I	
03836000	27761	014257	CPB M1	
03837000	27762	064731	E29A JMP E29	ERROR, ROM MISSING
03838000	27763	074560	WRC A,I	GET OPCODE
03839000	27764	164001	JMP B,I	CALL OPTIONAL-ROM
03840000			*	
03841000	27765	167320	ROMK DEF RMTBL-1BTL-1,I	
03842000			*	
03843000			* STACK 'ENTIRE ARRAY'	
03844000			*	
03845000			*	
03846000	27766	000143	XARRY LDA P4	
03847000	27767	004171	LDB ARRAY	WHAT = ENTIRE ARHAY
03848000	27770	066773	JMP XEMPTY*2	
03850000			*	
03851000			* STACK 'EMPTY'	
03852000			*	
03853000	27771	000144	XEMPTY LDA P3	
03854000	27772	004221	LDB EMPTY	WHAT = EMPTY
03855000	27773	140371	JSM AOVTS,I	
03856000	27774	004177	LDB P0	
03857000	27775	070551	PWD B,I	WHERE = ABSOLUTE 0
03858000	27776	164365	JMP AINTX,I	
03860000	27777		BSS 1	*** RESERVED FOR 26K-PAGE CHECKSUM

LFFTOVERS

03862000 23704 ORG 237048

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03864000                   *
03865000                   * PROLOGUE TO ENT EXECUTION
03866000                   *
03867000 23704 004127 XENP LDB B20            SET PRINT FLAG
03868000 23705 066707                    JMP **2
03869000 23706 004177 XENT LDB P0            CLEAR PRINT FLAG
03870000 23707 001232                    LDA CSTMP*12    GET CONTROL SUPERVISOR FLAG (CFLAG)
03871000 23710 050161                    AND M17
03872000 23711 060001                    IOR B            SET BIT ACCORDING TO ENTER ENTRY.
03873000 23712 031232                    STA CSTMP*12    UPDATE THE CONTROL SUPERVISOR FLAG
03874000 23713 001257                    LDA CSTAT       MAKE SURE PROPER MODE
03875000 23714 010145                    CPA P2
03876000 23715 066720                    JMP **3
03877000 23716 140*04 E13 JSM AERR1,I        ERROR, ILLEGAL MODE
03878000 23717 030463                    ASC 1,13
03879000                   *
03880000 23720 000016                    LDA C
03881000 23721 031624                    STA ENSY        SAVE C
03882000 23722 140610                    JSM ACOUN,I     SET UP FAP1
03883000 23723 164577                    JMP AENT,I
03884000                   *
03885000                    END

```

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

```

00003000 76550                   ORG 765508
00004000                    UNL
02000000                    LST
02001000                   *

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02003000                   *
02004000                   * BASE PAGE LINKS
02005000                   *
02006000 00041                    ORG SYSS*1
02007000 00041 010000                    DEF .INT        INTERRUPT LINK
02008000                   *
02009000 00403                    ORG AMCLX
02010000 00403 010063                    DEF MCLX        MAIN LOOP ADDR*1
02011000 00404 011000                    DEF ERR1        ERROR ROUTINE - NO RETURN
02012000 00405 011067                    DEF ERR2        ERROR ROUTINE - RETURN P*2
02013000 00406 011072                    DEF PEMIO       PLACE ERROR MESSAGE IN I/O BUFFER
02014000 00407 011002                    DEF EREXT       ERROR EXIT - AETER AERR2
02015000 00410 010776                    DEF REJR        INTERRUPT REJECT ROUTINE
02016000 00411 011406                    DEF ERUN7       XCOMM MANAGEMENT
02017000 00412 010722                    DEF PLIRC       PLACE LINE NO. IN I/O BUFF
02018000 00413 110657                    DEF CNDT,I     COMMAND TABLE (ADDR)
02019000 00414 010605                    DEF CTFC8       CHECK TABLE FOR COMMAND
02020000 00415 011177                    DEF CONEN       IMMEDIATE EXECUTE CONTINUE
02021000 00416 010437                    DEF EXCK        COMMAND EXECUTION
02022000 00417 010551                    DEF EXCSB       COMPILE A LINE
02023000 00420 010242                    DEF KYPRC       PROCESS A KEY
02024000 00421 011400                    DEF RUNSB       RUN INIT CALLED BY LDP
02025000 00422 011312                    DEF ECIM        IMMEDIATE CONTINUE
02026000 00423 010654                    DEF SCNDT       COMMAND TABLE TABLE START ADDR
02027000 00424 011065                    DEF SYSER       SYSTEM ERROR
02028000 00425 010372                    DEF CNINT       CONTINUE INITIALIZATION
02029000 00426 010013                    DEF ERASA       ERASE ALL LINK
02030000 00427 011452                    DEF ISTOP       PLACE KEYBOARD CHAR IN I/O BUFFER
02031000 00430 011453                    DEF ISTOP       PLACE CHARACTER IN I/O BUFFER
02032000 00431 010477                    DEF EXCST       SMT EXECUTION
02033000                   *
02034000 00577                    ORG AENT
02035000 00577 011105                    DEF XENO        LINK TO EXECUTE IENT
02036000                   *

```

CONTROL SUPERVISOR

```

02039000                   *
02040000                   *
02041000                   *****
02042000                   *
02043000                   *
02044000                   * CONTROL SUPERVISOR
02045000                   *
02046000                   *

```

CONTROL SUPERVISOR

```

02047000 *
02048000 *
02049000 *****
02050000 *
02051000 *
02052000 *          CNSP
02053000 *
02054000 *
02055000 *
02056000 *
02057000 *
02058000 10000      ORG 10000B
02059000 * POWER ON ROUTINES; CHECK RESET BIT
02060000 * FINDS THE AMOUNT OF R/W MEM IN SYSTEM; ZEROES ALL R/W
02061000 * MEMORY; WAITS .5 SEC FOR THE CASSETTE
02062000 * MAX ADDR OF R/W MEM= MAW = 77777B
02063000 *
02064000 *
02065000 *
02066000 *
02067000 *
02068000 *
02069000 *
02070000 10000 000177 .INT LDA KPA      KEYB. SELECT CODE
02071000 10001 030017 STA D        SET FLAG FOR AUTO START ROUTINES
02072000 10002 030011 STA PA      SET PERIPHERAL ADDR
02073000 10003 000005 LDA R5      READ SYSTEM STATUS
02074000 10004 170502 SAR 3        POSITION POWER-ON BIT
02075000 10005 073402 RLA *+2     SKIP IF POWER ON
02076000 *
02077000 10006 067073 JMP RESET  RESET KEY WAS PRESSED
02078000 *
02079000 10007 004154 LDB M8     WAIT .5 SECONDS
02080000 10010 000263 LDA FLAG
02081000 10011 072100 RIA *
02082000 10012 076176 RIB *-2
02083000 *
02084000 *****
02085000 *
02086000 * ERASE ALL ENTRY
02087000 *
02088000 *          FIND AMOUNT OF MEMORY AVAILABLE
02089000 10013 000225 ERASA LDA ALBPI  ALTERNATE BIT PATTERN
02090000 10014 004217 LDB B76K   ASSUME AT LEAST 2K OF MEMORY
02091000 10015 034016 .INTL STB C    SAVE ADDRESS
02092000 10016 024241 ADB B#2K   CHECK NEXT LOWER 2K
02093000 10017 130001 STA B,I    WRITE ALTERNATE 1'S AND 0'S
02094000 10020 110001 CPA B,I    SEE IF WRITTEN
02095000 10021 067015 JMP .INTL  YES, SO KEEP LOOKING
02096000 *
02097000 *          CLEAR R/W MEMORY
02098000 10022 000177 LDA P0
02099000 10023 004016 LDB C      GET ADDR TO START CLEARING
02100000 10024 130001 STA B,I    ZERO MEMORY
02101000 10025 014344 CPB MAW   DONE?
02102000 10026 067030 JMP *+2   YES; GET OUT OF LOOP
02103000 10027 076175 RIB *-3   NO; LOOP
02104000 10030 004016 LDB C      GET C REG.
02105000 10031 035305 STB OFWAM  FIRST WORD OF ACTUAL R/W
02106000 10032 035306 STB FWAM   FIRST WORD OF AVAILABLE MEMORY (R/W)
02107000 *
02108000 *
02109000 * RESET "JSM STACK" POINTER
02110000 *
02111000 * SET DISPLAY LENGTH
02112000 *
02113000 *
02114000 10033 000300 LDA AJSTK  JSM STACK S/A-1
02115000 10034 030003 STA R      SET RET STACK POINTER
02116000 *
02117000 10035 004117 LDB P32
02118000 10036 000005 LDA R5     READ SYSTEM STATUS
02119000 10037 073002 SLA *+2   SKIP ON 32 CHAR DISP
02120000 10040 004127 LDB P16
02121000 10041 035512 STB DLEN  SET DISP LENGTH
02122000 *
02123000 *
02124000 10042 043137 JSM SRWLK SET R/W LINKS, INIT OPTION ROMS
02125000 10043 140435 JSM ATRBF,I TRANSFER I/O TO KBD BUFF
02126000 10044 040715 JSM CLMOD SET MODE = 0 FOR ATRBF
02127000 10045 140435 JSM ATRBF,I TRANS EOL TO RESERVE BUFF ALSO
02128000 *
02129000 *
02130000 *

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CONTROL SUPERVISOR

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02131000      *          SET MEMORYPOINTERS
02132000      *
02133000 10046 004330 SETMP LDB LWAM      LAST WORD OF AVAILABLE MEM.
02134000 10047 035311 STB VT1       SET VALUE TABLE PTRNR
02135000 10050 035312 STB VT2       SET VALUE TABLE PTRNR
02136000 10051 035313 STB FWBA      SET FIRST WORD OF BIN. AREA
02137000 10052 005306 LDB FWAM      FIRST WORD OF AVAILABLE R/W MEM.
02138000 10053 035307 STB FWUP      SET FIRST WORD OF USER PROGRAM
02139000 10054 035277 STB ENDS      NULL PROGRAM
02140000 10055 035310 STB RMAX      NO R-REGISTERS ALLOCATED
02141000 10056 042400 JSM RUNSB     INITIALIZE SO THAT A CONT IS LEGAL
02142000 10057 140514 JSM ASLLN,I   SET LNO TO LAST LINE NO. OR -1
02143000      *
02144000      *
02145000      *          TURN-ON DISPLAY,ENABLE INTERRUPT
02146000      *
02147000 10060 140433 SETM1 JSM ALDSP,I  DISPLAY INFO
02148000 10061 070420 EIR          ENABLE INTERRUPT
02149000      *
02150000      *
02151000      *
02152000      *          MAIN CONTROL LOOP
02153000      *
02154000      *
02155000 10062 165511 MCL      JMP MLBPL,I   GO THRU MAIN LOOP BYPASS LINK
02156000 10063 140504 MCLX     JSM ARNLF,I   TURN OFF RUN LIGHT
02157000 10064 140454 MLCK     JSM ARPRL,I   GET NEW KEY FLAG,DISTRIBUTE POWER
02158000 10065 172277 SAP MLCK,C  KEEP LOOKING IF FLAG IS NOT SET
02159000 10066 031207 MLK      STA .WMOD     RESET NEW KEY FLAG
02160000 10067 001206 LDA .WKC     GET KEY CODE
02161000 10070 043242 JSM KYPRC   PROCESS THE KEY
02162000 10071 140432 MCLI     JSM ADSPC,I   DISPLAY THE NEW KEY
02163000 10072 067062 JMP MCL     LOOP
02164000      *
02165000      *
02166000      *
02167000      *
02168000      *
02169000      *          SYSTEM RESET
02170000      *
02171000      *          AFTER SYSTEMRESET SYSTEM IS READY
02172000      *
02173000      *
02174000      * RESETS JSM STACK; RESETS STOLEN MEM PTR
02175000      * STRIPS EXECUTIONSTACK; CLEARS SYSTEM FLAGS
02176000      * CHECKS LINE BRIDGES OF PROGRAM;DISPLAYS LINE #
02177000      * BEING EXECUTED
02178000      *
02179000 10073 000300 RESET    LDA AJSTK     JSM STACK S/A-1
02180000 10074 030003 STA R      SET RET STACK PTRNR
02181000 10075 001305 LDA OFWAM   FIRST WORD OF ACTUAL R/W
02182000 10076 031306 STA FWAM   RESET AVAILABLE MEM PTR
02183000 10077 001265 LDA HERE
02184000 10100 030017 STA D      SET FLAG FOR AUTO START ROUTINES
02185000 10101 140361 JSM AINTI,I RESET EXECUTION STACK
02186000 10102 043137 JSM SRWLK SET R/W LINKS;INIT OPTION ROMS
02187000 10103 001257 LDA CSTAT  SAVE CONTROL STATE
02188000 10104 031234 STA TMP4
02189000 10105 042040 JSM CLRST  CLEAR CSTAT; LEAVE A PD IN "A"
02190000 10106 031232 STA CFLAG  RE-SET CONTROL FLAG
02191000 10107 031613 STA RENFG  CLEAR RENUMBER,REWIND FLAG
02192000 10110 031255 STA XCOMM  CLEAR ANY PENDING INTERRUPTS
02193000 10111 031623 STA LKFLG  ENABLE LIVE KBD
02194000 10112 031314 STA TE     CLEAR MASTER TRACE FLAG
02195000 10113 040717 JSM STELM  SET EOL MODE
02196000 10114 004344 LDB MAW   SEE IF PROGRAM STRUCTURE STILL INTACT
02197000 10115 140523 JSM AGLNO,I SEARCH THROUGH LINE BRIDGES
02198000 10116 140514 JSM ASLLN,I RESET LINE NO.
02199000      *
02200000 10117 001234 LDA TMP4   PUT CORRECT LINE NUMBER IN DISPLAY
02201000 10120 072416 SZA NOLNN  SKIP IF STATE = 0
02202000 10121 005626 LDB ENSV*2 GET ENTER SAVED HERE
02203000 10122 010143 CPA P4     WAITING FOR ENTER
02204000 10123 067133 JMP RLINN  YES; PUT LINE # IN I/O BUFFER
02205000 10124 010142 CPA P5     EXECUTION IN ENTER?
02206000 10125 067133 JMP RLINN  YES
02207000 10126 005607 LDB LKTMP*2 GET SAVED WHERE FOR LIVE KBD
02208000 10127 010144 CPA P3     EXECUTION IN LIVE KBD?
02209000 10130 067133 JMP RLINN  YES; PUT LINE # IN I/O BUFFER
02210000 10131 073405 RLA NOLNN  SKIP IF STATE = 1
02211000 10132 004017 LDB 0     STATE MUST BE 2 OR 6 SO USE HERE
02212000 10133 043421 RLINN     JSM STEP4   PLACE LINE # IN I/O BUFFER
02213000 10134 000177 LDA P0     RESET CONTROL FLAG
02214000 10135 031232 STA CFLAG

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02215000
02216000 10136 067060 NOLNN JMP SETM1  COMPLETE RESET INIT
02217000 *****
02218000
02219000
02220000 *****
02221000
02222000 * SET R/W LINKS,SET INTERRUPT TABLE, INIT OPTION ROMS
02223000
02224000 *
02225000 * ROUTINES SHARED BY POWER-ON AND RESET
02226000 10137 000367 SRWLK LDA ASTP GET ADDR OF STOP ROUT.
02227000 10140 031507 STA ELINK INIT, END=STMT LINK
02228000 10141 000406 LDA APEM1 ADDR OF COMMON ERROR SUBR.
02229000 10142 031260 STA ERRBP SET LINK FOR NORMAL ERROR ROUT.
02230000 10143 000403 LDA AMCLX MAIN LOOP ADDR+1
02231000 10144 031511 STA MLBPL SET MAIN LOOP BYPASS LINK
02232000 10145 000714 LDA ARET1 TERMINATE RUN LINK WITH A RETURN
02233000 10146 031533 STA RLINK SET RUN LINK FOR OPTION ROMS
02234000 10147 000112 LDA B51 SET FOR FIXED 2, FLOAT 9
02235000 10150 031217 STA WPRT
02236000 10151 000730 LDA AREPN SET ERROR ADDR FOR PW EXECUTION
02237000 10152 031526 STA APP#
02238000
02239000 * SET INTERRUPT TABLE ON TURN-ON:
02240000
02241000 *
02242000 * KEYBOARD LINK AND REJECT LINKS
02243000
02244000
02245000 10153 000275 SETIT LDA AITAB GET INTERRUPT TABLE ADDR
02246000 10154 172701 SAM *+1,S SET BIT 15 FOR INDIRECT
02247000 10155 030010 STA IV SE * INTERRUPT VECTOR POINTER
02248000 10157 004434 LDB AKBSR KEYBOARD SERVICE ROUTINE ADDR
02249000 10160 134000 STB A,I IN INTRPT TABLE
02250000 10161 004410 LDB AREJR REJECT ROUTINE ADDR
02251000 10162 072101 SETI RIA *+1 INCRM TABLE ADDR
02252000 10163 134000 STB A,I FILL REST OF TABLE WITH REJECT ADDRESS
02253000 10164 012567 CPA LITAD LAST INTERPT TABLE ADDR?
02254000 10165 067167 JMP STEDT YES, DONE
02255000 10166 067162 JMP SETI NO! SET ADDITIONAL ADDRS
02256000
02257000 *****
02258000
02259000 10167 140447 STEDT JSM ASWIO,I SET POINTERS TO EDIT I/O BUFFER
02260000 10170 140452 JSM AEOLB,I PUT EOL IN BUFFER, RESET EDIT POINTERS
02261000
02262000
02263000 *****
02264000
02265000 * SORFI SET OPTION ROM TABLE
02266000
02267000 *****
02268000
02269000 10171 140600 SORFI JSM ACSTI,I CASSETTE INITIALIZATION
02270000
02271000 *
02272000 * RESETOPTION ROM TABLE
02273000
02274000 10172 000327 LDA AROMS S/A OF TABLE
02275000 10173 020254 ADA P1 SKIP OVER BINARY PROG LINK
02276000 10174 071617 CLR 16 CLEAR TABLE
02277000 10175 020127 ADA P16 SET MAIN SYSTEM ADDRESS
02278000 10176 004331 LDB AMAIN
02279000 10177 134000 STB A,I
02280000 10200 020254 ADA P1
02281000 10201 00A257 LDB M1 SET END OF TABLE
02282000 10202 134000 STB A,I
02283000
02284000 * INITIALIZE OPTION ROM TABLE
02285000
02286000 10203 006576 LDB ASYSM START SEARCH AT SYSTEM ROM ADDR
02287000 10204 000001 RINT LDA B GET CURRENT ADDR
02288000 10205 020236 ADA B2K LOOK AT NEXT HIGHER 1K
02289000 10206 011305 CPA OFWAM START OF R/WIEND OF ROM ADDR SPACE?
02290000 10207 067225 JMP ROMIN INITIALIZE ROMS IF SO
02291000 10210 010224 CPA B60K END OF ROM ADDRESSES?
02292000 10211 067225 JMP ROMIN TABLE FILLED IF SO
02293000 10212 030001 STA B SAVE POSSIBLE ROM S/A
02294000 10213 020143 ADA P4 GET ROM INIT ADDR
02295000 10214 100000 LDA A,I
02296000 10215 010257 CPA M1 ROM PRESENT?
02297000 10216 067204 JMP RINT NO, CHECK NEXT ROM
02298000 10217 000001 LDA B GET ROM S/A AGAIN
02299000 10220 020142 ADA P5 POINT TO ROM ID
    
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02299000 10221 100000 LDA A,I GET ROM ID
02300000 10222 020326 ADA ATROM CALCULATE ADDR TO PUT ROM S/A
02301000 10223 134000 STB A,I STORE ROM ADDR FOR THIS ID
02302000 10224 067204 JMP RINT CHECK FOR ANOTHER ROM
02303000 *
02304000 * INITIALIZE THE OPTION ROMS
02305000 *
02306000 10225 000327 ROMIN LDA AROMS S/A OF OPTION ROM ADDR TABLE
02307000 10226 020127 ADA P16 START WITH THE HIGHEST ID ROM
02308000 10227 031227 STA TMP1 SAVE ROM TABLE PTR
02309000 10230 101227 RMIN1 LDA TMP1,I GET ROM ADDR
02310000 10231 072404 SZA RMIN2 SKIP IF ROM NOT PRESENT
02311000 10232 020143 ADA P4 ROM INIT ADDR
02312000 10233 100000 LDA A,I GET ADDRESS
02313000 10234 140000 JSM A,I INIT THE ROM
02314000 10235 001227 RMIN2 LDA TMP1 DONE WITH ALL THE OPTION ROMS?
02315000 10236 010327 CPA AROMS
02316000 10237 170201 RET I YES
02317000 10240 055227 DSZ TMP1 NO, POINT TO NEXT ROM ADDR
02318000 10241 067230 JMP RMIN1
02319000 *
02320000 *****
02321000 *
02322000 *
02323000 *****
02324000 *
02325000 * THE CONTROL SUPERVISOR DIRECTS ALL KEYCODES
02326000 *
02327000 * LOADED BY THE KEYBOARD INTERRUPT ROUTINE TO THE
02328000 *
02329000 * PROPER HANDLING ROUTINE.
02330000 *
02331000 * ENTRY: A = KEY CODE
02332000 *
02333000 *
02334000 * TABLE ADDR = BASE + MODE + 5(CN)
02335000 * THE CONTENTS OF THE ADDR POINTS TO THE PROCESSING
02336000 * ROUTINE. THIS TABLE OF ADDRESSES CAN BE CONSID
02337000 * AS A MATRIX OF SIZE (5,21) WHERE EACH
02338000 * ELEMENT IS FOUND BY (MODE,CN).
02339000 * MODE IS THE CONTROL SUPERVISOR CONTROLLING FLAG.
02340000 * CN IS THE CONTROL NUMBER FOUND IN MTABLE
02341000 *
02342000 *****
02343000 *
02344000 * KEY PROCESSING TABLE ENTRY KYPRC: A CONTAINS KEY
02345000 *
02346000 *
02347000 * IF STATE = 2 OR 4 THEN ENTRY 3 IN THE TABLE IS USED
02348000 * IF THIS ADDR IS ZERO THEN THE MODE ENTRY IS USED
02349000 * THE MODE ENTRY IS ALWAYS USED IF THE STATE IS ZERO
02350000 * MODE IS 0,1,2,OR 4
02351000 *
02352000 *****
02353000 *
02354000 10242 031235 KYPRC STA SKEY SAVE NEW CODE
02355000 10243 020167 ADA BM200
02356000 10244 172002 SAP *2 SPECIAL KEY?
02357000 10245 067250 JMP KYCN2 NO
02358000 10246 004126 LDB P17 SPECIAL KEY CN = B21
02359000 10247 067251 JMP PRG1
02360000 10250 043300 KYCN2 JSM SKCD GET CONTROL # FROM MTABLE
02361000 *
02362000 10251 014135 PRG1 CPB P10 SEE IF RECALL KEY
02363000 10252 067261 JMP KYREC YES
02364000 10253 001232 LDA CFLAG NO, CLEAR BIT 5 OF CFLAG, AND MODIFY
02365000 10254 170705 RAR 6 IF BIT 5 IS SET LEAVE BIT 6 = 1
02366000 10255 172602 SAM LASRC,C CLEAR BIT 5 IN ALL CASES
02367000 10256 073201 SLA LASRC,C BIT 5 = 0 SO CLEAR BIT 6
02368000 10257 170711 LASRC RAR 10 REPOSITION FLAG
02369000 10260 031232 STA CFLAG RESTORE FLAG
02370000 10261 001257 KYREC LDA CSTAT IF STATE = 0 USE MODE ENTRY
02371000 10262 072404 SZA PRG2 INTO TABLE
02372000 10263 000144 LDA P3 STATE MUST BE 2 OR 4 SO USE ENTRY 3
02373000 10264 067267 JMP PRG4
02374000 10265 005227 PRG3 LDB TMP1 RESTORE B BEFORE RECALCULATE
02375000 10266 001256 PRG2 LDA MODE USE MODE ENTRY
02376000 10267 035227 PRG4 STB TMP1 CALCULATE TABLE ADDR
02377000 10270 174601 SBL 2 MPY BY 4
02378000 10271 025227 ADB TMP1 B=5(CN)
02379000 10272 024000 ADB A B=ENTRY# * 5(CN)
02380000 10273 026613 ADB ,ATBL B=ADDR,I OF PROCESSING ROUTINE
02381000 10274 000177 LDA P0 IF ADDR = 0
02382000 10275 110001 CPA B,I

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CONTROL SUPERVISOR

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02383000 10276 067265 JPM PRG3 THEN USE MODE ENTRY
02384000 10277 164001 JPM B,I #0 SO GO TO THE PROCESSING ROUTINE
02385000 *
02386000 *
02387000 *
02388000 *
02389000 *
02390000 *
02391000 * GET MTABLE CODE
02392000 *
02393000 * ENTRYI ASCII CODE IN "SKEY"
02394000 *
02395000 * EXITI CONTROL NUMBER IN R-REG.
02396000 *
02397000 *
02398000 10300 001235 SKCD LDA SKEY GET KEY CODE
02399000 10301 004460 SMTBL LDB AKYTB GET TABLE ADDR
02400000 10302 034016 STB C SET C-REG
02401000 10303 074561 SMTB1 WBC B,I GET UPPER HALF BYTE
02402000 10304 014045 CPB B377 END-OF-TABLE?
02403000 10305 067315 JPM SKCD1 YES
02404000 *
02405000 10306 010001 CPA B CODE FOUND?
02406000 10307 067312 JPM SMTB2 YES
02407000 10310 074561 WBC B,I NO; BYPASS RIGHT-HALF
02408000 10311 067303 JPM SMTB1 CONTINUE
02409000 10312 074561 SMTB2 WBC B,I GET MCODE
02410000 10313 174502 SBR 3 GET CONTROL NUMBER
02411000 10314 170201 RET 1
02412000 *
02413000 10315 004134 SKCD1 LDB B13 MUST BE PROGRAMMING KEY
02414000 10316 170201 RET 1 CN = 13
02415000 *
02416000 *
02417000 10317 140404 ERILO JSM AERR1,I ILLEGAL OPERATION
02418000 10320 030065 ASC 1,05
02419000 *
02420000 *
02421000 *
02422000 *
02423000 *
02424000 * NEW KEY AFTER "EOL" MODE IS SET
02425000 *
02426000 *
02427000 10321 140451 PEOL JSM ACLEB,I CLEAR EDIT BUFFER
02428000 10322 040715 JSM CLMOD RESET TO KBD MODE
02429000 *
02430000 * ALPHANUMERIC KEYS
02431000 *
02432000 10323 140427 PO2 JSM AISTR,I STORE CODE IN INPUT BUFF
02433000 10324 067325 JMP *+1 INPUT BUFF FULL; CHAR NOT STORED
02434000 10325 164446 JMP AFBP,I FIND DISP BEGIN POINTR AND
02435000 *
02436000 *
02437000 * PRINT-ALL KEY
02438000 *
02439000 *
02440000 10326 140451 PALL JSM ACLEB,I CLEAR EDIT BUFFER
02441000 10327 001232 LDA CFLAG GET CONTROL FLAG
02442000 10330 172705 SAM.PALL1,5 PRINT-ALL SET ?
02443000 10331 031232 STA CFLAG NO; SET IT; UPDATE CONTROL FLAG
02444000 10332 003351 LDA ONMSG GET "ON" MESSAGE
02445000 10333 131350 STA AEBUF,I PLACE LINE NO. IN I/O-BUFFER
02446000 10334 067342 JMP STPLL DISPLAY ON/OFF MESSAGE
02447000 *
02448000 10335 172601 PALL1 SAM *+1,C CLEAR-PRINT ALL
02449000 10336 031232 STA CFLAG UPDATE CONTROL FLAG
02450000 10337 003346 LDA AOFF ADDR OF "OFF" MESSAGE
02451000 10340 005350 LDB AEBUF DESTINATION ADDR
02452000 10341 071401 XFR 2 TRANSFER "OFF" IN I/O BUFF
02453000 10342 040715 STPLL JSM CLMOD SET MODE = 0
02454000 10343 140432 JSM ADSPC,I DISPLAY ON/OFF MESSAGE
02455000 10344 140452 JSM AEOLB,I CLR EDIT BUFFER
02456000 10345 170202 RET 2 LEAVE MESSAGE IN DISPLAY
02457000 *
02458000 *
02459000 *
02460000 10346 010347 AOFF DEF *+1
02461000 10347 067546 OCT 67546 OF
02462000 10350 063040 OCT 63040 F BLANK
02463000 10351 067556 ONMSG OCT 67556 ON
02464000 *
02465000 *
02466000 * RESULT KEY

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CONTROL SUPERVISOR

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02467000 *
02468000 *
02469000 10352 000060 RESK LDA P114 GET LOWER CASE "R"
02470000 10353 043357 JSM RESSB PLACE CODE IN I/O BUFF
02471000 10354 000063 LDA B145 GET LOWER CASE "E"
02472000 10355 043357 JSM RESSB PLACE CODE IN I/O BUFF
02473000 10356 002571 LDA B163 GET LOWER CASE "S"
02474000 *
02475000 *
02476000 *
02477000 10357 031235 RESSB STA SKEY SAVE CODE
02478000 10360 067323 JMP P02 STORE CODE IN I/O BUFF - RETURN P-1
02479000 *
02480000 *
02481000 * RESULT KEY - EOL MODE
02482000 *
02483000 *
02484000 10361 140451 REOL JSM ACLEB,I CLEAR EDIT BUFFER
02485000 10362 040715 JSM CLMUD SET KBD MODE
02486000 10363 067352 JMP RESK
02487000 *
02488000 *
02489000 *
02490000 * CNINT CONTINUE INITIALIZATION
02491000 *
02492000 * CNINS PRE CONTINUE INIT
02493000 *
02494000 *
02495000 *
02496000 *
02497000 *
02498000 *
02499000 *
02500000 *
02501000 *
02502000 10364 040717 CNINS JSM STELM SET MODE = 4
02503000 10365 140452 JSM AEOLB,I CLR DISPLAY
02504000 10366 140433 JSM ALDSP,I
02505000 10367 000145 LDA P2 SET RUN STATE
02506000 10370 031257 STA CSTAT
02507000 10371 140503 CNINN JSM ARNLO,I TURN ON RUN LIGHT
02508000 *
02509000 10372 001232 CNINT LDA CFLAG SEE IF RUN ALREADY DONE
02510000 10373 170702 RAR 3 POSITION RUN BIT 2
02511000 10374 172406 SAM CRUND SKIP IF DONE
02512000 10375 140361 JSM AINTI,I NOT DONE, STRIP EXEC STACK
02513000 10376 140360 JSM ARSGT,I RESET HI. SPEED GTO/GSB'S
02514000 10377 000254 LDA P1 AND RESET HERE, WHERE
02515000 10400 031063 STA NPROG SET FLAG FOR RLINK-CONTINUE INIT
02516000 10401 141533 JSM RLINK,I ALLOW ROMS TO INIT
02517000 *
02518000 10402 001232 CRUND LDA CFLAG
02519000 10403 050160 AND M16 CLEAR BITS 0-3 OF CFLAG
02520000 10404 060143 IOR P4 SET RUN DONE BIT 2
02521000 10405 031232 STA CFLAG RESTORE FLAGS
02522000 10406 170201 RET 1
02523000 *
02524000 *
02525000 *
02526000 *
02527000 * STEP KEY EXECUTION
02528000 * IF RUN DONE BIT IS CLEARED, DOES A CONTINUE INIT
02529000 * AND DISPLAYS LINE # 0
02530000 * IF RUN HAS BEEN DONE, CHECKS STEP DONE BIT OF CFLAG
02531000 * EXECUTES LINE INDICATED BY WHERE (SETS A BIT IN XCOMM
02532000 * SO IT WILL STOP AT THE END OF THE LINE) ; IF BIT NOT
02533000 * SET DISPLAYS LINE # INDICATED BY WHERE
02534000 *
02535000 *
02536000 *
02537000 *
02538000 10407 001232 STEPK LDA CFLAG GET CONTROL FLAG
02539000 10410 170702 RAR 3 POSITION RUN FLAG (BIT 2)
02540000 10411 172022 SAP STEP1 "RUN" DONE ?
02541000 10412 073006 SLA STEP3 YES; STEP DONE BEFORE ?
02542000 10413 000052 LDA B200 YES; SET A STOP CONDITION
02543000 10414 031255 STA XCOMM IN XCOMM
02544000 10415 043364 JSM CNINS CONTINUE INIT
02545000 10416 005266 LDB WHERE S/A OF LINE TO START EXECUTION
02546000 10417 067516 JMP EXCS2 START RUNNING THE PROGRAM
02547000 *
02548000 10420 005266 STEP3 LOB WHERE GET ADDR OF NEXT LINE
02549000 10421 140523 STEP4 JSM AGLNO,I AND FIND ITS LINE NO.
02550000 10422 140476 STEP2 JSM ATLNI,I PLACE ITS NO. IN I/O BUFFER
    
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02551000 10423 140475 JSM AEOPT,I RESET EDIT PTRS
02552000 10424 000077 LOA COLLN GET COLLON
02553000 10425 074550 PBD A,I INCREM AND PLACE IN I/O BUFF
02554000 10426 140436 JSM AEPON,I GO THRU PHINT-ALL
02555000 10427 043402 JSM CRUND SET CFLAG
02556000 10430 060133 IOR P12 SET STEP AND RUN FLAGS
02557000 10431 031232 STA CFLAG UPDATE CONTROL FLAG
02558000 10432 064717 JMP STELM SET EOL MODE AND RETURN P+1
02559000 *
02560000 10433 043371 STEP1 JSM CNINN CONTINUE INIT WITH RUN LIGHT ON
02561000 10434 004177 LDB P0
02562000 10435 035226 STB LNO SET FOR LINE 0
02563000 10436 067422 JMP STEP2 DISP NEXT LINE NO. AND EXIT
02564000 *
02565000 *****
02566000 *
02567000 *
02568000 * COMMAND EXECUTION
02569000 *
02570000 * JUMP TO THE PROPER COMMAND ROUTINE IF
02571000 *
02572000 * A COMMAND IS FOUND; OTHERWISE GO TO THE INTERPRETER
02573000 *
02574000 *
02575000 *
02576000 10437 140435 EXCK JSM ATRBF,I TRANSFER BUFFERS
02577000 10440 000177 LDA P0
02578000 10441 031316 STA CERR CLEAR COMPIL ERROR FLAG
02579000 10442 031255 STA XCOMM CLEAR XCOMM
02580000 10443 140503 JSM ARNLO,I TURN ON RUN LIGHT
02581000 10444 140461 JSM APRKB,I GO THROUGH PRINT=ALL,KBD BUFFER
02582000 10445 000327 LDA AROMS ADDR OF OPTION ROM TABLE
02583000 10446 031712 STA T2 AND SAVE THE ADDR
02584000 10447 101712 EXCK3 LDA T2+I GET ROM ADDR
02585000 10450 072417 SZA EXCK2 SKIP IF THE ROM IS NOT PRESENT
02586000 10451 010331 CPA AMAIN END OF TABLE?
02587000 10452 067471 JMP EXCK4 EXIT LOOP IF SO
02588000 10453 020144 ADA P3 POINT TO COMMAND ENTRY
02589000 10454 100000 LDA A,I GET ROM WORD
02590000 10455 010257 CPA M1 ENTRY PRESENT?
02591000 10456 067467 JMP EXCK2 NO; GO TO NEXT ROM
02592000 10457 031714 STA T4 SAVE S/A OF COMMAND TABLE
02593000 10460 172701 SAM *+1,S POINT TO UPPER HALF
02594000 10461 043604 JSM CTFC CHECK TABLE FOR COMMAND
02595000 10462 067467 JMP EXCK2 NOT FOUND
02596000 10463 174040 TCB MAKE OPCODE NEGATIVE
02597000 10464 025714 ADB T4 B = EXECUTION ROUTINE ADDR POINTER
02598000 10465 176701 SBM *+1,S SET INDIRECT
02599000 10466 164001 JMP B,I GO TO THE ROUTINE
02600000 *
02601000 10467 045712 EXCK2 ISZ T2 INC TABLE ADDR
02602000 10470 067447 JMP EXCK3 KEEP LOOKING
02603000 10471 000413 EXCK4 LDA ACNDT ADDR OF MAIN FRAME COMMAND TABLE
02604000 10472 043604 JSM CTFC CHECK TABLE FOR COMMAND
02605000 10473 067504 JMP EXCS1 NOT FOUND
02606000 *
02607000 10474 174040 TCB FOUND; MAKE OPCODE NEGATIVE
02608000 10475 026570 ADB ASCD1 B= EXECUTION ROUTINE ADDR POINTER
02609000 10476 164001 JMP B,I GO TO THE ROUTINE
02610000 *
02611000 * STATEMENT EXECUTION
02612000 *
02613000 10477 001257 EXCST LDA CSTAT GET STATE VARIABLE
02614000 *
02615000 10500 010145 CPA P2 LIVE KBD EXECUTE?
02616000 10501 164457 JMP ALXKY,I YES, USE LIVE KBD ROUTINES
02617000 *
02618000 10502 140435 JSM ATRBF,I TRANSFER LINE TO KBD BUFFER
02619000 10503 140461 JSM APRKB,I YES, SO GO THROUGH PRINT=ALL,KBD BUF
02620000 *
02621000 10504 140515 EXCS1 JSM ASTKI,I STACK SYSTEM INFO
02622000 10505 001257 LDA CSTAT
02623000 10506 020254 ADA P1 STATES 0,2,4 BECOME
02624000 10507 031257 STA CSTAT STATES 1,3,5
02625000 10510 000177 LDA P0 ALLOW IMPLIED STORAGE INTO RES REG
02626000 10511 031517 STA RGFLG
02627000 10512 043542 JSM EXCSS COMPILE LINE, SET BRIDGES
02628000 10513 140503 JSM ARNLO,I TURN ON RUN LIGHT
02629000 10514 001266 LDA WHERE SAVE WHERE
02630000 10515 031317 STA SWHRE
02631000 10516 140364 EXCS2 JSM AINTK,I GO TO INTERPRETER
02632000 10517 001257 EXCS4 LDA CSTAT GET STATE VARIABLE
02633000 *
02634000 10520 010143 CPA P4 DONE WITH PRE ENTER?

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02635000 10521 170201 RET 1 YES, RETURN TO IDLE LOOP
02636000 *
02637000 *
02638000 10522 140411 JSM AXCM, I GO AND WORK ON XCOMM
02639000 10523 067526 JMP ERSTP JCB COMPLETE OR STOP
02640000 10524 005266 LDB WHERE XCOMM CLEAR. GET S/A OF NEXT OP.
02641000 10525 067516 JMP EXCS2 RESUME INTERPRETER ACTION
02642000 *
02643000 10526 001257 ERSTP LDA CSTAT DON'T UNSTACK IF STATE # 2
02644000 10527 010145 CPA P2
02645000 10530 067534 JMP ERSS STATE # 2 SO MUST BE A STOP CONDITION
02646000 10531 001317 LDA SWHRE STATE #2 SO UNSTACK, RESTORE WHERE
02647000 10532 031266 STA WHERE
02648000 10533 066032 JMP EREX2 STATE #2 SO UNSTACK
02649000 *
02650000 10534 077003 ERSS SLB STPPR SKIP IF STP STMT OR END STMT
02651000 10535 043420 JSM STEP3 PUT LINE # IN DISPLAY
02652000 10536 066032 JMP EREX2 CHANGE STATE
02653000 *
02654000 10537 005266 STPPR LDB WHERE GET ADDR OF NEXT LINE
02655000 10540 140523 JSM AGLNO, I FIND LINE NO.
02656000 10541 066032 JMP EREX2 CHANGE STATE
02657000 *
02658000 *
02659000 *
02660000 *
02661000 * COMPILE LINE AND CREATE LINE STRUCTURE
02662000 *
02663000 * REDISPLAYS EDITBUFFER IF CURSOR IS SET
02664000 * EXIT: B=COMPILE BUFF S/A
02665000 *
02666000 *
02667000 10542 001214 EXCSS LDA CRSP SEE IF CURSOR SET
02668000 10543 072406 SZA EXCSB DON'T REDISPLAY IF NOT
02669000 10544 000177 LDA P0 STRIP CURSOR FROM DISPLAY
02670000 10545 031214 STA CRSP
02671000 10546 140432 JSM ADSPC, I DISPLAY LINE WITHOUT CURSOR
02672000 10547 004155 LDB M11 WAIT 11MS FOR DISPLAY
02673000 10550 040633 JSM DELAY
02674000 *
02675000 10551 140452 EXCSB JSM AEOLB, I PUT EOL IN I/O BUFFER
02676000 10552 000214 LDA EOLB GET EOL AND BLANK
02677000 10553 130311 STA AKBFL, I STORE IN LAST WORD OF KEYBOARD BUFFER
02678000 10554 140346 JSM ACPLR, I GO TO COMPILER
02679000 10555 140510 JSM AGLL, I GET LENGTH OF LINE
02680000 10556 020254 ADA P1 INCLUDE END LINK
02681000 10557 020165 ADA M80 COMPILE BUFF = 80 W
02682000 10560 172404 SAM EXCK7 LENGTH < 80 W?
02683000 10561 072403 SZA EXCK7 NO! LENGTH = 80 W?
02684000 10562 140404 ERLLN JSM AERR1, I NO! LINE TOO LONG
02685000 10563 030070 ASC 1,08
02686000 *
02687000 10564 044016 EXCK7 ISZ C ADJUST POINTER
02688000 10565 004016 LDB C GET C-REG
02689000 10566 176002 SBP *+2 POINTR = NEW WORD ?
02690000 10567 074760 WBC A,0 YES! POINT TO PREVIOUS WORD
02691000 10570 001234 LDA TMP4 GET LINE LENGT
02692000 10571 170607 SAL 8 POSITION IN UPPER HALF
02693000 10572 070540 PWC A, I INCRM AND STORE END LINK
02694000 10573 004016 LDB C GET C-REG
02695000 10574 024254 ADB P1 POINT TO NEXT WORD
02696000 10575 034017 STB D SET START DESTIN, ADDR
02697000 10576 004303 LDB ACBF END SOURCE ADDR
02698000 10577 140467 JSM ANTHM, I SHIFT INFO HIGHER ONE WORD
02699000 10600 001234 LDA TMP4 GET LENGTH OF LINE
02700000 10601 130303 STA ACBF, I CREATE FRONT LINK
02701000 10602 004303 LDB ACBF COMPILE BUFF S/A
02702000 10603 170201 RET 1
02703000 *
02704000 *
02705000 * CHECK TABLE FOR COMMAND
02706000 *
02707000 * ENTRY: A=TABLE POINTER
02708000 * ACTFC ENTRY-- B= BUFF S/A
02709000 *
02710000 * EXIT: RET P+1 NOT FOUND
02711000 *
02712000 * RET P+2 FOUND
02713000 *
02714000 * B=OPCODE
02715000 *
02716000 *
02717000 10604 004307 CTFC LDB AKBFX ADDR OF KBD BUFFER
02718000 10605 030017 CTFCB STA D SET TABLE PTR

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02719000	10606	035227	STB TMP1	SET BUFFER START ADDR
02720000	10607	005227	CTFC7 LOB TMP1	GET HUFFER START ADDR
02721000	10610	035222	STB L	FOR "GNEXT"
02722000	10611	140501	CTFC6 JSM AGNXT,I	GET CHAR FROM I/O BUFF
02723000	10612	074571	WBD B,I	GET CHAR FROM TABLE
02724000	10613	174706	RBR 7	POSITION END OF ENTRY BIT
02725000	10614	077015	SLB CTFC2	END OF ENTRY?
02726000	10615	001713	LDA T3	YES; GET COMPARE FLAG
02727000	10616	072411	SZA CTFC1	COMMAND FOUND?
02728000	10617	174601	SBL 2	YES; DROP INO FLAG BITS
02729000	10620	174512	SBR 11	DROP END OF ENTRY BIT
02730000	10621	001222	LDA L	GET "L", GNEXT, POINTR
02731000	10622	030016	STA C	
02732000	10623	074760	WRC A,D	DUMMY WITHDRAW AND DECRM
02733000	10624	000016	LDA C	GET POINTR
02734000	10625	031222	STA L	UPDATE "L" POINTR
02735000	10626	170202	RET 2	
02736000			*	
02737000	10627	176060	CTFC1 SBP CTFC7	END OF TABLE ?
02738000	10630	170201	RET 1	YES
02739000			*	
02740000	10631	174710	CTFC2 RBR 9	REPOSITION CHAR IN LOWER HALF
02741000	10632	010001	CPA B	CHARS COMPARE ?
02742000	10633	067644	JMP CTFC5	YES
02743000	10634	000177	LDA P0	NO
02744000	10635	031713	STA T3	CLEAR COMPARE FLAG
02745000	10636	074571	CTFC3 WBD B,I	GET NEXT CHAR
02746000	10637	174706	RBR 7	POSITION END OF ENTRY BIT
02747000	10640	077076	SLB CTFC3	IS THIS THE OPCODE?
02748000	10641	176402	SBM CTFC4	YES; END OF TABLE?
02749000	10642	067607	JMP CTFC7	NO; CONT SEARCH
02750000	10643	170201	CTFC4 RET 1	
02751000			*	
02752000	10644	000254	CTFC5 LDA P1	
02753000	10645	031713	STA T3	SET COMPARE FLAG
02754000	10646	067611	JMP CTFC6	CONT WITH SAME ENTRY
02755000			*	
02756000			*	
02757000			*	MAIN FRAME COMMAND ADDRESSES
02758000			*	
02759000			*	
02760000	10647	023775	DEF 23775B	DEL LINE
02761000	10650	011321	DEF ECONT	CONTINUE
02762000	10651	023776	DEF 23776B	ERASE
02763000	10652	010674	DEF FETCH	FETCH LINE
02764000	10653	011337	DEF ERUX	RUN
02765000			*	
02766000			*	MAIN FRAME COMMAND TABLE
02767000			*	
02768000	10654	000154	SCNDT OCT 154	OL
02769000	10655	064563	OCT 64563	IS
02770000	10656	072206	OCT 72206	T OPCODE 6 LIST
02771000			*	
02772000	10657	063145	CNDT DEC 26213	FE
02773000	10660	072143	DEC 29795	TC
02774000	10661	064202	DEC 26754	M OPCODE 2 - FETCH
02775000	10662	062562	DEC 25970	ER
02776000	10663	060563	DEC 24947	AS
02777000	10664	062603	DEC 25987	E OPCODE 3 - ERASE
02778000	10665	062145	DEC 25701	DE
02779000	10666	066205	DEC 27781	L OPCODE 5 - DEL
02780000	10667	071165	DEC 29301	RU
02781000	10670	067201	DEC 28289	N OPCODE 1 - RUN
02782000	10671	061557	DEC 25455	CO
02783000	10672	067164	DEC 28276	NT
02784000	10673	142000	OCT 142000	OPCODE 4 - CONT (EOT)
02785000			*	
02786000			*	*****
02787000			*	FETCH ONE LINE OF PROGRAM
02788000			*	
02789000			*	
02790000	10674	043761	FETCH JSM FLIN	FETCH LINE INITIALIZATION
02791000	10675	140501	JSM AGNXT,I	GET NEXT CHAR FROM I/O BUFF
02792000	10676	010053	CPA EOL	LINE NO. GIVEN ?
02793000	10677	067720	JMP FETCA	NO
02794000	10700	140507	JSM AINTC,I	GET INTEGER
02795000	10701	035226	FETC5 STB LNO	SET LINE NO.
02796000	10702	001232	FETC3 LDA CFLAG	CLR FETCH, SPECIAL KEY BITS FROM CFLAG
02797000	10703	050150	AND M4	BITS 0,1
02798000	10704	031232	STA CFLAG	
02799000	10705	140512	JSM AFLAD,I	FIND LINE ADDR
02800000	10706	067715	JMP FETC2	LINE NOT FOUND
02801000	10707	004254	FTCHX LOB P1	
02802000	10710	035256	STB MODE	SET FETCH MODE

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02803000 10711 005232      LDB CFLAG
02804000 10712 077301      SLB *+1,S      SET FETCH BIT OF CFLAG
02805000 10713 035232      STB CFLAG
02806000 10714 067722      JMP PLIRC      PLACE LINE NO. IN I/O BUFF
02807000
02808000 10715 040717      FETC2 JSM STELM  SET MODE = A
02809000 10716 140514      JSM ASLLN,I   RESET LNO
02810000 10717 164452      JMP AEOLB,I   PUT EOL IN BUFFER
02811000
02812000 10720 004177      FETC4 LDB P0      DEFAULT = LNO 0
02813000 10721 067701      JMP FETC5
02814000
02815000
02816000
02817000
02818000
02819000
02820000
02821000
02822000
02823000
02824000 10722 104000      PLIRC LDB A,I   GET LINE BRIDGE
02825000 10723 174610      SRL 9
02826000 10724 174510      SBR 9          GET LINE LENGTH
02827000 10725 072101      RIA *+1       POINT TO SECOND WORD OF LINE
02828000 10726 030016      STA C         SET C-REG
02829000 10727 024000      ADB A
02830000 10730 024146      ADB M2        B = END SOURCE ADDR
02831000 10731 000303      LDA ACBF      COMPILE_BUFF_S/A
02832000 10732 030017      STA D         SET D-REG
02833000 10733 140470      JSM ANTLN,I   MOVE THE LINE INTO COMPILE BUFF
02834000 10734 140476      JSM ATLN,I   TRANSFER LINE NO. TO I/O BUFF
02835000 10735 000077      LDA COLLN    GET COLLON
02836000 10736 074550      PRD A,I      INCRM AND PLACE IN I/O BUFF
02837000 10737 000117      LDA BAO      GET BLANK
02838000 10740 074550      PRD A,I      INCRM AND PLACE IN I/O BUFF
02839000 10741 004017      LDB D         GET CHAR POINTR AND PASS TO REV. COMP.
02840000 10742 164356      JMP ARCLR,I  REVERSE COMPILE AND RETURN P+1
02841000
02842000
02843000
02844000
02845000
02846000
02847000
02848000
02849000
02850000 10743 043761      UPAR JSM FLIN    FETCH LINE INIT
02851000 10744 005226      LDB LNO      GET CURRENT LINE NO.
02852000 10745 001232      LDA CFLAG    SEE IF FETCH BIT SET
02853000 10746 073002      SLA FR SAR   SKIP IF FIRST UP ARROW
02854000 10747 024257      ADB M1       DECREMENT LNO
02855000 10750 176450      FR SAR SBR FETC4 SET LNO = 0 IF = -1
02856000 10751 035226      STB LNO      SET LINE COUNTER
02857000 10752 140512      JSM AFLAD,I  FIND S/A OF LINE
02858000 10753 140514      JSM ASLLN,I  LINE NOT FOUND SET LNO TO LAST LINE#
02859000 10754 067702      JMP FETC3    FETCH LINE
02860000
02861000
02862000
02863000
02864000
02865000
02866000
02867000
02868000
02869000 10755 043761      DNAR JSM FLIN    FETCH LINE INIT
02870000 10756 045226      ISZ LNO      INCRM LINE NO.
02871000 10757 067760      JMP *+1
02872000 10760 067702      JMP FETC3    FETCH LINE
02873000
02874000
02875000
02876000
02877000
02878000
02879000
02880000 10761 040724      FLIN JSM SECCK   SEE IF PROGRAM IS SECURE
02881000 10762 140453      JSM ACLCM,I  CLEAR COMPILE BUFFER
02882000 10763 164475      JMP AEDPT,I  RESET EDIT POINTERS
02883000
02884000
02885000
02886000
* STOP, REV IN ENTER OR LIVE KBD

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CONTROL SUPERVISOR

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02887000 *
02888000 *
02889000 10764 001235 PINEN LDA SKEY GET KEYCODE
02890000 10765 010145 CPA P2 REWIND ?
02891000 10766 164601 JMP ARFK,I YES, REWIND AND RETURN
02892000 *
02893000 10767 172701 SAM *+1,S SET BIT 15 (INTERRUPTING KEY)
02894000 10770 040744 JSM SXCMM IOR TO PRESENT XCOMM
02895000 10771 004132 LDB P13 SET FLAG 13
02896000 10772 140376 JSM ASFG,I
02897000 10773 140452 JSM AEOLB,I CLR I/O BUFF, PUT EOL IN BUFF
02898000 10774 140503 JSM ARNLO,I TURN ON RUN LIGHT
02899000 10775 066262 JMP XEN5 ABORT ENTER STMT
02900000 *
02901000 *
02902000 * REJECTION ROUTINE FOR INTERRUPT THAT
02903000 *
02904000 * DOES NOT HAVE A CORRECT INTRP. TABLE ENTRY
02905000 *
02906000 *
02907000 10776 140404 REJR JSM AERR1,I ILLEGAL INTERRUPT
02908000 10777 030061 ASC 1,01
02909000 *
02910000 *
02911000 * ERROR MESSAGE GENERATOR WITHOUT RETURN
02912000 *
02913000 * CALL SEQUENCE: JSM AERR1,I
02914000 *
02915000 * ASC 1,XX WHERE XX=ERROR CODE
02916000 *
02917000 * EXIT: "ERROR XX" IN DISP BUFFER
02918000 *
02919000 * "JSM" STACK IS RESET
02920000 *
02921000 *
02922000 *
02923000 11000 070420 ERR1 EIR ENABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
02924000 11001 141260 JSM ERRBP,I GO THRU ERROR BYPASS LINK
02925000 11002 040717 EREXT JSM STELM SET EOL MODE
02926000 11003 040703 JSM BEEP GIVE ERROR BEEP
02927000 11004 042043 JSM EREX3 PUT LINE NO. IN DISPLAY MAYBE
02928000 11005 000177 EREXX LDA P0 CLEAR RENUMBER FLAG,REWIND KEY FLAG
02929000 11006 031613 STA RENFG
02930000 11007 001067 LDA IBUFF+3 GET ERROR "XX"
02931000 11010 012566 CPA PRPRB NO PRINTER OR NO PAPER ?
02932000 11011 066013 JMP EREX1 YES! BYPASS PRINT-ALL
02933000 11012 140436 JSM AEON,I GO THRU PRINT ALL
02934000 11013 001257 EREX1 LDA CSTAT GET STATE VARIABLE
02935000 11014 010144 CPA P3 GO TO LIVE KBD ERROR PROCESSING IF
02936000 11015 164456 JMP ALXER,I STATE = 3 OR 6
02937000 11016 010141 CPA P6
02938000 11017 164456 JMP ALXER,I
02939000 11020 042032 JSM EREX2 CHANGE STATE
02940000 *
02941000 11021 001257 EREX4 LDA CSTAT GET CONTROL STATE
02942000 11022 010143 CPA P4 IF STATE = 4 THEN DON'T STRIP EXEC
02943000 11023 066026 JMP ERNOS
02944000 11024 001261 LDA AP3 SET AP1 BACK TO AP3
02945000 11025 031263 ERENT STA AP1
02946000 *
02947000 11026 000300 ERNOS LDA AJSTK JSM STACK S/A-1
02948000 11027 030003 STA R RESET JSM STACK PTR
02949000 11030 140433 JSM ALDSP,I DISP ERROR MESSAGE
02950000 11031 165511 JMP MLBPL,I GO TO IDLE (THRU MAIN BYPASS LINK)
02951000 *
02952000 *
02953000 * EREX2 UNSTACKS AP1,AP3, AND CHANGES STATE
02954000 * 1,3,5 TO 0,2,4 1 2 TO 0
02955000 * DOES NOT UNSTACK IF STATE = 0,2,4
02956000 *
02957000 *
02958000 *
02959000 11032 001257 EREX2 LDA CSTAT GET STATE VARIABLE
02960000 11033 073004 SLA EREX5 DO NOT UNSTACK IF = 0,2, OR 4
02961000 11034 020257 ADA M1 MAKE 1,3,5 = 0,2,4
02962000 11035 031257 STA CSTAT RESTORE NEW STATE
02963000 11036 164516 JMP AREST,I UNSTACK
02964000 *
02965000 11037 010145 EREX5 CPA P2 STATE = 2?
02966000 11040 000177 CLRST LDA P0 MAKE STATE = 0
02967000 11041 031257 STA CSTAT
02968000 11042 170201 ERNON RET 1
02969000 *
02970000 *

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02971000 *
02972000 * EREX3 PUTS "IN LINE #" IN I/O BUFFER IF STATE = 2 OR 6
02973000 * OR IF THE RE NUMBER GTO/GSB FLAG IS SET
02974000 *
02975000 *****
02976000 11043 001257 EREX3 LDA CSTAT GET STATE VARIABLE
02977000 11044 010145 CPA P2 RUNNING PROGRAM?
02978000 11045 066052 JMP ELNO YES, DSP LINE #
02979000 11046 010141 CPA P6 RUN PROG FROM LIVE KBD?
02980000 11047 066052 JMP ELNO YES, DSP LINE #
02981000 11050 001613 LDA RENFG RENUMBERING GTO'S AND GSB'S?
02982000 11051 073071 SLA ERNON SKIP IF NOT
02983000 *
02984000 11052 002574 ELNO LDA AELN1 GET "IN" MEASGE
02985000 11053 031070 STA Ibuff+4
02986000 11054 002575 LDA AELN2 PUT IN I/O BUFFER
02987000 11055 031071 STA Ibuff+5
02988000 11056 005265 LDB HERE GET CURRENT LINE ADDR
02989000 11057 140523 JSM AGLNO,I
02990000 11060 001307 LDA FWUP SET S/A OF NEXT LINE TO BE THE FIRST LINE
02991000 11061 031266 STA WHERE SET FOR CONTINUE ROUTINES
02992000 11062 006572 LDB AINLM PTR FOR LINE NUMBER
02993000 11063 001226 LDA LNO SET FOR ABTDA
02994000 11064 164477 JMP ABTDA,I PLACE LINE NO. IN I/O BUFF
02995000 *
02996000 *****
02997000 *
02998000 * SYSTEM ERROR
02999000 *
03000000 *****
03001000 *
03002000 11065 042000 SYSER JSM ERR1
03003000 11066 030060 ASC 1,00
03004000 *
03005000 *****
03006000 * ERROR MESSAGEGENERATOR WITH RETURN
03007000 *
03008000 * CALL SEQUENCE: JSM AERR2,I
03009000 *
03010000 * ASC 1,XX WHERE XX=ERROR CODE
03011000 *
03012000 * EXIT: "ERROR XX" IN DISP BUFFR
03013000 *
03014000 * RET P+2
03015000 *
03016000 *
03017000 11067 070420 ERR2 EIR ENABLE INTERRUPTS
03018000 11070 141260 JSM ERRBP,I PUT ERROR # IN I/O BUFFER
03019000 11071 170201 RET 1 RET 2
03020000 *
03021000 *
03022000 * PLACE ERROR MESSAGE IN I/O BUFF
03023000 *
03024000 *
03025000 11072 140451 PEMIO JSM ACLEB,I CLEAR I/ BUFFER
03026000 11073 002573 LDA AERMS GET "ERROR" ADDR
03027000 11074 004313 LDB AIBUF I/O BUFF S/A
03028000 11075 071403 XFR 4 TRANSFER "ERROR" TO I/O BUFF
03029000 11076 000003 LDA R GET R-STACK POINTR
03030000 11077 020257 ADA M1 POINT TO "JSM AERRA" ENTRY IN STACK
03031000 11100 144000 ISZ A,I POINT TO MESSAGE "XX" ADDR
03032000 11101 100000 LDA A+I GET MESSAGE ADDR
03033000 11102 100000 LDA A,I GET MESSAGE "XX" AND
03034000 11103 031067 STA Ibuff+3 STORE IN I/O BUFF
03035000 11104 170201 RET 1
03036000 *
03037000 *
03038000 *
03039000 * ENTER STATEMENT EXECUTION
03040000 *
03041000 * PRE-ENTER
03042000 *
03043000 *
03044000 11105 000143 XENO LDA P4 SET ENTER STATE
03045000 11106 031257 STA CSTAT
03046000 11107 004244 LDB XMASK CLEAR LIVE KBD BIT FROM XCOMM
03047000 11110 040740 JSM CLXCM
03048000 11111 031630 STA SVXCM
03049000 11112 000177 LDA P0 START WITH A CLEAR XCOMM
03050000 11113 031255 STA XCOMM
03051000 *
03052000 11114 040717 XENN JSM STELM SET EOL MODE
03053000 11115 140475 JSM AEDPT,I RESET EDIT POINTERS
03054000 *

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03055000	11116	001272		LDA FAP1	
03056000	11117	104000		LDB A,I	LOOK AT NEXT PARAMETER
03057000	11120	174514		SBR 13	
03058000	11121	014145		CPB P2	IS IT A STRING CONSTANT ?
03059000	11122	066133		JMP XEN1	YES
03060000	11123	014141		CPB P6	IS IT A STRING VARIABLE ?
03061000	11124	066173		JMP XEN9	
03062000			*		
03063000	11125	005272		LDB FAP1	IT MUST BE NUMERIC
03064000	11126	040616		JSM ABSAD,I	
03065000	11127	140377		JSM AGNAM,I	GET THE NAME
03066000	11130	000074	XEN8	LDA B77	
03067000	11131	074550		PBD A,I	OUTPUT "?"
03068000	11132	066156		JMP XEN2	
03069000			*		
03070000	11133	020144	XEN1	ADA P3	
03071000	11134	104000		LDB A,I	GET LENGTH OF STRING CONSTANT
03072000	11135	076412		SZB XEN6	SKIP IF NULL STRING
03073000	11136	140451		JSM ACLEB,I	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
03074000	11137	001272		LDA FAP1	
03075000	11140	020144		ADA P3	
03076000	11141	104000		LDB A,I	B = LENGTH
03077000	11142	020254		ADA P1	A = SOURCE PTR
03078000	11143	172301		SAP *+1,S	
03079000	11144	030017		STA D	
03080000	11145	000315		LDA A10FM	GET DESTINATION POINTR
03081000	11146	140502		JSM ATCHR,I	TRANSFER TO I/O BUFFER
03082000	11147	000254	XEN6	LDA P1	
03083000	11150	140607		JSM ABUMP,I	SKIP PAST STRING CONSTANT
03084000	11151	000000		NOP	
03085000	11152	105272		LDB FAP1,I	SEE IF NEXT PARAM IS A STRING VAR
03086000	11153	174514		SBR 13	
03087000	11154	014141		CPB P6	
03088000	11155	066174		JMP XEN15	YES, SO SET STRING ENTER FLAG
03089000			*		
03090000	11156	000177	XEN2	LDA P0	CLEAR STRING ENTER FLAG
03091000	11157	031326		STA STEFL	
03092000	11160	001272	XEN3	LDA FAP1	SAVE FAP1, HERE
03093000	11161	031625		STA ENSV+1	
03094000	11162	001265		LDA HERE	
03095000	11163	031626		STA ENSV+2	
03096000	11164	001267		LDA TRACE	SAVE TRACE FLAG
03097000	11165	031627		STA ENSV+3	
03098000	11166	001232	XENPP	LDA CFLAG	GET CONTROL FLAG
03099000	11167	170704		RAR 5	POSITION ENTER/PRINT FLAG BIT 4
03100000	11170	172002		SAP *+2	ENTER/PRINT?
03101000	11171	164437		JMP AEPNX,I	YES, PRINT PROMPT, RETURN P+1
03102000	11172	164436		JMP AEPON,I	NO, GO THROUGH PRINT-ALL
03103000			*		
03104000	11173	141322	XEN9	JSM STENT,I	GO TO STRING BLOCK FOR PROMPT
03105000	11174	000254	XEN15	LDA P1	SET STRING ENTER FLAG
03106000	11175	031326		STA STEFL	
03107000	11176	066160		JMP XEN3	
03108000			*		
03109000			*		
03110000			*		POST-ENTER
03111000			*		
03112000			*		
03113000	11177	001257	COMEN	LDA CSTAT	IGNORE KEY IF LIVE KBD
03114000	11200	010145		CPA P2	
03115000	11201	066552		JMP 0BEEP	LIVE KBD SO BEEP AND IGNORE
03116000	11202	001506		LDA FLAGS	CLEAR FLAG 13
03117000	11203	050151		AND M5	
03118000	11204	031506		STA FLAGS	
03119000	11205	005256		LDB MODE	SEE IF NOTHING ENTERED
03120000	11206	035233		STB TMP7	SAVE MODE
03121000	11207	014143		CPB P4	NOTHING IF MODE = 4
03122000	11210	140451		JSM ACLEB,I	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
03123000	11211	040715		JSM CLMOD	SET MODE = 0 SO I/O BUFFER IS COMP
03124000	11212	140503		JSM ARNLO,I	TURN ON RUN LIGHT
03125000	11213	140435		JSM ATRBF,I	TRANSFER LINE TO KBD BUFFER
03126000	11214	042166		JSM XENPP	SEE IF ENTER-PRINT
03127000	11215	001326		LDA STEFL	GET STRING ENTER FLAG
03128000	11216	010254		CPA P1	STRING ENTER?
03129000	11217	066274		JMP XEN10	YES
03130000			*		
03131000	11220	000257		LDA M1	FLAG THE ENTER REGISTER
03132000	11221	031476		STA ENR	
03133000	11222	031517		STA RGFLG	DISABLE IMPLIED STORAGE INTO RES
03134000	11223	140515		JSM ASTKI,I	STACK SYSTEM INFO
03135000	11224	000142		LDA P5	SET STATE = 5
03136000	11225	031257		STA CSTAT	
03137000	11226	043542		JSM EXCSS	COMPILE LINE, SET LINE BRIDGES
03138000	11227	140364	XENLP	JSM AINTK,I	GO TO INTERPRETER
03139000	11230	140411		JSM AXCMH,I	SERVICE XCOMM

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03140000 11231 066234      JMP *+3      RET1 STOP CONDITION
03141000 11232 005266      LOB WHERE   RET2 XCOMM SERVICED, CONTINUE EXEC
03142000 11233 066227      JMP XENLP
03143000 11234 140516      JSM AREST,I UNSTACK SYSTEM INFO
03144000 11235 000143      LDA P4      SET STATE BACK TO 4
03145000 11236 031257      STA CSTAT
03146000 11237 042303      JSM RESPN   RESTORE FAPI
03147000 11240 005476      LOB ENR     CHECK ENR REGISTER
03148000 11241 014257      CPB M1
03149000 11242 066255      JMP XEN4    JUMP IF NOTHING ENTERED
03150000
03151000 11243 005272      LOB FAPI    "TO" ADDRESS
03152000 11244 040616      JSM ABSAD*1
03153000 11245 000341      LDA AENR    "FROM" ADDRESS
03154000 11246 140372      JSM AASTR,I GO TRACE ASSIGNMENT
03155000 11247 042303      XEN11 JSM RESPN RESTORE FAPI,HERE
03156000 11250 000254      LDA P1
03157000 11251 140607      JSM ARUMP,I ADVANCE TO NEXT PARAMETER
03158000 11252 066260      JMP XEN55   END OF LIST
03159000 11253 066114      JMP XENN
03160000
03161000 11254 140452      XEN19 JSM AEOLB,I PUT EOL IN I/O BUFFER
03162000 11255 004132      XEN4  LOB P13  SET FLAG 13
03163000 11256 140376      JSM ASFG,I
03164000 11257 066247      JMP XEN11
03165000
03166000 11260 000177      XEN55 LDA P0      CLEAR STOP KEY CODE
03167000 11261 031206      STA WKC
03168000 11262 001630      XEN5  LDA SVXCM    RESTORE XCOMM
03169000 11263 040744      JSM SXCOMM  IOR NEW XCOMM TO OLD XCOMM
03170000 11264 140433      JSM ALDSP,I DISPLAY I/O BUFFER
03171000 11265 001624      LDA ENSV
03172000 11266 030016      STA C       RESTORE C
03173000 11267 042303      JSM RESPN   RESTORE HERE
03174000 11270 000145      LDA P2      SET RUN STATE
03175000 11271 031257      STA CSTAT
03176000 11272 140365      JSM AINIX,I BACK TO INTERPRETER
03177000 11273 067517      JMP EXCS4   BACK TO NORMAL INTERPRETER CALLING LOOP
03178000
03179000 11274 001233      XEN10 LDA TMP7    GET OLD MODE
03180000 11275 010143      CPA P4      NOTHING ENTERED?
03181000 11276 066254      JMP XEN19   SET FLAG 13 IF SO
03182000 11277 042303      JSM RESPN   RESTORE FAPI
03183000 11300 141323      JSM STEAS,I GO TO STRING ROM FOR ASSIGNMENT
03184000 11301 140452      JSM AEOLB,I PUT EOL IN I/O BUFFER
03185000 11302 066247      JMP XEN11   ADVANCE TO NEXT PARAMETER
03186000
03187000
03188000
03189000
03190000
03191000 11303 001626      RESPN LDA ENSV*2
03192000 11304 031265      STA HERE   RESTORE HERE
03193000 11305 001625      LDA ENSV*1
03194000 11306 031272      STA FAPI   RESTORE FAPI
03195000 11307 001627      LDA ENSV*3
03196000 11310 031267      STA TRACE
03197000 11311 170201      RET 1
03198000
03199000
03200000
03201000
03202000
03203000
03204000
03205000
03206000 11312 043364      ECIM JSM CNINS  CONTINUE INIT
03207000 11313 005266      LOB WHERE   GET S/A OF NEXT LINE
03208000 11314 035227      STB TMP1   AND SAVE IT
03209000
03210000 11315 000177      ECON3 LDA P0      CLEAR XCOMM
03211000 11316 031255      STA XCOMM
03212000 11317 005227      LOB TMP1   RECALL S/A OF LINE
03213000 11320 067516      JMP EXCS2  GO TO MAIN RUN LOOP
03214000
03215000
03216000
03217000 11321 042344      ECONT JSM ERN,X  CHECK FOR LINE NO. GIVEN
03218000 11322 066312      JMP ECIM   NO LINE # GIVEN
03219000 11323 043364      JSM CNINS  CONTINUE INIT
03220000 11324 066315      JMP ECON3
03221000
03222000
03223000

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03224000      *
03225000      *
03226000      *
03227000      *   "ERUN" IS THE IMMEDIATE EXECUTE ENTRY
03228000      *
03229000 11325 005307 ERUN LDB FWUP   GET S/A OF USER PROG
03230000 11326 035227      STB TMP1   AND SAVE IT
03231000 11327 140503 ERUN1 JSM ARNL0,I  TURN ON RUN LIGHT
03232000 11330 040717      JSM STELM  SET MODE =A
03233000 11331 140452      JSM AEOLB,I  CLR DISPLAY
03234000 11332 140433      JSM ALDSP,I
03235000 11333 000145      LDA P2     SET RUN STATE
03236000 11334 031257      STA CSTAT
03237000 11335 042400      JSM RUNSB  RUN INIT
03238000 11336 066315      JMP ECON3
03239000      *
03240000      *   RUN COMMAND (FROM A SPECIFIED LINE)
03241000      *
03242000 11337 005307 ERUX  LDB FWUP   GET FIRST WORD OF USER PROGRAM
03243000 11340 035227      STB TMP1   AND SAVE IT
03244000 11341 042344      JSM ERN.X  CHECK FOR LINE NO. GIVEN
03245000 11342 066327      JMP ERUN1
03246000 11343 066327      JMP ERUN1  RET 2  LINE # GIVEN
03247000      *
03248000      *
03249000      *
03250000      *   GET LINE NO. (IF GIVEN) AND S/A OF LINE
03251000      *
03252000      *   EXIT 1  RET 1  LINE # OR LABEL NOT GIVEN
03253000      *   RET 2  S/A OF LINE IN TMP1
03254000      *
03255000      *
03256000 11344 140501 ERN.X JSM AGNXT,I  GET NEXT CHARACTER FROM I/O BUFFER
03257000 11345 010053      CPA EOL   START LINE GIVEN ?
03258000 11346 170201      RET 1    NO
03259000 11347 010116      CPA B42  QUOTE?
03260000 11350 066357      JMP ERLBL LABEL IF SO
03261000      *
03262000 11351 140507 ERUX1 JSM AINTC,I  BUILD A BINARY NUMBER
03263000 11352 035233      STB TMP7  AND SAVE IT
03264000 11353 140513      JSM AFLNA,I  FIND S/A OF LINE GIVEN
03265000 11354 066722      JMP ERLNF  LINE NOT FOUND
03266000 11355 031227 ERADR STA TMP1  SAVE S/A OF LINE
03267000 11356 170202      RET 2
03268000      *
03269000 11357 000214 ERLBL LDA EOLB  PUT EOL IN I/O BUFFER
03270000 11360 130311      STA AKBFL,I
03271000 11361 074760      WRC A,D   DUMMY WITHDRAW TO DEC C
03272000 11362 000016      LDA C     SET PTR IN CASE OF AN ERROR
03273000 11363 031241      STA OLDC
03274000 11364 074560      WRC A,I   SET C BACK TO FIRST CHAR
03275000 11365 140353      JSM ALBLN,I  FIND LABEL LENGTH
03276000 11366 000303      LDA ACHF  COMPILER LABEL IN COMPILER BUFFER
03277000 11367 030017      STA D     SET PTR
03278000 11370 140354      JSM ALBCM,I  COMPILER LABEL
03279000 11371 000303      LDA ACBF
03280000 11372 020254      ADA P1    PTR TO START OF COMPILED LABEL
03281000 11373 030016      STA C     SET PTR
03282000 11374 074560      WRC A,I   GET LENGTH OF LABEL
03283000 11375 140400      JSM ACLBL,I  GET S/A OF LINE IN B
03284000 11376 035227      STB TMP1  SET START ADDRESS
03285000 11377 170202      RET 2
03286000      *
03287000      *
03288000      *   RUN COMMAND SUBR.
03289000      *
03290000      *
03291000      *
03292000 11400 140472 RUNSB JSM AERAV,I  ERASE VARIABLES, RESET EXECUTION STACK
03293000 11401 140360      JSM ARSGT,I  RESET HISPEED GTO/GSB'S
03294000 11402 043402      JSM CRUND   SET CFLAG
03295000 11403 000177      LDA P0
03296000 11404 031063      STA NPROG  SET FOR RLINK RUN INIT
03297000 11405 165533      JMP RLINK,I  GO THRU LINK FOR OPTION BLOCKS
03298000      *
03299000      *
03300000      *
03301000      *
03302000      *   "XCOMM" MANAGEMENT
03303000      *
03304000      *   PROCESS INTERRUPTING KEYS
03305000      *
03306000      *   DIRECT OPTION BLOCK INTERRUPTS AND
03307000      *

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03308000          *          LIVE KEYBOARD ACTIVITY
03309000          *
03310000          *          EXIT: RET P+1  STOP STATEMENT
03311000          *
03312000          *          RET P+2  XCOMM ALL CLEAR
03313000          *
03314000          *
03315000 11406 001255 ERUN7 LDA XCOMM  GET INTERPRETER FLAG
03316000 11407 172402      SAM *+2  INTERRUPTING KEY ?
03317000 11410 066432      JMP ERUN6 NO
03318000 11411 170500      SAR 1    POSITION NEW BIT
03319000 11412 073010      SLA ERUN2 IF CLEAR THEN MUST BE STOP KEY
03320000 11413 140601      JSM ARFK,I REWIND THE TAPE
03321000 11414 070430      DIR      DISABLE INTERRUPTS
03322000 11415 001255      LDA XCOMM SEE IF STOP KEY ALSO
03323000 11416 073404      RLA ERUN2 SKIP IF BIT 0 SET, STOP KEY CODE
03324000 11417 004211      LDB BXCAA SAVE BITS 5 TO 14
03325000 11420 040740      JSM CLXCM
03326000 11421 066406      JMP ERUN7 CHECK XCOMM AGAIN
03327000          *
03328000 11422 004254 ERUN2 LDB P1  SET STOP KEY INDICATOR
03329000 11423 070430 ERNX1 DIR
03330000 11424 001255      LDA XCOMM  SAVE ONLY BIT 13 OF XCOMM
03331000 11425 050227      AND B20K
03332000 11426 031255      STA XCOMM
03333000 11427 070420      EIR
03334000 11430 140475      JSM AEDPT,I RESET EDIT PTRS
03335000 11431 064717      JMP STELM SET MODE = 4 AND RETURN
03336000          *
03337000 11432 170600 ERUN6 SAL 1    POSITION BIT 14
03338000 11433 172003      SAP ERUN8 SKIP IF NOT LIVE KEYBOARD
03339000 11434 140455      JSM ALKEX,I LIVE KEYBOARD EXECUTION
03340000 11435 066406      JMP ERUN7 CHECK XCOMM AGAIN
03341000          *
03342000 11436 170600 ERUN8 SAL 1    POSITION BIT 13
03343000 11437 172003      SAP ERUN9 SKIP IF NOT INTERRUPT SERV. ROUTINE
03344000 11440 141510      JSM .IOSR,I GIVE CONTROL TO SYSTEM I/O ROM
03345000 11441 066406      JMP ERUN7 CHECK XCOMM AGAIN
03346000          *
03347000 11442 072002 ERUN9 RZA *+2  SKIP IF XCOMM NOT CLEAR
03348000 11443 170202      RET 2
03349000          *
03350000 11444 001255      LDA XCOMM  SEE IF NEW HIGHER ORDER BITS WERE SET
03351000 11445 170507      SAR 8
03352000 11446 072040      RZA ERUN7 GET BITS 8-15
03353000          *          BITS SET, SERVICE THEM
03354000 11447 005255      LDB XCOMM  POSITION BIT 7 FOR RETURN
03355000 11450 174706      RRR 7
03356000 11451 066423      JMP ERNX1
03357000          *
03358000          *
03359000          *
03360000          *
03361000          *          ROUTINE TO REPLACE - STORE KEYCODES
03362000          *
03363000          *          IN THE EDIT BUFF AREA
03364000          *
03365000          *          ENTRY: CODE IN "SKEY"
03366000          *
03367000          *          EXIT:
03368000          *
03369000          *          B=I/O CURRENT PTR
03370000          *
03371000          *          RET P+1 EDIT BUFF FULL; CHAR NOT STORED
03372000          *
03373000          *          RET P+2 CHAR STORED
03374000          *
03375000          *          AND "IOCP" POINTER INCREMENTED
03376000          *
03377000          *
03378000 11452 001235 ISTORE LDA SKEY  GET CODE
03379000 11453 031715 ISTORE STA TS   SAVE CODE
03380000 11454 005213      LDB OLCP  GET OLD CURRENT PTR
03381000 11455 014257      CPH M1   FORWARD CURSOR PASS MADE ?
03382000 11456 045213      ISZ OLCP YES; SET OLCP = 0
03383000 11457 066460      JMP *+1
03384000 11460 005215      LDB IOCP  GET I/O BUFF CURRENT PTR
03385000 11461 047535      JSM CKFUL SEE IF BUFFER IS FULL
03386000 11462 064703      JMP BEEP  BEEP AND RETURN IF BUFF IS FULL
03387000 11463 005214      ISTORE LDB CRSP GET CURSOR PTR
03388000 11464 174421      SRM ISTO5 SKIP IF INSERT CURSOR SET
03389000 11465 005215      ISTORE LDH IOCP NO; GET I/O BUFF CURRENT PTR
03390000 11466 034016      STB C   SET C-REG
03391000 11467 074540      PRC A,I INCRM PTR AND STORE CODE
03392000 11470 004016      LDB C

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03393000 11471 035215 STB IOCP UPDATE POINTR
03394000 11472 015213 CPB OLCP "IOCP" = PREVIOUS CURRENT POINTR?
03395000 11473 066531 JMP IST04 YES
03396000 11474 005214 LDB CRSP GET CURSOR POINTR
03397000 11475 001214 LDA CRSP GET CURSOR POINTR
03398000 11476 072403 SZA IST03 SKIP IF CURSOR NOT SET
03399000 11477 050074 AND B77 SAVE CURSOR COUNT
03400000 11500 011512 CPA DLEN CURSOR AT LAST DISP POSITION ?
03401000 11501 170202 IST03 RET 2 YES! DO NOT INCRM
03402000 *
03403000 11502 076101 RIB *+1 MOVE CURSOR TO NEXT CHAR
03404000 11503 035214 STB CRSP UPDATE CURSOR POINTR
03405000 11504 170202 RET 2
03406000 *
03407000 11505 005213 IST05 LDB OLCP GET OLD CURRENT POINTER
03408000 11506 042535 JSM CKFUL SEE IF BUFFER IS FULL
03409000 11507 064703 JMP BEEP RETURN AND BEEP IF BUFFER IS FULL
03410000 11510 015215 CPB IOCP OLCP = IOCP ?
03411000 11511 066526 JMP IST08 YES
03412000 11512 034016 STB C SET SOURCE POINTR
03413000 11513 034017 STB D SET DESTINATION POINTR
03414000 11514 074571 WRD B,I
03415000 11515 004017 LDB D GET OLCP+1
03416000 11516 035213 STB OLCP UPDATE OLD CURRENT POINTER
03417000 11517 074571 WRD B,I D = OLCP + 2
03418000 11520 074761 IST07 WBC B,D GET BYTE AND DECRM
03419000 11521 074751 PBD B,D DECRM AND PLACE BYTE
03420000 11522 004016 LDB C GET SOURCE POINTR
03421000 11523 015215 CPB IOCP ALL CHARS BETWEEN IOCP AND
03422000 11524 066465 JMP IST06 OLCP SHIFTED RIGHT ONCE ?
03423000 11525 066520 JMP IST07 NO! CONT TRANSFER
03424000 *
03425000 11526 042531 IST08 JSM IST04 RESET "CRSP" AND "OLCP"
03426000 11527 066530 JMP *+1
03427000 11530 066465 JMP IST06 STORE CHAR IN I/O BUFF
03428000 *
03429000 11531 004177 IST04 LDB P0
03430000 11532 035214 STB CRSP CLEAR CURSOR POINTR
03431000 11533 035213 STB OLCP CLEAR PREVIOUS CURRENT POINTR
03432000 11534 170202 RET 2
03433000 *
03434000 *
03435000 *
03436000 * CKFUL SERVICE ROUTINE THAT CHECKS THE EDIT BUFFER
03437000 * TO SEE IF THIS CHAR IS THE BEEP CHAR
03438000 * OR IF THE BUFFER IS FULL RET 1 IF FULL
03439000 * BEEPS IF THIS IS THE BEEP CHAR
03440000 * IF BUFF IS NOT FULL RET2 WITH T5 IN A
03441000 * DOES NOT DESTROY B
03442000 *
03443000 *
03444000 *
03445000 11535 035236 CKFUL STB TMPB SAVE ADDRESS
03446000 11536 001353 LDA AEBFL
03447000 11537 020257 ADA M1 LAST ALLOWED CHAR ADDRESS
03448000 11540 140362 JSM AFHAD,I SEE IF BUFFER FULL
03449000 11541 172010 SAP ISRET FULL IF RESULT IS POSITIVE
03450000 11542 001353 LDA AEBFL GET BEEP CHAR ADDR
03451000 11543 020154 ADA M8
03452000 11544 005236 LDB TMPB GET CHAN ADDR AGAIN
03453000 11545 014000 CPB A
03454000 11546 040703 JSM BEEP YES
03455000 11547 001715 LDA T5 NO
03456000 11550 170202 RET 2 TAKE BUFF NOT FULL RETURN
03457000 11551 170201 ISRET RET 1
03458000 *
03459000 *
03460000 *
03461000 11552 040703 BBEEP JSM BEEP IGNORE THIS KEY
03462000 11553 170202 BACEL RET 2 DON'T DISPLAY I/O BUFFER
03463000 *
03464000 *
03465000 *
03466000 *
03467000 *
03468000 *
03469000 11554 000143 UP OR DOWN ARROW IN LIVE KBD
03470000 11555 011257 WTLKB LDA P4
03471000 11556 066552 CPA CSTAT BEEP IF ENTER
03472000 11557 011256 JMP HBEEP ENTER SO BEEP AND RETURN
03473000 11560 170202 CPA MODE
03474000 11561 140432 RET 2
03475000 11562 140432 JSM ADSPC,I DUMMY DISPLAY-
03476000 11563 006577 JSM ADSPC,I DISPLAY BUFFER
LDB M800 WAIT 800 MS

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03477000 11564 040633      JSM DELAY
03478000 11565 170202      RET 2
03479000      *
03480000      *
03481000      *
03482000      *
03483000      *
03484000 11566 030465      PRPRB OCT 30465      ASCII 15
03485000 11567 077457      LITAD DEF ITABL*15  LAST ENTRY IN INTERRUPT TABLE
03486000 11570 110654      ASCDI DEF SCNDT*1  COMMAND TABLE ADDR
03487000 11571 000163      P115 DEC 115
03488000 11572 077071      AINLM DEF 18UFF*5  START ADDR FOR LINE NUMBER OF ERROR
03489000 11573 000271      AERMS DEF LKERM    PTM TO LOWER CASE "ERROR"
03490000 11574 070151      AELN1 OCT 20151    BLANK I
03491000 11575 067040      AELN2 OCT 67040    N BLANK
03492000 11576 022000      ASYSM DEF 22000H   STOP ADDR OF ROM SEARCH
03493000 11577 176340      MBV0 DEC -800
03494000      *
03495000      *
03496000      *
03497000      *
03498000      *
03499000      *
03500000      *
03501000      *
03502000      *
03503000      *
03504000      *
03505000      *
03506000      *
03507000      *
03508000      *
03509000      *
03510000      *
03511000      *
03512000      *
03513000      *
03514000      *
03515000 11613      ORG 11613B
03516000 11613 111607      .ATBL DEF .TB3*5,I  TABLE BASE = 5 (FIRST CN = 1)
03517000      *
03518000      *
03519000      *
03520000 11614 010437      .TB3 DEF EXCK
03521000 11615 010317      DEF ERILO
03522000 11616 010437      DEF EXCK
03523000 11617 010477      DEF EXCST
03524000 11620 010437      DEF EXCK
03525000      *
03526000      *
03527000      *
03528000 11621      BSS 1
03529000 11622 010317      DEF ERILO
03530000 11623      BSS 1
03531000 11624 011552      DEF BBEEP
03532000 11625      BSS 1
03533000      *
03534000      *
03535000      *
03536000 11626      BSS 3
03537000 11631 000000      DEF 0
03538000 11632 011553      DEF BACEL
03539000      *
03540000      *
03541000      *
03542000 11633      BSS 5
03543000      *
03544000      *
03545000      *
03546000 11640      BSS 3
03547000 11643 000000      DEF 0
03548000 11644 011553      DEF BACEL
03549000      *
03550000      *
03551000      *
03552000 11645 010407      DEF STEPK
03553000 11646 010407      DEF STEPK
03554000 11647 010407      DEF STEPK
03555000 11650 011552      DEF BBEEP
03556000 11651 010407      DEF STEPK
03557000      *
03558000      *
03559000      *
03560000 11652      BSS 3

```

CONTROL SUPERVISOR

03561000	11655	000000	DEF 0
03562000	11656		BSS 1
03563000			*
03564000			* LEFT ARROW (10)
03565000			*
03566000	11657		BSS 3
03567000	11662	000000	DEF 0
03568000	11663		BSS 1
03569000			*
03570000			* DOWN-ARROW (11)
03571000			*
03572000	11664	010755	DEF DNAR
03573000	11665	010755	DEF DNAR
03574000	11666	010755	DEF DNAR
03575000	11667	011554	DEF WTLKB
03576000	11670	010755	DEF DNAR
03577000			*
03578000			* RECALL (12)
03579000			*
03580000	11671		BSS 3
03581000	11674	000000	DEF 0 SHOLUD BE BSS !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
03582000	11675		BSS 1
03583000			*
03584000			* PROGRAMMABLE (13)
03585000			*
03586000	11676	010323	DEF PO2
03587000	11677	010321	DEF PEOL
03588000	11700	010323	DEF PO2
03589000	11701	000000	DEF 0
03590000	11702	010321	DEF PEOL
03591000			*
03592000			* UP-ARROW (14)
03593000			*
03594000	11703	010743	DEF UPAR
03595000	11704	010743	DEF UPAR
03596000	11705	010743	DEF UPAR
03597000	11706	011554	DEF WTLKB
03598000	11707	010743	DEF UPAR
03599000			*
03600000			* BACK (15)
03601000			*
03602000	11710		BSS 3
03603000	11713	000000	DEF 0
03604000	11714	011553	DEF BACEL
03605000			*
03606000			* FORWARD (16)
03607000			*
03608000	11715		BSS 3
03609000	11720	000000	DEF 0
03610000	11721	011553	DEF BACEL
03611000			*
03612000			* PROG. INTERRUPTING KEYS (17)
03613000			*
03614000	11722		BSS 3
03615000	11725	010764	DEF PINEN
03616000	11726		BSS 1
03617000			*
03618000			* TYPING-AIDS (20)
03619000			*
03620000	11727		BSS 5
03621000			*
03622000			* SPECIAL KEYS (21)
03623000			*
03624000	11734		BSS 5
03625000			*
03626000			* PRINT ALL (22)
03627000			*
03628000	11741	010326	DEF PALL
03629000	11742	010326	DEF PALL
03630000	11743	010326	DEF PALL
03631000	11744	000000	DEF 0
03632000	11745	010326	DEF PALL
03633000			*
03634000			* LINE INSERT (23)
03635000			*
03636000	11746		BSS 1
03637000	11747	010317	DEF ERILO
03638000	11750		BSS 1
03639000	11751	011552	DEF BBEEP
03640000	11752		BSS 1
03641000			*
03642000			* RUN (24)
03643000			*
03644000	11753	011325	DEF ERUN
03645000	11754	011325	DEF ERUN

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```

03646000 11755 011325 DEF ERUN
03647000 11756 011552 DEF BBEEP
03648000 11757 011325 DEF ERUN
-----
03649000 *
03650000 * CONTINUE (25)
03651000 *
-----
03652000 11760 011312 DEF ECIM
03653000 11761 011312 DEF ECIM
03654000 11762 011312 DEF ECIM
-----
03655000 11763 011177 DEF CONEN
03656000 11764 011312 DEF ECIM
-----
03657000 *
03658000 * LINE DELETE (26)
03659000 *
-----
03660000 11765 011552 DEF BBEEP
03661000 11766 BSS 1
03662000 11767 011552 DEF BBEEP
03663000 11770 011552 DEF BBEEP
03664000 11771 011552 DEF BBEEP
-----
03665000 *
03666000 * RESULT (27)
03667000 *
-----
03668000 11772 010352 DEF RESK
03669000 11773 010361 DEF REOL
03670000 11774 010352 DEF RESK
03671000 11775 000000 DEF 0
03672000 11776 010361 DEF REOL
-----
03673000 *
03674000 *****
03675000 *
03676000 11777 BSS 1 CHECK SUM !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
03677000 *
03678000 *****
03679000 *
-----
03680000 * DEFINITIONS
03681000 *
03682000 *
03683000 000263 MAXLN EQU FLAG
03684000 011571 B163 EQU P115
03685000 000170 BUMM EQU M256
03686000 000122 B32 EQU P26
03687000 000052 STPMS EQU B200
03688000 000263 TRCMS EQU FLAG
03689000 000077 COLLN EQU B72
03690000 000053 EOL EQU D177
03691000 000177 KPA EQU P0
03692000 000116 QUOTE EQU B42
03693000 077467 LPSVA EQU LPIT
03694000 077470 LPSVB EQU LPIT+1
03695000 077471 LPSVC EQU LPIT+2
03696000 077473 LPSVE EQU LPIT+4
03697000 077474 LPSVO EQU LPIT+5
03698000 000045 DCMND EQU B377
03699000 000236 CTCNT EQU B2K
03700000 077216 CST EQU CSTMP
03701000 077216 SIOCP EQU CST
03702000 077217 .WPRT EQU CST+1
03703000 077220 M EQU CST+2
03704000 077221 PLADD EQU CST+3
03705000 077223 TMP6 EQU CST+5
03706000 077224 K EQU CST+6
03707000 077225 TMP2 EQU CST+7
03708000 077226 LNU EQU CST+8
03709000 077227 TMP1 EQU CST+9
03710000 077230 TMP5 EQU CST+10
03711000 077231 TMP3 EQU CST+11
03712000 077232 CFLAG EQU CST+12
03713000 077233 TMP7 EQU CST+13
03714000 077234 TMP4 EQU CST+14
03715000 077235 SKEY EQU CST+15
03716000 077236 TMP8 EQU CST+16
03717000 077206 .WKC EQU IOTMP
03718000 077207 .WMOD EQU IOTMP+1
03719000 077210 DTMP1 EQU IOTMP+2
03720000 077211 DTMP2 EQU IOTMP+3
03721000 077212 SPKN EQU IOTMP+4
03722000 077213 OLCF EQU IOTMP+5
03723000 077214 CRSP EQU IOTMP+6
03724000 077215 IOCP EQU IOTMP+7
03725000 077613 RENFG EQU LKTMP+6
03726000 000433 DISP EQU ALDSP
-----
03727000 *
03728000 *
03729000 *
03730000 END

```

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

00003000	76550		ORG 765508	
00004000			UNL	
02000000			LST	
02001000		*		
02003000		*		
02004000		*	BASE PAGE LINKS	
02005000		*		
02006000	00432		ORG ADSPC	
02007000	00432	012140	DEF DISPC	DISP INFO WITH CURSOR
02008000	00433	012135	DEF DISP	DISPLAY ROUTINE - NO RESET JSM STACK
02009000	00434	012000	DEF KBSRV	KEYBOARD SERVICE ROUTINE
02010000	00435	013430	DEF TRBUF	TRANSFER I/O TO KEYBOARD BUFFER
02011000	00436	013123	DEF EPON	PRINT-ALL ROUTINE
02012000	00437	013126	DEF EPNX	PRINT-ALL LINK FOR ENTER PRINT
02013000	00440	012044	DEF SVRG	SAVE LOW PRIORITY A,B,E,O
02014000	00441	012012	DEF KBSR2	RESTORE LOW PRIORITY A,B,E,O
02015000	00442	012503	DEF CPST	CHECK PRINTER STATUS
02016000	00443	012524	DEF PRNT	PRINT CHARS ALREADY GIVEN TO HARDW.
02017000	00444	012514	DEF PRNT	PRINT 16 CHARS FROM I/O BUFF
02018000	00445	012606	DEF PNUMR	PRINT A NUMERIC VALUE
02019000	00446	013010	DEF FBP	FIND DISP BEGIN POINTER
02020000	00447	013716	DEF SWIOP	SWAP PARAM TO EDIT I/O BUFFER
02021000	00450	013506	DEF CLBIO	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
02022000	00451	013465	DEF CLEBF	CLEAR EDIT BUFFER
02023000	00452	013511	DEF EOLER	SET EOL IN EDIT BUFFER
02024000	00453	013515	DEF CLCMB	CLEAR COMPILE BUFFER
02025000	00454	013165	DEF RPRL	ROM POWER REDUCTION LOOP
02026000	00455	013575	DEF LKBEX	LIVE KBD EXECUTION
02027000	00456	013622	DEF LEXER	LIVE KBD EXEC ERROR ROUTINES
02028000	00457	013570	DEF LEXKY	LIVE KBD EXECUTE KEY PROCESSING ROUT
02029000	00460	113722	DEF KLI	KEY CONTROL CODE TABLE
02030000	00461	013117	DEF EPKBD	PRINT-ALL FROM KBD BUFFER
02031000	00462	012672	DEF PSTRG	PRINT A STRING
02032000		*		
02033000	00566		ORG ALST	
02034000	00566	012174	DEF LIST	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LIST'
02035000	00567	012554	DEF EPRT	LINK TO EXECUTE 'PRT'
02036000	00570	012742	DEF EDIS	LINK TO EXECUTE 'DSP'
02037000	00571	012540	DEF PLDX	LINK TO EXECUTE 'SPC'
02038000	00572	012333	DEF LISTK	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LISTK'
02039000	00573	013526	DEF ELKE	LIVE KBD ENABLE
02040000	00574	013531	DEF ELKD	LIVE KBD DISABLE
02044000		*		
02045000	11614		ORG 116148	
02046000		*		
02047000	11614		BSS 5	EXECUTE
02048000	11621		BSS 5	STORE
02049000	11626		BSS 5	INSERT/REPLACE
02050000		*		
02051000	11633	013345	DEF CLEAR	CLEAR KEY
02052000	11634	013345	DEF CLEAR	
02053000	11635	013345	DEF CLEAR	
02054000	11636	013353	DEF CLEEN	
02055000	11637	013345	DEF CLEAR	
02056000		*		
02057000	11640	013363	DEF DLCH	DELETE CHARACTER
02058000	11641	013363	DEF DLCH	
02059000	11642	013363	DEF DLCH	
02060000	11643		BSS 2	
02061000		*		
02062000	11645		BSS 5	STEP
02063000	11652		BSS 5	RIGHT ARROW
02064000	11657		BSS 5	LEFT ARROW
02065000	11664		BSS 5	DOWN ARROW
02066000		*		
02067000	11671	013241	DEF RECL	RECALL
02068000	11672	013241	DEF RECL	
02069000	11673	013241	DEF RECL	
02070000	11674	013241	DEF RECL	
02071000	11675	013241	DEF RECL	
02072000		*		
02073000	11676		BSS 5	PROG KEYS ALPHA NUMERIC
02074000	11703		BSS 5	UP ARROW
02075000	11710		BSS 5	BACK
02076000	11715		BSS 5	FORWARD
02077000	11722		BSS 5	STOP,REW
02078000		*		
02079000	11727	013043	DEF LTID	TYPING AIDS
02080000	11730	013043	DEF LTID	
02081000	11731	013043	DEF LTID	
02082000	11732	013043	DEF LTID	
02083000	11733	013043	DEF LTID	
02084000		*		
02085000	11734		BSS 5	SPECIAL KEYS
02086000	11741		BSS 5	PRINT-ALL
02087000	11746		BSS 5	LINE INSERT

CONTROL SUPERVISOR LINKS

02088000	11753	BSS 5	RUN
02089000	11760	BSS 5	CONTINUE
02090000	11765	BSS 5	LINE DELETE
02091000	11772	BSS 5	RESULT KEY
02092000		*	

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02095000		*	
02096000		*	
02097000		* *****	
02098000		*	
02099000		+ I/O SUPERVISOR	
02100000		*	
02101000		*	
02102000		*	
02103000		*	
02104000		* *****	
02105000		*	
02106000		*	
02107000		* IO SP	
02108000		*	
02109000		*	
02110000		*	
02111000		*	
02112000		*	
02113000	12000	ORG 12000B	
02114000		*	
02115000		*	
02116000		*	
02117000		*	
02118000		*	
02119000		*	
02120000		*	
02121000		*	
02122000		*	
02123000		*	
02124000		*	
02125000		*	
02126000		*	
02127000	12000	043044 KBSRV JSM SVRG	SAVE REGISTERS
02128000	12001	000004 LDA R4	GET KEY CODE
02129000	12002	031207 STA .WMOD	SAVE KEYBOARD CODE
02130000	12003	043061 JSM KCASC	KEYCODE CONVERSION TO ASCII
02131000	12004	031206 STA .WKC	SAVE CODE
02132000	12005	005257 LDB CSTAT	GET STATE
02133000	12006	076022 RZB KBSRS	SKIP IF NOT IDLE STATE
02134000	12007	001207 KBSR6 LDA .WMOD	
02135000	12010	172701 SAM *+1,S	SET NEW KEY FLAG
02136000	12011	031207 STA .WMOD	
02137000	12012	001472 KBSR2 LDA LPSVD	RESTORE C:D
02138000	12013	030017 STA D	
02139000	12014	001471 LDA LPSVC	
02140000	12015	030016 STA C	
02141000	12016	001473 LDA LPSVE	GET E REG. INFO
02142000	12017	177201 SEC *+1,C	CLEAR E REG.
02143000	12020	073002 SLA *+2	SKIP IF LSB =0
02144000	12021	177301 SEC *+1,S	
02145000	12022	173201 SOC *+1,C	CLEAR O REG.
02146000	12023	172002 SAP *+2	
02147000	12024	173301 SOC *+1,S	
02148000	12025	005470 LDB LPSVB	RESTORE B REGISTER
02149000	12026	001467 LDA LPSVA	RESTORE A REGISTER
02150000	12027	170300 KBSR3 RET 0,P	RETURN AND TURN-ON INTERRUPT
02151000		*	
02152000	12030	014143 KBSR5 CPB P4	ENTER STATE ?
02153000	12031	067007 JMP KBSR6	YES
02154000		*	
02155000	12032	020147 KBSR1 ADA M3	
02156000	12033	172005 SAP KBSR4	SKIP IF NOT AN INTERRUPTING KEY
02157000	12034	001206 LDA .WKC	IOR KEYCODE INTO XCOMM
02158000	12035	172701 SAM *+1,S	SET BIT 15 ALSO
02159000	12036	040744 JSM SXCMM	
02160000		*	
02161000	12037	067012 JMP KBSR2	RESTORE REGISTERS
02162000		*	
02163000	12040	001623 KBSR4 LDA LKFLG	GET LIVE KEYB. FLAG
02164000	12041	073451 RLA KBSR2	SKIP IF LIVE KBD NOT ENABLED
02165000		*	
02166000	12042	042533 JSM LKPRC	GO TO THE LIVE KBD PROC ROUTINES
02167000		*	
02168000	12043	067012 JMP KBSR2	RESTORE REGISTERS

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02169000 *
02170000 *
02171000 * SAVE REGISTERS SUBR.
02172000 *
02173000 * LOW PRIORITY: A+B+E+O
02174000 *
02175000 *
02176000 12044 031467 SVRG STA LPSVA LOW PRIORITY SAVE "A" TEMPORARY
02177000 12045 035470 STB LPSVB LOW PRIORITY SAVE "B" TEMPR.
02178000 12046 000177 LDA P0
02179000 12047 177002 SEC *+2 SKIP IF CLEAR
02180000 12050 000254 LDA P1
02181000 12051 173002 SOC *+2 SKIP IF CLEAR
02182000 12052 172301 SAP *+1,S
02183000 12053 031473 STA LPSVE SAVE O,E REGISTERS
02184000 12054 000016 LDA C
02185000 12055 031471 STA LPSVC SAVE C-REG.
02186000 12056 000017 LDA D
02187000 12057 031472 STA LPSVD SAVE O-REG.
02188000 12050 170201 RET 1
02189000 *
02190000 *
02191000 * KEYCODE CONVERSION TO ASCII
02192000 *
02193000 * ENTRY: A-REG = KEYCODE
02194000 *
02195000 * EXIT: A-REG = ASCII CODE
02196000 *
02197000 * SEE CONVERSION TABLES CONTAINED IN THE DOCUMENTATION FOR
02198000 * THE I/O SUPERVISOR
02199000 *
02200000 *
02201000 12061 170607 KCASC SAL 8 KEYCODE IN UPPER HALF
02202000 12062 172002 SAP *+2 SKIP IF UNSHIFTED
02203000 12063 067112 JMP KCAS3 SHIFTED
02204000 12064 170507 SAR 8 KEYCODE IN LOWER HALF
02205000 *
02206000 * UNSHIFTED KEY CONVERSION
02207000 *
02208000 12065 004000 LDB A NOT SAVE KEYCODE
02209000 12066 174040 TCB MAKE NEG
02210000 12067 024073 ADB B100
02211000 12070 176015 SBP KCAS6 SKIP IF KEYCODE < 101 AND NO CONVERSION
02212000 12071 026760 ADB B31
02213000 12072 176413 SRM KCAS6 SKIP IF KEYCODE > 131
02214000 12073 006223 LDB KTB1 GET TABLE ADDR (UNSHIFTED)
02215000 12074 020164 ADA BM100 GET CODE 1 = 31B
02216000 12075 177301 KCAS4 SEC *+1,S SET E-REG.
02217000 12076 073002 SLA *+2
02218000 12077 177201 SEC *+1,C CLEAR E-REG. IF L.S.BIT OF A=1
02219000 12100 170500 SAR 1 BECAUSE OF TWO CODES PER WORD
02220000 12101 024000 ADB A B = ADDR OF CODES
02221000 12102 100001 LDA B,I GET CODES
02222000 12103 177005 SEC KCAS1 SKIP FOR LOWER HALF
02223000 12104 170507 SAR B A = CODE
02224000 12105 010066 KCAS6 CPA B140 IS THIS THE ENTER EXPONENT KEY?
02225000 12106 000063 LDA B145 YES, MAKE IT A SMALL E
02226000 12107 170201 RET 1 NO, LEAVE ALONE
02227000 *
02228000 12110 050045 KCAS1 AND B377 A = CODE
02229000 12111 170201 RET 1
02230000 *
02231000 * SHIFTED KEY CONVERSION
02232000 *
02233000 12112 170507 KCAS3 SAR 8 KEYCODE IN LOWER HALF
02234000 12113 050053 AND B177 DROP BIT 7
02235000 12114 010055 CPA B175 GAZINTA?
02236000 12115 170201 RET 1 YES
02237000 *
02238000 12116 010057 CPA B173 PI ?
02239000 12117 067133 JMP KCAS2 YES
02240000 12120 004000 LDB A GET KEYCODE
02241000 12121 174040 TCB MAKE NEG.
02242000 12122 024110 ADB B53
02243000 12123 176062 SBP KCAS6 SKIP IF KEYCODE < 54
02244000 *
02245000 12124 026761 ADB B65
02246000 12125 176404 SHM KCAS7 S IF KEYCODE > 140
02247000 12126 006167 LDB KTB2 GET TABLE ADDR (SHIFTED)
02248000 12127 022756 ADA BM54 GET CODE 0 = 64B
02249000 12130 067075 JMP KCAS4 GET UPPER CASE CODE
02250000 12131 020162 KCAS7 ADA BM40 GET UPPER CASE ALPHA
02251000 12132 170201 RET 1
02252000 *

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02253000 12133 000056 KCAS2 LDA B174 GET VERTICAL BAR
02254000 12134 170201 RET 1
02255000 *
02256000 *
02257000 *
02258000 * DISP DISPLAY INFO WITHOUT CURSOR
02259000 * DISPLAYS CONTENTS OF I/O BUFFER REGARDLESS OF POSITION
02260000 * OF EDIT BUFFER POINTERS
02261000 *
02262000 *
02263000 *
02264000 *
02265000 12135 004150 DISP LOB M4 SET FOR ENTRY WITHOUT CURSOR
02266000 12136 000314 LDA AIBFX DISPLAY I/O BUFFER
02267000 12137 067144 JMP NOCUR DISPLAY WITH OUT CURSOR
02268000 *
02269000 *
02270000 *
02271000 * DISPC DISPLAY WITH CURSOR USES T1 DISPLAYS STARTING AT
02272000 * CHARACTER INDICATED BY DBP SETS THE CURSOR IF CRSP#0
02273000 * BIT 15 OF CRSP ISSET IF INSERT CURSOR, BITS 0-14
02274000 * CONTAIN A CHARACTER OFFSET FROM DBP-1 TO SET THE CURSOR...
02275000 *
02276000 *
02277000 *
02278000 12140 001214 DISPC LDA CRSP GET CURSOR POINTER
02279000 12141 050074 AND B77 SAVE ONLY OFFSET COUNT
02280000 *
02281000 12142 004000 LDB A SET CURSOR OFFSET
02282000 12143 001513 LDA DBP GET START OF DISPLAY ADDR
02283000 12144 030016 NOCUR STA C SAVE IT FOR THE TRANSFER
02284000 12145 140401 JSM AADBA,I ADJUST BYTE ADDRESS
02285000 12146 030001 STA B SET CURSOR ADDRESS
02286000 12147 000177 LDA DPA GET DISPLAY SELECT CODE
02287000 12150 030011 STA PA SET PERIPHERAL ADDRESS
02288000 12151 001512 LDA DLEN GET LENGTH OF DISPLAY
02289000 12152 031711 STA T1 SAVE LOOP COUNTER
02290000 * B CONTAINS THE ADDR OF THE CHAR
02291000 12153 074560 LDH WRC A,I GET BYTE AND INC PTR
02292000 12154 014016 CPB C CURSOR POSITION?
02293000 12155 067157 JMP *+2 YES
02294000 12156 067166 JMP NOPOS NO
02295000 *
02296000 12157 005214 LDB CRSP GET CURSOR
02297000 12160 176403 SBM INCUR TO SEE WHICH TYPE OF CURSOR
02298000 12161 004073 LDB B100 REPLACE CURSOR
02299000 12162 067164 JMP *+2
02300000 12163 004117 INCUR LDB B40 INSRT CURSOR
02301000 12164 034005 STB R5 SET CURSOR INDICATOR
02302000 12165 060052 IOR B200 SET CURSOR BIT ON BYTE TO DISPLAY
02303000 *
02304000 12166 030004 NOPOS STA R4 SEND CHAR TO DISPLAY
02305000 12167 055711 DSZ T1 DONE?
02306000 12170 067153 JMP LOH NO, CONTINUE
02307000 12171 000145 LDA P2 TRIGGER THE DISPLAY
02308000 12172 030005 STA R5
02309000 12173 170201 RET 1 YES SO RETURN
02310000 *
02311000 *
02312000 *
02313000 * LIST MAIN PROGRAM
02314000 * PERIPHERAL LIST ENTRY IS LISTP. PLADD MUST BE SET TO
02315000 * ADDRESS OF A RETURN FOR A MAINFRAME LIST, OTHERWISE IT
02316000 * CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF THE PERIPHERAL LIST ROUTINE,
02317000 * ROUTINE MUST DO A RET2 WHEN IT IS DONE, OTHERWISE THE
02318000 * PROGRAM WILL ALSO LIST TO THE INTERNAL PRINTER
02319000 *
02320000 *
02321000 *
02322000 *
02323000 *
02324000 *
02325000 *
02326000 *
02327000 *
02328000 *
02329000 *
02330000 *
02331000 *
02332000 *
02333000 *
02334000 *
02335000 12174 140610 LIST JSM ACOUN,I COUNT PARAMETERS ON STACK
02336000 12175 004714 LOB ARET1 SET FOR A RETURN

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02337000	12176	035221	LISTP	STB PLADD	SET FOR MAIN FRAME LIST
02338000	12177	005257		LDB CSTAT	SEE IF STATE 1,3, OR 5
02339000	12200	077005		SLB NOCOM	IF SO THEN SET C TO POINT
02340000	12201	004274		LDB AAEOL	EOL AND SET LEND TO POINT TO ZERO
02341000	12202	034016		STB C	
02342000	12203	004334		LDB ADPO	
02343000	12204	035264		STB LEND	
02344000	12205	043603	NOCOM	JSM INTIO	INIT FOR LIST OUTPUT
02345000	12206	004177		LDB PO	SET LINE # - LOWER LIMIT
02346000	12207	035216		STB SIOCP	CLEAR CHECKSUM WORD
02347000	12210	035233		STB TMP7	
02348000	12211	004263		LDB MAXLN	MAX LINE NO.
02349000	12212	035223		STB TMP6	SET DEFAULT UPPER LIMIT
02350000	12213	072412		SZA LIST3	PARAMETERS GIVEN?
02351000	12214	043327		JSM LGINM	GET LINE NUMBER
02352000	12215	173411		SOS LSSSS	LINE CANNOT EXIST IF OVERFLOW
02353000	12216	035233		STB TMP7	SET BEGIN OF LIST
02354000	12217	000254		LDA P1	
02355000	12220	140607		JSM ABU ,I	ADVANCE TO NEXT PARAMETER
02356000	12221	067225		JMP LIST3	END OF PARAMETER LIST
02357000	12222	043327		JSM LGINM	
02358000	12223	173402		SOS LIST3	LIST TO END OF PROG IF OVERFLOW
02359000	12224	035223		STB TMP6	SET UPPER LIMIT
02360000	12225	140513	LIST3	JSM AFLNA,I	FIND LINE ADDR
02361000	12226	067302	LSSSS	JMP LIST5	LINE NOT FOUND
02362000	12227	040724		JSM SECCK	SEE IF PROG IS SECURE
02363000	12230	043533		JSM PLEAD	GIVE PAPER LEADER
02364000	12231	140453	LIST1	JSM ACLCM,I	CLEAR COMPILE BUFF
02365000	12232	140513		JSM AFLNA,I	FIND LINE ADDRESS
02366000	12233	067270		JMP LIST2	NOT FOUND - MUST BE DONE
02367000	12234	005233		LDB TMP7	SET LNO FOR ATLNO ROUTINE
02368000	12235	035226		STB LNO	
02369000	12236	140412		JSM APLIR,I	PLACE LINE NO. IN I/O BUFF.
02370000	12237	001206		LDA ,WKC	GET KEY CODE
02371000	12240	010254		CPA P1	IS IT HTE STOP KEY?
02372000	12241	067270		JMP LIST2	YES - ABORT OPERATION
02373000			*		
02374000	12242	000314		LDA AIBFX	I/O BUFF S/A
02375000	12243	030016		STA C	SET PTR
02376000	12244	000165		LDA M80	SET 80 CHAR COUNTER
02377000	12245	031711		STA T1	
02378000	12246	074560	LLOOP	WBC A,I	GET CHARACTER
02379000	12247	005711		LDB T1	GET CHAR COUNT
02380000	12250	074617		MPY	MPY CHAR * CHAR COUNT
02381000	12251	005233		LDB TMP7	GET LINE #
02382000	12252	024254		ADB P1	ACCOUNT FOR LINE ZERO
02383000	12253	075617		MPY	MPY LINE # * CHAR * CHAR COUNT
02384000	12254	021216		ADA SIOCP	ADD SUM SO FAR
02385000	12255	031216		STA SIOCP	SET NEW SUM
02386000	12256	045711		ISZ T1	INC COUNTER
02387000	12257	067246		JMP LLOOP	NOT DONE SO KEEP GOING
02388000			*		
02389000	12260	000177		LDA P0	SET INDICATOR FOR PERIPHERAL ROUTINE
02390000	12261	141221		JSM PLADD,I	GIVE PERIPHERAL CONTROL
02391000	12262	043353		JSM PIOB	PRINT ONE LINE
02392000	12263	001233		LDA TMP7	GET LAST PRINTED LINE NO.
02393000	12264	011223		CPA TMP6	LISTING COMPLETE ?
02394000	12265	067270		JMP LIST2	YES
02395000	12266	045233		ISZ TMP7	INCRM LINE NO.
02396000	12267	067231		JMP LIST1	CONT
02397000			*		
02398000	12270	140450	LIST2	JSM ACLBI,I	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
02399000	12271	002763		LDA BLAST	GET A BLANK, ASTERIK
02400000	12272	130313		STA AIBUF,I	PUT IN I/O BUFFER
02401000	12273	004314		LDB AIBFX	PUT # IN I/O BUFFER
02402000	12274	001216		LDA SIOCP	GET CHECKSUM
02403000	12275	050344		AND MAW	MAKE POSITIVE
02404000	12276	140477		JSM ABTDA,I	PUT IN I/O BUFFER
02405000	12277	141221		JSM PLADD,I	GIVE PERIPHERAL CONTROL
02406000	12300	043514		JSM ,PRNT	PRINT CHECKSUM
02407000	12301	043533		JSM PLEAD	GIVE PAPER LEADER
02408000	12302	140450	LIST5	JSM ACLBI,I	CLEAR I/O BUFF
02409000			*		
02410000	12303	001307		LDA FWUP	CALCULATE MEMORY USED BY PROGRAM
02411000	12304	170040		TCA	
02412000	12305	021277		ADA ENDS	MEMORY BETWEEN ENDS AND FWUP
02413000	12306	072403		SZA LNULP	SKIP IF A NULL PROGRAM
02414000	12307	020254		ADA P1	ADD 1 WORD FOR BRIDGES
02415000	12310	170600		SAL 1	MAKE BYTES
02416000	12311	004315	LNULP	LDB AIBFM	S/A TO PUT NUMBER
02417000	12312	140477		JSM ABTDA,I	CONVERT TO ASCII
02418000			*		
02419000	12313	001310		LDA RMAX	CALCULATE AVAILABLE MEMORY
02420000	12314	020254		ADA P1	ADJUST ADDR
02421000	12315	170040		TCA	

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02422000 12316 021263 ADA AP1 B= AVAILABLE WORDS
02423000 12317 170600 SAL I MAKE BYTES
02424000 12320 004320 LDB AIOLM S/A TO PUT NUMBER
02425000 12321 140477 JSM ABTDA,I MAKE ASCII AND PLACE IN I/O BUFF
02426000 12322 140436 JSM AEPON,I GO THROUGH PRINTALL
02427000 *
02428000 12323 043135 JSM DISP DISPLAY # OF REGISTERS LEFT
02429000 12324 067600 JMP RESIO RESTORE AFTER LIST
02430000 *
02431000 12325 140404 ERLNW JSM AERR1,I LINE NO. WRONG
02432000 12326 030471 ASC 1,19
02433000 *
02434000 12327 040751 LGTNM JSM NGET GET NEXT PARAMETER
02435000 12330 067325 JMP ERLNW WRONG TYPE
02436000 12331 000001 LDA B A= POINTER
02437000 12332 064644 JMP FIXPT FLOAT TO FIXED
02438000 *
02439000 *
02440000 *****
02441000 *
02442000 * LISTK1_ SYSTEM COMMAND TO LIST ALL DEFINED KEYS IN NUMERICAL ORDER
02443000 *
02444000 *****
02445000 *
02446000 12333 000177 LISTK LDA P0 START WITH F0
02447000 12334 031212 STA SPKN
02448000 12335 043603 JSM INTIO INIT FOR LISTING
02449000 12336 001206 LSTK1 LDA ,WKC CHECK FOR STOP KEY
02450000 12337 010254 CPA P1 STOP KEY IF = 1
02451000 12340 067347 JMP LSTK2 =1 SO ABORT OPERATION
02452000 12341 140473 JSM ALISK,I LIST KEY <SPKN> IF IT IS DEFINED
02453000 12342 045212 ISZ SPKN BUMP THE KEY NUMBER
02454000 12343 004122 LDB P26
02455000 12344 015212 CPB SPKN IF P26 IS THE NEXT KEY THEN ALL KEYS HAVE BEEN
02456000 12345 067347 JMP LSTK2 LISTED, SO PUT EOL IN THE DISP AND RETURN
02457000 12346 067336 JMP LSTK1 OTHERWISE KEEP LISTING UNTIL ALL KEYS ARE DONE.
02458000 12347 000144 LSTK2 LDA P3
02459000 12350 140571 JSM ASPC,I GIVE 3 PAPER LINE FEEDS
02460000 12351 040710 JSM EOLIO CLEAR I/O BUFFER, PLACE EOL IN 1ST CHAR.
02461000 12352 067600 JMP RESIO RESTORE AFTER LISTING AND RETURN TO INTERPRETER
02462000 *
02463000 *
02464000 *
02465000 *
02466000 * PRINT CONTENTS OF I/O BUFFER
02467000 * *H
02468000 * 12 CHARACTERS ARE SEND TO THE PRINTER HARDWARE, THEN THE NEXT 4
02469000 * CHARACTERS ARE SEARCHED FROM RIGHT TO LEFT FOR A * - * /
02470000 * | , OR SPACE AND THE LINE IS BROKEN AT THIS SPOT IF ANY ARE
02471000 * FOUND, OTHERWISE 16 CHARACTERS ARE PRINTED. THIS CONTINUES
02472000 * UNTIL THE LAST NON BLANK CHARACTER IS PRINTED
02473000 *
02474000 *
02475000 12353 000314 PIOB LDA AIBFX GET I/O BUFF ADDR
02476000 12354 030017 STA D SET SOURCE POINTER
02477000 12355 000133 LDA P12 12 CHARS
02478000 12356 031227 PIOB9 STA TMP1 SET COUNTER
02479000 12357 043463 JSM PCOUT OUTPUT CHARS
02480000 12360 001210 LDA DTMP1 GET "EOL" FLAG
02481000 12361 072404 SZA PIOB2 END OF LINE FOUND ?
02482000 12362 000143 LDA P4 YES
02483000 12363 031227 STA TMP1 SET COUNT FOR 4 BLANKS
02484000 12364 067456 JMP SHLP FILL BUFF, PRINT LINE AND RETURN P+1
02485000 *
02486000 12365 000017 PIOB2 LDA D GET I/O BUFF POINTNR
02487000 12366 031225 STA TMP2 AND SAVE IT
02488000 12367 000142 LDA P5 LOOK AT NEXT 5 CHARACTERS
02489000 12370 031231 STA TMP3 SET COUNTER
02490000 12371 074570 PIOB1 WBD A,I GET CHAR AND INCRM
02491000 12372 010053 CPA EOL END-OF-LINE?
02492000 12373 067453 JMP PIOB8 YES
02493000 12374 055231 DSZ TMP3 DONE?
02494000 12375 067371 JMP PIOB1 NO
02495000 *
02496000 12376 074770 WBD A,D DUMMY WITHDRAW,DEC
02497000 12377 000017 LDA D GET I/O BUFF POINTNR
02498000 12400 030016 STA C SET C=REG
02499000 12401 074760 WRC A,D DUMMY WITHDRAW AND DECREM
02500000 12402 000143 LDA P4 MAX OF 4 CHARS
02501000 12403 031231 STA TMP3 SET COUNTER
02502000 12404 074760 PIOB3 WBC A,D GET CHAR AND DECREM
02503000 12405 010110 CPA B53 +?
02504000 12406 067441 JMP PIOB4 YES
02505000 12407 010106 CPA B55 -?
02506000 12410 067441 JMP PIOB4 YES

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02507000 12411 010111 CPA B52 *?
02508000 12412 067441 JMP P10B4 YES
02509000 12413 010104 CPA B57 /?
02510000 12414 067441 JMP P10B4 YES
02511000 12415 010117 CPA B40 BLANK?
02512000 12416 067441 JMP P10B4 YES
02513000 12417 010076 CPA B73 /?
02514000 12420 067441 JMP P10B4 YES
02515000 12421 010107 CPA B54 ;?
02516000 12422 067441 JMP P10B4 YES
02517000 12423 055231 DSZ TMP3 DONE?
02518000 12424 067404 JMP P10B3 NO
02519000 12425 000143 P10B6 LDA P4 NO BREAK POINT FOUND
02520000 12426 043527 JSM SPIB SET COUNT AND OUTPUT CHARS
02521000 12427 043524 P10X2 JSM PRNT PRINT LINE
02522000 12430 043503 P10X3 JSM CPST CHECK PRINTER STATUS
02523000 12431 074570 WBD A,I GET NEXT CHAR
02524000 12432 010053 CPA E0.9 END OF LINE MARK ?
02525000 12433 170201 RET 1 YES ; DONE WITH THIS LINE
02526000 *
02527000 12434 074770 WBD A,D NO; READJUST SOURCE POINTR
02528000 12435 000117 LDA B40 GET BLANK
02529000 12436 030006 STA R6 INDENT THE LINE
02530000 12437 000134 LDA P11 GET READY FOR 11 MORE CHARS
02531000 12440 067356 JMP P10B9 OUTPUT MORE LINES
02532000 *
02533000 12441 001231 P10B4 LDA TMP3 NO. OF ADDITIONAL CHARS
02534000 12442 043527 JSM SPIB SET COUNT AND OUTPUT CHARS
02535000 12443 001231 LDA TMP3 A = NO. OF CHARS OUTPUT ABOVE 12
02536000 12444 010143 CPA P4 A = 4; LINE COMPLETE
02537000 12445 067427 JMP P10X2 PRINT LINE
02538000 12446 170040 TCA MAKE NEGATIVE
02539000 12447 020143 ADA P4 A = NO. OF CHARS TO REACH 16
02540000 12450 031227 STA TMP1 SET CHAR COUNTR
02541000 12451 043456 JSM SBLP FILL BUFF AND PRINT LINE
02542000 12452 067430 JMP P10X3 OUTPUT MORE LINES
02543000 *
02544000 12453 000143 P10B8 LDA P4 GET ALL REMAINING CHARS
02545000 12454 043527 JSM SPIB SET COUNT, RESET SOURCE POINTR, OUTPUT CHARACTERS
02546000 12455 067524 JMP PRNT PRINT LINE + RETURN P+1
02547000 *
02548000 *
02549000 *
02550000 *
02551000 * PRINT UTILITY ROUTINES
02552000 *
02553000 *
02554000 *
02555000 * SEND BLANKS AND PRINT 16 CHARS
02556000 *
02557000 * ENTRY: "TMP1" = NO. OF BLANKS
02558000 *
02559000 *
02560000 12456 000117 SBLP LDA B40 GET BLANK
02561000 12457 030006 SBLP1 STA R6 TO PRINTER HARDWARE
02562000 12460 055227 DSZ TMP1 DONE ?
02563000 12461 067457 JMP SBLP1 NO
02564000 12462 067524 JMP PRNT PRINT LINE + RETURN P+1
02565000 *
02566000 *
02567000 * PRINTER CHARACTER OUTPUT
02568000 *
02569000 * ENTRY: TMP1 = NO. OF CHARS
02570000 *
02571000 *
02572000 12463 043503 PCOUT JSM CPST CHECK PRINTER STATUS
02573000 12464 000177 PCOU1 LDA P0
02574000 12465 031210 STA DTMP1 CLEAR "EOL" FLAG
02575000 12466 074570 PCOU2 WBD A,I GET CHAR AND INCREM.
02576000 12467 010053 CPA E0L END OF LINE ?
02577000 12470 067475 JMP PCOU3 YES! DO NOT COUNT THE EOL CHAR
02578000 12471 030006 STA R6 TO PRINTER HARDWARE
02579000 12472 055227 DSZ TMP1 DONE?
02580000 12473 067466 JMP PCOU2 NO
02581000 12474 170201 RET 1 YES
02582000 *
02583000 12475 045210 PCOU3 ISZ DTMP1 SET "EOL" FLAG
02584000 12476 000117 LDA B40 GET BLANK
02585000 12477 030006 PCOU4 STA R6 TO PRINTER HARDWARE
02586000 12500 055227 DSZ TMP1 DONE ?
02587000 12501 067477 JMP PCOU4 NO; LOOP
02588000 12502 170201 PCOUX RET 1
02589000 *
02590000 *

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02591000 * CHECK PRINTERSTATUS
02592000 *
02593000 *
02594000 12503 000177 CPST LDA PPA GET PRINTER SEL. CODE
02595000 12504 030011 STA PA SET PERIPHERAL ADDR
02596000 12505 000005 CPST1 LDA R5 GET PRINTER STATUS
02597000 12506 050141 AND P6 SAVE PRINTER BUSY AND OUT OF PAPER BITS
02598000 12507 072473 SZA PCOUX OK? PROCEED
02599000 12510 170501 SAR 2 POSITION BUSY BIT
02600000 12511 073474 RLA CPST1 IF BUSY SKIP AND CHECK AGAIN
02601000 12512 140404 ERPRT JSM AERR1,I NO PRINTER OR NO PAPER
02602000 12513 030465 ASC 1,15
02603000 *
02604000 *
02605000 * OUTPUT 16 CHARS FROM I/O BUFF TO PRINTER
02606000 *
02607000 * ENTRY: I/O BUFF SET
02608000 *
02609000 *
02610000 12514 004314 ,PRNT LOB AIBFX I/O BUFF S/A
02611000 12515 034016 STB C SET C-REG
02612000 12516 043503 JSM CPST CHECK PRINTER STATUS
02613000 12517 000127 LDA P16 CHAR COUNT
02614000 12520 031211 STA DTMP2 SET COUNTER
02615000 12521 074566 ,PRN1 WBC R6,I SEND BYTE TO HARDWARE, INC PTR
02616000 12522 055211 DSZ DTMP2 ALL CHARS OUT?
02617000 12523 067521 JMP ,PRN1 NO? LOOP
02618000 *
02619000 *
02620000 * PRINT ONE LINE
02621000 *
02622000 * ENTRY: HARDWARE LOADED WITH 16 CHARS
02623000 *
02624000 *
02625000 12524 000254 PRNT LDA P1 PRINT COMMAND
02626000 12525 030005 STA R5 PRINT LINE
02627000 12526 170201 RET 1
02628000 *
02629000 *
02630000 * SET CHAR COUNT AND OUTPUT CHARS
02631000 *
02632000 * ENTRY: A = CHAR COUNT
02633000 *
02634000 *
02635000 12527 031227 SPIR STA TMP1 SET CHAR COUNT
02636000 12530 001225 LDA TMP2 RECALL I/O BUFF POINTER
02637000 12531 030017 STA D RESET SOURCE POINTER
02638000 12532 067464 JMP PCOU1 OUTPUT CHARS + RETURN P+1
02639000 *
02640000 *
02641000 *
02642000 *
02643000 * GIVE PAPER LINE FEEDS
02644000 *
02645000 * ENTRY "PLDX": A = NO. OF LINE FEEDS
02646000 * PLEAD ENTRY ASSUMES PLADD IS SET TO THE ADDRESS OF A RETURN
02647000 * OR THE ADDRESS OF THE PERIPHERAL LIST ROUTINE
02648000 * A WILL CONTAIN A -3 SO THAT THE PERIPHERAL LIST ROUTINE
02649000 * WILL KNOW HOW MANY LINE FEEDS TO ISSUE
02650000 *
02651000 *
02652000 *
02653000 12533 000147 PLEAD LDA M3 SET INDICATOR FOR PERIPHERAL ROUTINES
02654000 12534 141221 JSM PLADD,I ALLOW PERIP CHANGE TO SPACE, RET2 IF PRESENT
02655000 12535 067537 JMP *+2 NOT THERE SO SPACE PRINTER
02656000 12536 170201 RET 1 PERIP SPACED, RETURN
02657000 12537 000144 LDA P3
02658000 12540 031211 PLDX STA DTMP2 LINE FEED COUNT
02659000 12541 004127 PLEA2 LOB P16
02660000 12542 035210 STB DTMP1 SET CHAR COUNTR
02661000 12543 043503 JSM CPST CHECK PRINTER STATUS
02662000 12544 000117 LDA B40 GET BLANK
02663000 12545 030006 PLEA1 STA R6 TO PRINTER HARDWARE
02664000 12546 055210 DSZ DTMP1 DONE ?
02665000 12547 067545 JMP PLEA1 NO? CONT
02666000 12550 043524 JSM PRNT PRINT ONE LINE
02667000 12551 055211 DSZ DTMP2 DONE ?
02668000 12552 067541 JMP PLEA2 NO? PRINT ANOTHER LINE
02669000 12553 170201 PLEA3 RET 1
02670000 *
02671000 *
02672000 *
02673000 *
02674000 * PRINT STATEMENT EXECUTION

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02675000
02676000
02677000 12554 043603 EPRT JSM INTIO INIT FOR OUTPUT
02678000 12555 043634 JSM PCLIO CLR I/O BUFFER, RESET STRING FLAG
02679000 12556 000263 LDA FLAG FOR "PGET"
02680000 12557 140505 JSM APGET, I GET FIRST PARAMETER
02681000 12560 067577 JMP EPRT4 NO PARAMETERS
02682000 12561 176002 EPRT2 SRP *+2 SKIP IF OK
02683000 12562 067754 JMP ERUND UNDEFINED OR WRONG CLASS
02684000 12563 072403 SZA EPRT1 SKIP ON NUMERIC
02685000 12564 043672 JSM PSTRG PRINT STRING
02686000 12565 067567 JMP EPRT3
02687000 12566 043606 EPRT1 JSM PNUMR PRINT NUMERIC
02688000 12567 000254 EPRT3 LDA P1 FOR "PGET"
02689000 12570 140505 JSM APGET, I GET NEXT PARAMETER
02690000 12571 067573 JMP *+2 LIST EXHAUSTED
02691000 12572 067561 JMP EPRT2 CONTINUE
02692000 12573 001727 LDA T15 GET STRING FLAG
02693000 12574 010315 CPA AIBFM STRING PENDING?
02694000 12575 067577 JMP *+2 NO
02695000 12576 043514 JSM .PRNT PRINT STRING
02696000 12577 040710 EPRT4 JSM EOLIO CLEAR I/O BUFF AND SET EOL IN I/O BUFF
02697000
02698000 12600 001234 RESIO LDA TMP4 RESTORE C REGISTER
02699000 12601 030016 STA C
02700000 12602 164365 JMP AINTX, I BACK TO INTERPRETER
*
*
*****
*
* IOINT INIT ROUTINE FOR ANY ROUTINE THAT USES THE I/O BUFFER
* FOR I/O LIST PROG, LIST KEYS, DISP STMT, PRT STMT
* PLIST
*
*****
*
02710000
02711000 12603 004016 INTIO LDB C SAVE C
02712000 12604 035234 STB TMP4
02713000 12605 170201 RET I
*
*
* PRINT NUMERIC
*
* ENTRY: B = CHAR COUNT
*
* D = BYTE ADDR OF FIRST CHAR
*
* USES T15 AS A FLAG IF IT IS NOT SET TO AIBFM THEN IT ASSUMES
* THAT A STRING IS PENDING SO THE ROUTINE WILL TRY TO
* PUT THE NUMERIC ON THE SAME LINE. ASSUMES THAT THE STRING LENGTH
* IS IN DTMPI.
*
* USES .WPRT TO DECIDE WHAT THE FIX/FLT SETTING OF THE NUMBER IS
* IF THE NUMBER HAS REVERTED TO FLOAT 10 OR 11 THEN IT WILL
* USE THE LENGTH OF THE NUMBER TO DETECT THIS - LENGTH OF 17 =
* FLOAT 10, LENGTH OF 18 = FLOAT 11
*
02720000
02721000
02722000
02723000
02724000
02725000
02726000
02727000
02728000
02729000
02730000
02731000
02732000 12606 035712 PNUMR STB T2 SAVE NO. OF CHARS
02733000 12607 001727 LDA T15 GET STRING FLAG
02734000 12610 010315 CPA AIBFM STRING ON SAME LINE?
02735000 12611 067613 JMP *+2 NO
02736000 12612 057644 JMP PNUM2 YES
02737000 12613 024161 ANB M17
02738000 12614 176424 SRM PNUM3 NO. OF CHAR <= 16?
02739000 12615 001217 PNUM9 LDA .WPRT NO! GET FXD/FLT SPEC.
02740000 12616 050130 AND B17 GET FLT SPEG.
02741000 12617 020144 ADA P3 ACCOUNT FOR SIGN, DIGIT, DEC, POINT
02742000 12620 031713 STA T3 SAVE CHAR COUNT OF FIRST NUM, PART
02743000 12621 004000 LDB A GET NO. OF CHARS
02744000 12622 043736 JSM RJNM RIGHT JUSTIFY NUM.
02745000 12623 005713 LDB T3 GET CHAR COUNT
02746000 12624 140502 JSM ATCHR, I TRANSFER CHARACTERS
02747000 12625 043514 JSM .PRNT PRINT ONE LINE
02748000 12626 140450 JSM ACLBI, I CLEAR I/O BUFF
02749000 12627 000313 LDA AIBUF I/O HUFF S/A
02750000 12630 020142 ADA P5 A = START POINTR FOR EXPONENT PART
02751000 12631 004143 LOB P4 EXPONENT INFO OF 4 CHARS
02752000 12632 140502 PNUM4 JSM ATCHR, I TRANSFER CHARACTERS
02753000 12633 043514 PCL1 JSM .PRNT PRINT ONE LINE
02754000 12634 140450 PCL10 JSM ACLBI, I CLEAR I/O BUFFER
02755000 12635 000315 LDA AIBFM A/S OF I/O BUFF
02756000 12636 031727 STA T15 RESET STRING FLAG
02757000 12637 170201 RET I
02758000
*

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02759000 12640 005712 PNUM3 LDB T2 GET NO. OF CHARS
02760000 12641 043736 JSM RJNM RIGHT JUSTIFY NUM.
02761000 12642 005712 PNUM5 LDB T2 GET NO. OF NUM. CHARS
02762000 12643 067632 JMP PNUM4
02763000 *
02764000 12644 001210 PNUM2 LDA DTMP1 GET NO. OF STRING CHARS
02765000 12645 021712 ADA T2 ADD NO. OF NUM. CHARS
02766000 12646 020161 ADA M17
02767000 12647 172471 SAM PNUM3 SKIP IF SUM <=16 CHARS
02768000 *
02769000 12650 001712 LDA T2 GET LENGTH OF NUMBER
02770000 12651 010126 CPA P17 IS IT FLOAT 10?
02771000 12652 067660 JMP PNUM7 YES
02772000 12653 010125 CPA P18 IS IT FLOAT 11?
02773000 12654 067660 JMP PNUM7 YES
02774000 12655 043514 PNUM6 JSM ,PRNT PRINT STRING LINE
02775000 12656 140450 JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR I/O BUFF
02776000 12657 067640 JMP PNUM3 TRANSFER AND PRINT NUM.
02777000 *
02778000 *****
02779000 *
02780000 *
02781000 * ORIGINALLY IT WAS INTENDED TO PUT THE MANTISSA ON THE SAME LINE
02782000 * AS THE STRING IF IT WOULD FIT AND THE CHARACTERISTIC ON THE
02783000 * NEXT LINE IF THE NUMBER WAS FLOAT 10 OR 11
02784000 * TO MAKE THIS WORK PROPERLY CHANGE THE ADA P3 AND ADA M17
02785000 * INSTRUCTIONS TO ADA M10, ADA M11
02786000 *
02786000 12660 021210 PNUM7 ADA DTMP1 ADD NO. OF STRING CHAR TO FLOAT SPEC
02787000 12661 020144 ADA P3 ACCOUNT FOR SIGN, DIGIT, DEC. POINT
02788000 12662 020161 ADA M17
02789000 12663 172002 SAP **2 SKIP IF SUM > 16 CHARS
02790000 12664 067615 JMP PNUM9 SUM <= 16 CHARS
02791000 12665 043514 JSM ,PRNT PRINT STRING LINE
02792000 12666 140450 JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR I/O BUFF
02793000 12667 067615 JMP PNUM9 TRANSFER AND PRINT NUM.
02794000 *
02795000 *****
02796000 *
02797000 12670 BSS 2 POST RELEASE CORECTIONS
02798000 *
02799000 *****
02800000 *
02801000 *
02802000 * PRINT STRING
02803000 *
02804000 * ENTRY: B = CHAR COUNT
02805000 *
02806000 * D = BYTE ADDR OF FIRST CHAR
02807000 *
02808000 * IF T15 # AIBFM OLD STRING IS STILL PENDING
02809000 *
02810000 * EXIT: IF STRING LENGTH MOD 16 WAS NOT 0 THEN
02811000 * T15 WILL NOT BE SET TO AIBFM, AND THE LAST PART OF THE
02812000 * STRING WILL NOT BE PRINTED. DTMP1 WILL CONTAIN THE LENGTH
02813000 * OF THE REMAINING STRING THAT WAS LEFT IN THE I/O BUFFER
02814000 *
02815000 * IN ORDER TO PRINT A STRING BY ITSELF THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE
02816000 * SHOULD BE USED
02817000 * LDA AIBFM
02818000 * STA T15
02819000 * JSM APSTR,I
02820000 * JSM A,PRN,I PRINT THE REST OF THE STRING
02821000 *
02822000 *
02823000 *
02824000 *
02825000 12672 035210 PSTRG STB DTMP1 SAVE NO. OF CHARS
02826000 12673 001727 LDA T15 GET STRING FLAG
02827000 12674 010315 CPA AIBFM OLD STRING PENDING ?
02828000 12675 067677 JMP PSTR4 NO
02829000 12676 043633 JSM PCL11 PRINT STRING,CLM I/O BUFFER,RESET STRING FLAG
02830000 12677 005210 PSTR4 LDB DTMP1 GET NO. OF CHARS (NEW STRING)
02831000 12700 076406 SZB PSTR2 SKIP ON A NULL STRING
02832000 12701 024160 ADB M16
02833000 12702 176007 SBP PSTR6 SKIP IF NO. OF CHARS >= 16
02834000 12703 000315 LDA AIBFM I/O BUFF S/A
02835000 12704 005210 LDB DTMP1 GET CHAR COUNT
02836000 12705 140502 JSM ATCHR,I TRANSFER CHARS
02837000 12706 000016 PSTR2 LDA C GET DESTINATION POINTR
02838000 12707 031727 STA T15 SET STRING INCOMPLETE FLAG
02839000 12710 170201 RET 1 NUM. MAY FOLLOW
02840000 *
02841000 12711 140450 PSTR6 JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR I/O BUFF
02842000 12712 000177 LDA P0

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02843000 12713 031714 ----- STA T4 ----- INIT. LINE CHAR COUNTER
02844000 12714 000315 ----- LDA AIBFM ----- I/O BUFF S/A
02845000 12715 030016 ----- STA C -----
02846000 12716 001210 ----- PSTR5 LDA DTMP1 ----- STRING CHAR COUNT
02847000 12717 072004 ----- RZA PSTR3 ----- DONE?
02848000 12720 001714 ----- LDA T4 ----- YES: ALL STRING OUT
02849000 12721 031210 ----- STA DTMP1 ----- SAVE REMAINDER COUNT
02850000 12722 067706 ----- JMP PSTR2 ----- SAVE STRING POINTR
02851000 12723 074570 ----- PSTR3 WBD A,I ----- GET ONE CHAR AND INCRM
02852000 12724 074540 ----- PRC A,I ----- INCRM AND STORE CHAR
02853000 12725 055210 ----- DSZ DTMP1 ----- DECRM STRING COUNT
02854000 12726 067727 ----- JMP **1 -----
02855000 12727 045714 ----- ISZ T4 ----- INCRM LINE CHAR COUNT
02856000 12730 001714 ----- LDA T4 ----- GET ITS VALUE
02857000 12731 010127 ----- CPA P16 ----- 16 CHARS OUT?
02858000 12732 067734 ----- JMP **2 ----- YES
02859000 12733 067716 ----- JMP PSTR5 ----- NO
02860000 12734 043514 ----- JSM ,PHNT ----- PRINT 16 CHARS
02861000 12735 067711 ----- JMP PSTR6 -----
02862000 *
02863000 *
02864000 *
02865000 * RIGHT JUSTIFYNUMERIC
02866000 *
02867000 * ENTRY: B = NO. OF CHARS IN NUM.
02868000 *
02869000 * EXIT: A = DESTINATION POINTER
02870000 *
02871000 *
02872000 12736 024160 RJNM ADB M16 B= ADJUST COUNT
02873000 12737 174040 TCB MAKE NEGATIVE
02874000 12740 000315 LDA AIBFM I/O BUFF S/A
02875000 12741 164401 JMP AADBA,I ADJUST ADDR
02876000 *
02877000 *
02878000 *
02879000 * DISP STATEMENT EXECUTION
02880000 * A BLANK IS PLACED BETWEEN EACH FIELD IN THE DISPLAY STMT
02881000 * AN ERROR IS ISSUED IF THE DISPLAY FIELD WILL NOT FIT IN 80 CHA
02882000 *
02883000 *
02884000 12742 043603 EDIS JSM INTIO INIT FOR I/O
02885000 12743 140450 JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR I/O BUFFER
02886000 12744 000315 LDA AIBFM
02887000 12745 030016 STA C SET DESTINATION REG.
02888000 12746 000165 LDA M80
02889000 12747 031227 STA TMP1 SET 80 CHAR MAX COUNT
02890000 12750 000263 LDA FLAG FOR FIRST ACCESS OF "PGET"
02891000 12751 140505 EDIS2 JSM APGET,I GET ONE PARAMETER
02892000 12752 066005 JMP EDISS LIST EXHAUSTED
02893000 12753 176003 SBP **3 SKIP IF OK
02894000 12754 140404 ERUND JSM AERR1,I UNDEFINED OR WRONG CLASS
02895000 12755 030470 ASC 1,18
02896000 *
02897000 12756 076425 SZB EDIS6 SKIP IF COUNT IS ZERO
02898000 12757 035225 STB TMP2 SAVE PARAMETER CHAR COUNT
02899000 12760 005227 LDB TMP1 GET COUNT
02900000 12761 000016 LDA C GET CURRENT BUFFER POINTR
02901000 12762 010315 CPA AIBFM IS THIS THE FIRST PARAMETER ?
02902000 12763 067765 JMP EDIS1 YES
02903000 12764 024254 ADB P1 COUNT FOR ONE BLANK
02904000 12765 025225 EDIS1 ADB TMP2 ADD PARAMETER CHAR COUNT
02905000 12766 035227 STB TMP1 UPDATE COUNT
02906000 12767 076404 SZB EDIS3 HUFF EXACT FIT?
02907000 12770 176403 SBM **3 NO: BUFF OVERFILL?
02908000 12771 140404 ERNOV JSM AERR1,I YES: ERROR
02909000 12772 031467 ASC 1,37
02910000 *
02911000 12773 004016 EDIS3 LDB C GET CURRENT BUFF POINTR
02912000 12774 014315 CPB AIBFM IS THIS THE FIRST PARAMETER?
02913000 12775 067777 JMP EDIS4 YES
02914000 12776 074560 WBC A,I DUMMY INC
02915000 12777 074570 EDIS4 WBD A,I GET CHAR AND INCRM
02916000 13000 074540 PBC A,I INCRM AND PLACE IN I/O BUFF
02917000 13001 055225 DSZ TMP2 ALL CHARS TRANSFERRED?
02918000 13002 067777 JMP EDIS4 NO: CONT
02919000 13003 000254 EDIS6 LDA P1 FOR NEXT ACCESS OF "PGET"
02920000 13004 067751 JMP EDIS2 LOOK FOR NEXT PARAMETER
02921000 13005 043135 EDIS5 JSM DISP DISP INFO
02922000 13006 140436 JSM AEPON,I GO THRU PRINT ALL
02923000 13007 067600 JMP RESIO RESTORE AFTER I/O
02924000 *
02925000 * FIND DBP ( DISP BEGIN POINTR )
02926000 *

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02927000      *      EXIT:      RET P+1  DISP BEGIN POINTR SET
02928000      *
02929000      *
02930000 13010 001215  FBP  LDA IOCP      GET CURRENT I/O BUFF POINTR
02931000 13011 005512      LDB DLEN      GET DISP LENGTH
02932000 13012 035711      STB T1       SET COUNTER
02933000 13013 030016      STA C        SET C-REG
02934000 13014 001214      LDA CRSP      GET CURSOR POINTR
02935000 13015 072406      SZA FBP1     SKIP IF CURSOR NOT SET
02936000 13016 050074      AND B77      GET CURSOR POSITION
02937000 13017 011512      CPA DLEN     CURSOR AT END OF DISP ?
02938000 13020 066022      JMP *+2      YES! FIND DISP BEGIN POINTR
02939000 13021 170201      RET 1       NO! DO NOT CHANGE OBP
02940000      *
02941000 13022 055711      DSZ T1      IF CORSOR IS ON DLEN, REPLACE THAT CHAR AND SHIFT
02942000 13023 004016  FBP1  LDB C        GET C-REG
02943000 13024 015352      CPB AEBFM   BEGIN OF EDIT BUFFER ADDR -1
02944000 13025 066037      JMP FBP2    YES
02945000 13026 015513      CPB DBP     PTR = DISPLAY BEGIN BUFFER?
02946000 13027 170201      RET 1      YES, DON'T MOVE DBP BACKWARD
02947000 13030 074760      WBC A,D    WITHDRAW ONE BYTE AND DECREM.
02948000 13031 055711      DSZ T1     DECRM COUNTER; DONE?
02949000 13032 066023      JMP FBP1   NO! CONTINUE
02950000 13033 074560  FBP3  WRC A,I    YES! INCRM POINTER
02951000 13034 004016      LDB C      GET C-REG
02952000 13035 035513      STB DBP    SET DISP BEGIN POINTR
02953000 13036 170201      RET 1
02954000      *
02955000 13037 005512  FBP2  LDB DLEN    GET DISP LENGTH
02956000 13040 015711      CPB T1     COUNTER CHANGED?
02957000 13041 066511      JMP EOLEB  NO! CLEAR EDIT BUFFER,GIVE EOL AND RETURN
02958000 13042 066033      JMP FBP3   ADJUST POINTR
02959000      *
02960000      *
02961000      *      LOAD TYPE-AID IN DISPLAY
02962000      *
02963000      *      ENTRY: CODE IN "SKEY"
02964000      *
02965000      *      EXIT: ASCII CHARS OF TYPE-AID IN EDIT BUFFER
02966000      *      EDIT BUFFER IS CLEARED AND MODE SET TO ZERO BEFORE
02967000      *      TYPE AID IS PUT IN THE FIRST PART OF EDIT BUFFER
02968000      *
02969000      *      "DBP"POINTS TO FIRST CHAR
02970000      *
02971000      *
02972000 13043 140451  LTID  JSM ACLEB,I  CLEAR EDIT BUFFER
02973000 13044 040715      JSM CLMOD   SET KBD MODE
02974000 13045 042057      JSM STTM    SEARCH TABLE FOR MNEMONIC
02975000 13046 074570  LTID1 WBD A,I    GET ONE CHAR
02976000 13047 140430      JSM AISTX,I STORE IN I/O BUFF
02977000 13050 066051      JMP *+1     "ISTO2" RETURNS ON P+2
02978000 13051 045227      ISZ TMP1   DONE?
02979000 13052 065046      JMP LTID1  NO! CONT
02980000 13053 000117      LDA B40    GET SPACE
02981000 13054 140430      JSM AISTX,I STORE IN I/O BUFF
02982000 13055 066056      JMP *+1     "ISTO2" RETURNS ON P+2
02983000 13056 170201      RET 1      YES
02984000      *
02985000      *
02986000      *      SEARCH TABLE OF TYPE-AID MNEMONICS
02987000      *
02988000      *      ENTRY: CODE IN "SKEY"
02989000      *
02990000      *      EXIT: 0 = FIRST CHAR PTR
02991000      *
02992000      *      TMP1=NEG. LENGTH
02993000      *
02994000      *
02995000 13057 002076  STTM  LDA TTM     S/A OF TABLE
02996000 13060 030017      STA D      SET D REG
02997000 13061 005235      LDB SKEY   GET ASCII CODE
02998000 13062 074570  STTM2 WBD A,I    GET BYTE AND INC
02999000 13063 060170      IOR M256   CONFIGURE COMPLETE NEG. LENGTH
03000000 13064 031227      STA TMP1   AND SAVE IT
03001000 13065 074570      WRD A,I    GET ASCII CODE AND INC
03002000 13066 014000      CPB A      CODE FOUND?
03003000 13067 170201      RET 1      YES
03004000      *
03005000 13070 010045      CPA B377   NO! END OF TABLE ?
03006000 13071 140424      JSM ASYER,I YES,ERROR
03007000 13072 074570  STTM1 WBD A,I    NO! BYPASS THIS ENTRY
03008000 13073 045227      ISZ TMP1   DONE?
03009000 13074 066072      JMP STTM1  NO! CONT
03010000 13075 066062      JMP STTM2  NEXT ENTRY

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03011000
03012000
03013000
03014000
03015000
03016000
03017000
03018000
03019000
03020000
03021000
03022000
03023000
03024000 13076 113077 TTM DEF *+1,I
03025000 13077 176033 OCT 176033 -4,33
03026000 13100 066151 DEC 27753 LI
03027000 13101 071564 DEC 29556 ST
03028000 13102 175435 OCT 175435 -5,35
03029000 13103 062562 DEC 25970 ER
03030000 13104 060563 DEC 24947 AS
03031000 13105 062775 OCT 62775 E,-3
03032000 13106 017162 OCT 17162 36,R
03033000 13107 061546 OCT 61546 CF
03034000 13110 176437 OCT 176437 -3,37
03035000 13111 066144 OCT 66144 LD
03036000 13112 063373 OCT 63373 F,-5
03037000 13113 016146 OCT 16146 34,F
03038000 13114 062564 DEC 25972 ET
03039000 13115 061550 DEC 25448 CH
03040000 13116 177777 DEC -1 END-OF-TABLE
*
*
* PRINT ALL EXECUTION
*
* EPKBD ENTRY: PRINT KEYBOARD BUFFER(KBUFF) IF PRINT-ALL IS
* SET (BIT 15 OF CFLAG)
*
* EPON ENTRY: PRINT I/O BUFFER(IBUFF) IF PRINT-ALL IS SET
*
* EPNX ENTRY: PRINT I/O BUFFER REGARDLESS OF PRINT-ALL BIT
*
* IN ALL CASES THE RESPECTIVE BUFFERS ARE PRINTED 16 CHAR AT A
* TIME UNTIL NO NON BLANK (OTHER THAN EOL) CHARACTERS REMAIN
* IN THE BUFFER
*
*
03057000 13117 000307 EPKBD LDA AKBFX SET KBD BUFF S/A
03058000 13120 005232 LDB CFLAG
03059000 13121 176406 SBM EPPP SKIP IF PRINT-ALL SET
03060000 13122 170201 RET I
*
03062000 13123 001232 EPON LDA CFLAG GET CONTROL FLAG
03063000 13124 172402 SAM EPNX PRINT-ALL?
03064000 13125 170201 RET I NO
*
03066000 13126 000314 EPNX LDA AIBFX I/O BUFFER S/A
03067000 13127 031222 EPPP STA L SET "GNEXT" POINTR
03068000 13130 030017 STA D SET D-REG
03069000 13131 140442 EPON1 JSM ACPST,I CHECK PRINTER STATUS
03070000 13132 004127 LDB P16
03071000 13133 035735 STB T21 SET 16 CHAR COUNTR
03072000 13134 140501 EPON3 JSM AGNXT,I GET NEXT CHAR (BLANKS IGNORED)
03073000 13135 010053 CPA EOL END OF INFO ?
03074000 13136 066150 JMP EPON4 YES! COMPLETE WITH BLANKS
03075000 13137 074576 WRD R6,I SEND CHAR TO HARDWARE
03076000 13140 055735 DSZ T21 16 CHARS OUT?
03077000 13141 066145 JMP EPON2 NO
03078000 13142 140443 JSM APRNT,I YES! PRINT ONE LINE
03079000 13143 000017 LDA D RESTORE L POINTER
03080000 13144 066127 JMP EPPP PRINT MORE LINES
03081000 13145 004017 EPON2 LDB D GET CURRENT SOURCE POINTR
03082000 13146 035222 STB L UPDATE "GNEXT" POINTR
03083000 13147 066134 JMP EPON3 LOOP
*
03084000
03085000 13150 000017 EPON4 LDA D SEE IF BUFFER WAS EMPTY
03086000 13151 010314 CPA AIBFX
03087000 13152 066160 JMP EPON6 I/O BUFFER WAS EMPTY
03088000 13153 010307 CPA AKBFX
03089000 13154 066160 JMP EPON6 KBD BUFFER WAS EMPTY
03090000 13155 000127 LDA P16 SEE IF LINE TO PRINT IS NULL
03091000 13156 011735 CPA T21
03092000 13157 170201 RET I YES, DONE
03093000 13160 000117 EPON6 LDA B40 GET A BLANK
03094000 13161 030006 EPON5 STA R6 SEND A BLANK TO PRINTER HARDWARE

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03179000 * CHAR IN THE RECALLED LINE
03180000 *
03181000 * IF THE COMPILE ERROR FLAG (CERR) IS SET THEN IOCP, DBP, AND
03182000 * CRSP ARE SET SO THE CURSOR WILL BE DISPLAYED ON THE PROPER
03183000 * CHAR IN THE EDIT BUFFER
03184000 * CERR SHOULD ALWAYS POINT INTO THE KBD(KBUFF) BUFFER
03185000 * AN OFFSET IS CALCULATED FROM THE START OF THIS BUFFER
03186000 * USING THE ABSOLUTE ADDR IN CERR. IOCP, DBP ARE THEN
03187000 * THEN SET TO THEIR CORRECT ADDRESSES IN THE EDIT BUFFER
03188000 * USING THIS OFFSET. NOTE IF IN LIVE KBD THEN THE EDIT BUFFER
03189000 * IS THE KBD BUFFER, OTHERWISE IT IS THE I/O BUFFER
03190000 * AN ADDITIONAL TEST IS MADE TO INSURE THE THE CURSOR IS NOT
03191000 * ON THE 81ST CHAR. IF SO IT IS PUT ON THE 80TH CHAR
03192000 *
03193000 *
03194000 13241 040715 RECL JSM CLMOD SET KBD MODE
03195000 13242 001351 LDA AEBFX SET DISPLAY BEGIN PTR
03196000 13243 031513 STA DBP
03197000 13244 000177 LDA P0 CURSOR POINTER
03198000 13245 031214 STA CRSP
03199000 13246 001232 LDA CFLAG
03200000 13247 170704 RAR 5 SEE IF PREVIOUS KEY = RECALL
03201000 13250 073017 SLA RNORE DON'T SWAP BUFFERS IF NOT
03202000 *
03203000 LDA AKBUF S/A OF KBD BUFFER
03204000 13251 000306 STA C SET POINTER
03205000 13252 030016 LDA ARBUF S/A OF RESERVE BUFFER
03206000 13253 000322 STA D
03207000 13254 030017 LDA P41 41 WORDS TO TRANSFER
03208000 13255 000112 STA T1 SET COUNTER
03209000 13256 031711 RLOOP WWC A,D GET A WORD FROM KBD BUFFER
03210000 13257 070760 WWD B,D GET A WORD FROM RESERVE BUFFER
03211000 13260 070771 PWC B,I PUT WORD IN KBD BUFFER
03212000 13261 070541 PWD A,I PUT WORD IN RESERVE BUFFER
03213000 13262 070550 ISZ C BUMP BUFFER POINTERS
03214000 13263 044016 ISZ D
03215000 13264 044017 DSZ T1 SEE IF DONE
03216000 13265 055711 JMP RLOOP CONTINUE IF NOT
03217000 *
03218000 13266 066257 RNORE LDA CFLAG GET CONTROL FLAG AGAIN
03219000 13267 001232 IOR B140 SET BIT 5+6
03220000 13270 060066 STA CFLAG RESTORE CONTROL FLAG
03221000 13271 031232 LDA CSTAT SEE IF LIVE KBD KEY
03222000 13272 001257 CPA P2
03223000 13273 010145 JMP RELKB YES, DO NOT TRANSFER KBD TO I/O BUFFER
03224000 13274 066300 LDA AKBUF TRANSFER KBD TO I/O BUFFER
03225000 13275 000306 LOB AIBFM
03226000 13276 004315 JSM TRBX
03227000 *
03228000 RELKB JSM AEOLN,I GET ADDR OF LAST CHARACTER
03229000 13300 140500 RELLL STA OLCP SET PTRS
03230000 13301 031213 STA IOCP
03231000 *
03232000 13302 031215 LOB CERR GET COMPILE ERROR FLAG
03233000 13303 005316 SZB RECEX SKIP IF NOT SET
03234000 *
03235000 13304 076432 LDA AKBFM KBD BUFF S/A
03236000 13305 000310 JSM AFBAD,I FIND BYTE OFFSET OF ERROR POSITION
03237000 13306 140362 STA CRSP SET CURSOR OFFSET
03238000 13307 031214 LOB P0 CLEAR COMPILE ERROR FLAG
03239000 13310 004177 STB CERR
03240000 13311 035316 LDA AERFM GET EDIT BUFF S/A
03241000 13312 001352 LOB CRSP ERROR BYTE OFFSET
03242000 13313 005214 LOB CRSP MAKE RELATIVE TO BUFF S/A
03243000 13314 024257 ADB M1
03244000 13315 140401 JSM AADBA,I FIND ABSOLUTE ADDR OF ERROR
03245000 *
03246000 13316 031215 REC10 STA IOCP SET PTR TO ERROR POSITION
03247000 13317 004353 LOB AEBFL SEE IF CURSOR PAST LAST POSSIBLE CHAR
03248000 13320 024257 ADB M1
03249000 13321 015215 CPB IOCP
03250000 13322 066342 JMP REC11 YES, SET TO LAST POSSIBLE CHAR
03251000 13323 005213 LOB OLCP SEE IF CURSOR >= OLCP
03252000 13324 140362 JSM AFBAD,I
03253000 13325 020257 ADA M1
03254000 13326 172004 SAP RELCR 0 IF NOT
03255000 13327 001215 LDA IOCP SET OLCP = 1 CHAR PAST IOCP
03256000 13330 004254 LOB P1
03257000 13331 042415 JSM DLCH4 SET OLCP
03258000 *
03259000 13332 005214 RELCR LOB CRSP SEE IF ERROR OFFSET > DLEN
03260000 13333 174040 TCB
03261000 13334 025512 ADB DLEN
03262000 13335 174402 SAM RECL3 B= DLEN - ERROR OFFSET
03263000 13336 170201 RECEX RET 1

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03264000 13337 001512 RECL3 LDA OLEN      SET CURSOR TO LAST DISPLAY POSITION
03265000 13340 031214 STA CRSP
03266000 13341 164446 JMP AFBP,I    FIND DISPLAY BEGIN PTR AND RETURN P+1
03267000
*
03268000 13342 176301 REC11 SHP *+1,S    ADDR OF LAST POSSIBLE CHAR
03269000 13343 000001 LDA B
03270000 13344 066316 JMP REC10    SET OLCP,IOCP
03271000
*
03272000
*
03273000
*
03274000
*
03275000
*
03276000
* CLEAR KEY MODE = 0,+2
03277000
* SETS MODE =0; CLEARS EDIT BUFFER, RESETS EDIT PTRS
03278000
* IF FTCH BIT OF CFLAG(HIT 1) IS SET THE SPECIAL
03279000
* KEY NUMBER IS DISPLAYED
03280000
*
03281000
*
03282000
*
03283000
*
03284000
*
03285000 13345 140452 CLEAR JSM AEOLB,I  PUT EOL IN DISPLAY
03286000 13346 040715 JSM CLMOD      SET MODE = 0
03287000 13347 001232 LDA CFLAG     GET CONTROL FLAG
03288000 13350 170500 SAR 1         POSITION SPECIAL KEY FLAG - BIT 1
03289000 13351 073006 SLA CLMMD     CLEAR MODE IF SPECIAL NOT TO BE DEFINED
03290000 13352 164474 JMP AKEYN,I   DISPLAY KEY #,PUT EOL IN I/O BUFFER, RET 2-NO DISP
03291000
*
03292000
*
03293000
*
03294000
*
03295000
* CLEAR KEY IN ENTER (STATE=4), OR LIVE KBD (STATE=2)
03296000
* IF ENTER A QUESTION MARK IS PUT IN THE I/O BUFFER
03297000
* AND THE MODE IS SET TO 4
03298000
*
03299000
*
03300000 13353 140452 CLEEN JSM AEOLB,I PUT EOL IN EDIT BUFFER
03301000 13354 040715 JSM CLMOD      SET MODE = 0
03302000 13355 001257 LDA CSTAT     RETURN IF LIVE KBD
03303000 13356 010145 CPA P2
03304000 13357 170201 CLMMD RET 1    STATE = 2 SO MUST BE LIVE KBD
03305000 13360 000226 LDA QMRKB     GET "?" AND BLANK
03306000 13361 130313 STA AIRBUF,I  AND PLACE IN I/O BUFFER
03307000 13362 064717 JMP STELM     SET MODE = 4, RETURN
03308000
*
03309000
*
03310000
*
03311000
* DELETE CHARACTER EXECUTION
03312000
*
03313000
* ENTRY: INFO IN I/O BUFF
03314000
*
03315000
*
03316000 13363 001214 DLCH LDA CRSP    GET CURSOR POINTR
03317000 13364 072002 RZA *+2      SET ?
03318000 13365 170201 RET 1       NO
03319000
*
03320000 13366 001215 LDA IOCP     GET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03321000 13367 011213 CPA OLCP     SEE IF AT LAST CHARACTER
03322000 13370 066420 JMP DLCH2    YES
03323000 13371 004254 LDB P1
03324000 13372 140401 JSM AADBA,I  GET IOCP + 1 ADDR
03325000 13373 011213 CPA OLCP     CURSOR ON LAST ENTERED CHAR?
03326000 13374 066420 JMP DLCH2    YES
03327000 13375 005353 LDB AEBFL   GET END OF BUFFER ADDR
03328000 13376 176301 SHP *+1,S    PT TO FIRST BYTE
03329000 13377 001215 LDA IOCP     GET IOCP AGAIN
03330000 13400 030017 STA D        SET DESTIN. POINTR
03331000 13401 030016 STA C        SET SOURCE POINTR
03332000 13402 074560 WRC A,I     DUMMY WITHDRAW; ADJUST POINTR
03333000 13403 074560 WRC A,I     POINT TO "DELETE CHAR" *1
03334000 13404 074560 DLCH1 WRC A,I GET FIRST CHAR AND INCRM
03335000 13405 074550 PRO A,I     INCRM AND STORE CHAR
03336000 13406 014016 CPB C       LAST CHAR TAKEN?
03337000 13407 066411 JMP *+2     YES
03338000 13410 066404 JMP DLCH1   NO; TRANSFER NEXT CHAR LEFT
03339000 13411 000117 LDA B40     SET LAST CHAR = BLANK
03340000 13412 074740 PRC A,D
03341000 13413 001213 LDA OLCP    GET OLD CURRENT POINTER
03342000 13414 004257 LDB M1
03343000 13415 140401 DLCH4 JSM AADBA,I UPDATE OLD CURRENT POINTER
03344000 13416 031213 DLCH3 STA OLCP UPDATE OLD CURRENT POINTR
03345000 13417 170201 RET 1
03346000
*
03347000 13420 000117 DLCH2 LDA B40 GET BLANK

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03348000 13421 005215      LDB IOCP      GET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03349000 13422 034016      STB C         SET C-REG
03350000 13423 074540      PBC A,I      INCRM AND DELETE CURSOR CHAR
03351000 13424 000177      LDA P0
03352000 13425 031214      STA CRSP     CLEAR CURSOR POINTR
03353000 13426 000257      LDA M1      SET FORWARD PASS FLAG
03354000 13427 066416      JMP DLCH3   CLEAR DLCP POINTR
03355000
03356000
03357000
03358000
03359000
03360000
03361000
03362000
03363000
03364000
03365000
03366000
03367000
03368000
03369000
03370000 13430 000177      TRBUF LDA P0      CLEAR COMPILE ERROR FLAG
03371000 13431 031316      STA CERR     STA CERR
03372000 13432 001256      LDA MODE    LEAVE BUFFERS ALONE IF MODE = 4
03373000 13433 010143      CPA P4
03374000 13434 170201      RET 1
03375000 13435 040717      JSM STELM   SET MODE = 4
03376000 13436 001257      LDA CSTAT   DON'T TRANSFER TO LIVE KBD IF STATE = 2
03377000 13437 010145      CPA P2
03378000 13440 170201      TREC RET 1
03379000 13441 001232      LDA CFLAG   DON'T TRANSFER IF LAST KEY = RECALL
03380000 13442 170705      RAR 6
03381000 13443 073475      WLA TREC    RETURN IF BIT IS SET
03382000 13444 042462      JSM KBREB   TRANSFER KBD BUFF TO RESERVE BUFF
03383000 13445 000313      TRB2 LDA AIBUF  I/O BUFF S/A
03384000 13446 004310      LDB AKBFM   KBD BUFF S/A
03385000 13447 030016      TRB3 STA C     SET SOURCE ADDR
03386000 13450 034017      STB D       SET DESTINATION ADDR
03387000 13451 000112      LDA P41    BUFF LENGTH
03388000 13452 031230      STA TMP5   SET COUNTR
03389000 13453 070560      TRB3 WWC A,I   GET WORD AND INCRM
03390000 13454 070550      PWD A,I    PLACE WORD AND INCRM
03391000 13455 056230      DSZ TMP5   DONE ?
03392000 13456 066453      JMP TRB3   NO
03393000 13457 170201      RET 1
03394000
03395000
03396000
03397000
03398000
03399000
03400000
03401000
03402000 13460 000177      KBTRB LDA P0    CLR ERROR CURSOR FLAG
03403000 13461 031316      STA CERR     USED BY LIVE-KBD
03404000
03405000 13462 000306      KBREB LDA AKBUF  KBD BUFF S/A
03406000 13463 004323      LDB ARBFM   RESERVE-BUFF S/A
03407000 13464 066447      JMP TRB3    TRANSFER AND RETURN
03408000
03409000
03410000
03411000
03412000
03413000
03414000
03415000
03416000
03417000
03418000
03419000
03420000
03421000
03422000
03423000
03424000
03425000
03426000 13465 001256      CLBF LDA MODE   IF MODE = 4 AND THIS IS A LIVE
03427000 13466 010143      CPA P4        KBD KEY THEN TRANSFER LIVE KBD
03428000 13467 066471      JMP P+2      BUFFER TO RESERVE BUFFER BEFORE
03429000 13470 066474      JMP CLBF3    THE LIVE KBD BUFFER IS CLEARED
03430000 13471 001260      LDA ERBP    LIVE KBD KEY IF BYPASS LINK IS SET
03431000 13472 012520      CPA ALKER

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I/O SUPERVISOR

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03432000 13473 042460      JSM KBTRB      CONDITIONS MET SO TRANSFER
03433000      *
03434000 13474 140475      CLBF3 JSH AEDPT,I  RESET EDIT POINTERS
03435000 13475 005353      LDB AEBFL      LAST EDIT BUFF ADDR
03436000 13476 030016      CLBF1 STA C      SET C REG
03437000 13477 000262      CLBF2 LDA TOBLN  TWO BLANKS
03438000 13500 070540      PWC A,I       CLEAR 1 WORD
03439000 13501 000016      LDA C         GET WORD POINTER
03440000 13502 172601      SAM **1.C    CLEAR BIT 15
03441000 13503 010001      CPA B        DONE ?
03442000 13504 170201      RET I        YES
03443000      *
03444000 13505 066477      JMP CLBF2    NO! CONT
03445000      *
03446000      *
03447000      *
03448000      *
03449000      * CLEAR I/O BUFFER LEAVE EDIT PTRS ALONE
03450000      *
03451000 13506 000315      CLBIO LDA AIBFM  START ADDR
03452000 13507 004316      LDB AIBFL      STOP ADDR
03453000 13510 066476      JMP CLBF1     CLEAR BUFF AND RETURN
03454000      *
03455000      *
03456000      *
03457000      *
03458000      * AEOLB-EOLEB SAMEAS ACLEB-CLEBF EXCEPT THAT IT SETS AN EOL
03459000      * AS THE FIRST CHAR OF THE EDIT BUFFER
03460000      *
03461000      *
03462000 13511 042465      EOLEB JSM CLEBF
03463000 13512 000214      EOLBB LDA EOLB  CLEAR I/O BUFF, SET PTRS, PUT EOL IN EDIT BUFI
03464000 13513 131350      STA AEBUF,I
03465000 13514 170201      RET I
03466000      *
03467000      *
03468000      *
03469000      * CLCMB CLEAR COMPILE BUFFER
03470000      *
03471000      *
03472000      *
03473000 13515 000304      CLCMB LDA ACBUF  COMPILE BUFF S/A -1
03474000 13516 004305      LDB ACLMT     STOP ADDR
03475000 13517 066476      JMP CLBF1
03476000      *
03477000      *

```

LIVE KEYBOARD ROUTINES

```

03480000      *
03481000      *
03482000      *
03483000      * LIVE KEYBOARD
03484000      *
03485000      *
03486000      *
03487000      *
03488000      *
03489000      * EQUATES
03490000      *
03491000      *
03492000 077605 LKR EQU LKTM*0  DEDICATED WORD TO SAVE R
03493000 077606 BPLNK EQU LKTM*1 DEDICATED WORD TO SAVE ERROR BYPASS LINK
03494000 077607 LWHER EQU LKTM*2 DEDICATED WORD TO SAVE WHERE
03495000      *
03496000 077611 LXCMM EQU LKTM*4  DEDICATED WORD TO SAVE XCOMM
03497000 077613 RENFL EQU LKTM*6  RENUMBER OF GTO AND GSB FLAG
03498000      * LKTM*7 TO +13 SAVE TEMPORARIES USED BY LIVE KBD KEY PROC
03499000      *
03500000      *
03501000      * ADDRESSES
03502000      *
03503000      *
03504000 13520 013646 ALKER DEF LKERR  LIVE KEYBOARD ERROR TRAPPING ROUTINE ADDRESS
03505000 13521 100271 ALKEM DEF LKERM,I ADDRESS OF THE FIRST CHARACTER OF THE ERROR MESSAGE
03506000 13522 077614 ASVLK DEF LKTM*7  START ADDR TO SAVE TEMPS
03507000 13523 077227 ACST9 DEF CSTMP*9 START ADDR OF CONTROL SUP TEMPS TO SAVE
03508000 13524 077350 AEBST DEF AEBUF  START ADDR OF R/W EDIT PTRS
03509000      *
03510000      *
03511000      * CONSTANTS
03512000      *

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LIVE KEYBOARD ROUTINES

```

03513000
03514000 13525 040000 XBIT OCT 040000 SET ONLY BIT 14 OF XCOMM
03515000
03516000 *****
03517000
03518000 * LKE: LIVE KEYBOARD ENABLE.
03519000
03520000 *****
03521000
03522000 13526 000177 ELKE LDA P0 CLEAR LIVE KBD DISABLE FLAG
03523000 13527 031623 ELK1 STA LKFLG
03524000 13530 164365 JMP AINTX,I RETURN TO INTERPRETER
03525000
03526000 *****
03527000
03528000 * LKD: LIVE KEYBOARD DISABLE
03529000
03530000 *****
03531000
03532000 13531 000254 ELKD LDA P1 DISABLE LIVE KBD
03533000 13532 066527 JMP ELK1
03534000
03535000 *****
03536000
03537000 * LKPRC: PROCESS A KEY, EXTENSION OF KDB INT SERV ROUTINE
03538000 * ROUTINE IN "IOSP".
03539000 * ALLOWS LIVE KBD ONLY IF STATE = 2
03540000 * BEEPS OTHERWISE
03541000
03542000 * SAVES TEMPS T1-T5, TMP1,TMP5! ALSO USES TMP8 BUT
03543000 * DOESN'T SAVE IT
03544000
03545000 * USES ERRBP TO TRAP KEY ERRORS, SAVES R IN CASE OF AN ERROR
03546000 * AND SETS EDIT POINTERS TO EDIT KDB(KHUFF) BUFFER
03547000
03548000 *****
03549000
03550000 13533 001257 LKPRC LDA CSTAT IGNORE KEY IF STATE #2
03551000 13534 010145 CPA P2 =2?
03552000 13535 066537 JMP *+2 YES
03553000 13536 064703 JMP BEEP IGNORE KEY,BEEP, AND RETURN
03554000
03555000 13537 000335 LDA ATMP SAVE T1-T5 IN LKTMP*7,13
03556000 13540 006522 LDB ASVLK
03557000 13541 071404 XFR 5
03558000 13542 002523 LDA ACST9 SAVE TMP1,TMP5
03559000 13543 024142 ANB P5
03560000 13544 071401 XFR 2 TMP8 ALSO USED BUT NOT SAVED/RESTORED
03561000
03562000 13545 000003 LDA R SAVE RETURN PTR IN CASE OF AN ERROR
03563000 13546 031605 STA LKR
03564000 13547 001260 LDA ERRBP SAVE ERROR BYPASS LINK FOR DAISY CHAIN
03565000 13550 031606 STA BPLNK
03566000 13551 002520 LDA ALKER SET ERROR LINK FOR LIVE KBD PROCESSING
03567000 13552 031260 STA ERRBP
03568000
03569000 13553 000312 LDA AKBST SWAP LIVE KBD POINTERS
03570000 13554 006524 LDB AEBST INTO EDIT POINTERS
03571000 13555 071403 XFR 4
03572000
03573000 13556 001206 LDA WKVC PUT KEYCODE IN A
03574000 13557 140420 LKNRL JSM AKYPR,I PROCESS THE KEY
03575000
03576000 13560 042562 JSM LKDSP RET1 DISPLAY BUFFER WITH DELAYS
03577000 13561 066704 JMP KREST RET 2 DON'T DISPLAY ANYTHING
03578000
03579000 13562 004155 LKDSP LDB M11 WAIT 11 MILLISECONDS
03580000 13563 040133 JSM DELAY
03581000 13564 140432 JSM ADSPC,I COMPLETE PREVIOUS DISPLAY
03582000 13565 140432 JSM ADSPC,I DISPLAY EDIT BUFFER
03583000 13566 004156 LDB M13 WAIT ANOTHER 13 MILLISECONDS
03584000 13567 064633 JMP DELAY
03585000
03586000 *****
03587000
03588000
03589000 * EXECUTE IN LIVE KBD. SET BIT 14 IN XCOMM
03590000
03591000
03592000 13570 000214 LEXKY LDA EOLB SET FOR EXECUTION OF THE LINE
03593000 13571 130311 STA AKBFL,I
03594000 13572 002525 LDA XBIT SET XCOMM FOR EXECUTION
03595000 13573 040744 JSM SXCOMM
03596000 13574 170202 RET 2 DON'T DISPLAY ANYTHING

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LIVE KEYBOARD ROUTINES

```

03597000      *
03598000      *
03599000      *
03600000      * LKBEX; EXECUTE THE LIVE KEYBOARD BUFFER CONTENTS
03601000      * (ACCESSED BY A JSM FROM THE XCOMM SERVICE ROUTINE.)
03602000      * STACKS (PUTS A FAKE BOTTOM OF STACK ON THE EXECUTION STACK)
03603000      * CHANGES THE STATE TO 3, SAVES R AND WHERE (NEEDED FOR RESUMING
03604000      * FROM XCOMM SERVICE ROUTINE; CLEARS BIT 14 FROM XCOMM, SAVES
03605000      * THIS XCOMM, CLEARS DISPLAY, EXECUTES LIVE KBD LINE
03606000      *
03607000      * AN ERROR MESSAGE WILL BE LEFT IN THE DISPLAY FOR .5 SEC
03608000      * SO IT CAN BE VIEWED
03609000      *
03610000      *
03611000      *
03612000      *
03613000 13575 140515 LKBEX JSM ASTKI,I STACK
03614000 13576 000144 LDA P3 SET LIVE KBD EXEC STATE
03615000 13577 031257 STA CSTAT
03616000 13600 000003 LDA R SAVE RETURN PTR IN CASE OF AN ERROR
03617000 13601 031605 STA LKR
03618000 13602 001266 LDA WHERE SAVE WHERE WORD ALSO
03619000 13603 031607 STA LWHER
03620000      *
03621000 13604 004244 LDH XMASK CLEAR LIVE KBD BIT IN XCOMM
03622000 13605 040740 JSM CLXCM
03623000 13606 031611 STA LXCMM
03624000 13607 000177 LDA P0 CLEAR XCOMM BEFORE STARTING
03625000 13610 031255 STA XCOMM
03626000      *
03627000 13611 042117 JSM EPKBD GO THROUGH PRINTALL
03628000 13612 042465 JSM CLEBF CLEAR I/O BUFFER, RESET PTRS
03629000 13613 043135 JSM DISP CLEAR DISPLAY
03630000 13614 140417 JSM AEXCL,I C, ILE LINE
03631000      *
03632000 13615 140364 LKBE2 JSM AINTK,I INTERPRET THE LINE
03633000      *
03634000 13616 140411 JSM AXCOMM,I WANTS TO BE SERVICED SO GO SERVICE XCOMM,
03635000 13617 066626 JMP LEXRR P+1: STOP CONDITION, ABORT EXECUTION
03636000 13620 005266 LDB WHERE P+2: XCOMM HAS BEEN SERVICED, CONTINUE
03637000 13621 066615 JMP LKBE2
03638000      *
03639000 13622 042641 LEXER JSM LKRES DISPLAY ERROR MESSAGE, RES XCOMM, CLR .WKC
03640000 13623 004762 LDB MS12 WAIT 512 MS FOR DISPLAY
03641000 13624 040633 JSM DELAY
03642000 13625 066627 JMP LEXERR
03643000      *
03644000 13626 042641 LEXRR JSM LKRES DISPLAY ERROR MESSAGE, RES XCOMM, CLR .WKC
03645000 13627 001607 LEXERR LDA LWHER REPLACE WHERE WORD
03646000 13630 031266 STA WHERE
03647000 13631 001605 LDA LKR RESTORE JSM STACK_PTR
03648000 13632 030003 STA R
03649000 13633 140516 JSM AREST,I RESTORE AFTER EXECUTION
03650000 13634 004155 LDB M11 WAIT FOR DISPLAY
03651000 13635 040633 JSM DELAY
03652000 13636 000145 LDA P2 SET STATE BACK TO 2
03653000 13637 031257 STA CSTAT
03654000 13640 170201 RET I
03655000      *
03656000      *
03657000 13641 001611 LKHES LDA LXCMM RESTORE XCOMM
03658000 13642 031255 STA XCOMM
03659000 13643 000177 LDA P0 CLEAR KEY CODE FOR WAIT ROUTINE
03660000 13644 031206 STA .WKC
03661000 13645 164433 JMP ALDSP,I DISPLAY ERROR MESSAGE OR RESULT
03662000      *
03663000      *
03664000      *
03665000      *
03666000      *
03667000      * LKERR; ERROR HANDLING ROUTINE FOR LIVE KEYBOARD EXECUTION.
03668000      *
03669000      *
03670000      *
03671000 13646 040717 LKERR JSM STELM SET EOL MODE.
03672000 13647 040703 LKER1 JSM BEEP
03673000 13650 000177 LDA P0 SET PERIP ADDR TO THE PRINTER/OSP
03674000 13651 030011 STA PA
03675000 13652 002521 LDA ALKEM POINT C TO THE FIRST CHARACTER OF THE ERROR MESSAGE.
03676000 13653 030016 STA C
03677000 13654 004141 LDB P6
03678000 13655 074560 LKER2 WRC A,I SEND "ERROR " TO THE DISPLAY
03679000 13656 030004 STA W4
03680000 13657 054001 DSZ B

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LIVE KEYBOARD ROUTINES

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03681000 13660 066655      JMP LKER2
03682000 13661 000003      LDA R          GET JSM STACK PTR
03683000 13662 020257      ADA M1        PT TO JSM AERR1 ENTRY ON STACK
03684000 13663 144000      ISZ A,I
03685000 13664 100000      LDA A,I        PT TO MESSAGE XX ON STACK
03686000 13665 100000      LDA A,I        GET MESSAGE XX
03687000 13666 170707      RAR 8
03688000 13667 030004      STA R4        SEND THE FIRST CHARACTER OF THE ERROR NUMBER
03689000 13670 170707      RAR 8
03690000 13671 030004      STA R4        SEND THE SECOND CHARACTER OF THE ERROR NUMBER.
03691000 13672 000117      LDA B40       FILL OUT THE REST OF THE DISPLAY WITH BLANKS.
03692000 13673 005512      LDB DLEN
03693000 13674 024154      ADB M8
03694000 13675 030004      LKER3 STA R4
03695000 13676 054001      DSZ B
03696000 13677 054575      JMP LKER3
03697000 13700 000145      LDA P2        TRIGGER THE DISPLAY
03698000 13701 030005      STA R5
03699000 13702 001605      LDA LKR       RESTORE STACK POINTER
03700000 13703 030003      STA R
03701000 *
03702000 13704 001606      KREST LDA BPLNK RESTORE ERROR BYPASS LINK
03703000 13705 031260      STA ERKBP
03704000 13706 042716      JSM SWIOP     RESTORE EDIT PTRS SO PT TO I/O BUFFER
03705000 13707 002522      LDA ASVLK    RESTORE TEMPS T1-T5
03706000 13710 004335      LDB ATMP
03707000 13711 071404      XFR 5
03708000 13712 020142      ADA P5        RESTORE TMP1,TPMS
03709000 13713 006523      LDB ACST9
03710000 13714 071401      XFR 2
03711000 13715 170201      RET 1
03712000 *
03713000 *
03714000 *
03715000 * SWIOP SWAPS THE ROM PTRS FOR THE I/O BUFFER INTO THE
03716000 * READ-WRITE EDIT POINTER LOCATIONS
03717000 * AND SETS THE ERROR BYPASS LINK FOR NORMAL PROCESSING
03718000 *
03719000 *****
03720000 *
03721000 13716 000321      SWIOP LDA AIBST  TRANSFER EDIT PTRS FOR I/O BUFFER
03722000 13717 006524      LDB AEBST
03723000 13720 071403      XFR 4
03724000 13721 170201      RET 1
03725000 *
03726000 *
03727000 *
03728000 *
03729000 *
03730000 * MTABLE
03731000 *
03732000 * CONSTRUCTED BY CODE CLASS AND CONTROL NUMBER
03733000 *
03734000 * CLASS: BITS 0-2
03735000 *
03736000 * CONTROL NUMBER (CN) BITS 3-7
03737000 *
03738000 * ASCII CODE: BITS 8-15
03739000 *
03740000 *
03741000 13722 000572      K1   OCT 572   STOP: 1,17,2
03742000 13723 001172      K2   OCT 1172  REWIND: 2,17,2
03743000 13724 003673      K7   OCT 3673  RESULT: 7,27,3
03744000 13725 004233      K10  OCT 4233  LINE INSERT: 10,23,3
03745000 13726 004663      K11  OCT 4663  LINE DELETE: 11,26,3
03746000 13727 005013      K12  OCT 5013  EXECUTE: 12,1,3
03747000 13730 005523      K13  OCT 5523  RECALL: 13,12,3
03748000 13731 006243      K14  OCT 6243  RUN: 14,24,3
03749000 13732 006423      K15  OCT 6423  STORE: 15,2,3
03750000 13733 007103      K16  OCT 7103  L.ARROW: 16,10,3
03751000 13734 007473      K17  OCT 7473  R.ARROW: 17,7,3
03752000 13735 010113      K20  OCT 10113 U.ARROW: 20,11,3
03753000 13736 010543      K21  OCT 10543 U.ARROW: 21,14,3
03754000 13737 011043      K22  OCT 11043 CLEAR: 22,4,3
03755000 13740 011623      K23  OCT 11623 PRINT ALL: 23,22,3
03756000 13741 012153      K24  OCT 12153 BACK: 24,15,3
03757000 13742 012563      K25  OCT 12563 FORWARD: 25,16,3
03758000 13743 013033      K26  OCT 13033 INSERT: 26,3,3
03759000 13744 013453      K27  OCT 13453 DELETE: 27,5,3
03760000 13745 014063      K30  OCT 14063 STEP: 30,6,3
03761000 13746 014653      K31  OCT 14653 CONTINUE: 31,25,3
03762000 13747 015604      K33  OCT 15604 LIST: 33,20,4
03763000 13750 016204      K34  OCT 16204 FETCH: 34,20,4
03764000 13751 016604      K35  OCT 16604 ERASE: 35,20,4

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LIVE KEYBOARD ROUTINES

```

03765000 13752 017204 K36 OCT 17204 RECORD: 36,20,4
03766000 13753 017604 K37 OCT 17604 LOAD: 37,20,4
03767000 13754 177777 OCT -1 END-OF-TABLE
03768000 *
03769000 *
03770000 *****
03771000 *
03772000 * CONSTANTS
03773000 *
03774000 13755 000131 P89 DEC 89
03775000 13756 177724 M44 DEC -44
03776000 13757 054501 LMT1 OCT 54501
03777000 13760 000031 B31 OCT 31
03778000 13761 000065 B65 OCT 65
03779000 13762 177000 M512 DEC -512
03780000 13763 025040 BLAST OCT 25040 ASCII ASTERIK, BLANK
03781000 *
03782000 *
03783000 *
03784000 *
03785000 *****
03786000 *
03787000 * DEFINITIONS
03788000 *
03789000 *
03790000 013755 B131 EQU P89
03791000 013756 BM54 EQU M44
03792000 000263 MAXLN EQU FLAG
03793000 000077 COLLN EQU B72
03794000 000053 EOL EQU B177
03795000 000177 DPA EQU P0
03796000 000177 PPA EQU P0
03797000 000116 QUOTE EQU B42
03798000 077467 LPSVA EQU LPIT
03799000 077470 LPSVB EQU LPIT+1
03800000 077471 LPSVC EQU LPIT+2
03801000 077472 LPSVD EQU LPIT+3
03802000 077473 LPSVE EQU LPIT+4
03803000 077216 CST EQU CSTMP
03804000 077216 SIOCP EQU CST
03805000 077217 WPRT EQU CST+1
03806000 077220 M EQU CST+2
03807000 077221 PLADD EQU CST+3
03808000 077223 TMP6 EQU CST+5
03809000 077224 K EQU CST+6
03810000 077225 TMP2 EQU CST+7
03811000 077226 LNO EQU CST+8
03812000 077227 TMP1 EQU CST+9
03813000 077230 TMP5 EQU CST+10
03814000 077231 TMP3 EQU CST+11
03815000 077232 CFLAG EQU CST+12
03816000 077233 TMP7 EQU CST+13
03817000 077234 TMP4 EQU CST+14
03818000 077235 SKEY EQU CST+15
03819000 077206 WKC EQU IOTMP
03820000 077207 WMOD EQU IOTMP+1
03821000 077210 DTMP1 EQU IOTMP+2
03822000 077211 DTMP2 EQU IOTMP+3
03823000 077212 SPKN EQU IOTMP+4
03824000 077213 OLCF EQU IOTMP+5
03825000 077214 CHSP EQU IOTMP+6
03826000 077215 IOCP EQU IOTMP+7
03827000 *
03828000 *
03829000 *****
03830000 *
03831000 13777 ORG 13777B
03832000 13777 BSS 1 CHECKSUM!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
03833000 *
03834000 *****
03835000 *
03836000 END

```

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

```

02141000 *
02142000 * FULL PRECISION NUMBER: INTERNAL FORMAT
02143000 *
02144000 *
02145000 * EEEE EEEE EEXX XXXS 10 BIT 2'S COMPL. EXP., 5 DON'T CARE BITS
02146000 * MANTISSA SIGN (0=+ 1=-)
02147000 * EXP. RANGE = -511 TO +511

```

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

0214000	*	D1	D2	D3	D4	BCD DIGITS 1-4
0214000	*					
0215000	*	D5	D6	D7	D8	BCD DIGITS 5-8
0215000	*					
0215000	*	D9	D10	D11	D12	BCD DIGITS 9-12
0215000	*					
0215000	*****					
0215000	*					

0215000	*					
0216000	* EQUATES					
0215000	*					
0216000	077752	RESE	EQU	RES		FULL PRECISION RESULT REGISTER
0216000	077753	RESM1	EQU	RES+1		
0216000	077754	RESM2	EQU	RES+2		
0216000	077755	RESM3	EQU	RES+3		
0216000	077756	ZE	EQU	MRW1		FULL PRECISION MATH TEMPORARY
02167000	077757	ZM1	EQU	MRW1+1		
02168000	077760	ZM2	EQU	MRW1+2		
02169000	077761	ZM3	EQU	MRW1+3		
02170000	077762	M11	EQU	MRW1+4		
02171000	077763	MT2	EQU	MRW1+5		
02172000	077764	MT3	EQU	MRW1+6		
02173000	077765	MT4	EQU	MRW1+7		
02174000	077766	MT5	EQU	MRW1+8		
02175000	077767	MT6	EQU	MRW1+9		
02176000	000345	AR1A	EQU	ADR1		ADDRESS OF AR1
02177000	077770	AR1E	EQU	AR1		EXONENT WORD OF AR1
02178000	077771	AR1M1	EQU	AR1E+1		1ST MANTISSA WORD OF AR1
02179000	077772	AR1M2	EQU	AR1E+2		2ND MANTISSA WORD OF AR1
02180000	077773	AR1M3	EQU	AR1E+3		3RD MANTISSA WORD OF AR1
02181000	077774	RNDT2	EQU	MRW2		NORMALIZE COUNT FOR COMPARISON IN ROUND
02182000	077775	RNDT1	EQU	MRW2+1		SHIFT COUNTER FOR ROUND
02183000	077776	RMFL	EQU	MRW2+2		NORMALIZATION FLAG FOR ROUND
02184000	077777	STBIT	EQU	MRW2+3		"STICKY BIT" FOR ROUND
02185000	000127	AR2A	EQU	ADR2		ADDRESS OF AR2
02185000	000020	AR2E	EQU	AR2		EXPONENT WORD OF AR2
02187000	000021	AR2M1	EQU	AR2E+1		1ST MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
02188000	000022	AR2M2	EQU	AR2E+2		2ND MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
02189000	000023	AR2M3	EQU	AR2E+3		3RD MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
02190000	000175	BCD1	EQU	B10K		BCD 1000
02192000	14000		ORG	14000B		
02193000	*					
02194000	14000	066070	E77L	JMP	E77	ERROR 77 LINK: MUST BE AT 14000B.
02195000	14001	014301	E99M	OCT	014301	E99 - (USED BY ERROR 73)
02196000	14002	106030	ADIFF	ARS	AR2E-AH1E	SQUARE ROOT USES THIS
02197000	14003	002400	HCD,S	OCT	02400	BCD 0500
02198000	14004	077756	ZA	DEF	ZE	ADDRESS OF FULL PREC. MATH TEMPORARY -- Z
02199000	14005	077774	WPR2	DEF	AR1E+4	ADDRESS OF THE WORD BELOW AR1 (D9-D12) -- RNDT2

02201000 14006 CHKSM BSS 1 CHECKSUM WORD FOR ADDRESSES: 14000-15777.

02203000	*					
02204000	*****					
02205000	*					
02206000	* INTERNAL MATH GENERAL ENTRY CONDITIONS:					
02207000	*					
02208000	*					
02209000	* DESCRIPTIONS OF THE OPERANDS ARE ON THE TOP OF THE EXECUTION					
02210000	* STACK. EACH BINARY IMATH ROUTINE USES "GET2" TO POINT OPND2					
02211000	* TO THE OPERAND ON THE TOP OF THE STACK AND OPND1 TO THE SECOND					
02212000	* OPERAND ON THE TOP OF THE STACK. EACH UNARY IMATH ROUTINE					
02213000	* USES "GET1" TO POINT OPND1 TO THE OPERAND ON THE TOP OF THE STACK.					
02214000	* AR1 IS RESET BY GET1 AND GET2 TO ELIMINATE THE OPERANDS					
02215000	* FROM THE EXECUTION STACK.					
02216000	*					
02217000	* DON'T USE AR1, AR2, OR Z(MRW1+0 THRU MRW1+3)					
02218000	* TO STORE OPERANDS IN WHEN CALLING THESE IMATH ROUTINES.					
02219000	*					

02221000	*					
02222000	*****					
02223000	*					
02224000	* INTERNAL MATH GENERAL EXIT CONDITIONS:					

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

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02225000 *
02226000 *
02227000 * THE RESULT OF EACH [MATH ROUTINE IS PLACED IN THE BASEPAGE
02228000 * RESULT LOCATION "RES" AS A FULL PRECISION NUMBER. THERE IS NO
02229000 * GUARANTY THAT THE EXPONENT IS IN THE USER'S RANGE OF -99 TO +99
02230000 * USE "FLTCA" TO VERIFY THIS CONDITION BEFORE MAKING THE RESULT
02231000 * AVAILABLE TO THE USER.
02232000 *
02233000 *
02234000 *
02235000 *
02236000 *
02237000 *
02238000 *
02239000 *
02240000 * ENTRY CONDITIONS:
02241000 * THE "WHAT/WHERE" INFORMATION FOR THE OPERANDS MUST BE ON THE
02242000 * TOP OF THE EXECUTION STACK, POINTED TO BY API.
02243000 *
02244000 * EXIT CONDITIONS:
02245000 * OPND1 WILL CONTAIN THE VALUE ADDRESS OF THE FULL PRECISION
02246000 * OPERAND 1.
02247000 * OPND2 WILL CONTAIN THE VALUE ADDRESS OF THE FULL PRECISION
02248000 * OPERAND 2.
02249000 *
02250000 *
02251000 * TEMPORARIES: SAVED
02252000 *
02253000 *
02254000 *
02255000 14007 043011 GET2 JSM GET1 UNSTACK THE SECOND OPERAND FROM THE TOP OF STACK.
02256000 14010 035274 STB OPND2 SAVE THE ADDRESS OF THE SECOND OPERAND IN OPND2.
02257000 14011 140611 GET1 JSM AGTAD,I DEMAND A NUMERIC ON TOP OF STACK OR GIVE ERROR 32.
02258000 14012 000901 LDA B RETURN THE ADDRESS IN BOTH A & B.
02259000 14013 035273 STB OPND1
02260000 14014 170201 GRET1 RET 1
    
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02261000 *
02262000 *
02263000 *
02264000 * ZAR2: TEST THE MANTISSA OF AR2 FOR ZERO/NON-ZERO
02265000 *
02266000 * ENTRY CONDITIONS:
02267000 * AR2 CONTAINS THE NUMBER TO BE CHECKED
02268000 *
02269000 * EXIT CONDITIONS:
02270000 * RET 1 IF AR2 = 0
02271000 * RET 2 IF AR2 # 0
02272000 *
02273000 *
02274000 *
02275000 14015 000021 ZAR2 LDA AR2M1
02276000 14016 060022 ICR AR2M2
02277000 14017 060023 IOR AR2M3
02278000 14020 072474 SZA GRET1
02279000 14021 170202 RET 2
02280000 *
02281000 *
02282000 *
02283000 *
02284000 *
02285000 * FUNM: FULL PRECISION UNARY MINUS
02286000 *
02287000 *
02288000 * RES = - <OPND1>
02289000 *
02290000 *
02291000 * SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS:
02292000 * OPND2 POINTS TO Z WHICH CONTAINS -(ARGUMENT)
02293000 *
02294000 *
02295000 * TEMPORARIES: Z
02296000 *
02297000 *
02298000 *
02299000 *
02300000 *
02301000 *
02302000 *
02303000 14022 043011 FUNM JSM GET1 COPY THE ARGUMENT INTO Z. CHANGE
02304000 14023 043026 JSM CHS THE SIGN OF Z. LOAD A WITH THE ADDRESS
02305000 14024 003004 LDA ZA OF Z. JUMP TO THE ROUTINE THAT
02306000 14025 066050 JMP STANY WILL CHECK FOR ZERO AND STORE THE RESULT.
02307000 *
02308000 *
02309000 *
02310000 *
02311000 *
02312000 *
02313000 *
02314000 *
02315000 *
02316000 *
02317000 *
02318000 *
02319000 *
02320000 *
02321000 *
02322000 *
02323000 *
02324000 *
02325000 *
02326000 *
02327000 *
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02391000 *
02392000 *
02393000 *
02394000 *
02395000 *
02396000 *
02397000 *
02398000 *
02399000 *
    
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INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

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02300000 * A CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF THE ARGUMENT
02301000 *
02302000 * EXIT CONDITIONS:
02303000 * OPND2 CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF Z WHICH CONTAINS -(A)
02304000 *
02305000 * TEMPORARIES: Z
02306000 *
02307000 *****
02308000 *
02309000 CHS LDA ZA B CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF THE RESULT LOC.
02310000 14026 007004 STB OPND2 POINT OPND2 TO THE RESULT
02311000 14027 035274 XFR 4 COPY THE ARGUMENT INTO Z
02312000 14030 071403 LDA ZF GET THE MANTISSA SIGN OF Z AND
02313000 14031 001756 SLA **2+S MAKE IT NEGATIVE. LEAVE IT IF IT WAS POSITIVE
02314000 14032 079302 SLA **1+C OTHERWISE MAKE THE MANTISSA SIGN POSITIVE
02315000 14034 031756 STA ZE THEN STORE IT
02316000 14035 170201 RET 1 AND RETURN
02317000 *
02318000 *****
02319000 *
02320000 * FSUB: FULL PRECISION SUBTRACTION
02321000 *
02322000 * RES = <OPND1> + (-<OPND2>)
02323000 *
02324000 * SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS:
02325000 * OPND2 CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF Z WHICH CONTAINS -(SUBTRAHEND)
02326000 *
02327000 * TEMPORARIES: Z, MT1
02328000 *
02329000 *****
02330000 *
02331000 FSUB JSM GET2
02332000 14037 001274 LDA OPND2
02333000 14040 043026 JSM CHS CHANGE THE SIGN OF THE SUBTRAHEND.
02334000 14041 067043 JMP FADD+1 AND ENTER THE FULL PRECISION ADDITION ROUTINE.
02335000 *
02336000 *****
02337000 *
02338000 * FADD: FULL PRECISION ADDITION
02339000 *
02340000 * RES = <OPND1> + <OPND2>
02341000 *
02342000 * TEMPORARIES: MT1
02343000 * OPND1 & OPND2 CANNOT POINT TO AR1 & AR2.
02344000 *
02345000 *****
02346000 *
02347000 FADD JSM GET2 GET 2 OPERANDS OFF OF THE STACK
02348000 14042 043007 LDA OPND1,I CALCULATE THE EXPONENT OFFSET, AND SAVE IT
02349000 14043 101273 AAK 6 FOR LATER USE
02350000 14044 170405 LDH OPND2,I
02351000 14045 105274 ABR 6
02352000 14046 174405 TCR
02353000 14050 020001 ADA B
02354000 14051 031762 STA MT1 SAVE THE OFFSET IN A MATH TEMPORARY.
02355000 14052 064345 LDB ARIA IF THE EXPONENT OFFSET IS NEGATIVE THEN OPND2
02356000 14053 172405 SAM **5 IS LARGER THAN OPND1
02357000 14054 001273 LDA OPND1 TRANSFER THE LARGER OPERAND TO AR1 AND
02358000 14055 071403 XFR 4 THE SMALLER OPERAND TO AR2
02359000 14056 001274 LDA OPND2 NOTE:
02360000 14057 067063 JMP **4 LARGE AND SMALL REFER ONLY TO EXPONENT SIZE
02361000 14060 001274 LDA OPND2 AND DO NOT IMPLY ANYTHING ABOUT MANTISSA
02362000 14061 071403 XFR 4 SIZE OR SIGN.
02363000 14062 001273 LDA OPND1
02364000 14063 004127 LDH AR2A
02365000 14064 071403 XFR 4
02366000 14065 000021 LDA AR2M1 IF THE SMALLER OPERAND IS ZERO
02367000 14066 072411 SZA STARI STORE THE LARGER (AR1) AS THE RESULT
02368000 14067 001771 LDA AR1M1 IF THE LARGER OPERAND IS ZERO THEN
02369000 14070 072424 SZA STSMA STORE THE SMALLER (AR2) AS THE RESULT.
02370000 14071 001762 LDA MT1 RECALL THE EXPONENT OFFSET
02371000 14072 172002 SAP **2 MAKE THE OFFSET
02372000 14073 170040 TCA POSITIVE
02373000 14074 004000 LDB A SET B UP FOR A RIGHT SHIFT OF AR2.
02374000 14075 020156 ADA M13 IF THE OFFSET IS 12 OR LESS
02375000 14076 172403 SAM **3 THEN CONTINUE AND PREPARE AR2.
02376000 14077 000345 STARI LDA ARIA OTHERWISE STORE THE LARGER
02377000 14176 066050 JMP STANY
02378000 14101 076403 SZR **3 IF B = 0 DOWN' ROUND
02379000 14102 000177 LDA PU SHIFT IN A ZERO
02380000 14103 043137 JSM FRND USE THE FAST, NON-STICKY BIT ROUND.
02381000 14104 071700 CDC

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INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

02372000	14105	001770	LDA AR1E	ADD THE SIGNS OF THE TWO MANTISSAS TOGETHER
02373000	14106	020020	ADA AR2E	IF THEY ARE DIFFERENT, SUBTRACT
02374000	14107	073413	R1A .SUB	OTHERWISE, ADD THE MANTISSAS.
02375000			*	
02376000	14110	071200	.ADD FXA	ADD THE TWO MANTISSAS
02377000	14111	072309	SOS *+4	
02378000	14112	001770	LDA AR1E	IF NO CARRY IS GENERATED THEN THE AR1
02379000	14113	030020	STA AR2E	EXPONENT IS THE RESULT EXPONENT
02380000	14114	066047	ST SMA JMP STAR2	STORE AR2 AS THE RESULT
02401000			*	
02402000	14115	000254	LDA P1	IF A DECIMAL CARRY OCCURS SHIFT A ONE INTO
02403000	14116	004254	LDR P1	AR2 AND SET B TO INCREMENT THE AR1 EXPONENT.
02404000	14117	043137	JSM FRND	CALL THE FAST, NON-SHITTY BIT ROUNDING ROUTINE.
02405000	14120	004073	LDR P64	
02406000	14121	056041	JMP UAR2E	JUMP TO THE UPDATE AR2 EXPONENT ROUTINE
02407000			*	
02408000	14122	043015	.SUB JSM ZAR2	IF AR2 IS ZERO AFTER ALIGNING
02409000	14123	067077	JMP STAR1	THEN STORE AR1 AS THE RESULT.
02410000	14124	071040	CMY	OTHERWISE, COMPLEMENT AR2 AND
02411000	14125	071200	FXA	ADD THE MANTISSAS
02412000	14126	072303	SOS *+3	IF THERE WAS A CARRY, AR2 IS THE RESULT. IF THERE
02413000	14127	071340	CMY	WAS NO CARRY, AR2 IS THE 10'S COMP. OF THE RESULT
02414000	14130	045770	ISZ AR1E	AND THE SIGN OF AR1 IS OPPOSITE OF THE RESULT SIGN.
02415000	14131	071500	NRM	NORMALIZE AND MAKE THE NO. OF SHIFTS
02416000	14132	014133	CPB P12	BUG SHEET #1700: CHECK FOR ZERO (B=12) BEFORE
02417000	14133	004177	LDR P0	TRYING TO UPDATE THE EXPONENT IN UAR2E.
02418000	14134	174040	ICB	NEGATIVE THEN ALIGN IT WITH THE
02419000	14135	174605	SRL 6	EXPONENT OF AR1 AND
02420000	14136	066041	JMP UAR2E	JMP TO UPDATE THE AR2 EXPONENT
02422000			*	
02423000			*	FRND: FAST, NON-STICKY BIT ROUNDING ROUTINE FOR FADD.
02424000			*	
02425000			*	A = DIGIT TO SHIFT IN.
02426000			*	B = NO. OF DIGITS TO SHIFT OUT. B CANNOT BE ZERO.
02427000			*	
02428000	14137	075500	FRND MPY	SHIFT AR2 RIGHT PLACES.
02429000	14140	020151	ADA M5	
02430000	14141	172404	SAM *+4	ROUND UP ?
02431000	14142	004254	LDB P1	YES.
02432000	14143	071700	CDC	
02433000	14144	071000	MVA	
02434000	14145	170201	RFT 1	
02435000			*	
02436000			*	*****
02437000			*	
02438000			*	
02439000			*	FMPY: FULL PRECISION MULTIPLICATION
02440000			*	
02441000			*	RES = <OPND1> * <OPND2>
02442000			*	
02443000			*	TEMPORARIES: MT1, MT2, MT3, MT4, MT5, "ROUND"
02444000			*	OPND1 CANNOT POINT TO AR1 OR AR2.
02445000			*	
02446000			*	*****
02447000			*	
02448000			*	MPMPY: MULTIPLE PRECISION MULTIPLICATION
02449000			*	
02450000			*	RES = <OPND1> * <OPND2>
02451000			*	(N DIGITS) (12 DIGITS)
02452000			*	
02453000			*	NOTE: N MUST BE AN EVEN MULTIPLE OF 4.
02454000			*	
02455000			*	ENTRY CONDITIONS: (MPMPY)
02456000			*	1. OPND1 CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF THE MULTIPLIER
02457000			*	2. OPND2 CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF THE MULTIPLICAND
02458000			*	3. A = -(N-2)
02459000			*	4. B = (N/4) + 1
02460000			*	
02461000			*	NO SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS
02462000			*	
02463000			*	TEMPORARIES: SAME AS FOR FMPY.
02464000			*	
02465000			*	*****
02466000			*	
02467000	14146	043007	FMPY JSM GET2	GET 2 OPERANDS OFF OF THE STACK
02468000	14147	000207	LDA M10	A: LOOP DIGIT COUNTER FOR FULL PRECISION MULTIPLIER.
02469000	14150	004143	LDB P4	B: LENGTH OF A FULL PRECISION MULTIPLIER (4 WORDS)
02470000	14151	025273	MPMPY ADB OPND1	
02471000	14152	031763	STA MT2	INITIALIZE THE LOOP DIGIT COUNTER
02472000	14153	034762	STB MT1	INITIALIZE THE WORD POINTER
02473000	14154	001274	LDA OPND2	TRANSFER THE MULTIPLICAND TO AR1
02474000	14155	006365	LDR ARIA	
02475000	14156	071403	XFR 4	

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

02470000	14157	000177	LDA P0	
02471000	14160	031777	STA STBIT	CLEAR THE "STICKY BIT".
02472000	14161	031774	STA HNDT2	CLEAR THE NO. OF DIGITS TO SHIFT OUT FOR ROUND LATER.
02473000	14162	005273	LDB OPND1	NOTE: THE MULTIPLIER MUST BE CHECKED FOR ZERO UNLESS
02474000	14163	024254	ADH P1	CPB M2 JMP FALSE, IS INSERTED AFTER STB MT2 IN MNXTW
02475000	14164	110001	CPA B,I	IF THE MULTIPLIER IS ZERO
02476000	14165	066032	JMP FALSE	THEN ZERO IS THE RESULT.
02477000	14166	011771	CPA AR1M1	IF THE MULTIPLICAND IS ZERO
02478000	14167	066032	JMP FALSE	THEN ZERO IS THE RESULT.
02479000	14170	000127	LDA AR2A	CLEAR THE ACCUMULATOR (AR2)
02480000	14171	071003	CLR 4	
02481000	14172	055762	MNXTW USZ MT1	DECREMENT THE WORD POINTER
02482000	14173	105762	LDB MT1,I	GET THE NEXT 4 MULTIPLIER DIGITS
02483000	14174	076012	HZB MNXT.	ARE THEY ALL ZERO ?
02484000	14175	000023	LDA AR2M3	YES, UPDATE THE "STICKY BIT" WITH THE
02485000	14176	001777	IOR STBIT	LAST FOUR DIGITS IN AR2.
02486000	14177	031777	STA STBIT	
02487000	14200	000177	LDA P0	
02488000	14201	004143	LDB P4	THEN SHIFT OUT THE LAST FOUR DIGITS.
02489000	14202	075500	MRY	
02490000	14203	025763	ADB MT2	AND INCREMENT THE LOOP DIGIT COUNTER BY 4
02491000	14204	035763	STB MT2	
02492000	14205	007172	JMP MNXTW	NOW CHECK THE NEXT 4 DIGITS.
02493000	14206	000143	MNXT. LDA P4	SET THE WORD DIGIT COUNT TO 4.
02494000	14207	031764	STA MT3	
02501000	14210	071700	MNXTD CDC	
02502000	14211	075000	FMP	ACCUMULATE: AR2 = AR2 + R<0-3> * AR1 + DC
02503000	14212	035765	STB MT4	SAVE MULTIPLIER DIGITS IN TEMPORARY WHILE
02504000	14213	004254	LDB P1	AR2 IS SHIFTED RIGHT ONE DIGIT.
02505000	14214	075500	MRY	
02506000	14215	001777	IOR STBIT	UPDATE THE "STICKY BIT" WITH THE
02507000	14216	031777	STA STBIT	DIGIT SHIFTED OUT OF AR2 INTO A.
02508000	14217	005765	LDB MT4	THEN RESTORE THE MULTIPLIER DIGITS
02509000	14220	174503	SBR 4	AND SHIFT THE NEXT ONE INTO B<0-3>.
02510000	14221	045763	ISZ MT2	INCREMENT THE LOOP DIGIT COUNTER.
02511000	14222	067224	JMP **2	AFTER (N-2) DIGITS HAVE BEEN PROCESSED, EXIT
02512000	14223	067227	JMP LSTW0	THE LOOP TO FINISH THE LAST TWO DIGITS.
02513000	14224	059764	DSZ MT3	DECREMENT THE DIGIT COUNT AND LOOP IF NOT ZERO
02514000	14225	067210	JMP MNXTD	
02515000	14226	067172	JMP MNXTW	
02516000	14227	071700	LSTW0 CDC	
02517000	14230	075000	FMP	PROCESS THE (N-1)TH DIGIT (D2).
02518000	14231	004254	LDB P1	
02519000	14232	075500	MRY	SHIFT AR2 RIGHT ONE DIGIT.
02520000	14233	031766	STA MT5	SAVE SHIFTED OUT DIGIT WHILE PROCESSING MULTIPLIER D1
02521000	14234	105762	LDB MT1,I	GET THE NTH DIGIT (D1) READY AND
02522000	14235	174513	SHP 12	MULTIPLY BY IT
02523000	14236	071700	CDC	
02524000	14237	075000	FMP	(A = DECIMAL CARRY, IF ANY)
02525000	14240	004254	LDB P1	SET UP B FOR RIGHT SHIFT OR ROUNDING
02526000	14241	035776	STB NRMFL	SET THE "NRM" FLAG FOR ROUNDING
02527000	14242	072005	RZA D1#0	IF NO OVERFLOW, CONTINUE, OTHERWISE GO TO D1#0
02528000	14243	001766	D1#0 LDA MT5	LOAD A WITH THE JUST SHIFTED OUT DIGIT
02529000	14244	043611	JSM DECID+1	ENTER THE ROUNDING ROUTINE MIDWAY.
02530000	14245	004177	LDB P0	SET UP B FOR AR2 EXP. UPDATE
02531000	14246	067255	JMP MEXIT	AND JUMP TO THE ROUTINE THAT DOES IT.
02532000	14247	075500	D1#0 MRY	RIGHT SHIFT AR2 TO RECOVER THE HIGH ORDER DIGIT IN A
02533000	14250	001766	LDA MT5	RECALL THE PREVIOUSLY SHIFTED OUT DIGIT AND
02534000	14251	061777	IOR STBIT	ADD IT TO THE "STICKY BIT" AND THEN
02535000	14252	031777	STA STBIT	PUT IT BACK IN THE STICKY BIT
02536000	14253	043610	JSM DECID	ENTER THE ROUNDING ROUTINE MID-WAY.
02537000	14254	004073	LDB P64	INCREMENT THE MULTIPLIER EXPONENT.
02538000	14255	173201	MEAIT SOC **1,C	CLEAR THE OVERFLOW INDICATOR.
02539000	14256	024020	ADB AR2E	DON'T FORGET THE POSSIBLE EXPONENT INCREMENT IN DECI
02540000	14257	125273	ADB OPND1,I	B=THE EXP. MODIFIER FOR THE EXPONENT UPDATE IN UAR2E
02541000	14260	173003	SOC **3	IF OVERFLOW OCCURRED PUT THE CORRECT
02542000	14261	125274	ADH OPND2,I	MANTISSA SIGN IN B<0> AND GO TO
02543000	14262	066065	JMP E76	THE INTERMEDIATE RESULT OVERFLOW ERROR.
02544000	14263	066041	JMP UAR2E	NO# UPDATE THE AR2 EXPONENT WITH ARIE & B.
02545000			*	
02546000			*****	
02547000			*	
02548000			* FPOVD: FULL PRECISION DIVISION	
02549000			*	
02550000			* RES = <OPND1> / <OPND2>	
02551000			*	
02552000			* UVDNR: ALTERNATE ENTRY POINT TO TRUNCATE THE QUOTIENT INSTEAD	
02553000			* (A=U) OF ROUNDING IT. USE BASEPAGE LINK ADIV2.	
02554000			*	
02555000			* SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS:	
02556000			* RES = +/- 9.999999999999 E 511 IF DIVISOR=0 & FLAG 14=1.	
02557000			*	
02558000			* TEMPORARIES: D, Z, MT1, MT2, MT3, MT4, MT5	
02559000			* OPND1 CANNOT POINT TO AR1,	
02560000			* OPND2 CANNOT POINT TO AR2.	

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

02562000					* DIVIDEND EXPONENT MAY NOT BE -512 OR THE RESULT EXPONENT
02563000					* WILL BE WRONG IF THE (LDB M64) AT READY-1 IS EXECUTED.
02564000					*
02565000					*****
02566000					*
02567000	14264	043007	FDVD	JSM GET2	
02568000	14265	003441		LDA JSM.R	PUT THE INSTRUCTION, JSM .ROUN, IN 0 IF THE
02569000	14266	030017	DVUNR	STA 0	QUOTIENT IS TO BE ROUNDED. D=0 FOR TRUNCATION.
02570000	14267	001273		LDA OPND1	COPY THE DIVIDEND INTO AR2
02571000	14270	004127		LDB AR2A	
02572000	14271	071403		XFR 4	
02573000	14272	001274		LDA OPND2	COPY THE DIVISOR INTO AR1
02574000	14273	004345		LDB ARIA	
02575000	14274	071403		XFR 4	
02576000	14275	007004		LDA ZA	INITIALIZE THE QUOTIENT WORD POINTER
02577000	14276	031763		STA MT2	AND CLEAR THE QUOTIENT TEMPORARY (WHICH
02578000	14277	071404		CLR 5	INCLUDES MT1)
02579000	14300	000177		LDA P0	CLEAR A FOR COMPARISONS TO FOLLOW
02580000	14301	004020		LDB AR2E	LOAD THE EXPONENT WORD OF AR2 FOR ITS SIGN
02581000	14302	011771		CPA AR1M1	IF THE DIVISOR IS ZERO
02582000	14303	067405		JMP E66	CHECK FLAG 14 FOR ERROR 66 -- DIVISION BY ZERO
02583000	14304	010021		CPA AR2M1	IF THE DIVIDEND IS ZERO
02584000	14305	066032		JMP FALSE	THEN STORE ZERO AS THE QUOTIENT
02585000	14306	071040		CMY	COMPLEMENT THE DIVIDEND
02586000	14307	000257		LDA M1	INITIALIZE THE FDV COUNT TO -1
02587000	14310	004127		LDB P16	INITIALIZE THE TOTAL DIGIT COUNT TO 16
02588000	14311	035764		STB MT3	
02589000	14312	045763	UNAT*	ISZ MT2	BUMP THE QUOTIENT WORD POINTER
02590000	14313	004143		LDB P4	SET THE WORD DIGIT COUNTER TO 4
02591000	14314	035765		STB MT4	
02592000	14315	174603	UNXTD	SRL 4	CLEAR LOCATION FOR NEXT CALCULATED DIGIT
02593000	14316	135763		STH MT2+I	SAVE THE QUOTIENT DIGITS
02594000	14317	031766		STA MT5	STORE THE FDV COUNT
02595000	14320	071700	FDVLP	CDC	
02596000	14321	075041		FDV	
02597000	14322	125763		ADB MT2+I	UPDATE THE NEW QUOTIENT DIGIT
02598000	14323	024254		ADB P1	INCREMENT THE NEW QUOTIENT DIGIT
02599000	14324	135763		STB MT2+I	SAVE THE QUOTIENT DIGITS
02600000	14325	045766		ISZ MT5	INCREMENT THE FDV COUNT AND LOOP IF NON-ZERO
02601000	14326	067320		JMP FDVLP	
02602000	14327	043015		JSM ZAR2	JUMP OUT OF THE MAIN LOOP IF AN EXACT
02603000	14330	067351		JMP PFQUO	QUOTIENT HAS BEEN FOUND (DIVIDEND=0)
02604000	14331	071040		CMY	OTHERWISE RESTORE THE DIVIDEND
02605000	14332	071200		FxA	TO ITS LAST POSITIVE VALUE.
02606000	14333	105763		LDB MT2+I	DECREMENT AND SAVE THE LAST CALCULATED DIGIT
02607000	14334	024257		ADH M1	NOTE: THIS MUST BE DONE IN R (NOT DSZ)
02608000	14335	135763		STB MT2+I	BECAUSE OF POSSIBLE JUMP TO "DONE".
02609000	14336	071040		CMY	COMPLEMENT THE DIVIDEND AGAIN
02610000	14337	000177		LDA P0	
02611000	14340	075541		MLY	SHIFT THE DIVIDEND LEFT ONE DIGIT
02612000	14341	020207		ADA M10	COMPUTE THE NEXT FDV COUNT
02613000	14342	055764		DSZ MT3	DECREMENT THE TOTAL DIGIT COUNT
02614000	14343	172402		SAM *+2	THIS SHOULD ALWAYS JUMP *+2
02615000	14344	067353		JMP DONE	DECREMENT THE WORD DIGIT COUNTER
02616000	14345	055765		DSZ MT4	
02617000	14346	067315		JMP DNXTD	JUMP BACK TO DIGIT LOOP IF NON-ZERO
02618000	14347	067312		JMP DNXTW	JUMP BACK TO THE WORD LOOP
02619000					*
02620000	14350	174603		SBL 4	
02621000	14351	055765	PFQUO	DSZ MT4	ALIGN THE DIGITS OF THE LAST WORD
02622000	14352	067350		JMP *-2	
02623000					*
02624000	14353	135763	DONE	STB MT2+I	STORE THE LAST DIGITS NOW THAT THEY ARE ALIGNED.
02625000	14354	003004		LDA ZA	
02626000	14355	004127		LDB AR2A	PREPARE TO ROUND THE QUOTIENT
02627000	14356	071403		XFR 4	
02628000	14357	071500		NRM	BUT FIRST CHECK FOR A ZERO IN THE FIRST QUOTIENT
02629000	14360	001762		LDA M11	DIGIT. IF ONE EXISTS, LEFT SHIFT THE ENTIRE QUOTIENT
02630000	14361	076407		S7B READY	(A = D13 D14 D15 D16)
02631000	14362	170513		SAR 12	AND USE D13 AS D12
02632000	14363	060023		IOR AR2M3	
02633000	14364	030023		STA AR2M3	
02634000	14365	001762		LDA M11	A = D13 D14 D15 D16
02635000	14366	170603		SAL 4	A = D14 D15 D16 0
02636000	14367	004164		LDB M64	B = EXPONENT OF -1
02637000					*
02638000	14370	125273	READY	ANB OPND1,I	
02639000	14371	034020		STR AR2E	AR2E = EXPONENT OF DIVIDEND (WITH NORMALIZATION
02640000	14372	170713		RAR 12	OF SET IF NECESSARY)
02641000	14373	030024		STA SE	SE = D13 OF QUOTIENT
02642000	14374	050160		AND M16	A<<-15> = UNUSED DIGITS (STICKY BIT)
02643000	14375	004177		LDB P0	A<<-2> = UNBIASED, UN-NORM, B=DIGITS TO SHIFT=0
02644000	14376	070017		EXE U	ROUND OR NOT BASED ON ENTRY POINT.
02645000	14377	004020		LDB AR2E	

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02045000	14400	001770	LDA AR1E	COMPLEMENT THE EXPONENT OF THE DIVISOR
02047000	14401	170040	TCA	
02048000	14402	020145	ADA P2	
02049000	14403	031770	STA AR1E	
02050000	14404	006041	JMP UAR2E	JUMP TO THE UPDATE AR2E ROUTINE.
02051000			*	
02052000			*	ERROR 66 -- DIVISION BY ZERO
02053000			*	
02054000	14405	140564	E66 JSM ASTMA,I	STORE +/-9.999999999999 E 511 AS THE RESULT.
02055000	14406	042073	JSM ERROR	
02056000	14407	033066	ASC 1,66	
02058000			*	
02059000			*****	
02060000			*	
02061000			*	FSQR: FULL PRECISION SQUARE ROOT
02062000			*	
02063000			*	RES = SQR <OPND1>
02064000			*	
02065000			*	SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS:
02066000			*	RES = SQR(ABS(RADICAND)) IF RADICAND<0 & FLAG 14=1
02067000			*	
02068000			*	TEMPORARIES: MT1, MT2, MT3, MT4, MT5, MT6, "ROUND"
02069000			*	
02070000			*****	
02071000			*	
02072000	14410	043011	FSQR JSM GET1	
02073000	14411	001273	LDA OPND1	COPY THE RADICAND INTO AR1
02074000	14412	004345	LDB AR1A	
02075000	14413	071403	XFR 4	
02076000	14414	000127	LDA AR2A	CLEAR AR2
02077000	14415	071603	CLR 4	
02078000	14416	001771	LDA AR1M1	
02079000	14417	072002	RZA *+2	IF THE RADICAND IS ZERO
02080000	14420	066032	JMP FALSE	THEN STORE ZERO AS THE RESULT
02081000	14421	004142	LDB P5	AR2 = 5 * AR1
02082000	14422	071700	CDC	THIS IS NECESSARY SINCE DC COULD BE SET.
02083000	14423	075000	FMP	
02084000	14424	004254	LDR P1	SHIFT AR2 RIGHT ONCE TO PICK UP THE HIGH ORDER
02085000	14425	074500	MRY	DUIT FROM THE FMP. DIVIDE BY 2 IS THE SAME AS
02086000	14426	031777	STA STBIT	(SAVE THE SHIFTED OUT DIGIT IN THE "STICKY BIT")
02087000	14427	000177	LDA P0	MULTIPLY BY 5 AND DIVIDE BY 10.
02088000	14430	005170	LDB AR1E	IF THE EXPONENT IS EVEN THEN RIGHT SHIFT AR2
02089000	14431	174010	SBL 9	ONE MORE DIGIT.
02090000	14432	176405	SRM FSQR1	
02091000	14433	000177	LDA P0	THEN SHIFT AR2 RIGHT ONCE
02092000	14434	004254	LDR P1	
02093000	14435	075500	MRY	AND PUT THE NEW SHIFTED OUT DIGIT IN SE FOR ROUNDING
02094000	14436	001777	LDA STBIT	
02095000	14437	170602	FSQR1 SAL 3	A<3-15> = STICKY BIT, A<0-2> IS THE SPECIFICATION
02096000	14438	004177	LDB P0	
02097000	14441	043564	JSM,R JSM ,ROUND	RO * AR2 BASED ON SE AND THE "STICKY BIT"
02098000	14442	000345	LDA AR1A	INITIALIZE THE RESULT WORD POINTERS 1 & 2
02099000	14443	004254	ADA P1	TO THE SECOND WORD OF THE WORKING REGISTER (AR1)
02100000	14444	031763	STA MT2	RESULT WORD POINTER 1
02101000	14445	031764	STA MT3	RESULT WORD POINTER 2
02102000	14446	071603	CLR 4	CLEAR 4 WORDS STARTING AT AR1M1 INCLUDING RNDZ
02103000	14447	001770	LDA AR1E	DIVIDE THE AR1 EXPONENT BY 2 & CLEAR THE SIGN
02104000	14450	031765	STA MT4	(SAVE THE SIGN FOR ERROR 67 TEST LATER)
02105000	14451	170400	AAR 1	& STORE IN THE AR1 EXPONENT WORD.
02106000	14452	050240	AND ZAP	
02107000	14453	031770	STA AR1E	
02108000	14454	003003	LDA BCD,5	INITIALIZE THE "FIVE" WORD TO BCD 0500
02109000	14455	031766	STA MT5	
02110000	14456	000175	LDA RCD1	INITIALIZE THE "N" WORD TO BCD 1000
02111000	14457	031767	STA MT6	
02112000	14460	001767	BLOOP LDA MT6	IF THE LOW ORDER BCD DIGIT OF THE "N"
02113000	14461	073002	SLA *+2	WORD IS 1
02114000	14462	045764	ISZ MT3	THEN INCREMENT THE RESULT WORD POINTER # 2
02115000	14463	170703	RAR 4	ROTATE THE "N" WORD RIGHT 1 BCD DIGIT.
02116000	14464	031767	STA MT6	AND STORE.
02117000	14465	001766	LDA MT5	MASK OUT THE LAST
02118000	14466	170140	CMA	FIVE FROM THE WORKING
02119000	14467	151763	AND MT2,I	REGISTER
02120000	14470	131763	STA MT2,I	AND STORE IT.
02121000	14471	001766	LDA MT5	IF THE LOW ORDER BCD DIGIT OF THE
02122000	14472	073002	SLA *+2	"FIVE" WORD IS A FIVE
02123000	14473	045763	ISZ MT2	THEN INCREMENT THE RESULT WORD POINTER # 1
02124000	14474	170703	RAR 4	ROTATE THE "FIVE" WORD RIGHT 1 BCD DIGIT.
02125000	14475	031766	STA MT5	AND STORE.
02126000	14476	121763	ADA MT2,I	PLACE THE NEXT FIVE IN THE WORKING REGISTER
02127000	14477	131763	STA MT2,I	POINTED TO BY WORD POINTER # 1
02128000	14480	105764	LDB MT3,I	LOAD THE WORD POINTED TO BY RESULT POINTER # 2
02129000	14501	071040	COMB	COMPLEMENT AR2
02130000	14502	000135	LDA P10	INITIALIZE THE INCREMENT COUNTER TO 10
02131000	14503	031762	STA MT1	

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02732000	14504	135764	SLOOP	STB MT3,I	UPDATE THE RESULT WORD POINTED TO BY # 2
02733000	14505	071700		CDC	
02734000	14506	071200		FXA	AR2 = AR2 + AR1 (RESULT REG.)
02735000	14507	025767		ADP MT6	INCREMENT THE PROPER DIGIT OF B WITH THE "N" WORD
02736000	14510	058762		DSZ MT1	DECREMENT THE COUNTER AND EXIT LOOP IF ZERO
02737000	14511	072773		SDC SLOOP	LOOP IF NO OVERFLOW, OTHERWISE EXIT LOOP
02738000	14512	071040		CMY	COMPLEMENT AR2 (NOW IN ORIGINAL FORM)
02739000	14513	043015		JSM ZAR2	EXIT THE BIG LOOP (BLOOP) IF A PERFECT SQUARE ROOT
02740000	14514	067524		JMP PFSQR	HAS BEEN FOUND, OTHERWISE CONTINUE IN LOOP.
02741000	14515	071200		FXA	RESTORE AR2 AND
02742000	14516	000177		LDA P0	
02743000	14517	075541		MLY	LEFT SHIFT IT ONE BCD DIGIT
02744000	14520	001764		LDA MT3	IF 12 DIGITS HAVE BEEN CALCULATED.
02745000	14521	017005		CPA WPTR2	THEN EXIT
02746000	14522	067545		JMP LSTLP	FROM THE BIG LOOP.
02747000	14523	067460		JMP BLOOP	OTHERWISE, CONTINUE TO LOOP.
02748000	14524	005763	PFSQR	LDB MT2	A PERFECT SQUARE ROOT HAS BEEN FOUND
02749000	14525	027902		ADB ADIFF	SO INCREMENT THE LEAST SIGNIFICANT
02750000	14526	001766		LDA MT5	DIGIT, A FIVE, OF AR2 BY FIVE
02751000	14527	130001		STA B,I	AND THEN LEFT
02752000	14530	071700		CDC	
02753000	14531	071200		FXA	SHIFT AR2 ONCE.
02754000	14532	000177		LDA P0	SHIFT IN A ZERO.
02755000	14533	075541		MLY	
02756000	14534	072406		SZA FFSQR2	IF A DIGIT WAS SHIFTED OUT OF AR2 INTO A,
02757000	14535	004254		LDB P1	
02758000	14536	075500		MRY	THEN SHIFT IT BACK IN
02759000	14537	004073		LDB P64	AND
02760000	14540	042041		JSM UAR2E	INCREMENT THE EXPONENT USING UAR2E.
02761000	14541	067554		JMP E67	AND THEN CHECK FOR ERROR 67 BEFORE RETURNING
02762000	14542	173201	FSQR2	SOC *+1,C	OTHERWISE, STORE THE RESULT (AR2) AND
02763000	14543	042043		JSM UAR2E+2	
02764000	14544	067554		JMP E67	CHECK FOR ERROR 67 BEFORE RETURNING.
02765000	14545	000345	LSTLP	LDA AH1A	TRANSFER AR1 TO AR2 SO A LEFT SHIFT CAN BE DONE
02766000	14546	004127		LDB AR2A	
02767000	14547	071403		AFR 4	
02768000	14550	101764		LDA MT3+1	POSITION THE LAST DIGIT IN A<0-3>
02769000	14551	170513		SAR 12	
02770000	14552	075541		MLY	SHIFT AR2 LEFT ONCE.
02771000	14553	042041		JSM STAN2	STORE AR2 AS THE RESULT.
02772000			*		
02773000			*		ERROR 67 -- SQUARE ROOT OF A NEGATIVE NUMBER
02774000			*		
02775000	14554	001765	ED/	LDA M14	RECALL THE ORIGINAL EXPONENT WORD
02776000	14555	073003		SIA *+3	IF THE MANTISSA WAS POSITIVE THEN RETURN
02777000	14556	042073		JSM ERROR	ELSE, CHECK FLAG 14 FOR ERROR 67
02778000	14557	033067		ASC 1,67	
02779000	14560	170201		HFT 1	USED BY *-3 ONLY. NOT USED BY E67.
02780000			*		
02781000			*		
02782000			*		
02783000			*		
02784000			*		ROUND: GENERALIZED ROUNDING ROUTINE
02785000			*		
02786000			*		ENTRY CONDITIONS: (ALSO SEE TABLE BELOW)
02787000			*		THE NUMBER TO BE ROUNDED MUST BE IN AR2
02788000			*		B CONTAINS EITHER:
02789000			*		1.) THE NUMBER OF THE DIGIT TO BE ROUNDED (0-12) OR
02790000			*		2.) THE NUMBER OF DIGITS TO BE SHIFTED OUT (12-0)
02791000			*		A<0> = 1 IF B CONTAINS THE NUMBER OF THE DIGIT TO BE ROUNDED
02792000			*		0 IF B CONTAINS THE NUMBER OF DIGITS TO BE SHIFTED OUT
02793000			*		A<1> = 1 IF AR2 IS TO BE NORMALIZED BEFORE RETURNING
02794000			*		0 IF AR2 IS NOT TO BE NORMALIZED BEFORE RETURNING
02795000			*		A<2> = 1 IF A 4-5 ROUND IS DESIRED (BIASED)
02796000			*		0 IF AN UNBIASED ROUND IS DESIRED
02797000			*		A<3-15> = 0
02798000			*		
02799000			*		EXIT CONDITIONS:
02800000			*		AR2 CONTAINS THE ROUNDED RESULT
02801000			*		
02802000			*		TEMPORARIES: "ROUND" -- (STBIT, NRMFL, RNDT1, RNDT2)
02803000			*		
02804000			*		*****
02805000			*		
02806000			*		0 * UNBIASED * UN-NORM. * B=DIGITS TO SHIFT *
02807000			*		
02808000			*		*****
02809000			*		
02810000			*		1 * UNBIASED * UN-NORM. * B=DIGIT TO ROUND *
02811000			*		
02812000			*		*****
02813000			*		
02814000			*		2 * UNBIASED * NURM. * B=DIGITS TO SHIFT *
02815000			*		
02816000			*		*****

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02917000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02918000	* 3	*	UNBIASED	*	NORM.	*	B=DIGIT TO ROUND	*	*
02919000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02920000	*****								
02921000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02922000	* 4	*	4-5	*	UN-NORM.	*	B=DIGITS TO SHIFT	*	*
02923000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02924000	*****								
02925000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02926000	* 5	*	4-5	*	UN-NORM.	*	B=DIGIT TO ROUND	*	*
02927000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02928000	*****								
02929000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02930000	* 6	*	4-5	*	NORM.	*	B=DIGITS TO SHIFT	*	*
02931000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02932000	*****								
02933000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02934000	* 7	*	4-5	*	NORM.	*	B=DIGIT TO ROUND	*	*
02935000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
02936000	*****								
02937000	14551	170503	ROUND	SAL 4	ENTRY POINT TO CLEAR <SE> BEFORE STARTING TO ROUND.				
02938000	14552	030024		STA SE	CLEAR THE 4 BIT SHIFT EXTEND REGISTER				
02939000	14553	170503		SAR 4					
02940000	14564	073003	ROUND	SLA *+3	ENTRY POINT FOR FSR TO ROUND ON <SE>.				
02941000	14565	174040		FCB	COMPUTE THE NUMBER OF DIGITS TO BE SHIFTED OUT				
02942000	14566	024133		AOB P12	SAVE IT				
02943000	14567	035775		STB RNDT1					
02944000	14570	174040		ICB	MAKE THE NUMBER OF DIGITS TO BE SHIFTED OUT				
02945000	14571	035774		STB RNDT2	NEGATIVE AND SAVE FOR COMPARISON WITH NRM RESULTS				
02946000	14572	170500		SAR 1	SAVE THE NRM/DON'T NRM FLAG FOR LATER				
02947000	14573	031776		STA NRMFL					
02948000	14574	170500		SAR 1	SETUP THE "STICKY BIT". ZERO IMPLIES				
02949000	14575	031777		STA SHIT	UNBIASED ROUND. NON-ZERO IMPLIES 4-5 ROUND.				
02950000	14576	076512		STB DECID	IF NO. DIGITS TO SHIFT = 0, BASE THE ROUND ON SE				
02951000	14577	004254		LDB P1	SET UP B FOR 1 DIGIT RIGHT SHIFT ON AR2				
02952000	14600	170603	SHIFT	SAL 4	SHIFT AR2 RIGHT 1 DIGIT AND BRING IN A ZERO				
02953000	14601	074500		MRY					
02954000	14602	055775		DSZ RNDT1	WHEN THE PROPER NO. OF DIGITS HAVE BEEN SHIFTED				
02955000	14603	067605		JMP *+2	GET OUT OF THE LOOP AND ROUND ON SE AND THE				
02956000	14604	067610		JMP DECID	"STICKY BIT".				
02957000	14605	021777		ADA SHIT	UPDATE THE "STICKY BIT"				
02958000	14606	031777		STA SHIT					
02959000	14607	067600		JMP SHIFT					
02960000	14610	000024	DECID	LDA SE	IF THE LAST DIGIT SHIFTED OUT IS 0,1,2,3,4				
02961000	14611	020151		ADA M5	THEN DON'T ROUND UP. IF THE LAST DIGIT IS				
02962000	14612	172424		SAM NORM?	6,7,8,9 THEN ALWAYS ROUND UP.				
02963000	14613	072007		RZA RNDUP					
02964000	14614	001777		LPA SHIT	IF THE LAST DIGIT IS 5 AND THE "STICKY BIT"				
02965000	14615	072005		MZA RNDUP	IS NON-ZERO THEN ROUND UP. IF THE "STICKY				
02966000	14616	000023		LFA AR2M3	BIT" IS ZERO THEN MAKE THE CURRENT D12 OF				
02967000	14617	073301		SLA *+1,5	AR2 ODD (SINCE ODD DOESN'T PROPAGATE A CARRY).				
02968000	14620	030023		STA AR2M3	AND SEE IF AR2 IS TO BE NORMALIZED				
02969000	14621	067636		JMP NORM?					
02970000	14622	071700	RNDUP	CDC	GET READY TO ADD 1 TO AR2 ON THE D12 LEVEL AND				
02971000	14623	071700		MWA	WATCH FOR AN OVERFLOW CONDITION.				
02972000	14624	072712		SOC NORM?	IF NO CARRY THEN CHECK FOR NORMALIZATION.				
02973000	14625	000001		LDA 0	B HAS BEEN 1 SINCE (SHIFT-1)				
02974000	14626	076500		MRY	MAKE THE AR2 MANTISSA A FULL PRECISION ONE.				
02975000	14627	173201	INCLX	SOC *+1,C	NOW GET READY TO CHECK FOR EXPONENT OVERFLOW				
02976000	14630	000020		LDA AR2E	ADD 1 TO THE EXPONENT AND IF OVERFLOW DOES				
02977000	14631	020073		ADA P64	NOT OCCUR THEN CHECK FOR NORMALIZATION.				
02978000	14632	030020		STA AR2E					
02979000	14633	173003		SOC NORM?					
02980000	14634	004020		LDB AR2E	GET THE SIGN OF THE AR2 MANTISSA AND				
02981000	14635	065065		JMP E76	CHECK FLAG 14 FOR ERROR 76 -- INTERM. RES. OVERFLOW				
02982000	14636	001776	NORM?	LDA NRMFL	RECALL THE NORMALIZATION FLAG AND OBEY IT.				
02983000	14637	073207		SLA RFN+C	IN THE PROCESS, CLEAR IT TO PREVENT INFINITE				
02984000	14640	031776		STA NRMFL	LOOPING IF A NEW HIGH ORDER DIGIT WAS CREATED.				
02985000	14641	071500		NRM					
02986000	14642	014133		CPB P12	IF AR2=0 THEN DON'T INCREMENT THE EXPONENT				
02987000	14643	170201		RET 1	BUT RATHER, RETURN				
02988000	14644	025774		AOB RNDT2	CHECK TO SEE IF A NEW HIGH ORDER DIGIT WAS				
02989000	14645	076062		RZR INCLX	CREATED. IF SO, INCREMENT THE EXPONENT.				
02990000	14646	170201	RTN	RET 1					
02991000	*								
02992000	*****								
02993000	*								
02994000	* TSUB:	COMPARISON ROUTINE FOR THE RELATIONAL OPERATORS.							
02995000	*								
02996000	* SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS:								
02997000	*								
02998000	*	<H> = 0 IF (OPND1) = (OPND2)							
02999000	*	<H> = 1 IF (OPND1) > (OPND2)							
03000000	*	<H> = 3 IF (OPND1) < (OPND2)							
03001000	*								

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

02904000				* TEMPORARIES: MT1, MT2	
02905000				* (TEMPORARIES FOR STCHK ARE NOT INCLUDED HERE)	
02906000				*	
02907000				*****	
02908000				*	
02909000	14647	191263	TSUB	LDA A,P1,I	
02910000	14650	050221		AND B70K	
02911000	14651	006400		LDH A	B = CLASS OF OPERAND 2
02912000	14652	001263		LDA A,P1	READ DOWN THE STACK TO THE WHAT WORD FOR
02913000	14653	020254		ADA P1	OPERAND 1.
02914000	14654	100000		LDA A,I	
02915000	14655	021263		ADA A,P1	
02916000	14656	100000		LDA A,I	
02917000	14657	050221		AND B70K	A = CLASS OF OPERAND 1
02918000	14660	010175		CPA B10K	IF OPERAND 1 IS NON-NUMERIC CALL THE STRINGS ROM.
02919000	14661	057054		JMP *+2	OTHERWISE CHECK OPERAND 2.
02920000	14662	007005		JMP TSUB#	
02921000	14663	014175		CPB B10K	IF OPERAND 2 IS NON-NUMERIC CALL THE STRINGS ROM.
02922000	14664	057074		JMP TSUB#	OTHERWISE BOTH ARE NUMERIC SO GO TO TSUB#.
02923000				*	
02924000	14665	001321	TSUB#	LDA STCHK	IF STCHK = 0 OR STCHK,1 = -1 THE STRINGS ROM IS
02925000	14666	072494		SZA E16	NOT PRESENT SO GIVE ERROR 16.
02926000	14667	105321		LDH STCHK,I	OTHERWISE BRANCH TO THE STRINGS ROM FOR THE
02927000	14670	044001		ISZ B	COMPARISON.
02928000	14671	105321		JMF STCHK,I	
02929000				*	
02930000				* ERROR 16: STRINGS ROM MISSING FOR STRING RELATIONAL COMPARISON OR	
02931000				* ILLEGAL ARGUMENT(S) FOR RELATIONAL COMPARISON.	
02932000				*	
02933000	14672	140404	E16	JSM AFRR1,I	NON-RECOVERABLE ERROR.
02934000	14673	030466		ASC I,16	

02936000	14674	043007	TSUB#	JSM GET2	FETCH THE TWO NUMERIC OPERANDS.
02937000	14675	000016		LDA C	
02938000	14676	031763		STA MT2	SAVE C IN MT2.
02939000	14677	101273		LDA OPND1,I	IF THE MANTISSA SIGNS ARE THE SAME MORE
02940000	14700	121274		ADA OPND2,I	TESTING IS NEEDED TO DETERMINE THE RELATION.
02941000	14701	073007		SLA TSUB1	
02942000	14702	101273		LDA OPND1,I	THE SIGNS ARE DIFFERENT SO THE NEGATIVE OPERAND
02943000	14703	073003		KLA B=3	IS SMALLER.
02944000	14704	004254	H#1	LDH P1	(OPND1) > (OPND2)
02945000	14705	067762		JMP RESTC	
02946000	14706	004144	H#3	LDH P3	(OPND1) < (OPND2)
02947000	14707	067762		JMP RESTC	
02948000	14710	001273	TSUB1	LDA OPND1	MANTISSA SIGNS ARE ALIKE, CHECK FOR ZEROS.
02949000	14711	030016		STA C	
02950000	14712	020254		ADA P1	
02951000	14713	100000		LDA A,I	A = 1ST MANTISSA WORD OF (OPND1)
02952000	14714	005274		LDH OPND2	
02953000	14715	034017		STB D	
02954000	14716	024254		ADH P1	
02955000	14717	104001		LDH B,I	B = 1ST MANTISSA WORD OF (OPND2)
02956000	14720	072003		KZA TSUB2	
02957000	14721	076065		KZR B=3	A=0, B#0 (OPND1) < (OPND2)
02958000	14722	067761		JMP B=0	A & B ARE ZERO, (OPND1) = (OPND2) = 0
02959000	14723	076061	TSUB2	SZA B=1	A=0, B=0 (OPND1) > (OPND2)
02960000	14724	101273		LDA OPND1,I	A & B ARE NOT ZERO, NOW WE MUST CHECK THE
02961000	14725	170405		ADR B	EXPONENTS.
02962000	14726	105274		LDH OPND2,I	(THE ARITHMETIC SHIFTS ARE NEEDED TO PREVENT
02963000	14727	174405		ADR B	OVERFLOW IN THE FOLLOWING ADDITION.)
02964000	14730	174040		TCR	
02965000	14731	020001		ADA B	A = (OPND1E) - (OPND2E)
02966000	14732	172007		SAP TSUB4	
02967000	14733	004144	H#3?	LDH P3	ABS(OPND1) < ABS(OPND2)
02968000	14734	101273	TSUB3	LDA OPND1,I	NOW CHECK THE MANTISSA SIGN OF EITHER ONE
02969000	14735	073025		SLA RESTC	(THEY'RE THE SAME). IF THEY ARE NEGATIVE
02970000	14736	024150		ADH M4	THEN THE RELATION IS REVERSED.
02971000	14737	174040		TCR	
02972000	14740	067762		JMP RESTC	
02973000	14741	072003	TSUB3	SZA TSUB5	THE EXPONENTS ARE EQUAL, CHECK THE MANTISSAS.
02974000	14742	004254	B=1?	LDH P1	ABS(OPND1) > ABS(OPND2)
02975000	14743	067734		JMP TSUB3	
02976000	14744	074560	TSUB5	WRC A,I	DUMMY WITHDRAWS TO POINT TO (D1,D2) BYTES.
02977000	14745	074570		WRO A,I	
02978000	14746	000141		LDA P6	THERE ARE SIX PAIRS OF DIGITS TO CHECK.
02979000	14747	031762		STA MT1	
02980000	14750	074561	TSUB6	WRC d,I	
02981000	14751	074570		WRO A,I	
02982000	14752	174040		TCR	
02983000	14753	020001		ADA B	A = (OPND2 DIGIT PAIR) - (OPND1 DIGIT PAIR)
02984000	14754	072003		SZA TSUB7	IF THEY ARE EQUAL, KEEP CHECKING.
02985000	14755	172056		SAP B=3?	ABS(OPND1) < ABS(OPND2)
02986000	14756	172064		SAM B=1?	ABS(OPND1) > ABS(OPND2)

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

02737000	14757	055762	TSUB7	DSZ MT1	HAVE ALL 6 DIGIT PAIRS BEEN TESTED ?
02738000	14760	067750		JMP TSUB6	NO, KEEP CHECKING.
02739000	14761	064177	B=0	LDB P0	YES, THE NUMBERS ARE EQUAL.
02740000	14762	061763	RESTC	LDA MT2	
02741000	14763	030016		STA C	RESTORE C FROM MT2.
02742000	14764	170201		RET 1	
02743000		*			
02744000		*****			
02745000		*			
02746000		*			* FULL PRECISION LOGICAL OPERATORS: AND, OR, XOR, NOT
02747000		*			
02748000		*			* SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS:
02749000		*			* RES = 1 FOR TRUE
02750000		*			* RES = 0 FOR FALSE
02751000		*			
02752000		*****			
02753000		*			
03000000	14765	043007	XOR	JSM GET2	
03001000	14766	045273		ISZ OPND1	
03002000	14767	045274		ISZ OPND2	
03003000	14770	101273		LDA OPND1,I	
03004000	14771	105274		LDB OPND2,I	
03005000	14772	072410		SZA AND2	A = FALSE
03006000	14773	066031		JMP FEQ+1	A = TRUE
03013000	14774	043007	AND	JSM GET2	
03014000	14775	045273		ISZ OPND1	IF OPERAND 1 IS TRUE AND OPERAND 2 IS TRUE
03015000	14776	105273		LDB OPND1,I	THEN RESULT = TRUE
03016000	14777	076433		S7B FALSE	B = FALSE
03017000	15000	045274	AND1	ISZ OPND2	B = TRUE
03018000	15001	105274		LDB OPND2,I	
03019000	15002	066036	AND2	JMP FNEQ+1	
03021000	15003	043007	OR	JSM GET2	
03022000	15004	045273		ISZ OPND1	IF OPERAND 1 IS TRUE THEN DON'T BOTHER WITH OPERAND 2
03023000	15005	105273		LDB OPND1,I	RESULT = TRUE, BUT IF OPERAND 1 IS FALSE, OPERAND 2
03024000	15006	076031		S7B TRUE	MUST BE TRUE TO MAKE RESULT = TRUE.
03025000	15007	066000		JMP AND1	B = FALSE
03027000	15010	043011	NOT	JSM GET1	
03028000	15011	045273		ISZ OPND1	IF OPERAND 1 IS TRUE, RES = FALSE
03029000	15012	105273		LDB OPND1,I	IF OPERAND 1 IS FALSE, RES = TRUE
03030000	15013	066031		JMP FEQ+1	
03031000		*			
03032000		*****			
03033000		*			
03034000		*			* FULL PRECISION RELATIONAL OPERATORS: =, #, <, <=, >, >=
03035000		*			
03036000		*			* SPECIAL EXIT CONDITIONS:
03037000		*			* RES = 1 FOR TRUE
03038000		*			* RES = 0 FOR FALSE
03039000		*			
03040000		*			* TEMPORARIES: MT1, MT2
03041000		*			
03042000		*****			
03043000		*			
03044000	15014	043047	FLT	JSM TSUB	PERFORM COMPARISON
03045000	15015	024147		ADH M3	CHECK B<0 FOR "LESS THAN"
03046000	15016	066031		JMP FEQ+1	
03049000	15017	043047	FLTE	JSM TSUB	PERFORM COMPARISON
03050000	15020	076417		S7B TRUE	CHECK B=0 FOR "OR EQUAL"
03051000	15021	066015		JMP FLT+1	JUMP TO CHECK "LESS THAN"
03053000	15022	043047	FGT	JSM TSUB	PERFORM COMPARISON
03054000	15023	024257		ADH M1	CHECK B>0 FOR "GREATER THAN"
03055000	15024	066031		JMP FEQ+1	
03057000	15025	043047	FGTE	JSM TSUB	PERFORM COMPARISON
03058000	15026	076411		S7B TRUE	CHECK B=0 FOR "OR EQUAL"
03059000	15027	066023		JMP FGT+1	JUMP TO CHECK "GREATER THAN"
03061000	15030	043047	FEW	JSM TSUB	PERFORM COMPARISON
03062000	15031	076406		S7B TRUE	CHECK B=0 FOR "EQUAL"

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

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03064000 15032 000340 FALSE LDA ARES CLEAR THE RESULT REGISTER.
03065000 15033 071603 CLR 4
03066000 15034 170201 RST 1

03068000 15035 043647 FNEW JSM TSUB PERFORM COMPARISON
03069000 15036 076474 S7B FALSE CHECK #0 FOR "NOT EQUAL"

03071000 15037 000172 TRUE LDA AONE STORE 1 AS THE RESULT
03072000 15040 066050 JMP STANY
03073000 *
03074000 *
03075000 *
03076000 *
03077000 * FULL PRECISION RESULT VERIFICATION AND STORING ROUTINES
03078000 *
03079000 *
03080000 * ENTRY CONDITIONS: (TO "UAR2E")
03081000 * B CONTAINS IN THE EXPONENT POSITION THE CORRECTION TO BE MADE
03082000 * TO ARIE BEFORE STORING IN AR2E
03083000 *
03084000 * EXIT CONDITIONS:
03085000 * IF <B> + ARIE IS IN RANGE (-511 TO 511) THEN STORE IN AR2E AND
03086000 * TRANSFER AR2 TO RES
03087000 *
03088000 * IF OVERFLOW OCCURS: STORE +/- 9.9999999999 E 511 AS THE RESULT
03089000 * IF UNDERFLOW OCCURS: STORE 0 AS THE RESULT
03090000 *
03091000 * TEMPORARIES: NONE
03092000 *
03093000 *
03094000 15041 173201 UAR2E SOC *+1,C CLEAR THE OVERFLOW BIT, THEN
03095000 15042 000001 LDA B ADD ARIE TO <B> AND CLEAR
03096000 15043 021770 ADA ARIE CUT BITS 1-5 AND STORE IN AR2E
03097000 15044 050240 AND ZAP
03098000 15045 030020 STA AR2E
03099000 15046 173407 SOS OV/UN IF OVER/UNDERFLOW DID OCCUR THEN GIVE AN ERROR.
03100000 15047 000127 STAR2 LDA AR2A
03101000 15051 071403 STANY LDH ARES
03102000 15052 005753 XFR 4
03103000 15053 076457 LDH RESM1
03104000 15054 170201 RST 1 THIS IS THE NORMAL RST TO THE INTERPRETER FROM IMATH
03105000 *
03106000 *
03107000 * EXPONENT OVERFLOW OR UNDERFLOW HAS OCCURRED.
03108000 *
03109000 *
03110000 15055 174401 OV/UN ABR 2 OFFSET ARIE AND B, THEN RECOMPUTE TO DETERMINE
03111000 15056 001770 LDA ARIE WHETHER OVERFLOW OR UNDERFLOW TOOK PLACE.
03112000 15057 170401 AAR 2
03113000 15060 024000 ADH A
03114000 15061 176407 SBR E77 IF B<0 THEN UNDERFLOW OCCURRED.
03115000 15062 000020 LDA AR2E
03116000 15063 073002 SLA *+2 B>0: OVERFLOW. SET B<0> IF AR2 MANTISSA IS
03117000 15064 077301 SLB *+1,S NEGATIVE.
03118000 *
03119000 * ERROR 76 -- INTERMEDIATE RESULT OVERFLOW
03120000 *
03121000 15065 140564 E76 JSM ASTMA,I STORE +/-9.9999999999 E 511 AS THE RESULT
03122000 15066 042073 JSM ERROR
03123000 15067 033466 ASC 1,76
03124000 *
03125000 * ERROR 77 -- INTERMEDIATE RESULT UNDERFLOW
03126000 *
03127000 15070 042032 E77 JSM FALSE STORE ZERO AS THE RESULT
03128000 15071 042073 JSM ERROR
03129000 15072 033467 ASC 1,77
03130000 *
03131000 *
03132000 *
03133000 *
03134000 * RECOVERABLE ERROR ROUTINE FOR INTERNAL MATH
03135000 *
03136000 * ENTRY CONDITIONS:
03137000 * RES MUST CONTAIN THE DEFAULT VALUE.
03138000 *
03139000 * CALLING SEQUENCE:
03140000 * JSM ERROR
03141000 * ASC 1,??
03142000 *
03143000 * EXIT CONDITIONS:
03144000 * FLAG 15 IS SET, AND TRACED IF TRACING IS ENABLED.
03145000 * IF FLG 14 = 1: BUMP JSM STACK AND RETURN TO PREVIOUS CALL
03146000 * IF FLG 14 = 0: JMP AERR1,I -- GIVE THE DESIGNATED ERROR MESSAGE.
03147000 *
03148000 * TEMPORARIES: NONE

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INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

03144000			*		
03149000			*****		
03150000			*		
03151000	15073	004130	ERROR LDR P15	CALL A SUBROUTINE TO SET FLAG 15 AND	
03152000	15074	140376	JSM ASFG,I	TRACE THE SETTING IF TRACING IS ENABLED.	
03153000	15075	001506	LDA FLAGS		
03154000	15076	170500	SAR 1	TEST FLAG 14.	
03155000	15077	073402	KLA SET		
03156000	15100	164404	CLR JSM ACRR1,I	FLG 14 = 0: GIVE DESIGNATED ERROR MESSAGE.	
03157000	15101	054003	SET USZ H	FLG 14 = 1: BUMP THE JSM STACK	
03158000	15102	170201	RETNI RET 1	AND RETURN TO THE PREVIOUS JSM.	
03159000			*		
03161000			*****		
03162000			*		
03163000			FLCK: FULL PRECISION EXPONENT USER RANGE CHECK.		
03164000			*		
03165000			ENTRY CONDITIONS:		
03166000			* B CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF THE FULL PRECISION NUMBER TO BE CHECKED.		
03167000			*		
03168000			EXIT CONDITIONS:		
03169000			* EXPONENT IN RANGE (-99,99): RET 1		
03170000			*		
03171000			* EXPONENT > 99 AND FLG 14 = 1: +/- 9.9999999999 E 99		
03172000			* EXPONENT > 99 AND FLG 14 = 0: ERROR 74 -- OVERFLOW		
03173000			*		
03174000			* EXPONENT < -99 AND FLG 14 = 1: 0		
03175000			* EXPONENT < -99 AND FLG 14 = 0: ERROR 75 -- UNDERFLOW		
03176000			*		
03177000			TEMPORARIES: MT1		
03178000			*		
03179000			WARNING !!! ASSIGNMENT TRACING DEPENDS ON HAVING 		
03180000			* SAVED IN MT1 BY THIS ROUTINE.		
03181000			*		
03182000			*****		
03183000			*		
03184000	15103	035762	FLCK STM MT1	SAVE THE ADDRESS OF THE FULL PRECISION NUMBER	
03185000	15104	100001	LDA B,I	LOAD THE EXPONENT WORD OF THE NUMBER BEING CHECKED	
03186000	15105	004300	LDB A	CHECK THE EXPONENT TO INSURE THAT IT IS WITHIN	
03187000	15106	170405	AAK 6	THE RANGE (-99,99)	
03188000	15107	172402	SAM *+2		
03189000	15110	170040	ICA	MAKE THE EXPONENT NEGATIVE	
03190000	15111	020064	ADA P99		
03191000	15112	172070	SAP RETNI	IF THE EXP. IS IN RANGE, B SHOULD BE >= 0	
03192000	15113	176412	SHM F75		
03193000			*		
03194000			ERROR 74 -- FULL PRECISION OVERFLOW		
03195000			*		
03196000	15114	140564	E74 JSM ASTMA,I	STORE +/-9.9999999999 E 99 AS THE RESULT	
03197000	15115	001752	LDA RESE		
03198000	15116	053001	AND E99M		
03199000	15117	031752	STA RESE		
03200000	15120	000340	LDA ARES		
03201000	15121	005762	LDB MT1		
03202000	15122	071403	XFR 4		
03203000	15123	042073	JSM ERROR		
03204000	15124	033464	ASC 1,74		
03205000			*		
03206000			ERROR 75 -- FULL PRECISION UNDERFLOW		
03207000			*		
03208000	15125	007762	E75 LDA MT1	CLEAR THE FULL PRECISION NUMBER TO ZERO.	
03209000	15126	071603	CLR 4		
03210000	15127	042073	JSM ERROR		
03211000	15130	033465	ASC 1,75		
03212000			*		
03213000			*****		
03214000			*		
03215000			PRND: POWER-OF-TEN ROUNDING FUNCTION		
03216000			*		
03217000			DRND: DIGIT POSITION ROUNDING FUNCTION		
03218000			*		
03219000			* 4/5 ROUNDING IS USED. (LIKE IN THE DISPLAY)		
03220000			*		
03221000			ENTRY CONDITIONS:		
03222000			* OPERAND 1 IS THE NUMBER TO BE ROUNDED		
03223000			* OPERAND 2 IS THE ROUNDING SPECIFICATION		
03224000			*		
03225000			TEMPORARIES: MT1, "ROUND"		
03226000			*		
03227000			*****		
03228000			*		
03229000			*		
03230000	15131	043007	PRND JSM GET2		
03231000	15132	001274	LDA OPND2		
03232000	15133	040644	JSM FIXPT	B = POWER OF TEN ROUNDING SPEC.	
03233000	15134	101273	LDA OPND1,I	CONVERT IT TO DIGIT-TO-ROUND SPEC.	
03234000	15135	170405	AAK 6		

INTERNAL FULL PRECISION MATH ROUTINES

03235000	15136	020254	ADA P1		
03236000	15137	174040	TCB		
03237000	15140	024000	ADB A	B = DIGIT-TO-ROUND SPEC.	
03238000	15141	044020	ISZ AR2E	CHANGE THE SIGN OF THE ROUNDING SPEC.	
03239000	15142	000100	NOP	NEEDED IN CASE OF (E-1 -) WITH 5 DON'T CARE BITS=1	
03240000	15143	066147	JMP DRND1	JUMP INTO THE DRND ROUTINE.	
03242000	15144	043007	DRND JSM GET2		
03243000	15145	001274	LDA OPND2		
03244000	15146	040644	JSM FIXPT	B = DIGIT-TO-ROUND.	
03245000	15147	035762	DRND1 STB MT1	SAVE THE DIGIT-TO-ROUND INFO.	
03247000	15150	001273	LDA OPND1	A = ADDRESS OF NO. TO BE ROUNDED.	
03248000	15151	004020	LDB AR2E	B = SIGN OF ROUNDING SPEC.	
03249000	15152	174004	SOC DRND2	INTEGER OVERFLOW ?	
03250000	15153	977402	KLB STZER	YES, CHOOSE THE PROPER DEFAULT VALUE BASED ON	
03251000	15154	006050	STAR2 JMF STANY	THE SIGN OF THE ROUNDING SPEC.	
03252000	15155	066032	STZER JMF FALSE		
03254000	15156	004127	DRND2 LDB AR2A	TRANSFER THE NO. TO BE ROUNDED TO AR2.	
03255000	15157	071403	XFR 4		
03256000	15160	005762	LDB MT1	B = DIGIT-TO-ROUND SPEC.	
03257000	15161	174474	SRM STZER	IF B<0, STORE ZERO AS THE RESULT.	
03258000	15162	024255	ADB M12		
03259000	15163	176071	SRP STAR2	IF B>=0, STORE THE ARGUMENT AS THE RESULT.	
03260000	15164	000140	LDA P7		
03261000	15165	005762	LDB MT1		
03262000	15166	943261	JSM ROUND	ROUND THE ARGUMENT	
03263000	15167	066047	JMP STAR2	STORE THE ROUNDED ARGUMENT.	

UTILITY ROUTINES ACCESSED BY BASE PAGE LINKS

03265000			*		
03266000			*****		
03267000			*		
03268000			* FLTP1: CONVERT B TO FLOATING POINT FORMAT IN AR2		
03269000			*		
03270000			* ON ENTRY: R-REGISTER = INTEGER		
03271000			*		
03272000			* ON EXIT: AR2 CONTAINS FLOATING NUMBER		
03273000			*		
03274000			* TEMPORARIES USED: T1		
03275000			*		
03276000			*****		
03277000			*		
03278000	15170	000127	FLTP1 LDA AR2A	CLEAR AR2 REGISTER	
03279000	15171	071603	CLR 4		
03280000	15172	075432	SZB FLRET	IF B=0, GET OUT	
03281000	15173	176003	SRP *+3	IF B<0,	
03282000	15174	174040	TCB	MAKE B>0	
03283000	15175	044020	ISZ AR2E	AND RECORD MANTISSA SIGN	
03284000	15176	000203	LDA PTCN		
03285000	15177	031711	STA T1	T1 = START OF POWERS OF TEN TABLE	
03286000	15200	000257	FLTP1 LDA M1	A = INITIAL COUNT, -1	
03287000	15201	020254	ADA P1	INCREMENT COUNT	
03288000	15202	125711	ADB T1,I	B = B-10**N	
03289000	15203	175076	SRP *-2	IF B STILL >0, KEEP LOOPING	
03290000	15204	075541	MLY	B<0, SO SAVE COUNT AS NEXT DIGIT	
03291000	15205	101711	LDA T1,I	GET LAST POWER OF TEN	
03292000	15206	170040	TCA	MAKE IT POSITIVE	
03293000	15207	024000	ADB A	AND RESTORE B TO LAST POS. VALUE	
03294000	15210	010135	CPA P10	IS A=10?	
03295000	15211	066214	JMP *+3	YES, DONE; B HAS UNITS COUNT	
03296000	15212	045711	ISZ T1	NO, MOVE TO NEXT POWER OF TEN	
03297000	15213	066200	JMP FLTP1	AND GO AGAIN	
03298000	15214	000001	LDA B	PUT UNITS IN A	
03299000	15215	075541	MLY	AND INCLUDE IT	
03300000	15216	071500	NRM		
03301000	15217	174040	TCB		
03302000	15220	024134	ADB P11	EXPONENT = 11 - B	
03303000	15221	176005	SEL 6	POSITION EXPONENT	
03304000	15222	024020	ADB AR2E	INCLUDE SIGN	
03305000	15223	034020	STB AR2E	STORE FINAL EXPONENT WORD	
03306000	15224	174001	FLRFT RFT 1		

FILL IN BASE PAGE BSS'S

03308000	00524		ORG AUNM
03309000		*	
03310000	00324	014022	DEF FIJNM
03311000	00525	014042	DEF FADD
03312000	00526	014036	DEF FSUH
03313000	00527	014146	DEF FMPY
03314000	00530	014264	DEF FDVD
03315000	00531	014410	DEF FSQR
03316000	00532	015025	DEF FGTE
03317000	00533	015022	DEF FGT
03318000	00534	015014	DEF FLT
03319000	00535	015017	DEF FLTE
03320000	00536	015030	DEF FEQ
03321000	00537	015035	DEF FNEQ
03322000	00540	014774	DEF AND
03323000	00541	015003	DEF OR
03324000	00542	014765	DEF XOR
03325000	00543	015010	DEF NOT
03326000	00544	015131	DEF PRND
03327000	00545	015144	DEF DRND
03328000	00546	015073	DEF ERROR
03329000	00547	014561	DEF ROUNO
03330000	00550	014647	DEF TSUB
03331000	00551	015103	DEF FLTCK
03332000	00552	014011	DEF GET1
03333000	00553	014007	DEF GET2
03334000	00554	014043	DEF FADD+1
03335000	00555	014037	DEF FSUB+1
03336000	00556	014147	DEF FMPY+1
03337000	00557	014265	DEF FDVD+1
03338000	00560	014266	DEF DVONR
03339000	00561	014411	DEF FSQR+1
03340000	00562	014675	DEF TSUB+1
03341000	00563	015170	DEF FLTPT
03343000			END

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

02002000		*		
02003000		*		
02004000		*		
02005000		*		
02006000	07775		ORG 7775B	LINK TO EXECUTE "TLIST"
02007000	07775	016236	DEF ETLIS	
02008000		*		
02009000		*		
02010000		*		
02011000	00601		ORG ARFK	
02012000	00601	016336	DEF RWFKB	REWIND FROM KEYBOARD
02013000	07735		ORG 7735B	
02014000	07735	016334	DEF EREW	LINK TO EXECUTE 'REW'
02015000	07737		ORG 7737B	
02016000	07737	016037	DEF IOF	LINK TO EXECUTE 'IOF'
02017000	07742		ORG 7742B	
02018000	07742	016100	DEF FOF	LINK TO EXECUTE "FOF"
02019000	07743	016327	DEF ERSTP	LINK TO EXECUTE 'ERT'
02020000	07744	016000	DEF EMARK	LINK TO EXECUTE 'MRK'
02021000	07745	016633	DEF RCF	LINK TO EXECUTE 'RCF'
02022000	07746	017051	DEF LDF	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LDF'
02023000	07750		ORG 7750B	
02024000	07750	017042	DEF LDP1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LDP'
02025000	07751	016432	DEF RGMEM	LINK TO EXECUTE 'RCM'
02026000	07752	016470	DEF LDMEM	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LOM'
02027000	07753	016117	DEF RCK	LINK TO EXECUTE 'RCK'
02028000	07754	016132	DEF LDK	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LOK'
02029000	07755	016543	DEF LDB	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LOB'
02030000	07756	016206	DEF VFY	LINK TO EXECUTE 'VFY'
02031000	00603		ORG ASTPA	
02032000	00603	017605	DEF CFD	
02033000	00604	017460	DEF WTRR	
02034000	00606		ORG ARDRC	
02035000	00606	017635	DEF RDREC	
02036000		*		
02037000		*		
02038000		*		
02039000	21770		ORG 21770B	
02040000	21770	016347	DEF ERD50	
02041000	21771	017566	DEF GTPR2	LINK TO GTPR2
02042000	21772	017665	DEF STPRA	
02043000		*		
02044000		*		
02045000	00600		ORG ACSTI	
02046000	00600	023750	DEF CSTIN	LINK TO CASSETTE INITIALIZATION ROUTINE

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

02048000 *
02049000 *
02050000 *
02051000 *
02052000 *
02053000 *
02054000 *
02055000 *
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02057000 *
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02117000 *
02118000 *
02119000 *
02120000 *
02121000 *
02122000 *
02123000 *
02124000 *
02125000 *
02126000 *
02127000 *
02128000 *
02129000 *
02130000 *
02131000 *
02132000 *

```

CASSETTE
OPERATING
SYSTEM

INSTRUCTIONS FOR RECORDING OR LOADING CASSETTE FILES

TO WRITE A RECORD :

1). JSM ASTPA,I - SET PERIPHERAL ADDRESS
AND COMPLETE ANY PENDING FINDS

2). T13 (RECNO) = FILE NUMBER

3). CATMP+8 (MBPTR) = STARTING ADDRESS (LOWEST MEMORY ADDRESS
TO BE RECORDED)

4). OP1+1 (LWMD) = ENDING ADDRESS (HIGHEST MEMORY ADDRESS
TO BE RECORDED)

5). MRW1+1 (RELTH) = RECORD LENGTH (LWMD - MBPTR + 1)

FILE TYPES :

NULL => 0
BINARY => 1
NUMERIC DATE => 2
MIXED STRING AND NUMERIC => 3
MEMORY => 4
KEYS => 5
USER PROGRAMS => 6

6). MRW1+3 (RECTP) = TYPE
7). JSM AWTRR,I - WRITE THE RECORD
8). ENABLE THE INTERRUPT

NOTE: THE C REGISTER IS SAVED IN T21. IF ALTERED,
THE C REGISTER SHOULD BE RESTORED FROM T21 AT THIS
POINT.

TO READ A RECORD :

1). JSM ASTPA,I - SET THE PERIPHERAL ADDRESS
2). RECNO = FILE NUMBER
3). JSM ACHST,I - POSITION THE TAPE AT FILE
4). MBPTR = STARTING ADDRESS
5). JSM ARDRC,I - READ THE RECORD
6). ENABLE INTERRUPT

NOTE: THE C REGISTER IS SAVED IN T21. IF ALTERED,
THE C REGISTER SHOULD BE RESTORED FROM T21 AT THIS
POINT.

NOTE: NO CHECK IS MADE BY THE TAPE OPERATING SYSTEM FOR ADEQUATE
ROOM IN MEMORY OR FOR PROPER FILE TYPE. THE FILE
HEAD INFORMATION
IS VALID AFTER THE CALL TO ACHST. THREE ATTEMPTS
ARE MADE
AT READING A FILE IF ERRORS ARE ENCOUNTERED,
WITH A FOURTH READ FOR RECOVERY.

THE CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM IS BASICALLY SELF CONTAINED
IT CALLS THE FOLLOWING ROUTINES EXTERNAL TO ITS PAGES:
(16K; 20K)

ABUMP, FIXPT-1, ACOUN, NGET, AERR1, AERR2, AFLNA, AFLIP
AMPUP, AMAMP, ARSGT, ACLBI, A.PRN, EOLIO, ABTDA, AASTR
DMALO, ADSPM, ALDSP, ALLOC, ACNIN, AERCS, ASSLN, AERAV
AMPUP, AMPML, AZRWM, ABSAD+1, ASPC

THE FOLLOWING TEMPORARIES ARE USED AT SOME POINT IN THE
CASSETTE SYSTEM :

T1 THROUGH T23, MRW1 THROUGH MRW1+9, OP1 THROUGH OP1 + 2

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

02133000 *      NOTE : THE C REGISTER IS SAVED IN TEMPORARY T21 ON ENTRY
02134000 *      TO ANY STATEMENT EXECUTION VIA THE INTERPRETURE
02135000 *      AND IS RESTORED ON EXIT
-----
02136000 *
02137000 * *****
02138000 *
02139000 *
02140000 *      STANDARD PROCEEDURE #1
02141000 *      THIS PROCEEDURE IS USED BY MOST ROUTINES TO GET THE FIRST
02142000 *      ENTERED PARAMETER FROM THE STACK (THE FILE NUMBER).
02143000 *
02144000 *      THE FILE NUMBER IS GOTTEN FROM THE RUN TIME EXECUTION STACK
02145000 *      IT RESIDES AS EITHER A 7 WORD ENTRY IF NUMERIC OR A THREE WORD
02146000 *      ENTRY IF A SIMPLE VARIABLE OR ARRAY ELEMENT.
02147000 *      THIS PARAMETER CAN BE OBTAINED BY THE FOLLOWING CODE:
-----
02148000 *
02149000 *      JSM ACOUN,I      THIS SETS FAPI (FLOATING POINTER IN
02150000 *                      STACK)
02151000 *      JSM NGET        THIS WILL ATTEMPT TO GET A NUMERIC PARAMETER
02152000 *                      IT WILL RETURN P+1 IF A NONNUMERIC IS EN-
02153000 *                      COUNTERED AT FAPI. IT WILL RETURN P+2 IF
02154000 *                      THE PARAMETER AT FAPI IS NUMERIC
-----
02155000 *      JMP ERR55
02156000 *      JSM FIXPT-1    FIXPT WILL RETURN THE ENTERED FLOATING POINT
02157000 *                      NUMBEH AS A BINARY NUMBER IN REGISTER B
02158000 *
02159000 *
02160000 *      THE FILE NUMBER NEED NOT BE SUPPLIED, THE DEFAULT IS ZERO
02161000 *      HOWEVER IF ANYTHING OTHER THAN A NUMERIC PARAMETER IS ENTERED
02162000 *      ERROR 55 IS GIVEN.
-----
02163000 *
02164000 *      SUCCESSIVE PARAMETERS AFTER THE FIRST ARE OBTAINED BY CALLING
02165000 *      BMP1 TO MOVE THE EXECUTION STACK POINTER (FAPI) BY ONE ENTRY
02166000 *      THEN CALLING NGET TO OBTAIN THE PARAMETER
02167000 *
02168000 *
02169000 *      EMARK IS THE CASSETTE MARK COMMAND
02170000 *
02171000 *
02172000 *
02173000 *      TEMPORARIES USED : NOREC (T10), MSIZE (T11), FLAGA
02174000 *
02175000 *
02176000 *      ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, LDXI, MRKA, ERD50, BMP1, NGET, FIXPT
02177000 *                      ASYER, AERR1
02178000 *
02179000 *
02180000 *
02181000 *
02182000 *      ON EXIT : MARK COMPLETE
02183000 *
02184000 *
02185000 *
02186000 16000 *      ORG 16000B
02187000 16000 042565 EMARK JSM GTPAR      GET THE FIRST PARAMETER
02188000 16001 035722 STB NOREC      ON RETURN B HAS THE NUMBER OF FILES
02189000 16002 042732 JSM BMP1        MOVE THE EXECUTION STACK POINTER BY ONE
02190000 16003 140424 JSM ASYER,I    MISSING PARAMETER
02191000 16004 040751 JSM NGET      GET THE NUMERIC PARAMETER ON STACK
02192000 16005 067726 JMP ERR55     NON-NUMERIC ENTRY ENCOUNTERED
02193000 16006 040843 JSM FIXPT-1  CONVERT PARAMETER TO FIXED POINT NUMBER
02194000 16007 173427 SOS MARKB    IF OVERFLOW - ERROR
02195000 16010 176423 SHM MKER1   IF NEG ERROR
02196000 16011 024254 ADB P1      ROUND THE BYTE COUNT UP
02197000 16012 173424 SOS MARKB    SEE IF OVERFLOW
02198000 16013 174500 SRR 1      MAKE BYTE COUNT A WORD COUNT
02199000 16014 076414 SZB MRK12    IF SIZE IS ZERO - CHECK FOR REQ. TO REWRITE
02200000 *                      HEAD
02201000 16015 001722 LDA NOREC    WE KNOW MSIZE#0 SO IF NOREC#0, ERROR
02202000 16016 072414 SZA MRK13
02203000 16017 035720 MRK11 STB MSIZE  B CONTAINS MAX SIZE
02204000 16020 142771 MARK7 JSM MRKA,I  MARK THE TAPE
02205000 16021 043347 JSM ERD50    CHECK FOR EROHS
02206000 *                      IF MRK ERRORS, THE LOADING OF THE RETURN
02207000 *                      VARIABLE INFO. IS DONE IN ERD50, WHICH THEN
02208000 *                      DOES A RETURN 5
02209000 16022 001676 MARK9 LDA CRECN  SET THE RETURN VARIABLE FOR A SUCCESSFUL MARK
02210000 16023 020257 ADA.MI
02211000 16024 031756 MRK10 STA FLAGA
02212000 16025 042655 JSM LDXI    LOAD THE (X)
02213000 16026 067464 JMP INTN1
02214000 16027 067464 JMP INTN1
02215000 16030 001722 MRK12 LDA NOREC  SEE IF BOTH PARAMETERTS ARE ZERO

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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02216000 16031 072466 SZA MRK11 IF BOTH ZERO REWRITE HEAD
02217000 16032 067726 MKK13 JMP ERR55 IF NOT GIVE ERROR
02218000 16033 066603 MKK11 JMP ERR53 INVALID PARAMETER ON CASSETTE COMMAND
02219000 16034 140404 ERR48 JSM AERR1,1 MARK FAILED
02220000 16035 032070 ASC 1,48
02221000 16036 066535 MARK8 JMP ERR11 ERROR 11 = OVERFLOW ERROR
02222000 *
02223000 *
02224000 *
02225000 * IDENTIFY FILE STATEMENT RETURNS FILE NUMBER, FILE TYPE,
02226000 * FILE CURRENT SIZE (IN BYTES), FILE CAPACITY (IN BYTES)
02227000 * AND TRACK (0 OR 1)
02228000 * THIS COMMAND NORMALLY RESULTS IN LITTLE OR NO TAPE MOTION ON
02229000 * EXECUTION. THE TAPE IS ALWAYS POSITIONED IN THE INTER FILE
02230000 * GAP IMMEDIATELY PRECEEDING THE FILE WHOSE HEADER WAS JUST READ.
02231000 *
02232000 * IF THE TAPE POSITION IS UNKNOWN TO THE SYSTEM,
02233000 * (AS AT-TURN-ON OR RESET, OR-ON-INSERTION OF A DIFFERENT CART.)
02234000 * THE COMMAND MUST HAVE AT LEAST ONE PARAMETER. THE TAPE WILL
02235000 * SFAHCH IN REVERSE FOR A FILE HEADER
02236000 *
02237000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
02238000 *
02239000 *
02240000 * ROUTINES CALLED : CFD, CNULL, IDRA, ERDSO, LOX1, LOX2
02241000 * LOX3, AERR1, ASYER
02242000 *
02243000 *
02244000 *
02245000 *
02246000 16037 042605 IDF JSM CFD COMPLETE ANY FINDS
02247000 16040 001705 LDA TPOS GET THE CURRENT TAPE POSITION
02248000 16041 010127 CPA P16 ARE WE LOST
02249000 16042 067075 JMP IDF2 YES LOST
02250000 16043 000005 LDA R5 CHECK TO SEE IF THE CARTRIDGE IS PULLED
02251000 16044 170501 SAR 2 AND CHECK IF TAPE IS LOST
02252000 16045 073002 SLA #2
02253000 16046 067075 JMP IDF2 LOST, SEE IF AT LEAST ONE PARAMETER IS ENTERED
02254000 16047 142777 IDF7 JSM IDRA,1 IDENTIFY THIS RECORD
02255000 16050 043347 JSM ERDSO CHECK FOR ERRORS
02256000 16051 042611 IDF5 JSM CNULL CHECK FOR ANY PARAMETERS
02257000 16052 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02258000 16053 005676 LDB CRECN GET THE VALUE FOR THE FIRST PARAMETER
02259000 16054 042660 JSM LOX2 AT LEAST ONE PARAMETER
02260000 16055 140424 JSM ASYER,1 IF HERE SOMETHING WENT WRONG !!
02261000 16056 005701 LDB RTYPE
02262000 16057 042654 JSM LOX3 TRANSFER RTYPE TO (+X)
02263000 16060 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02264000 16061 005700 LDB CSIZE
02265000 16062 174600 SBL 1 MAKE WORD COUNT A BYTE COUNT
02266000 16063 042654 JSM LOX3 TRANSFER CSIZE TO NEXT (+X)
02267000 16064 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02268000 16065 005677 LDB ASIZE
02269000 16066 174600 SBL 1 MAKE WORD COUNT A BYTE COUNT
02270000 16067 042654 JSM LOX3 TRANSFER ASIZE TO NEXT (+X)
02271000 16070 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02272000 16071 001707 LDA FLG1 GET THE COMPLEMENT OF THE TRACK
02273000 16072 170140 CMA COMPLEMENT
02274000 16073 050254 AND P1 CLEAR ALL BUT THE TRACK BIT
02275000 16074 067024 JMP MRK10 LOAD THE RETURN VARIABLE
02276000 16075 042611 IDF2 JSM CNULL CHECK FOR THE NULL PARAMETER
02277000 16076 067404 JMP ERR45 NO PARAMETERS ENTERED SO ERROR
02278000 16077 067047 JMP IDF7 AT LEAST ONE NUMERIC PARAMETER - CONTINUE
02279000 *
02280000 *
02281000 *
02282000 * FDF IS THE CASSETTE FIND FILE COMMAND
02283000 *
02284000 *
02285000 *
02286000 * TEMPORARIES USED : MRK1+6(FLG2)
02287000 *
02288000 * ROUTINES CALLED : GTPR2, ACHST, STPRA, DMALO, STOPC
02289000 *
02290000 *
02291000 *
02292000 16100 042665 FDF JSM STPRA SET THE PERIPHERAL ADDRESS
02293000 16101 142766 JSM STOPC,1 STOP THE CASSETTE
02294000 16102 042566 JSM GTPR2 GET THE FILE NUMBER
02295000 16103 005514 FDF1 LDB CSELCL PREPARE TO CALL DMA LOCKOUT
02296000 16104 140602 JSM DMALO,1
02297000 16105 067103 JMP FDF1 DMA REFUSED TRY AGAIN
02298000 16106 070430 DIR WE HAVE DMA, CONTINUE
02299000 16107 034011 STB PA SET THE PA
02300000 16110 000177 LDA P0

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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02301000 16111 030013 STA DMAPA CLEAR DMAPA ( THE DMA FLAG) IN CASE DRIVERS
02302000 * HAVE ERNOR
02303000 16112 031345 STA CSCF FORGET ANY PREVIOUS FINDS
02304000 16113 000254 LDA PI SET UP THE HARDWARE FIND
02305000 16114 031764 STA FLG2
02306000 16115 140605 JSM ACHST,I DO THE FIND
02307000 16116 067466 JMP INTEN
-----
02308000 *
02309000 *
02310000 *
02311000 *
02312000 *
02313000 *
02314000 *
02315000 * RCK IS THE CASSETTE RECORD KEYS COMMAND
02316000 *
02317000 *
02318000 * TEMPORARIES USED : MRW1+3(HECTP), OPI+1(LWMD)
02319000 *
02320000 * ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, CALTH , WTRR
02321000 *
02322000 *
02323000 *
02324000 16117 042565 RCK JSM GTPAR GET THE FILE NUMBER
02325000 16120 000142 LDA P5 KEYS ARE TYPE FIVE
02326000 16121 031761 STA HECTP
02327000 16122 001306 LDA FWAM THIS IS THE START OF THE RECORD
02328000 16123 031706 STA MBPTR
02329000 16124 005307 LDB FWUP
02330000 16125 024257 ADB M1 THIS IS THE END OF THE RECORD
02331000 16126 035743 STB LWMD
02332000 16127 042626 JSM CALTH CALCULATE THE LENGTH
02333000 16130 042460 JSM WTRR WRITE THE RECORD
02334000 16131 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
-----
02335000 *
02336000 *
02337000 * LDK IS THE CASSETTE LOAD KEYS COMMAND
02338000 * LOADING BEGINS AT THE FWAM AND OVERLAYS ANY KEYS ALREADY
02339000 * DEFINED.
02340000 *
02341000 *
02342000 * TEMPORARIES USED : OPI*1 (LWMD), FLGA (MRW1)
02343000 * TVAR1 ( OPI*2)
02344000 *
02345000 * ROUTINES CALLED : PCALL, STVFY, NEWSZ, AMAMP, AMUPH, RDREC
02346000 * CKKBE, ARSGT, SSCHK
02347000 *
02348000 *
02349000 16132 042427 LDK JSM STVFY MUST SEE IF THE STATE IS LEGAL
02350000 16133 000142 LDA P5 KEYS ARE TYPE FIVE
02351000 16134 042710 JSM PCALL PRELIMINARY CALL FOR LOADS
02352000 16135 001307 LDA FWUP
02353000 16136 031756 STA FLGA REMEMBER STARTING POINT TO UPDATE REG C,
02354000 * HERE, LEND
02355000 16137 001306 LDA FWAM THIS IS THE START OF THE LOAD
02356000 16140 031706 STA MBPTR
02357000 16141 042646 JSM NEWSZ CALCULATE MBPTR + CSIZE TO B -1 TO A
02358000 16142 034017 STB D SET POINTERS TO MOVE MEMORY
02359000 16143 174040 TCH
02360000 16144 025307 ADB FWUP WHICH DIRECTION AND HOW FAR ?
02361000 16145 176010 SRP LDK1 SKIP IF MUST MOVE LOWER
02362000 16146 001307 LDA FWUP
02363000 16147 170040 TCA SET POINTERS TO MOVE PROGRAMMING
02364000 16150 021310 ADA RMAX
02365000 16151 020017 ADA D
02366000 16152 030017 STA D
02367000 16153 140463 JSM AMUPH,I MOVE PROGRAM TO HIGHER MEMORY
02368000 16154 067156 JMP LDK7
02369000 16155 140464 LDK1 JSM AMAMP,I MOVE MEMORY LOWER
02370000 16156 042736 LDK7 JSM CKKHE SEE IF THERE IS A PROGRAM RUNNING
02371000 16157 067161 JMP LDK3 YES A PROGRAM IS RUNNING
02372000 16160 067204 JMP LDK2 NO PROGRAM RUNNING
02373000 16161 001756 LDK3 LDA FLGA INITIAL POSITION OF THE START OF THE PROGRAM
02374000 16162 170040 TCA
02375000 16163 021307 ADA FWUP THIS IS THE OFFSET TO THE C REG BECAUSE OF
02376000 * THE MOVING OF THE MEMORY
02377000 16164 031744 STA TVAR1 REMEMBER THE OFFSET
02378000 16165 005735 LDB SVC MUST RESET REG C, 'HERE', AND 'LEND'(SVC=C)
02379000 16166 024000 ADB A
02380000 16167 035735 STB SVC
02381000 16170 005265 LDB HERE
02382000 16171 024000 ADB A
02383000 16172 035265 STB HERE

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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02384000 16173 005264 LDB LEND
02385000 16174 024000 ADG A
02386000 16175 035264 STH LEND
02387000 16176 000177 LDA P0 SET THE FLAG FOR ADJUSTMENT OF GSB RETURNS
02388000 16177 031063 STA NPRUG
02389000 16200 042376 JSM SSCMK THIS ROUTINE WILL ADJUST THE GSB RETURNS
02390000 16201 140360 JSM ARSGT,I RESET THE HS GTO ADDRESSES
02391000 16202 042635 JSM KDREC READ THE RECORD
02392000 16203 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02393000 16204 042635 LMK2 JSM KDREC READ THE RECORD
02394000 16205 06A257 JMP LDF18 NO PRUGHAM SO CLEAR RUN BIT, EXIT
02395000 *
02396000 *
02397000 *
02398000 *
02399000 * VFY IS THE CASSETTE VERIFY COMMAND. IT MUST BE THE FIRST
02400000 * CASSETTE STATEMENT AFTER A RECORD OR LOAD STATEMENT
02401000 * OR ITS PARAMETERS MAY BE DESTROYED
-----
02402000 *
02403000 * ON ENTRY : THE INFORMATION FOR THE TAPE TO BE VERIFIED AGAINST
02404000 * IT'S COUNTERPART IN MEMORY.
-----
02405000 *
02406000 * ON EXIT : VERIFY COMPLETE UNLESS ERROR 44 OCCURES - VERIFY FAILED
02407000 *
02408000 *
02409000 *
02410000 *
02411000 * TEMPORARIES USED : RECNO
02412000 *
02413000 * ROUTINES CALLED : CFD, ACOUN, VREC, CNULL, LDX2, ASYER
02414000 *
02415000 *
02416000 16206 042605 VFY JSM CFD COMPLETE ANY PENDING FINDS
02417000 16207 001676 LDA CRECN MUST DO THIS IN CASE
02418000 16210 020257 ADA M1 RECNO IS CHANGED, TPOS = 2 ON ENTRY
02419000 16211 031725 STA RECNO RESTORE THE TARGET RECORD NUMBER
02420000 16212 140610 JSM ACOUN,I SET FAPI
02421000 16213 043227 JSM VREC VERIFY THE RECORD
02422000 16214 067223 JMP VFY1 NO ERROR RETURN
02423000 16215 042611 VFY2 JSM CNULL CHECK FOR THE NULL PARAMETER
02424000 16216 066511 JMP ERR44 NO NUMERIC PARAMETER SO GIVE ERROR
02425000 16217 004254 LDB P1 ERROR - VERIFY HAS FAILED
02426000 16220 042660 VFY3 JSM LDX2 LOAD NEXT XI
02427000 16221 140424 JSM ASYER,I BAD NEWS IF GET HERE
02428000 16222 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02429000 16223 042611 VFY1 JSM CNULL SEE IF WE HAVE A RETURN VARIABLE
02430000 16224 067464 JMP INTN1 NO NUMERIC RETURN VARIABLE SO DONE
02431000 16225 004177 LDB P0
02432000 16226 067220 JMP VFY3 LOAD THE RETURN VARIABLE
02433000 *
02434000 *
02435000 *
02436000 * VREC DOES A VERIFY ON THE CURRENT FILE NUMBER
02437000 *
02438000 *
02439000 * TEMPORARIES USED : INSTR (T11)
02440000 *
02441000 *
02442000 * ROUTINES CALLED : ACHST, HBDYA, ERD50
02443000 *
02444000 *
02445000 16227 140605 VREC JSM ACHST,I REPOSITION THE TAPE
02446000 16230 002744 LDA CPBCD CPB PTR,I COMMAND FOR VERIFY
02447000 16231 031723 STA INSTR
02448000 16232 142775 JSM HRDYA,I DO THE VERIFY
02449000 16233 043347 JSM ERD50 CHECK FOR ERRORS
02450000 16234 170201 HET 1
02451000 16235 170202 HFT 2 CONTINUE RETURN FROM ERD50
02452000 *
02453000 *
02454000 * *****
02455000 *
02456000 * * TLIST: STATEMENT TO LIST FILE DESCRIPTIONS
02457000 *
02458000 * *****
02459000 *
02460000 * ROUTINES CALLED : CFD, IDRA, ERD50, ACLBI, A.PRN, ACHST
02461000 * ASPC, EOLIO, ABTOA
02462000 *
02463000 * TEMPORARIES USED : RECNO
02464000 *
02465000 *
02466000 16236 042605 ETLIS JSM CFD COMPLETE ANY PENDING FINDS
02467000 16237 142777 JSM IDRA,I IDENTIFY CURRENT TAPE POSITION
02468000 16240 043347 JSM ERD50 CHECK FOR ERRORS

```

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

02469000 16241 140450 JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR THE I/O BUFFER
02470000 16242 003320 LDA HEAD1 TRANSFER THE TRACK NO. HEADING TO THE BUFFER
02471000 16243 004313 LDB AIBUF
02472000 16244 071401 XFR 2
02473000 16245 001707 LDA FLG1 GET THE CURRENT TRACK NUMBER
02474000 16246 170140 CMA
02475000 16247 050254 AND P1
02476000 16250 063323 IOR BZ
02477000 16251 130317 STA TLPTR,I AND FILL IN THE TRACK NO.
02478000 16252 140444 JSM A,PRN,I THEN PRINT THE LINE.
02479000 *
02480000 * START OF MAIN TLIST LOOP
02481000 *
02482000 16253 001676 LDA CRECN SET UP THE TARGET RECORD NUMBER
02483000 16254 031725 STA RECNO
02484000 16255 070420 TLIS1 EIR TURN ON INTERRUPT FOR STOP FLAG
02485000 16256 001206 LDA .WKC CHECK THE "STOP FLAG" BEFORE EACH NEW IDF.
02486000 16257 010254 CPA P1
02487000 16260 063312 JMP TLIS3 AND GET OUT IF IT IS SET.
02488000 16261 070430 DIR TURN OFF INTERRUPTS
02489000 *
02490000 16262 001514 LDA CSELC SET THE PERIPHERAL ADDRESS OF THE CASSETTE.
02491000 16263 030011 STA PA
02492000 16264 140605 JSM ACHST,I FIND THE NEXT FILE AND READ THE HEADER.
02493000 *
02494000 16265 140450 TLIS6 JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR THE I/O BUFFER FOR THE NEXT LINE.
02495000 16266 003326 LDA BNOBK GET THE # SIGN FOR FILE NUMBER
02496000 16267 130313 STA AIBUF,I PUT AT START OF LINE
02497000 16270 001676 LDA CRECN
02498000 16271 004314 LDB AIBFX
02499000 16272 043317 JSM DMPNO
02500000 *
02501000 16273 140444 JSM A,PRN,I PRINT THE FILE NUMBER LINE
02502000 16274 140450 JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR THE I/O BUFFER
02503000 16275 001701 LDA RTYPE GET THE RECORD TYPE
02504000 16276 004314 LDB AIBFX
02505000 16277 043317 JSM DMPNO
02506000 *
02507000 16300 001700 LDA CSIZE
02508000 16301 007324 LDB CS
02509000 16302 043316 JSM DMPNO-1
02510000 *
02511000 16303 001677 LDA ASIZE
02512000 16304 007325 LDB AS
02513000 16305 043316 JSM DMPNO-1
02514000 *
02515000 16306 140444 JSM A,PRN,I PRINT THE LINE IN THE I/O BUFFER
02516000 *
02517000 16307 045725 ISZ RECNO GET READY TO FIND THE NEXT FILE.
02518000 16310 001677 LDA ASIZE IF THE NULL F. NOT BEEN REACHED, KEEP TLISTING.
02519000 16311 072044 RZA TLIS1
02520000 *
02521000 16312 000144 TLIS3 LDA P3 PRINT THREE BLANK LINES
02522000 16313 140571 JSM ASPC,I PRINT THE BLANK LINES.
02523000 16314 040710 JSM EOLIO
02524000 16315 067664 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02525000 *
02526000 * SUBROUTINES FOR TLIST
02527000 *
02528000 16316 170600 SAL 1
02529000 16317 164477 DMPNO JMP ABTOA,I BUILD THE NO. IN <A> IN THE I/O BUFFER STARTING
02530000 * AT CHARACTER ADDRESS <B> + 1
02531000 *
02532000 *
02533000 * TLIST CONSTANTS AND EQUATES.
02534000 *
02535000 *
02536000 16320 016321 HEAD1 DEF *+1
02537000 16321 072162 DEC 29810 T R
02538000 16322 065440 DEC 27424 K BLANK
02539000 16323 020060 HZ OCT 020060 ASCII: BLANK, ZERO
02540000 000317 TLPTR EQU AIBSL POINTER FOR TRACK DIGIT
02541000 16324 177066 CS OFF Ibuff+2,I
02542000 16325 177071 AS DEF Ibuff+5,I
02543000 077206 .WKC EQU IOTMP
02544000 16326 021440 BNOBK OCT 21440
02545000 *
02546000 *
02547000 * ERST IS THE CASSETTE ERASE COMMAND
02548000 *
02549000 *
02550000 *
02551000 * TEMPORARIES USED 1 NONE

```

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

02550000 *
02551000 *
02552000 *   ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, ERSA, ERD50
02553000 *
02554000 *
02555000 *
02556000 *
02557000 *
02558000 16327 042565 ERSTP JSM GTPAR      GET THE FILE NUMBER
02559000 16330 140605      JSM ACHST,I    POSITION THE TAPE
02560000 16331 142776      JSM ERSA,I     DO THE ERASE
02561000 16332 043347      JSM ERD50     CHECK FOR ERRORS
02562000 16333 067464      JMP INTN1     ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02563000 *
02564000 *
02565000 *
02566000 *   THE REWIND COMMAND SETS THE HARDWARE IN REVERSE, HS MODE
02567000 *   AND SEARCHES FOR THE BEGINNING OF TAPE.  ONCE INITIATED, THE
02568000 *   REWIND OPERATION TERMINATES BY ITSELF
02569000 *
02570000 *
02571000 *
02572000 *   TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
02573000 *
02574000 *   ROUTINES CALLED BY THIS ROUTINE : STPRA, REWA, ERD50
02575000 *
02576000 *
02577000 *
02578000 *
02579000 16334 043340 EREW  JSM EREW1
02580000 16335 067464      JMP INTN1     EXECUTION HERE IF NOT AN IMMEDIATE EXECUTE KEY
02581000 16336 000263 HWFKB LDA FLAG      SET FLAG THAT THIS IS A HARDWARE SIM. REWIND
02582000 16337 031613      STA LKTMP+6
02583000 *
02584000 *
02585000 *
02586000 *
02587000 16340 042665 EREW1 JSM STPRA     SET THE PA
02588000 16341 142772      JSM REWA,I    REWIND TAPE
02589000 16342 043347      JSM ERD50     CHECK FOR HARDWARE ERRORS
02590000 16343 070420 ERU21 EJR
02591000 16344 000177      LDA P0        CLEAR THE HARDWARE SIM, REWIND FLAG
02592000 16345 031613      STA LKTMP+6
02593000 16346 170201      RET 1
02594000 *
02595000 *
02596000 *
02597000 *
02598000 *
02599000 *   ERD50 IS CALLED WHEN THE CASSETTE DRIVERS SOFTWARE ENCOUNTERS
02600000 *   AN ERROR.  THIS ERROR IS LOGGED AS A ONE (SET BIT ) AT THE PROPE-
02601000 *   BIT LOCATION IN ERRWD.  ERD50 DECODES THE WORD ( BIT 15, BIT 14,
02602000 *   ETC. TO BIT 5 ) AND THE PROPER ERROR IS DISPLAYED OR SOME OTHER
02603000 *   ACTION IS TAKEN.
02604000 *
02605000 *   NOTE! IF THIS ROUTINE IS CALLED WITH BITS 0-4 SET ON ERRWD
02606000 *   =0, THE SYSTEM WILL HANG UP OR FAIL.
02607000 *
02608000 *
02609000 *   ON ENTRY : ERRWD HAS BIT(S) SET CORRESPONDING TO THE ERROR(S)
02610000 *   WHICH OCCURED
02611000 *
02612000 *
02613000 *
02614000 *   ON EXIT : RETURNS IF FURTHER ACTION MUST BE TAKEN, AS LOADING
02615000 *   AN OPTIONAL PARAMETER
02616000 *   OTHERWISE THE RETURN IS TO CONTROL SUPERVISOR VIA AERR1
02617000 *
02618000 *
02619000 *
02620000 *
02621000 *
02622000 *
02623000 *   ROUTINES CALLED : AERR1, PTBRA, LDXI
02624000 *
02625000 *
02626000 *
02627000 *
02628000 *
02629000 16347 004135 ERD50 LDB P10
02630000 16350 001763      LDA ERRWD     GET ERROR WORD
02631000 16351 172404 ERU1  SAM ERD2     SKIP IF BIT 15 SET
02632000 16352 024257      ADB M1        COUNT IF NO ERROR BIT SET
02633000 16353 170600      SAL 1         MOVE NEXT BIT TO MSB
02634000 16354 067351      JMP ERD1     CONTINUE
02635000 16355 003360 ERU2  LDA ERADD    GET THE JMP TABLE ADDRESS
02636000 16356 020001      ANA B         CALCULATE THE OFFSET
02637000 16357 164000      JMP A,I       JUMP THROUGH THE JMP TABLE

```

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

02634000 16360 016361 ERADD DEF *+1
02639000
02640000 16361 067404 JMP ERR45
02641000 16362 067417 JMP ERD11
02642000 16363 067415 JMP ERR47
02643000 16364 067406 JMP ERDS9
02644000 16365 067403 JMP ERD14
02645000 16366 067430 JMP ERR65
02646000 16367 067401 JMP ERR42
02647000 16370 067373 JMP ERR43
02648000 16371 067373 JMP ERR43
02649000 16372 067375 JMP ERR41
02650000 16373 140404 ERR43 JSM AERR1,I POWER DOWN, SERVO FAILED, UNEXPECTED ROT OR EC
02651000 * BITS 15,13,12
02652000 16374 032063 ASC 1,43
02653000 16375 061613 ERR41 LDA LKTMP+6 IF THIS IS SET WE GIVE NO ERROR
02654000 16376 172445 SAM ERD21 RETURN 1
02655000 16377 140404 JSM AERR1,I CARTRIDGE OUT
02656000 * BIT 14
02657000 16400 032061 ASC 1,41
02658000 16401 140404 ERR42 JSM AERR1,I CARTRIDGE PROTECTED
02659000 * BIT 11
02660000 16402 032062 ASC 1,42
02661000 * BIT 9 IS VERIFY ERROR
02662000 16403 170202 ERD14 RET 2 ERROR - VERIFY HAS FAILED LOAD (,X)
02663000 16404 140404 ERR45 JSM AERR1,I EXECUTION OF IDF WITHOUT PARAMETERS ON MRK
02664000 * WHILE THE TAPE IS LOST
02665000 * BIT 5
02666000 16405 032065 ASC 1,45
02667000 16406 054762 ERD59 USZ LUTRS COUNT THIS TRY AT LOADING, SEE IF DONE
02668000 16407 170202 RET 2 TRY AGAIN
02669000 16410 001701 ERD20 LDA RTYPE IF TYPE IS PROGRAM MUST PATCH BRIDGS
02670000 16411 010141 CPA P6
02671000 16412 166770 JMP PTBRA,I PATCH UP LINE BRIDGES AND DO RETURN
02672000 16413 140404 ERR46 JSM AERR1,I PARTITION ERROR - RECOVERY CYCLE IS COMPLETE
02673000 16414 032066 ASC 1,46 PARTITION ERROR, BIT 8 OF ERRWD
02674000 *
02675000 *
02676000 16415 140404 ERR47 JSM AERR1,I HEAD READ ERROR
02677000 * BIT 7
02678000 16416 032067 ASC 1,47
02679000 16417 005676 ERD11 LDH CRECN MARK WAS UNSUCCESSFUL, LOAD (,X) BIT 6
02680000 *
02681000 16420 024257 ADH M1 THE (,X)
02682000 16421 174040 TCH
02683000 16422 035756 STB FLAGA
02684000 16423 042655 JSM LDXI LOAD THE (,X) PARAMETER
02685000 16424 067034 JMP ERR48 NO (,X) PRESENT SO GIVE ERROR
02686000 16425 170205 RET 5 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02687000 16426 140404 ERR49 JSM AERR1,I FILE TOO SMALL
02688000 16427 032071 ASC 1,49
02689000 *
02690000 ERR45 JSM AERR1,I FILE NOT FOUND, BIT 10
02691000 16430 140404 ASC 1,65
02692000 *
02693000 *
02694000 *
02695000 *
02696000 *
02697000 *
02698000 *
02699000 *
02700000 *
02701000 *
02702000 *
02703000 *
02704000 *
02705000 *
02706000 *
02707000 *
02708000 *
02709000 *
02710000 *
02711000 *
02712000 *
02713000 *
02714000 *
02715000 *
02716000 *
02717000 *
02718000 *
02719000 *

```

RCMEM RECORDS ON THE CASSETTE THE ENTIRE READ/WRITE
MEMORY INCLUDING SELECTED REGISTERS

SYNTAX I L.C. RCM (FILE #)

ON ENTRY: CONTROL IS HERE IF RCM IS ENCOUNTERED BY
THE INTERPRETER. THE FILE NUMBER IS
OPTIONAL BUT IF PRESENT IT IS ON THE RUN-
TIME EXECUTION STACK AND IS GOTTEN BY THE
"STANDARD PROCEDURE 1"

ON EXIT: DUMP COMPLETE UNLESS ERRORS ARE ENCOUNTERED

TEMPORARIES USED: RECTP (MRW1+3), SEFLG (MRW1+2)
TVAN3, SVC, T22, T23

ROUTINES CALLED: GTPAR, STPRL, WTRR, HINUI

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

02720000
02721000
02722000
02723000 16432 000003 RCMEM LDA M          SAVE THE RETURN STACK POINTER
02724000 16433 130324          STA ASTK1,I        STORE ON COMPILE STACK
02725000 16434 042565          JSM GTPAR          GET THE FILE NUMBER
02726000 16435 042622          JSM STPRL         SET UP MEMORY RECORD ADDRESSES
02727000 16436 000143          LDA P4
02728000 16437 031761          STA RECTP
02729000 16440 001062          LDA ROMWD        GET THE 'ROMS PRESENT ON SYSTEM' WORD
02730000 16441 031742          STA IVAN3        PREPARE TO PUT IT IN THE HEADER
02731000 16442 000254          LDA P1
02732000 16443 031736          STA T22         SET FLAG FOR BINARY
02733000 16444 100327          LDA AROMS,I     SAVE THE BINARY "PRESENT" LINK
02734000 16445 031737          STA T23
02735000 16446 043607          JSM BINUI        UNINITIALIZE THE BINARY PROGRAM
02736000
02737000 16447 004324 RCM3  LDH ASTK1    THESE GO INTO THE COMPILE STACK
02738000 16450 034016          STB C           SET THE POINTER
02739000 16451 001735          LDA SVC         SAVE REG C (SVC=C)
02740000 16452 070540          PWC A,I        SAVE THE OLD C REGISTER ( STILL IN A )
02741000 16453 000301          LDA AJSMS      33 WORDS , STARTING HERE MUST BE SAVED
02742000 16454 030017          STA U          SET UP THE POINTER
02743000 16455 004162          LDB M32        SET THIS COUNTER TO ONE LESS THAN THE
02744000
02745000
02746000 16456 070570 RCM2  MWD A,I     ABS. VALUE OF THE NUMBER OF WORDS TO BE
02747000 16457 070540          PWC A,I        TRANSFERED
02748000 16460 076176          HIB RCM2
02749000 16461 042460          JSM MJRR       WRITE THE RECORD
02750000 16462 001737          LDA T23        RESTORE THE BINARY LINK
02751000 16463 130327          STA AROMS,I
02752000
02753000
02754000
02755000
02756000
02757000
02758000
02759000
02760000
02761000
02762000
02763000
02764000
02765000
02766000
02767000 16464 001735 INTN1 LDA SVC     RESTORE THE C REGISTER
02768000 16465 030016 INTN2 STA C
02769000 16466 070420 INTEN EIR
02770000 16467 164365          JMP AINTX,I
02771000
02772000
02773000
02774000
02775000
02776000
02777000
02778000
02779000
02780000
02781000
02782000
02783000
02784000
02785000
02786000
02787000
02788000
02789000
02790000
02791000
02792000
02793000
02794000
02795000
02796000 16470 000143 LDMEM LDA P4     MEMORY IS TYPE 4
02797000 16471 042710          JSM PCALL      PRELIMINARY CALL FOR LOADS
02798000 16472 042622          JSM STPHL     SET UP MEMORY LOAD (START AND END ADDRESS)
02799000 16473 000126          LDA P17      SET COUNTER FOR ROM ID
02800000 16474 031711          STA T1
02801000 16475 001704          LDA EX2      GET THE OLD ROM WORD
02802000 16476 005062          LDB ROMWD    GET THE NEW ROM WORD
02803000 16477 073007 LDM7  SLA LDM5   SKIP LSB A = 0 = ROM GONE
02804000 16500 077014          SLB ERR52    SKIP IF B=0= ROM GONE

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

02805000-16501 170500 LDM8 SAR I LOOK AT THE NEXT BIT
02806000 16502 174500 SRM 1
02807000 16503 055711 DSZ T1 SEE IF DONE WITH ROMWD, THERE ARE ALWAYS
02808000 16504 067477 JMP LDM7 2 EXTRA PASSES TO ZERO THE COUNTER BUT THEY
02809000 * ARE ZERO
02810000 16505 067517 JMP LDM10
02811000 16506 077073 LDM5 SLB LDM8 SKIP LSB = 0 = ROM ABSENT
02812000 16507 140405 ERH51 JSM AERR2,I ERROR = ROM #T1 IS PRESENT BUT WAS NOT
02813000 16510 032461 ASC 1,51 PRESENT AT RCM
02814000 16511 001711 LUM9 LDA T1 ROM ID TO REGISTER A
02815000 16512 070420 EIR
02816000 16513 164357 JMP ADSRM,I DISPLAY ROM ID CODE
02817000 16514 140405 ERH52 JSM AERR2,I ERROR = ROM #T1 IS NOT PRESENT BUT SHOULD BE !!
02818000 16515 032462 ASC 1,52
02819000 16516 067511 JMP LDM9
02820000 16517 042724 LUM10 JSM CHSIZ SEE IF IT WILL FIT
02821000 16520 001700 LDA CSIZE MUST CALC. AJSMS-CSIZE AS START OF LOAD
02822000 16521 170040 TCA IN CASE MEMORY IS LARGER THAN FILE
02823000 16522 020301 ADA AJSMS
02824000 16523 031706 STA MBPTR
02825000 16524 042635 JSM HDREC READ THE RECORD
02826000 16525 140433 JSM ALDSP,I DISPLAY I/O BUFFER
02827000 16526 000324 LDA ASTK1
02828000 16527 030017 STA D
02829000 16530 070571 WWD H,I GET REGISTER R FROM THE COMPILE STACK
02830000 16531 034003 STB R
02831000 16532 070570 WWD A,I
02832000 16533 031735 STA SVC GET THE C REGISTER AND SAVE IT (SVC=C)
02833000 16534 004300 LDB AJSTK THE REST OF THE WORDS GO HERE AND HIGHER
02834000 16535 034016 STB C
02835000 16536 004162 LDB M32
02836000 * SET THIS COUNTER TO ONE LESS THAN THE
02837000 * ABS. VALUE OF THE NUMBER OF WORDS TO BE
02838000 * TRANSFERED
02839000 16537 070570 LUM1 WWD A,I
02840000 16540 070540 PWC A,I RESTORE THE JSM RETURN SYACK
02841000 16541 076176 RIB LUM1
02842000 16542 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02843000 *
02844000 *
02845000 *
02846000 *
02847000 * LDB IS THE CASSETTE LOAD BINARY PTOGRAMS COMMAND
02848000 *
02849000 * SYNTAX L.C. LDB (<FILE NUMBER>)
02850000 *
02851000 *
02852000 * ON ENTRY : CONTROL HERE IF INTERPRETURE RECOGNIZES LDB
02853000 * STATEMENT. THE FILE NUMBER IS ON THE RUN-TIME
02854000 * EXECUTION STACK AND CAN BE GOTTEN BY "STANDARD
02855000 * PROCEDURE #1"
02856000 *
02857000 *
02858000 *
02859000 *
02860000 * TEMPORARIES USED : T22
02861000 *
02862000 * ROUTINES CALLED : PCALL, BINSZ, RDREC, AERR1, BINUI, ALLOC
02863000 *
02864000 *
02865000 *
02866000 16543 000254 LDB LDA P1 BINARY PROGRAMS ARE TYPE 1
02867000 16544 042710 JSM PCALL PRELIMINARY CALL FOR LOADS
02868000 * PCALL WILL GET THE FILE NUMBER, POSITION
02869000 * THE TAPE, CHECK FOR TYPE =1 (BINARY)
02870000 16545 043602 JSM BINSZ LWAM = CSIZE + 5 TO A
02871000 16546 005313 LDB FWBA THIS IS THE FIRST WORD OF THE BINARY AREA
02872000 16547 174040 TCB
02873000 16550 020001 ADA B
02874000 16551 172415 SAM LDB1 BINARY PROGRAM WILL NOT FIT IN MEMORY
02875000 16552 043602 LVB2 JSM BINSZ
02876000 16553 031706 STA MBPIR
02877000 16554 000177 LDA P0
02878000 16555 031736 STA T22 CLEAR THIS FLAG FOR BINARY
02879000 16556 043607 JSM BINUI UNINITILIZE THE BINARY PROGRAM
02880000 16557 042635 JSM HDREC READ THE RECORD
02881000 16560 000330 LDA LWAM GET THE ADDRESS OF THE BINARY PROGRAM LINKS
02882000 16561 130327 STA AROMS,I ADD THE BINARY'S ADDRESS TO THE TABLE
02883000 16562 020143 ADA P4 POINT AT THE INITIALIZATION ENTRY
02884000 16563 100000 LDA A,I GET THE ADDRESS OF THE INITIALIZATION ROUTINE
02885000 16564 140000 JSM A,I RUN THE INITIALIZATION ROUTINE
02886000 16565 067464 JMP INTN1 ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
02887000 16566 001313 LUB1 LDA FWBA SEE IF THE VALUE TABLE IS EMPTY

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--- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ---

```

02844000 16567 011311 * CPA VFI IF EMPTY, WE CAN TRY TO ALOCATE SPACE
02844000 16570 067573 * JMP LDH2 IT IS EMPTY
02844000 16571 140404 * ERM54 JSM AERR1,I BINARY PROGRAM WILL NOT FIT
02844000 16572 032464 * ASC 1,54
02844000 16573 021700 * LHM2 ADA CSIZE CALCULATE THE AMOUNT OF MEMORY REQUIRED
02844000 16574 170040 * TCA
02844000 16575 020140 * ADA P7 ALLOW FOR 7 WORD ID TABLE
02844000 16576 020330 * ADA LWAM
02844000 16577 140370 * JSM ALLOC,I MOVE THE EXECUTION STACK
02844000 16600 031313 * STA FWBA A RETURNS WITH THE FIRST WORD AVAIL.
02844000 16601 067552 * JMP LVBN2
02844000 *
02900000 *
02901000 * BINSZ CALCULATES LWAM - CSIZE TO REGISTER A
02902000 *
02903000 *
02904000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
02905000 *
02906000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
02907000 *
02908000 *
02909000 *
02910000 16602 001700 * BINSZ LDA CSIZE
02911000 16603 170040 * TCA
02912000 16604 020330 * ADA LWAM
02913000 16605 020140 * ADA P7
02914000 16606 170201 * HNSZ1 RET I
02915000 *
02916000 *
02917000 *
02918000 * BINUI IS A ROUTINE TO ALLOW THE BINARY PROGRAM TO
02919000 * "CLEAN UP" AFTER ITSELF WHEN IT IS REMOVED FROM THE SYSTEM
02920000 * AS ON AN RCM OR LDB STATEMENT
02921000 *
02922000 *
02923000 *
02924000 16607 100327 * BINUI LDA AROMS,I SEE IF BINARY PRESENT
02925000 16610 072476 * SZA BNSZ1
02926000 16611 020141 * ADA P6
02927000 16612 100000 * LDA A,I GET THE ADDRESS
02928000 16613 164000 * JMP A,I DO THE UNINITIALIZATION AND RETURN
02929000 *
02930000 *
02931000 *
02932000 *
02933000 *
02934000 * THIS IS THE RECORD PROG. AND DATA STATEMENT.
02935000 *
02936000 *
02937000 * TEMPORARIES USED : RELTH, FLAGA, LWMD
02938000 * RECTP, SEFLG, TVAR3
02939000 *
02940000 * ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, BMP1, GWTWH, CHNP2, NGET
02941000 * CALTH, CHNTP
02942000 * CHSEC, ASYER, NEGCK, RCFB, AERR1
02943000 *
02944000 16614 043715 * HCFZ JSM NEGCK IS THIS AN R - REGISTER ?
02945000 16615 067631 * JMP RCP11 NOT AN R - REGISTER
02946000 16616 067620 * JMP RCF4 DONE ONLY ONE R - REGISTER
02947000 16617 067625 * JMP HCFK LEGAL SET OF TWO R - REGISTERS
02948000 16620 001277 * HCF4 LDA ENDS ONLY ONE R - REG ENTERED
02949000 16621 020254 * ADA P1
02950000 16622 031706 * STA MHPTR
02951000 16623 001756 * LDA FLAGA
02952000 16624 020144 * ADA P3
02953000 16625 031743 * HCFK STA LWMD
02954000 *
02955000 16626 000145 * LDA P2 DATA IS TYPE 2
02956000 16627 031761 * STA RECTP
02957000 16630 067704 * JMP RCP10
02958000 16631 043741 * RCP11 JSM RCFB SIMPLE VARIABLE, ARRAY OR STRING
02959000 16632 067704 * JMP RCP10 DONE
02960000 *
02961000 *
02962000 *
02963000 * THIS IS THE ENTRY TO THE CODE FOR THE RCF STATEMENT
02964000 *
02965000 *
02966000 16633 042565 * HCF JSM GTPAR GET THE FILE NUMBER
02967000 16634 000257 * LDA M1 SET FIRST FLAG
02968000 16635 031757 * STA RELTH
02969000 16636 000177 * LDA P0
02970000 16637 031742 * STA TVAR3 CLEAR THIS VARIABLE FOR EX2 (STRING COUNT)
02971000 16640 042732 * JSM BMP1 MOVE THE STACK POINTER BY ONE
02972000 16641 067672 * JMP RCP1 NO MORE PARAMETERS - MUST BR PROGRAM RECORD

```

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

02973000	16442	042703	JSM GWTMH	GET THE WHAT AND WHERE WORD
02974000	16443	035756	STB FLAGA	SAVE THE 'WHERE' WORD
02975000	16444	035706	STB MRPTR	
02976000	16445	172447	SAM RCFZ	SKIP IF THE PARAMETER IS A VARIABLE
02977000	16446	042517	JSM CHNP2	CHECK OUT THIS PARAMETER
02978000				IF HERE WE DO NOT HAVE A VARIABLE SO
02979000				RECORD THE USER PROGRAM
02980000	16447	140424	JSM ASYER,I	NO MORE PARAMETERS - MAY NEVER HAPPEN
02981000	16450	067707	JMP RCP2	NON-NUMERIC RETURN
02982000	16451	064722	JMP ERLNF	COULD NOT FIND LINE ADDRESS
02983000	16452	031706	STA MBPTR	THIS IS THE START OF THE RECORD
02984000	16453	042515	JSM CHNTP	
02985000	16454	067674	JMP RCP4	NO MORE PARAMETERS
02986000	16455	067711	JMP RCP5	A NON-NUMERIC PARAMETER AS 'SE'
02987000	16456	067663	JMP RCP6	LINE ADDRESS COULD NOT BE FOUND, ADDRESS SET
02988000				TO ENDS
02989000	16457	004000	LDB A	B IS THE ADDRESS OF LN2
02990000	16460	100001	LDA B,I	GET THE LINE BRIDGE
02991000	16461	050053	AND B177	CLEAR THE HIGH ORDER BITS
02992000	16462	020001	ADA B	MAKE ADDRESS OF NEXT LINE BRIDGE
02993000	16463	031743	RCP6 STA LWMD	THIS IS THE LAST ADDRESS TO BE RECORDED
02994000	16464	042732	RCP9 JSM BMP1	MOVE FAP1
02995000	16465	067676	JMP RCP7	NO MORE PARAMETERS - DONE
02996000	16466	040751	JSM NGFT	SEE IF IT IS A NUMBER, IT SHOULD NOT BE
02997000	16467	067713	JMP RCP8	OK COULD BE "SE" OR "DB"
02998000	16470	140404	ERN58 JSM AERR1,I	INVALID OR MISSING 'SE'
02999000	16471	032470	ASC 1,58	
03000000	16472	001307	RCP1 LDA RWUR	
03001000	16473	031706	STA MBPTR	THIS IS THE STARTING ADDRESS OF THE RECORD
03002000	16474	001277	RCP4 LDA ENDS	SET UP END ADDRESS
03003000	16475	031743	STA LWMD	
03004000	16476	000141	RCP7 LDA P6	USER'S PROGRAM IS TYPE 6
03005000	16477	031761	STA RECTP	
03006000	16700	001760	LDA SEFLG	SEE IF CALCULATOR ALREADY SECURE
03007000	16701	012003	HZA RCP10	IF NOT ZERO, DO NOT USE SYSTEM SECURE FLAG
03008000	16702	001315	LDA STYFG	IF "SE" NOT REQUESTED USE THIS AS THE SECURITY
03009000	16703	031760	STA SEFLG	
03010000	16704	042426	RCP10 JSM CALTH	CALCULATE RECORD LENGTH
03011000	16705	042460	JSM WTRH	WRITE THE RECORD
03012000	16706	067464	JMP INTN1	ENABL ETHE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
03013000	16707	042541	RCP2 JSM CHSEC	CHECK FOR SECURITY REQUEST
03014000	16710	067672	JMP RCP1	
03015000	16711	042541	RCP5 JSM CHSEC	CHECK TO SEE IF SECURE REQUEST
03016000	16712	067674	JMP RCP4	
03017000	16713	042541	RCP8 JSM CHSEC	CHECK SECURITY REQUEST
03018000	16714	067676	JMP RCP7	
03019000				
03020000				THIS ROUTINE CHECKS TO SEE IF THE PARAMETER ENTERED WAS AN
03021000				R - REGISTER
03022000				
03023000				ON EXIT : RET 1 =PARAMETER WAS NOT AN R - REGISTER
03024000				RET 2 =NO MORE PARAMETERS
03025000				RET 3 =ANOTHER R-REGISTER
03026000				A=ADDRESS OF THE LAST WORD OF THIS R-REGISTER
03027000				
03028000				TEMPORARIES USED : FLAGA (MRW1)
03029000				
03030000				ROUTINES CALLED : REG., BMP1, GWTMH
03031000				
03032000				
03033000				
03034000				
03035000				
03036000	16715	043735	REGCK JSM REG.	IS THIS AN R - REGISTER ?
03037000	16716	170201	RET 1	NOT AN R - REGISTER
03038000	16717	042732	JSM BMP1	MOVE THE STACK POINTER BY ONE
03039000	16720	170202	RET 2	NO MORE PARAMETERS
03040000	16721	042703	JSM GWTMH	GET THE WHAT AND WHERE WORDS
03041000	16722	001756	LDA FLAGA	
03042000	16723	170040	TCA	
03043000	16724	020001	ADA B	IS B < FLAGA ?
03044000	16725	172003	SAP RCF5	SKIP IF B < FLAGA
03045000	16726	140404	ERN55 JSM AERR1,I	ILLEGAL PARAMETER
03046000	16727	032465	ASC 1,55	
03047000	16730	043735	RCP5 JSM REG.	IS THIS AN R - REGISTER ?
03048000	16731	067726	JMP ERR55	NOT AN R - REGISTER
03049000	16732	000001	LDA B	YES AN R - REGISTER
03050000	16733	020144	ADA P3	
03051000	16734	170203	RET 3	
03052000				
03053000				
03054000				REG. CHECKS FOR THIS ENTRY BEING AN R - REGISTER
03055000				

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03058000
03057000
03054000 16735 042703 REG. JSM GWTWH GET THE WHAT WORD AND ABSOLUTE ADDRESS
03059000 16736 010270 CPA FVRWA IS IT AN R-REGISTER?
03060000 16737 170202 RET 2 YES
03061000 16740 170201 RET 1 NO
03062000
03063000
03064000
03065000
03066000
03067000
03068000
03069000
03070000
03071000
03072000
03073000
03074000
03075000
03076000
03077000
03078000
03079000
03080000
03081000
03082000
03083000
03084000
03085000
03086000
03087000
03088000 16741 000305 HCFB LDA ASTAK SET THE POINTER TO THE COMPILE STACK
03089000 16742 031744 STA TVAR1
03090000 16743 000145 LDA P2
03091000 16744 031761 STA RECTP DATA IS TYPE 2
03092000 16745 101272 RCFB9 LDA FAP1,I MUST CHECK FOR VARIABLE
03093000 16746 172402 SAM HCF6
03094000 16747 067726 JMP ERR55 INVALID DATA LIST ON RCF OR LDF
03095000 16750 052750 RCF6 AND SATMP CLEAR OUT THE LINK BITS
03096000 16751 010267 CPA FVRWH IS THIS A S. VAR. OR ARRAY ELEMENT?
03097000 16752 066020 JMP HCFD HERE IF SIMPLE VARIABLE OR ARRAY ELEMENT
03098000
03099000
03100000
03101000 16753 042452 JSM CTYPE CHECK THE TYPE OF THIS ENTRY
03102000 16754 067775 JMP RCF3 THIS ENTRY NOT A STRING
03103000 16755 045742 ISZ TVAR3 THIS IS A STRING SO COUNT IT
03104000 16756 004144 LDB P3
03105000 16757 035761 STB RECTP SET TYPE TO 'MIXED DATA' IF STING ENCOUNTERED
03106000 16760 001272 LDA FAP1 GET THE "WHAT" WORD
03107000 16761 020142 ADA P5 POINT AT THE STRING ADDRESS WORD
03108000 16762 100000 LDA A,I
03109000 16763 005744 LDB TVAR1 GET THE POINTER TO THE COMPILE STACK
03110000 16764 071402 XFN 3 TRANSFER THE FIRST THREE WORDS OF THE STRING'S ORGANIZATION DATA
03111000
03112000 16765 024144 ANB P3 UPDATE THE POINTER
03113000 16766 035744 STB TVAR1
03114000 16767 104000 LDB A,I GET THE STRING LENGTH
03115000 16770 024000 ANB A CALCULATE THE LAST ADDRESS + 1
03116000 16771 045757 ISZ RELTH IS THIS THE FIRST ENTRY ?
03117000 16772 066013 JMP RCF10 NO , NOT THE FIRST ENTRY
03118000 16773 024257 ANB M1 YES THE FIRST ENTRY
03119000 16774 066010 JMP HCF11 CONTINUE
03120000 16775 010171 HCF3 CPA ARRAY IF HERE WE MUST HAVE AN ARRAY
03121000 16776 066000 JMP RCF8
03122000 16777 067726 JMP ERR55 UNKNOWN JUNK ENTERED
03123000 17000 001272 HCF8 LDA FAP1 MUST CALCULATE THE LAST ADDRESS TO BE LOADED
03124000 17001 020144 ADA P3 POINT A AT THE NO. OF WORDS TO BE RECORDED
03125000 17002 100000 LDA A,I GET THE NO. OF WORDS TO BE RECORDED
03126000 17003 170040 TCA
03127000 17004 020254 ADA P1 B HAS THE ENDING ADDRESS
03128000 17005 020001 ADA B CALCULATE THE ADDRESS OF THE START OF THE RECO4
03129000 17006 045757 ISZ RELTH IS THIS THE FIRST ENTRY
03130000 17007 066012 JMP HCF1 NO
03131000 17010 035743 RCF11 STB LWMD THIS IS THE LAST WORD TO BE RECORDED
03132000 17011 066016 JMP RCFM
03133000 17012 024254 HCF1 ANB P1 SEE IF CONTIGUOUS
03134000 17013 015706 HCF10 CPB MBPTR
03135000 17014 066016 JMP RCFM
03136000 17015 066036 JMP ERR56 NOT CONTIGUOUS ERROR
03137000 17016 031706 HCFM STA MBPTR
03138000 17017 066025 JMP HCF4
03139000 17020 045757 HCFD ISZ RELTH IS THIS THE FIRST ENTRY ?
03140000 17021 066032 JMP HCF2 NOT THE FIRST ENTRY
    
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03141000 17022 001756 LDA FLAGA YES - FIRST ENTRY
03142000 17023 020144 ADA P3
03143000 17024 031743 STA LWMD
03144000 17025 042732 RCFA JSM BMP1 MOVE THE STACK POINTER BY ONE
03145000 17026 170201 HET 1 NO MORE PARAMETERS
03146000 17027 042703 JSM GWTWH GET THE WHAT AND WHERE WORDS
03147000 17030 035756 STB FLAGA SAVE THIS ADDRESS
03148000 17031 067745 JMP HCFB8
03149000 17032 001756 RCF2 LDA FLAGA HERE IF NOT THE FIRST S. VARIABLE ENTRY
03150000 17033 020143 ADA P4
03151000 17034 011706 CPA MBPTR CHECK FOR CONTIGUITY
03152000 17035 066040 JMP RCF7
03153000 17036 140404 FRR56 JSM AERR1,I NOT CONTIGUOUS ERROR
03154000 17037 032466 ASC 1,56
03155000 17040 020150 RCF7 AGA M4 UPDATE MBPTR
03156000 17041 066016 JMP RCFH
03157000 *
03158000 *
03159000 *
03160000 * LDF IS THE CASSETTE LOAD PROGRAMS STATEMENT, IT WILL
03161000 * CAUSE THE LOADED PROGRAM TO RUN AFTER LOADING
03162000 *
03163000 *
03164000 * TEMPORARIES USED : SEE LDF STATEMENT
03165000 *
03166000 * ROUTINES CALLED : SEE LDF STATEMENT
03167000 *
03168000 *
03169000 *
03170000 17042 000254 LDF1 LDA P1
03171000 17043 031761 STA RECTP SET FLAG TO INDICATE THAT THE
03172000 17044 042565 JSM GTPAR COMMAND IS A LOAD NOT A LINK
03173000 17045 140605 JSM ACHST,I FIND THE FILE
03174000 17046 000141 LDA P6 FILE TYPE MUST BE A PROGRAM
03175000 17047 042714 JSM CHTP1
03176000 17050 066206 JMP LDF IT IS PROGRAM
03177000 *
03178000 *
03179000 *
03180000 * LDF IS THE CASSETTE LOAD FILE STATEMENT, FOR PROGRAMS AND DATA.
03181000 *
03182000 * TEMPORARIES USED : RELTH, FLAGA, LWMD
03183000 *
03184000 * ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, ACHST, CHTP1, BMP1, GWTWH, HEGCK, RRMX
03185000 * NEWSZ, CALTH, HDREC, PRGLD, CHSIZ, AERR1, CIYPE
03186000 * CKKBE, CHNT3, ACOUN
03187000 *
03188000 *
03189000 * FIRST CHECK FILE TYPE -- MUST BE : 6 = USER'S PROGRAM
03190000 * 2 = NUMERIC DATA
03191000 * 3 = MIXED STRING AND NUMERIC
03192000 *
03193000 *
03194000 *
03195000 17051 042565 LDF JSM GTPAR GET THE FILE NUMBER
03196000 17052 000257 LDA M1 THIS MARKS THE FACT THAT
03197000 17053 031757 STA RELTH WE HAVE ENTERED THIS ROUTINE
03198000 17054 140605 JSM ACHST,I
03199000 17055 001701 LDA RTYPE SEE WHICH TYPE RECORD THIS IS
03200000 17056 010141 CPA P6 A PROGRAM FILE ?
03201000 17057 066202 JMP LDPX YES A PRO GRAM FILE
03202000 17060 010145 CPA P2 IS THIS A NUMERIC DATA FILE ?
03203000 17061 066064 JMP LDF7 YES A NUMERIC DATA FILE
03204000 17062 000144 LDA P3 IS THIS A MIXED DATA FILE ?
03205000 17063 042714 JSM CHTP1 CHECK THE TYPE
03206000 *
03207000 * LOAD DATA BEGINS HERE
03208000 *
03209000 17064 042732 LDF7 JSM BMP1 MOVE THE STACK POINTER BY ONE
03210000 17065 066120 JMP LDF4 NO VARIABLES ENTERED - LOAD NO ON
03211000 17066 042703 JSM GWTWH GET THE WHAT ANT WHERE WORDS
03212000 17067 035756 STB FLAGA SAVE THE ADDRESS
03213000 17070 035706 STB MBPTR
03214000 17071 043715 JSM HEGCK SEE IF THIS IS AN R - REG
03215000 17072 066100 JMP LDF27 NOT AN R-REGISTER
03216000 17073 066075 JMP LDF6 NO MORE PARAMETERS-ONLY ONE R-REG ENTERED
03217000 17074 066131 JMP LDF5 LOAD THIS
03218000 17075 042436 LDF6 JSM RRMX RESET THE RMAX POINTER , ONLY ONE R-REG.
03219000 * ENTERED , LOAD FROM HERE ON
03220000 17076 042646 JSM NEWSZ
03221000 17077 066131 JMP LDF5
03222000 17100 043741 LDF27 JSM RCFB TAKE CARE UR S. VARIABLES, ARRAYS AND STRINGS
03223000 17101 042626 JSM CALTH CALCULATE THE LENGTH OF THE RECORD

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03224000 17102 042724 JSM CHSIZ CHECK TO SEE IF THE RECORD WILL FIT
03224000 17103 006701 LDH RTYPE
03224000 17104 014144 CPB P3 IF THE FILE TYPE IS MIXED DATA , THE CSIZE MUST
03227000 17105 066114 JMP LDF8 MUST EQUAL THE ROOM IN MEMORY
03228000 17106 001700 LDA CSIZE
03228000 17107 170040 TCA
03230000 17110 021743 ADA LWMD THIS IS BEING DONE TO FORCE A SHORT DATA FILE
03231000 17111 020254 ADA P1 TO BE LOADED INTO A LARGER ARRAY , WITH THE
03232000 17112 031706 STA MBPTR FIRST ELEMENTS ALIGNING PROPERLY
03233000 17113 066134 JMP LDF2
03234000 17114 010177 LDF8 CPA P0 IF A=0 WE HAVE AN EXACT FIT
03235000 17115 066146 JMP LDF9 OK - CONTINUE
03236000 17116 140404 ERMSA JSM AERR1,I ILLEGAL SET OF STRINGS IN DATA LIST
03237000 17117 051460 ASC I,50
03238000 17120 001701 LDF4 LDA RTYPE MUST BE SURE THE DATA TO BE LOADED INTO
03239000 17121 020146 ADA M2 R-REGISTERS IS NUMERIC
03240000 17122 072074 RZA ERRSA NOT NUMERIC IF SKIP - STRING
03241000 17123 001277 LDA ENDS ONLY ONE REG PARAMETER OR NO PARAMETERS ON
03242000 17124 020254 ADA P1 LOAD COMMAND SO LOAD AT R0 ON
03243000 17125 031706 STA MBPTR
03244000 17126 042436 JSM RMAX RESET THE RMAX POINTER
03245000 17127 001263 LDA API GET THE TOP OF THE EXECUTION STACK
03246000 17130 020257 ADA M1
03247000 17131 031743 LDF5 STA LWMD
03248000 17132 042626 JSM CALTH CALCULATE THE EXPECTED LENGTH
03249000 17133 042724 JSM CHSIZ SEE IF THE MEMORY SPACR IS LARGE ENOUGH
03250000 17134 042646 LDF2 JSM NEWSZ MUST SET LWMD SO THAT ONLY CSIZE SECTION
03251000 17135 031743 STA LWMD OF ARRAY HAS "???????" INSERTED
03252000 *
03253000 *
03254000 17136 005706 QUMRK LDB MBPTR GET THE LOAD POINT
03255000 17137 002751 QSTM1 LDA QMRKS GET THE ADDRESS OF THE QUESTION MARKS
03256000 17140 071403 XFR 4 WRITE THEM IN
03257000 17141 024052 ADB P128 ADJUST TO NEXT PARTITION
03258000 17142 001743 LDA LWMD SEE IF WE ARE DONE
03259000 17143 170040 TCA
03260000 17144 024001 ADA B
03261000 17145 172472 SAM QSTM1 SKIP IF WE KEEP GOING
03262000 17146 042635 LDF9 JSM RDREC READ THE RECORD
03263000 17147 000305 LDA ASTAK GET THE ADDRESS OF THE TOP OF THE COMPILE STACK
03264000 17150 031744 STA TVAR1
03265000 17151 140610 JSM ACOUN,I RESET FAPI IN THE EXECUTION STACK
03266000 *
03267000 17152 042732 LDP31 JSM BMP1 POINT AT FILE NUMBER (IF ANY)
03268000 17153 066176 JMP LDF30 GET THE NEXT ENTRY
03269000 17154 042452 JSM CTYPE DONE - NO MORE ENTRIES
03270000 17155 066152 JMP LDP31 WHAT TYPE IS THIS ENTRY ?
03271000 17156 055704 USZ EX2 TYPE # STRING
03272000 17157 066160 JMP *+1 TYPE = STRING - COUNT IT
03273000 17160 001272 LDA FAPI ALLOW FOR SKIP
03274000 17161 020142 ADA P5 GET THE "WHAT" WORD ADDRESS
03275000 17162 100000 LDA A,I POINT AT ADDRESS OF STRING
03276000 17163 004144 LDH P3 GET ADDRESS
03277000 17164 035711 STH T1 SET UP COUNTER
03278000 17165 104000 LDP32 LDH A,I GET ONE STRING ID WORD
03279000 17166 020254 ADA P1
03280000 17167 114744 CPB TVAR1,I DOES THIS NEW O.D. WORD COMP WITH THAT EXPECTE
03281000 17170 066172 JMP *+2 YES
03282000 17171 066116 JMP ERRSA NO - ERROR , THIS FILE CONTAINS AN IMPRPER
03283000 * STRING
03284000 17172 045744 ISZ TVAR1
03285000 17173 055711 USZ T1
03286000 17174 066165 JMP LDP32 NOT DONE YET
03287000 17175 066152 JMP LDP31 DONE WITH THIS STRING
03288000 17176 001704 LDF30 LDA EX2 ARE ALL STRINGS DONE ON THIS FILE ?
03289000 17177 010177 CPA P0
03290000 17200 067464 JMP INTN1 YES, DONE
03291000 17201 066116 JMP ERRSA ERROR - THIS FILE CONTAINS AN IMPROPER STRING.
03292000 *
03293000 * LOAD DATA ENDS HERE
03294000 *
03295000 *
03296000 * LOAD PROGRAMMING BEGINS HERE
03297000 *
03298000 *
03299000 * ROUTINES CALLED ONLY BY PROG. LOAD CODE :
03300000 * AFLNA, ARSGT, CLROB, CHNTP, ACNIN, AERCS, ASSLN
03301000 *
03302000 *
03303000 * TFMPURARIES USED : RECTP, TVAR2
03304000 *
03305000 *
03306000 17202 004177 LDPX LDB P0 SEE IF AN LDF FROM KEYBOARD
03307000 17203 042736 JSM CKKRE

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

3308000	17204	004263	LDB FLAG	YES A RUNNING PROGRAM , SET FLAG
3309000	17205	035761	STB.RECTP	THIS FLAG DISI., LDP/LDF.(PROG)/LDF.(KEYBRD)
3310000			*	
3311000	17206	042427	LDP JSM STVFY	MUST CHECK IF THE STATE IS LEGAL
3312000	17207	042515	LDP18 JSM CHNTP	CHECK THE NEXT PARAMETER
3313000	17210	066246	JMP LDP10	NO MORE PARAMETERS
3314000	17211	067726	JMP ERR55	NON-NUMERIC PARAMETER ENCOUNTERED
3315000	17212	066242	JMP.LDP51	LINE ADDRESS NOT FOUND
3316000	17213	031706	LDP19 STA MBPTR	START LOADING HERE
3317000	17214	031766	STA TVAR2	EXECUTE FROM HERE POSSIBLY
3318000	17215	042515	JSM CHNTP	GET THE STARTING LINE NUMBER
3319000	17216	066251	JMP LDP11	NO STARTING LINE NUMBER
3320000	17217	067726	JMP ERR55	NON-NUMERIC PARAMETER
3321000	17220	066221	JMP *+1	COULD NOT FIND LINE'S ADDRESS
3322000	17221	042270	JSM PRGLD	LOAD THE PROGRAM
3323000	17222	140513	JSM AFLNA,I	FIND THE LINE'S ADDRESS OF LINE IN TMP7
3324000	17223	066262	JMP ERR61	ERROR LINE NOT FOUND
3325000	17224	031766	STA TVAR2	SAVE THIS ADDRESS FROM THE RUN
3326000	17225	001761	LDA RECTP	SEE IF AN LDF FROM PROGRAM
3327000	17226	072411	SZA LDF16	SKIP IF AN LDF FROM KEYBOARD
3328000	17227	073426	PLA LDP41	LDF IF SKIP-DO A RUN OPERATION
3329000	17230	140360	LDF14 JSM ARSGT,I	RESET THE MS GTO ADDRESSES
3330000	17231	000145	LDF15 LDA P2	SET THE STATE TO "RUNNING PROGRAM"
3331000	17232	031257	STA CSTAT	
3332000	17233	005766	LDB TVAR2	THIS IS THE "RUN" POINT
3333000	17234	035264	STB LEND	SET THE CONTINUE POINT FOR INTERP.
3334000	17235	000274	LDA AREOL	SET ADDRESS OF EOL FOR INTERPHETURE
3335000	17236	067465	JMP INTN2	THIS WILL LOAD A INTO C
3336000	17237	042264	LDF16 JSM CLRDB	CLEAR THE RUN BIT OF CFLAG
3337000	17240	140425	JSM ACNIN,I	DO CONTINUE INITIALIZATION
3338000	17241	066231	JMP LDF15	DO A CONTINUE
3339000	17242	024254	LDP51 ADB P1	B HAS LAST LINE NUMBER OF PROGRAM
3340000	17243	015233	CPB TMP7	IS B WITHIN ONE OF LINE NUMBER IN TMP7?
3341000	17244	066213	JMP LDP19	YES SO CONTINUE
3342000	17245	064722	JMP ERLNF	BAD LINE NUMBER
3343000	17246	001307	LDP10 LDA FWUP	
3344000	17247	031706	STA MBPTR	THIS IS THE LOAD POINT
3345000	17250	031766	STA TVAR2	THIS IS THE EXECUTION POINT
3346000	17251	042270	LDP11 JSM PRGLD	LOAD THE PROGRAM
3347000	17252	001761	LDA RECTP	DO WE HAVE AN LDF FROM KEYBOARD
3348000	17253	072404	SZA LDF18	SKIP IF YES
3349000	17254	172454	LDF13 SAM LDF14	IF THIS IS AN LDF OR AN LDF FROM
3350000			*	KEYBOARD, SKIP IF LDF FROM KEYBOARD
3351000	17255	140421	LDP41 JSM AERCS,I	INITIALIZE THE RUN
3352000	17256	066231	JMP LDF15	
3353000	17257	042264	LDF18 JSM CLRDB	CLEAR THE "RUN" BIT OF CFLAG
3354000	17260	140514	JSM ASLLN,I	RESET LNO
3355000	17261	067464	JMP INTN1	DONE, RETURN
3356000	17262	140404	ERR61 JSM AERR1,I	LINE NOT FOUND-IGNORE LINE NUMBER IN DISPLAY
3357000	17263	033061	ASC 1.61	
3358000			*	
3359000			*	
3360000			*	
3361000			*	
3362000			*	CLRDB CLEARS THE "RUN" BIT OF CFLAG
3363000			*	
3364000			*	
3365000			*	
3366000	17264	001232	CLRDB LDA CFLAG	
3367000	17265	050151	AND M5	THE BIT IN QUESTION IS BIT 2
3368000	17266	031232	STA CFLAG	
3369000	17267	170201	RET 1	
3370000			*	
3371000			*	
3372000			*	
3373000			*	PRGLD LOADS USER'S PROGRAMMING
3374000			*	
3375000			*	ON ENTRY : MBPTR SET UP; TAPE POSITIONED
3376000			*	
3377000			*	ON EXIT : USER'S PROGRAMMING IS LOADED IF NO ERRORS OCCURED
3378000			*	
3379000			*	
3380000			*	TEMPORARIES USED : FLGA, RECTP, TVAR1
3381000			*	
3382000			*	
3383000			*	ROUTINES CALLED : RDREC, AZRWM, AMPML, SSCHK, AERR1, AERAV, NEWSZ
3384000			*	AMPUP, ASSLN
3385000			*	
3386000			*	
3387000			*	
3388000	17270	001761	PRGLD LDA RECTP	IS THIS AN LDF FROM PROGRAM
3389000	17271	172004	SAP PRG17	SKIP IF NOT LDF FROM PROGRAM
3390000	17272	000254	LDA P1	SET THIS FOR JUMP THROUGH LOADL
3391000	17273	031063	STA NPRUG	TO ALERT ROMS

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03342000 17274 042376 JSM S5CHK CHECK FOR GSB OVERLAYS AND JMP LOADL
03343000 17275 074560 PRG17 WMC A,I MUST NOT ALLOW ANY STATEMENTS AFTER LDF
03344000 17276 018053 CPA B177 SINCE THEY WILL NOT BE EXECUTED
03345000 17277 086302 JMP PRGL7
03346000 17300 140404 ERH50 JSM AERRH1,I
03347000 17301 032460 ASC 1,50
03348000 *
03349000 17302 101706 PRGL7 LDA MBPTR,I GET THE BRIDGE THAT NEEDS TO BE CHANGED LATER
03400000 17303 050215 AND BXCMM CLEAR LOW ORDER BITS, TRACE BIT AND STOP BIT.
03401000 17304 031756 STA FLAGA SAVE THE BRIDGE HALF
03402000 17305 001761 LDA HECTP IF LDF DO ERASE VARIABLES
03403000 17305 073002 SLA PRG13
03404000 17307 140472 JSM AERAV,I
03405000 17314 042646 PRG13 JSM NEWSZ ENHASE THE VARIABLES
03406000 17311 170040 TCA CALCULATE MBPTH + CSIZE -1
03407000 17312 021277 ADA ENDS SEE IF WE NEED TO MOVE THE R-REGISTERS
03408000 17313 172012 SAP PRG11 BY CHECKING IF MBPTR+CSIZE-1>ENDS
03409000 17314 042646 JSM NEWSZ SKIP IF WE MOVE THE R-REGISTERS LOWER
03410000 17315 005277 LOB ENDS CALC. MBPTR+CSIZE-1 => A
03411000 17316 174040 TCB CALC. (MBPTR+CSIZE-1)*(RMAX-ENDS) AS NEW RMAX
03412000 17317 025310 ADB RMAX
03413000 17320 020001 ADA B
03414000 17321 030017 STA D
03415000 17322 005277 LOB ENDS AND ENDS AS THE LAST WORD TO BE MOVED
03416000 17323 140465 JSM AMPUP,I MOVE THE R-REGISTERS HIGHER, RESET ENDS, RMAX
03417000 17324 066333 JMP PRG15
03418000 17325 001277 PRG11 LDA ENDS MUST MOVE R-REG LOWER
03419000 17326 020254 ADA P1
03420000 17327 030016 STA C
03421000 17330 042646 JSM NEWSZ
03422000 17331 034017 STB D
03423000 17332 140466 JSM AMPML,I MOVE R-REG LOWER, RESET ENDS, RMAX
03424000 17333 005277 PRG15 LOB ENDS THIS IS THE END OF THE LOAD
03425000 17334 001706 LDA MBPTR SET START AND END ADDRESSES
03426000 17335 140471 JSM AZRWM,I ZERO THIS AREA
03427000 17336 000177 LDA P0 SET THIS TO DETECT PARTITION ERROR
03428000 17337 031744 STA TVAR1
03429000 17340 001706 LDA MBPTR SEE IF THE SECURITY FLAG NEEDS UPDATING
03430000 17341 011307 CPA FWUP
03431000 17342 066345 JMP PRGL3 UPDATE SECURITY FLAG
03432000 17343 001315 LDA STYFG IS SECURE ?
03433000 17344 072003 RZA PRGL4 SKIP IF CALCULATOR IS SECURE ALREADY
03434000 17345 001703 PRGL3 LDA EXISF UPDATE THE SECURITY FLAG
03435000 17346 031315 STA STYFG
03436000 17347 042635 PRGL4 JSM ROREC READ THE RECORD
03437000 17350 101277 PRG16 LDA ENDS,I MAKE SURE THE LAST LINE BRIDGE IS SET RIGHT
03438000 17351 050167 AND M128 CLEAR LOW ORDER BITS (NO PROG. BELOW)
03439000 * AND SAVE THE STOP BIT
03440000 17352 131277 STA ENDS,I RESTORE THE LINE BRIDGE
03441000 17353 101706 LDA MBPTR,I GET NEW LINE BRIDGE
03442000 17354 050250 AND BM377 CLEAR HIGH ORDER BITS
03443000 17355 061756 IOR FLAGA COMBINE THE BRIDGE SECTIONS
03444000 17356 131706 STA MBPTR,I RESTORE THE CORRECTED LINE BRIDGE
03445000 *
03446000 * THIS CODE IS TO CLEAR OUT THE TRACE AND STOP BITS
03447000 *
03448000 17357 005704 LOB EX2 GET THE CLEAR - SAVE DEBUG BITS FLAG
03449000 17360 077412 HLH PRGL5 IF THE BIT IS SET KEEP THE DEBUG BITS
03450000 17361 005706 LOB MBPTR START HERE TO CLEAR OUT THE DEBUG BITS
03451000 17362 100001 PRGL6 LDA B,I GET THE LINE BRIDGE
03452000 17363 050213 AND TMASK MASK OFF THE TRACE AND STOP BITS
03453000 17364 130001 STA B,I RESTORE THE LINE BRIDGE
03454000 17365 015277 CPB ENDS ARE WE DONE WITH PROGRAM?
03455000 17366 066372 JMP PRGL5 YES DONE
03456000 17367 050053 AND B177 GET THE BRIDGE'S LINK DOWN TO CALC.
03457000 17370 024000 ADB A THE NEXT LINE'S ADDRESS
03458000 17371 066362 JMP PRGL6 CONTINUE
03459000 17372 055744 PRGL5 USZ TVAR1 IF TVAR1=1 AT THIS POINT, A PARTITION ERROR
03460000 * HAS OCCURED
03461000 17373 170201 PRG10 RET 1
03462000 17374 140514 JSM ASLLN,I RESET LNO
03463000 17375 067413 JMP ERR46 PARTITION ERROR IN USER'S PROGRAM - RECOVERY
03464000 *
03465000 *
03466000 *
03467000 *
03468000 * S5CHK CHECKS THROUGH THE GSB STACK FOR THE RETURNS
03469000 *
03470000 * IS NPROG=1 IT IS TO CHECK FOR GSB RETURN OVERLAYS IF THE
03471000 * PRESENT FILE IS LOADED OVER THE CURRENT PROGRAM
03472000 * IF AN OVERLAY CONDITION IS ENCOUNTERED, ERROR 63 IS GIVEN
03473000 *
03474000 * IF NPROG=0 IS TO ADJUST THE RETURNS ON THE GSB STACK BY THE
03475000 * OFFSET IN TVAR1
03476000 *

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03477000 * TEMPORARIES USED : TVAR1
03478000 *
03479000 * ROUTINES CALLED : LNKS
03480000 *
03481000 *
03482000 *
03483000 17376 001261 SSCHK LDA AP3 GET THE TOP OF THE STACK
03484000 17377 104000 SSCH3 LDB A,I GET THE OLD AP2
03485000 17400 014257 CPB M1 IF THIS ENTRY IS A M1, WE ARE DONE
03486000 17401 066764 JMP LNKS IF DONE JUMP THROUGH LOAD-LINK
03487000 17402 020144 ADA P3 LOOK AT THE RETURN ADDRESS
03488000 17403 104000 LDB A,I
03489000 17404 014334 CPB ADRO SEE IF WE HAVE A GSB FROM KEYBOARD
03490000 17405 066423 JMP SSCH1 BYPASS TEST IF TRUE
03491000 17406 055063 DSZ NPROG IF NPROG=1 WE HAVE AN OVERLAY TEST CONDITION
03492000 17407 066417 JMP SSCH2 OO THE NECESSARY ADJUSTMENT
03493000 17410 045063 ISZ NPROG RESET THE FLAG
03494000 17411 176601 SRM **1,C CLEAR THIS ADDRESS FOR THE API ROM
03495000 17412 174040 TCB
03496000 17413 025706 ADB MBPTR
03497000 17414 174007 SBP SSCH1
03498000 17415 140404 ERR63 JSM AERR1,I
03499000 17416 033063 ASC 1,63
03500000 17417 045063 SSCH2 ISZ NPROG RESET THE FLAG
03501000 17420 066421 JMP **1
03502000 17421 025744 ADB TVAR1
03503000 17422 134000 STB A,I
03504000 17423 020147 SSCH1 ADA M3 MUST RETURN TO OLD AP3 AND CONTINUE
03505000 17424 100000 LDA A,I
03506000 17425 021300 ADA AP2 ADD IN OFFSET TO ADJUST FOR RELATIVE ADDRESS
03507000 17426 066377 JMP SSCH3
03508000 *
03509000 *
03510000 *
03511000 *
03512000 *
03513000 * STVfy CHECKS WHETHER THE STATE IS RIGHT FOR THE
03514000 * CASSETTE OPERATION IN QUESTION
03515000 *
03516000 *
03517000 17427 001257 STVfy LDA CSTAT GET THE "STATE" INDICATOR
03518000 17430 010254 CPA P1 STATE=1 IS LEGAL
03519000 17431 170201 RET 1
03520000 17432 010145 CPA P2 STATE=2 IS LEGAL
03521000 17433 170201 RET 1
03522000 17434 140404 ERR64 JSM AERR1,I ANY OTHER STATE IS ILLEGAL
03523000 17435 033064 ASC 1,64
03524000 *
03525000 *
03526000 *
03527000 * RRMAX RESETS THE RMAX POINTER AFTER R - REGISTERS HAVE BEEN LOADED
03528000 *
03529000 *
03530000 * ON ENTRY : MBPTR SET, CSIZE SET, REGISTERS NOT LOADED YET
03531000 *
03532000 *
03533000 * ON EXIT : RMAX UPDATED IF MBPTR + CSIZE - 1 > RMAX
03534000 * ELSE RMAX LEFT AS WAS
03535000 *
03536000 *
03537000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
03538000 *
03539000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NEWSZ
03540000 *
03541000 *
03542000 *
03543000 17436 042646 RRMAX JSM NEWSZ
03544000 17437 004000 LDB A
03545000 17440 170040 TCA
03546000 17441 021310 ADA RMAX
03547000 17442 172006 SAP RMX1
03548000 17443 001263 LDA API GET TOP OF STACK POINTER
03549000 17444 170040 TCA
03550000 17445 020001 ADA B SEE IF WE HAVE MEMORY OVERFLOW
03551000 17446 172003 SAP RMX2 SKIP IF OVERFLOW
03552000 17447 035310 STB RMAX
03553000 17450 170201 RMX1 RFT 1
03554000 17451 066730 RMX2 JMP ERR62 MEMORY OVERFLOW ERROR
03555000 *
03556000 *
03557000 * CTYPE CHECKS THE TYPE OF THE ENTRY IN THE EXECUTION STACK
03558000 * AND SPECIFIES STRING OR NON-STRING ON EXIT
03559000 *

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03560000 *
03561000 * ON ENTRY : FAPI POINTS TO THE ENTRY IN QUESTION
03562000 *
03563000 * ON EXIT : RET 1 = NON-STRING ENTRY AT FAPI
03564000 * RET 2 = STRING ENTRY AT FAPI
03565000 *
03566000 *
03567000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
03568000 *
03569000 * ROUTINES CALLED : GWTWH
03570000 *
03571000 *
03572000 *
03573000 17452 042703 CTYPE JSM GWTWH GET THE WHAT WORD
03574000 17453 012747 CPA B151K CHECK FOR A STRING
03575000 17454 170202 RET 2
03576000 17455 012746 CPA B150K CHECK FOR A STRING
03577000 17456 170202 RET 2
03578000 17457 170201 RET 1 NON-STRING
03579000 *
03580000 *
03581000 * WTRR WRITE A RECORD ON THE CASSETTE.
03582000 *
03583000 * ON-ENTRY* STARTING MEMORY ADDRESS IN 'MBPTR'
03584000 * FILE NUMBER IN 'RECNO=T13'
03585000 * LENGTH OF RECORD IN WORDS IN 'RELTH'
03586000 * FINAL SECURITY STATUS IN 'SEFLG'
03587000 * FINAL RECORD TYPE IN 'RECTP'
03588000 * ON EXIT : RECORD IS WRITTEN IF NO ERRORS AND TAPE
03589000 * POSITION IS IN BODY OF CURRENT RECORD
03590000 * THIS COMMAND IS ENTIRELY UNDER BPC CONTROL
03591000 *
03592000 *
03593000 * TEMPORARIES USED : RELTH (MRW1*1), RECTP (MRW1*3), TVAR3 (OP1)
03594000 * SEFLG (MRW1*2)
03595000 * ROUTINES CALLED : CPTP, ERDSO, ACHST, WTRA, VREC, AERR1, ERDSO
03596000 *
03597000 *
03598000 *
03599000 *
03600000 17460 142773 WTRR JSM CRTP,I IS THE CARTRIDGE PROTECTED?
03601000 17461 043347 JSM ERDSO YES, GENERATE ERROR AND TERMINATE
03602000 17462 001757 LDA RELTH
03603000 17463 020146 ADA M2 MUST CHECK FOR NOTHING TO LOAD FOR KEYS AND
03604000 17464 172427 SAM ERR59 PROGRAM
03605000 17465 140605 JSM ACHST,I
03606000 17466 001757 LDA RELTH
03607000 17467 170040 TCA
03608000 17470 021677 ADA ASIZE IF THE RESULT IS POSITIVE, FILE WILL FIT
03609000 17471 172002 SAP WTRR2
03610000 17472 067426 JMP ERR49 FILE WILL NOT FIT ERROR
03611000 17473 001757 WTRR2 LDA RELTH SET UP THE RECORD LENGTH
03612000 17474 031700 STA CSIZE
03613000 17475 001761 LDA RECTP SETUP THE RECORD TYPE
03614000 17476 031701 STA RTYPE
03615000 17477 001742 LDA TVAR3 MUST REMEMBER THIS FOR RCF,LDF AND ROMWD
03616000 17500 031704 STA Ex2
03617000 17501 001760 LDA SEFLG UPDATE SECURITY FLAG
03618000 17502 031703 STA EX15F
03619000 *
03620000 17503 142774 JSM WTRA,I WRITE THE RECORD
03621000 17504 043347 JSM ERDSO CHECK FOR ERRORS
03622000 17405 001344 LDA AVFLG IS AUTOVERIFY ON -> -1 = NO, ZERO = YES
03623000 17506 172402 SAM WTRR1
03624000 17507 043227 JSM VREC VERIFY THE RECORD
03625000 17510 170201 WTRR1 RET 1
03626000 17511 140404 ERR44 JSM AERR1,I VERIFY FAILED
03627000 17512 032064 ASC 1,44
03628000 17513 140404 ERR59 JSM AERR1,I NOTHING TO RECORD
03629000 17514 032471 ASC 1,59
03630000 *
03631000 *
03632000 *
03633000 *
03634000 *
03635000 *
03636000 *
03637000 *
03638000 *
03639000 * CHNTP BUMPS THE EXECUTION STACK POINTER, FAPI,CHECKS FOR
03640000 * ANOTHER PARAMETER ON THE STACK, IF A PARAMETER, GET IT,
03641000 * IF THE PARAMETER IS NUMERIC, EVALUATE IT (MAKE IT FIXPT)
03642000 * IF NON-NUMERIC, RET 2
03643000 * THEN FIND THE LINE ADDRESS CORRESPONDING TO THE NUMERIC
03644000 * PARAMETER.

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03645000 *
03646000 * ON ENTRY : EXEC. STACK POINTER POINTS AT THE PREVIOUS PARAMETER
03647000 * ENTRY
03648000 * ON EXIT: RET 1 IF NO MORE PARAMETERS.
03649000 * RET 2 IF THE PARAMETER ON THE STACK WAS NON-NUMERIC
03650000 * RET 3 : IF THE LINE ADDRESS COULD NOT BE FOUND, A=ENDS
03651000 * RET 4 : IF THE LINE ADDRESS COULD BE FOUND, THEN REG A
03652000 * CONTAINS THE ADDRESS OF THE LINE'S BRIDGE
03653000 *
03654000 *
03655000 *
03656000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
03657000 *
03658000 * ROUTINES CALLED : BMP1, NGET, FIXPT-1, AFLNA, AERR1
03659000 *
03660000 *
03661000 *
03662000 17515 042732 CHNTP JSM BMP1 RETURN IF NO MORE PARAMETERS ON STACK
03663000 17516 170201 RET 1 GET THE PARAMETER
03664000 17517 040751 CHNTP2 JSM NGET NON-NUMERIC PARAMETER ON STACK
03665000 17520 170202 RET 2 CONVERT THE NUMBER TO A FIXED POINT NUMBER
03666000 17521 040643 JSM FIXPT-1 OVERFLOW ERROR
03667000 17522 173413 S05 ERR11 IF LINE NUMBER IS NEGATIVE - ERROR
03668000 17523 176414 SRM ERR19
03669000 17524 035233 STB TMP7
03670000 17525 076404 S7B CHNTP3 IF ZERO START AT FWPUP ALWAYS
03671000 17526 140513 JSM AFLNA,I FIND THE LINE ADDRESS
03672000 17527 066533 JMP CHNTP4 LINE ADDRESS COULD NOT BE FOUND
03673000 17530 170204 RET 4 RESTORE A AND RETURN
03674000 17531 001307 CHNTP3 LDA FWPUP START HERE
03675000 17532 170204 RET 4
03676000 17533 001277 CHNTP4 LDA ENDS LINE ADDRESS NOT FOUND SO SET A TO ENDS
03677000 17534 170203 RET 3 FIXED POINT OVERFLOW ERROR
03678000 17535 140404 ERN11 JSM AERR1,I
03679000 17536 030461 ASC 1,11 BAD LINE NUMBER
03680000 17537 140404 ERN19 JSM AERR1,I
03681000 17540 030471 ASC 1,19
03682000 *
03683000 *
03684000 * CHSEC GETS THE 'SE' OR 'DB' STRING FROM THE EXECUTION STACK, AND
03685000 * CHECKS FOR VALIDITY, IF VALID THEN SEFLG IS SET TO -1
03686000 * OR TVAR3=1, OTHERWISE THEY ARE LEFT UNCHANGED
03687000 * THIS ROUTINE IS CALLED BY THE RCF ROUTINE
03688000 *
03689000 *
03690000 * ON ENTRY : FAPI POINTS TO SUSPECTED ENTRY IN EXECUTION STACK
03691000 *
03692000 * ON EXIT : SEFLG OR TVAR3 IS SET IF NO ERRORS OCCURED,
03693000 * THEY ARE NOT ALTERED IF ERRORS OCCURED
03694000 *
03695000 *
03696000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
03697000 *
03698000 * ROUTINES CALLED : GWTWH
03699000 *
03700000 *
03701000 *
03702000 17541 042703 CHSEC JSM GWTWH GET THE WHAT AND WHERE
03703000 17542 170513 SAR 12 LOOK AT THE CLASS
03704000 17543 010143 CPA P4 IF A=4 WE ARE OK
03705000 17544 066546 JMP CHSE1
03706000 17545 067670 SEUBE JMP ERR5B INVALID "SE" OR "DB" PARAMETER
03707000 17546 034017 CHSE1 STB D B POINTS TO STRING
03708000 17547 074570 WRD A,I GET THE FIRST CHARACTER
03709000 17550 170607 SAL 8
03710000 17551 074571 WRD B,I GET THE SECOND CHARACTER
03711000 17552 060001 IOR 8 MAKE COMPOSITE WORD
03712000 17553 020246 ADA AMSE ADD IN "SE"
03713000 17554 072004 RZA CHSEE SKIP IF INVALID "SE"
03714000 17555 000257 LDA M1 SET SECURE
03715000 17556 031760 STA SEFLG
03716000 17557 170201 HFT 1
03717000 17560 020232 CHSEE ADA B7403 DO WE HAVE A "DB" REQUEST
03718000 17561 072064 RZA SEDBE SKIP IF ERROR
03719000 17462 000254 LDA P1 A "DB" REQUEST SO MARK IT
03720000 17563 031742 STA TVAR3
03721000 17564 170201 RET 1
03722000 *
03723000 * GTPAR GETS THE FIRST PARAMETER ON THE EXECUTION STACK
03724000 *
03725000 *
03726000 * ON EXIT : R AND RECNO CONTAIN THE FIRST PARAMETER
03727000 * IF THERE IS NO PARAMETER ENTERED, ZERO IS ASSUMED

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03720000 *
03729000 *
03730000 * TEMPORARIES_USED : RECNO, SEFLG
03731000 *
03732000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NGET, FIXPT-1, CFD, CNULL, AERR1
03733000 *
03734000 *
03735000 17565 042605 GTPAR JSM CFD COMPLETE ANY PENDING FINDS
03736000 17566 042611 GTPR2 JSM CNULL CHECK FOR THE NULL PARAMETER AND CALL COUNT
03737000 17567 066601 JMP GTPR5 WE HAVE A NULL SO LOAD OR RECORD AT FILE 0
03738000 17570 040751 GTPR1 JSM NGET GET THE FIRST PARAMETER
03739000 17571 067726 GTPR4 JMP ERR55 IF WE GET HERE - BAD ERROR [1111]
03740000 17572 040643 GTPR3 JSM FIXPT-1 CONVERT FROM FLOAT TO FIXED
03741000 17573 173442 SOS ERR11 OVERFLOW ERROR
03742000 17574 176407 SHM ERR53 IF MINUS - ERROR
03743000 17575 035725 GTPR6 STB RECNO
03744000 17576 000177 LDA P0 CLEAR THE SECURITY FLAG TEMPORARY
03745000 17577 031760 STA SEFLG
03746000 17600 170201 BMR2 RET 1
03747000 17601 004177 GTPR5 LDB P0 WE HAVE A NULL SO SET FILE TO 0
03748000 17602 066575 JMP GTPR6 CONTINUE
03749000 17603 140404 ERR53 JSM AERR1,I CASSETTE PARAMETER IS NEGATIVE
03750000 17604 032463 ASC 1,53
03751000 *
03752000 *
03753000 *
03754000 * THIS ROUTINE WILL SET THE PA FOR THE CASSETTE AND
03755000 * COMPLETE ANY PENDING FINDS ON THE SELECT CODE#
03756000 * CSELCT
03757000 *
03758000 *
03759000 *
03760000 17605 042665 CFD JSM STPRA
03761000 17606 142767 JSM CFDA,I
03762000 17607 043347 JSM ERD50
03763000 17610 170201 RET 1
03764000 *
03765000 *
03766000 *
03767000 * CNULL CHECKS THE ENTERED PARAMETER FOR THE NULL , IF NULL
03768000 * THEN - RET 1
03769000 * ELSE - RET 2
03770000 *
03771000 *
03772000 * TEMPORARIES_USED : NONE
03773000 *
03774000 * ROUTINES CALLED : ACOUN
03775000 *
03776000 *
03777000 *
03778000 17611 140610 CNULL JSM ACOUN,I SET FAPI AND COUNT THE PARAMETERS ENTERED
03779000 17612 010177 CPA P0 IF A=0 WE HAVE NO NUMERIC PARAMETERS
03780000 17613 064615 JMP CNLL1 IF NO NUMERIC WE MUST SEE IF NULL
03781000 17614 170202 RET 2
03782000 17615 101272 CNLL1 LDA FAPI,I GET "WHAT"
03783000 17616 170513 SAR 12 LOOK AT CLASS
03784000 17617 010140 CPA P7 SEE IF NULL
03785000 17620 170201 RET 1 NULL PARAMETER OK
03786000 17621 067726 JMP ERR55 NOT NUMERIC AND NOT NULL SO ERROR
03787000 *
03788000 *
03789000 *
03790000 * STPRL SETS UP POINTERS FOR RECORD AND LOAD MEMORY STATEMENTS
03791000 *
03792000 * ON EXIT : STARTING ADDRESS IS SET UP
03793000 * ENDING ADDRESS IS SET UP
03794000 *
03795000 *
03796000 *
03797000 * TEMPORARIES_USED : LWND (OP1+1)
03798000 *
03799000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
03800000 *
03801000 *
03802000 *
03803000 17622 000300 STPRL LDA AJSTK THIS IS THE END OF MEMORY DUMP (JSM STACK+1)
03804000 17623 031743 STA LWND
03805000 17624 001305 LDA OFWAM THIS IS THE PERMANENT START OF USER'S MEMORY SP
03806000 17625 031706 STA MBPTR
03807000 *
03808000 *
03809000 * CALTH CALCULATES THE LEGTH IN WORDS OF A SECTION OF MEMORY
03810000 * (LWND - MBPTR + 1)
03811000 *
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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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3812000 * ON ENTRY: MBPTR CONTAINS THE STARTING ADDRESS
3813000 * LWM D CONTAINS THE ENDING ADDRESS
3814000 *
3815000 * ON EXIT: LENGTH IN RELTH
3816000 *
3817000 *
3818000 * TEMPORARIES USED : LWM D (OP1+1), RELTH (MRW1+1)
3819000 *
3820000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
3821000 *
3822000 *
3823000 *
3824000 17626 001743 CALTH LDA LWM D
3825000 17627 005706 LDB MBPTR CALCULATE THE RECORD LENGTH AS:
3826000 17630 174040 TCB
3827000 17631 020001 ADA B LWM D - MBPTH + 1
3828000 17632 020254 ADA P1
3829000 17633 031757 STA RELTH STORE RESULT IN RELTH
3830000 17634 170201 RET 1
3831000 *
3832000 *
3833000 *
3834000 *
3835000 *
3836000 * RDREC SETS THE NUMBER OF TRIES AT READING, WITH RECOVERY IF
3837000 * ERRORS ARE ENCOUNTERED.
3838000 *
3839000 *
3840000 * ON ENTRY : ALL POINTERS ARE SET UP FOR READING A RECORD
3841000 * AND THE TAPE IS POSITIONED PROPERLY
3842000 *
3843000 *
3844000 * ON EXIT : THE RECORD IS READ
3845000 * IF ERRORS OCCURED, RECOVERY HAS BEEN ATTEMPTED
3846000 *
3847000 *
3848000 * TEMPORARIES USED : LDTR S (MRW1+4), INSTR (T11)
3849000 *
3850000 * ROUTINES CALLED : ACHST, RBDYA, ERDS0
3851000 *
3852000 *
3853000 *
3854000 *
3855000 17635 001343 RDREC LDA NOTRY SET THE NUMBER OF READ TRIES
3856000 17636 031762 STA LDTR S
3857000 17637 002745 LDA STBCD STB PTR, I COMMAND FOR LOADING
3858000 17640 031723 STA INSTR
3859000 17641 140605 RDRC1 JSM ACHST, I REPOSITION THE TAPE
3860000 17642 142775 JSM RBDYA, I READ THE RECORD
3861000 17643 043347 JSM ERDS0 CHECK FOR ERRORS
3862000 17644 170201 RET 1 SUCCESSFUL HEAD
3863000 17645 066641 JMP RDRC1 READ ERROR - DO AGAIN
3864000 *
3865000 *
3866000 * NEWSZ CALCULATES (MBPTR+CSIZE TO B) -1 TO A
3867000 *
3868000 *
3869000 * ON ENTRY : MBPTR AND CSIZE ARE SET UP
3870000 *
3871000 * ON EXIT : CALCULATION IS DONE
3872000 *
3873000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
3874000 *
3875000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
3876000 *
3877000 *
3878000 *
3879000 17646 005706 NEWSZ LDB MBPTR
3880000 17647 001700 NWSZ1 LDA CSIZE
3881000 17650 020001 ADA B
3882000 17651 004000 LDB A
3883000 17652 020257 ADA M1
3884000 17653 170201 RET 1
3885000 *
3886000 *
3887000 *
3888000 *
3889000 * LDXI CHECKS FOR (,X) PARAMETER, CONVERTS FLAGA TO FLOAT, AND
3890000 * TRANSFERS THE FLOATING POINT NUMBER TO (,X)
3891000 *
3892000 *
3893000 *
3894000 * ON ENTRY : FAP1 POINTS AT PREVIOUS 'WHAT' WORD
3895000 * FLAGA CONTAINS THE FIXED POINT NUMBER TO BE CONVERTED.

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---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

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03896000 *
03897000 * ON EXIT : RET 1 - NO MORE PARAMETERS
03898000 * RET 2 - TRANSFER COMPLETE
03899000 *
03900000 *
03901000 * TEMPORARIES USED : FLAGA (MRW1)
03902000 *
03903000 * ROUTINES CALLED : BMP1, AFLTP, GWTWH, AASTR
03904000 *
03905000 *
03906000 *
03907000 17654 035756 LDX3 STB FLAGA
03908000 17655 042732 LDA1 JSM BMP1 MOVE THE STACK POINTER
03909000 17656 170201 RET 1 RETURN IF NO MORE PARAMETERS
03910000 17657 005756 LDB FLAGA GET THE NUMBER
03911000 17660 140563 LDX2 JSM AFLTP,I CONVERT TO FLOATING POINT NUMBER
03912000 17661 042703 JSM GWTWH GET THE WHAT AND WHERE WORD
03913000 17662 000127 LDA ADR2 SOURCE ADDRESS
03914000 17663 140372 JSM AASTR,I TRACE THE ASSIGNMENT
03915000 17664 170202 RET 2 DONE - FULL PRECISION TRANSFER
03916000 *
03917000 *
03918000 * STPRA SETS THE PERIPHERIAL ADDRESS FOR THE CASSETTE
03919000 * AND DISABLES THE INTERRUPT SYSTEM
03920000 *
03921000 *
03922000 * ON ENTRY : CSELCL CONTAINS THE CURRENT SELECT CODE FOR CASSETTES
03923000 *
03924000 * ON EXIT : PA = CSELCL
03925000 * INTERRUPT IS DISABLED
03926000 *
03927000 *
03928000 * TEMPORARIES USED : SVC, FLG2
03929000 *
03930000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
03931000 *
03932000 *
03933000 17665 070430 STPRA DIR MUST CHECK TO SEE IF DMA IS NOT USED
03934000 17666 000013 LDA DMAPA IF DMAPA IS ZERO WE CAN PROCEED
03935000 17667 072405 STA STPA1 IF THE DMAPA IS ZERO THEN DMA IS AVAILABLE
03936000 17670 011345 CPA CSCF IF DMA IS BUSY BUT A CASSETTE IS USING IT, WE
03937000 17671 066674 JMP STPA1 CAN PROCEED
03938000 17672 070420 EIR WE MUST WAIT FOR DMA TO COMPLETE
03939000 17673 066665 JMP STPRA
03940000 17674 001514 STPA1 LDA CSELCL GET THE CASSETTE'S SELECT CODE
03941000 17675 030011 STA PA
03942000 17676 000016 LDA C SAVE THE C REGISTER
03943000 17677 031735 STA SVC
03944000 17700 000177 LDA P0
03945000 17701 031764 STA FLG2 CLEAR THE FIND SELECT FLAG
03946000 17702 170201 RET 1
03947000 *
03948000 *
03949000 * GWTWH GETS THE "WHAT" AND THE "WHERE" WORDS FROM THE EXEC. STACK
03950000 *
03951000 * ON ENTRY : FAP1 IS POINTING AT THE "WHAT " WORD DESIRED
03952000 *
03953000 * ON EXIT : REGISTER A CONTAINS THE "WHAT " WORD
03954000 * REGISTER B CONTAINS THE "WHERE" WORD
03955000 *
03956000 *
03957000 * TEMPORARIES USED : ABSAD
03958000 *
03959000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
03960000 *
03961000 *
03962000 *
03963000 17703 005272 GWTWH LDB FAP1 SET B TO POINT AT PROPER ENTRY
03964000 17704 040616 JSM ABSAD+1 GET THE ABSOLUTE ADDRESS OF THE ENTRY
03965000 17705 101272 LDA FAP1+I GET THE WHAT WORD
03966000 17706 052750 AND SATMP CLEAR OUT THE LINK BITS
03967000 17707 170201 RET 1
03968000 *
03969000 *
03970000 * PCALL IS A ROUTINE OF COMMON CODE USED BY SEVERAL LOAD ROUTINES
03971000 *
03972000 *
03973000 * ON ENTRY : REGISTER A CONTAINS THE DESIRED RECORD TYPE
03974000 *
03975000 * ON EXIT : 1). PA IS SET TO CSELCL
03976000 * 2). DESIRED RECORD NUMBER IS IN RECNO
03977000 * 3). RECORD DESIRED IS FOUND IF NO ERRORS
03978000 * 4). CHECKS FOR A PROGRAM ON THE TAPE AT RECNO
03979000 * 5). VERIFIES THAT TYPE MATCHES
03980000 *

```

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

03981000 *
03982000 *   TEMPORARIES USED : RECTP (MRW1+3)
03983000 *
03984000 *   ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, CHST, AERR1
03985000 *
03986000 *
03987000 *
03988000 17710 031761 PCALL STA RECTP   REG A HAS THE DESIRED RECORD TYPE ON ENTRY
03989000 17711 042565   JSM GTPAR   GET THE LFILE NUMBER
03990000 17712 140605   JSM ACHST,I DO A_BPC FIND
03991000 17713 001761 CHTYP LDA RECTP   MUST CHECK TO SEE IF TYPE IS RIGHT
03992000 17714 011701 CHTP1 CPA RTYPE
03993000 17715 170201 PCLL1 RET 1       TYPE OK
03994000 17716 001701 LDA RTYPE        SEE IF THERE IS ANYTHING TO LOAD
03995000 17717 072403 S7A ERR60       IF TYPE IS ZERO THEN CSIZE=0 TOO
03996000 17720 140404 ERR57 JSM AERR1,I FILE TYPE MISMATH ERROR
03997000 17721 032467   ASC 1,57
03998000 17722 140404 ERR60 JSM AERR1,I   NOTHING TO LOAD ERROR
03999000 17723 033060   ASC 1,60
04000000 *
04001000 *
04002000 *
04003000 *
04004000 *   CHSIZ WILL CHECK THE SIZE OF THE RECORD TO BE READ IN TO SEE
04005000 *   IF THERE IS ROOM IN MEMORY
04006000 *   IF THERE IS NO ROOM, ERROR 62 IS GIVEN
04007000 *
04008000 *
04009000 *   ON ENTRY : RECORD HAS BEEN FOUND SO HEAD VARIABLES ARE SET.
04010000 *   RELTH OF RECORD TO LOAD HAS BEEN CALCULATED
04011000 *
04012000 *
04013000 *
04014000 *   ON EXIT : RETURN TO CALLING ROUTINE, IF CSIZE <=RELTH
04015000 *   GIVES ERROR 62 IF CSIZE > RELTH AND TERMINATES LOAD
04016000 *
04017000 *   TEMPORARIES USED : RELTH (MRW1+1)
04018000 *
04019000 *   ROUTINES CALLED : AERR1
04020000 *
04021000 *
04022000 *
04023000 *
04024000 *
04025000 17724 001700 CHSIZ LDA CSIZE   GET FILE SIZE FROM HEAD
04026000 17725 170040   TCA
04027000 17726 021757   ADA RELTH     SUBTRACT CSIZE FROM ROOM IN MEMORY
04028000 17727 172066   SAP PCLL1
04029000 *
04030000 17730 140404 ERR62 JSM AERR1,I   IF THE RESULT IS POSITIVE
04031000 17731 033062   ASC 1,62     FILE WILL NOT FIT - MEMORY OVERFLOW
04032000 *
04033000 *
04034000 *   BMP1 MOVES THE EXECUTION STACK POINTER BY ONE ENTRY
04035000 *
04036000 *   ON ENTRY : A CALL TO SUBROUTINE 'COUNT' MUST PROCEED A CALL TO
04037000 *   BMP1
04038000 *
04039000 *
04040000 *   ON EXIT : THE POINTER ( FAP1 ) IS MOVED
04041000 *   ONE PARAMETER TO THE RIGHT
04042000 *   IF RET 2, IF RET 1, NO MORE PARAMETERS ON THE STACK
04043000 *
04044000 *
04045000 *   TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
04046000 *
04047000 *   ROUTINES CALLED : ABUMP
04048000 *
04049000 *
04050000 *
04051000 *
04052000 *
04053000 17732 000254 BMP1 LDA P1
04054000 17733 140607   JSM ABUMP,I
04055000 17734 170201   RET 1       NO MORE PARAMETERS
04056000 17735 170202   RET 2       FAP1 IS MOVED
04057000 *
04058000 *
04059000 *
04060000 *   CKMBE CHECKS THE SYSTEM TO SEE IF THIS COMMAND WAS A KEYBOARD
04061000 *   ENTRY OR A PROGRAM STATEMENT
04062000 *
04063000 *   CSTAT = 1 => KEYBOARD EXECUTION

```

---- CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM ----

```

04064000 *          * 2 => RUNNING PROGRAM
04065000 *
04066000 *          * ON ENTRY : CSTAT CONTAINS SYSTEM STAGE
04067000 *
04068000 *          * THIS ROUTINE IS ONLY CALLED BY LDK AND LDF/LDPOF
04069000 *          * PROGRAM FILES. THESE CALLING ROUTINES CALL STVEY
04070000 *          * WHICH GUARANTEES THAT CSTAT = 1 OR 2
04071000 *          * ON EXIT : RET 1 = PROGRAM LINE IS EXECUTING
04072000 *          *          RET 2 = KEYBOARD EXECUTION
04073000 *
04074000 *
04075000 *
04076000 *          * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
04077000 *
04078000 *          * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
04079000 *
04080000 *
04081000 *
04082000 *
04083000 *
04084000 17736 001257 CKKHE LDA CSTAT          GET THE STATE
04085000 17737 010145 CPA P2          IS IT A KEYBOARD EXECUTION
04086000 17740 170201 RET 1          THIS IS PROGRAM EXECUTION
04087000 17741 000334 LDA ADPO      KEYBOARD EXECUTION
04088000 17742 031264 STA LEND     MUST CANCEL ALL PENDING GTO/GSB'S
04089000 17743 170202 RET 2
04090000 *
04091000 *
04092000 *
04093000 *          * DEFINITIONS
04094000 *
04095000 *
04096000 077756 FLAGA EQU MRW1          TEMPORARY STORAGE
04097000 077757 RELTH EQU MRW1+1
04098000 077760 SEFLG EQU MRW1+2
04099000 077761 RELTP EQU MRW1+3
04100000 077742 TVAR3 EQU OP1          CARRIES THE END OF THE MEMORY SECTION
04101000 077765 TVAR4 EQU MRW1+7
04102000 077743 LWMQ EQU OP1+1      †
04103000 077744 TVAR1 EQU OP1+2          TEMPORARY STORAGE
04104000 077735 SVC EQU T21          DELEGATED TO SAVING THE C REGISTER
04105000 077766 TVAR2 EQU MRW1+8          TEMPORARY STORAGE
04106000 077226 LNO EQU CSTMP+8          FOR CALLING AFLNA
04107000 077762 LDTRS EQU MRW1+4          NUMBER OF TRIES AT NORMAL LOAD
04108000 077232 CFLAG EQU CSTMP+12      CFLAG IS FOR CONTROL SUPERVISOR
04109000 077233 TMP7 EQU CSTMP+13
04110000 17744 115733 CPBCD CPB T19,I          COMPARE INSTRUCTION FOR RBODY
04111000 17745 135733 STBCD STB T19,I          STORE COMMAND FOR RBODY
04112000 17746 150000 B150K OCT 150000
04113000 17747 151000 B151K OCT 151000
04114000 17750 171777 SATMP OCT 171777
04115000 17751 021774 QMRKS OCT 21774
04116000 *
04117000 *
04118000 *
04119000 *
04120000 *          * ROUTINE LINKS
04121000 *
04122000 *
04123000 *
04124000 17763          OPB 17763B
04125000 17763          BSS 1
04126000 17764 185530 LNKSJ JMP LOADL+1          THIS IS THE CHECKSUM WORD
04127000 17765 170201 LKSBH RET 1          THIS IS A READ/WRITE LINK FOR THE CHAIN
04128000 17766          STOPC BSS 1          RETURN USED BY ALL USERS OF THIS LINK
04129000 17767          CFVA BSS 1          LINK TO STOP CASSETTE
04130000 17770          PTBRA BSS 1          LINK TO COMPLETE FIND ROUTINE
04131000 17771          MRKA BSS 1          LINK TO EXECUTE 'MRK'
04132000 17772          REWA BSS 1          LINK TO EXECUTE 'REW'
04133000 17773          CRTP BSS 1          LINK TO EXECUTE 'CARP'
04134000 17774          WTRA BSS 1          LINK TO EXECUTE 'WTR'
04135000 17775          RBUYA BSS 1          LINK TO EXECUTE 'RBUY'
04136000 17776          ERSA BSS 1          LINK TO EXECUTE 'ERS'
04137000 17777          IDKA BSS 1          LINK TO EXECUTE 'IDR'
04138000 *
04139000 *
04140000 *

*****RAM WORDS*****

04142000 *
04143000 *          * ----CASSETTE DEDICATED RAM
04144000 *
04145000 077676 CRECN EQU CATMP          RECORD NUMBER (PART OF HEAD)

```

*****RAM WORDS*****

04146000	077677	ASIZE EQU CATMP+1	ABSOLUTE SIZE
04147000	077700	CSIZE EQU CATMP+2	CURRENT SIZE
04148000	077701	RTYPE EQU CATMP+3	RECORD TYPE
04149000	077702	RRWNO EQU CATMP+4	RECORD REWRITE NUMBER
04150000	077703	EXISF EQU CATMP+5	SECURITY FLAG #0=SECURE 0=UNSECURE
04151000	077704	EAX EQU CATMP+6	USED FOR FWUP IN RKM
04152000	077705	TPUS EQU CATMP+7	TAPE POSITION INDICATOR
04153000	077706	MBPTR EQU CATMP+8	POINTS TO BODY SECTION
04154000	077763	ERRWD EQU MRW1+5	LOGS ERRORS
04155000	077764	FLG2 EQU MRW1+6	BITS 1-15 ARE ALWAYS ZERO
04156000	*	*	BIT ZERO SET= HARDWARE FIND
04157000	*	*	BIT ZERO CLR = BPC FIND
04158000	*	*	
04159000	*	SHARED TEMPORARIES	
04160000	*	*	
04161000	*	-----	
04162000	*	*	
04163000	*	----- PARTITION HEAD	
04164000	*	*	
04165000	077767	PRCTR EQU MRW1+9	PARTITION COUNTER
04166000	077714	PAKNO EQU T4	PARTITION NUMBER
04167000	077715	PAMLN EQU T5	PARTITION LENGTH
04168000	077716	PRWNO EQU T6	PARTITION REWRITE NUMBER
04169000	077717	TEMP1 EQU T7	USED IN WAIT AND NCODE
04170000	077720	MSIZE EQU T8	HOLDS THE ABSOLUTE SIZE OF THE RECORDS TO MARK
04171000	077721	CHSUM EQU T9	USED FOR ALL CHECKSUM CALCULATIONS
04172000	077721	TU1ST EQU CHSUM	TARGET-STARTING RECORD NUMBER
04173000	077722	NOREC EQU T10	NUMBER OF RECORDS TO MARK
04174000	077723	INSTR EQU T11	HOLDS AN INSTRUCTION (STR,COMPR)
04175000	077724	FPASS EQU T12	COUNTS NUMBER OF ATTEMPTS TO FIND
04176000	077725	RECNO EQU T13	TARGET RECORD NUMBER
04177000	077726	MRKSZ EQU T14	NUMBER OF WORDS NCODE WRITES ON MARK
04178000	*	*	
04179000	*	*	
04180000	*	FLG1 1 HITS 1 - 14 ARE ALWAYS ZERO	
04181000	*	BIT 0	SET MEANS TRACK A
04182000	*	*	CLEAR MEANS TRACK B
04183000	*	*	
04184000	*	*	
04185000	077707	FLG1 EQU CATMP+9	MARK SETS THIS BEFORE ENTERING IDR, ANOTMIS
04186000	*	*	REMEMBERS THE TRACK
04187000	*	*	
04188000	*	*	
04189000	*	COUNTERS	
04190000	*	*	
04191000	*	*	
04192000	077730	RHCTR EQU T16	USED IN REWRITE OF RECORD HEAD
04193000	077730	PHCTR EQU T16	PARTITION HEAD COUNTER
04194000	077731	WCIR EQU T17	WORD COUNTER USED IN PARTITION BODY
04195000	077732	HWCTR EQU T18	COUNTS WORDS IN S RECORD
04196000	*	*	
04197000	*	POINTERS	
04198000	*	*	
04199000	077733	MPR EQU T19	GENERA PURPOSE MOVING POINTER
04200000	077734	MBPTR EQU T20	MOVING BODY POINTER
04201000	*	*	
04202000	*	*	
***** CASSETTE INITIALIZATION *****			
04204000	*	*	
04205000	*	*	
04206000	*	*	
04207000	*	*	
04208000	23750	OPG 23750B	
04209000	23750	000254	
04210000	23751	031514	CSTIN LDA P1
04211000	23752	030011	STA CSEL
04212000	23753	000127	STA PA
04213000	23754	031705	LDA P16
04214000	23755	000006	STA CATMP+7
04215000	23756	030007	LDA R6
04216000	23757	000045	STA R7
04217000	23760	030005	LDA P255
04218000	23761	000254	STA R5
04219000	23762	031707	LDA P1
04220000	23763	000143	STA CATMP+9
04221000	23764	031343	LDA P4
04222000	23765	000177	STA NUTRY
04223000	23766	031345	LDA P0
04224000	23767	031344	STA CSCF
04225000	23770	030013	STA AVFLG
04226000	23771	002774	STA DMAPA
04227000	23772	031530	LDA LKSKA
04228000	23773	170201	STA LOADL
04229000	23774	017765	RET 1
04230000			LKSKA ABS LKSHR
			END

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

*****RDHED*****

```

02085000 20000          ORG 20000B
02086000          *-----SUBROUTINE RDHED
02087000          *
02088000          * THIS ROUTINE READS A RECORD HEAD(LENGTH
02089000          * DEFHD BY "HDLN") AND STORES IT INTO MEMORY( RHPTR
02090000          * DEFINES WHERE IN MEMORY).
02091000          *
02093000 20000 119733  CPINS CPB PTR,I
02100000 20001 001343  RDHED LDA NOTRY      SET NOTRY
02105000 20002 031731          STA WCTR      ATTEMPTS TO READ THE HEAD
02106000 20003 000057  ERDHD LDA RLFDM      READ DATA CMD AT HI THRESHOLD
02107000 20004 043715          JSM CMDW      START GOING;WAIT TIL UP TO SPEED
02108000 20005 002736          LDA RHPTR     SET PTR TO THE FIRST
02109000 20006 031733          STA PTR      WORD OF THE RECORD HEAD
02110000 20007 043271          JSM INGAP     FIND REC GAP; COULD BE IN DATA
02111000 20010 043261          JSM INDTA     FIND PREAMBLE
02112000 20011 043720          JSM RSTHD     SETS DATA MODE & PROPER THOLD
02113000 20012 043234          JSM PAMBL     GET SYNC'D WITH THE TAPE
02114000          *
02115000          *****HEAD RECORD HEAD
02116000          *
02117000 20013 000177  .DC10 LDA ZERO      INITIALIZE THE CHECKSUM
02118000 20014 031721          STA CHSUM     FOR READING THE REC HEAD
02119000 20015 000137          LDA HDLN      INITIALIZE THE
02120000 20016 031730          STA RHCTR     RECORD HEAD COUNTER
02121000 20017 043242  .DC13 JSM GETWD     GET NEW WORD
02122000 20020 067204          JMP .DC6
02123000 20021 055730          USZ RHCTR     DONE WITH HEAD?
02124000 20022 067024          JMP *+2      NO
02125000 20023 067031          JMP .DC1      YES
02130000 20024 135733  STINS STB PTR,I
02132000 20025 025721          AOB CHSUM
02133000 20026 035721          STB CHSUM     UPDATE HEAD CHECKSUM
02134000 20027 045733          ISZ PTR      MOVE HEAD PTR
02135000 20030 067017          JMP .DC13
02136000 20031 015721  .DC1 CPB CHSUM     READ HEAD CORRECTLY?
02137000 20032 170202          RET 2       YES; EXIT WITH TAPE STILL MOVING
02138000 20033 067204          JMP .DC6     HEAD CHSUM ERROR

```

*****RBODY*****

```

02140000          *
02141000          *-----SUBROUTINE RBODY
02142000          *
02143000          * THIS ROUTINE READS THE BODY OF A RECORD.SET
02144000          * INSTR= STB PTR,I INSTR TO STORE BODY INTO MEMORY
02145000          * INSTR= CPB PTR,I INSTR TO COMPARE BODY WITH MEMORY
02146000          *
02147000 20034 043001  RBODY JSM RDHED     READ THE RECORD HEAD
02148000 20035 170201          RET 1       HEAD READ ERROR
02149000 20036 001706          LDA MHPTR     GET MASTER BODY PTR (POINTS TO
02150000          *                               1ST WORD IN MEMORY FOR THE BODY)
02151000 20037 031734          STA BDPTR     AND INIT THE REF POINTER.
02152000 20040 021700          ADA CSIZE     FORM MAX ADDR ALLOWED
02153000 20041 170040          TCA          AND STORE ITS NEG FOR USE IN
02154000 20042 031732          STA RWCTR     DETERMINING WHEN TO STOP READING
02155000 20043 001725          LDA RECNO     GET TARGET RECORD NUMBER.
02156000 20044 011676          CPA CHECN     IS IT THE SAME AS THIS RECORD?
02157000 20045 067047          JMP *+2      YES
02158000 20046 067222          JMP .DC99     NO;WE HAVE THE WRONG RECORD!
02159000 20047 000177          LDA ZERO
02160000 20050 031767          STA PRCTR     SET PARTION CTR=0; 1ST PART IS 0
02161000          IFZ
02162000 20051 031727          STA DLFLG     CLEAR THE DUMMY LINE FLAG.
02163000          XIF
02164000          *
02165000          *-----NOW INIT. ITEMS NEC TO READ EACH PARTITION
02166000          *
02167000 20052 000150  .DC4 LDA M4          -4=NO. OF WORDS IN PHEAD
02168000 20053 031730          STA PHCTR     COUNTING THE PHEAD CHSUM
02169000 20054 002737          LDA PHPTR     PHPTR POINTS TO STORAGE AREA
02170000 20055 031733          STA PTR      FOR THE PHEAD
02171000 20056 043724          JSM SHTHD     PUT HRDW IN HEAD,DATA,THI MODE
02172000          *                               THI IS IMPT FOR IPG DETECTION!
02173000          *
02174000          *-----MUST GET BY THE POSTAMBLE INTO THE PGAP
02175000          *
02176000 20057 000177          LDA ZERO
02177000 20060 031721          STA CHSUM     INIT. CHECK SUM REGISTER
02178000 20061 076600          SSC *       STAY HERE UNTIL FIND IPG
02179000 20062 076605  .DC18 SSC *+5     SKIP WHEN IN DATA
02180000 20063 000005          LDA R5        GET STATUS
02181000 20064 170503          SAR 4        GET THE IRG BIT

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*****BODY*****
02182000 20065 073075 SLA *-3 SKIP IF STILL PARTITION GAP
02183000 20066 067224 JMP .DC89 HIT AN IRG
02184000 *
02185000 *----- JUST LEFT AN IPG
02186000 *
02187000 20067 043720 JSM RSTMD SETS DATA MODE & PROPER THOLD
02188000 20070 043234 JSM PAMBL GET BY PREAMBLE
02189000 20071 043242 .DC40 JSM GETWD GET REST OF PARTITION
02190000 20072 067215 JMP .DC17 HIT IPG
02191000 20073 045730 ISZ PHCTR HAVE I READ LAST WD IN PHEAD?
02192000 20074 067076 JMP *+2 NO! THEN STORE IT
02193000 20075 067103 JMP .DC2 ALL DONE WITH P HEAD
02194000 20076 135733 STB PTR+I STORE 1 WORD OF PHEAD
02195000 20077 025721 ADB CHSUM ADD IN CHSUM
02196000 20100 035721 STB CHSUM SAVE CHSUM
02197000 20101 045733 ISZ PTR MOVE PTR FOR NEXT STORE
02198000 20102 067071 JMP .DC40 GET NEXT WD OF PHEAD
02199000 *
02200000 *-----FINISHED READING PHEAD; CHECK FOR ERRORS
02201000 *
02202000 20103 015721 .DC2 CPB CHSUM B REG HAS TAPE-READ CHSUM
02203000 20104 067106 JMP *+2
02204000 20105 067215 JMP .DC17 PHEAD CHSUM ERROR
02205000 *
02206000 *-----CHECK PARTITION RE-WRITE NUMBER. IT MUST AGREE
02207000 * WITH THE ONE IN THE RECORD HEAD. IF IT DOESN'T
02208000 * THEN WE HAVE AN OLD PARTITION
02209000 *
02210000 20106 001702 LDA RRWNO
02211000 20107 011716 CPA PRWNO
02212000 20110 067112 JMP *+2
02213000 20111 067224 JMP .DC89 HIT AN OLD PARTITION
02214000 *
02215000 *-----CHECK TO SEE IF WE SKIPPED ANY PARTITIONS
02216000 *
02217000 * IFZ
02218000 20112 001714 .DC11 LDA PARNO GET CURRENT PARTITION NUMBER
02219000 20113 011767 CPA PRCTR SAME AS EXPECTED PART NUMBER?
02220000 20114 067121 JMP .DC12 YES--NO ERROR
02221000 20115 001723 LDA INSTR CAN'T ALTER MEMORY IF THIS IS
02222000 20116 013000 CPA CPINS A VERIFY. SKIP IF NOT VERIFY!
02223000 20117 067231 JMP VFYER VERIFY--EXIT NOW!
02224000 20120 042463 JSM ERLN IF PRGM. THIS INSERTS A DUMMY
02225000 * LINE OF *S; AND LOGS A READ BODY ERROR.
02226000 20121 001714 .DC12 LDA PARNO CURRENT PARTITION NUMBER
02227000 20122 020254 ADA ONE PLUS 1 EQUALS
02228000 20123 031767 STA PRCTR NEW EXPECTED PARTITION NUMBER.
02229000 * XIF
02230000 *
02231000 *-----MUST COMPUTE THE STARTING ADDR FOR STORING THE
02232000 * COMING PARTITION BODY. BDPTR IS THE REFERENCE
02233000 * PTR FOR PROGRAM STORAGE. PTR IS THE MOVING PTR
02234000 * IF IT IS A DATA RECORD, A RELATIVE ADDR IS
02235000 * COMPUTED USING THE PARTITION NO. (PARNO) AND
02236000 * THE PARTITION LENGTH (12B WDS FOR DATA).
02237000 *
02238000 20124 001734 LDA BDPTR GET REF PTR VALUE
02239000 20125 031733 STA PTR INIT. MOVING PTR
02240000 20126 005715 LDB PARLN INITIALIZE THE WORD COUNTER FOR
02241000 20127 035731 STB WCTR READING THE PARTITION BODY.
02242000 20130 020001 ADA B FORM MAX ADDR USED FOR BODY
02243000 20131 021732 ADA RWCTR STORE AND DET IF IT EXCEEDS LMT.
02244000 20132 172002 SAP *+2 0=LAST PARTITION; >0=ERROR
02245000 20133 067137 JMP *+4 OK TO HEAD
02246000 20134 031732 STA RWCTR SAVE FACT THAT THIS COULD BE
02247000 20135 072402 SZA *+2 THE LAST PARTITION. SKIP IF SO!
02248000 20136 067224 JMP .DC89 ERROR--EXCEED ALLOWED MEM SPACE
02249000 *
02250000 *-----NOW CHECK TO SEE IF THIS IS A DATA RECORD
02251000 *
02252000 20137 001701 LDA RTYPE GET REC TYPE
02253000 20140 010141 CPA PRGM IS THIS A PROGRAM RECORD?
02254000 20141 067146 JMP *+5 IT IS PROGRAM; NO ADDR COMPUTE.
02255000 20142 001714 LDA PARNO GET PARTITION NO.
02256000 20143 170606 SAL 7 MULT BY PAR. SIZE (12B)
02257000 20144 021706 ADA MHPTR ADD IN BODY SECTION BASE ADDR
02258000 20145 031733 STA PTR
02259000 *
02260000 *-----READ THE PARTITION BODY
02261000 *
02262000 20146 000177 LDA ZERO GET A 0
02263000 20147 031721 STA CHSUM INIT THE CHSUM WORD
02264000 20150 072600 SFC * GUAR THAT I IGNORE 1 FLAG WHICH
02265000 20151 000004 LDA W4 COULD BE THE EXTRA BIT OF CHSUM
02266000 20152 043234 JSM PAMBL GET IN SYNC AGAIN WE ARE

```

*****RBODY*****

```

02267000 *
02268000 20153 043242 .DC3 JSM GETWD GETTING BY THE PROCESSING PREAMBLE
02269000 20154 067215 JMP .DC17 READ 1 WD OF THE PARTITION BODY
02270000 20155 001723 LDA INSTR HIT GAP
02271000 *
02272000 * STORE,I FOR LOAD CMDS; OR A
02273000 20156 070000 EXE A COMPARE,I FOR VERIFY CMDS;
02274000 20157 067161 JMP *+2 EXECUTE THE A REG AS AN INSTRUCTION
02275000 * IF STORE WAS EXECUTED,ALWAYS
02276000 * HIT THIS INSTR. BUT IF CPB, ONLY
02277000 * IF COMPARE WAS CORRECT.
02278000 20160 067231 JMP VFYER COMPARE ERROR
02279000 20161 065721 ANB CHSUM ADD IN CHSUM
02280000 20162 035721 STB CHSUM SAVE CHSUM
02281000 20163 045733 ISZ PTR MOVE PTR; READY FOR NEXT WORD
02282000 20164 055731 DSZ WCTR COUNT WORD; ALL DONE WITH BODY?
02283000 20165 067153 JMP .DC3 NO; GET ANOTHER WORD
02284000 *
02285000 * -----DONE READING THE PARTITION BODY;
02286000 *
02287000 * -----NOW LET'S CHECK FOR A READ ERROR
02288000 *
02289000 *
02290000 20166 043242 .DC30 JSM GETWD GET PARTITION BODY CHECKSUM
02291000 20167 067215 JMP .DC17 FOUND GAP
02292000 20170 015721 CPB CHSUM COMPUTED CHECKSUM (CHSUM)=
02293000 * TAPE-READ CHECKSUM (IN B REG) ?
02294000 20171 067173 JMP *+2 NO ERROR; KEEP GOING
02295000 20172 067215 JMP .DC17 BODY CHSUM ERROR
02296000 *
02297000 * -----TAPE IS IN POSTAMBLE NOW; NEXT WE MUST SEE IF
02298000 * THERE IS MORE TO READ.
02299000 *
02300000 20173 001733 LDA PTR IT'S AT 1. POS. BEYOND LAST WD
02301000 * STORED, THUS NEXT PART. BODY
02302000 * WORD GOES THERE.
02303000 20174 031734 STA BUPTR UPDATE PROG. REF. PTR
02304000 20175 001732 LDA RWCTR GET CTR TO SEE IF DONE WITH REC
02305000 20176 072402 SZA .DC35 A 0 MEANS ALL DONE
02306000 20177 067052 JMP .DC4 MORE TO READ
02307000 *
02308000 * -----DONE READING THIS RECORD
02309000 *
02310000 20200 045676 .DC35 ISZ CRECN NEXT REC IS PRESENT * 1
02311000 20201 000145 LDA TWO SET TPOS TO "WE KNOW
02312000 20202 031705 .DC36 STA TPOS THE NO. OF THE NEXT REC"
02313000 20203 067705 JMP STSAF STSAF WILL STOP THE TAPE
02314000 * THIS WILL COMBINE HRWD AND SFTW
02315000 * STATUS AND DO A RET 1 IF AN
02316000 * ERROR WAS FOUND; RET 2 IF OK.

```

*****READ ERROR SECTION*****

```

02317000 *
02318000 * -----ERROR RECOVERY SECTION AND ERROR LOGGING
02319000 *
02320000 *
02321000 * -----INSTR : DEFINES OPERATION OF RBODY
02322000 *
02323000 * 1.) INSTR=STINS----MEANS READ MODE
02324000 * 2.) INSTR=CPINS----MEANS VERIFY MODE
02325000 *
02326000 * -----GET TO .DC6 FOR
02327000 * 1.)REC HEAD CHSUM ERROR
02328000 * 2.)GAP DETECTED DURING REC HEAD READ
02329000 *
02330000 20204 043450 .DC6 JSM BCKUP GET READY FOR ANOTHER TRY OR
02331000 20205 043456 JSM STPED GET LEFT OF ERROR; STOP TAPE
02332000 20206 055731 DSZ WCTR ANOTHER TRY?
02333000 20207 067003 JMP ERDHD YES--READ HEAD;DON'T RESET WCTR;
02334000 20210 00052 LDA RHERR READ ERROR IN RECORD HEAD
02335000 20211 031763 STA ERRWD REMEMBER THE ERROR
02336000 20212 000127 LDA D16 SET TAPE POSITION
02337000 20213 031705 STA TPOS TO "LOST"
02338000 20214 067705 JMP STSAF COMBINE ERRORS AND EXIT
02339000 *
02340000 * -----NOTICE THAT REC HEAD ERRORS ARE FATAL
02341000 * -----NO RECOVERY IS ATTEMPTED
02342000 *
02343000 * -----GET TO .DC17 FOR
02344000 * 1.)UNEXPECTED GAP (IN PHEAD OR PBODY)
02345000 * 2.)CHSUM ERROR (IN PHEAD OR PBODY)
02346000 *
02347000 20215 001723 .DC17 LDA INSTR CHECK THE MODE
02348000 20216 013000 CPA CPINS OF RBODY
02349000 20217 067231 JMP VFYER VERIFY;

```

```

*****READ ERROR SECTION*****
02350000
02351000 20220 042463 *****ERLW WILL LOG A READ BODY ERROR IN ERRWD!
                                JSM ERLN      RECOVERY--INSERT A DUMMY LINE
02352000 20221 067052 *****JMP .DC4      GET THE NEXT PARTITION
02353000
02354000
02355000
02356000 20222 000236 .DC99 LDA NRERR      WRONG RECORD
02357000 20223 067232      JMP LOGER      LOG ERROR & POSITION TAPE.
02358000
02359000 *****GET TO .DC89 FOR
02360000
02361000
02362000 * 1.) HITTING AN OLD PARTITION (FATAL ERROR)
02363000 * 2.) DETECTION OF AN IRG (FATAL ERROR)
02364000 * 3.) EXCEED MEMORY LIMIT (FATAL ERROR)
02365000
02366000 20224 000044 .DC89 LDA RBERR      LOG ERROR
02367000 20225 031763      STA ERRWD      = READ BODY
02368000 20226 001723      LDA INSTR      FIND OUT WHICH
02369000 20227 013024      CPA STINS      MODE RBODY IS IN
02370000 20230 067200      JMP .DC35      READ! STOP TAPE AND EXIT
02371000 20231 000237 .VFYER LDA VYERR     VERIFY! LOG A VERIFY
02372000 20232 031763 .LOGER STA ERRWD     ERROR
02373000 20233 067200      JMP .DC35      STOP TAPE AND EXIT

```

*****PREAMBLE*****

```

02374000
02375000 *****SUBROUTINE PAMBL
02376000
02377000
02378000 *****THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO GET SYNC'D WITH THE
02379000 * TAPE. IT RECEIVES SERIAL DATA BITS FROM THE
02380000 * HDW DECODER. IT ASSUMES THE PREAMBLE ON THE TAPE
02381000 * IS A STRING OF ZEROS ENDING IN A ONE. PAMBL WAITS
02382000 * FOR A ONE TO MEAN END OF PREAMBLE. THIS ROUTINE
02383000 * WILL NOT GET STUCK IN GAP.
02384000
02385000 20234 076602 PAMBL SSC *+2      CHECK FOR GAP FIRST
02386000 20235 170201      RET 1          GAP DETECTED--ERROR
02387000 20236 072676      SFC *-2       SKIP IF DECODER NOT READY
02388000 20237 000004      LDA R4        GET DATA BIT AND CLR FLG
02389000 20240 073074      SLA PAMBL     SKIP IF DATA BIT IS A ZERO
02390000 20241 170201      RET 1          FOUND A 1--END OF PREAMBLE

02392000
02393000 *****SUBROUTINE GETWD (FORMS 16 BIT WORDS)
02394000
02395000
02396000 *****THIS ROUTINE FORMS 16 BIT WORDS FROM THE BIT
02397000 * SERIAL DECODER. THE BITS ENTER AT 0 BIT AND ARE
02398000 * MOVED UP TO THE SIGN BIT, THIS ROUTINE IGNORES
02399000 * ONE BIT BEFORE FORMING WORDS.
02400000
02401000 *          NORMAL EXIT: WORD DONE (P+2)
02402000 *          ERROR EXIT: HIT IPG (P+1)
02403000
02404000 20242 072600 GETWD SFC *          IGNORE 1 BIT
02405000 20243 000004      LDA R4        CLR FLAG; DON'T WANT TO SEE IT TWICE
02406000 20244 004254      LDB ONE      WHEN THIS MOVES TO SIGN BIT,
02407000 *          THE WORD IS DONE!
02408000 20245 072203 NBIT SFS *+3       NEXT BIT READY?
02409000 20246 076677      SSC *-1       NO--ARE WE IN GAP?
02410000 20247 170201      RET 1          YES--ERROR
02411000 20250 000004      LDA R4        GET THE BIT AND CLR THE FLG.
02412000 20251 050254      AND ONE      MASK ALL BITS EXCEPT 80
02413000 20252 176404      SRM ENDWD    END OF WORD?
02414000 20253 174600      SRL 1        NO
02415000 20254 024000      ADB A        STORE BIT
02416000 20255 067245      JMP NBIT     GET ANOTHER BIT
02417000 20256 174600 ENDWD SRL 1
02418000 20257 024000      ADB A        STORE FINAL BIT
02419000 20260 170202      RET 2        NORMAL RETURN

```

*****INDTA*****

```

02421000
02422000 *****SUBROUTINE INDTA (FIND A DATA REGION)
02423000
02424000 *****THIS ROUTINE LOOKS FOR A DATA REGION. BIT 4 OF
02425000 * THE STATUS REG (MS) IS THE IRG BIT; 0=DATA; 1=GAP
02426000 * THIS ROUTINE MUST ALSO WATCH FOR ERRORS WHICH CAN

```

*****INDTA*****

```

02427000      * STOP THE SYSTEM BECAUSE DATA DETECTION REQUIRES
02428000      * THE TAPE TO BE MOVING.
02429000      *
02430000 20261 000005 INDTA LDA R5      GET STATUS
02431000 20262 050130      AND ERMSK  ALLOWS COT,SFL & BET TO BE TESTD
02432000 20263 072402      SZA **2   IS POP=COT*SFL*BET=0?(NO ERRORS)
02433000 20264 170201      RET 1     NOI WE HAVE A HRDW ERROR
02434000 20265 000005      LDA R5    YES!HRDW OK! GET STATUS AGAIN
02435000 20266 170503      SAR 4     GET BIT 4.
02436000 20267 073472      RLA INDTA SKIP IF STILL IN AN IRG
02437000 20270 170201      RET 1

```

```

02439000      *
02440000      *-----SUBROUTINE  INGAP (FINDS IRG)
02441000      *
02442000      *-----INGAP LOOKS FOR INTER-RECORD GAPS. IT USES
02443000      * THE IRG BIT (BIT 4) OF THE STATUS WORD!
02444000      * IRG=1 MEANS INTER-REC. GAPI IRG=0 MEANS DATA.
02445000      *
02446000 20271 000005  INGAP LDA R5      GET STATUS
02447000 20272 170503      SAR 4     GET BIT 4
02448000 20273 073076      SLA INGAP  SKIP IF STILL IN DATA
02449000 20274 170201      RET 1     NORMAL RETURN

```

*****ENCODER*****

```

02451000      *
02452000      *-----SUBROUTINE  NCODE
02453000      *
02454000      *-----THIS ROUTINE WILL WRITE A RECORD HEAD AND
02455000      * BODY FOR AN EXISTING RECORD.(MRK CREATES RECORDS)
02456000      * IT WILL WRITE THE RECORD IN "PARTITION" FORM.
02457000      *
02458000      *
02459000      *-----WRITE RECORD HEAD
02460000      *
02461000 20275 000057  NCODE LDA R5      TELL HRDW TO READ,LS,FWD
02462000      *          THOLD=HI FOR GAP DETECTION
02463000 20276 043715      JSM CMOW  START GOING!WAIT TIL UP TO SPEED
02464000 20277 043271      JSM INGAP  COULD START IN DATA BEFORE GAPI
02465000 20300 043261      JSM INDTA  FIND THE RECORD PREAMBLE.
02466000      *
02467000      *----- DELAY TURN-ON OF WRITE AMP
02468000      *
02469000 20301 000177  NCEP1 LDA ZERO
02470000 20302 031714      STA PARNO  1ST PARTITION IS NO. 0
02471000 20303 030004      STA RA    DEF DATA LINE BEFORE WRITE DATA
02472000 20304 031721      STA CHSUM INIT. CHECKSUM
02473000 20305 000074      LDA WLFDD GIVE THE HRDW A
02474000 20306 043730      JSM QUTCM WRITE CMD.(33 MICROS SFTW DELAY)
02475000      *
02476000      *-----INIT. FOR WRITING THE RECORD
02477000      *
02478000 20307 001702      LDA RRWNO
02479000 20310 031716      STA PRWNO  SET PART RE-WR # = REC RE-WR #
02480000 20311 005706      LDB MBPTR
02481000 20312 035734      STB BDPTR SET BDPTR TO LOC TO BE WRITTEN
02482000 20313 002736      LDA RHPTR SET PTR TO POINT AT THE
02483000 20314 031733      STA PTR   FIRST WORD OF THE RECORD HEAD.
02484000 20315 000137      LDA HDLN  SET RECORD HEAD CTR TO HDLN-1
02485000 20316 020257      ADA M1   BECAUSE LOOP AT .NC10 DOES NOT
02486000 20317 031730      STA RHCTR INCLUDE WRITING RHEAD CHSUM.
02487000 20320 004254      LDB ONE  MAKE TEMP1 POSITIVE BEC THAT
02488000 20321 035717      STB TEMP1 MEANS MORE REC TO WRITE.
02489000      *
02490000      *-----NOW WRITE THE RECORD HEAD.
02491000      *
02492000 20322 043421      JSM PUTWD  B.REG=11 WRITE PREAMBLE.
02493000 20323 105733      .NC10 LDB PTR,I  GET HEAD WORD
02494000 20324 043421      JSM PUTWD  WRITE THE WORD ON TAPE
02495000 20325 025721      ADB CHSUM  UPDATE THE
02496000 20326 035721      STB CHSUM  CHSUM
02497000 20327 045733      ISZ PTR   ADVANCE THE PTR TO NEXT RHEAD WD
02498000 20330 055730      DSZ RHCTR COUNT WORD JUST WRITTEN! DONE?
02499000 20331 067323      JMP .NC10 NOT YET! GET NEXT WORD
02500000 20332 002737      .NC3 LDA PHPTR  DONE WITH RHEAD! NOW INITIALIZE
02501000 20333 031733      STA PTR   PTR FOR PHEAD
02502000 20334 043421      JSM PUTWD  B REG HAS CHSUM! PUT IT ON TAPE!
02503000 20335 004254      LDB ONE  SET B=1
02504000 20336 043421      JSM PUTWD  WRITE POSTAMBLE
02505000 20337 001701      LDA RTYPE
02506000 20340 072002      RZA **2

```

*****ENCODER*****

```

02507000 20341 067414      JMP MARKO      RTYPE=0; DO MARK
02508000 20342 001717      LDA TEMP1     DONE YET?
02509000 20343 172002      SAP *+2      SKIP IF NOT DONE WRITING
02510000 20344 067407      JMP .NC11     HAVE FINISHED THIS RECORD
02511000
02512000      *-----WRITE AN IPG
02513000      *
02514000 20345 000101      .NC1 LDA WLF TG  WRITE GAP--FOR IPG
02515000 20346 043730      JSM OUTCM    COULD DESTROY EAST BIT OF POSTAM
02516000 20347 000177      LDA ZERO
02517000 20350 031721      STA CHSUM
02518000 20351 000147      LDA M3
02519000 20352 031730      STA PHCTR    UPDATE PARTITION HEAD CTR
02520000      *
02521000      *-----FOR NOW, DATA AND PROG PARLN ARE TREATED THE SAME
02522000      *
02523000 20353 042523      JSM PTCLC    WRITE AN IPG & COMPUTE PART LENGTH
02524000 20354 000177      LDA ZERO
02525000 20355 030004      STA R4      WANT DATA LINE TO BE 0 WHEN EWA
02526000 20356 000074      LDA WLFDD    GET READY TO WRITE DATA AGAIN
02527000 20357 043730      JSM OUTCM
02528000 20360 004254      LDB ONE
02529000 20361 043*21      JSM PUTWD    WRITE PREAMBLE
02530000      *
02531000      *----- WRITE PARTITION HEAD
02532000      *
02533000 20362 105733      .NC13 LDB PTR,I
02534000 20363 043421      JSM PUTWD    WRITE PARTITION HEAD
02535000 20364 025721      ADB CHSUM    UPDATE THE
02536000 20365 035721      STB CHSUM    CHSUM
02537000 20366 045733      ISZ PTR
02538000 20367 045730      ISZ PHCTR
02539000 20370 067362      JMP .NC13    STILL PART. HEAD TO ENCODE
02540000 20371 043421      JSM PUTWD    WRITE HEAD CHECKSUM
02541000      *
02542000      *-----NOW HANDLE PARTITION BODY
02543000      *
02544000 20372 004254      LDB ONE
02545000 20373 043421      JSM PUTWD    WRITE PROC. PREAMBLE
02546000 20374 000177      LDA ZERO
02547000 20375 031721      STA CHSUM    RESET CHECKSUM
02549000 20376 105734      .NC14 LDB BOPTR,I GET BODY WORD
02554000 20377 043421      JSM PUTWD    WRITE PARTITION BODY
02555000 20400 025721      ADB CHSUM    UPDATE THE
02556000 20401 035721      STB CHSUM    CHSUM
02557000 20402 045734      ISZ BOPTR
02558000 20403 055731      DSZ WCTR
02559000 20404 067376      JMP .NC14    MORE TO WRITE
02560000 20405 045714      ISZ PARNO    INC PARNO FOR NEXT PAR. WRITE
02561000 20406 067332      JMP .NC3     CHECK FOR ADDIT PARTITIONS
02562000 20407 043726      .NC11 JSM STPCA OUTPUT A STOP CMD TO THE HRDW
02563000 20410 000145      LDA TWO     SET TAPE POS INDICATOR TO "WE
02564000 20411 031705      STA TPOS    KNOW THE # OF NEXT REC"
02565000 20412 045676      ISZ CRECN   INCR TO NEXT REC.
02566000 20413 170201      RET I       NORMAL RETURN
02567000      *
02568000      *----- IT IS A MARK COMMAND
02569000      *
02570000 20414 004257      MARKO LDB M1  GET ALL ONES WORD FOR TAPE
02571000 20415 043421      JSM PUTWD
02572000 20416 055731      USZ WCTR
02573000 20417 067414      JMP MARKO
02574000 20420 170201      RET I       NORMAL RETURN
02576000      *
02577000      *-----SUBROUTINE PUTWD (WRITES 16 BIT WORD)
02578000      *
02579000      * WRITES THE B-REG ONTO TAPE SIGN BIT FIRST
02580000      * ASSUMES BIT 0 GOES TO BIT SERIAL ENCODER
02581000      * IT ALWAYS WRITES AN EXTRA 1 ON THE TAPE TO
02582000      * ALLOW EXTRA PROCESSING TIME AT THE END OF A
02583000      * WORD.
02584000      *
02585000 20421 000157      PUTWD LDA M15  SET BIT CTR
02586000 20422 072600      .NC30 SFC *   WAIT TIL ENCODER IS READY
02587000 20423 174716      RBR 15      GET B15 INTO B0
02588000 20424 034004      STB R4      GIVE HRDW ENC B0
02589000 20425 072175      RIA .NC30   SKIP IF NOT DONE WITH THE WORD
02590000      *-----RIA INSTR WILL LEAVE A=1 WHEN DONE!
02591000 20426 072600      SFC *       WAIT FOR ENCODER
02592000 20427 030004      STA M4      OUTPUT EXTRA BIT=1
02593000 20430 170201      RET I
02594000      *
02595000      *-----ON EXIT,B REG HAS WORD WRITTEN ON THE TAPE
02596000      *

```

*****GAP*****

```

02598000 *
02599000 *-----WGAP (WRITES GAP ASSUMES B HAS NO. OF TACH PULSES)
02600000 *
02601000 20431 000101 WGAP LDA WLF TG PUT HRDW INTO WRITE,LS,
02602000 20432 043730 JSM OUTCM FWD,TAC,GAP MODE
02603000 20433 072600 .WGP1 SFC * LOW SPEED; TACH PULSE?
02604000 20434 000004 LDA R4 CLR TAC
02605000 20435 074502 SIB *+2 YES;ARE WE DONE?
02606000 20436 067433 JMP .WGP1 NO; KEEP COUNTING
02607000 20437 170201 RET 1 NORMAL RETURN

```

```

02610000 *
02611000 *-----SUBROUTINE WGAPH (WRITE GAP AT HS)
02612000 *
02613000 20440 000124 WGAPH LDA WHFTG PUT HRDW INTO WRITE,HS,
02614000 20441 043730 JSM OUTCM FWD,TAC,GAP MODE
02615000 20442 000005 LDA R5 GET HRDW STATUS
02616000 20443 050130 AND ERMSK CHECK FOR HRDW ERRORS
02617000 20444 072476 SZA *-2 SKIP IF NONE
02618000 20445 010254 CPA ONE IS HRDW ERROR=BET?
02619000 20446 067545 JMP HOLE YES--DETERMINE POSITION,
02620000 20447 067705 JMP STSAF NO--ERROR

```

*****BCUP*****

```

02622000 *
02623000 *-----SUBROUTINE BCKUP
02624000 *
02625000 * THIS ROUTINE WILL TURN THE TAPE AROUND AND
02626000 * POSITION THE TAPE IN THE FIRST GAP IT SEES.
02627000 * IT IS DESIGNED PRIMARILY FOR GETTING BACK IN
02628000 * FRONT OF A RECORD AFTER READING ITS HEAD.
02629000 *
02630000 20450 043475 BCKUP JSM TURN THIS TURNS THE TAPE
02631000 20451 043261 BUP1 JSM INDTA ALLOWS TURN TO HAVE 1 GAP *
02632000 * 1 DATA SECTION UNCERTAINTY.
02633000 20452 043271 JSM INGAP FIND AN INTER-RECORD GAP
02634000 20453 002734 LDA SETLN THIS WILL WAIT A SETTLING
02635000 20454 043525 JSM WAIT DISTANCE.
02636000 20455 067726 JMP STPCA STOP CASSETTE & EXIT

```

```

02638000 *
02639000 *-----SUBROUTINE STPED
02640000 *
02641000 * THIS ROUTINE WILL WAIT UNTIL THE CASSETTE
02642000 * COMES TO A DEAD STOP.
02643000 *
02644000 20456 043726 STPED JSM STPCA OUTPUT A STOP CMD TO THE HRDW
02645000 20457 000005 STPW LDA R5 GET HRDW STATUS
02646000 20460 170504 SAR 5 PUT MVG BIT INTO LSB
02647000 20461 073476 RLA *-2 SKIP IF STILL MOVING
02648000 20462 002727 LDA COAST WAIT UNTIL IT'S DONE
02649000 20463 072100 RLA * COASTING (ABOUT 1.5 MSEC)
02650000 20464 170201 RET 1 EXIT

```

*****CARTP*****

```

02652000 *
02653000 *-----SUBROUTINE CARTP
02654000 *
02655000 * THIS CHECKS TO SEE IF A CARTRIDGE IS WRITE
02656000 * PROTECTED. ONLY CALL THIS ROUTINE WHEN YOU WISH
02657000 * TO WRITE ON THE TAPE BECAUSE IT GENERATES AN
02658000 * ERROR IF THE CARTRIDGE IS WRITE PROTECTED.
02659000 *
02660000 20465 043635 CARTP JSM STSBF CHECK HRDW STATUS
02661000 20466 170201 RET 1 ERROR
02662000 20467 000005 LDA R5 LOAD HRDW STATUS REG.
02663000 20470 170506 SAR 7 MOVE WPR BIT INTO LSB
02664000 * IF WPR=0, START WITH NO ERRORS
02665000 20471 073003 SLA .C SKIP IF IT IS OK TO WRITE
02666000 20472 004234 LDB WPRR ERROR--WRITE NOT ALLOWED
02667000 20473 035763 STB ERRWD LUG ERROR=WRITE NOT ALLOWED!
02668000 20474 067705 .C JMP STSAF COMBINE ERRORS & EXIT

```

*****TURN*****

```

02670000 *
02671000 *-----TURN(REVERSES TAPE DIRI POS=.1-.3" FROM ENTRY)
02672000 *
02673000 * ENTRY POINTS: 1.) TURN--IF FINAL SPEED=LS
02674000 *                2.) .T7--IF FINAL SPEED=ENTRY SPEED=MS
02675000 *
02676000 20475 000117 TURN LDA D32      SPEED BIT(5)=1 (LS)
02677000 20476 061710 IOR CUCMD   NOW HAVE LS
02678000 20477 050057 AND RLFDM  SET THOLD=HI (BIT 2 = 0 IN SFTW)
02679000 20500 043730 JSM OUTCM
02680000 20501 007730 .T7 LDA TACLS  THIS GIVES A
02681000 20502 043525 JSM WAIT   BUFFER ZONE=.22" BEFORE TURNING
02682000 20503 001710 LDA CUCMD  GET PRESENT HRDW CMD
02683000 20504 170703 .T1 RAR 4    GET DIR BIT
02684000 20505 073302 SLA *+2,S  THESE 2 INSTRUCTIONS
02685000 20506 073201 SLA *+1,C  REVERSE BUT 0 OF A REG
02686000 20507 170713 RAR 12    GET CORRECT ORIENT.
02687000 20510 043730 JSM OUTCM  TURN THIS THING AROUND
02688000 20511 004177 LDB ZERO   TAC CTR INIT.
02689000 *
02689100 *-----NOW COUNT TAC PULSES (IN B) WHILE DECELERATING
02689200 *
02689300 20512 072603 .T2 SFC *+3  TAC PULSE?
02689400 20513 076501 SIB *+1    YES! COUNT IT
02691000 20514 000004 LDA R4     CLR FLG
02692000 20515 000005 LDA R5     NO TAC PULSE; GET HRDW STATUS
02693000 20516 170504 SAR 5      GET 10% OF SPD BIT
02694000 20517 073473 RLA .T2   SKIP IF STILL MOVING
02695000 20520 174040 TCB
02696000 *
02697000 *-----NOW COUNT TAC PULSES WHILE ACCELERATING (COUNT
02698000 * SAME NUMBER NOW AS WHEN DECELERATING
02699000 *
02700000 20521 072600 .T5 SFC *    WAIT HERE FOR TAC PULSE
02701000 20522 000004 LDA R4     CLR FLAG
02702000 20523 076176 RIB .T5   COUNT DOWN !! SKIP IF MORE TAC
02703000 * PULSES TO COUNT.
02704000 20524 170201 RET 1      ALL DONE

```

*****WAIT*****

```

02706000 *
02707000 *-----WAIT(NUMBER IN A REG-NEGATIVE-GIVES AMT OF
02708000 * TAC PULSES WAITED)
02709000 *
02710000 * 483 TAC PULSES (TO SFTW) = 1 INCH OF TAPE
02711000 *
02712000 20525 031717 WAIT STA TEMP1  SAVE LENGTH OF THIS WAIT
02713000 20526 001710 LDA CUCMD  GET CURRENT HRDW CMD
02714000 20527 052742 AND TACMD  NOW PUT THE HRDW INTO TAC
02715000 20530 043730 JSM OUTCM  MODE! MUST COUNT TAC PULSES.
02716000 20531 072600 SFC *     WAIT FOR TAC PULSE
02717000 20532 030004 STA R4     CLR FLG
02718000 20533 045717 ISZ TEMP1  COUNT TAC PULSE; DONE?
02719000 20534 067531 JMP *-3    NOT YET! KEEP COUNTING
02720000 20535 170201 RET 1      ALL DONE
02722000 *
02723000 *-----MSBET(MEASURE A DISTANCE OR DETECT BET)
02724000 *
02725000 * ENTRY: DISTANCE IN B REG (NEGATIVE NO.)
02726000 *
02727000 * EXIT: RET 1--RET OCCURRED-B REG HAS PARTIAL CNT
02728000 * RET 2--THE DISTANCE WAS MEASURED
02729000 *
02730000 20536 000005 MSBET LDA R5  GET HRDW STATUS
02731000 20537 073405 RLA .BETM  SKIP IF BET OCCURRED
02732000 20540 072600 SFC *     WAIT FOR TAC PULSE
02733000 20541 000004 LDA R4     CLR FLG
02734000 20542 076174 RIB MSBET  SKIP IF NOT DONE
02735000 20543 170202 RET 2      DIST. HAS BEEN MEASURED
02736000 20544 170201 .BETM RET 1  BET OCCURRED

```

*****HOLE*****

```

02738000 *
02739000 *-----HOLE(DETERMINES TAPE POSITION WHEN HIT HOLE)
02740000 *
02741000 20545 000005 HOLE LDA R5  GET HRDW STATUS; MOVE STATUS DIR
02742000 20546 170501 SAR 2      TO SAME POSITION AS CMD DIR BIT.
02743000 20547 050127 AND D16    ISOLATE DIRECTION BIT

```

*****HOLE*****

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02744000 20550 062744 IOR RHRTL PUTS HRDW INTO TAC MODE,MS AND
02745000 20551 043730 JSM OUTCM OPPOSITE DIRECTION.
02746000 * THE DIR IS OPPOSITE BEC CMD L STATUS ARE OP SENSE
02747000 20552 004006 LDB R6 CLR BET
02748000 20553 006723 LDB M301 GO FOR 30 INCHES OF TAPE OR A
02749000 20554 043536 JSM MSBET BET, WHICH EVER COMES FIRST
02750000 20555 067557 JMP MDL HIT BET--GET TO MAIN DECODE LOOP
02751000 20556 067630 JMP EHOL CAN'T FIND "ENTRY" HOLE
02752000 20557 000006 MDL LDA R6 CLR BET
02753000 20560 006723 LDB M301 GO 30 INCHES OF TAPE OR UNTIL
02754000 20561 043536 JSM MSBET BET OCCURS.
02755000 20562 067607 JMP DDIS HIT BET--DECODE THE DIST TRVLEDI
02756000 20563 043501 JSM T7 WENT 30 IN.--IN VALID TAPE! TURN
02757000 20564 006724 LDB M24I GO FOR 24 IN. WATCH
02758000 20565 043536 JSM MSBET FOR HOLES!
02759000 20566 067630 JMP EHOL ERROR--HIT UNEXPECTED HOLE
02760000 20567 006725 LDB M12I GO FOR 12 IN. I EXPECT TO HIT A
02761000 20570 043536 JSM MSBET HOLE BEFORE THEN!
02762000 20571 067573 JMP *+2 FOUND HOLE! CONTINUE RECOVERY
02763000 20572 067630 JMP EHOL ERROR--MISSED A HOLE
02764000 20573 000006 LDA R6 CLR BET
02765000 20574 043475 JSM TURN TURN AROUND--EXIT AT LOW SPEED
02766000 20575 002733 LDA DLYA GUAR I GET BY THE HOLE I JUST
02767000 20576 043525 JSM WAIT SENSEDI (IN VALID DATA NOW)
02768000 20577 043726 JSM STPCA OUTPUT A STOP CMD TO THE HRDW.
02769000 20600 004006 LDB R6 CLR BET
02770000 20601 004137 LDB D8 SET B TO REWIND POSITION. SET
02771000 20602 170503 SAR 4 TPOS BASED ON DIR BIT
02772000 20603 073402 RLA *+2 SKIP IF DIR=FWD=REWIND
02773000 20604 004127 LDB D16 AT EOT!
02774000 20605 035705 STB TPOS SAVE THE TAPE POSITION
02775000 20606 170202 RET 2
02776000 *
02777000 *-----DECODE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN HOLES
02778000 *
02779000 20607 026722 DDIS ADB P30I FORM POS # & DIST TRAVELED
02780000 20610 000001 LDA B PUT A COPY IN A
02781000 20611 026726 ADR MQTI DID WE GO 1/4 INCH?
02782000 20612 176004 SRP DD1 SKIP IF NO!
02783000 20613 002745 BUT LDA RHFTL AT BOT
02784000 20614 043730 JSM OUTCM THUS GO FWD TO
02785000 20615 067557 JMP MDL GO TO MAIN DECODING LOOP.
02786000 20616 027725 DDI ANA M12I DID WE GO 12 INCHES?
02787000 20617 172402 SAM *+2 SKIP IF YES
02788000 20620 067557 JMP MDL NEED MORE DECODING
02789000 20621 004006 LDB R6 CLR BET! WE WENT 1 FOOT
02790000 20622 006726 LDB MQTI GO AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OR
02791000 20623 043536 JSM MSBET UNTIL BET
02792000 20624 067613 JMP BOT HIT BET--THUS 2 HOLES 1/4" AT BOT
02793000 20625 002744 EOT LDA RHRTL AT EOT! GO REVERSE TO FIND
02794000 20626 043730 JSM OUTCM VALID TAPE.
02795000 20627 067557 JMP MDL DO MORE DECODING!
02796000 *
02797000 *-----ERRORS DETECTED BY HOLE
02798000 *
02799000 20630 000175 EHOL LDA HOERR HIT EXTRA HOLE OR MISSED ONE!
02800000 20631 031763 STA ERRWD LOG ERROR
02801000 20632 000127 LDA D16 SET POSITION
02802000 20633 031705 STA TPOS TO LOST!
02803000 20634 067705 JMP STSAF COMBINE ERRORS AND EXIT
02804000 * STSAF WILL STOP THE TAPE

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*****STSBF*****

```

02806000 *
02807000 *-----STSBF (HRDW STATUS CHECK BEFORE EXEC)
02808000 *
02809000 20635 000177 STSBF LDA ZERO
02810000 20636 031763 STA ERRWD NEW INSTR. START WITH NO ERRORS
02811000 20637 000005 STSNI LDA M5 GET HRDW STATUS
02812000 20640 170504 SAR 5 PUT MVB BIT INTO LSR
02813000 20641 073476 RLA *+2 SKIP IF SPEED > 2 INCHES/SEC
02814000 20642 043456 STSNP JSM STPED GET CASSETTE DEAD STOPPED
02815000 20643 000005 STSBM LDA M5 GET HRDW STATUS
02816000 20644 170701 RAR 2 GET COT INTO LSB
02817000 20645 073011 SLA RFI SKIP IF CART. WASN'T PULLED
02818000 20646 030007 STA R7 CART WAS REMOVED! CLR COT
02819000 20647 000006 LDA R6 CLR BET
02820000 20650 000127 LDA D16 SET TAPE POSIION
02821000 20651 031705 STA TPOS TO LOST
02822000 20652 000005 LDA R5 GET HRDW STATUS
02823000 20653 170701 RAR 2 PUT COT INTO LSB
02824000 20654 073002 SLA *+2 SKIP IF WE HAVE A NEW CART
02825000 20655 067705 JMP STSAF NO CART IN MACHINE

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*****STSAF*****

```

02826000 20656 170716 .BF1 RAR 15 GET SFL INTO LSB
02827000 20657 073014 SLA .BF2 SERVO OK? (SFL=0 FOR YES)
02828000 20660 000127 LDA D16 SET TAPE POSITION INDICATOR
02829000 20661 031705 STA TPOS TO LOST.
02830000 *-----THE SERVO FAIL COULD BE LEFT FROM PREV USER CMD
02831000 20662 000146 LDA M2 NOW WAIT
02832000 20663 004254 LDB ONE FOR .4 SECONDS
02833000 20664 076100 RIB * BEFORE CLEARING
02834000 20665 072176 RIA *-2 SFL BIT.
02835000 20666 030007 STA R7 TRY CLEARING SFL
02836000 20667 000005 LDA R5 GET HRDW STATUS
02837000 20670 170700 RAR 1 GET SFL BIT INTO LSB
02838000 20671 073002 SLA *-2 SERVO STILL BAD?
02839000 20672 067705 JMP STSAF YES; COMBINE ERRORS
02840000 20673 170701 .BF2 RAR 2 GET POF BIT INTO LSB
02841000 20674 073004 SLA .BF3 IS POWER ON? (SKIP IF YES)
02842000 20675 000127 LDA D16 SET TAPE POSITION
02843000 20676 031705 STA TPOS TO LOST
02844000 20677 067705 JMP STSAF COMBINE ERRORS AND EXIT
02845000 20700 170714 .BF3 RAR 13 GET BIT INTO LSB.
02846000 20701 073003 SLA *-3 BIT? (SKIP IF NO)
02847000 20702 043545 JSM HOLE YES; HOLE WILL FIX THAT
02848000 20703 067705 JMP STSAF COMBINE ERRORS & EXIT
02849000 20704 170202 RET 2 HRDW OK! EXIT
02851000 *
02852000 *-----SUBROUTINE STSAF
02853000 *
02854000 * THIS ROUTINE COMBINES SOFTWARE ERRORS AND
02855000 * HARDWARE ERRORS INTO A SINGLE ERROR WORD CALLED
02856000 * ERRWD; THIS WORD CAN BE EXAMINED FROM MSB TO
02857000 * LSB AND THE MOST SEVERE ERROR WILL BE DETECTED
02858000 * FIRST.
02859000 *
02860000 20705 043726 STSAF JSM STPCA STOP THE TAPE.
02861000 20706 000005 LDA R5 GET THE HRDW STATUS
02862000 20707 170613 SAL 12 MOVE 4 HRDW ERROR BITS TO MSB.
02863000 20710 061763 IOR ERRWD INCLUDE SOFTWARE ERRORS
02864000 20711 031763 STA ERRWD SAVE FOR POSSIBLE FUTURE USE
02865000 20712 072402 SZA *-2 AND ERRORS? (0=NO ERRORS)
02866000 20713 170201 RET 1 YES!
02867000 20714 170202 RET 2 NO!

```

*****CMDW*****

```

02869000 *
02870000 *-----SUBROUTINE CMDW
02871000 *
02872000 * THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS THE A REG TO THE HRDW
02873000 * AS A CMD. THEN IT COUNTS ENOUGH TAC PULSES TO
02874000 * GUARANTEE THAT THE TAPE REACHES LOW SPEED! ONLY
02875000 * THE A REG IS USED.
02876000 *
02877000 20715 043730 CMDW JSM OUTCM OUTPUT CMD
02878000 20716 002730 CMW1 LDA TACLS COUNT ENUF TACS TO REACH LS
02879000 20717 067525 JMP WAIT COUNT DISTANCE & EXIT
02881000 *
02882000 *-----SUBROUTINE OUTCM (GIVES HRDW A CMD).
02883000 *
02884000 * ENTRY POINTS:
02885000 *
02886000 * 1). RSTHD-- SET READ THOLD HI (VEY) OR LO (LOAD).
02887000 * 2). SHTHD-- SET READ THOLD HI (ACCUR. GAP DETECT).
02888000 * 3). STPCA-- OUTPUT A STOP CMD TO THE HRDW.
02889000 * 4). OUTCM-- OUTPUT THE A REG AS A HRDW CMD.
02890000 *
02891000 *
02892000 20720 000053 RSTHD LDA RLED GET CMD FOR A NORMAL READ
02893000 20721 005723 LDB INSTR CHECK TO SEE IF CMD IS A
02894000 20722 017024 CPB STINS READ OR A VERIFY!
02895000 20723 067730 JMP OUTCM IT IS A READ
02896000 20724 000057 SHTHD LDA RLDH IT IS VERIFY! SET THOLD TO HI
02897000 20725 067730 JMP OUTCM AND OUTPUT THE CMD.
02898000 20726 002746 STPCA LDA STOP GET THE STOP CMD & INCLUDE THE
02899000 20727 061710 IOR CUCMD DIRECTION OF PREV CMD.
02900000 20730 073201 OUTCM SLA *-1,C CLR THE TRACK BIT
02901000 20731 061707 IOR FLG1 INCLUDE CURRENT TRACK
02902000 20732 050045 AND KPMSK B0-7 UNCHNG'D; B8=0
02903000 20733 031710 STA CUCMD SAVE THE CMD.
02904000 20734 030005 STA R5 TELL HRDW
02905000 20735 170201 RET 1 ALL DONE

```

*****MARK*****

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02907000 *
02908000 *-----MARK SUBROUTINE
02909000 *
02910000 *           INPUTS:  NOREC=NUMBER OF RECORDS
02911000 *                   MSIZE=ABSOLUTE SIZE IF EACH RECORD
02912000 *
02913000 20736 043465 MRK JSM CARTP CHECK TO SEE IF CART. IS PROT'ED.
02914000 20737 170201 HFT 1  ERROR--THIS CART IS PROTECTED!
02915000 20740 001705 LDA TPOS CHECK TO SEE IF WE MUST
02916000 20741 170500 SAR 1 READ A RECORD HEAD TO
02917000 20742 073003 SLA *+3 DETERMINE POSITION. (SKIP = NO)
02918000 20743 042210 JSM IDR1 YES--TPOS=21 GO FWD & FIND A REC
02919000 20744 170201 HET 1 ERROR WHEN I TRIED TO READ RHEAD
02920000 *
02921000 *-----AT THIS POINT, TPOS SHOULD BE 1, 8, OR 16
02922000 *
02923000 *
02924000 *-----INITIALIZATION
02925000 *
02926000 20745 000177 LDA ZERO
02927000 20746 031701 STA RIYFE RECORD TYPE=0 FOR EMPTY RECORD
02928000 20747 031700 STA CSIZE CURRENT SIZE=0 WHEN MARKED
02929000 20750 031702 STA RRWNO RE-WRITE NUMBER STARTS AT 0
02930000 *
02931000 *-----COMPUTE ACTUAL MARKING LENGTH
02932000 *
02933000 20751 001720 LDA MSIZE GET BUFFERED ABS SIZE
02934000 20752 031677 STA ASIZE DEF PART OF REC HEAD
02935000 20753 170506 SAR 7 DIVIDE BY 128
02936000 20754 030001 STA B NO. OF FULL PARTITIONS
02937000 20755 001677 LDA ASIZE
02938000 20756 050053 AND MSKL7 MASK OFF LOW 7 BITS
02939000 20757 072402 SZA *+2
02940000 20760 076501 SIB *+1 ADD 1 FOR PARTIAL PARTITION
02941000 20761 000001 LDA B GET NP=NUMBER OF PARTITIONS
02942000 20762 170602 SAL 3 NP*8
02943000 20763 174600 SRL 1 NP*2
02944000 20764 020001 ADA H A REG=NP*10=POH (PAR OVERHEAD)
02945000 20765 021677 ADA ASIZE FORM TOTWD
02946000 20766 004000 LDB A SAVE IN B
02947000 20767 174502 SBR 3 FORM VARSL=TOTWD*12.5%
02948000 20770 020001 ADA B A REG = 1.125*TOTWD
02949000 20771 020140 ADA SLKRH MARKING SIZE = 1.125*TOTWD *
02950000 * RECORD HEAD SLACK!
02951000 20772 031726 STA MRKSZ SAVE THIS FOR NCODE
02952000 20773 031731 STA WCTR SET UP THE WORD COUNTER
02953000 20774 005722 LDB NOREC GET # OF REC TO BE MARKED.
02954000 *
02955000 *-----DETERMINE WHERE TO START MARKING THE TAPE
02956000 *
02957000 20775 001705 .MRKB LDA TPOS GET PRESENT TAPE POSITION
02958000 20776 010137 CPA DB ARE WE AT REWIND?
02959000 20777 066023 JMP .MRKB YES
02960000 21000 010254 CPA ONE DO WE KNOW WHERE WE ARE?
02961000 21001 066034 JMP .MRK2 YES--START MARKING FROM THAT REC
02962000 21002 000117 LDA MPEHR NO--ERROR--CAN'T MARK WHEN
02963000 21003 031763 STA EHRWD POSITION IS UNKNOWN
02964000 21004 067705 JMP STSAP COMBINE ERRORS AND EXIT
02965000 *
02966000 *-----SPECIAL CASE: RE-MARK A RECORD HEAD.
02967000 *
02968000 * THIS OPTION SHOULD ONLY BE USED WHEN YOU CAN'T
02969000 * HEAD A RECORD HEAD. THE MRK MODULE RECOGNIZES
02970000 * THIS CASE BY NOREC=0. MSIZE MUST ALSO BE 0. BUT THE
02971000 * TOS DOES THIS CHECK. THE HEAD IS REWRITTEN WITH AN
02972000 * ABSOLUTE SIZE OF 1 WORD.
02973000 *
02974000 * SUPPOSE YOU WISH TO REMARK THE HEAD OF
02975000 * RECORD X:
02976000 * 1) IF X=0, THEN DO A REWIND. OTHERWISE DO
02977000 * A FIND X.
02978000 * 2) NOW DO A MARK CMD WITH "NUMBER OF
02979000 * RECORDS" PARAMETER = 0 AND "RECORD SIZE" PARAMETER = 0!
02980000 *
02981000 21005 004257 .MRK5 LDB M1 NEEDED IN CASE AT REWIND.
02982000 21006 000137 LDA DB WRITE 8WDS OF "BODY" AFTER RE-
02983000 21007 031731 STA WCTR MARKING THE HEAD. (MIN. AT ORGNAL
02984000 21010 011705 CPA TPOS MARK IS 18WDS). AT REWIND?
02985000 21011 035676 STB CRECN YES! THIS -1 GOES TO 0--NXT INST
02986000 21012 045676 ISZ CRECN RE-MARKING NEXT REC IN FWD DIR!
02987000 21013 066014 JMP *+1 SLACK SINCE CRECN=-1 IS POSSIBLE
02988000 *
02989000 * IFZ
02990000 21014 000254 LDA ONE FORCE NEW ABSOLUTE
02991000 21015 031677 STA ASIZE SIZE TO BE 1 WORD.

```

*****MARK*****

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02991000          XIF
02992000          *
02993000          *-----WE ARE IN THE IRG OF THE RECORD PRECEDING THE
02994000          * RECORD THAT MUST BE RE-MARKED.
02995000          *
02996000 21016 000057 LDA RLFDM GO LS,+FWD. WE MUST GET OUT OF
02997000 21017 043715 JSM CMDW THIS IRG SINCE INCODE KEYS OFF OF
02998000 21020 043261 JSM INDTA THE IRG.
02999000 21021 043275 JSM NCODE RE-MARK THE REC HEAD(RTYPR=0!)
03000000 21022 067200 JMP .DC35 STOP;SET TPOS; EXIT!
03001000          *
03002000          *----- MARK FROM REWIND -----*
03003000          *
03004000          *
03005000          *-----WRITE 'DEAD ZONE' AT BOT
03006000          *
03007000 21023 076462 .MRK8 SZB .MRK5 B=NOREC1 NOREC=0 IS SPECIAL1
03008000 21024 000074 LDA WLFDD WRITE,LS,+FWD,DATA,DATA AND
03009000 21025 043715 JSM CMDW START GOING;WAIT TIL UP TO SPEED
03010000 21026 000177 LDA ZERO
03011000 21027 031676 STA CRECN 1ST REC IS 0
03012000 21030 002735 LDA DEADZ SET WCTR TO THE NUMBER OF ALL
03013000 21031 031731 STA WCTR ONES WORDS IN THE "DEADZONE".
03014000          *
03014100          * NOTE: HRDW IN WRT, TAC, DATA1 SHOULD BE IN
03014200          * WRT, DATA, DATA. RESULT IS A
03014300          * LONGER DEAD ZONE.
03014400          *
03014500 21032 043414 JSM MARKO WRITE THE DEAD ZONE
03015000 21033 066042 JMP .MRK3 GET INTO MAIN MARK LOOP
03016000          *
03017000          *-----IN IRG OF INITIAL MARKING RECORD
03018000          *
03019000 21034 076451 .MRK2 SZB .MRK5 B=NOREC1 NOREC=0 IS SPECIAL1
03020000 21035 043275 JSM NCODE RE-WRITE HEAD&BODY OF 1ST REC.
03021000 21036 045676 .MRK7 ISZ CRECN
03022000 21037 055722 USZ NOREC ANY MORE RECORDS TO MARK?
03023000 21040 066042 JMP *+2 YES
03024000 21041 066052 JMP .MRK1 NO-DONE
03025000 21042 001726 .MRK3 LDA MKSZ SET WCTR TO NUMBER OF ALL ONES
03026000 21043 031731 STA WCTR WORDS IN THE RECORD BODY.
03027000 21044 006733 LDB IRGLN
03028000 21045 043431 JSM WGAP WRITE AN IRG
03029000 21046 000005 LDA R5 GET HRDW STATUS
03030000 21047 073431 RLA .MRK4 SKIP IF BET OCCURRED
03031000 21050 043301 JSM NCEP1 AN ENTRY POINT OF NCODE1PREAMBLE
03032000 21051 066036 JMP .MRK7 MUST CHECK FOR MORE RECORDS
03033000          *
03034000          *-----NOW MARK THE EXTRA RECORD (ASIZE=0)
03035000          *
03036000 21052 000177 .MRK1 LDA ZERO
03037000 21053 031677 STA ASIZE SET ABSOLUTE SIZE=0
03038000 21054 000123 LDA P20 WRITE 20WDS OF BODY; THIS HELPS
03039000 21055 031731 STA WCTR BACKING UP IF RUN INTO EOT!
03040000 21056 006733 LDB IRGLN
03041000 21057 043431 JSM WGAP WRITE IRG
03042000 21060 043301 JSM NCEP1 WRITE THE EXTRA RECORD
03043000 21061 006731 LDB EVTLN
03044000 21062 043431 JSM WGAP WRITE END OF VALID TAPE
03045000          *
03046000          *-----GET BACK TO EXTRA RECORD
03047000          *
03048000 21063 000057 LDA RLFDM NOW PUT HRDW INTO READ
03049000 21064 043730 JSM OUTCM MODE, (THOLD=HI FOR GAP DETECT)
03050000 21065 043475 JSM TURN TURN AROUND
03051000 21066 000005 LDA R5 LOAD HRDW STATUS.
03052000 21067 073411 RLA .MRK4 SKIP IF WE HIT A HOLE.
03053000 21070 002733 .MRK9 LDA IRGLN NOW WAIT 1" TO MAKE
03054000 21071 043525 JSM WAIT SURE I'M IN THE EVTNI
03055000 21072 043451 JSM BUPL THIS GETS ME INTO THE GAP OF
03056000          * THE 1ST REC BEFORE THE EVTNI
03057000 21073 043705 JSM STSAF COMBINE HRDW & SFTW ERRORS
03058000 21074 170201 RET 1 AN ERROR WAS FOUND; EXIT
03059000 21075 000145 LDA TWO INDICATE WE KNOW THE REC
03060000 21076 031705 STA TPOS NUMBER OF OUR CURRENT POSITION.
03061000 21077 170202 RET 2 YES
03062000          *
03063000          *-----HIT BET BEFORE DONE; FIND LAST RECORD BUT
03064000          *-----LEAVE AN EVTLN FROM EQT
03065000          *
03066000 21100 043545 .MRK4 JSM HOLE GET BACK INTO VALID DATA.
03067000 21101 170201 RET 1 HOLE HAD ERROR
03068000 21102 014137 CPH DR TPOS IN BI AT BOT?
03069000 21103 067630 JMP .EHOL YES--LOG A BET ERROR & EXIT.

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*****MARK*****

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03070000
03071000
03072000
03073000 21104 002743 LDA RHRDL GO HS,REV READY
03074000 21105 043730 JSM OUTCM FOR GAP DETECTION.
03075000 21106 002731 LDA EVTLN
03076000 21107 043525 JSM WAIT GET EVT DIST FROM EOT
03077000 21110 042177 JSM IDR6 FIND THE LAST GOOD RECORD
03078000 21111 170201 RET 1 IDH-HAD TROUBLE--ERROR EXIT
03079000
03080000
03081000
03082000 21112 001701 .MRKB LDA RTYPE GET REC TYPE
03083000 21113 072407 SZA .MRKA SKIP IF EMPTY REC
03084000 21114 001676 LDA CRECN IT'S NOT EMPTY--MUST HAVE
03085000 21115 020254 ADA ONE BACKED UP TOO FAR. FIND
03086000 21116 031725 STA RECNO THE NEXT RECORD
03087000 21117 042244 JSM .DF1 IN THE FWD DIRECTION
03088000 21120 170201 RET 1 FIND ROUTINE HAD AN ERROR
03089000 21121 066112 JMP .MRKB CHECK THIS RECORD
03090000
03091000
03092000
03093000
03094000
03095000
03096000 21122 001676 .MRKA LDA CRECN MUST SET RECNO = NULL RECORD
03097000 21123 031725 STA RECNO SO THAT AFTER ERASING THE REST
03098000 21124 042452 JSM .ERS1 OF THE TRK, WE GET BACK TO IT
03099000 21125 170201 RET 1 HAD ERROR
03100000 21126 000073 LDA MKERR LOG ERROR =
03101000 21127 031763 STA ERRWD MARK DIDN'T FIT
03102000 21130 067705 JMP STSAF COMBINE ERRORS AND EXIT

```

*****IDH*****

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03104000
03105000
03106000
03107000 21131 043635 IDH JSM STSHF CHECK HRWD
03108000 21132 170201 RET 1 SOMETHING IS WRONG
03109000 21133 001705 LDA TPOS
03110000 21134 010254 CPA ONE WAS PREVIOUS INSTRUCT A FIND?
03111000 21135 170202 WFT 2 YES! ALL DONE THEN
03112000 21136 010145 CPA TWO DO WE KNOW REC NO.?
03113000 21137 066210 JMP IDR1 YES--GO FWD AND READ THE RHEAD.
03114000 21140 010137 CPA OH AT REWIND?
03115000 21141 066143 JMP IDR10 YES
03116000 21142 066175 JMP IDR4 NO--I'M LOST
03117000
03118000
03119000
03120000 21143 000057 IDR10 LDA RLFDM TELL HRWD TO READ,LS,FWD,DATA;
03121000 21144 043730 JSM OUTCM THOLD=HII WAIT 2.5"
03122000 21145 002732 LDA INDED FROM LP TO GUARANTEE I REACH
03123000 21146 043525 JSM WAIT THE "DEADZONE" (IF PRESENT).
03124000 21147 000005 LDA R5 GET STATUS
03125000 21150 170503 SAR 4 GET IRG BIT INTO LSB
03126000 21151 073002 SLA *+2
03127000 21152 066220 JMP IDR5 HIT GAP--MUST BE VIRGIN TAPE
03128000 21153 006725 LDB .M121 12" IS ENUF TO HIT REC 01
03129000 21154 072600 IDR20 SFC *
03130000 21155 000004 LDA R4 CLR TAC
03131000 21156 076102 RTB *+2 LOOKED FAR ENOUGH?
03132000 21157 066220 JMP IDR5 YES! NO GAP YET! BLANK TAPE
03133000 21160 000005 LDA R5 NO! HAVE WE HIT GAP?
03134000 21161 170503 SAR 4 GET IRG BIT INTO LSB
03135000 21162 073072 SLA IDR20 NO GAP! KEEP GOING
03136000 21163 003024 IDR8 LDA STINS SET UP ENTRY SO
03137000 21164 031723 STA INSTR THAT "RHED" READS THE
03138000 21165 043001 JSM RHED RHEAD AT LOW THRESHOLD
03139000 21166 170201 RET 1 TROUBLE READING THE REC HEAD
03140000 21167 043450 IDR7 JSM BCKUP GET BACK TO GAP OF REC IDR10
03141000 21170 043705 JSM STSAF COMBINES HRWD & SFTW ERRORS
03142000 21171 170201 RET 1 A ERROR OCCURRED--EXIT
03143000 21172 000254 LDA ONE S TAPE POSITION INDICATOR MEAN
03144000 21173 031705 STA TPOS "WE KNOW ALL ABOUT THIS RECORD"
03145000 21174 170202 RET 2 EXIT
03146000
03147000
03148000
03149000 21175 002743 IDR4 LDA RHRDL GO HS,REV LOOKING
03150000 21176 043715 JSM CMDW FOR A RECI GUAR. I HIT 22IPS.
03151000 21177 043261 IDH6 JSM INDTA FIND A DATA REGION.

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*****IDR*****

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03152000 21200 043271      JSM  INGAP      FIND GAP (RECORD)
03153000 21201 000005      LDA  R5         CHECK FOR HOLE BEFORE
03153100 21202 073411      RLA  IDR9       "JSM TURN" CHANGES TAPE DIR. (HOLE=JMP IDR9)
03153200 21203 043475      JSM  TURN       MUST TURN TO BE ABLE TO READ HED
03154000 21204 043271      JSM  INGAP      GIVES TURN 1 REC UNCERTAINTY.
03155000 21205 000005      LDA  R5         GET HRDW STATUS
03156000 21206 073405      RLA  IDR9       SKIP IF WE HIT A HOLE
03157000 21207 066163      JMP  IDRB       DIDN'T HIT BET! THUS WE HAVE
03158000                      *                FOUND A RECORD!
03159000                      *
03160000                      *-----TPOS=2; GO HS FWD TO GET THE REC HEAD-----
03161000                      *
03162000 21210 001676      IDH1 LDA  CRECN   SET THE TARGET REC = CURRENT
03163000 21211 031725      STA  RECNO     REC (SPECIAL FOR TPOS=2) FIND
03164000 21212 066244      JMP  DF1       THE REC AND EXIT!
03165000                      *
03166000                      * HIT A HOLE
03167000                      *
03168000 21213 043545      IDR9 JSM  HOLE   HOLE HAD ERROR
03169000 21214 170201      RET  1
03170000 21215 014137      CPB  B0        TPOS IN B1 AT BOT?
03171000 21216 066143      JMP  IDR10     YES
03172000 21217 066175      JMP  IDRA     AT EOT! STILL LOOK FOR A REC
03173000                      *
03174000                      * BLANK TRACK
03175000                      *
03176000 21220 000236      IDR5 LDA  NRERR  ERROR--NO RECORD FOUND
03177000 21221 031763      STA  ERRWD    LOG "BLANK TRACK" ERROR
03178000 21222 000127      LDA  D16     SET TAPE POSITION
03179000 21223 031705      STA  TPOS    TO "LOST"
03180000                      *                STSAF WILL STOP THE TAPE
03181000 21224 067705      JMP  STSAF    COMBINE ERRORS AND EXIT
    
```

*****WTR*****

```

03183000                      *
03184000                      * *****WTR(WRITE A RECORD)
03185000                      *
03186000                      *
03187000                      * *****HOW TO USE WTR*****
03188000                      *
03189000                      * JSM  CARTP    IS CART PROTECTED?
03190000                      * JMP  CASER    YES-WRITING IS AN ERROR!
03191000                      * JSM  DFND     FINDS THE RECORD STORED IN RECNO
03192000                      * JMP  CASER    CASSETTE ERROR
03193000                      *
03194000                      *--BLOCK OF SYSTEM CODE WHICH:
03195000                      * 1. CHECKS SIZE,TYPE AND REC "SECUREDNESS"
03196000                      * 2. MODIFY REC HEAD (NEW CSIZE,TYPE,ETC)
03197000                      * JSM  WTR     WRITES THE RECORD
03198000                      * JMP  CASER    CASSETTE ERROR
03199000                      * JMP  NXTCM   GET NEXT COMMAND
03200000                      *
03201000                      *-----IN DATA REGION BEFORE THIS RECORD OR IN ITS GAP
03202000                      *
03203000                      *
03204000                      *-----ENTRY POINT "WTRC" IS FOR CLEARING A FILE.
03205000                      * IT ASSUMES RTYPE IS SET TO ZERO, THEN IT WILL
03206000                      * REWRITE THE REC HEAD AND ONLY 1 WORD OF JUNK BODY
03207000                      *
03208000 21225 000254      WTRC LDA  ONE   MUST DEFINE WCTR=NO. OF WORDS
03209000 21226 031731      STA  WCTR    OF BODY IF RTYPE = 0.
03210000 21227 045702      WTR  ISZ  RRWNO INCREMENT THE RECORD RE-WRITE #
03211000 21230 043275      JSM  NCODE   WRITE THE RECORD
03212000                      *                STSAF WILL STOP THE TAPE
03213000 21231 067705      JMP  STSAF    COMBINE ERRORS & EXIT
    
```

*****RDR*****

```

03215000                      *
03216000                      *-----RDR(READ A RECORD)
03217000                      *
03218000                      *
03219000                      * *****HOW TO READ A RECORD*****
03220000                      *
03221000                      *--PUT THE RECORD NO. INTO "RECNO".
03222000                      *
03223000                      * JSM  DFND     FINDS THE RECORD
03224000                      * JMP  CASER    CASSETTE ERROR!
03225000                      *
    
```

```

*****RDW*****
03226000 ----- *---BLOCK OF SYSTEM CODE WHICH:
03227000 *
03228000 *      1. CHECKS RECORD'S SIZE (FIT INTO MEMORY?)
03229000 *      2. CHECKS RECORD'S TYPE
03230000 *      3. IS THIS RECORD SECURED
03231000 *      4. DOES MEMORY NEED TO BE MOVED
03232000 *      5. SET MBPTR TO LOC FOR 1ST WORD OF BODY
03233000 *      6. SET INSTR = "STINS" (STORE INTO MEMORY INSTRUCTION).
03234000 *
03235000 *      JSM RHODY   READ THE REC BODY INTO MEMORY.
03236000 *      JMP CASEN   CASSETTE ERROR!
03237000 *
03238000 *-----RECORD LOADED!
03239000 *

```

```

03241000 *
03242000 *-----VFY (VERIFY A RECORD AGAINST MEMORY)
03243000 *
03244000 *
03245000 *-----HOW TO VERIFY A RECORD-----
03246000 *
03247000 *---THE CALLING SEQUENCE IS THE SAME AS FOR READING
03248000 * A RECHD EXCEPT REPLACE
03249000 *
03250000 *      6. SET INSTR = "STINS" (STORE INTO MEMORY INSTRUCTION).
03251000 *
03252000 *      WITH
03253000 *
03254000 *      6. SET INSTR = "CPINS" (COMPARE MEMORY INSTRUCTION).

```

*****FIND*****

```

03256000 *
03257000 *-----SUBROUTINE DFND (DUAL FIND;BPC CONTROL OR HRDW)
03258000 *
03259000 *      INPUTS:  1.)RECNO : TARGET RECORD NUMBER
03260000 *              2.)FLG3  : SET = HRDW FIND
03261000 *                  CLR = BPC FIND
03262000 *
03263000 *      RETURN:  RET 1  ERROR
03264000 *                RET 2  NORMAL
03265000 *
03266000 21232 043635 DFND  JSM STS8F   CHECK HARDWARE
03267000 21233 170201      NET 1      ERROR
03268000 21234 001705      LDA TPOS   CHECK PRESENT
03269000 21235 010145      CPA TWO    TAPE POSITION
03270000 21236 066244      JMP -DF1   OK--KNOW WHERE WE ARE
03271000 21237 042131      JSM IDR    FIND OUR PRESENT POSITION
03272000 21240 170201      RET 1      ERROR
03273000 21241 001676      LDA CRECN  GET CURRENT REC NO.
03274000 21242 011725      CPA RECNO  IS IT SAME AS TARGET?
03275000 21243 170202      RET 2      YES--ALL DONE
03277000 21244 001343      -DF1  LDA NOTRY
03282000 21245 031724      STA FPASS  ALLOW NOTRY CHANCES TO FIND REC
03283000 *-----COMPUTE DIST TO TARGET
03284000 21246 005676      -FND6  LDB CRECN  COMPUTE TARGET REC NO. (RECNO)-
03285000 21247 174040      TCB      CURRENT REC NO. (CRECN) IN B. B
03286000 21250 025725      ADB RECNO  HAS # GAPS TO TARGET. (NOT
03287000 * COUNTING GAP OF CRECN)
03288000 21251 176407      SRM -SCHR  B NEGATIVE = SEARCH REVERSE
03289000 21252 002745      LDA RHFTL  SRCH FWD AT
03290000 21253 043715      JSM CMDW   START GOING;WAIT TIL UP TO SPEED
03291000 21254 043271      JSM INGAP  MUST OVERCOME UNCERTAINTY IN
03292000 21255 043261      JSM INDTA  POSITION DUE TO TPOS=2.
03293000 21256 076006      R7B -DF2  SKIP IF NOT AT TARGET. DIST TO
03294000 * TARGET CAN BE 0 RECORDS IF
03295000 * TPOS=2, YET NOT REALLY AT TARGET!
03296000 21257 066327      JMP -DF3  AT TARGET--FINISH OFF THE ACCESS
03297000 * THE JSM INDTA (LOC--2) IS NEC
03298000 * TO FINISH OFF THIS ACCESS!
03299000 21260 174040      -SCHR  TCB  MAKE TARGET DIST POSITIVE
03300000 21261 002744      LDA RHRTL  SEARCH REVERSE
03301000 21262 043715      JSM CMDW   START GOING;WAIT TIL UP TO SPEED
03302000 21263 043261      JSM INDTA  COULD WAKE UP IN ING;NO COUNT IT
03303000 *
03304000 *-----IS FND BPC OR HRDW CONTROLLED?
03305000 *
03306000 21264 001764      -DF2  LDA FLG2   DETERMINE WHO CONTROLS THE SRCMD
03307000 21265 073023      SLA -FND9  SKIP IF BPC CONTROLLED SEARCH
03308000 *

```

*****FIND*****

```

03309000          *-----PARALLEL SEARCH
03310000          *
03311000 21266 001514          LDA CSELC          GET CASSETTE SELECT CODE
03312000 21267 031345          STA CSCF          SAVE SC OF CASSETTE DOING A FIND
03313000 21270 030013          STA DMAPA          ALSO SET DMA PER. ADDR.
03314000 21271 000247          LDA M30K          MUST SET DMA MEMORY ADDR REG
03315000          IFZ
03316000 21272 030014          STA DMAMA          TO "OUTPUT" VALUE.
03317000          XIF
03318000 21273 024257          AOB M1          DMA HRDW NEED DISTANCE TO TARGET
03319000 21274 034015          STB DMAC          REC-14 STORE THAT IN DMA_CTR.
03320000 21275 070440          DMA          ENABLE DMA HRDW TO COUNT IRGS
03321000 21276 001710          LDA CUCMD          GET THE CURRENT HRDW CMD
03322000 21277 050147          AND M3          ENABLE SCH BIT
03323000 21300 043730          JSM OUTCM          GIVE HRDW PAR. SEARCH CMD (FIND)
03324000 21301 000127          LDA D16          SET TAPE POSITION
03325000 21302 031705          STA TPOS          TO LOST!
03326000 21303 001707          LDA FLG1          GET CURRENT TRK
03327000 21304 170616          SAL 15          SO WE CAN
03328000 21305 061725          IOR RECNO          SAVE TRK AND TARGET REC NUMBER
03329000 21306 031346          STA FTRGT          FOR THIS FIND.
03330000 21307 170202          RET 2
03331000          *
03332000          *-----BPC CONTROL (MUST BE PART OF RDR OR WTR)
03333000          *
03334000          *
03335000          *-----B REG IS NUMBER OF RECS TO TARGET
03336000          *
03337000 21310 002732          .FND9 LDA EVDI          INIT WCTR TO # OF TAC PULES IT
03338000 21311 031731          STA WCTR          TAKES TO RECOG AN EVTMI
03339000 21312 043271          JSM INGAP          FIND A REGION OF GAP
03340000 21313 000005          .FND7 LDA R5          GET HRDW STATUS
03341000 21314 170503          SAR 4          MOVE IRG BIT INTO LSB
03342000 21315 073010          SLA .FND8          SKIP IF INTO DATA
03343000 21316 072600          SEC *          WAIT FOR TAC (IN TAC REC FND4+1)
03344000 21317 030004          STA R4          CLR FLG
03345000 21320 045731          ISZ WCTR          HAVE WE DETECTED AN EVTMI?
03346000 21321 066313          JMP .FND7          NOT YET
03347000 21322 000127          LDA D16          SET TAPE POSITION INDICATOR
03348000 21323 031705          STA TPOS          TO LOST!
03349000 21324 066347          JMP .FND0
03350000 21325 054001          .FND8 DSZ B          COUNT GAP; SKIP IF AT TARGET
03351000 21326 066310          JMP .FND9          NOW GET READY FOR NEXT GAP.
03352000          *
03353000          *-----GOING HS & IN A DATA REGION. IT IS BEFORE THE
03354000          * GAP IF SEARCH DIR=REV; AFTER IF SEARCH DIR=FWD;
03355000          *
03356000 21327 043475          .DF3 JSM TURN          TURNAROUND & GO LS
03357000 21330 043261          JSM INDTA          GIVES TURN A GAP + DATA UNCERT.
03358000 21331 001710          LDA CUCMD
03359000 21332 170612          SAL 11          WANT TO DETERMINE CUR DIR
03360000 21333 172404          SAM .FND5          DON'T TURN IF DIR=FWD;
03361000 21334 043271          JSM INGAP          GET INTO TARGET RECORD'S IRG.
03362000 21335 047716          JSM CMDW1          GO INTO THE GAP ABOUT .22", THEN
03363000 21336 043475          JSM TURN
03364000          *
03365000          *-----VERIFY ACCESS NOW!
03366000          *
03367000 21337 042163          .FND5 JSM IDR8          NOW HEAD THE HEAD
03368000 21340 170201          RET 1          IDH HAD A PROBLEM
03369000 21341 043456          .FND2 JSM STPED          GET CASSETTE TO A DEAD STOP
03370000 21342 001676          LDA CHECN          YES; FIND RIGHT RECORD?
03371000 21343 011725          CPA RECNO
03372000 21344 170202          RET 2          FOUND RIGHT RECORD
03373000 21345 056724          USZ FPASS          NO; ALL FIND PASSES DONE?
03374000 21346 066246          JMP .FND6          NO; TRY AGAIN
03375000 21347 000236          .FND0 LDA NRERR          LOG ERROR =
03376000 21350 031763          STA ERRWD          RECORD CAN'T BE FOUND
03377000 21351 067705          JMP STSAF          COMBINE ERRORS AND EXIT
03378000          *
03379000          *
03380000          *-----THIS ROUTINE COMPLETES A FIND COMMAND SINCE
03381000          * THE HRDW ONLY GETS YOU WITHIN 4". THIS ROUTINE
03382000          * WILL ONLY COMPLETE A FIND IF THE CURRENT TRK AND
03383000          * SC ARE THE SAME AS WHEN THE FIND WAS STARTED.
03384000          *
03385000          *
03386000 21352 001514          CFU LDA CSELC          GET CURRENT SC
03387000 21353 011345          CPA CSCF          SAME AS FIND SC?
03388000 21354 066356          JMP *+2          YES
03389000 21355 170202          RET 2          NO--DONHT COMPLETE THE FIND.
03390000 21356 000005          LDA R5          WAIT FOR THE TAPE TO
03391000 21357 170504          SAR 5          STOP MOVING BEFORE
03392000 21360 073476          RLA *-2          CLEARING DMAPA!
03393000 21361 000177          LDA ZERO          SET CSCF TO ZERO MEANING THE
03394000 21362 031345          STA CSCF          FIND WILL BE COMPLETED

```

*****FIND*****

03395000	21363	030013	STA DMAPA	MAKE THE DMA HRDW AVAIL.
03396000	21364	001346	LDA FTRGT	GET TARGET ADDR: TRK & REC NUM.
03397000	21365	005707	LDB FLG1	GET CURRENT TRK
03398000	21366	077403	HLB .CTKA	SKIP IF CURRENTLY ON TRK "A"
03399000	21367	172003	SAP .CFD	CURRENT TRK="B" ISKIP=FIND ON "B"
03400000	21370	170202	RET 2	FIND TRK # CURRENT TRK1 EXIT
03401000	21371	172277	.CTKA SAP *-1.C	CURRENT TRK="A" ISKIP=FIND IS NOT
03402000	21372	031725	.CFD STA RECNO	SAVE TARGET REC #1 MSB=01
03403000	21373	000005	LDA R5	NOW CHECK ID
03404000	21374	170501	SAR 2	SEE IF CART WAS PULLED OUT.
03405000	21375	073002	SLA *-2	SKIP IF SAME CART IN MACHINE
03406000	21376	067635	JMP STSBF	NEW CART--CHECK STATUS & EXIT
03407000	21377	043635	JSM STSHF	CLR ERRWD1 CHECK STATUS
03408000			*	ALSO WAIT FOR HRDW TO STOP.
03409000	21400	170201	RET 1	HRDW STATUS ERROR
03410000	21401	000005	LDA R5	CHECK THE DIRECTION
03411000	21402	170505	SAR 6	WE SEARCHED ON THE FIND
03412000	21403	073406	RLA .CFD1	SKIP IF SRCH'D REV
03413000	21404	000064	LDA HLRTM	FWD1 WE'RE ON WRONG SIDE OF REC
03414000	21405	043730	JSM OUTCM	TELL HRDW TO
03415000	21406	002740	LDA CFDF	BACK UP CFDF NUMBER OF TAC
03416000	21407	043525	JSM WAIT	PULSES. THIS PUTS ME IN FRONT OF
03417000	21410	043475	JSM TURN	THE DESIRED REC. NOW TURNAROUND
03418000			*	BEC. WE MUST GO FWD TO READ HEAD
03419000	21411	042163	.CFD1 JSM IDRB	GO READ THE RECORD HEAD
03420000	21412	066413	JMP *-1	ERRWR--GIVE DFND A CHANCE
03421000			*	IT CAN RECOVER FROM HOLES!
03422000	21413	066232	JMP DFND	CLEAR OUT ANY ERRORS IOR8 MAD.
03423000			*	THEN FINISH THE FIND AND EXIT!

*****REWIND*****

03425000			*	
03426000			*-----SUBROUTINE REW	
03427000			*	
03428000			*-----THIS ROUTINE WILL REWIND THE TAPE TO	
03429000			* BEG. OF TAPE. IT IS AN UNATTENDED REWIND.	
03430000			*	
03431000	21414	042701	REW JSM STOPC	STOP THE CASSETTE
03432000	21415	043635	JSM STSBF	CHECK THE HRDW STATUS
03433000	21416	170201	RET 1	ERROR--BAD HRDW STATUS
03434000	21417	002744	REW1 LDA RHRTL	GO HS, REV TO
03435000	21420	043730	JSM OUTCM	REACH BEG. OF TAPE
03436000	21421	006723	LDB .M301	WAIT 30 IN. (2 MAX. DIST BETW
03437000	21422	043536	JSM MSHET	HOLES) OR WAIT FOR A HOLE
03438000	21423	066427	JMP .REW1	HIT A HOLE--ANALYZE IT
03439000	21424	000137	.REW2 LDA DR	THIS VALUE OF TPOS ALLOWS IDP
03440000	21425	031705	STA TPOS	(KPF CMD) TO BE EXECUTED NEXT!
03441000			*	ALSO IMPT FOR TRK CMD!
03442000	21426	170202	RET 2	REWIND HAS BEEN DONE
03443000	21427	043545	.REW1 JSM HOLE	FIND OUR POSITION
03444000	21430	170201	RET 1	HOLE FOUND TROUBLE
03445000	21431	014137	CPB DB	TPOS IN B1 AT BOT?
03446000	21432	067705	JMP STSAF	YES--EXIT
03447000	21433	066417	JMP REW1	AT EOT. GO HS, REV TO BOT.
03449000			*	
03450000			*-----SUBROUTINE TRK	
03451000			*	
03452000			*-----THIS ROUTINE WILL SWITCH TRACKS. IT WILL SET	
03453000			* TPOS TO LOST IF NEW TRK IS DIFFERENT FROM THE	
03454000			* OLD TRACK. IT ASSUMES THAT THE A REGISTER HAS:	
03455000			* 0 FOR TRACK 0 = TRACK A (CMD BIT TRB=1)	
03456000			* 1 FOR TRACK 1 = TRACK B (CMD BIT TRB=0)	
03457000			*	
03458000			*	NOTE:
03459000			*	TRK DOES NOT CLEAR ERRWD SINCE NO
03460000			*	ERRORS ARE POSSIBLE WHEN SWITCHING
03461000			*	TRACKS. THUS ERRWD IS NOT VALID.
03462000			*	
03463000	21434	005707	TRK LDB FLG1	GET CURRENT TRACK.
03464000	21435	073003	SLA TRK0	SKIP IF NEW TRK=A
03465000	21436	077211	TRK1 SLB TRKE.C	NEW TRK=B; SKIP IF PRESENT TRK=B
03466000	21437	066441	JMP *-2	PRESENT TRK=A 1 LSB OF B WAS
03467000			*	CLR'ED SO IT IS SET FOR TRK B
03468000	21440	077707	TRK0 HLB TRKE.S	NEW TRK=A; SKIP IF PRESENT TRK=A
03469000	21441	035707	STR FLG1	PRESENT TRK=B; LSB OF B IS SET
03470000	21442	001705	LDA TPOS	GET CURRENT TAPE POSITION
03471000	21443	010137	CPA DB	ARE WE AT REWIND?
03472000	21444	066447	JMP TRKE	YES! DON'T CHANGE TPOS
03473000	21445	000127	LDA D16	SET TAPE POSITION INDICATOR TO
03474000	21446	031705	STA TPOS	LOST SINCE WE SWITCHED TRACKS!
03475000	21447	170201	TRKE RET 1	TRACK SWICH COMPLETED.

*****ERASE*****

```

03477000 *
03478000 *-----SUBROUTINE ERS (TOS POSITIONS THE TAPE)
03479000 *
03480000 *
03481000 *-----THIS ROUTINE WILL ERASE AN ENTIRE TRACK OF THE
03482000 * TAPE. IT ASSUMES THE TOS HAS POSITIONED THE TAPE
03483000 * IN THE IRG OF THE STARTING RECORD. THAT RECORD HEAD
03484000 * WILL BE REWRITTEN TURNING IT INTO THE "NULL" RECORD
03485000 * AND ALL HIGHER RECORD NUMBERS ON THAT TRACK WILL BE
03486000 * ERASED.
03487000 *
03488000 21450 043465 ERS JSM CARTP IS THIS CARTRIDGE PROTECTED?
03489000 21451 170201 RET I YES--CAN'T ERASE THEN--ERROR
03490000 21452 000177 .ERS1 LDA ZERO SET THESE ITEMS TO ZERO
03491000 21453 031700 STA CSIZE CURRENT SIZE
03492000 21454 031701 STA RTYPE RECORD TYPE
03493000 21455 031677 STA ASIZE ABSOLUTE SIZE
03494000 21456 042225 JSM WTRC RE-WRITE THE RECORD HEAD
03495000 21457 170201 RET I ERROR
03496000 21460 043440 JSM WGAPH WRITE GAP UNTIL EOT
03497000 21461 170201 RET I ERROR
03498000 21462 066232 JMP DFND THIS GUAR. THAT WE GET BACK TO
03499000 * THE NEWLY CREATED NULL FILE!
    
```

***** ERLN *****

```

03501000 *
03502000 *
03503000 *
03504000 * ERLN IS THE ROUTINE THAT PLACES A DUMMY LINE IN THE USER'S
03505000 * PROGRAM WHEN A PARTITION HAS BEEN DELETED BECAUSE OF ERROR
03506000 *
03507000 *
03508000 * ON ENTRY : BDPTR POINTS AT THE FIRST LINE BRIDGE OF THE
03509000 * BAD PARTITION
03510000 *
03511000 *
03512000 * TEMPORARIES USED : ERRWD, RTYPE, BDPTR, DLFLG
03513000 *
03514000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
03515000 *
03516000 *
03517000 21463 000044 ERLN LDA RHERR READ BODY ERROR
03518000 21464 031763 STA ERHWD
03519000 21465 001701 LDA RTYPE SEE IF USER'S PROGRAM
03520000 21466 010141 CPA P6 ONLY CONCERNED WITH IT
03521000 21467 066477 JMP ERLN1
03522000 21470 010145 CPA P2
03523000 21471 066473 JMP **2
03524000 21472 170201 RET I
03525000 21473 005734 LDH BDPTR GET THE POINT TO INSERT THE QUESTION MARK
03526000 21474 002773 LDA QMRKS GET ADDRESS OF THE QUESTION MARKS
03527000 21475 071404 XFR 4 TRANSFER THEM TO THE DATEN
03528000 21476 170201 ERLN2 RET I
03529000 21477 001727 ERLN1 LDA DLFLG MUST CHECK TO SEE IF THIS PARTITION WAS
03530000 21500 073776 RLA ERLN2,S EVEN_HAD STARS
03531000 21501 031727 STA DLFLG NO IT WASN'T SO PUT IN DUMMY LINE
03532000 21502 000141 LDA P6 SET THE LOWER LINE BRIDGE OF THE DUMMY LINE
03533000 21503 131734 STA BDPTR,I
03534000 21504 045734 ISZ BDPTR SET THIS POINTER TO THE DUMMY LINE'S LOCATION
03535000 21505 005734 LDH BDPTR
03536000 21506 002515 LDA QUSTA GET ADDRESS OF THE DUMMY LINE
03537000 21507 071404 XFR 5 TRANSFER THE DUMMY LINE
03538000 21510 024142 ANH P5
03539000 21511 000235 LDA B3377 SET UP THE UPPER DUMMY LINE'S BRIDGE
03540000 21512 130001 STA B,I
03541000 21513 035734 STB BDPTR RESET BDPTR
03542000 21514 170201 RET I
03543000 *
03544000 *
03545000 * THIS WILL BE THE LOCATION OF THE DUMMY LINE TEMPLATE
03546000 *
03547000 *
03548000 *
03549000 21515 021516 QUSTA DEF QUST ADDRESS OF THE DUMMY LINE
03550000 21516 021007 QUST OCT 21007 QUOTE - 'COUNT'
03551000 21517 025052 STST1 OCT 25052 STAR - STAR
03552000 21520 025052 STST2 OCT 25052 STAR - STAR
03553000 21521 025052 STST3 OCT 25052 STAR - STAR
03554000 21522 025177 STEOL OCT 25177 SIAR - EOL
    
```

***** PTCLC *****

```

3556000 *
3557000 *
3558000 *
3559000 *
3560000 *
3561000 *
3562000 *
3563000 *
3564000 *
3565000 *
3566000 *
3567000 *
3568000 *
3569000 *
3570000 *
3571000 *
3572000 *
3573000 *
3574000 *
3575000 *
3576000 *
3577000 *
3578000 *
3579000 *
3580000 *
3581000 21523 001743 PTCLC LDA LWMD GET THE ENDING ADDRESS
3582000 21524 005734 LDA BDRTR GET THE CURRENT RECORDING POSITION
3583000 21525 174040 TCB
3584000 21526 020001 ADA B THIS IS THE LENGTH OF THE NEXT PARTITION IF IT IS TH
3585000 21527 031712 STA T2 LAST SO SAVE IT
3586000 21530 004052 LDB P128 SEE IF T1 IS THE LAST PARTITION
3587000 21531 174040 TCH
3588000 21532 020001 ADA B
3589000 21533 172402 SAM *-2 IF THE RESULT IS MINUS THIS IS THE LAST PARTITION
3590000 21534 066542 JMP PTCL2 NOTH THE LAST PARTITION SO CHECK FILE TYPE
3591000 21535 045712 ISZ T2 YES TH LAST PARTITION SO CORRECT THE LENGTH
3592000 21536 000257 LDA M1
3593000 21537 031717 STA TEMP1 SET TH 'LAST' FLAG
3594000 21540 001712 LDA T2 THIS IS THE LENGTH OF THE LAST PARTITION
3595000 21541 066571 JMP PTCL9
3596000 21542 001701 PTCL2 LDA MTYPE SEE IF IT IS A USER'S TYPE PROGRAM
3597000 21543 010141 CPA P6
3598000 21544 066547 JMP PTCL3 YES A USER'S TYPE PROGRAM SO DO LONG PARTITION
3599000 * LENGTH CALCULATION
3600000 21545 000052 LDA P128 NOT USER'S TYPE PROGRAM SO PARTITION LENGTH IS 128
3601000 21546 066571 JMP PTCL9
3602000 21547 000177 PTCL3 LDA P0
3603000 21550 030016 STA C THIS IS THE NEXT PARTITIONS LENGTH
3604000 21551 000157 LDA M15 AT 20 US. PER LINE IT WILL TAKE ABOUT 15 LINES TO
3605000 * ACCUMULATE 300 US. FOR THE IPG LENGTH
3606000 21552 030017 STA D THIS IS THE LINE COUNTER
3607000 21553 001734 LDA BDRTR GET THE CURRENT RECORD POSITIN
3608000 21554 004000 LDB A
3609000 21555 100000 PTCL6 LDA A.1 GET THAT LINE BRIDGE
3610000 21556 050053 AND B177 CLEAR HIGH ORDER BITS
3611000 21557 020016 ADA C ADD THE RIGHT HALF OF THE LINE BRIDGE IN TO GET TO T
3612000 * NEXT LINE BRIDGE
3613000 21560 030016 STA C
3614000 21561 020167 AOA M128 SEE IF DONE WITH THIS PARTITION
3615000 21562 172402 SAM *-2 IF MINUS THEN THE PARTITION IS NOT LONG ENOUGH YET
3616000 21563 066574 JMP PTCL7 DONE WITH PARTITION LENGTH CALCULATION
3617000 21564 000016 LDA C GET THE PARTITION LENGTH
3618000 21565 020001 ADA B ADD IT THO THE BDRTR
3619000 21566 044017 ISZ D COUNT THIS LINE IF IT GOES POSITIVE WE DON'T HAVE TO
3620000 * WAIT FOR ANY TAC PULSES AFTER THE CALCUL
3621000 21567 066555 JMP PTCL6
3622000 21570 066555 JMP PTCL6 ALLOW FOR SKIP
3623000 21571 004257 PTCL9 LDB M1 WE MUST WAIT FOR 300 US. BEFORE EXITING
3624000 21572 034017 STB D
3625000 21573 066575 JMP PTCL8 SO SET THE ILNE COUNTER NEGATIVE
3626000 21574 000016 PTCL7 LDA C GET THE PARTITION LENGTH
3627000 21575 031731 PTCL8 STA WCTR THE NEXT PARTITION'S LENGTH IS IN A
3628000 21576 031715 STA PARLN
3629000 21577 000017 LDA D GET THE LINE COUNT
3630000 21600 172006 SAP PTCL10 IF LINE COUNT OS POSITIVE WE NEED COUNT NO TAC PULSE
3631000 21601 000146 LDA M2 MUST WAIT 300 US. BETWEEN PARTITIONS
3632000 21602 004004 LDB H4 CLEAR TAC LINE
3633000 21603 072000 SFC *
3634000 21604 072176 RIA *-2
3635000 21605 000004 LDA R4 CLEAR TAC LINE
3636000 21606 170201 PTCL10 RFT 1
3637000 *

```

***** BRIDGE PATCH *****

```

03639000 *
03640000 *
03641000 *
03642000 *
03643000 * THIS CODE IS EXECUTED AFTER LOADING A USER'S PROGRAM TO PATCH UP
03644000 * DANGLING LINE BRIDGES IN CASE OF AN ERROR
03645000 * THIS ROUTINE IS INVOKED AFTER A RECOVERY CYCLE IS COMPLETED
03646000 * FOR A USER'S PROGRAM. THIS CALL ONLY OCCURS IF ERLN HAS
03647000 * BEEN EXECUTED BY THE DRIVERS AND AT LEAST ONE DUMMY LINE HAS
03648000 * BEEN INSERTED INTO THE USER'S PROGRAM (BECAUSE A PARTITION IS DELE
03649000 *
03650000 * THE SEARCH BEGINS AT FWUP AND PATCHES ALL BRIDGES IN THE
03651000 * PROGRAM FROM FWUP TO ENDS
03652000 *
03653000 * NOTE : THE FIRST WORD TO BE RECORDED ON A PARTITION IS THE LINE
03654000 * BRIDGE OF THE FOLLOWING LINE. IE, THE LAST WORD OF A
03655000 * PARTITION IS NOT A LINE BRIDGE EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF THE
03656000 * LAST PARTITION IN THE PROGRAM
03657000 *
03658000 *
03659000 21607 005307 PTBRG LDB FWUP GET THE START OF THE PROGRAM
03660000 21610 015734 PTBR2 CPB BDPTR SEE IF THIS IS WHERE BDPTR POINTS
03661000 21611 06A624 JMP PTBR3 YES IT POINTS HERE
03662000 21612 024254 ADB P1 NOT HERE SO ADJUST GUESS
03663000 21613 015734 CPB BDPTR DOES IT POINT HERE ?
03664000 21614 06A622 JMP PTBR5 YES IT POINTS HERE
03665000 21615 024257 ADB M1 RESET GUESS
03666000 21616 100001 LDA B+1 GET LINE BRIDGE
03667000 21617 050053 AND B177 CLEAR HIGH ORDER BITS
03668000 21620 024000 ADB A
03669000 21621 066610 JMP PTBR2
03670000 21622 024257 PTBR5 ADB M1 RESET FOR ENDS
03671000 21623 06A627 JMP PTBR4
03672000 21624 100001 PTBR3 LDA B+1
03673000 21625 072102 RIA *+2 IF ZERO DO NOT SKIP
03674000 21626 042463 JSM ERLN PUT IN ERROR LINE OF STARS
03675000 21627 001277 PTBR4 LDA ENDS MOVE THE R-REGISTERS LOWER
03676000 21630 020254 ADA P1
03677000 21631 030016 STA C
03678000 21632 024254 ADB P1
03678100 21633 034017 STB D
03678200 21634 140466 JSM AMPML,I MOVE R-REGISTERS LOWER, RESET ENDS, RMAX
03678300 21635 045744 ISZ TVARI SET FLAG FOR ERROR 46
03678400 21636 005307 LDB FWUP START AT THE TOP OF THE PROGRAM SINCE THE
03679000 * BRIDGES LINKING UP ARE NOT OUT OF
03680000 * ORDER
03681000 *
03682000 21637 100001 LDA B+1 GET THIS FIRST LINE BRIDGE
03683000 21640 050053 PTBR1 AND B177 GET ITS LINK DOWN
03684000 21641 024000 ADB A CALCULATE THE NEXT BRIDGES ADDRESS
03685000 21642 170607 SAL 8 MOVE TO LEFT HALF OF BRIDGE
03686000 21643 031756 STA FLAGA SAVE THIS BRIDGE LINK
03687000 21644 100001 LDA B+1 GET THE NEXT LINE BRIDGE
03688000 21645 050053 AND B177 CLEAR THE HIGH ORDER BITS
03689000 21646 061756 IOR FLAGA INCLUDE THE SAVED BRIDGE HALF
03690000 21647 130001 STA B+1 RESTORE THIS LINE'S BRIDGE
03691000 21650 015277 CPB ENDS ARE WE DONE YET ?
03692000 21651 170201 RET 1 YES DONE
03693000 21652 066640 JMP PTBR1 NOT DONE CONTINUE
03694000 *
03695000 077756 FLAGA EQU MRW1
03696000 077744 TVARI EQU OPI+2
03697000 *
03698000 * END OF BRIDGE PATCH ROUTINE
03699000 *

```

```

03700000 *
03701000 *
03702000 * SSC IS THE CASSETTE SET SELECT CODE COMMAND
03703000 *
03704000 *
03705000 *
03706000 * TEMPORARIES USED : T1 (NTRK)
03707000 *
03708000 * ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, IRKA, ERDSO
03709000 *
03710000 21653 142771 SSC JSM GTPR2,I GET THE DESIRED SELECT CODE
03711000 21654 000001 LDA B
03712000 21655 020257 ADA M1
03713000 21656 172415 SAM ERR17 IF X IS LESS THAN ONE - ERROR
03714000 21657 020157 ADA M15 SUBTRACT 16 FROM A

```

***** BRIDGE PATCH *****

```

715000 21660 172013      SAP ERR17      IF THE RESULT IS ZERO OR POSITIVE - ERROR
716000 21661 015514      CPB CSELCL
717000 21662 066677      JMP SSC3
718000 21663 000127      LDA P16      SELECT CODE CHANGE
719000 21664 031705      STA TPOS    SO SET 'LOST' CONDITION
720000 21665 035514      STR CSELCL  IF X WITHIN RANGE - ALTER SELECT CODE
721000 21666 066677      JMP SSC3
725000
726000
727000
728000
729000
730000
731000
732000      TEMPORARIES USED : T1 (INTRK)
733000
734000      ROUTINES CALLED : GTPAR, ERRI, TRKA, ERD50
735000
736000
737000
738000
739000 21667 142771      TRKCH JSM GTPR2,I  GET THE DESIRED TRACK
740000 21670 076405      SZB TRCK1   IF THE TRACK IS ZERO - CHANGE
741000 21671 014254      CRB P1     IS IT TAACK ONE ?
742000 21672 066675      JMP TRCK1  YES CHANGE
743000 21673 140404      ERM17 JSM AERR1,I  BOUNDRY ERROR
744000 21674 030467      ASC L+17
745000 21675 000001      TRCK1 LDA B
746000 21676 042434      JSM TRK    CHANGE THE TRACKS
746100 21677 070420      SSC3 EIR    ENABLE THE INTERRUPT AND EXIT
746200 21700 164365      JMP AINTX,I

```

----- STOPC AND CHST -----

```

1748000
1749000
1750000
1751000
1752000      THIS ROUTINE WILL STOP THE CASSETTE ON THE CURRENT
1753000      SELECT CODE IT THEN CLEARS DMAPA AND CSCF SO THE FIND IS
1754000      FORGOTTEN, IT THEN FALLS THROUGH TO SET THE PA
1755000
1756000
1757000 21701 001514      STOPC LDA CSELCL  SEE IF THE FIND IS ON THIS SC
1758000 21702 011345      CPA CSCF
1759000 21703 066705      JMP *+2     YES A FIND HERE SO STOP IT
1760000 21704 170201      RET 1      NO FIND ON THIS SC
1761000 21705 043126      JSM STPCA  STOP THE CASSETTE AND REMOVE FROM SEARCH
1762000 21706 000177      LDA PD     MODE THEN FORGET THE FIND
1763000 21707 030013      STA DMAPA
1764000 21710 031345      STA CSCF
1765000 21711 170201      RET 1
1796000
1797000
1798000
1799000
1800000      CHST EXECUTES A BPC FIND OR INITIATES A HARDWARE FIND OPERATOPN
1801000
1802000      ON ENTRY : ENTRY AT CHST : RECNO CONTAINS THE TARGET RECORD NUMBER
1803000      A BPC FIND IS ECECUTED
1804000      ENTRY AT CHST1 : RECNO CONTAINS THE TARGET RECORD NUMBE
1805000      IF FLG2 = 1, A HARDWARE FIND IS INITIA
1806000      IF NO ERRORS OCCURED
1807000
1808000
1809000
1810000      ON EXIT : IF A BPC FIND WAS INITIATED, THE TAPE IS POSITIONED
1811000      IN THE RECORD GAP PRECEEDING THE HEAD OF THE FILE NUMBER
1812000      IN RECNO, TPOS = 1
1813000      IF A HARDWARE FIND WAS INITIATED, THE TAPE IS MOVING IN
1814000      THE PROPER DIRECTION AT HIGH SPEED UNDER DMA PULSE COUNT
1815000      CONTROL, TPOS = 2
1816000
1817000      TEMPORARIES USED : FLG2 (MRW1+6)
1818000
1819000      ROUTINES CALLED : STPRA, DUFND, ERD50
1820000
1821000
1822000
1823000
1824000 21712 042232      CHST JSM DFND    DO THE FIND
1825000 21713 142770      JSM ERD50,I   CHECK FOR ERRORS
1826000 21714 170201      RET 1

```

***** AVE AND AVD *****

```

03826110 *
03826120 *
03826130 *
03826140 *
03826150 *
03826160 * AVE IS THE CASSETTE AUTOVERIFY ENABLE COMMAND
03826170 *
03826180 *
03826190 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
03826200 *
03826210 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
03826220 *
03826230 *
03826240 21715 000177 AVE LDA P0
03826250 21716 066720 JMP AVD1
03826260 *
03826270 *
03826280 * AVD IS THE CASSETTE AUTOVERIFY DISABLE COMMAND
03826290 *
03826300 *
03826310 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
03826320 *
03826330 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
03826340 *
03826350 *
03826360 *
03826370 *
03826380 *
03826390 21717 000257 AVD LDA M1
03826400 21720 031344 AVD1 STA AVFLG
03826410 21721 164365 JMP AINTX,I

```

*****ROM CON *****

```

03828000 *
03829000 *----- ROM CONSTANTS
03830000 *
03831000 *
03832000 000177 ZERO EQU P0
03833000 000254 ONE EQU P1
03834000 000145 TWO EQU P2
03835000 000144 THREE EQU P3
03836000 000143 D4 EQU P4
03837000 000137 D8 EQU P8
03838000 000133 D12 EQU P12
03839000 000127 D16 EQU P16
03840000 000117 D32 EQU P32
03841000 000052 D128 EQU P128
03842000 000247 H30K EQU ZK1
03843000 21722 034232 .P30I DEC 14490 USED IN FINDI GIVES BUFFER DMAMA
03844000 21723 143546 .M30I DEC -14490 USED IN HOLE TO CALC DIST TRVLED
30" OF TAPE
03845000 21724 152152 .M24I DEC -11158 USED TO GET BACK TO LP & EW
03846000 21725 161663 .M12I DEC -7245 DIST THOLD IN HOLE
03847000 21726 177416 .MWTI DEC -242 DIST THOLD IN HOLE
03848000 21727 174422 COAST DEC -750
03849000 21730 177626 TACLS DEC -106 REACH 22 IPS
03850000 21731 171611 EVT1LN DEC -3191 WRITE AN EVT M
03851000 21732 175507 EVTDT DEC -1209 DETECT AN EVT M
03852000 21733 177035 IRGLN DEC -483 WRITE IRG
03853000 21734 177620 SETLN DEC -112 10 MSEC OF SETTLING
03854000 21735 000325 DEADZ DEC 213 6" BUFFER BETW LP & IRG 0 (WRDS)
03855000 000130 ERMSK EQU P15 ERROR MASK
03856000 000141 PRGM EQU P6
03857000 * TO DISTUISH DATA FROM PROGRAMS
03858000 021732 INVED EQU EVTDT
03859000 21736 077676 RHPTR DEF CRECN POINTS TO RECORD HEAD
03860000 21737 077714 PHPTR DEF PARNO POINTS TO PARTITION HEAD
03861000 21740 174373 CFUF DEC -1297 RECOVERY DISTANCE FOR FIND IF SEARCH IN FWD
03862000 21741 175412 CFUR DEC -1270 RECOVERY DISTANCE IF FIND SEARCHES IN REVERSE
03863000 000053 RLF DL EQU B177 READ,LS,FWD,DATA,TLO
03864000 000137 HDLN EQU P8 DEFINE HEAD LENGTH TO BE SEVEN WORDS * 1 (CHSUM)
03865000 021733 DLYA EQU IRGLN USED IN HOLE TO GET VALID PE
03866000 000140 SLKRH EQU P7 MRK SLACK FOR REC HEAD
03867000 000053 MSKL7 EQU RLF DL ALLOWS ME TO LOOK AT LOW 7 BITS
03868000 000045 KPMSK EQU B377 GUAR B8 OF HARWARE COMMANDS IS ZERP
03869000 21742 000167 RLFTL OCT 167 READ,LS,FWD,TAC,TLO
03870000 021742 TACMD EQU RLFTL
03871000 21743 000117 HHRDL OCT 117 READ,HS,REV,DATA,TLO
03872000 21744 000107 HHRTL OCT 107 READ,HS,REV,TAC,TLO
03873000 21745 000127 RHFTL OCT 127 READ,HS,FORWARD,TAC,TLO
03874000 000074 WLFUD EQU B77 WRT,LS,FWD,DATA,DATA
03875000 000101 WLF TG EQU B63 WRT,LS,FND,TAC,GAP

```

*****ROM CON *****

```

13876000      000124  WHFTG EQU P19      WRT,HS,FWD,TAC,GAP
13877000      000057  RLFDH EQU B173     READ,LS,FWD,DATA,THI
13878000      000057  RLPTH EQU RLFDH    READ,LS,FWD,TAC,THI
13879000      000062  RLKOH EQU B153     READ,LS,REV,DATA,THI
13880000      000064  RLPTH EQU P99      READ,LS,REV,TAC,THI
13881000  21746  000303  STUP  OCT 303      STOP,READ,FST,REV,TAC,NOI,,WRONG==TLO,TRB
13882000      *
13883000      000117  MPERR EQU P32      ENRUK -- MRK POSITION UNKNOWN
13884000      000073  MKERR EQU P64      ERROR--MARK DOES NOT FIT
13885000      000052  RHERR EQU P128     ERROR--RECORDING HEAD
13886000      000044  RBERR EQU B400     ERROR--READING BODY
13887000      000236  NRERR EQU B2K      ERROR--RECORD NOT FOUND OR NO RECORD
13888000      000234  WPERR EQU B4K      ERROR--ILLEGAL WRT! CART. PROT'D
13889000      000237  VYERR EQU B1K      ERROR--VERIFY FAILED
13890000      000175  HUERR EQU B10K     ERROR - HOLE PATTERN UNKNOWN
13891000  21770      ORG 21770B
13892000  21770      ERUS0 BSS 1
13892100  21771      GTPM2 BSS 1
13893000  21772      STPRA BSS 1

```

----- QUESTION MARKS!! -----

```

13895000      *
13896000      *
13897000      *      THESE CONSTANTS REPRESENT A FLOATING POINT QUESTION MARK
13898000      *
13899000      *
13900000  21773      ORG 21773B
13901000  21773  021774  QMRKS DEF *+1
13902000  21774  000000  DEC 0
13903000  21775  177777  DEC -1
13904000  21776  177777  DEC -1
13905000  21777  177777  DEC -1

```

***** DMA0 *****

```

03940000      *
03941000      *
03942000      *      ALL DEVICES USING DMA MUST CALL THIS ROUTINE. UPON RELEASE OF
03943000      *      DMA, THE CALLING DEVICE MUST CLEAR ( SET TO ZERO ) THE DMA
03944000      *      LOCKOUT FLAG. ( DMA LOCKOUT FLAG = DMAPA )
03945000      *
03946000      *
03947000      *      TYPICAL CODE SEQUENCE FOR THE INTERRUPT ROUTINE OF THE DEVICE
03948000      *      DESIRING DMA :
03949000      *
03950000      *
03951000      *      SERVICE ROUTINE
03952000      *
03953000      *      (SAVE REGISTERS, ETC.)
03954000      *      LDA R7      PERIPHERIAL ADDRESS OF DEVICE = 7
03955000      *      JSM DMA0    REQUEST DMA HARDWARE
03956000      *      JMP *-2     REQUEST REFUSED - TRY AGAIN
03957000      *      (SET DMAMA)  SET THE DMA REGISTERS
03958000      *      (SET DMAC)
03959000      *      DMA      ENABLE DMA (OR PCM)
03960000      *      (RESTORE REGISTERS, ETC.)
03961000      *      RET 0,P    DONE
03962000      *
03963000      *
03964000      *      A PART OF THIS ROUTINE MUST ALSO BE EXECUTED TO RELEASE THE
03965000      *      DMA HARDWARE WHEN THE DMA OPERATION IS FINISHED BY THE DEVICE
03966000      *
03967000      *
03968000      *      EXAMPLE 1
03969000      *
03970000      *      (PRELIMINARY CODE)
03971000      *      LDA P0      CLEAR DMA LOCKOUT FLAG
03972000      *      STA -DMAPA
03974000      *      RET 0,P
03975000      *
03976000      *
03977000      *      ON ENTRY : REGISTER B CONTAINS THE PERIPHERIAL ADDRESS OF THE
03978000      *      DEVICE REQUESTING DMA
03979000      *
03980000      *
03981000      *      ON EXIT : 1), RET 1 = DMA BUSY MUST WAIT
03982000      *      2), RET 2 = DMA GRANTED AND -DMAPA = CONTENTS OF REGISTER
03983000      *
03984000      *
03985000      *      TEMPORARIES USED - NONE

```

***** DMALO *****

```

03986000 *
03987000 * ROUTINES CALLED I NONE
03988000 *
03989000 *
03990000 *
03991000 23724 ----- ORG 23724B
03991100 23724 070430 DMAL DIR
03992000 23725 000013 LDA DMAPA SEE IF THE DMA IS FREE
03993000 23726 072416 SZA DMAL2 SKIP IF DMA IS FREE
03994000 23727 011345 CPA CSCF IF DMA NOT = ZERO IS A CASSETTE DOING A FIND ?
03995000 23730 066733 JMP *+3 YES A CASSETTE IS DOING A FIND
03996000 23731 070420 DMAL1 EIR
03997000 23732 170201 RET 1
03998000 23733 001345 LDA CSCF SEE IF THE CASSETTE IS DONE
03999000 23734 030011 STA PA
04000000 23735 000005 LDA R5 DO THIS BY CHECKING THE 'MOVING' BIT
04001000 23736 170504 SAR 5
04002000 23737 073472 RLA DMAL1 SKIP IF BUSY
04003000 23740 170602 SAL 3 MUST CLEAR "SEARCH" BIT IN
04004000 23741 170140 CMA CASSETTE TO PREVENT ANY
04005000 23742 062747 IOR ST0P1 FURTHER DMA REQUESTS
04006000 23743 030005 STA R5
04007000 23744 034013 DMAL2 STB DMAPA DMA IS FREE SO SET UP THE DMAPA
04008000 23745 070420 EIR
04009000 23746 170202 RET 2
04010000 23747 000357 ST0P1 OCT 357 STOP CASSETTE AND CLEAR SEARCH BIT
04011000 *
04012000 *
04013000 *
04014000 *
04015000 *

```

*****RAM WORDS*****

```

04017000 *
04018000 * -----CASSETTE DEDICATED RAM
04019000 *
04020000 077676 CRECN EQU CATMP RECORD NUMBER (PART OF HEAD)
04021000 077677 ASIZE EQU CATMP+1 ABSOLUTE SIZE
04022000 077700 CSIZE EQU CATMP+2 CURRENT SIZE
04023000 077701 RTYPE EQU CATMP+3 RECORD TYPE
04024000 077702 RHWNO EQU CATMP+4 RECORD REWRITE NUMBER
04025000 077703 EXISF EQU CATMP+5 SECURITY FLAG #0=SECURE 0=UNSECURE
04026000 077704 EXZ EQU CATMP+6 USED FOR FWUP IN RKM
04027000 077705 TPOS EQU CATMP+7 TAPE POSITION INDICATOR
04028000 *
04029000 *
04030000 * TPOS TAKES ON THE FOLLOWING VALUES:
04031000 *
04032000 * TPOS=1 -> IN GAP PROCEEDING RECORD CRECN
04033000 * TPOS=2 -> IN RECORD BODY OF CRECN-1
04034000 * TPOS=8 -> AT REWIND
04035000 * TPOS=16 -> LOST, HEAD INFO INVALID
04036000 *
04037000 *
04038000 077706 MBPTR EQU CATMP+8 POINTS TO BODY SECTION
04039000 077710 CUCMD EQU CATMP+10 CURRENT HARDWARE COMMAND
04040000 077763 ERRWD EQU MRW1+5 LOGS ERRORS
04041000 077764 FL02 EQU MRW1+6 BITS 1-15 ARE ALWAYS ZERO
04042000 * BIT ZERO SET= HARDWARE FIND
04043000 * BIT ZERO CLR = BPC-FIND
04044000 *
04045000 * SHARED TEMPORARIES
04046000 *
04047000 * -----
04048000 *
04049000 077743 LWMD EQU OP1+1
04050000 077735 SVC EQU T21 DEDEDICATED TO SAVING THE C REGISTER
04051000 * ----- PARTITION HEAD
04052000 *
04053000 077767 PRCTR EQU MRW1+9
04054000 077727 DLFLG EQU T15
04055000 077714 PARNO EQU T4 PARTITION NUMBER
04056000 077715 PARLN EQU T5 PARTITION LENGTH
04057000 077716 PRWNO EQU T6 PARTITION REWRITE NUMBER
04058000 077717 TEMP1 EQU T7 USED IN WAIT AND NCODE
04059000 077720 MSIZE EQU T8 HOLDS ABSOLUTE SIZE OF RECORDS TO MARK
04060000 077721 CHSUM EQU T9 USED FOR ALL CHECKSUM CALCULATIONS
04061000 077721 TDIST EQU CHSUM TARGET-STARTING RECORD NUMBER
04062000 077722 NOREC EQU T10 NUMBER OF RECORDS TO MARK
04063000 077723 INSTR EQU T11 HOLDS AN INSTRUCTION (STR,COMPRI)
04064000 077724 FPASS EQU T12 COUNTS NUMBER OF ATTEMPTS TO FIND
04065000 077725 RECNO EQU T13 TARGET RECORD NUMBER

```

*****RAM WORDS*****

04066000	077726	MRKSZ EQU T14	NUMBER OF WORDS NCODE WRITES ON MARK
04067000	*	*	*
04068000	*	*	*
04069000	*	FLG1 1 BITS 1 - 15 ARE ALWAYS ZERO	
04070000	*	BIT 0 SET MEANS TRACK A	
04071000	*	CLEAR MEANS TRACK B	
04072000	*	*	*
04073000	*	*	*
04074000	077707	FLG1 EQU CATMP*9	MARK SETS THIS BEFORE ENTERING IDR. ANDTHIS
04075000	*	*	REMEMBERS THE TRACK
04076000	*	*	*
04077000	*	*	*
04078000	*	COUNTERS	
04079000	*	*	*
04080000	*	*	*
04081000	077730	RHCTR EQU T16	PARTITION HEAD COUNTER
04082000	077730	PHCTR EQU T16	WORD COUNTER USED IN PARTITION BODY
04083000	077731	WCTR EQU T17	COUNTS WORDS IN S RECORD
04084000	077732	RHCTR EQU T18	
04085000	*	*	*
04086000	*	POINTERS	
04087000	*	*	*
04088000	077733	PTM EQU T19	GENERAL PURPOSE MOVING POINTER
04089000	077734	BDPTR EQU T20	MOVING BODY POINTER
04090000	*	*	*
04091000	*	*	*
04092000	*	*	*
04093000	*	*	*
04094000	*	END	

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

00003000	76550	ORG 76550B	
00004000		UNL	
02000000		LST	
02001000	*	*	*
02003000	*	*	*
02004000	*	BASE PAGE LINKS	
02005000	*	*	*
02006000	00463	ORG AMUPH	
02007000	00463 022641	DEF MUPHI	MOVE MAIN PROGRAM TO HIGHER MEM.
02008000	00464 022662	DEF MAMPL	MOVE MAIN PROGRAM TO LOWER MEMORY
02009000	00465 022646	DEF MPUPH	MOVE PART OF MAIN PROG. HIGHER
02010000	00466 022665	DEF MPMLM	MOVE PART OF MAIN PROG. LOWER
02011000	00467 022627	DEF MTHIM	MOVE RWM HIGHER
02012000	00470 022700	DEF MTLOM	MOVE RWM LOWER
02013000	00471 022716	DEF ZRWM	ZERO RWM
02014000	00472 022761	DEF ERASA	ERASE ALL VARIABLES
02015000	00473 022460	DEF LSTS1	LIST A SPECIALKEY
02016000	00474 022431	DEF FETS3	PUT SPECIAL KEY NUMBER IN I/O BUFFER
02017000	00475 023506	DEF EDPTR	RESET EDIT POINTERS
02018000	00476 023514	DEF TLNIO	PUT LINE NUMBER IN I/O BUFFER
02019000	00477 023517	DEF TLNX	CONVERT FROM BINARY TO DECIMAL ASCII
02020000	00500 023561	DEF EOLNN	FIND END OF LINE IN I/O BUFFER
02021000	00501 023601	DEF GNEXT	GET NEXT CHARACTER
02022000	00502 023630	DEF TCHR	TRANSFER CHARACTERS
02023000	00503 023617	DEF RNLOM	TURN ON RUN LIGHT
02024000	00504 023623	DEF RNLOF	TURN OFF RUN LIGHT

CONTROL SUPERVISOR LINKS

02028000	*	*	*
02029000	11614	ORG 11614B	
02030000	*	*	*
02031000	11614	BSS 5	EXECUTE
02032000	*	*	*
02033000	11621 022000	DEF STOR	STORE
02034000	11622	BSS 1	
02035000	11623 022051	DEF STEDT	
02036000	11624	BSS 1	
02037000	11625 022000	DEF STOR	
02038000	*	*	*
02039000	11626 023477	DEF INRE	INSERT/REPLACE CHAR
02040000	11627 023477	DEF INRE	
02041000	11630 023477	DEF INRE	
02042000	11631	BSS 2	
02043000	*	*	*
02044000	11633	BSS 5	CLEAR KEY
02045000	11640	BSS 5	DELETE CHAR
02046000	11645	BSS 5	STEP
02047000	*	*	*
02048000	11652 023333	DEF RHAR	RIGHT ARROW

CONTROL SUPERVISOR LINKS

02049000	11653	023340	DEF RHAH7	
02050000	11654	023333	DEF HHAR	
02051000	11655		BSS 1	
02052000	11656	023332	DEF HHRM4	
02053000		*		
02054000	11657	023364	DEF LAKE	LEFT_ARROW
02055000	11660	023427	DEF LFAR	
02056000	11661	023364	DEF LAKE	
02057000	11662		BSS 1	
02058000	11663	023363	DEF LFRM4	
02059000		*		
02060000	11664		BSS 5	DOWN_ARROW
02061000	11671		BSS 5	RECALL
02062000	11676		BSS 5	PROG KEYS
02063000	11703		BSS 5	UP_ARROW
02064000		*		
02065000	11710	023122	DEF BACK	BACK
02066000	11711	023147	DEF BACK2	
02067000	11712	023122	DEF BACK	
02068000	11713		BSS 2	
02069000		*		
02070000	11715	023174	DEF FORM	FORWARD
02071000	11716	023234	DEF FORM2	
02072000	11717	023174	DEF FORM	
02073000	11720		BSS 2	
02074000		*		
02075000	11722	023637	DEF PINK	STOP, REW
02076000	11723	023637	DEF PINK	
02077000	11724	023637	DEF PINK	
02078000	11725		BSS 1	
02079000	11726	023637	DEF PINK	
02080000		*		
02081000	11727		BSS 5	TYPING AIDS
02082000		*		
02083000	11734	022273	DEF SPKM0	SPECIAL KEYS
02084000	11735	022315	DEF EXESK	
02085000	11736	022315	DEF EXESK	
02086000	11737	022315	DEF EXESK	
02087000	11740	022315	DEF EXESK	
02088000		*		
02089000	11741		BSS 5	PRINT-ALL
02090000		*		
02091000	11746	022164	DEF INLK	INSERT LINE
02092000	11747		BSS 1	
02093000	11750	022164	DEF INLK	
02094000	11751		BSS 1	
02095000	11752	022164	DEF INLK	
02096000		*		
02097000	11753		BSS 5	RUN
02098000	11760		BSS 5	CONTINUE
02099000		*		
02100000	11765		BSS 1	LINE DELETE
02101000	11766	023113	DEF LOELF	
02102000	11767		BSS 3	
02103000		*		
02104000	11772		BSS 5	RESULT
02105000		*		

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

02108000		*		
02109000		*		
02110000			
02111000		*		
02112000			CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES	
02113000		*		
02114000		*		
02115000		*		
02116000			
02117000		*		
02118000		*		
02119000			EDM	
02120000		*		
02121000		*		
02122000		*		
02123000		*		
02124000	22000		ORG 22000B	
02125000		*		
02126000		*		
02127000		*	STORE (KEYBOARD MODE)	
02128000		*		
02129000		*		
02130000	22000	043233	STOR JSM EDIN	EDIT INITIALIZATION (RET P=11 A=CFLAG)

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

02131000	22001	170700		RAR 1	POSITION STORE-KEY AND FEICH-LINE BITS
02132000	22002	073002		SLA *+2	KEY TO BE DEFINED ?
02133000	22003	067526		JMP STKEY	YES
02134000	22004	172002		SAP STOR6	REPLACE OLD LINE ?
02135000	22005	067052		JMP STD1	YES
02136000	22006	043151	STOR6	JSM ISSBR	NULL PROGRAM OR REFERENCE TO LAST LINE ?
02137000	22007	067054		JMP STEDX	NO
02138000				*	
02139000	22010	043245	STOR7	JSM CRCL	COMPILE, REV. COMPILE, GET LINE LENGTH
02140000	22011	043255		JSM COVF	CHECK FOR OVERFLOW
02141000	22012	101277		LDA ENDS,I	GET LAST BRIDGE
02142000	22013	050215		AND BXCMM	SAVE ONLY REVERSE LINK
02143000	22014	061234	STOR4	IOR TMP4	INCLUDE LENGTH OF PRESENT LINE
02144000	22015	131277	STOR2	STA ENDS,I	LINE BRIDGE CREATED
02145000	22016	005277		LDB ENDS	GET END OF USER PROGRAM POINTR
02146000	22017	015310		CPB RMAX	R-REGS GIVEN ?
02147000	22020	024257		ADB M1	NO; B = ENDS-1
02148000	22021	024254		ADB P1	B = OLD FIRST WORD OF R-REGS (B=ENDS IF NO R-REGS GIV
02149000	22022	001310		LDA RMAX	MAX R-REG USED
02150000	22023	030016		STA C	SET START SOURCE ADDR
02151000	22024	021234		ADA TMP4	A = NEW RMAX VALUE
02152000	22025	030017		STA D	SET START DESTINATION ADDR
02153000	22026	031310		STA RMAX	UPDATE MAX R-REG POINTR
02154000	22027	140467		JSM AMTHM,I	MOVE R-REGS TO HIGHER MEMORY
02155000	22030	001277	STOX1	LDA ENDS	GET DESTINATION ADDR
02156000	22031	072101		R/A *+1	POINT TO SECOND WORD OF LINE
02157000	22032	043265		JSM TLCH	TRANSFER LINE TO MEMORY
02158000	22033	001277		LDA ENDS	GET E/A OF PROG
02159000	22034	021234		ADA TMP4	ADD LENGTH OF NEW LINE
02160000	22035	031277		STA ENDS	UPDATE POINTR
02161000	22036	001234		LDA TMP4	GET LENGTH OF LINE
02162000	22037	170607		SAL B	PLACE IN UPPER HALF
02163000	22040	131277		STA ENDS,I	LAST BRIDGE CREATED
02164000	22041	045226	STORS5	ISZ LNO	INCRM LINE NO.
02165000	22042	067043		JMP *+1	NEEDED FOR FIRST LINE NO.
02166000	22043	140476	STOR3	JSM ATLNI,I	TRANSFER LINE NO. TO I/O BUFFER
02167000	22044	140475		JSM AEDPT,I	RESET I/O PTRS
02168000	22045	000053		LDA EOL	END OF LINE MARKER
02169000	22046	074550		PBD A,I	INCRM AND PLACE IN I/O BUFF
02170000	22047	000146		LDA M2	CLR FETCH BIT 0
02171000	22050	067242		JMP STCFG	SET CFLAG
02172000				*	
02173000				*	
02174000				*	
02175000				*	
02176000				*	
02177000				*	
02178000				*	STORE (EDIT MODE)
02179000				*	
02180000				*	
02181000	22051	043233	STEDT	JSM EDIN	EDIT INITIALIZATION
02182000	22052	043056	STU1	JSM STED	STORE NEW LINE
02183000	22053	067043		JMP STOR3	GIVE LINE NO.
02184000				*	
02185000	22054	043060	STEDX	JSM STED5	STORE NEW LINE
02186000	22055	067041		JMP STORS5	INCRM LINE NO. AND DISP IT
02187000				*	
02188000	22056	140512	STED	JSM AFLAD,I	FIND LINE ADDR
02189000	22057	140424		JSM ASYER,I	LINE SHOULD EXIST
02190000	22060	031225	STED5	STA TMP2	SAVE S/A OF LINE
02191000	22061	100000		LDA A,I	GET LINE BRIDGE
02192000	22062	050053		AND B177	GET OLD LINE LENGTH
02193000	22063	031227		STA TMP1	AND SAVE IT
02194000	22064	101225		LDA TMP2,I	GET LINE BRIDGE AGAIN
02195000	22065	050052		AND STPMS	PRESERVE STOP BIT
02196000	22066	031730		STA T16	AND SAVE IT
02197000	22067	043245		JSM CRCL	COMPILE, REV. COMPILE, GET LINE LENGTH
02198000	22070	001234		LDA TMP4	GET LENGTH
02199000	22071	170040		TCA	MAKE NEG.
02200000	22072	021227		ADA TMP1	A=OLD LENGTH-NEW LENGTH
02201000	22073	072403		SZA STED2	SKIP IF OLD = NEW
02202000	2207	170003		SAP STED1	NE > OLD ?
02203000	22075	067111		JMP STED4	YES
02204000				*	
02205000				*	REPLACE OLD LINE BY NEW-OLD = NEW
02206000				*	
02207000	22076	067127	STED2	JMP STED6	
02208000				*	
02209000				*	REPLACE OLD LINE BY NEW-OLD > NEW
02210000				*	
02211000	22077	043133	STED1	JSM STDIN	SET STOP BIT IN LINE BRIDGE
02212000	22100	043127		JSM STED6	TRANSFER LINE TO MEMORY
02213000	22101	005225		LDB TMP2	S/A OF OLD/NEW LINE
02214000	22102	025227		ADB TMP1	B = S/A OF NEXT LINE
02215000	22103	045234		ISZ TMP4	INC TMP4 DUE TO STED6
02216000	22104	043141		JSM STREL	SET REVERSE LINK IN BRIDGE
02217000				*	
02218000				*	CLOSE-UP GAP
02219000				*	

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02220000 22105 070570 WWD A,I DUMMY: POINT TO START DESTIN. ADDR
02221000 22106 005227 LDB TMP1 GET ADDR OF NEXT LINE
02222000 22107 034016 STB C SET START SOURCE ADDR
02223000 22110 164466 JMP AMPHL,I MOVE PART OF PROG. TO LOWER MEM. * RET P+1
02224000 *
02225000 * REPLACE OLD LINE BY NEW: OLD < NEW
02226000 *
02227000 22111 170040 STED4 TCA MAKE DIFF. NEG.
02228000 22112 031715 STA T5 SAVE DIFFERENVE
02229000 22113 101225 LDA TMP2,I GET LINE BRIDGE
02230000 22114 050053 AND B177 GET OLD LINE LENGTH
02231000 22115 021225 ADA_TMP2 FIND S/A OF NEXT LINE
02232000 22116 004000 LDB A B=END SOURCE ADDR
02233000 22117 001310 LDA RMAX MAX. R-REG. POINTR
02234000 22120 021715 ADA_T5 POINT TO NEW ADDR
02235000 22121 030017 STA D SET START DESTINATION ADDR
02236000 22122 140465 JSM AMPUP,I MOVE PART OF MAIN PROG. TO HIGHER MEM.
02237000 22123 043133 JSM STDIN SET STOP BIT IN LINE BRIDGE
02238000 22124 005225 LDB TMP2 S/A OF LINE
02239000 22125 025234 ADB TMP4 POINT TO S/A OF NEXT LINE
02240000 22126 043141 JSM STREL SET REVERSE LINK IN BRIDGE
02241000 22127 001225 STED6 LDA TMP2 S/A OF NEW LINE
02242000 22130 072101 RJA *+1 POINT TO SECOND WORD
02243000 22131 055234 DSZ TMP4 DISCOUNT NEW LINE BRIDGE
02244000 22132 067265 JMP TLCH TRANSFER LINE TO MEM. AND RET P+1
02245000 *
02246000 *
02247000 22133 101225 STDIN LDA TMP2,I GET LINE BRIDGE
02248000 22134 050170 AND BUHM SAVE UPPER HALF
02249000 22135 061234 IOR TMP4 INCLUDE LENGTH OF LINE
02250000 22136 061730 IOR T16 INCLUDE STOP BIT
02251000 22137 131225 STA TMP2,I NEW LINE BRIDGE
02252000 22140 170201 RET 1
02253000 *
02254000 *
02255000 * STREL SETS REVERSE LINK IN LINE BRIDGE
02256000 * BRIDGE ADDR IN B
02257000 * LINE LENGTH IN TMP4
02258000 *
02259000 * USES TMP1
02260000 *
02261000 22141 035227 STREL STB TMP1 SAVE BRIDGE ADDR
02262000 22142 100001 LDA B,I GET BRIDGE
02263000 22143 050250 AND BM377 SAVE TRACE, STOP BITS , FORWARD LINK
02264000 22144 005234 LDB TMP4 GET LENGTH OF LINE
02265000 22145 174607 SBL B POSITION IN UPPER BYTE
02266000 22146 060001 IOR B SET BITS IN A
02267000 22147 131227 STA_TMP1,I SET NEW BRIDGE
02268000 22150 170201 RET 1
02269000 *
02270000 *
02271000 *
02272000 *
02273000 * CHECK FOR NULL PROGRAM OR REFERENCE TO LAST LINE
02274000 *
02275000 * EXIT: RETP+1 NOT FOUND
02276000 *
02277000 * RETP+2 FOUND
02278000 *
02279000 *
02280000 22151 140512 ISSBR JSM AFLAD,I FIND LINE ADDR
02281000 22152 067162 JMP ISSH1 LINE NOT FOUND
02282000 22153 104000 LDB A,I GET LINE BRIDGE
02283000 22154 174610 SHL 9
02284000 22155 174510 SRR 9 GET LINE LENGTH
02285000 22156 020001 ADA B POINT TO S/A OF NEXT LINE
02286000 22157 011277 CPA ENDS LAST LINE ?
02287000 22160 170202 RET 2 YES
02288000 *
02289000 22161 170201 RET 1
02290000 *
02291000 22162 140514 ISSB1 JSM ASLLN,I SET LNO TO LAST LINE
02292000 22163 170202 RET 2 RET 2 LAST LINE OR NULL PROGRAM
02293000 *
02294000 *
02295000 * INSERT LINE- KEYBOARD MODE
02296000 *
02297000 *
02298000 22164 043233 INLK JSM EDIN EDIT INITIALIZATION
02299000 22165 073412 RLA INLK2 SKIP IF FETCH BIT IS SET
02300000 22166 001307 LDA FWUP NULL PROGRAM?
02301000 22167 011277 CPA ENDS
02302000 22170 067010 JMP STOR7 YES, TREAT AS A STORE
02303000 22171 001226 LDA LNO IS LNO = -1?
02304000 22172 010257 CPA M1

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02305000-22173-067226-----JMP INLK1  YES, NOT REFERENCE TO LAST LINE
02306000 22174 043151      JSM ISSBR  NULL PROG. OR REFERENCE TO LAST LINE ?
02307000 22175 067226      JMP INLK1  NO
02308000 22176 067010-----JMP STOR7  YES; TREAT IT AS A STORE
02309000 22177 043245  INLK2 JSM CRCL   COMPILE, REV. COMPILE, GET LINE LENGTH
02310000 22200 043255      JSM COVF  CHECK FOR OVERFLOW
02311000 22201 140512  INLK3 JSM AFLAD,I  FIND LINE ADDR
02312000 22202 140424      JSM ASYER,I  LINE SHOULD EXIST
02313000 22203 031225      STA TMP2    SAVE S/A OF REFERENCE LINE
02314000 22204 004000-----LDB A       SET BRIDGE ADDR FOR STREL
02315000 22205 101225      LDA TMP2,I  GET LINE BRIDGE
02316000 22206 031715      STA T5     SAVE OLD BRIDGE
02317000 22207 043141-----JSM STREL   SET REVERSE LINK IN LINE BRIDGE
02318000 22210 001310      LDA RMAX   MAX. R-REG. POINTR
02319000 22211 021234      ADA TMP4   A = START DESTINATION ADDR
02320000 22212 030017      STA D      SET D-REG
02321000 22213 005225      LDB TMP2  END SOURCE ADDR
02322000 22214 140465      JSM AMPUP,I  MOVE PART OF USER PROG. TO HIGHR MEM.
02323000 22215 001715      LDA T5    GET REF. LINE BRIDGE AGAIN
02324000 22216 050215      AND BXCMM  SAVE ONLY REVERSE LINK
02325000 22217 061234      IOR TMP4   INCLUDE LENGTH OF NEW LINE
02326000 22220 131225      STA TMP2,I  BRIDGE OF NEW LINE
02327000 22221 043127      JSM STED6  TRANSFER LINE TO MEMORY
02328000 22222 001226      LDA LNO   GET LINE NUMBER
02329000 22223 031721      STA T9    SET FOR RENUMBER ROUTINES
02330000 22224 140517      JSM ARENI,I  ADJUST GTO'S AND GSB'S
02331000 22225 067043      JMP STOR3  GIVE LINE NO.
02332000 *
02333000 22226 043245  INLK1 JSM CRCL   COMPILE REV COMPILE, GET LINE LENGTH
02334000 22227 043255      JSM COVF  CHECK FOR OVERFLOW
02335000 22230 045226      ISZ LNO   ADJUST LINE NO.
02336000 22231 067232      JMP *+1
02337000 22232 067201      JMP INLK3  INSERT LINE
02338000 *
02339000 *
02340000 *      EDIT INITIALIZATION
02341000 *
02342000 *      EXIT: RET P+1  A = CFLAG
02343000 *
02344000 *
02345000 22233 140435  EDIN  JSM ATRBF,I  TRANSFER INFO FROM I/O TO KEYB. BUFF
02346000 22234 140461      JSM APRKB,I  GO THROUGH PRINTALL
02347000 22235 000214      LDA EOLB   GET EOL AND BLANK
02348000 22236 130311      STA AKBFL,I  STORE IN LAST WORD OF KBD BUFFER
02349000 22237 000254      LDA P1
02350000 22240 031517      STA RGFLG  ASSIGNMENT TO RES. REG. NOT ALLOWED
02351000 22241 000151      LDA M5     CLR RUN DONE BIT 2
02352000 *
02353000 22242 051232  STCFG AND CFLAG
02354000 22243 031232      STA CFLAG
02355000 22244 170201  COV1  RET 1
02356000 *
02357000 *
02358000 *      COMPILE, REV. COMPILE, GET LINE LENGTH SUBR.
02359000 *
02360000 *
02361000 22245 140346  CRCL  JSM ACPLR,I  GO TO COMPILER, COMPILER KBD BUFFER
02362000 22246 004317      LDB AIBSL  I/O BUFF START OF LINE (ALLOW FOR LINE NO. AND COLL
02363000 22247 140356      JSM ANCLR,I  REVERSE COMPILE TO CHECK LINE LENGTH
02364000 22250 001251      LDA OFLAG  GET REV COMPILE OVERFLOW FLAG
02365000 22251 010117      CPA B40    IS IT A BLANK?
02366000 22252 164510      JMP AGLL,I  YES, NO OVERFLOW, GET LINE LENGTH, RETURN
02367000 *
02368000 22253 140404      JSM AERR1,I  LINE TOO LONG
02369000 22254 031061      ASC 1,21
02370000 *
02371000 *
02372000 *      CHECK FOR OVER-FLOW
02373000 *
02374000 *      ENTRY: TMP4 = LENGTH NEEDED
02375000 *
02376000 *      "COVX" ENTRY: A = POSSIBLE ADDR OF RMAX
02377000 *
02378000 *
02379000 22255 001234  COVF  LDA TMP4   GET LENGTH
02380000 22256 021310      ADA RMAX   A=NEW MAX R-REG ADDR
02381000 22257 170040  COVX  TCA       MAKE NEGATIVE
02382000 22260 021263      ADA AP1    TOP OF EXECUTION STACK
02383000 22261 072402      SZA ERM0V  GIVE AN ERROR IF NO MEM AVAILABLE
02384000 22262 172062      SAP COV1   NO OVERFLOW IF RESULT IS POSITIVE
02385000 22263 140404  ERM0V JSM AERR1,I  MEMORY OVERFLOW
02386000 22264 032060      ASC 1,40
02387000 *

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02380000 *
02389000 * TRANSFER LINEFROM COMPILE BUFF TO MEMORY
02390000 *
02391000 * ENTRY: A=DESTINATION ADDR
02392000 *
02393000 * TMP4=LINE LENGTH
02394000 *
02395000 *
02396000 22>65 004303 TLMC LDB ACBF ADDR OF COMPILE BUFF
02397000 22>66 034016 STB C SET C-REG
02398000 22>67 030017 STA D SET D-REG
02399000 22>70 025234 ADB TMP4 B = ACBF + LINE LENGTH
02400000 22>71 024257 ADB M1 B = LAST SOURCE ADDR
02401000 22>72 164470 JMP AMTLM,I TRANSFER LINE INTO MEM. AND RETURN P+1
02403000 *
02404000 *
02405000 * SPECIAL KEYS SOFTWARE
02406000 *
02407000 *
02408000 *
02409000 *
02410000 *
02411000 *
02412000 *

02414000 *****
02415000 *
02416000 * SPKM0: MODE 0 ENTRY POINT FOR SPECIAL KEYS
02417000 *
02418000 *****
02419000 *
02420000 22>73 043307 SPKM0 JSM SVKEY SAVE KEY NUMBER
02421000 22>74 000423 LDA ASCND SEARCH THE I/O BUFFER FOR MAINFRAME COMMANDS
02422000 22>75 004314 LDB AIBFX GET COMMAND FROM I/O BUFFER
02423000 22>76 140414 JSM ACTFC,I INCLUDING THE NON-COMMAND "LIST",
02424000 22>77 067316 JMP EXEKK P+1:NO COMMAND FOUND,MUST BE KEY EXECUTION
02425000 22300 014145 CPB P2 P+2: COMMAND FOUND, B = OP CODE
02426000 22301 067407 JMP FETSK OP CODE 2: FETCH
02427000 22302 014144 CPB P3
02428000 22303 067436 JMP ERSK OP CODE 3: ERASE
02429000 22304 014141 CPB P6 OP CODE 6: LIST
02430000 22305 067457 JMP LSTSK
02431000 22306 067316 JMP EXEKK
02432000 *
02433000 * COMMAND FOUND BUTNOT ONE THAT THE SPECIAL KEYS SOFTWARE HANDLES,
02434000 * SO DEFAULT TO KEYEXECUTION.
02435000 *
02436000 *****
02437000 *
02438000 22307 001212 SVKEY LDA SPKN SAVE THE CURRENT KEY NUMBER
02439000 22310 031714 STA T4
02440000 22311 001235 LDA SKEY REPLACE IT WITH THE NUMBER OF THE KEY TO BE EXECUTED
02441000 22312 020167 ADA BM200
02442000 22313 031212 STA SPKN
02443000 22314 170201 RFT 1
02444000 *
02445000 *
02446000 *
02447000 *****
02448000 *
02449000 * EXESK: KEY EXECUTION
02450000 *
02451000 *****
02452000 *
02453000 22315 043307 EXESK JSM SVKEY SET KEY NUMBER
02454000 *
02455000 22316 000166 EXEKK LDA M97 CLR RECALL BITS 5,6
02456000 22317 043242 JSM STCFG
02457000 22320 043571 JSM FINDK HAS THE KEY BEEN DEFINED?
02458000 22321 067401 JMP E30 P+1: KEY IS NOT DEFINED, GIVE ERROR 30
02459000 22322 172701 SAM *+1,S P+2: KEY FOUND, LET T3 = CHAR ADDR OF
02460000 22323 031713 STA T3 KEY DEFINITION, SAVE ADDR
02461000 22324 001256 LDA MODE IF "EOL" OR "FETCH"
02462000 22325 010254 CPA P1 MODE, THEN CLEAR
02463000 22326 140451 JSM ACLEB,I THE EDIT BUFFER BEFORE
02464000 22327 010143 CPA P4 TRANSFERRING
02465000 22330 140451 JSM ACLEB,I THE KEY DEFINITION
02466000 22331 001713 LDA T3 GET KEY ADDR
02467000 22332 030017 STA D SET POINTER
02468000 22333 043615 JSM PLUCK WITHDRAW THE FIRST CHARACTER
02469000 22334 000000 NOP (THERE IS ALWAYS A FIRST CHARACTER)
02470000 22335 031713 STA T3 SAVE THE FIRST CHAR AS THE IEX/CONT FLAG

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02471000-22336 010111 ----- CPA B52
02472000 22337 067351 ----- JMP EXES2 FIRST CHARACTER IS "0", DON'T TRANSFER IT
02473000 22340 010104 ----- CPA B57
02474000-22341 067351 ----- JMP EXES2 FIRST CHARACTER IS "/", DON'T TRANSFER IT.
02475000
02476000 22342 004017 EXES1 LOB D
02477000 22343 035712 ----- STB T2 SAVE OLD PTR
02478000 22344 140430 ----- JSM AISTX,I TRANSFER THE FIRST CHAR TO THE I/O BUFF
02479000 22345 067377 ----- JMP E34 P+1: I/O BUFFER FULL, CHAR NOT TRANSFERED
02480000 22346 140446 ----- JSM AFBP,I UPDATE THE DISP POINTER.
02481000 22347 005712 ----- LOB T2
02482000 22350 034017 ----- STB D RESTORE CHAR POINTR
02483000 22351 043615 EXES2 JSM PLUCK GET THE NEXT CHAR
02484000 22352 067354 ----- JMP EXES3 P+1: END OF KEY DEFINITION REACHED
02485000 22353 067342 ----- JMP EXES1 P+2: GOT ANOTHER CHARACTER, TRANSFER IT TO I/O BUF
02486000
02487000 22354 001714 EXES3 LDA T4 RESTORE THE CURRENT KEY NUMBER
02488000 22355 031212 ----- STA SPKN
02489000
02490000 22356 040715 ----- JSM CLMOD SET KEY ENTRY MODE
02491000 22357 005257 ----- LOB CSTAT B = CONTROL STATE.
02492000 22360 001713 ----- LDA T3 RECALL THE IEX/CONT FLAG
02493000 22361 010111 ----- CPA B52 "0" ?
02494000 22362 067366 ----- JMP EXES4 IMMEDIATE EXECUTE KEY
02495000 22363 010104 ----- CPA B57 "/" ?
02496000 22364 067371 ----- JMP EXES5 IMMEDIATE CONTINUE KEY.
02497000
02498000 22365 170201 ----- RET I EXIT FOR TYPING AIDS
02499000
02500000 22366 014177 EXES4 CPB P0 EXIT FOR IEX KEYS
02501000 22367 164416 ----- JMP AEXCK,I COMMAND EXECUTION
02502000 22370 164431 ----- JMP AEXST,I STATEMENT EXECUTION FOR STATE = 2;4
02503000
02504000 22371 014177 EXES5 CPB P0 EXIT FOR ICONT KEYS.
02505000 22372 164422 ----- JMP AECIM,I CSTAT=0: NORMAL CONTINUE
02506000 22373 014145 ----- CPB P2 IF LIVE KBD DISPLAY BUFFER
02507000 22374 140415 ----- JSM ACONT,I BEEP, RETURN P+2
02508000 22375 164415 ----- JMP ACONT,I CSTAT#0: "ENTER" CONTINUE.
02509000 22376 170201 ----- RET I
02510000
02511000 22377 043403 E34 JSM SKERR SPECIAL KEY ERROR
02512000 22400 031464 ----- ASC 1,34 ERROR 34, DISPLAY BUFFER OVERFLOW
02513000
02514000 22401 043403 E30 JSM SKERR SPECIAL KEY NOT DEFINED, ERROR 30
02515000 22402 031460 ----- ASC 1,30
02516000
02517000 22403 140435 SKERR JSM ATRBF,I TRANSFER I/O BUFF TO KBD BUFF
02518000 22404 001714 ----- LDA T4 RESTORE CURRENT KEY NUMBER
02519000 22405 031212 ----- STA SPKN
02520000 22406 164404 ----- JMP AERR1,I GO TO ERROR ROUTINE
02521000
02522000
02523000
02524000
02525000
02526000
02527000
02528000 22407 001232 FETSK LDA CFLAG SET BIT ONE OF CFLAG TO INDICATE "KEY TO BE STORED"
02529000 22410 060145 ----- IOR P2
02530000 22411 031232 ----- STA CFLAG
02531000
02532000 22412 140451 ----- JSM ACLEB,I CLEAR I/O BUFF T BLANKS AND RESET PTRS
02533000
02534000 22413 043571 ----- JSM FINOK HAS THE KEY BEEN DEFINED ?
02535000 22414 067431 ----- JMP FETS3 P+1: NO DISPLAY LOWER CASE "F#"
02536000 22415 172701 ----- SAM *+1,S P+2: YES, DISPLAY THE KEY DEFINITION
02537000 22416 030017 ----- STA D D = ADDRESS OF FIRST DEFINITION CHARACTER
02538000 22417 043615 FETS1 JSM PLUCK GET A CHARACTER FROM THE KEY DEFINITION
02539000 22420 164436 ----- JMP AEON,I P+1: END OF DEFINITION REACHED
02540000 22421 140430 ----- JSM AISTX,I P+2: TRANSFER THE CHARACTER TO THE I/O BUFFER
02541000 22422 164436 ----- JMP AEON,I P+1: I/O BUFFER FULL SHOULD NEVER OCCUR
02542000 22423 067417 ----- JMP FETS1 GET NEXT CHAR
02543000
02544000
02545000
02546000
02547000 22424 004223 FETS2 LOB B63K STORE A LOWER CASE "F" AS THE FIRST CHARACTER
02548000 22425 134313 ----- STB AIBUF,I
02549000 22426 001212 ----- LDA SPKN GET KEY NUMBER FOR ABTDA
02550000 22427 004314 ----- LOB AIBFX THE ASCII KEY NUMBER TO THE MESSAGE
02551000 22430 164477 ----- JMP ABTDA,I
02552000
02553000 22431 043424 FETS3 JSM FETS2 PUT F# IN DISPLAY
02554000 22432 140436 ----- JSM AEON,I GO THROUGH PRINT=ALL
02555000 22433 140433 ----- JSM ALDSP,I DISPLAY F#
02556000 22434 140452 ----- JSM AEOLB,I PUT EOL IN EDIT BUFFER

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02557000 22435 170202 ..... RET 2 ..... SKIP OVER DISPLAY OF I/O BUFFER IN EOL LOOP
02558000 ..... *
02559000 ..... *****
02560000 ..... *
02561000 ..... * ERASK: ERASE A SPECIAL KEY
02562000 ..... *
02563000 ..... *****
02564000 ..... *
02565000 22436 043750 .ERSK JSM ERS10 CLR BITS 0-3 OF CFLAG, PUT EOL IN EDIT BUFF
02566000 ..... *
02567000 22437 043571 .ERS1 JSM FINDK PUT "EOL" IN THE 1ST CHAR. IS THE KEY DEFINED ?
02568000 22440 170201 RET 1 P+1: NO, CANT VERY WELL STORE IT !!
02569000 22441 035741 STB T25 P+2: YES, NOW FIND WHERE IT ENDS.
02570000 22442 030017 STA D D = ADDRESS OF SECOND CHARACTER IN DEFINITION
02571000 ..... *
02572000 22443 043615 .ERS2 JSM PLUCK GET ANOTHER CHAR
02573000 22444 067446 JMP .ERS3 P+1: FOUND THE END OF THE KEY DEFINITION
02574000 22445 067443 JMP .ERS2 P+2: KEEP GETTING CHARS UNTIL THE END IS FOUND
02575000 ..... *
02576000 22446 004017 .ERS3 LDB D
02577000 22447 176601 SBM *+1,C
02578000 22450 034016 STB C C IS THE WORD ADDRESS OF THE FIRST
02579000 22451 005741 LDB T25 WORD FOLLOWING THE KEY DEFINITION.
02580000 22452 034017 STB D D IS THE WORD ADDRESS OF THE BEGINNING OF THE KEY
02581000 22453 010045 CPA B377 IF B377 OR 80 WAS THE NEXT CHARACTER,
02582000 22454 067656 .ERS4 JMP MPKML MOVE PART OF KEYS AND ALL MAINLINE TO
02583000 22455 072477 SZA .ERS4 LOWER MEMORY AND RETURN P+1
02584000 22456 164464 JMP AMAMP,I ELSE MOVE ONLY MAINLINE TO LOWER MEM. & RET P+1.
02585000 ..... *
02586000 ..... *****
02587000 ..... *
02588000 ..... * LSTSK: LIST A SPECIAL KEY
02589000 ..... *
02590000 ..... *****
02591000 ..... *
02592000 22457 140475 LSTSK JSM AEDPT,I RESET I/O PTRS
02593000 ..... *
02594000 22460 000147 LSTS1 LDA M3 CLR BIT 1 OF CFLAG TO GET OUT OF KEY MODE
02595000 22461 043242 JSM STCFG
02596000 ..... *
02597000 22462 043571 JSM FINDK HAS THE KEY BEEN DEFINED ?
02598000 22463 064710 JMP EOLIO P+1: NO, DISPLAY EOL AND RETURN
02599000 22464 172701 SAM *+1,S P+2: YES, SAVE STARTING CHARACTER ADDRESS
02600000 22465 031737 STA T23
02601000 ..... *
02602000 22466 140450 JSM ACLBI,I CLR I/O BUFFER
02603000 22467 140444 JSM A,PRN,I PRINT A BLANK LINE
02604000 22470 043424 JSM FETS2 PUT "F#" IN THE I/O BUFFER
02605000 ..... *
02606000 22471 004017 LDB D GET CHAR ADDR OF LAST DIGIT OF KEY #
02607000 22472 034016 STB C SET PTR
02608000 22473 000134 LDA P11 COMPUTE THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS LEFT IN THE
02609000 22474 176402 SBM *+2 FIRST LINE AFTER "F#":
02610000 22475 020254 ADA P1
02611000 22476 031711 STA T1
02612000 ..... *
02613000 22477 004077 LDB P58
02614000 22500 074541 PBC B,I PUSH "I"
02615000 22501 004117 LNB B40
02616000 22502 074541 PBC B,I PUSH "L"
02617000 22503 001737 LDA T23 SET UP THE BYTE POINTR FOR THE KEY DEFIN.
02618000 22504 030017 STA D
02619000 ..... *
02620000 22505 043615 LSTS2 JSM PLUCK GET THE NEXT KEY DEFINITION CHARACTER
02621000 22506 067521 JMP LSTS3 P+1: END OF DEFINITION REACHED
02622000 22507 074540 PBC A,I P+2: NOW PUT IT IN THE I/O BUFFER
02623000 22510 055711 DSZ T1 HAS THE PRINT LINE BEEN FILLED ?
02624000 22511 067505 JMP LSTS2 NO, GET ANOTHER CHARACTER.
02625000 ..... *
02626000 22512 140444 JSM A,PRN,I YES, PRINT THE LINE
02627000 22513 140450 JSM ACLBI,I CLR I/O BUFFER TO BLANKS
02628000 22514 000130 LDA P15
02629000 22515 031711 STA T1 PREPARE TO BUILD THE NEXT LINE, ONE BLANK
02630000 22516 000314 LDA AIBFX FOLLOWED BY 15 CHARACTERS.
02631000 22517 030016 STA C
02632000 22520 067505 JMP LSTS2
02633000 ..... *
02634000 22521 001711 LSTS3 LNA T1 HAVE ANY CHARACTERS BEEN STORED IN THE NEXT LINE
02635000 22522 010130 CPA P15 TO BE PRINTED ?
02636000 22523 067525 JMP *+2 NO, DON'T PRINT THE I/O BUFFER FULL OF BLANKS
02637000 22524 140444 JSM A,PRN,I YES, PRINT THE LAST LINE
02638000 22525 064710 CIOEL JMP EOLIO CLEAR I/O BUFF, SET EOL IN I/O BUFF AND RETURN P+1
02639000 ..... *
02640000 ..... *****
02641000 ..... *
02642000 ..... * STKEY: STORE A SPECIAL KEY

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2643000
2644000
2645000
2646000 22526 043437 STKEY JSM ERS1 ERASE OLD KEY FIRST
2647000 22527 001215 LDA IOCP GET CURRENT BUFFER PTR
2648000 22530 005214 LDB CRSP USE OLCP IF CURSOR IS SET
2649000 22531 076402 SZB *+2 SKIP IF NOT SET
2650000 22532 001213 LDA OLCP CURSOR IS SET; USE OLCP
2651000 22533 010315 CPA AIBFM THE I/O BUFFER WITH THE FIRST CHARACTER ADDRESS.
2652000 22534 067570 JMP STKE4 THE BUFF IS EMPTY; NOTHING TO STORE; RETURN
2653000
2654000 22535 031215 STA IOCP I/O BUFFER. IF AN ODD NUMBER
2655000 22536 172004 SAP STKE2 OF CHARACTERS ARE PRESENT; PUSH A B0 ONTO THE
2656000 22537 000177 LDA P0 END OF THE DEFINITION.
2657000 22540 140430 JSM AISTX,I
2658000 22541 000000 NOP (THERE WILL ALWAYS BE ROOM FOR THE B0)
2659000
2660000 22542 000315 STKE2 LDA AIBFM LENGTH OF KEY DEFINITION (WORDS) = (IOCP - AIBFM + 1)
2661000 22543 170040 TCA
2662000 22544 021215 ADA IOCP
2663000 22545 020254 ADA P1
2664000 22546 031734 STA T20 SA = THE LENGTH FOR LATER USE.
2665000
2666000 22547 021310 ADA RMAX SET UP THE DESTINATION ADDRESS FOR MAINLINE
2667000 22550 030017 STA D PROGRAM AREA.
2668000 22551 140463 JSM ANUPH,I MOVE ALL OF USER MAIN PROGRAM TO HIGHER MEMORY.
2669000
2670000 22552 005734 LDB T20 CALCULATE THE STARTING ADDRESS OF THE NEWLY
2671000 22553 174040 TCB CREATED KEY AREA.
2672000 22554 025307 ADB FWUP
2673000 22555 000170 LDA M256 BUILD THE KEY HEADER (B377; KEY NO.) IN A
2674000 22556 061212 IOR SPKN AND STORE IT AS THE FIRST WORD OF THE KEY DEFINITION
2675000 22557 130001 STA B,I
2676000
2677000 22560 000313 LDA AIRUF USE D AS A WORD POINTER INTO THE I/O BUFFER AND
2678000 22561 030017 STA D TRANSFER THE REST OF THE KEY DEFINITION TO ITS
2679000 22562 055734 OSZ T20 NEW HOME.
2680000
2681000 22563 044001 STKE3 ISZ B BUMP THE KEY AREA WORD POINTER
2682000 22564 070570 WWD A,I GET THEN NEXT WORD OUT OF THE I/O BUFFER
2683000 22565 130001 STA B,I AND TRANSFER IT TO THE KEY AREA.
2684000 22566 055734 OSZ T20 ALL WORDS TRANSFERRED ?
2685000 22567 06756J JMP STKE3 NO; KEEP GOING.
2686000
2687000 22570 067750 STKE4 JMP ERS10 CLW BITS 0-3 OF CFLAG; PUT EOL IN EDIT BUFFER
2688000
2689000
2690000
2691000 * FINDK: DETERMINE WHETHER KEY F<SPKN> IS DEFINED.
2692000 * P+1: KEY F<SPKN> IS NOT DEFINED.
2693000 * P+2: KEY F<SPKN> IS DEFINED; AND
2694000 * A = WORD STARTING ADDRESS OF THE KEY DEFINITION
2695000 * B = WORD STARTING ADDRESS OF THE KEY HEADER (B377; KEY NO.)
2696000
2697000
2698000
2699000 22571 001306 FINDK LDA FWAM IF FWAM = FWUP THEN NO KEYS ARE DEFINED.
2700000 22572 011307 CPA FWUP
2701000 22573 170201 RET 1
2702000
2703000 22574 030017 STA D ASSUME THAT THE LEFT BYTE OF FWAM,I MUST BE B377.
2704000 22575 005307 LDB FWUP THE NEXT BYTE WITHDRAWN WILL BE THE KEY NO. OF
2705000 22576 176301 SHP *+1,S THE FIRST KEY. B = CHAR. ADDRESS OF FWUP'S LEFT BYTE
2706000
2707000 22577 074570 FIND1 WBD A,I CHECK TO SEE IF THE KEY JUST FOUND IS THE ONE
2708000 22600 011212 CPA SPKN BEING SEARCHED FOR.
2709000 22601 067610 JMP FIND3 YES; SET UP A & B AND RETURN P+2.
2710000
2711000 22602 014017 FIND2 CPB D HAS THE BEGINNING OF MAINLINE PROGRAMMING BEEN FOUND
2712000 22603 170201 RET 1 YES; THE KEY F<SPKN> IS NOT DEFINED.
2713000 22604 074570 WBD A,I KEEP LOOKING FOR THE START OF THE NEXT KEY.
2714000 22605 010045 CPA B377
2715000 22606 067577 JMP FIND1 FOUND THE START OF THE NEXT KEY; CHECK KEY NO.
2716000 22607 067602 JMP FIND2 CHECK FOR THE END OF THE KEY AREA.
2717000
2718000 22610 000017 FIND3 LDA D A = ADDRESS OF DEFINITION
2719000 22611 172601 SAM *+1,C
2720000 22612 004000 LDB A
2721000 22613 024257 ADB M1 B = ADDRESS OF HEADER
2722000 22614 170202 RET 2
2723000
2724000
2725000
2726000 * PLUCK: WITHDRAW (WBD A,I) THE NEXT CHARACTER FROM THE KEY DEFINITION.
2727000 * P+1: END OF DEFINITION REACHED (A = B377; B0; OR THE FIRST
2728000 * BYTE OF THE MAINLINE PROGRAM AREA)

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02729000      * P*2: A = NEXT DEFINITION BYTE
02730000      *
02731000      *-----*****-----
02732000      *
02733000  22615  074570  PLUCK WRD A,I      WITHDRAW THE NEXT BYTE
02734000  22616  010045  CPA B377      IF IT IS THE START OF A NEW KEY THEN WE'RE DONE.
02735000  22617  170201  PLUC1 RET 1
02736000  22620  005307      LDB FWUP      IF WE JUST WITHDREW THE FIRST BYTE OF THE MAINLINE
02737000  22621  014017      CPR D        PROGRAM AREA, WE'RE DONE.
02738000  22622  067625      JMP *+3
02739000  22623  072474      SZL PLUC1    MUST TEST 0 AFTER 1ST BYTE OF FWUP BECAUSE IT WILL
02740000  22624  170202      RET 2
02741000  22625  000257      LDA M1      ALWAYS BE ZERO AS THE LINK OF LINE ZERO.
02742000  22626  170201      RET 1
02744000      * MOVE A BLOCK OF INFO TO HIGHER MEMORY
02745000      *
02746000      * ENTRY: C=START SOURCE ADDR
02747000      *
02748000      * D=START DESTINATION ADDR
02749000      *
02750000      * B=END SOURCE ADDR
02751000      *
02752000      *
02753000  22627  070570  MTHIM WRD A,I      DUMMY: INCRM DESTIN. POINTR
02754000  22630  024257      ANB M1      ADJUST END ADDR
02755000  22631  000016  MTHM1 LDA C        GET WORD POINTR
02756000  22632  172601      SAM *+1,C   CLEAR BIT 15
02757000  22633  030016      STA C      AND UPDATE C-REG.
02758000  22634  010001      CPA B      CURRENT -> END ADDR ?
02759000  22635  067712      JMP MTHM2   YES! CLEAR BIT 15 OF D-REG. AND RETURN P*1
02760000      *
02761000  22636  070760      WWC A,D    FETCH ONE WORD AND DECRM
02762000  22637  070750      PWD A,D    DECRM. AND PLACE ONE WORD
02763000  22640  067631      JMP MTHM1   LOOP
02764000      *
02765000      *
02766000      * MOVE ALL OF USER MAIN PROGRAM TO HIGHER MEMORY
02767000      *
02768000      *
02769000      *
02770000      * ENTRY: D=START DESTINATION ADDR
02771000      *
02772000      * CHECK FOR MEMORY OVERFLOW
02773000      *
02774000      *
02775000  22641  005307  MUPHI LDB FWUP    FIRST WORD OF USER PROGRAM ADDR
02776000  22642  043646      JSM MPUPH   MOVE TO HIGHER MEMORY
02777000  22643  000017  MSTFW LDA D      LAST DESTINATION ADDR
02778000  22644  031307      STA FWUP    UPDATE START OF USER PROGRAM POINTR
02779000  22645  170201      RET 1
02780000      *
02781000      *
02782000      * MOVE PART OF USER MAIN PROGRAM TO HIGHER MEMORY
02783000      *
02784000      * ENTRY: D=START DESTINATION ADDR
02785000      *
02786000      * B=END SOURCE ADDR
02787000      *
02788000      * CHECK FOR MEMORY OVERFLOW
02789000      *
02790000      *
02791000  22646  001310  MPUPH LDA RMAX    ADDR OF MAX R-REG USED
02792000  22647  030016      STA C      SET START SOURCE ADDR
02793000  22650  000017      LDA D      START DESTINATION ADDR
02794000  22651  031712      STA T2     SAVE POINTR
02795000  22652  043257      JSM COVX   CHECK FOR MEMORY OVERFLOW
02796000  22653  043627      JSM MTHIM  MOVE TO HIGHER MEMORY
02797000  22654  001712      LDA T2
02798000  22655  067670      JMP MSTPT  SET ENDS RMAX
02799000      *
02800000      * MOVE PART OF KEYS AND MAIN PROGRAM LOWER
02801000      *
02802000      * ENTRY: C=START SOURCE ADDR
02803000      *
02804000      * D=START DESTINATION ADDR
02805000      *
02806000      *
02807000  22656  005307  MPAML LDB FWUP    START OF MAIN PROGRAM
02808000  22657  024257      ANB M1      POINT TO END OF KEYS
02809000  22660  043700      JSM MTLOM  MOVE PART OF KEYS LOWER
02810000      *
02811000      * D=NEW FWUP=L
02812000      *
02813000  22661  044017      ISZ D      POINT TO NEW FWUP AND PROCEED TO "MAMPL"
02814000      *

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02815000 *
02816000 * MOVE ALL MAINPROGRAM TO LOWER MEMORY
02817000 *
02818000 * ENTRY: D=START DESTINATION ADDR
02819000 *
02820000 *
02821000 22662 001307 MAMPL LDA FWUP GET START SOURCE ADDR
02822000 22663 030016 STA C GET C-REG
02823000 22664 043643 JSM MSTFW UPDATE START OF PROG_PTR
02824000 *
02825000 *
02826000 * MOVE PART OF USER MAIN PROGRAM TO LOWER MEMORY
02827000 *
02828000 * ENTRY: C=START SOURCE ADDR
02829000 *
02830000 * D=START DESTINATION ADDR
02831000 *
02832000 *
02833000 22665 005310 MPMLM LDB RMAX MAX. R-REG USED
02834000 22666 043700 JSM MTLOM MOVE TO LOWER MEMORY
02835000 22667 000017 LDA D SET PTR
02836000 22670 005310 MSTPT LDB RMAX OLD MAX R-REG
02837000 22671 174040 TCB MAKE NEG.
02838000 22672 024000 ADB A B ← PTR CHANGE
02839000 22673 025277 ADB ENDS FIND NEW END OF PROG. ADDR
02840000 22674 035277 STB ENDS UPDATE THE PTRINR
02841000 22675 004000 LDB A GET LAST DESTINATION_ADDR
02842000 22676 035310 STB RMAX UPDATE MAX. R-REG USED
02843000 22677 170201 RET I
02844000 *
02845000 *
02846000 * MOVE A BLOCK OF INFO TO LOWER MEMORY
02847000 *
02848000 * ENTRY: C=START SOURCE ADDR
02849000 *
02850000 * D=START DESTINATION_ADDR
02851000 *
02852000 * B=END SOURCE ADDR
02853000 *
02854000 * EXIT: D=LAST DESTINATION ADDR
02855000 *
02856000 *
02857000 22700 070770 MTLOM WWD A,D DUMMY1 DECRM DESTIN. PTRINR
02858000 22701 024254 ADB P1 ADJUST END ADDR
02859000 22702 000016 MTLM1 LDA C GET WORD PTRINR
02860000 22703 172601 SAM *+1,C CLEAR BIT 15
02861000 22704 030016 STA C AND UPDATE C-REG.
02862000 22705 010001 CPA B CURRENT = END ADDR ?
02863000 22706 067712 JMP MTLM2 YES
02864000 *
02865000 22707 070560 WWC A,I FETCH ONE WORD AND INCRM
02866000 22710 070550 PWD A,I INCRM AND PLACE ONE WORD
02867000 22711 067702 JMP MTLM1 LOOP
02868000 22712 000017 MTLM2 LDA D GET D-REG.
02869000 22713 172601 SAM *+1,C CLEAR BIT 15
02870000 22714 036017 STA D AND UPDATE D-REG.
02871000 22715 170201 RET I
02872000 *
02873000 *
02874000 * ZERO R/W MEMORY SEGMENT
02875000 *
02876000 * ENTRY: A = START ADDR
02877000 *
02878000 * B = END ADDR
02879000 * EXIT: B=P0, A= END ADR
02880000 *
02881000 *
02882000 22716 035711 ZRWM STB T1 SAVE END ADDR
02883000 22717 004177 LDB P0 CLEAR B-REG
02884000 22720 134000 ZRWM1 STB A,I ZERO ONE WORD
02885000 22721 011711 CPA T1 DONE?
02886000 22722 170201 RET I YES
02887000 *
02888000 22723 072175 R1A ZRWM1 NO1 CONT
02889000 *
02890000 *
02891000 *
02892000 *
02893000 * ERASE MAIN PROGRAM
02894000 *
02895000 *
02896000 22724 140501 ERAS JSM AGNXT,I GET NEXT CHAR.
02897000 22725 030017 STA D SET FLAG FOR AUTO START ROUTINES
02898000 22726 010053 CPA EOL EOL MARK?
02899000 22727 067740 JMP ERAS2 YES! ERASE MAIN PROG.
02900000 22730 010065 CPA B141 A ?

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02901000 22731 164426 JMP AERSA,I YES, GO THROUGH PARTIAL SYSTEM START-UP
02902000 22732 010062 CPA B153 K ?
02903000 22733 067753 JMP ERAS3 YES, ERASE KEYS
02904000 22734 012652 CPA B166 V ?
02905000 22735 067746 JMP ERAS5 YES, ERASE VARIABLES
02906000 22736 140404 ERCNR JSM AERR1,I COMMAND NOT RECOGNIZED
02907000 22737 030470 ASC 1,18
02908000 *
02909000 * ERASE
02910000 *
02911000 22740 001307 ERAS2 LDA FWUP FIRST WORD OF USER PROG POINTER
02912000 22741 031277 STA ENDS SET FOR NULL PROGRAM
02913000 22742 031310 STA RMAX AND NO H-REGISTERS
02914000 22743 000177 LDA P0 CLEAR SECURE FLAG
02915000 22744 031315 STA STYFG
02916000 22745 131277 STA ENDS,I CLEAR FIRST LINE BRIDGE
02917000 *
02918000 * ERASE VARIABLES
02919000 *
02920000 22746 043761 ERAS5 JSM ERAS4 ERASE VARIABLES
02921000 *
02922000 22747 140514 ERAS9 JSM ASLLN,I SET LNO = -1 OR LAST LINE #
02923000 22748 140452 ERX10 JSM AEOLB,I PUT EOL IN I/O BUFFER, RESET EDIT PTRS
02924000 22751 000160 LDA M16 CLR HITS 0-3 OF CFLAG
02925000 22752 067242 JMP STCFG SET CFLAG
02926000 *
02927000 * ERASE KEYS
02928000 *
02929000 22753 001306 ERAS3 LDA FWAM GET S/A OF KEYS
02930000 22754 011307 CPA FWUP NULL KEYS?
02931000 22755 067747 JMP ERAS9 YES, DONE
02932000 22756 030017 STA D SET D TO START OF KEYS
02933000 22757 043662 JSM MAMPL MOVE ALL MAIN PROG LOWER, MOVE FWUP
02934000 22760 067747 JMP ERAS9
02935000 *
02936000 *
02937000 *
02938000 * ERASE V. SUBROUTINE
02939000 *
02940000 22761 001277 ERAS4 LDA ENDS END OF USER PROG. POINTR
02941000 22762 031310 STA RMAX RESET R-REGS
02942000 22763 005313 LDB FWBA FIRST WORD OF BIN PROG AREA
02943000 22764 035311 STB VT1 RESET VALUE TABLE AREA
02944000 22765 035312 STB VT2 RESET VALUE TABLE AREA
02945000 22766 000276 LDA ADVTB S/A OF VARIABLE TABLE
02946000 22767 004276 LDB ADVTB S/A OF VARIABLE TABLE
02947000 22770 024101 ADB P51 POINT TO E/A OF VARIABLE TABLE
02948000 22771 043716 JSM ZRWM ZERO VARIABLE TABLE AREA
02949000 22772 035506 STB FLAGS CLEAR USER FLAGS
02950000 22773 140361 JSM AINTI,I RESET API,AP2,AP3 POINTERS
02951000 22774 001320 ERX11 LDA ESV GET LINK TO STRING BLOCK
02952000 22775 072402 SZA **2 SKIP IF NOT DEFINED
02953000 22776 141320 JSM ESV,I ERASE STRING VARIABLE TABLE
02954000 22777 170201 RFT 1
02955000 *
02956000 *
02957000 *
02958000 *
02959000 *
02960000 * DELETE COMMAND
02961000 *
02962000 * DEL #1, (#2), (*) DELETES LINES #1 THROUGH #2 INCLUSIVELY
02963000 * IF THE * IS PRESENT, NO PRESCAN IS DONE BY THE RENUMBERING
02964000 * ROUTINES
02965000 * T9=LN1; T7=LN2; T20= S/A OF LN1; T2= S/A OF LN2
02966000 * T19 = S/A OF LN2 +1
02967000 * ENTRY: L MUST POINT TO FIRST CHAR AFTER "DEL" IN I/O OR
02968000 * KBD BUFFER
02969000 * EXIT: LNO = #1 - 1
02970000 *
02971000 *
02972000 *
02973000 23000 000254 DELL LDA P1 SET FOR PRESCAN BY DEFAULT
02974000 23001 031731 STA T17
02975000 23002 140501 JSM AGNXT,I GET NEXT CHAR FROM BUFFER
02976000 23003 140507 JSM AINTC,I BUILD A BINARY NUMBER
02977000 23004 035721 STB T9 LOWER LINE NO.
02978000 23005 035717 STB T7 HIGHER LINE NO.
02979000 23006 010107 CPA B54 IS NEXT CHAR A COMMA?
02980000 23007 066073 JMP DELL2 YES, GET NEXT NUMBER
02981000 *
02982000 23010 010053 DELL1 CPA EOL END OF BUFFER?
02983000 23011 066014 JMP DEL10 CONTINUE IF SO
02984000 23012 140404 ERLNB JSM AERR1,I TOO MANY PARAMETERS- ERROR

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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02985000 23013 030471 ASC 1,19 BAD LINE NUMBERS
02986000
02987000 23014 001721 DEL10 LDA T9 SEE IF LN1>LN2
02988000 23015 031233 STA TMP7 SET FOR AFLNA
02989000 23016 170040 TCA
02990000 23017 021717 ADA T7 A = LN2 - LN1
02991000 23020 172472 SAM ERLNB ERROR IF MINUS
02992000 23021 140513 JSM AFLNA,I FIND ADDR OF FIRST LINE, LINE # IN TMP7
02993000 23022 064722 JMP ERLNF ERROR IF LINE NOT FOUND
02994000 23023 031734 STA T20 SET ADDR OF FIRST LINE
02995000 23024 001717 LDA T7 GET LN2
02996000 23025 031233 STA TMP7 SET FOR AFLNA
02997000 23026 140513 JSM AFLNA,I FIND ADDR OF LAST LINE
02998000 23027 066065 JMP DELL3 NOT FOUND, DELETE REST OF PROGRAM
02999000 23030 031712 DELL4 STA T2 SET S/A OF LN2
03000000 23031 100000 LDA A,I GET BRIDGE LENGTH
03001000 23032 050053 AND B177
03002000 23033 021712 ADA T2 ADD ADDR OF BRIDGE
03003000 23034 031733 DELL5 STA T19 SET S/A OF LN2+1
03004000 23035 001721 LDA T9 SET LNO TO FIRST LINE # -1
03005000 23036 020257 ADA M1
03006000 23037 031226 STA LNO
03007000
03008000 23040 001731 LDA T17 WAS * A PARAMETER?
03009000 23041 072404 SZA DELL6 SKIP PRESCAN IF SO
03010000 23042 000254 LDA P1 SET FOR PRESCAN
03011000 23043 031613 STA RENFG
03012000 23044 140520 JSM AREND,I PRESCAN FOR DELETED DESTINATIONS
03013000 23045 000177 DELL6 LDA P0 SET FOR ACTUAL RENUMBERING
03014000 23046 031613 STA RENFG
03015000 23047 140520 JSM AREND,I RENUMBER GT0/GSB'S
03016000
03017000 23050 101734 LDA T20,I GET BRIDGE OF LN1
03018000 23051 050215 AND BXCMM SAVE ONLY REVERSE BRIDGE LENGTH
03019000 23052 031731 STA T17 SAVE IT
03020000 23053 101733 LDA T19,I GET FIRST BRIDGE OF LN2+1
03021000 23054 050250 AND BM377 SAVE ONLY TRACE, STOP BITS AND FORWARD BRIDGE LENGTH
03022000 23055 061731 IOR T17 SET BACKWARD LENGTH OF LN1-1
03023000 23056 131733 STA T19,I SET NEW BRIDGE
03024000
03025000 23057 001734 LDA T20 SHIFT USER'S PROGRAM TO THIS LOCATION
03026000 23060 030017 STA D
03027000 23061 001733 LDA T19 S/A TO SHIFT FROM
03028000 23062 030016 STA C
03029000 23063 043665 JSM MPMLM MOVE MEMORY
03030000
03031000 23064 067750 JMP ERS10 CLR BITS 0-3 OF CFLAG, PUT EOL IN I/O BUFF,RET1
03032000
03033000 23065 140514 DELL3 JSM ASLLN,I SET LNO TO LAST LINE
03034000 23066 001226 LDA LNO SET FOR RENUMBER ROUTINES
03035000 23067 031717 STA I7
03036000 23070 001277 LDA ENDS SET ADDR OF LN2+1
03037000 23071 071600 CLR I CLR LAST LINE BRIDGE
03038000 23072 066034 JMP DELL5
03039000
03040000 23073 140501 DELL2 JSM AGNXT,I GET NEXT PARAMETER
03041000 23074 010111 CPA B52 IS IT A *?
03042000 23075 066107 JMP DEL90 YES
03043000 23076 140507 JSM AINTC,I BUILD THE LINE NUMBER
03044000 23077 035717 STB IZ SET LINE #
03045000 23100 010107 CPA B54 NEXT PARAMETER A COMMA?
03046000 23101 066103 JMP DEL91 YES
03047000 23102 066010 JMP DELL1 NO
03048000
03049000 23103 140501 DEL91 JSM AGNXT,I GET NEXT PARAMETER
03050000 23104 010111 CPA B52 IS IT A *?
03051000 23105 066107 JMP DEL90 YES, NO PRESCAN
03052000 23106 066012 JMP ERLNB NO, ILLEGAL PARAMETER
03053000 23107 000177 DEL90 LDA P0 ASTERIK FOUND, NO PRESCAN
03054000 23110 031731 STA T17
03055000 23111 140501 JSM AGNXT,I MAKE SURE NO MORE PARAMETERS
03056000 23112 066010 JMP DELL1
03057000
03058000
03059000
03060000 * LINE DELETE KEY
03061000
03062000
03063000
03064000 23113 040717 LDRLF JSM STELM SET MODE = 4
03065000 23114 000254 LDA P1 SET FOR PRESCAN
03066000 23115 031731 STA T17
03067000 23116 001226 LDA LNO SET LN1, LN2
03068000 23117 031721 STA T9

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03069000	23120	031717		STA T7	
03070000	23121	066014		JMP DEL10	
03071000			*		
03072000			*		
03073000			*		
03074000			*	BACK KEY EXECUTION	
03075000			*		
03076000			*	MOVE CURSOR TO THE LEFT ONCE	
03077000			*		
03078000			*		
03079000			*		
03080000	23122	001214	BACK	LDA CRSP	GET CURSOR POINTR
03081000	23123	072015		H7A BACK1	IS CURSOR SET ?
03082000	23124	001215		LDA IOCP	NO; I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03083000	23125	031213		STA OLCB	SET CURSOR DROP POSITION
03084000	23126	042254		JSM CCTH	COUNT NO. OF CHARS FROM DBP TO IOCP
03085000	23127	066131		JMP BACX2	
03086000	23130	170201		RET 1	BUFF EMPTY
03087000			*		
03088000	23131	042264	BACX2	JSM BCSR	POSITION OF LAST CHAR >= TO DISP LENGTH ?
03089000	23132	066134		JMP *+2	NO
03090000	23133	066155		JMP BACX4	YES
03091000	23134	001711		LDA T1	CHAR. COUNT FROM "CCTR" SUBR.
03092000	23135	072010		R2A BACX5	SET CRSP IF NOT 0
03093000	23136	042241		JSM FORW8	SET CRSP = 1
03094000	23137	066167		JMP BACX9	DEC IOCP, DEC DBP, RETURN
03095000			*		
03096000	23140	050074	BACK1	AND B77	SAVE CURSOR COUNT
03097000	23141	010254		CPA P1	CURSOR ON FIRST POSITION?
03098000	23142	066164		JMP BACK7	YES
03099000			*		
03100000	23143	001214		LDA CRSP	GET CURSOR POINTR AGAIN
03101000	23144	020257		ADA M1	BACK-UP CURSOR ONCE
03102000	23145	031214	BACX5	STA CRSP	UPDATE CURSOR POINTR
03103000	23146	066330		JMP UIOCP	DECRM I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR + RETURN P+1
03104000			*		
03105000	23147	042273	BACK2	JSM FMSE	FIND EOL AND SET EDIT MODE
03106000	23150	042254		JSM CCTH	COUNT NO. OF CHARS FROM DBP TO IOCP
03107000	23151	066153		JMP BACX3	BUFF NOT EMPTY
03108000	23152	066241		JMP FORW8	SET CRSP TO FIRST POSITION
03109000			*		
03110000	23153	042264	BACK3	JSM BCSR	POSITION OF LAST CHAR >= DISP LENGTH ?
03111000	23154	066161		JMP BACX4	NO
03112000	23155	035214	BACX4	STB CRSP	YES; SET CURSOR POINTR ON LAST DISP CHAR
03113000	23156	024146		ADB M2	B = OLEN-2
03114000	23157	001513		LDA DBP	DISP BEGIN POINTER
03115000	23160	066360		JMP DKCPX	UPDATE IOCP POINTR AND RETURN P+1
03116000			*		
03117000	23161	045711	BACK4	ISZ T1	CURSOR ON LAST CHAR+1
03118000	23162	001711		LDA T1	GET CURSOR POSITION
03119000	23163	066503		JMP INRE2	SET CRSP
03120000			*		
03121000	23164	001513	BACK7	LDA DBP	GET DISP BEGIN POINTR
03122000	23165	011351		CPA AEBFX	EQUAL TO S/A OF EDIT BUFF?
03123000	23166	170201		RET 1	YES
03124000			*		
03125000	23167	042330	BACX9	JSM UIOCP	DEC IOCP POINTER
03126000	23170	004257		LDB M1	
03127000	23171	001513	BACK9	LDA DBP	GET DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER
03128000	23172	140401		JSM AADBA,I	DECRM DBP POINTER
03129000	23173	066466		JMP RHAR8	SET DBP POINTER
03130000			*		
03131000			*		
03132000			*	FORWARD KEY EXECUTION	
03133000			*		
03134000			*	MOVE CURSOR TO THE RIGHT ONCE	
03135000			*		
03136000			*		
03137000	23174	000262	FORW	LDA TOBLN	CLR EOL FROM END OF LINE
03138000	23175	131353		STA AEBFL,I	
03139000	23176	001213		LDA OLCB	GET FLAG FOR FORW CURSOR PASS
03140000	23177	010257		CPA M1	SET ?
03141000	23200	170201		RET 1	YES; DO NOT RESTART CURSOR
03142000			*		
03143000	23201	001214		LDA CRSP	GET CURSOR POINTR
03144000	23202	072417		SZA FORW1	SKIP IF CURSOR NOT SET
03145000	23203	050074		AND B77	SAVE CURSOR COUNT
03146000	23204	011512		CPA DLEN	CURSOR ON LAST POSITION?
03147000	23205	066243		JMP FORW4	YES
03148000			*		
03149000	23206	005214		LDB CRSP	GET CURSOR POINTR
03150000	23207	176601		SRM *+1,C	CLEAR INSERT CURSOR BIT
03151000	23210	024257		ADB M1	ADJUST CURSOR COUNT FOR ADDR CALCULATION
03152000	23211	001513		LDA DBP	GET DISP BEGIN POINTR

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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03153000 23212 140401 JSM AADBA,I FIND BYTE ADDR OF CURSOR POSITION
03154000 23213 011213 CPA OLCF IS IT ON THE LAST CHAR ENTERED?
03155000 23214 066226 JMP FORW5 YES
03156000 *
03157000 23215 001214 LDA CRSP GET CURSOR POINTR AGAIN
03158000 23216 020254 ADA P1 FORWARD CURSOR ONCE
03159000 23217 031214 STA CRSP UPDATE CURSOR POINTR
03160000 23220 066326 JMP INCP INCRM I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR +RETURN P+1
03161000 *
03162000 23221 001215 FORW1 LDA IOCP GET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03163000 23222 011352 CPA AEBFM BUFF EMPTY?
03164000 23223 170201 RET 1 YES
03165000 *
03166000 23224 031213 STA OLCF SET OLD CURRENT POINTR
03167000 23225 066235 JMP FOR10 SET IOCP
03168000 *
03169000 23226 042326 FORW5 JSM INCP INC I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTER
03170000 23227 000177 FORW9 LDA P0
03171000 23230 031214 STA CRSP DROP CURSOR (LAST ENTERED CHAR + 1)
03172000 23231 000257 LDA M1
03173000 23232 031213 STA OLCF SET FLAG FOR FORW CURSOR PASS
03174000 23233 170201 RET 1
03175000 *
03176000 23234 042273 FORW2 JSM FMSE FIND EOL AND SET EDIT MODE
03177000 23235 004257 FOR10 LDB M1
03178000 23236 001513 LDA DBP GET DISP BEGIN POINTR
03179000 23237 140401 JSM AADBA,I FIND IOCP POINTR (DBP-1)
03180000 23240 031215 FORW3 STA IOCP SET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03181000 *
03182000 23241 000254 FORWB LDA P1 SET CURSOR ON FIRST CHAR
03183000 23242 066503 JMP INRE2 SET CRSP, CURSOR POINTR
03184000 *
03185000 23243 001513 FORW4 LDA DBP GET DISP BEGIN POINTR
03186000 23244 005512 LDB DLEN GET DISP LENGTH
03187000 23245 024257 ANB M1 ADJUST "B" FOR ADDR CALCULATION
03188000 23246 140401 JSM AADBA,I FIND BYTE ADDR OF CURSOR CHAR
03189000 23247 011213 CPA OLCF IS IT THE LAST CHAR ENTERED?
03190000 23250 042227 JSM FORW9 RESET OLCF,CRSP
03191000 23251 042326 JSM INCP INC CURRENT I/O BUFF PTR
03192000 23252 004254 LDB P1 INC DBP AND RETURN
03193000 23253 066171 JMP BACK9
03194000 *
03195000 *
03196000 *
03197000 *
03198000 * CHAR COUNTER
03199000 * FIND NO. OF CHARS FROM DBP TO IOCP
03200000 *
03201000 * EXIT: RET P+1 T1=CHAR COUNT
03202000 *
03203000 * RET P+2 I/O BUFF EMPTY
03204000 *
03205000 *
03206000 23254 005215 CCTR LDB IOCP I/O-BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03207000 23255 015352 CPB AEBFM EDIT BUFF EMPTY?
03208000 23256 170202 RET 2 YES
03209000 *
03210000 23257 001513 LDA DBP DISP BEGIN POINTR
03211000 23260 140362 JSM AFBAD,I FIND BYTE ADDR DIFF
03212000 23261 020254 ADA P1 ADJUST CHAR COUNT
03213000 23262 031711 STA T1 AND SAVE IT
03214000 23263 170201 CCTRX RET 1
03215000 *
03216000 *
03217000 * FIND POSITION OF LAST CHAR IN I/O BUFF
03218000 *
03219000 * ENTRY: T1=CHAR COUNT
03220000 *
03221000 * EXIT: RET P+1 POSITION OF LAST CHAR < DLEN
03222000 *
03223000 * RET P+2 POSITION OF LAST CHAR >= DLEN B=DLEN
03224000 *
03225000 *
03226000 23264 005711 BCSR LDB T1 GET CHAR COUNT
03227000 23265 174040 TCB MAKE NEG.
03228000 23266 025512 ADB DLEN ADD DISP LENGTH
03229000 23267 176402 SRM *+2 IOCP OFF DISP LENGTH ?
03230000 23270 076073 RZB CCTRX NO SKIP IF IOCP < DLEN
03231000 23271 005512 LDB DLEN IOCP = DLEN
03232000 23272 170202 RET 2
03233000 *
03234000 *
03235000 * FIND LINE NO. AND COLON AND REPLACE THEM WITH BLANKS
03236000 *

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03237000      *      FIND EOL MARKAND REPLACE IT WITH BLANK
03238000      *
03239000      *      SET EDIT MODE
03240000      *
03241000      *      SET "OLCP" POINTER
03242000      *
03243000      *      ENTRY: LINE IN I/O BUFF (FETCH MODE)
03244000      *
03245000      *
03246000 23273 001351 FMSE  LDA AEBFX  EDIT BUFF S/A
03247000 23274 030016      STA C      SET C-REG
03248000 23275 074560 FMSE2 WBC A,I  GET CHAR AND INCRM
03249000 23276 010077      CPA COLLN  COLLON ?
03250000 23277 066301      JMP FMSE9  YES
03251000 23300 066275      JMP FMSE2  NO
03252000 23301 074560 FMSE9 WBC A,I  DUMMY WITHDRAW TO DELETE "7"
03253000 23302 000262 FMSE3 LDA TOBLN  GET BLANKS
03254000 23303 074740      PRC A,D   DECRM. AND PLACE BLANK IN I/O BUFF
03255000 23304 004016      LDB C
03256000 23305 015351      CPB AEBFX  EDIT BUFF FRONT END FILLED WITH BLANKS?
03257000 23306 066310      JMP FMSE5  YES
03258000 23307 066302      JMP FMSE3  NO! LOOP
03259000 23310 074561 FMSE5 WBC B,I  GET BYTE AND INCRM
03260000 23311 014053      CPB EOL   EOL MARKER FOUND ?
03261000 23312 066314      JMP FMSE6  YES
03262000 23313 066310      JMP FMSE5  CONT
03263000 23314 074761 FMSE6 WBC B,D   DUMMY WITHDRAW AND DECRM.
03264000 23315 074761      WBC B,D   " " " "
03265000 23316 004016      LDB C      GET BYTE ADDR OF LAST CHAR
03266000 23317 035215      STB IOCP  SET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03267000 23320 074540      PBC A,I  REPLACE EOL WITH BLANK
03268000 23321 130316      STA AIBFL,I REPLACE EOL AT END OF LINE WITH A BLANK
03269000 23322 000016      LDA C
03270000 23323 031213      STA OLCP  SAVE CURSOR DROP POSITION
03271000 23324 000145      LDA P2
03272000 23325 064720      JMP STMOD SET MODE AND RETURN
03273000      *
03274000      *
03275000      *      INCREMENT I/O BUFFER CURRENT POINTER
03276000      *
03277000      *
03278000 23326 004254 INCP  LDB P1
03279000 23327 066357      JMP RHAXX
03280000      *
03281000      *
03282000      *      DECREMENT I/O BUFFER CURRENT POINTER
03283000      *
03284000      *
03285000 23330 004257 DIOCP LDB M1
03286000 23331 066357      JMP RHAXX
03287000      *
03288000      *
03289000      *      RIGHT ARROW EXECUTION
03290000      *
03291000      *      ENTRY: LINE OF CODE IN EDIT BUFFER
03292000      *
03293000      *
03294000 23332 042453 RHRM4 JSM LFRHI  INIT FOR ARROWS WHEN MODE #4
03295000 23333 001214 RHAR  LDA CRSP  GET CURSOR POINTER
03296000 23334 072004      RZA RHAR7  CURSOR SET ?
03297000 23335 001215      LDA IOCP  NO! GET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03298000 23336 011352      CPA AEBFM  EDIT BUFFER EMPTY?
03299000 23337 170201      RET 1     YES
03300000      *
03301000 23340 042474 RHAR7 JSM GFDL  GET 1/4 OF DISP LENGTH
03302000 23341 042447      JSM LRASX  INITL. SUBR. FOR LEFT/RIGHT ARROW
03303000 23342 000016 RHAR2 LDA C      BEGINNING OF BUFFER?
03304000 23343 011351      CPA AEBFX
03305000 23344 066350      JMP RHAR1  YES-EXIT LOOP
03306000 23345 074760      WBC A,D   NO-KEEP MOVING TO THE LEFT
03307000 23346 055227      DSZ TMP1  HAVE WE SHIFTED LEFT OLEN/4 CHARACTERS?
03308000 23347 066342      JMP RHAR2  NO-KEEP GOING
03309000 23350 000016 RHAR1 LDA C      SET DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER
03310000 23351 031513      STA DBP
03311000 23352 001214 RHAR6 LDA CRSP  IS THE CURSOR SET?
03312000 23353 072407      SZA RHSXX  NO-RETURN
03313000 23354 042474 RHAR4 JSM GFDL  GET 1/4 OF DISP LENGTH
03314000 23355 174040      TCB      MAKE NEG.
03315000 23356 025227      ADB TMP1  B = COUNTER VALUE -- OLEN/4
03316000 23357 001215 RHAXX LDA IOCP  GETBYTE ADDR I/O CURRENT POINTR
03317000 23360 140401 DKCPX JSM AADBA,I ADJUST BYTE ADDR
03318000 23361 031215 RHSET STA IOCP  UPDATE I/O CURRENT POINTER
03319000 23362 170201 RHSXX RET 1
03320000      *

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03321000 *
03322000 * LEFT ARROW EXECUTION (KEYB./EDIT MODE)
03323000 *
03324000 * ENTRY: LINE OF CODE IN EDIT BUFFER
03325000 *
03326000 *
03327000 23363 042453 LFRM4 JSM LFRHI INIT FOR ARROWS WHEN MODE = 4
03328000 23364 001214 LAKE LDA CRSP GET CURSOR POINTER
03329000 23365 072004 RZA LAKE7 CURSOR SET ?
03330000 23366 001215 LDA IOCP NO! GET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03331000 23367 011352 CPA AEBFM EDIT BUFF EMPTY?
03332000 23370 170201 LAKXX RET 1 YES
03333000 *
03334000 23371 042445 LAKE7 JSM LRASR INITL. SUBR. FOR LEFT/RIGHT ARROW
03335000 23372 001214 LDA CRSP CURSOR POINTER
03336000 23373 072003 RZA LAKE1 SET ?
03337000 23374 001215 LDA IOCP NO! GET I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03338000 23375 066377 JMP LAKE9
03339000 23376 001213 LAKE1 LDA OLCP GET OLD I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTR
03340000 23377 031230 LAKE9 STA TMP5 SET PTR
03341000 23400 055227 LAKE2 DSZ TMP1 DONE?
03342000 23401 066413 JMP LAKE3 NO
03343000 23402 042470 JSM AJDBP YES; ADJUST DISP BEGIN POINTR
03344000 23403 001214 LAKES LDA CRSP GET CURSOR POINTR
03345000 23404 072002 RZA *+2 SET ?
03346000 23405 170201 RET 1 NO
03347000 *
03348000 23406 001227 LDA TMP1 GET COUNTR VALUE
03349000 23407 170040 TCA MAKE NEG.
03350000 23410 042474 JSM GFDL GET 1/4 OF DISP LENGTH
03351000 23411 024000 ADB A B = DLEN/4 - COUNTER VALUE
03352000 23412 066357 JMP RHAXX UPDATE I/O CURRENT POINTR AND RETURN P+1
03353000 *
03354000 23413 074560 LAKE3 WBC A,I INC C
03355000 23414 000016 LDA C
03356000 23415 005230 LNB TMP5 STOP IF C>= IOCP OR OLCP+1
03357000 23416 140362 JSM AFBAD,I
03358000 23417 172061 SAP LAKE2 SKIP IF CONDITION NOT MET
03359000 *
03360000 23420 042474 LAKE4 JSM GFDL GET 1/4 OF DISPLAY LENGTH
03361000 23421 174040 TCB MAKE NEG
03362000 23422 025227 ADB TMP1 B = COUNTER VALUE - DLEN/4
03363000 23423 176027 SBP LRSXX SKIP IF EOL WITHIN DLEN
03364000 23424 174040 TCB B = POSITION CHANGE OF DISP BEGIN POINTR
03365000 23425 042471 JSM AJDBX ADJUST DISP BEGIN POINTR
03366000 23426 066403 JMP LAKES NO! ADJUST IOCP IF NEEDED
03367000 *
03368000 *
03369000 * LEFT ARROW EXECUTION (FETCH MODE)
03370000 *
03371000 * ENTRY: LINE OF CODE IN EDIT BUFFER
03372000 *
03373000 *
03374000 23427 042445 LFAF JSM LRASR INITL. SUBR. FOR LEFT/RIGHT ARROW
03375000 23430 074560 LFAF2 WBC A,I GET BYTE AND INCRM
03376000 23431 055227 DSZ TMP1 DONE?
03377000 23432 066434 JMP LFAF1 NO
03378000 23433 066470 JMP AJDBP YES; ADJUST DISP BEGIN POINTR AND RETURN P+1
03379000 *
03380000 23434 010053 LFAF1 CPA EOL END OF LINE MARKER?
03381000 23435 066437 JMP *+2 YES
03382000 23436 066430 JMP LFAF2 NO! CONT
03383000 23437 042474 LFR4 JSM GFDL GET 1/4 OF DISP LENGTH
03384000 23440 174040 TCB MAKE NEG.
03385000 23441 025227 ADB TMP1 B = COUNTER VALUE-DLEN/4
03386000 23442 176010 SBP LRSXX SKIP IF EOL WITHIN DLEN
03387000 *
03388000 23443 174040 TCB B = POSITION CHANGE OF DBP POINTR
03389000 23444 066471 JMP AJDBX ADJUST DISP BEGIN POINTR AND RETURN P+1
03390000 *
03391000 *
03392000 * LEFT/RIGHT ARROW SERVICE SUBR
03393000 *
03394000 * SET TMP1 = DLEN + DLEN/4; C = DBP
03395000 *
03396000 *
03397000 23445 042474 LRASR JSM GFDL GET 1/4 OF DISP LENGTH
03398000 23446 025512 ADB DLEN B = DLEN + DLEN/4
03399000 23447 035227 LRASX STB TMP1 SET CHAR COUNTER
03400000 23450 001513 LDA DBP GET DISP BEGIN POINTR
03401000 23451 030016 STA C SET C REG
03402000 23452 170201 LRSXX RET 1
03403000 *

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

```

03404000 *****
03405000 *
03406000 * LFRMI INIT FOR LEFT-RIGHT ARROWS
03407000 *
03408000 *****
03409000 *
03410000 23453 140447 LFRHL JSM ASWIO,I SET EDIT POINTERS FOR I/O BUFFER
03411000 23454 140500 JSM AEOLN,I SET BUFFER POINTERS
03412000 23455 031213 STA OLCF
03413000 23456 031215 STA IOCF
03414000 *
03415000 23457 005512 LDB DLEN SEE IF DBP>IOCF-DLEN
03416000 23460 174500 SRR 1 MAKE A WORD COUNT
03417000 23461 024513 ADB DRP
03418000 23462 024257 ADB MI
03419000 23463 140362 JSM AFBAD,I FIND BYTE DIFFERENCE
03420000 23464 172466 SAM LRSXX IF <0 THEN OK
03421000 23465 001351 RHAR9 LDA AEBFX SET DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER
03422000 23466 031513 RHAR8 STA DBP
03423000 23467 170201 RET 1
03424000 *
03425000 *
03426000 *
03427000 * ADJUST DISP BEGIN POINTR
03428000 *
03429000 * TO THE RIGHT BY DLEN/4 POSITIONS
03430000 *
03431000 *
03432000 23470 042474 AJDBP JSM GFDL GET 1/4 OF DISP LENGTH
03433000 23471 001513 AJDBX LDA DBP GET DISP BEGIN POINTR
03434000 23472 140401 JSM AADBA,I ADJUST BYTE ADDR (DBP POINTR)
03435000 23473 066466 JMP RHAR8 UPDATE DISP BEGIN POINTR AND RETURN P+1
03436000 *
03437000 *
03438000 * GET 1/4 OF DISP LENGTH
03439000 *
03440000 * EXIT: B = DLEN/4
03441000 *
03442000 *
03443000 23474 005512 GFDL LDB DLEN GET DISP LENGTH
03444000 23475 174501 SRR 2 B = DLEN/4
03445000 23476 170201 RET 1
03446000 *
03447000 *
03448000 *****
03449000 *
03450000 * INRE INSERT/REPLACE CURSOR KEY
03451000 *
03452000 *****
03453000 *
03454000 23477 001214 INRE LDA CRSP GET CURSOR PTR
03455000 23500 072002 RZA *+2 SET
03456000 23501 170201 RET 1 NO
03457000 *
03458000 23502 172203 SAP INRE1,C SKIP IF NOT SET,CLR INS. CURSOR
03459000 23503 031214 INRE2 STA CRSP UPDATE CURSOR PTR
03460000 23504 170201 RET 1
03461000 *
03462000 23505 172376 INRE1 SAP INRE2,S SET INSERT CURSOR
03463000 *
03464000 *****
03465000 *
03466000 *****
03467000 *
03468000 * EDPTR RESET EDIT POINTERS
03469000 *
03470000 *****
03471000 *
03472000 23506 000177 EDPTR LDA P0 RESET OLD CURRENT PTR,CURSOR PTR
03473000 23507 031213 STA OLCF
03474000 23510 031214 STA CRSP
03475000 23511 042465 JSM RHAR9 RESET DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER,DBP
03476000 23512 001352 LDA AEBFM SET CURRENT PTR
03477000 23513 066361 JMP RHSET SET IOCF, I/O BUFF CURRENT POINTER
03478000 *
03479000 *
03480000 *****
03481000 *
03482000 * CONVERT BINARY TO DECIMAL AND
03483000 *
03484000 * TRANSFER LINE NO. TO I/O BUFF
03485000 *
03486000 * TLNIO ENTRY LINE NO. IN LNO
03487000 *

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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03488000 *          ABTDA OR "TLNX" ENTRY BIN NO. IN A
03489000 *
03490000 *          B = DESTINATION CHAR POINTR-1
03491000 *
03492000 *          EXIT: D=LAST CHAR OF LINE NO. IN I/O BUFF
03493000 *
03494000 *
03495000 23514 140450 TLN10 JSM ACLBI,I CLR I/O BUFF; LEAVE PTRS ALONE
03496000 23515 001226 LDA LNO GET LINE NO.
03497000 23516 004315 LDB AIBFM I/O BUFF ADDR-1
03498000 23517 036017 TLNX STB D SET D'REG
03499000 23520 172004 SAP TLNT2 SKIP IF NO. IS POSITIVE
03500000 23521 004106 LDB B55 GET MINUS SIGN
03501000 23522 074551 PBD B,I INCRM AND PLACE IN DISP BUFF
03502000 23523 170040 TCA MAKE NO. POSITIVE
03503000 23524 031220 TLNT2 STA M SAVE BINARY INFO.
03504000 23525 000203 LDA PTCN ADDR OF POWERS OF 10 CONSTANTS
03505000 23526 031713 STA T3
03506000 23527 000177 LDA P0 USED TO SUPPRESS LEADING ZEROS
03507000 23530 031222 STA L COUNT OF LINE NO. CHARS
03508000 23531 042545 JSM CBA2 GET FIRST DEC. ASCII DIGIT
03509000 23532 074550 TLNT1 PBD A,I INCRM AND PLACE DIGIT IN DISP BUFF
03510000 23533 001713 LDA T3 T3 = POINTR
03511000 23534 010210 CPA ENDTC CONVERSION FINISHED?
03512000 23535 170201 RET 1 YES
03513000 *
03514000 23536 042540 JSM CBA NO: CONTINUE
03515000 23537 066532 JMP TLNT1
03516000 *
03517000 *          SERVICE SUBR.
03518000 *
03519000 *          CONVERT BINARY TO ASCII DECIMAL
03520000 *          ENTRY: M=BINARY INFO
03521000 *
03522000 *          T3=POWERS OF TEN TABLE ADDR
03523000 *
03524000 *          EXIT: ONE ASCII DIGIT
03525000 *
03526000 *
03527000 23540 000103 CBA LDA B60
03528000 23541 045713 CBA4 ISZ T3 INCRM TABLE POINTR
03529000 23542 005713 LDB T3 GET ADDR
03530000 23543 014210 CPB ENDTC COMPUTING LAST DIGIT?
03531000 23544 066557 JMP CBA5 YES
03532000 23545 005220 CBA2 LDB M GET BINARY NO.
03533000 23546 125713 CBA1 ADB T3,I SUBTRACT NUMBER OF CURRENT TENS POSITION DIGIT
03534000 23547 176404 SHM CBA3 IF MINUS OVERFLOW; END DIVIDE
03535000 23550 035220 STB M NO OVERFLOW; SAVE DIGIT
03536000 23551 020254 ANA P1
03537000 23552 066546 JMP CBA1 LOOP
03538000 23553 072466 CBA3 SZA CBA4 OVERFLOW; IF ZERO, NO NON-ZERO DIGIT FOUND
03539000 23554 060103 CBA6 IOR B60 MAKE ASCII
03540000 23555 045222 ISZ L INCRM CHAR COUNT
03541000 23556 170201 RET 1
03542000 *
03543000 23557 001220 CBA5 LDA M LAST DIGIT; THUS M=BCD DIGIT
03544000 23560 066554 JMP CBA6
03545000 *
03546000 *
03547000 *
03548000 *          *****
03549000 *
03550000 *          EOLNN FIND ADDR OF LAST CHARACTER IN EDIT BUFFER
03551000 *          ADDRESS RETURNED IN A
03552000 *
03553000 *          *****
03554000 *
03555000 23561 001353 EOLNN LDA AEBFL END OF BUFFER
03556000 23562 020257 ADA M1 START AT LAST CHARACTER
03557000 23563 030016 STA C SET PTR
03558000 23564 005352 LDB AEBFM BEGIN OF BUFF PTR
03559000 23565 074760 REND WRC A,D GET A CHARACTER
03560000 23566 010117 CPA B40 IS IT A BLANK
03561000 23567 066571 JMP *+2 YES; SEE IF BEGINNING OF BUFF
03562000 23570 066574 JMP RSTPP NO; SEE IF EOL CHAR
03563000 23571 014016 CPB C IS THIS THE BEGINNING OF BUFFER?
03564000 23572 066577 JMP RSTT YES; SO EXIT
03565000 23573 066565 JMP REND NO; KEEP LOOKING
03566000 23574 010053 RSTPP CPA EOL SEE IF EOL
03567000 23575 066577 JMP *+2 YES SO DON'T MOVE PTR
03568000 23576 074561 RSTP WRC B,I DUMMY WITHDRAW TO INC C
03569000 23577 000016 RSIT LDA C GET NON-BLANK CHAR ADDR
03570000 23600 170201 RET 1
03571000 *
03572000 *

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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03573000      *
03574000      *
03575000      * GET NEXT CHARACTER FROM BUFFER
03576000      *
03577000      * SPACES ARE IGNORED
03578000      *
03579000      * ENTRY: L = POINTER TO NEXT CHAR
03580000      *
03581000      * EXIT: A = ASCII CHAR IF FOUND
03582000      *
03583000      * A = EOL IF END OF BUFF FOUND
03584000      * END OF BUFF = END OF I/O BUFF OR END OF KDB BUFFER
03585000      *
03586000      * L = L+1
03587000      *
03588000      *
03589000 23601 005222 GNEXT LDB L GET CHAR POINTER
03590000 23602 034016 STB C SET C-REG
03591000 23603 074560 GNE1 WRC A,I GET CHAR
03592000 23604 004016 LDB C GET POINTER
03593000 23605 014316 CPB AIBFL END OF I/O BUFFER?
03594000 23606 066615 JMP GNOPR YES
03595000 23607 014311 CPB AKBFL END OF KDB BUFFER
03596000 23610 066615 JMP GNOPR YES
03597000      *
03598000 23611 010117 CPA D40 SPACE?
03599000 23612 066603 JMP GNE1 YES, KEEP LOOKING
03600000      *
03601000 23613 035222 GNE3 STB L SET POINTER
03602000 23614 170201 RET 1
03603000      *
03604000 23615 000053 GNOPR LDA EOL SET EOL IN SINCE END OF BUFFER
03605000 23616 066613 JMP GNE3 RETURN WITH L SET
03606000      *
03607000      *
03608000      *
03609000      * RNLOK TURN ON RUN LIGHT
03610000      *
03611000      *
03612000      *
03613000 23617 000177 RNLOK LDA P0 SET PERIPHERAL ADDR TO ZERO
03614000 23620 030011 STA PA
03615000 23621 000137 LDA B10 TURN ON RUN LIGHT
03616000 23622 066626 JMP RSETL
03617000      *
03618000      *
03619000      *
03620000      * RNLOF TURN OFF RUN LIGHT
03621000      *
03622000      *
03623000      *
03624000 23623 000177 RNLOF LDA P0 SET PERIPHERAL ADDR
03625000 23624 030011 STA PA
03626000 23625 000127 LDA B20 TURN OFF RUN LIGHT
03627000 23626 030005 RSETL STA R5
03628000 23627 170201 RET 1
03629000      *
03630000      *
03631000      *
03632000      * TCHR TRANSFER CHARACTERS
03633000      *
03634000      *
03635000      * ENTRY: D = SOURCE CHAR PTR
03636000      * A = DESTINATION CHAR PTR -1
03637000      * B = CHARACTER COUNT
03638000      *
03639000      *
03640000      *
03641000 23630 035711 TCHR STB T1 SET CHAR COUNT
03642000 23631 030016 STA C SET DESTINATION ADDR
03643000 23632 074570 TCHR1 WRD A,I GET CHAR AND INC
03644000 23633 074540 PBC A,I INC AND STORE CHAR
03645000 23634 055711 DSZ T1 DONE?
03646000 23635 066632 JMP TCHR1 NO
03647000 23636 170201 RET 1 YES
03648000      *
03649000      *
03650000      *
03651000      *
03652000      * STOP, REW KEYS
03653000      *
03654000      *
03655000 23637 005235 PINK LDB SKEY GET KEY CODE
03656000 23640 014145 CPB P2 REW KEY?

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR SERVICE ROUTINES

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03657000 23641 164601      JMP ARFK,I   YES, REWIND AND RETURN
03658000
03659000 23642 001232      LDA CFLAG   NO, MUST BE STOP KEY
03660000 23643 170701      RAR 2       POSITION SPECIAL KEY BIT
03661000 23644 172602      SAM **2,C   KEY TO BE DEFINED?
03662000 23645 170201      RET 1       NO
03663000
03664000 23646 170715      RAR 14      REPOSITION CLEARED SPECIAL KEY BIT
03665000 23647 031232      STA CFLAG   REPLACE IT
03666000 23650 040715      JSM CLMOD   SET MODE = 0
03667000 23651 164452      JMP AEOLB,I PUT EOL IN I/O BUFFER, RETURN
03668000
03669000
03670000
03671000
03672000
03673000
03674000 23652 000166 P118 DEC 118
03675000
03676000
03677000
03678000
03679000
03680000
03681000 023652 B166 EQU P118
03682000 000263 MAXLN EQU FLAG
03683000 000170 BUHM EQU M256
03684000 000122 H32 EQU M26
03685000 000052 STPMS EQU B200
03686000 000263 TRCMS EQU FLAG
03687000 000077 COLLN EQU B72
03688000 000053 EOL EQU B177
03689000 000177 KPA EQU P0
03690000 000116 QUOTE EQU B42
03691000 077467 LPSVA EQU LPIT
03692000 077470 LPSVB EQU LPIT+1
03693000 077471 LPSVC EQU LPIT+2
03694000 077473 LPSVE EQU LPIT+4
03695000 077474 LPSVO EQU LPIT+5
03696000 000236 CTCNT EQU B2K
03697000 077216 CST EQU CSTMP
03698000 077216 SIOCP EQU CST
03699000 077217 .WPRT EQU CST+1
03700000 077220 M EQU CST+2
03701000 077221 PLADD EQU CST+3
03702000 077223 TMP6 EQU CST+5
03703000 077224 K EQU CST+6
03704000 077225 TMP2 EQU CST+7
03705000 077226 LNO EQU CST+8
03706000 077227 TMP1 EQU CST+9
03707000 077230 TMP5 EQU CST+10
03708000 077231 TMP3 EQU CST+11
03709000 077232 CFLAG EQU CST+12
03710000 077233 TMP7 EQU CST+13
03711000 077234 TMP4 EQU CST+14
03712000 077235 SKEY EQU CST+15
03713000 077206 .WKC EQU IOTMP
03714000 077207 .WMOD EQU IOTMP+1
03715000 077210 DTMP1 EQU IOTMP+2
03716000 077211 DTMP2 EQU IOTMP+3
03717000 077212 SPKN EQU IOTMP+4
03718000 077213 OLCP EQU IOTMP+5
03719000 077214 CRSP EQU IOTMP+6
03720000 077215 IOCP EQU IOTMP+7
03721000 077613 RENFG EQU LKTMP+6
03722000 000433 DISP EQU ALDSP
03723000 077251 OFLAG EQU CMTMP+10
03724000
03725000
03726000
03727000
03728000
03729000 23775      ORG 23775B
03730000 23775 066000      JMP DELL    DELETE COMMAND
03731000 23776 067724      JMP ERAS    ERASE COMMAND
03732000
03733000
03734000
03735000 23777      BSS 1      CHECKSUM
03736000
03737000
03738000
03739000

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END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

0003000	76550	ORG 765500	
0004000		SUP	
0005000		*	
0006000		*	
0007000		*	
0008000	76550	BINARY BSS 7	BINARY PROGRAM LINKS
0009000		*	
0010000	76557	CBUFF BSS 80	COMPILE BUFFER
0011000	76677	CSTAK BSS 80	COMPILE STACK MUST BE AFTER CBUFF
0012000		*	
0013000	77017	RMTBL BSS 19	ROM ADDRESS TABLE MUST BE AFTER CSTAK
0014000	77042	STEAL BSS 16	STOLEN RWM TABLE
0015000	77062	ROMWD BSS 1	ROM IN/OUT INFO
0016000	77063	NPHOG BSS 1	NEW-PROGRAM FLAG
0017000	77064	IBUFF BSS 41	INPUT/OUTPUT BUEFER
0018000	77135	KBUFF BSS 41	KEYBOARD BUFFER
0019000		*	
0020000	77206	IOTMP BSS 8	I/O DRIVER TEMPORARIES
0021000	77216	CSTMP BSS 17	CONTROL SUPERVISOR TEMPORARIES
0022000	77237	CMTMP BSS 14	COMPILER TEMPORARIES
0023000		*	
0024000	77255	XCOMM BSS 1	INTERPRETER COMMUNICATIONS WORD
0025000	77256	MODE BSS 1	CONTROL-SUPERVISOR MODE FLAG
0026000	77257	CSTAT BSS 1	CONTROL STATE
0027000	77260	ERRBP BSS 1	ERROR BYPASS LINK
0028000		*	
0029000	77261	EXTMP BSS 12	INTERPRETER TEMPORARIES
0030000		*	
0031000	77275	IDXRW BSS 1	INDEXED RWM
0032000	77276	SAVEB BSS 1	
0033000	77277	ENDS BSS 1	
0034000	77300	AP2 BSS 1	
0035000	77301	BSS 4	RESERVED FOR INDEX TABLE
0036000		*	
0037000	77305	OFWAM BSS 1	FIRST WORD ACTUAL RWM
0038000	77306	FWAM BSS 1	FIRST WORD AVAILABLE RWM
0039000	77307	FWUP BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF USER PROGRAM
0040000	77310	RMAX BSS 1	MAXIMUM R-REGISTER ADDRESS
0041000	77311	VT1 BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF VALUE TABLE INFORMATION
0042000	77312	VT2 BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF VALUE TABLE VALUES
0043000	77313	FWBA BSS 1	FIRST WORD OF BINARY AREA
0044000	77314	TE BSS 1	TRACE ON/OFF FLAG
0045000	77315	STYFG BSS 1	SECURE-PROGRAM FLAG
0046000	77316	CERR BSS 1	COMPILE ERROR FLAG
0047000	77317	SWMRE BSS 1	SAVED WHERE
0048000		*	
0049000	77320	ESV BSS 1	ERASE STRING VARIABLE TABLE
0050000	77321	STCHK BSS 1	STRING COMPARISON LINK
0051000	77322	STENT BSS 1	STRING ENTER LINK
0052000	77323	STEAS BSS 1	STHING ENTER ASSIGNMENT LINK
0053000	77324	AKUUN BSS 1	LINK TO PROCESS A STRING
0054000	77325	STRES BSS 1	STRING ASSIGNMENT FOR READ STATEMENT
0055000	77326	STEFL BSS 1	STRING ENTER FLAG
0056000	77327	SEED BSS 4	SEED FOR RANDOM-NUMBER GENERATOR
0057000	77333	BSS 8	RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE INTER-ROM LINKS
0058000	77343	NOTRY BSS 1	MAXIMUM # OF TRIES AT READ OR SEARCH
0059000	77344	AVFLG BSS 1	CASSETTE AUTOVERIFY FLAG
0060000	77345	CSCFC BSS 1	SELECT CODE OF CASSETTE IN PARALLEL SEARCH
0061000	77346	FTHGT BSS 1	TARGET RECORD FOR PARALLEL SEARCH
0062000	77347	INTSR BSS 1	INTERRUPT SERVICE FLAG
0063000		*	
0064000	77350	AEBUF BSS 1	BUFFER EDIT POINTERS
0065000	77351	AEBFX BSS 1	
0066000	77352	AEBFM BSS 1	
0067000	77353	AEBFL BSS 1	
0068000		*	
0069000	77354	DVTAB BSS 26	DECLARED VARIABLE TABLE
0070000	77406	DATAB BSS 26	DECLARED ARRAY TABLE
0071000	77440	ITABL BSS 16	INTERRUPT JUMP TABLE -- ADDRESS MUST END IN 0000
0072000	77460	HPIT BSS 7	HI-PRIORITY INTERRUPT SAVE AREA
0073000	77467	LPIT BSS 7	LO-PRIORITY INTERRUPT SAVE AREA
0074000		*	
0075000	77476	ENR BSS 4	ENTER REGISTER
0076000	77502	URES BSS 4	USER RESULT REGISTER
0077000	77506	FLAGS BSS 1	FLAG REGISTER; 0-15 L-TO-R
0078000		*	
0079000	77507	ELINK BSS 1	END-STMT EXECUTION LINK
0080000	77510	.IUSR BSS 1	I/O-ROM SERVICE ROUTINE LINK
0081000	77511	MLBPL BSS 1	"MAIN LOOP" BYPASS LINK
0082000	77512	DLEN BSS 1	DISPLAY LENGTH
0083000	77513	DHP BSS 1	DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER
0084000	77514	CSELC BSS 1	CASSETTE SELECT CODE
0085000	77515	HUSFG BSS 1	FOR JN
0086000	77516	IOINT BSS 1	FOR JN
0087000	77517	RGFLG BSS 1	REGISTER ASSIGNMENT INFORMATION

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

00088000		*		
00089000	77520	PARG	BSS 1	P-ARGUMENT
00090000	77521	AP36	BSS 1	PRODUCTION 36 (FOR JO)
00091000	77522	AP37	BSS 1	PRODUCTION 37
00092000	77523	AP77	BSS 1	PRODUCTION 77
00093000	77524	AP78	BSS 1	PRODUCTION 78
00094000	77525	AP136	BSS 1	PRODUCTION 136
00095000	77526	APP#	BSS 1	P# EXECUTION
00096000	77527	APRET	BSS 1	A.P. ROM'S PART OF 'RET' EXECUTION
00097000	77530	LOADL	BSS 1	CASSETTE LDK OK LINK
00098000	77531	APHVC	BSS 1	A.P. ROM'S CHECK FOR I)
00099000	77532	REFOR	BSS 1	RESET FOR/NEXT BEFORE EXECUTE
00100000	77533	RLINK	BSS 1	RUN-CMND EXECUTION LINK
00101000		*		
00102000	77534	RBUFF	BSS 41	RESERVE KEYBOARD BUFFER
00103000	77605	LKTMP	BSS 1	
00104000	77623	LKFLG	BSS 1	LIVE KEYBOARD ENABLE/DISABLE FLAG
00105000		*		
00106000	77624	ENSVA	BSS 4	SAVE AREA FOR ENTER
00107000	77630	SVACM	BSS 1	SAVED XCOMM FOR ENTER
00108000		*		
00109000	77631		BSS 2	FOR POST-RELEASE CHANGES (ARE SAVED WITH RCM)
00110000		*		
00111000	77633	JSTAK	BSS 33	JSM STACK
00112000		*		
00113000	77674		BSS 1	FOR POST-RELEASE CHANGES (NOT SAVED WITH RCM)
00114000	77675	T26	BSS 1	
00115000		*		
00116000	77676	CATMP	BSS 11	CASSETTE TEMPORARIES
00117000		*		
00118000	77711	T1	BSS 1	SHARED TEMPORARIES
00119000	77712	T2	BSS 1	
00120000	77713	T3	BSS 1	
00121000	77714	T4	BSS 1	
00122000	77715	T5	BSS 1	
00123000	77716	T6	BSS 1	
00124000	77717	T7	BSS 1	
00125000	77720	T8	BSS 1	
00126000	77721	T9	BSS 1	
00127000	77722	T10	BSS 1	
00128000	77723	T11	BSS 1	
00129000	77724	T12	BSS 1	
00130000	77725	T13	BSS 1	
00131000	77726	T14	BSS 1	
00132000	77727	T15	BSS 1	
00133000	77730	T16	BSS 1	
00134000	77731	T17	BSS 1	
00135000	77732	T18	BSS 1	
00136000	77733	T19	BSS 1	
00137000	77734	T20	BSS 1	
00138000	77735	T21	BSS 1	
00139000	77736	T22	BSS 1	
00140000	77737	T23	BSS 1	
00141000	77740	T24	BSS 1	
00142000	77741	T25	BSS 1	
00143000		*		
00144000	77742	OP1	BSS 4	FLOATING-POINT TEMPORARY
00145000	77746	OP2	BSS 4	FLOATING-POINT TEMPORARY
00146000	77752	RES	BSS 4	RESULT FOR ALL FLOATING-POINT OPERATIONS
00147000	77756	MRW1	BSS 10	MATH READ-WRITE
00148000	77770		BSS 4	ARI
00149000	77774	MRW2	BSS 4	MATH READ-WRITE
00151000	00040		ORG 40B	
00152000		*		
00153000		* SYSTEM STARTUP		
00154000		*		
00155000	00040	164041	SYSS JMP *+1.I	
00156000	00041		BSS 1	
00158000		*		
00159000		* CONSTANTS		
00160000		*		
00161000	00042	000777	P511 DEC 511	JN JO
00162000		000042	B777 EQU P511	
00163000	00043	000411	P265 DEC 265	
00164000		000043	B411 EQU P265	
00165000	00044	000400	P266 DEC 266	JB JN
00166000		000044	B400 EQU P266	
00167000	00045	000377	P255 DEC 255	JB JN
00168000		000045	B377 EQU P255	MT
00169000	00046	000231	P153 DEC 153	
00170000		000046	B231 EQU P153	
00171000	00047	000230	P152 DEC 152	
00172000		000047	B230 EQU P152	

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00173000	00050	000224	P148	DEC 148			
00174000		000050	B224	EQU P148			
00175000	00051	000202	P130	DEC 130			
00176000		000051	B202	EQU P130			
00177000	00052	000200	P128	DEC 128	JB		MT
00178000		000052	B200	EQU P128			
00179000	00053	000177	P127	DEC 127	JB		MT
00180000		000053	B177	EQU P127			MT
00181000	00054	000176	P126	DEC 126	JB		
00182000		000054	B176	EQU P126			
00183000	00055	000175	P125	DEC 125	JB		
00184000		000055	B175	EQU P125			
00185000	00056	000174	P124	DEC 124	JB		
00186000		000056	B174	EQU P124			
00187000	00057	000173	P123	DEC 123	JB		
00188000		000057	B173	EQU P123			MT
00189000	00060	000162	P114	DEC 114	JB		
00190000		000060	B162	EQU P114			
00191000	00061	000160	P112	DEC 112			
00192000		000061	B160	EQU P112			
00193000	00062	000153	P107	DEC 107	JB		
00194000		000062	B153	EQU P107			MT
00195000	00063	000145	P101	DEC 101			
00196000		000063	B145	EQU P101			
00197000	00064	000143	P99	DEC 99			JO MT
00198000	00065	000141	P97	DEC 97			
00199000		000065	B141	EQU P97			
00200000	00066	000140	P96	DEC 96	JB		
00201000		000066	B140	EQU P96			
00202000	00067	000135	P93	DEC 93			
00203000		000067	B135	EQU P93			
00204000	00070	000133	P91	DEC 91			
00205000		000070	B133	EQU P91			
00206000	00071	000105	P69	DEC 69	JB		
00207000	00072	000101	P65	DEC 65			
00208000		000072	B101	EQU P65			
00209000	00073	000100	P64	DEC 64	JB		JO MT
00210000		000073	B100	EQU P64			
00211000	00074	000077	P63	DEC 63	JB		
00212000		000074	B77	EQU P63			
00213000	00075	000075	P61	DEC 61			
00214000		000075	B75	EQU P61			
00215000	00076	000073	P59	DEC 59	JB		
00216000		000076	B73	EQU P59			
00217000	00077	000072	P58	DEC 58	JB		
00218000		000077	B72	EQU P58			
00219000	00100	000064	P52	DEC 52	JB		
00220000		000100	B64	EQU P52			
00221000	00101	000063	P51	DEC 51	JB		
00222000		000101	B63	EQU P51			MT
00223000	00102	000061	P49	DEC 49			
00224000		000102	B61	EQU P49			
00225000	00103	000060	P48	DEC 48	JB		
00226000		000103	B60	EQU P48			
00227000	00104	000057	P47	DEC 47	JB		
00228000		000104	B57	EQU P47			
00229000	00105	000056	P46	DEC 46	JB		
00230000		000105	B56	EQU P46			
00231000	00106	000055	P45	DEC 45	JB		
00232000		000106	B55	EQU P45			
00233000	00107	000054	P44	DEC 44	JB		
00234000		000107	B54	EQU P44			
00235000	00110	000053	P43	DEC 43	JB		
00236000		000110	B53	EQU P43			
00237000	00111	000052	P42	DEC 42	JB		
00238000		000111	B52	EQU P42			
00239000	00112	000051	P41	DEC 41	JB		
00240000		000112	B51	EQU P41			
00241000	00113	000050	P40	DEC 40			
00242000		000113	B50	EQU P40			
00243000	00114	000044	P36	DEC 36			
00244000		000114	B44	EQU P36			
00245000	00115	000043	P35	DEC 35			
00246000		000115	B43	EQU P35			
00247000	00116	000042	P34	DEC 34	JB JN		
00248000		000116	B42	EQU P34			
00249000	00117	000040	P32	DEC 32	JB JN		MT
00250000		000117	B40	EQU P32			
00251000	00120	000037	P31	DEC 31	JB		
00252000		000120	B37	EQU P31			
00253000	00121	000034	P28	DEC 28		JN	MT
00254000		000121	B34	EQU P28			
00255000	00122	000032	P26	DEC 26	JB		JO
00256000	00123	000024	P20	DEC 20			MT
00257000	00124	000023	P19	DEC 19		JN	MT

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00258000	00125	000022	P18	DEC 18				
00259000	00126	000021	P17	DEC 17		JB	JN	
00260000	00127	000020	P16	DEC 16		JB	JN	JO MT
00261000		000127	B20	EQU P16				
00262000	00130	000017	P15	DEC 15		JB	JN	MT
00263000		000130	B17	EQU P15				
00264000	00131	000016	P14	DEC 14		JB	JN	
00265000	00132	000015	P13	DEC 13		JB		JO
00266000	00133	000014	P12	DEC 12		JB	JN	JO MT
00267000	00134	000013	P11	DEC 11		JB		JO
00268000		000134	B13	EQU P11				
00269000	00135	000012	P10	DEC 10		JB	JN	JO MT
00270000	00136	000011	P9	DEC 9				
00271000	00137	000010	P8	DEC 8		JB	JN	JO MT
00272000		000137	B10	EQU P8				
00273000	00140	000007	P7	DEC 7		JB	JN	JO MT
00274000	00141	000006	P6	DEC 6		JB		JO MT
00275000	00142	000005	P5	DEC 5		JB	JN	JO MT
00276000	00143	000004	P4	DEC 4		JB	JN	JO MT
00277000	00144	000003	P3	DEC 3		JB	JN	JO MT
00278000	00145	000002	P2	DEC 2		JB	JN	JO MT
00279000	00146	177776	M2	DEC -2		JB	JN	
00280000	00147	177775	M3	DEC -3		JB	JN	JO MT
00281000	00150	177774	M4	DEC -4		JB	JN	JO MT
00282000	00151	177773	M5	DEC -5		JB	JN	JO
00283000	00152	177772	M6	DEC -6				
00284000	00153	177771	M7	DEC -7		JB		
00285000	00154	177770	M8	DEC -8			JN	MT
00286000	00155	177765	M11	DEC -11				JO
00287000	00156	177763	M13	DEC -13				JO
00288000	00157	177761	M15	DEC -15				MT
00289000	00160	177760	M16	DEC -16		JB	JN	JO MT
00290000	00161	177757	M17	DEC -17		JB		
00291000	00162	177740	M32	DEC -32		JB	JN	MT
00292000		000162	BM40	EQU M32				
00293000	00163	177720	M48	DEC -48		JB		
00294000	00164	177700	M64	DEC -64		JB		JO
00295000		000164	BM100	EQU M64				
00296000	00165	177660	M80	DEC -80		JB		
00297000	00166	177637	M97	DEC -97				
00298000	00167	177600	M128	DEC -128				MT
00299000	00170	177400	M256	DEC -256		JB		JO MT
00300000	00171	160000	M8192	DEC -8192		JB		
00301000			*					
00302000	00172	000174	AONE	DEF **2		JN	JO	FLOATING-POINT ONE
00303000	00173	000177	APIE	DEF **4		JO		FUDDGED PI
00304000	00174	000000		OCT 000000				
00305000	00175	010000	B10K	OCT 010000		JB		JO MT
00306000	00176	000000		OCT 000000				
00307000	00177	000000	P0	OCT 000000		JB		JO
00308000	00200	030501		OCT 030501				3141
00309000	00201	054446		OCT 054446				5926
00310000	00202	051540		OCT 051540				5360
00311000			*					
00312000	00203	000204	PTCN	DEF **1				
00313000	00204	154360	M10K	DEC -10000		JB		
00314000	00205	176030	M1000	DEC -1000				
00315000	00206	177634	M100	DEC -100		JB		
00316000	00207	177766	M10	DEC -10		JB		JO
00317000	00210	000210	ENDIC	DEF *				
00318000			*					
00319000	00211	077740	BXCAA	OCT 77740		JB		
00320000	00212	077700	EMAX	OCT 77700				JO
00321000		000212	B777X	EQU EMAX		JB		
00322000	00213	077577	1MASK	OCT 77577				
00323000	00214	077440	EOLB	OCT 77440		JB		
00324000	00215	077400	BXCMM	OCT 77400		JB		
00325000	00216	076574	ZK2	OCT 76574				
00326000	00217	076000	B76K	OCT 76000		JB		
00327000	00220	071050	TRCC2	OCT 71050				
00328000	00221	070000	B70K	OCT 70000				JO MT
00329000	00222	067000	B67K	OCT 67000				MT
00330000	00223	063000	B63K	OCT 63000		JB		
00331000	00224	060000	B60K	OCT 60000		JB		MT
00332000	00225	052525	ALBPT	OCT 52525		JB		
00333000	00226	037440	QMHKB	OCT 37440		JB		
00334000	00227	020000	B20K	OCT 20000		JB		
00335000	00230	010133	KK2	OCT 10133				
00336000	00231	010050	KK1	OCT 10050				
00337000	00232	007403	B7403	OCT 7403				MT
00338000	00233	004406	ZK3	OCT 4406				
00339000	00234	004000	B4K	OCT 4000				MT
00340000	00235	003377	B3377	OCT 3377				MT
00341000	00236	002000	B2K	OCT 2000		JB		MT
00342000	00237	001000	B1K	OCT 1000				MT

00343000			*						
00344000	00240	177701	ZAP	OCT	177701		JO		
00345000		000167	BM200	EQU	M128		JO		
00346000	00241	176000	BM2K	OCT	-2000		JB		
00347000	00242	170720	KF	OCT	170720				
00348000	00243	170000	B170K	OCT	170000		JB		
00349000	00244	137777	XMASK	OCT	137777		JB		
00350000	00245	131400	IMCON	OCT	131400				
00351000	00246	126273	AMSE	OCT	126273			MT	
00352000	00247	101175	ZK1	OCT	101175				
00353000	00250	100377	BM377	OCT	100377			MT	
00354000	00251	100200	UMASK	OCT	100200				
00355000			*						
00356000	00252	000254	NB1	DEF	*+2			SPECIAL PATTERN FOR NUMBER BUILDER	
00357000	00253	077772	NB2	DEF	77772B				
00358000	00254	000001	P1	DEC	1		JB	JO	MT
00359000	00255	177764	M12	DEC	-12		JB	JO	
00360000	00256	000000		DEC	0				
00361000	00257	177777	M1	DEC	-1		JB	JO	MT
00362000	00260	000000		DEC	0				
00363000	00261	000000		DEC	0				
00364000			*						
00365000	00262	020040	TOBLN	OCT	020040			TWO ASCII BLANKS	
00366000	00263	100000	FLAG	OCT	100000				
00367000	00264	040001	STTMP	OCT	040001			STRING CONSTANT IN STACK	
00368000	00265	100004	STWHR	OCT	100004				
00369000		000171	ARRAY	EQU	M8192			ENTIRE ARRAY	
00370000		000221	EMPTY	EQU	B70K			EMPTY	
00371000	00266	011401	FPTMP	OCT	011401			FULL-PRECISION CONSTANT IN STACK	
00372000	00267	110000	FVRWM	OCT	110000			FULL-PRECISION VARIABLE IN RWM	
00373000	00270	110402	FVHRA	OCT	110402			FULL-PRECISION VARIABLE IN R-REGISTER AREA	
00374000			*						
00375000	00271	062562	LKERM	OCT	62562			LOWER-CASE "ERROR"	
00376000	00272	071157		OCT	71157				
00377000	00273	071040		OCT	71040				
00378000			*						
00379000			* POINTERS						
00380000			*						
00381000	00274	000053	AAEOL	DEF	B177			ADDRESS OF EOL	
00382000	00275	077440	AITAB	DEF	ITABL			ADDRESS OF INTERRUPT TABLE	
00383000	00276	077354	ADVTB	DEF	DVTAB			ADDRESS OF DECLARED VARIABLE TABLE	
00384000	00277	077406	ADATB	DEF	DATAB			ADDRESS OF DECLARED ARRAY TABLE	
00385000	00300	077632	AJSTK	DEF	JSTAK-1			ADDRESS OF JSM STACK	
00386000	00301	077633	AJSMS	DEF	JSTAK				
00387000	00302	176557	ACBFX	DEF	CBUFF,I			COMPILE BUFFER 1ST CHAR ADDRESS	
00388000	00303	076557	ACBF	DEF	CBUFF			COMPILE BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS	
00389000	00304	076556	ACBUF	DEF	CBUFF-1			ADDRESS OF COMPILE BUFFER	
00390000	00305	076676	ACLMT	DEF	CBUFF+79			COMPILE BUFFER UPPER LIMIT	
00391000	00306	077135	AKBUF	DEF	KBUFF			KEYBOARD BUFFER	
00392000	00307	177135	AKBFX	DEF	KBUFF,I			KEYBOARD BUFFER 1ST CHAR ADDRESS	
00393000	00310	077134	AKBFM	DEF	KBUFF-1			KEYBOARD BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS - 1	
00394000	00311	077205	AKBFL	DEF	KBUFF+40			KEYBOARD BUFFER ENDING ADDRESS	
00395000	00312	000306	AKBST	DEF	AKBUF			KEYBOARD BUFFER POINTERS STARTING ADDRESS	
00396000	00313	077064	AIBUF	DEF	IBUFF			I/O BUFFER	
00397000	00314	177064	AIBFX	DEF	IBUFF,I			I/O BUFFER 1ST CHAR ADDRESS	
00398000	00315	077063	AIBFM	DEF	IBUFF-1			I/O BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS - 1	
00399000	00316	077134	AIBFL	DEF	IBUFF+40			I/O BUFFER ENDING ADDRESS	
00400000	00317	077066	AIBSL	DEF	IBUFF+2			I/O BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS + 2	
00401000	00320	077070	AIOLM	DEF	IBUFF+4			I/O BUFFER STARTING ADDRESS FOR "LINE" MESSAGE	
00402000	00321	000313	AIBST	DEF	AIBUF			EDIT POINTERS STARTING ADDRESS	
00403000	00322	077534	ARBUF	DEF	RBUFF				
00404000	00323	077533	ARBFM	DEF	RBUFF-1				
00405000	00324	076677	ASIKL	DEF	CSTAK			COMPILE STACK STARTING ADDRESS	
00406000	00325	176677	ACSTF	DEF	CSTAK,I				
00407000		000305	ASTAK	EQU	ACLMT			ADDRESS OF COMPILE STACK - 1	
00408000	00326	077016	ASLMT	DEF	CSTAK+79			COMPILE STACK UPPER LIMIT	
00409000		000326	ATNOM	EQU	ASLMT				
00410000			*						
00411000	00327	077017	AROMS	DEF	RMTBL			ADDRESS OF ROM ADDRESS TABLE	
00412000	00330	076550	ABNRY	DEF	BINRY			ADDRESS OF BINARY HEADER	
00413000	00331	000332	AMAIN	DEF	ARTBL			ADDRESS OF MAINFRAME HEADER	
00414000	00332		ARTBL	BSS	1			ADDRESS OF REVERSE COMPILE TABLE	
00415000	00333		AMTBL	BSS	1			ADDRESS OF MAINFRAME MNEMONIC TABLE	
00416000			*						
00417000	00334	000177	AOP0	DEF	OP0				
00418000	00335	077711	ATMP	DEF	T1			STARTING ADDRESS OF SHARED TEMPORARIES	
00419000			*						
00420000	00336	077742	AOP1	DEF	OP1				
00421000	00337	077746	AOP2	DEF	OP2				
00422000	00340	077752	ARES	DEF	RES				
00423000	00341	077476	AENR	DEF	ENR				
00424000	00342	077502	AURES	DEF	URES				
00425000			*						
00426000	00343	077414	SVRE	ABS	DVTAB-101B+97				

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00427000      000326 STRK EQU ASLMT
00428000      *
00429000 00344 077777 MAW OCT 77777 MAXIMUM AVAILABLE WORD
00430000      000330 LWAM EQU ABNRY LAST WORD AVAILABLE RWM * 1
00431000      *
00432000 00345 077770 ADR1 DEF ARI
00433000      000127 ADR2 EQU P16
-----
00435000      *
00436000      * USEFUL POINTERS AND EQUATES
00437000      *
00438000      077237 TKN EQU CMTMP*0 TOKEN FOR PARSER
00439000      077240 BCU EQU CMTMP*1 ASCII FOR PARSER
00440000      077241 OLDC EQU CMTMP*2 USED BY SCANNER IN CASE OF ERROR
00441000      077242 ISTAR EQU CMTMP*3 IMPLIED-MULTIPLY FLAG
00442000      *
00443000      077254 STAKP EQU CMTMP*13 STACK POINTER
00444000      *
00445000      077237 GUIDE EQU CMTMP*0 PRIORITY/CLASS/CHARACTERS
00446000      077240 ASCII EQU CMTMP*1 CHARACTER ADDRESS
00447000      *
00448000      077261 APJ EQU EXTMP*0 RETURN LINK INFORMATION
00449000      077263 API EQU EXTMP*2 TOP OF EXECUTION STACK
00450000      077264 LEND EQU EXTMP*3 ADDRESS OF NEXT LINE TO BE EXECUTED
00451000      077265 HERE EQU EXTMP*4 ADDRESS OF LINE BEING EXECUTED
00452000      077266 WHERE EQU EXTMP*5 ADDRESS FOR CS TO RESUME EXECUTION
00453000      077267 TRACE EQU EXTMP*6 CURRENT LINE TRACE INFORMATION
00454000      077270 SAYEC EQU EXTMP*7
00455000      077271 BASE EQU EXTMP*8 ADDRESS IN DVTAB OR DATAB
00456000      077272 FAP1 EQU EXTMP*9
00457000      077273 OPN01 EQU EXTMP*10
00458000      077274 OPN02 EQU EXTMP*11
00459000      *
00460000      077222 L EQU CSTMP*4
00461000      077610 KBFMT EQU LKTMP*3
00462000      *
00463000      000141 STRID EQU P6 ID OF STRING ROM
00465000      *
00466000      * ROUTINE ADDRESSES
00467000      *
00468000 00346 ACPLR BSS 1 COMPILER
00469000 00347 AREAD BSS 1 COMPILER INPUT READER
00470000 00350 AAPL1 BSS 1 APPLY-PRODUCTION RETURN TO COMPILER
00471000 00351 ASETC BSS 1 COMPILE ERROR
00472000 00352 ANUMB BSS 1 NUMBER-BUILDER
00473000 00353 ALBLN BSS 1 QUOTE SCANNER
00474000 00354 ALBCH BSS 1 QUOTE BUILDER
00475000 00355 AOUTS BSS 1 COMPILER BYTE WRITER
00476000      *
00477000 00356 ARCLR BSS 1 REVERSE COMPILER
00478000 00357 ADSRM BSS 1 DISPLAY ROM I.D. NUMBER
00479000      *
00480000 00360 ARSGT BSS 1 RESET HI-SPEED BRANCHES
00481000 00361 AINTI BSS 1 INTERPRETER 'RUN' ENTRY
00482000 00362 AFBDQ BSS 1 FIND BYTE ADDRESS DIFFERENCE
00483000 00363 AINTI BSS 1 INTERPRETER 'CLL' ENTRY
00484000 00364 AINTK BSS 1 INTERPRETER 'CONTINUE' ENTRY
00485000 00365 AINTX BSS 1 INTERPRETER EXECUTION RETURN
00486000 00366 ARAP BSS 1 FOR MATH ROUTINES
00487000 00367 ASTP BSS 1 FOR END-STMT LINK
00488000 00370 ALLOC BSS 1 ALLOCATOR
00489000 00371 AOVTS BSS 1 EXECUTION STACK OVERFLOW TEST
00490000 00372 AASTR BSS 1 ASSIGNMENT TRACE
00491000 00373 ALNTH BSS 1 LINE NUMBER TRACE
00492000 00374 AFCI BSS 1 FIND-BYTE INITIALIZATION ENTRY
00493000 00375 AFCC BSS 1 FIND-BYTE CONTINUATION ENTRY
00494000 00376 ASEFG BSS 1 SET A FLAG
00495000 00377 AGNAM BSS 1 GET VARIABLE NAME
00496000 00400 ACLBL BSS 1 FIND LABEL LINE ADDRESS
00497000 00401 AAUBA BSS 1 ADJUST BYTE ADDRESS ENTRY #1
00498000 00402 A.ADB BSS 1 ADJUST BYTE ADDRESS ENTRY #2
00499000      *
00500000      * 10K PAGE - CONTROL SUPERVISOR
00501000      *
00502000 00403 AMCLX BSS 1 MAIN LOOP ADDR*1
00503000 00404 AERR1 BSS 1 ERROR ROUTINE -- NO RETURN
00504000 00405 AERR2 BSS 1 ERROR ROUTINE -- RETURN P*2
00505000 00406 APEMI BSS 1 PLACE ERROR MESSAGE IN I/O BUFFER
00506000 00407 AEREX BSS 1 ERROR EXIT -- AFTER 'AERR2'
00507000 00410 AREJH BSS 1 INTERRUPT REJECT ROUTINE
00508000 00411 AXCOMM BSS 1 XCOMM MANAGEMENT
00509000 00412 APLIR BSS 1 PLACE LINE NUMBER IN I/O BUFFER AND REVCMP
00510000 00413 ACNDT BSS 1 COMMAND TABLE

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00511000	00414	ACTFC BSS 1	CHECK TABLE FOR COMMAND
00512000	00415	ACONT BSS 1	IMMEDIATE EXECUTE CONTINUE
00513000	00416	AEXCK BSS 1	COMMAND EXECUTION
00514000	00417	AEXCL BSS 1	PLACE LINE BRIDGES ON COMPILED LINE
00515000	00420	AKYPR BSS 1	PROCESS A KEY
00516000	00421	AERCS BSS 1	CASSETTE RUN ENTRY
00517000	00422	AECIM BSS 1	IMMEDIATE CONTINUE
00518000	00423	ASCND BSS 1	COMMAND TABLE ADDRESS
00519000	00424	ASYSR BSS 1	SYSTEM ERROR
00520000	00425	ACHIN BSS 1	CONTINUE INITIALIZATION
00521000	00426	AEHSA BSS 1	LINK FOR ERASE-ALL
00522000	00427	AISTR BSS 1	PLACE KEYBOARD CHARACTER IN I/O BUFFER
00523000	00430	ALSTX BSS 1	PLACE CHARACTER IN I/O BUFFER
00524000	00431	ALEAS BSS 1	STATEMENT EXECUTION
00525000		*	
00526000		* 12K PAGE - I/O SUPERVISOR	
00527000		*	
00528000	00432	AUSPC BSS 1	DISPLAY EDIT BUFFER WITH CURSOR
00529000	00433	ALDSP BSS 1	DISPLAY I/O BUFFER
00530000	00434	AKBSR BSS 1	KEYBOARD SERVICE ROUTINE
00531000	00435	ATRRF BSS 1	TRANSFER I/O BUFFER TO KEYBOARD BUFFER
00532000	00436	AEPON BSS 1	PRINT-ALL ROUTINE
00533000	00437	AEPNX BSS 1	LINK TO PRINT-ALL FOR ENP
00534000	00440	ASVRG BSS 1	SAVE LOW PRIORITY A,B,E,Q
00535000	00441	AKBR2 BSS 1	RESTORE LOW PRIORITY A,B,E,Q
00536000	00442	ACPSI BSS 1	CHECK PRINTER STATUS
00537000	00443	APRNT BSS 1	PRINT CHARACTERS ALREADY GIVEN TO HARDWARE
00538000	00444	A,PRN BSS 1	PRINT 16 CHARS FROM I/O BUFFER
00539000	00445	APNMR BSS 1	PRINT A NUMERIC VALUE
00540000	00446	AFBP BSS 1	FIND DISPLAY BEGIN POINTER
00541000	00447	ASWIO BSS 1	SWAP POINTERS TO EDIT I/O BUFFER
00542000	00450	ACLBI BSS 1	CLEAR I/O BUFFER
00543000	00451	ACLEB BSS 1	CLEAR EDIT BUFFER
00544000	00452	AEULB BSS 1	SET EOL IN EDIT BUFFER
00545000	00453	ACLCLM BSS 1	CLEAR COMPILE BUFFER
00546000	00454	AHPRL BSS 1	ROM "POWER REDUCTION LOOP"
00547000	00455	ALKEK BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD EXECUTION
00548000	00456	ALXER BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD EXECUTE ERROR ROUTINE
00549000	00457	ALXKY BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD EXECUTE KEY PROCESSING
00550000	00460	AKYTB BSS 1	
00551000	00461	APRKB BSS 1	PRINT-ALL FROM KEYBOARD BUFFER
00552000	00462	APSTR BSS 1 (PSTRG)	
00553000		*	
00554000		* 22K PAGE	
00555000		*	
00556000	00463	AMUPH BSS 1	MOVE MAIN PROGRAM TO HIGHER MEMORY
00557000	00464	AMAMP BSS 1	MOVE MAIN PROGRAM TO LOWER MEMORY
00558000	00465	AMPUP BSS 1	MOVE PART OF MAIN PROGRAM HIGHER
00559000	00466	AMPML BSS 1	MOVE PART OF MAIN PROGRAM LOWER
00560000	00467	AMTHM BSS 1	MOVE RWM HIGHER
00561000	00470	AMTLM BSS 1	MOVE RWM LOWER
00562000	00471	AZRWM BSS 1	ZERO RWM
00563000	00472	AERAV BSS 1	ERASE ALL VARIABLES
00564000	00473	ALISK BSS 1	LIST A SPECIAL KEY
00565000	00474	AKEYN BSS 1	PUT SPECIAL KEY NUMBER IN I/O BUFFER
00566000	00475	AEPTI BSS 1	RESET EDIT POINTERS
00567000	00476	ATLNI BSS 1	PLACE LINE NUMBER IN I/O BUFFER
00568000	00477	ABTDA BSS 1	BINARY TO DECIMAL ASCII
00569000	00500	AEOLN BSS 1	FIND EOL IN I/O BUFFER
00570000	00501	AGNXT BSS 1	GET NEXT CHARACTER
00571000	00502	ATCHR BSS 1	TRANSFER CHARS
00572000	00503	ARNLO BSS 1	LINK TO TURN ON RUN LIGHT
00573000	00504	ARNLF BSS 1	LINK TO TURN OFF RUN LIGHT
00574000		*	
00575000		* 26K PAGE	
00576000		*	
00577000	00505	APGET BSS 1 (PGET)	GET NEXT PARAMETER FOR "PRINT" LIST
00578000	00506	APNUM BSS 1 (PNUM)	PROCESS A NUMERIC ITEM
00579000	00507	AINTC BSS 1 (INTCK)	MAKE INTEGER FROM ASCII STRING
00580000	00510	AGLL BSS 1 (GLENL)	GET LENGTH OF COMPILED LINE
00581000	00511	AGEOL BSS 1	FIND EOL IN COMPILE BUFFER
00582000	00512	AFLAD BSS 1 (FLADR)	FIND LINE ADDRESS
00583000	00513	AFLNA BSS 1	FIND LINE ADDR (TMP7)
00584000	00514	ASLLN BSS 1 (SLLN)	SET 'LNO' TO LAST LINE NUMBER OR -1
00585000	00515	ASTKI BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD INITIALIZATION
00586000	00516	AREST BSS 1	LINK TO LIVE-KEYBOARD RESTORE
00587000	00517	ARENI BSS 1	INSERT LINE RENUMBER GTO/GSB
00588000	00520	AREND BSS 1	DELETE LINE RENUMBER GTO/GSB
00589000	00521	ASTKG BSS 1	STACK ROUTINE FOR GSB
00590000	00522	ADIGX BSS 1	GENERAL RANGE CHECK ROUTINE
00591000	00523	AGLNO BSS 1	GET LINE NUMBER OF CURRENT LINE
00592000		*	
00593000	00524	AUNM BSS 1	UNARY MINUS -- FILLED IN FROM 14K-PAGE (IMATH)
00594000	00525	AAOD BSS 1	ADD

BASE-PAGE HEAD-ONLY-MEMORY

00595000	00526	ASUB BSS 1	SUBTRACT
00596000	00527	AMUL BSS 1	MULTIPLY
00597000	00530	ADIV BSS 1	DIVIDE
00598000	00531	ASQR BSS 1	SQRT
00599000	00532	AGE BSS 1	>=
00600000	00533	AGT BSS 1	>
00601000	00534	ALT BSS 1	<
00602000	00535	ALE BSS 1	<=
00603000	00536	AEG BSS 1	=
00604000	00537	ANE BSS 1	#
00605000	00540	AAND BSS 1	AND
00606000	00541	AOR BSS 1	OR
00607000	00542	AXOR BSS 1	XOR
00608000	00543	ANOT BSS 1	NOT
00609000	00544	APRND BSS 1	P-ROUND
00610000	00545	ADRND BSS 1	D-ROUND
00611000	00546	ARERR BSS 1	RECOVERABLE MATH ERROR
00612000	00547	ARNND BSS 1	ROUND
00613000	00550	ATSUB BSS 1	USED BY RELATIONAL OPERATIONS
00614000	00551	AFLTC BSS 1	FULL-PRECISION EXPONENT RANGE CHECK
00615000	00552	AGET1 BSS 1	GET ONE MATH OPRND FROM STACK
00616000	00553	AGET2 BSS 1	GET TWO MATH OPNDS FROM STACK
00617000	00554	AAUDI BSS 1	ADD+1
00618000	00555	ASUB1 BSS 1	SUBTRACT+1
00619000	00556	AMUL1 BSS 1	MULTIPLY+1
00620000	00557	ADIV1 BSS 1	DIVIDE+1
00621000	00560	ADIV2 BSS 1	DIVIDE ENTRY FOR TRUNCATED QUOTIENT
00622000	00561	ASQR1 BSS 1	SQRT+1
00623000	00562	ATSUL BSS 1	TSUB+1
00624000	00563	AFLTP BSS 1	CONVERT TO FLOATING-POINT
00625000		*	
00626000	00564	ASTMA BSS 1	STMAX ENTRY -- FILLED IN FROM 24K-PAGE (MOBA)
00627000	00565	ASTM1 BSS 1	SIMAX ENTRY
00628000		*	
00629000	00566	ALST BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LIST'
00630000	00567	APMT BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'PRT'
00631000	00570	ADSP BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'DSP'
00632000	00571	ASPC BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'SPC'
00633000	00572	ALSTK BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'LISTK'
00634000	00573	AKUN BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'KON'
00635000	00574	AKUF BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'KOFF'
00636000	00575	AFAD BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'FAD'
00637000	00576	AFLT BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'FLT'
00638000	00577	AENT BSS 1	LINK TO EXECUTE 'ENT'
00639000		*	
00640000	00600	ACSTI BSS 1	CASSETTE INITIALIZATION
00641000	00601	AKFK BSS 1	REWIND FROM KEYBOARD
00642000	00602	DMALD BSS 1	LINK TO DMA LOCKOUT ROUTINE
00643000	00603	ASTPA BSS 1	LINK TO SET CASSETTE P.A.
00644000	00604	AWTRR BSS 1	LINK TO WRITE RECORD
00645000	00605	ACHST BSS 1	LINK TO FIND RECORD
00646000	00606	ARDRC BSS 1	LINK TO READ RECORD
00647000		*	
00648000	00607	001053	ABUMP DEF BUMP BUMP PARAMETER POINTER (FAP1)
00649000	00610	001110	ACOUN DEF COUNT COUNT PARAMETERS ON STACK
00650000	00611	001133	AGTAD DEF GETAD GETAD SUBROUTINE
00651000	00612	001142	AGTIN DEF GETIN GETIN SUBROUTINE
00652000		*	
00653000	00613	BSS 2	FOR MORE LINKS IF NEEDED

BASE-PAGE SUBROUTINES

00655000		*	
00656000		* UTILITIES	
00657000		*	
00659000		*	
00660000		* SUBROUTINE TO GET OPERAND ABSOLUTE ADDRESS	W.F.C.
00661000		*	
00662000		* ON EXIT: A = UPDATED STACK POINTER	
00663000		* B = ABSOLUTE ADDRESS	
00664000		* SAVEB = OLD STACK POINTER	
00665000		*	
00666000	00615	005263	ABSAD LDB API ENTER HERE TO USE API
00667000	00616	035276	STB SAVEB
00668000		*	
00669000	00617	100001	LDA B,I GET INDEX NUMBER
00670000	00620	050140	AND P7
00671000	00621	020632	ADA INDXP
00672000	00622	024145	AOB P2
00673000	00623	104001	LDB B,I B = RELATIVE ADDRESS
00674000	00624	124000	ADB A,I B = ABSOLUTE ADDRESS

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00675000      *
00676000 00625 001276      LDA SAVEB
00677000 00626 020254      ADA P1
00678000 00627 100000      LDA A+I          A = LENGTH
00679000 00630 021276      ADA SAVEB          A = UPDATED POINTER
00680000 00631 170201      RET 1
00681000      *
00682000 00632 077275  INDXP DEF IDXRW      POINTER TO INDEXED RWM
-----
00684000      *
00685000      * WAIT SUBROUTINE
00686000      *
00687000      * ON ENTRY: B = -DELAY IN MILLISECONDS
00688000      *
00689000 00633 000642  DELAY LDA TIMF
00690000 00634 072100      RIA *
00691000 00635 001206      LDA IOTMP      TEST FOR STOP KEY
00692000 00636 010254      CPA P1
00693000 00637 170201      RET 1
00694000 00640 076173      RIB *-5
00695000 00641 170201      RET 1
00696000      *
00697000 00642 177130  TIME OCT 177130
00699000      *
00700000      * CONVERT FLOATING NUMBER TO INTEGER      W.F.C.
00701000      *
00702000      * ON ENTRY:
00703000      *
00704000      * A POINTS TO FLOATING NUMBER
00705000      *
00706000      * ON EXIT:
00707000      *
00708000      * B HAS INTEGER VALUE
00709000      * 0 INDICATES OVERFLOW STATUS
00710000      *
00711000      * AR2 HAS FRACTIONAL REMAINDER
00712000      *
00713000      * TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2
00714000      *
00715000 00643 000001      LDA B          ALTERNATE ENTRY
00716000      *
00717000 00644 004127  FIXPT LDB ADR2      ADDRESS OF AR2
00718000 00645 071403      XFR 4          MOVE NUMBER TO AR2
00719000 00646 004127      LDB P0          INITIALIZE RESULT
00720000 00647 173201      SOC **+1,C
00721000 00650 000020      LDA AR2      LOOK AT EXPONENT
00722000 00651 170405      AAR 6
00723000 00652 020254      ADA P1
00724000 00653 072417      SZA F13
00725000 00654 172426      SAM F14
00726000 00655 031711      STA T1
00727000 00656 064664      JMP F12
00728000      *
00729000 00657 024001  F11  ADB B          2X
00730000 00660 035712      STB T2
00731000 00661 024001      ADB B          4X
00732000 00662 024001      ADB B          8X
00733000 00663 025712      ADB T2         10X
00734000 00664 000177  F12  LDA P0
00735000 00665 075541      MLY *          SHIFT AR2 LEFT
00736000 00666 170040      TCA          BUILD NEGATIVE NUMBER
00737000 00667 024000      ADB A          ADD IN NEXT DIGIT
00738000 00670 055711      DSZ T1
00739000 00671 064657      JMP F11
00740000      *
00741000 00672 000021  F13  LDA AR2+1
00742000 00673 170513      SAR 12
00743000 00674 020151      ADA M5
00744000 00675 172402      SAM **2      ROUND
00745000 00676 024257      ADB M1
00746000      *
00747000 00677 000020      LDA AR2
00748000 00700 073402      RLA **2      TEST MANTISSA SIGN
00749000 00701 174040      TCB          COMPLEMENT IF NECESSARY
00750000 00702 170201      RET 1
00752000      *
00753000      * BEEP SUBROUTINE
00754000      *
00755000 00703 000177  BEEP LDA P0
00756000 00704 030011      STA PA
00757000 00705 000143      LDA P4
00758000 00706 030005      STA R5
00759000 00707 170201      RET 1

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BASE-PAGE SURROUTINES

```

00761000      *
00762000      * CLEAR I/O BUFFER AND PUT 'LAZY-T' AT LEFT END
00763000      *
00764000 00710 140450 EOLIO JSM ACLB1,I
00765000 00711 000214 LDA EOLB
00766000 00712 130313 STA AIBUF,I
00767000 00713 170201 RET 1

-----

00769000      *
00770000      * MISCELLANY FOR JB
00771000      *
00772000 00714 000721 ARET1 DEF RET1
00773000      *
00774000 00715 000177 CLMOD LDA P0          SET MODE=0
00775000 00716 064720 JMP STMOD
00776000 00717 000143 STELM LDA P4          SET MODE=4
00777000 00720 031256 STMOD STA MODE
00778000 00721 170201 RET1 RET 1
00779000      *
00780000 00722 140404 ERLNF JSM AERR1,I   LINE NOT FOUND
00781000 00723 031461 ASC 1,31
00782000      *
00783000 00724 005315 SECCK LDB STYFG
00784000 00725 076474 SZB RET1
00785000 00726 140404 ERSEC JSM AERR1,I
00786000 00727 030064 ASC 1,04

-----

00788000      *
00789000      * SOME COMMON ERRORS
00790000      *
00791000 00730 000731 AREPN DEF **1
00792000 00731 140404 E2Y JSM AERR1,I   ERROR, ROM MISSING AT EXECUTION TIME
00793000 00732 031071 ASC 1,29
00794000      *
00795000 00733 140404 E32 JSM AERR1,I   ERROR, ILLEGAL DATA TYPE
00796000 00734 031462 ASC 1,32
00798000      *
00799000      * SUBROUTINE TO DO AN EXE A
00800000      *
00801000 00735 070430 EXEAA DIR          PREVENT INTERRUPT INTERFERENCE
00802000 00736 070000 EXE A
00803000 00737 064747 JMP SXCOMM+3
00804000      *
00805000      * SUBROUTINE TO CLEAR BITS IN XCOMM
00806000      *
00807000      * ON ENTRY: B = MASK TO CLEAR BITS
00808000      *
00809000 00740 070430 CLXCM DIR          PREVENT INTERRUPT INTERFERENCE
00810000 00741 001255 LDA XCOMM
00811000 00742 050001 AND B
00812000 00743 064746 JMP SXCOMM+2
00813000      *
00814000      * SUBROUTINE TO SET BITS IN XCOMM
00815000      *
00816000      * ON ENTRY: A = BITS TO BE INCLUDED
00817000      *
00818000 00744 070430 SXCOMM DIR          PREVENT INTERRUPT INTERFERENCE
00819000 00745 061255 IOR XCOMM
00820000 00746 031255 STA XCOMM
00821000 00747 070420 EIR
00822000 00750 170201 RET 1

-----

00824000      *
00825000      * SUBROUTINE TO GET NUMERIC PARAMETER
00826000      *
00827000      * ON ENTRY: FAP1 POINTS TO PARAMETER
00828000      *
00829000      * ON EXIT TO P+1: A = CLASS OF NON-NUMERIC ITEM ENCOUNTERED
00830000      *
00831000      * ON EXIT TO P+2: B POINTS TO VALUE
00832000      *
00833000 00751 101272 NGET LDA FAP1,I   GET 'WHAT' WORD
00834000 00752 172201 SAP *+1,C
00835000 00753 170513 SAR 1?          GET CLASS
00836000 00754 010254 CPA P1          NUMERIC?
00837000 00755 064757 JMP *+2          YES
00838000 00756 170201 RET 1              NO
00839000      *
00840000 00757 005272 LDB FAP1
00841000 00760 040616 JSM ARSAD+1
00842000 00761 170202 RET 2

```

BASE-PAGE SUBROUTINES

```

00844000 *
00845000 * INTEGER DIVIDE      W.F.C.
00846000 *
00847000 * ON ENTRY:
00848000 *
00849000 *   BA HAS DIVIDEND
00850000 *
00851000 *   JSM IDIV
00852000 *   DEF DIVISOR
00853000 *
00854000 * ON EXIT:
00855000 *
00856000 *   A = QUOTIENT
00857000 *   B = REMAINDER
00858000 *   O = OVERFLOW STATUS
00859000 *
00860000 * TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6
00861000 *
00862000 00762 004177 SDIV LDB P0      ALTERNATE ENTRY FOR POSITIVE SINGLE-PRECISION
00863000 00763 035711 IDIV STB T1      SAVE HI DIVIDEND
00864000 00764 004146      LDB M2
00865000 00765 035712      STB T2      INITIALIZE QUOTIENT SIGN
00866000 00766 035713      STB T3      INITIALIZE REMAINDER SIGN
00867000 00767 004160      LDB M16
00868000 00770 035714      STB T4      INITIALIZE LOOP COUNTER
00869000 *
00870000 00771 144003      ISZ R,I
00871000 00772 104003      LDB R,I      ADDRESS OF DIVISOR ADDRESS
00872000 00773 104001      LDB B,I      ADDRESS OF DIVISOR
00873000 00774 104001      LDB B,I
00874000 00775 176003      SBP **3      GET ABS OF DIVISOR
00875000 00776 045712      ISZ T2
00876000 00777 174040      TCB
00877000 01000 035715      STB T5      SAVE + DIVISOR
00878000 01001 174040      TCB
00879000 01002 035716      STB T6      SAVE - DIVISOR
00880000 *
00881000 01003 005711      LDB T1      TEST DIVIDEND SIGN
00882000 01004 176010      SHP DIV0
00883000 01005 045712      ISZ T2      COMPLEMENT DIVIDEND
00884000 01006 066007      JMP **1      (ALLOW FOR SKIP)
00885000 01007 170040      TCA
00886000 01010 174140      CMB
00887000 01011 072002      MZA **2
00888000 01012 024254      ADB P1
00889000 01013 045713      ISZ T3      SET REMAINDER SIGN -
00890000 01014 025716      DIV0 ADB T6      ADD - DIVISOR
00891000 01015 176034      SBP OVFL      SKIP IF OVERFLOW
00893000 *
00894000 * MAIN DIVIDE LOOP
00895000 *
00896000 01016 174600      DIV1 SBL 1      SHIFT LEFT
00897000 01017 172002      SAP **2
00898000 01020 024254      ADB P1
00899000 01021 170600      SAL 1
00900000 01022 025715      ADB T5      ADD + DIVISOR
00901000 01023 066032      JMP DIV3
00902000 01024 073072      DIV2 SLA DIV1
00903000 01025 174600      SBL 1      SHIFT LEFT
00904000 01026 172002      SAP **2
00905000 01027 024254      ADB P1
00906000 01030 170600      SAL 1
00907000 01031 025716      ADB T6      ADD - DIVISOR
00908000 *
00909000 01032 176402      DIV3 SBM **2
00910000 01033 060254      IOR P1
00911000 01034 045714      ISZ T4      INCREMENT LOOP COUNTER AND TEST
00912000 01035 066024      JMP DIV2
00913000 *
00914000 01036 176002      SBP **2      CORRECT NEGATIVE REMAINDER
00915000 01037 025715      ADB T5
00916000 *
00917000 01040 045712      ISZ T2      CORRECT QUOTIENT SIGN
00918000 01041 066050      JMP DIV5
00919000 01042 170040      TCA
00920000 01043 173201      DIV4 SOC **1,C      ALL OK
00921000 *
00922000 01044 045713      ISZ T3
00923000 01045 170201      RET 1      RETURN POSITIVE REMAINDER
00924000 01046 174040      TCB
00925000 01047 170201      RET 1      RETURN NEGATIVE REMAINDER
00926000 *
00927000 01050 172073      DIV5 SAP DIV4
00928000 *
00929000 01051 173301      OVFL SOC **1,S      OVERFLOW, SET O-REGISTER
00930000 01052 170201      RET 1

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```

00942000      *
00933000      * SUBROUTINE TO BUMP PARAMETER POINTER
00934000      *
00935000      * ON ENTRY: A = ++ COUNT
00936000      *
00937000      * ON EXIT TO P+1: NO MORE PARAMETERS
00938000      *
00939000      * ON EXIT TO P+2: FAP1 = NEXT PARAMETER ADDRESS
00940000      *
00941000      * TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2
00942000      *
00943000 01053 072415 BUMP SZA BU2      SKIP IF NOTHING TO DO
00944000 01054 031711 STA T1
00945000 01055 172014 SAP BU3      WHICH WAY?
00946000      *
00947000 01056 005272      LOB FAP1      MOVE TO LEFT IF -
00948000 01057 100001 BU1 LDA B+I
00949000 01060 170603      SAL 4      LOOK AT PARAMETER LINK BIT
00950000 01061 172012      SAP BU4
00951000 01062 000001      LDA B
00952000 01063 020254      ADA P1
00953000 01064 124000      ADB A,I
00954000 01065 045711      ISZ T1
00955000 01066 066057      JMP BU1      KEEP ON
00956000      *
00957000 01067 035272      STB FAP1
00958000 01070 170202 BU2 RET 2      RETURN
00959000      *
00960000 01071 005263 BU3 LOB AP1      MOVE TO RIGHT IF +
00961000 01072 015272      CPB FAP1
00962000 01073 170201 BU4 RET 1      RETURN
00963000      *
00964000 01074 035712 BU5 STB T2      SAVE PREVIOUS LOCATION
00965000 01075 000001      LDA B
00966000 01076 020254      ADA P1
00967000 01077 124000      ADB A,I
00968000 01100 015272      CPB FAP1
00969000 01101 066103      JMP *+2
00970000 01102 066074      JMP BU5
00971000      *
00972000      LDA T2
00973000 01104 035272      STB FAP1      MOVE FAP1 ONE POSITION
00974000 01105 055711      DSZ T1
00975000 01106 066071      JMP BU3      KEEP ON
00976000      *
00977000 01107 170202      RET 2      RETURN
00979000      *
00980000      * SUBROUTINE TO COUNT PARAMETERS ON STACK
00981000      *
00982000      * ON EXIT: A = # OF NUMERIC PARAMETERS
00983000      *           B = # OF PARAMETERS
00984000      *           FAP1 = LOCATION OF LEFTMOST PARAMETER
00985000      *
00986000      * TEMPORARIES USED: T1,T2
00987000      *
00988000 01110 000177 COUNT LDA P0
00989000 01111 031711      STA T1      INITIALIZE A COUNT
00990000 01112 031712      STA T2      INITIALIZE B COUNT
00991000 01113 005263      LOB AP1
00992000 01114 100001 CO1 LDA B+I      GET "WHAT" WORD
00993000 01115 170600      SAL 1      LOOK AT CLASS
00994000 01116 172402      SAM *+2      SKIP IF NON-NUMERIC
00995000 01117 045711      ISZ T1
00996000 01120 045712      ISZ T2
00997000 01121 170602      SAL 3      LOOK AT PARAMETER LINK BIT
00998000 01122 172005      SAP CO2
00999000 01123 000001      LDA B
01000000 01124 020254      ADA P1
01001000 01125 124000      ADB A,I
01002000 01126 066114      JMP CO1      MORE PARAMETERS FOLLOW
01003000      *
01004000 01127 035272 CO2 STB FAP1      INITIALIZE POINTER
01005000 01130 001711      LDA T1
01006000 01131 005712      LOB T2
01007000 01132 170201      RET 1      RETURN
01009000      *
01010000      * GET NUMERIC OPERAND ADDRESS
01011000      *
01012000      * ON EXIT: B = OPERAND ADDRESS
01013000      *           AP1 = UPDATED
01014000      *
01015000 01133 040615 GETAD JSM ABSAD      GET OPERAND ABSOLUTE ADDRESS
01016000 01134 031263      STA AP1      UPDATE AP1
01017000      *
01018000 01135 101276      LDA SAVEB+1      THE 'WHAT' WORD

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```

01019000 01136 050221      AND B70K
01020000 01137 010175      CPA B10K
01021000 01140 170201      RET 1          RETURN IF NUMERIC
01022000
01023000 01141 064733      JMP E32

```

```

01025000
01026000      * GET INTEGER PARAMETER
01027000      *
01028000      * ON EXIT: B = INTEGER VALUE
01029000      *
01030000 01142 042133      GETIN JSM GETAD      GET OPERAND ADDRESS
01031000 01143 040643      JSM FIXPT-1        CONVERT TO INTEGER
01032000 01144 173402      SOS **2
01033000 01145 170201      RET 1
01034000
01035000 01146 140404      E11 JSM AERR1,I     ERROR, INTEGER OUT OF RANGE
01036000 01147 030461      ASC 1,11

```

```

01038000      *
01039000      * WAIT EXECUTION
01040000      *
01041000 01150 042142      XWAIT JSM GETIN     GET INTEGER PARAMETER
01042000 01151 176003      SBP **3
01043000 01152 140404      E17A JSM AERR1,I    ERROR, ILLEGAL WAIT PARAMETER
01044000 01153 030467      ASC 1,17
01045000      *
01046000 01154 174040      TCR
01047000 01155 040633      JSM DELAY          GO DELAY
01048000 01156 164365      JMP AINTX,I

```

```

01050000 01157      BSS 1          *** RESERVED FOR OK-PAGE CHECKSUM ***
01051000      LST

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: OVERHEAD

```

01238000      *
01239000      * FULL PRECISION NUMBER: INTERNAL FORMAT
01240000      *
01241000      *
01242000      * EEEE EEEE EEXX XXXS 10 BIT 2'S COMP. EXP., 5 DON'T CARE BITS
01243000      * MANTISSA SIGN (0== 1=-)
01244000      * EXP. RANGE = -511 TO +511
01245000      * D1 D2 D3 D4 BCD DIGITS 1-4
01246000      *
01247000      *
01248000      * D5 D6 D7 D8 BCD DIGITS 5-8
01249000      *
01250000      *
01251000      * D9 D10 D11 D12 BCD DIGITS 9-12
01252000      *
01253000      * *****
01254000      *
01255000      *
01256000      * EQUATES
01257000      *
01258000      *
01259000      077742 OP1E EQU OP1
01260000      077743 OP1M1 EQU OP1+1
01261000      077747 OP2M1 EQU OP2+1
01262000      077752 RESE EQU RES          FULL PRECISION RESULT REGISTER
01263000      077753 RESM1 EQU RES+1
01264000      077755 RESM3 EQU RES+3
01265000      000345 AR1A EQU ADH1          ADDRESS OF AR1
01266000      077770 AR1E EQU AR1          EXPONENT WORD OF AR1
01267000      000127 AR2A EQU ADH2          ADDRESS OF AR2
01268000      000020 AR2E EQU AR2          EXPONENT WORD OF AR2
01269000      000021 AR2M1 EQU AR2E+1     1ST MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
01270000      000022 AR2M2 EQU AR2E+2     2ND MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
01271000      000023 AR2M3 EQU AR2E+3     3RD MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
01272000      000175 BCD1 EQU B10K        BCD 1000
01273000      077762 MT1 EQU MRW1+4      QMPY
01274000      *
01275000      * T1 THRU T13 ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE CORDIC DIGIT STACK
01276000      *
01277000      000335 ADSTK EQU ATMP          ADDRESS OF THE TOP OF THE DIGIT STACK (T1) - Q(J)'S
01278000      077726 DIGIT EQU T14        POINTER TO THE CORDIC DIGIT STACK
01279000      077727 CTEMP EQU T15        TEMP. USED ONLY TO PRESERVE C DURING STMT. EXECUTION
01280000      077730 UFLAG EQU T16        TEMP. USED ONLY TO PRESERVE THE USER'S FLAG WORD

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: OVERHEAD

```

01281000 077731 SHIFT EQU T17 SHIFT FACTOR FOR Y IN PH2 AND PH4
01282000 077732 DJ EQU T18 INCREMENT/DECREMENT FOR SHIFT
01283000 077733 PTR EQU T19 POINTS TO ALFAS, BETAS, CONVERSION CONSTANTS, (CSV)
01284000 077734 EXP&I EQU T20 USED TO HOLD THE EXPONENT VALUE OF THE ARGUMENT
01285000 077735 SIGN EQU T21 USED TO HOLD THE MANTISSA SIGN OF THE ARGUMENT
01286000 077736 OCTNT EQU T22 USED TO SPECIFY THE OCTANT OF THE TANGENT ARGUMENTS.
01287000 077737 CNTRI EQU T23 GENERAL PURPOSE COUNTER
01288000 077740 LOOPN EQU T24 COUNTER USED MAINLY FOR LOOPING
01289000 077741 FLAGS EQU T25 GENERAL TEMPORARY FOR SECONDARY FUNCTIONS
01290000 077042 UNITS EQU STEAL STOLEN RWM WORD DEDICATED TO MOB(A) AT 24K
01292000 *
01293000 *****
01294000 *
01295000 * MAINFRAME - OPTION BLOCK INTERFACE
01296000 *
01297000 *****
01298000 *
01299000 24000 ORG 24000B
01300000 *
01301000 24000 024237 DEF EXECA ADDRESS OF THE EXECUTION ROUTINE
01302000 24001 024176 DEF COMPA ADDRESS OF THE COMPILER TABLE
01303000 24002 024247 DEF RCOMA ADDRESS OF THE REVERSE COMPILER TABLE
01304000 24003 177777 DEC -1 NO COMMAND TABLE IN THIS BLOCK
01305000 24004 025304 DEF INITA ADDRESS OF THE INITIALIZATION ROUTINE (EDEG)
01306000 24005 000017 DEC 15 MATH OPTION BLOCK - A ROM ID=15
01307000 *
01308000 24006 CHKSH BSS 1 CHECKSUM FOR ADDRESSES: 24000-25777

```

```

01310000 *
01311000 *
01312000 * CONSTANTS, LINKAGES
01313000 *
01314000 *
01315000 *
01316000 24007 024122 AHETA DEF BETAS
01317000 24010 024116 ALFAA DEF ALFA.
01318000 24011 024146 BETAA DEF BETA.
01319000 24012 024152 ALN10 DEF LN10
01320000 24013 042427 JADD JSM ADD JADD IS USED BY "PYTHA"
01321000 24014 024066 API/2 DEF CPI/2
01323000 24015 024016 DEG DEF *+1 DEGREE CONVERSION CONSTANTS
01324000 24016 062145 OCT 062145 LOWER CASE "DEG "
01325000 24017 063440 OCT 063440
01326000 24020 000200 C360 OCT 000200 E2 +
01327000 24021 033000 OCT 033000 3600
01328000 24022 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01329000 24023 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01330000 24024 000100 C45 OCT 000100 E1 +
01331000 24025 042400 OCT 042400 4500
01332000 24026 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01333000 24027 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01334000 24030 177600 CR/D OCT 177600 E-2+ PI/180 9820 USED 180/PI = 5.729 5779 5128
01335000 24031 013505 OCT 013505 1745 FUDGED TO WORK WELL FOR ATN.
01336000 24032 031222 OCT 031222 3292
01337000 24033 051000 OCT 051000 5200
01338000 *
01339000 * CR/D IS USED BY THE RANDOM NO. GENERATOR AS A SEED.
01340000 * DO NOT MOVE IT WITHOUT CHANGING ITS ADDRESS ON THE 26K PAGE.
01341000 *

```

```

01343000 24034 024035 GRAD DEF *+1 GRADIAN CONVERSION CONSTANTS
01344000 24035 063562 OCT 063562 LOWER CASE "GRAD"
01345000 24036 060544 OCT 060544
01346000 24037 000200 C400 OCT 000200 E2 +
01347000 24040 040000 OCT 040000 4000
01348000 24041 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01349000 24042 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01350000 24043 000100 C50 OCT 000100 E1 +
01351000 24044 050000 OCT 050000 5000
01352000 24045 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01353000 24046 000000 OCT 000000 0000
01354000 24047 177600 CR/G OCT 177600 E-2+ PI/200 9820 USED 200/PI = 6.366 1977 2365
01355000 24050 012560 OCT 012560 1570 FUDGED TO WORK WELL FOR ATN.
01356000 24051 074543 OCT 074543 7963
01357000 24052 023200 OCT 023200 2680

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: OVERHEAD

01354000	24053	024054	RAD	DEF *+1	RADIAN CONVERSION CONSTANTS	
01360000	24054	071141		OCT 071141	LOWER CASE "RAD "	
01361000	24055	062040		OCT 062040		
01362000	24056	000000	C2PI	OCT 000000	E0 +	
01363000	24057	061203		OCT 061203	6283	
01364000	24060	014123		OCT 014123	1853	
01365000	24061	003440		OCT 003440	0720	CORRECT VALUE IS 0718 (OCT 003430)
01366000	24062	177700	CPI/4	OCT 177700	E-1+	
01367000	24063	074123		OCT 074123	7853	
01368000	24064	114026		OCT 114026	9816	
01369000	24065	032000		OCT 032000	3400	CORRECT VALUE IS 3397 (OCT 031627)
01370000	24066	000000	CPI/2	OCT 000000	E0 +	THIS VALUE IS BASED ON THE FUDGED PI(60)
01371000	24067	012560		OCT 012560	1570	
01372000	24070	074543		OCT 074543	7963	
01373000	24071	023200		OCT 023200	2680	CORRECT VALUE IS 2679 (OCT 023171)
01375000			*			
01376000			*			
01377000			* ATN CONSTANTS			
01378000			*			
01379000			*			
01380000	24072	000000	ALFAS	OCT 000000	E0 +	ATN 1
01381000	24073	003605		OCT 003605	0785	
01382000	24074	034601		OCT 034601	3981	
01383000	24075	061500		OCT 061500	6340	
01384000			*			
01385000	24076	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	ATN .1
01386000	24077	004626		OCT 004626	0996	
01387000	24100	064145		OCT 064145	6865	
01388000	24101	022221		OCT 022221	2491	
01389000			*			
01390000	24102	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	ATN .01
01391000	24103	004631		OCT 004631	0999	
01392000	24104	113146		OCT 113146	9666	
01393000	24105	064147		OCT 064147	6867	
01394000			*			
01395000	24106	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	ATN .0001
01396000	24107	004631		OCT 004631	0999	
01397000	24110	114626		OCT 114626	9996	
01398000	24111	063147		OCT 063147	6667	
01399000			*			
01400000	24112	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	ATN .00001
01401000	24113	004631		OCT 004631	0999	
01402000	24114	114631		OCT 114631	9999	
01403000	24115	113147		OCT 113147	9667	
01404000			*			
01405000	24116	000000	ALFA.	OCT 000000	E0 +	ATN .000001
01406000	24117	004631		OCT 004631	0999	
01407000	24120	114631		OCT 114631	9999	
01408000	24121	114627		OCT 114627	9997	
01410000			*			
01411000			*			
01412000			* NATURAL LOG CONSTANTS			
01413000			*			
01414000			*			
01415000	24122	000000	BETAS	OCT 000000	E0 +	LN 2
01416000	24123	003223		OCT 003223	0693	
01417000	24124	012161		OCT 012161	1471	
01418000	24125	100126		OCT 100126	8056	
01419000			*			
01420000	24126	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	LN 1.1
01421000	24127	004523		OCT 004523	0953	
01422000	24130	010027		OCT 010027	1017	
01423000	24131	114004		OCT 114004	9804	
01424000			*			
01425000	24132	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	LN 1.01
01426000	24133	004625		OCT 004625	0995	
01427000	24134	001460		OCT 001460	0330	
01428000	24135	102462		OCT 102462	8532	
01429000			*			
01430000	24136	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	LN 1.0001
01431000	24137	004631		OCT 004631	0999	
01432000	24140	050003		OCT 050003	5003	
01433000	24141	031410		OCT 031410	3308	
01434000			*			
01435000	24142	000000		OCT 000000	E0 +	LN 1.00001
01436000	24143	004631		OCT 004631	0999	
01437000	24144	112400		OCT 112400	9500	
01438000	24145	001463		OCT 001463	0333	
01439000			*			
01440000	24146	000000	BETA.	OCT 000000	E0 +	LN 1.000001
01441000	24147	004631		OCT 004631	0999	
01442000	24150	114520		OCT 114520	9950	
01443000	24151	000003		OCT 000003	0003	
01444000			*			
01445000	24152	000000	LN10	OCT 000000	E0 +	LN 10

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A1 OVERHEAD

```

1446000 24153 021402      OCT 021402      2302
1447000 24154 054120      OCT 054120      5850
1448000 24155 111231      OCT 111231      9299 9820 USED 9300 (OCT 111400)
1450000
1451000
1452000
1453000
1454000
1455000

```

```

*****
*
* COMPILE TABLE
*
*****
I* TKN  MNEMONIC
1456000
1457000 24156 003027      OCT 003027      6 23  GRAD  (END)
1458000 24157 003027      OCT 003027      6 23  RAD   (END)
1459000 24160 003027      OCT 003027      6 23  DEG   (END)
1460000 24161 003027      OCT 003027      6 23  UNITS (END)
1461000 24162 003027      OCT 003027      6 23  CSV   (END)
1462000 24163 003011      OCT 003011      6 9   ^      (A)
1463000 24164 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  LOG   (SQR)
1464000 24165 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  TNA   (SQR)
1465000 24166 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  ACS   (SQR)
1466000 24167 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  ASN   (SQR)
1467000 24170 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  COS   (SQR)
1468000 24171 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  SIN   (SQR)
1469000 24172 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  LN    (SQR)
1470000 24173 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  EXP   (SQR)
1471000 24174 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  ATN   (SQR)
1472000 24175 004053      OCT 004053      8 43  TAN   (SQR)
1473000 24176 072141      COMPA DEC 29793   T  A
1474000 24177 067201      DEC 28289   N (1)
1475000 24200 060564      DEC 24948   A  T
1476000 24201 067202      DEC 28290   N (2)
1477000 24202 062570      DEC 25976   E  X
1478000 24203 070203      DEC 28803   P (3)
1479000 24204 066156      DEC 27758   L  N
1480000 24205 102163      DEC -31629  (4) S
1481000 24206 064556      DEC 26990   I  N
1482000 24207 102543      DEC -31389  (5) C
1483000 24210 067563      DEC 28531   O  S
1484000 24211 103141      DEC -31135  (6) A
1485000 24212 071556      DEC 29500   S  N
1486000 24213 103541      DEC -30447  (7) A
1487000 24214 061563      DEC 25457   C  S
1488000 24215 104164      DEC -30604  (8) T
1489000 24216 067136      OCT 67136   N  ^
1490000 24217 104554      DEC -30356  (9) L
1491000 24220 067547      DEC 28519   O  G
1492000 24221 105136      OCT 105136 (10) ^
1493000 24222 105543      OCT 105543 (11) C
1494000 24223 071566      OCT 071566   S  V
1495000 24224 106165      OCT 106165 (12) U
1496000 24225 067151      OCT 067151   N  I
1497000 24226 072163      OCT 072163   T  S
1498000 24227 106544      OCT 106544 (13) D
1499000 24230 062547      OCT 062547   E  G
1500000 24231 107162      OCT 107162 (14) R
1501000 24232 060544      OCT 060544   A  D
1502000 24233 107547      OCT 107547 (15) G
1503000 24234 071141      OCT 071141   H  A
1504000 24235 062220      OCT 062220   D (16)
1505000 24236 100000      OCT 100000   EOT

```

```

*****
*
* MAIN EXECUTION ROUTINE
*
* ON ENTRY: <A> CONTAINS THE ROM'S INTERNAL CODE
*
*****

```

```

1515000
1516000 24237 022757      EXEC A  ADA  EXTBL  ADD THE EXECUTION JUMP TABLE ADDRESS
1517000 24240 100000      LDA  A,I  A = ADDRESS OF THE STATEMENT'S EXECUTION ROUTINE.
1518000 24241 004016      LDB  C    SAVE C IN A TEMPORARY DEDICATED TO ITS USE.
1519000 24242 035727      STH  CTEMP
1520000 24243 140000      JSM  A,I  PERFORM THE STATEMENT EXECUTION
1521000 24244 001727      LDA  CTEMP  RESTORE C
1522000 24245 030016      STA  C
1523000 24246 164366      JMP  ARAP,I  STACK RES ON THE EXEC. STACK & RETURN TO INTERPRETER

```

```

*****
*
* REVERSE COMPILE TABLE
*
*
* MNEMONIC (OPERATOR PRIORITY, CLASS)
*
*****
1525000
1526000
1527000
1528000
1529000
1530000
1531000
1532000
1533000

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: OVERHEAD

01534000	24247	161342	RCOMA	OCT	161342	TAN (14,2)	ATN (14,2)
01535000	24250	161342		OCT	161342	EX (14,2)	LN (14,2)
01536000	24251	161342		OCT	161342	SI (14,2)	COS (14,2)
01537000	24252	161342		OCT	161342	ASN (14,2)	ACS (14,2)
01538000	24253	151342		OCT	151342	TNA (13,2)	LOG (14,2)
01539000	24254	141401		OCT	141401	A (12,3)	CSV (0,1)
01540000	24255	000401		OCT	000401	UNITS (0,1)	DEG (0,1)
01541000	24256	000401		OCT	000401	RAD (0,1)	GRAD (0,1)

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: EXECUTION

```

01543000
01544000
01545000
01546000
01547000
01548000
01549000
01550000 24257 000177 ETAN LDA P0
01551000 24260 031741 TAN1 STA FLAGS SIN(FLAGS=AOP1), COS(FLAGS=AONE), TAN(FLAGS=0)
01552000 24261 000177 LDA P0
01553000 24262 031734 STA EXPL1
01554000 24263 031735 STA SIGN
01555000 24264 042313 JSM GETIA OPI = ARG
01556000 24265 001742 LDA OPIE SAVE THE ORIGINAL MANTISSA SIGN IN (SIGN)
01557000 24266 073202 SLA *+2,C AND MAKE THE ARGUMENT POSITIVE
01558000 24267 045735 ISZ SIGN
01559000 24270 031742 STA OPIE
01560000
01561000 * PRE-SCALE THE ARGUMENT IN THE USER'S UNITS.
01562000
01563000 24271 000145 LDA P2 SET UP CNTR1 FOR TWO PASSES THROUGH THE LOOP
01564000 24272 031737 STA CNTR1 TO REDUCE THE ARGUMENT TO THE FIRST OCTANT
01565000 24273 005042 LDR UNITS
01566000 24274 024145 ADB P2 DETERMINE WHICH SET OF REDUCTION CONSTANTS TO USE.
01567000 24275 035733 TAN2 STB PTR SAVE THE REDUCTION CONSTANT ADDRESS.
01568000 24276 000177 LDA P0
01569000 24277 031736 STA OCTNT CLEAR OCTNT BEFORE REDUCING TO FIRST OCTANT.
01570000 24300 035274 TAN2A STB OPND2
01571000 24301 000336 LDA AOP1
01572000 24302 031273 STA OPND1
01573000 24303 042367 JSM XFRRS FIX FOR BUG SHEET #349.
01574000 24304 140562 JSM ATSU1,I COMPARE OPI (ARGUMENT) WITH THE REDUCTION CONSTANT
01575000 24305 014144 CPB P3
01576000 24306 067332 JMP TAN2B
01577000 24307 000336 LDA AOP1 OPI >= REDUCTION CONSTANT, KEEP REDUCING.
01578000 24310 005733 LDB PTR
01579000 24311 031273 STA OPND1
01580000 24312 035274 STB OPND2
01581000 24313 000177 LDA P0
01582000 24314 140560 JSM ADIV2,I
01583000 24315 001755 LDA RESM3 FIRST PASS REDUCTION TO FULL CIRCLE:
01584000 24316 050170 AND M256 ARG' = ARG - UCV * INT (ARG/UCV)
01585000 24317 031755 STA RESM3
01586000 24320 042350 JSM INRES SECOND PASS REDUCTION TO FIRST OCTANT:
01587000 24321 001753 LDA RESM1 ARG'' = ARG' - FOV * INT (ARG'/FOV)
01588000 24322 170513 SAR 12
01589000 24323 031736 STA OCTNT
01590000 24324 001733 LDA PTR
01591000 24325 042437 JSM AXRES
01592000 24326 042432 JSM OIMRS
01593000 24327 042472 JSM RS.O1 OPI = ARG' OR ARG''
01594000 24330 005733 LDB PTR
01595000 24331 067300 JMP TAN2A GO BACK & COMPARE OPI WITH REDUCTION CONSTANT AGAIN.
01596000 24332 005733 TAN2B LOB PTR OPI < REDUCTION CONSTANT, DON'T NEED TO REDUCE.
01597000 24333 024143 ADB P4
01598000 24334 055737 DSZ CNTR1
01599000 24335 067275 JMP TAN2 LOOP AGAIN IF THIS IS THE FIRST PASS.
01600000
01601000 * CHECK FOR A PI/4 MULTIPLE INSIDE THE UNIT CIRCLE.
01602000
01603000 24336 035733 STB PTR
01604000 24337 001736 LDA OCTNT
01605000 24340 005743 LDR OPIMI IS THE PRE-SCALED ARGUMENT ZERO ?
01606000 24341 076010 R7B TAN3 NO, CONTINUE
01607000 24342 050144 TAN2C AND P3 YES, NOW DETERMINE THE CORRECT RESULT.
01608000 24343 010177 CPA P0
01609000 24344 066355 JMP CLRES OCTANT = 0 OR 4: RESULT = 0
01610000 24345 010145 CPA P2
01611000 24346 067471 JMP E68? OCTANT = 2 OR 6: TRY TO GIVE ERROR 68
01612000 24347 043635 JSM RES=1 OCTANT = 1,3,5,7: RESULT = +/-1
01613000 24350 067457 JMP TAN14 FIND OUT AT TAN14 WHETHER IT SHOULD BE + OR - 1.0
    
```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - AT EXECUTION

```

.614000
.615000
.616000
.617000 24351 073006 TAN3 SLA TAN4 IF OCTANT IS EVEN THEN USE THE ARGUMENT
.618000 24352 001733 LDA PTR WHICH IS IN THE FIRST OCTANT
.619000 24353 020150 ADA M4
.620000 24354 004336 LDB AOP1
.621000 24355 042434 JSM SUB OTHERWISE USE PI/4 - ARGUMENT
.622000 24356 042472 JSM RS.01
.623000
.624000 * CONVERT ARGUMENT TO RADIANS
.625000
.626000 24357 001733 TAN4 LDA PTR
.627000 24360 013014 CPA API/2 IF CURRENT UNITS = RADIANS, NO CONVERSION NEEDED.
.628000 24361 067372 JMP TAN5 SO SKIP THE CONVERSION.
.629000 24362 042457 JSM SFG14 BUG SHEET #1788.
.630000 24363 001733 LDA PTR
.631000 24364 004336 LDB AOP1
.632000 24365 042440 JSM MPY CONVERT TO RADIANS
.633000 24366 042455 JSM RSTFL
.634000 24367 001736 LDA OCTNT *BUG SHEET #15281 THIS CHECKS FOR ZERO AS A
.635000 24370 005753 LDB RESM1 *RESULT OF UNDERFLOW ON CONVERSION TO DEG &
.636000 24371 076451 SZB TAN2C *GRADS TO RADIANS.
.637000
.638000 * START OF ACTUAL TANGENT COMPUTATION.
.639000
.640000 24372 042470 TAN5 JSM RS.A2 AR2 = RES
.641000 24373 000020 LDA AR2E
.642000 24374 072004 RZA TAN7 IS THE EXPONENT = 0 ?
.643000 24375 000164 TAN6 LDA M64 YES, SET THE EXPONENT TO -1
.644000 24376 030020 STA AR2E
.645000 24377 067403 JMP TAN8
.646000 24400 042404 TAN7 JSM RAR21 RIGHT SHIFT AR2 ONE DIGIT
.647000 24401 000020 LDA AR2E
.648000 24402 072473 SZA TAN6 IF THE SHIFT ROUNDED AR2 TO ONE, SET THE EXP. TO -1
.649000 24403 020073 TAN8 ADA P64 SAVE (EXP + 1)
.650000 24404 004000 LDB A
.651000 24405 170405 AAR 6
.652000 24406 020141 ADA P6
.653000 24407 072402 SZA TAN9
.654000 24410 172004 SAP TAN10
.655000 24411 042474 TAN9 JSM RS.02
.656000 24412 042512 JSM OP1=1
.657000 24413 067442 JMP TAN11
.658000 24414 035734 TAN10 STB EXP&1
.659000 24415 031737 STA CNTR1 SAVE THE COUNT FOR "PHASE I"
.660000 24416 031740 STA LOOP# SAVE THE COUNT FOR "PHASE II"
.661000 24417 170601 SAL 2
.662000 24420 170040 TCA COMPUTE THE ADDRESS OF THE FIRST TRIG CONSTANT TO USE
.663000 24421 023007 ADA ABETA
.664000 24422 031733 STA PTR
.665000 24423 042514 JSM PH1 CALL "PHASE I"
.666000 24424 002722 LDA CDC
.667000 24425 030016 STA C
.668000 24426 002521 LDA CMY
.669000 24427 030017 STA D
.670000 24430 000135 LDA P10
.671000 24431 004146 LDB M2
.672000 24432 055726 DSZ DIGIT
.673000 24433 042543 JSM PH2 CALL "PHASE II"
.674000 24434 042466 JSM O2.A2 AR2 = OP2
.675000 24435 042700 JSM PH3.E GET EXPONENT FOR Z
.676000 24436 042507 JSM A2.O2 OP2 = AR2
.677000 24437 042464 JSM O1.A2 AR2 = OP1
.678000 24440 042700 JSM PH3.E
.679000 24441 042504 JSM A2.O1
.680000 24442 001736 TAN11 LDA OCTNT
.681000 24443 170500 SAR 1
.682000 24444 021736 ADA OCTNT
.683000 24445 073007 SLA TAN12
.684000 24446 001734 LDA EXP&1 TAN = X/Y
.685000 24447 170040 TCA
.686000 24450 031734 STA EXP&1
.687000 24451 000336 LDA AOP1
.688000 24452 004337 LDB AOP2
.689000 24453 067456 JMP TAN13
.690000 24454 000337 TAN12 LDA AOP2 TAN = Y/X
.691000 24455 004336 LDB AOP1
.692000 24456 042443 TAN13 JSM DVD
.693000 24457 001736 TAN14 LDA OCTNT OCTNT<1> = 1 IMPLIES QUADRANTS II OR IV.
.694000 24460 170500 SAR 1
.695000 24461 073002 SLA TAN15
.696000 24462 045735 ISZ SIGN
.697000 24463 001735 TAN15 LDA SIGN
.698000 24464 050254 AND P1

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MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: EXECUTION

```

01699000 24465 061734 IOR EXP&1
01700000 24466 021752 ADA RESE
01701000 24467 031752 TAN16 STA RESE
01702000 24470 170201 HET 1
01704000
01705000 * SIN, COS, OR TAN ARGUMENT LIES ON THE Y-AXIS.
01706000
01707000 24471 005741 E687 LDB FLAGS
01708000 24472 076412 SZB E68 TAN BEING CALCULATED ?
01709000 24473 054003 USZ R NO, SIN OR COS. RETURN TO EXECA. NOT SIN1.
01710000 24474 014172 CPB AONE COS BEING CALCULATED ?
01711000 24475 066355 RES=0 JMP CLRES YES, COS(90) = COS(270) = 0
01712000 24476 043635 JSM RES=1 NO, SIN.
01713000 24477 001736 LDA OCTNT
01714000 24500 170501 SAR 2
01715000 24501 021735 ADA SIGN CALCULATE THE CORRECT SIGN FOR SIN.
01716000 24502 050254 AND P1
01717000 24503 067467 JMP TAN16
01718000
01719000 * ERROR 68: TAN (N*PI/2), N ODD. DEG, RAD, OR GRAD.
01720000
01721000 24504 005735 E68 LDB SIGN
01722000 24505 042373 JSM STMAX RES = +/-9.999999999999 E 511
01723000 24506 140546 JSM ARERR,I
01724000 24507 033070 ASC 1.68
01726000
01727000 *****
01728000
01729000 * ATN EXECUTION
01730000
01731000 *****
01732000
01733000 24510 043512 EATN JSM ATN0 CALCULATE ATN IN RADIANS, LEAVE ANSWER IN RES
01734000 24511 066315 JMP CTOCU CONVERT TO CURRENT UNITS

01736000 24512 140552 ATN0 JSM AGET1,I GET THE ARGUMENT IN FULL PRECISION
01737000 24513 024254 ADB P1 IS THE ARGUMENT 0 ?
01738000 24514 100001 LDA B,I
01739000 24515 072460 SZA RES=0 YES, ATN 0 = 0.
01740000 24516 101273 ATN1 LDA OPND1,I SAVE THE EXPONENT WORD
01741000 24517 031735 STA SIGN
01742000 24520 172431 SAM ATN2. IF THE EXPONENT IS POSITIVE
01743000 24521 005273 LDB OPND1 LET ARG = 1 / ARG
01744000 24522 042226 JSM ONE/B
01745000 24523 000340 LDA ARE5
01746000 24524 031273 STA OPND1 UPDATE THE OPND1 ADDRESS
01747000 24525 101273 ATN2 LDA OPND1,I SAVE THE EXPONENT
01748000 24526 172423 SAM ATN2.
01749000 24527 001042 LDA UNITS ARGUMENT = +1 OR -1 EXACTLY. (1/1 = 1)
01750000 24530 020141 ADA P6
01751000 24531 054003 DSZ R CANCEL RETURN FROM CALL TO ATN0.
01752000 24532 043630 JSM ATN7
01753000 24533 001735 LDA SIGN
01754000 24534 073007 SLA ATNRT
01755000 24535 001727 LDA CTEMP
01756000 24536 030016 STA C
01757000 24537 074760 WBC A,D
01758000 24540 074760 WBC A,D
01759000 24541 010137 CPA P8 ACS ?
01760000 24542 067544 JMP *+2 YES.
01761000 24543 170201 ATNRT RFT 1
01762000 24544 004147 LDB M3
01763000 24545 140563 JSM AFLTP,I
01764000 24546 042504 JSM A2.01
01765000 24547 000340 LDA ARE5
01766000 24550 066440 JMP MPY
01767000 24551 170405 ATN2. AAR 6
01768000 24552 031734 STA EXP&1
01769000 24553 020142 ADA P5 IF THE EXPONENT IS LESS THAN -5, GO TO ATN4.
01770000 24554 172007 SAP ATN3
01771000 24555 001273 LDA OPND1
01772000 24556 042505 JSM XFRO1
01773000 24557 001742 LDA OP1E FIX FOR BUG SHEET # 572
01774000 24560 050146 AND M2
01775000 24561 031742 STA OP1E OP1 = ABS(ARGUMENT)
01776000 24562 067616 JMP ATN4
01777000 24563 000335 ATN3 LDA ADSTK CLEAR THE DIGIT STACK (Q0-Q12) TO ZERO
01778000 24564 071614 CLP 13
01779000 24565 020133 ADA P12 INITIALIZE THE DIGIT STACK POINTER

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MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: EXECUTION

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780000 24566 031726 STA DIGIT
781000 24567 004132 LDB P13
782000 24570 035740 STB LOOP#
783000 24571 001273 LDA OPND1
784000 24572 042510 JSM XFR02 SET Y0 = ARGUMENT
785000 24573 002521 LDA CMY
786000 24574 030016 STA C
787000 24575 002722 LDA CDC
788000 24576 030017 STA D
789000 24577 001734 LDA EXP&1 A = -2*EXP&1
790000 24600 170600 SAL 1
791000 24601 170040 TCA
792000 24602 004145 LDB P2 B = 2
793000 24603 042543 JSM PH2 CALL "PHASE II"
794000 24604 001734 LDA EXP&1
795000 24605 170040 TCA
796000 24606 020140 ADA P7
797000 24607 007010 LDB ALFAA
798000 24610 042635 JSM PH3 CALL "PHASE III"
799000 24611 001734 LDA EXP&1
800000 24612 170605 SAL 6
801000 24613 020020 ADA AR2E
802000 24614 030020 STA AR2E
803000 24615 042504 JSM A2.01 OP1 = AR2
804000 24616 001735 ATN4 LDA SIGN
805000 24617 172410 SAM ATN6
806000 24620 003014 LDA API/2
807000 24621 042434 JSUB JSM SUB
808000 24622 001735 ATN5 LDA SIGN
809000 24623 050254 AND P1
810000 24624 061752 IOR RESE
811000 24625 031752 STA RESE
812000 24626 170201 RET 1
813000 24627 000336 ATN6 LDA AOP1 RES = OP1
814000 24630 042367 ATN7 JSM XFRRS
815000 24631 067622 JMP ATN5
817000 *
818000 *
819000 *
820000 * EXP EXECUTION
821000 *
822000 *
823000 *
824000 24632 042313 FEXP JSM GET1A OP1 = ARG
825000 24633 001743 EXP0 LDA OPI1 IS THE ARGUMENT ZERO ?
826000 24634 072003 RZA EXP2
827000 24635 000172 EXP1 LDA AONE YES, EXP(0) = 1
828000 24636 066367 JMP XFRRS
829000 *
830000 * EXP1 AND EXP1+1 ARE ALSO USED AS "RES=1".
831000 *
832000 24637 001742 EXP2 LDA OPIE SAVE EXPONENT AND MANTISSA SIGN
833000 24640 031735 STA SIGN
834000 24641 073201 SLA *+1,C CLEAR THE MANTISSA SIGN AND RESTORE IT.
835000 24642 031742 STA OPIE
836000 24643 004177 LDB P0 CLEAR THE EXPONENT STORAGE WORD
837000 24644 035734 STB EXP&1
838000 24645 170405 AAR 6 MAKE THE EXPONENT AN INTEGER WORD
839000 24646 172007 SAP EXP3 IS THE EXPONENT NEGATIVE ?
840000 24647 170040 TCA YES
841000 24650 004000 LDB A
842000 24651 024255 ADB M12
843000 24652 176063 SBP EXP1 IF ABS(ARG) < 1E-11, RETURN 1 AS THE RESULT
844000 24653 042464 JSM O1.A2 AR2 = OP1
845000 24654 067710 JMP EXP6
846000 24655 020150 EXP3 ADA M4 IS THE ARGUMENT >= 10,000.?
847000 24656 172411 SAM EXP5 NO, CONTINUE.
848000 24657 001735 LDA SIGN YES, OVERFLOW OR UNDERFLOW HAS OCCURRED.
849000 24660 073404 EXP4 RLA E77 GIVE THE PROPER DEFAULT VALUE.
850000 24661 042372 E76 JSM STMAX-1 OVERFLOW! RES=9.9999999999 E511
851000 24662 140546 JSM ARERR,I
852000 24663 033466 ASC 1,76
853000 24664 042355 E77 JSM CLRES UNDERFLOW! RES=0
854000 24665 140546 JSM ARERR,I
855000 24666 033467 ASC 1,77
856000 *
857000 * PRESCALE ARGUMENT TO THE RANGE [1, LN 10]
858000 *
859000 24667 000336 EXP5 LDA AOP1
860000 24670 042145 JSM LOG2 RES = ARG / LN10
861000 24671 042350 JSM INRES RES = INT. (ARG / LN10)
862000 24672 000340 LDA ARES
863000 24673 040644 JSM FIXPT CONVERT TO AN INTEGER FOR THE EXPONENT OF THE RESULT.
864000 24674 043750 JSM EXSUB MAKE SURE IT IS A VALID EXPONENT.
865000 24675 067657 JMP EXP4-1 P+1: EXPONENT OUT OF RANGE.

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MATH OPTION BLOCK - A1 EXECUTION

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01866000 24676 035734 STB EXP61 P+2: IN RANGE, USE LATER AS EXPONENT OF RESULT.
01867000 24677 003012 LDA ALN10
01868000 24700 042437 JSM AXRES RES = LN10 * INT(ARG/LN10)
01869000 24701 000336 LDA AOP1
01870000 24702 042433 JSM AMRES RES = ARG - LN10 * INT(ARG/LN10)
01871000 24703 042470 JSM RS.A2 AR2 = RES
01872000 24704 042422 JSM ZAR2 IF THE FRACTIONAL PART OF THE POWER IS ZERO
01873000 24705 067710 JMP EXP6 THEN SET RES=1 AND CONTINUE AT EXP9.
01874000 24706 043635 JSM RES=1
01875000 24707 067741 JMP EXP9
01876000
01877000 * COMPUTE EXP (1, LN 10)
01878000
01879000 24710 004020 EXP6 LDB AR2E
01880000 24711 176004 SRP EXP7 IF EXPONENT = 0, DON'T SHIFT
01881000 24712 174405 ABR 6
01882000 24713 174040 TCB IF EXPONENT < 0, RIGHT SHIFT -EXPONENT DIGITS
01883000 24714 042405 JSM RAR2H AND ROUND
01884000 24715 003007 EXP7 LDA ABETA
01885000 24716 031733 STA PTR
01886000 24717 000141 LDA P6
01887000 24720 031737 STA CNTR1
01888000 24721 042514 JSM PH1 CALL "PHASE I"
01889000 24722 000140 LDA P7 TRANSFER D1-D7 OF AR2 TO Q6-Q12
01890000 24723 031737 STA CNTR1
01891000 24724 004254 LDB P1
01892000 24725 075541 EXP8 MLY SHIFT OUT A DIGIT
01893000 24726 131726 STA DIGIT,I STORE IT IN THE NEXT QJ
01894000 24727 045726 ISZ DIGIT BUMP THE QJ POINTER
01895000 24730 055737 USZ CNTR1 MOVE TO TRANSFER ?
01896000 24731 067725 JMP EXP8 YES.
01897000 24732 000172 LDA AONE NO, CONTINUE TO PREPARE FOR "PHASE IV"
01898000 24733 042477 JSM XFRA2 AR2 = 1
01899000 24734 000133 LDA P12 TWOJ INITIAL VALUE
01900000 24735 004257 LDB M1 DJ INITIAL VALUE
01901000 24736 055726 USZ DIGIT
01902000 24737 042705 JSM PH4 CALL "PHASE IV"
01903000 24740 042366 JSM A2.RS RES = AR2
01904000 24741 001734 EXP9 LDA EXP61
01905000 24742 031752 STA RESE PUT THE PROPER EXPONENT ON IT
01906000 24743 001735 LDA SIGN
01907000 24744 073003 SLA EXP10
01908000 24745 004340 LDB ARS RES = 1 / RES
01909000 24746 042226 JSM ONE/B
01910000 24747 170201 EXP10 RET 1

01912000
01913000 *
01914000 *****
01915000 * EXSUB: SUBROUTINE USED BY EXP AND TNA
01916000 *
01917000 *****
01918000 *
01919000 24750 000001 EXSUB LDA B
01920000 24751 172402 SAM *+2
01921000 24752 170040 TCA
01922000 24753 020042 ADA P511 ABS(B) > 511 ?
01923000 24754 172473 SAM EXP10 INVALID EXPONENT, RETURN P+1.
01924000 24755 174605 SRL 6 VALID EXPONENT RANGE, POSITION B AS AN EXPONENT.
01925000 24756 170202 RET 2
01927000
01928000 *
01929000 *****
01930000 * LN EXECUTION
01931000 *
01932000 *****
01933000 *
01934000 24757 140552 ELN JSM AGET1,I FETCH THE ARGUMENT
01935000 24760 001273 LNV LDA OPND1
01936000 24761 042477 JSM XFHA2 AR2 = ARGUMENT
01937000 24762 000020 LDA AR2E IF THE ARGUMENT < 0, GIVE ERROR 69
01938000 24763 073203 SLA LN1,C
01939000 24764 042022 JSM E69 TRY TO GIVE ERROR 69, DEFAULT VALUE IS LN(ABS(ARG))
01940000 24765 000020 LDA AR2E
01941000 24766 031734 LN1 STA EXP61 SAVE THE EXPONENT WORD IN EXP61
01942000 24767 000021 LDA AR2M1 IF THE ARGUMENT = 0, GIVE ERROR 70
01943000 24770 072005 RZA LN2
01944000
01945000 * ERROR 70: LN(0) OR LOG(0)
01946000 *
01947000 24771 004254 E70 LDB P1 LN(0) OR LOG(0) = - 9.9999999999 E 511
01948000 24772 042373 JSM STMAX

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MATH OPTION BLOCK - A1 EXECUTION

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01949000 24773 140546 JSM ARERR,I ERROR 70: LN(0) OR LOG(0)
01950000 24774 033460 ASC 1,70
01951000 24775 000335 LN2 LDA ADSTK CLEAR THE DIGIT STACK AND INITIALIZE THE
01952000 24776 071614 CLR 13 DIGIT STACK POINTER
01953000 24777 020133 ADA P12
01954000 25000 031726 STA DIGIT
01955000 25001 000177 LDA P0
01956000 25002 004254 LDB P1
01957000 25003 042705 JSM PH4 CALL "PHASE IV"
01958000 25004 000140 LDA P7
01959000 25005 007011 LDB BETAA
01960000 25006 042635 JSM PH3 CALL "PHASE III"
01961000 25007 042504 JSM A2.01 OPI = AR2 = LN(ARGUMENT MANTISSA)
01962000 25010 005734 LDB EXP&1
01963000 25011 174405 ABR 6
01964000 25012 024254 ADB P1
01965000 25013 140563 JSM AFLTP,I AR2 = FLOATING POINT EQUIVALENT OF (EXP&1 * 1)
01966000 25014 003012 LDA ALN10
01967000 25015 004127 LDB AR2A
01968000 25016 042440 JSM MPY RES = (EXP&1 * 1) * LN10
01969000 25017 000340 LDA ARES
01970000 25020 004336 LDB AOP1
01971000 25021 066434 JMP SUB RES = ((EXP&1 * 1)*LN(10)) - LN(ARGUMENT MANTISSA)
01972000 *
01973000 * ERROR 69: LN OR LOG OF A NEGATIVE NUMBER
01974000 *
01975000 25022 030020 E69 STA AR2E SET UP THE DEFAULT RESULT AS LN(ABS(ARG))
01976000 25023 140546 JSM ARERR,I
01977000 25024 033071 ASC 1,69
01979000 *
01980000 *
01981000 *
01982000 * COS EXECUTION
01983000 *
01984000 *
01985000 *
01986000 25025 000172 ECUS LDA AONE SET UP A FOR CALCULATION OF COSINE.
01987000 25026 066030 JMP SIN1 ENTER THE SINE ROUTINE

01989000 *
01990000 *
01991000 *
01992000 * SIN EXECUTION
01993000 *
01994000 *
01995000 *
01996000 25027 000336 ESIN LDA AOP1 SET UP A FOR CALCULATION OF SINE.
01997000 25030 043260 SIN1 JSM TAN1 SAVE A IN A TEMPORARY FLAG AND CALCULATE THE TANGENT
01998000 25031 042457 JSM SFG14 SAVE THE USER'S FLAGS AND SET FLAG 14
01999000 25032 001741 LDA FLAG5 SIN = TAN / SQRT(1 + TAN*TAN)
02000000 25033 007013 LDB JADD COS = 1 / SQRT(1 + TAN*TAN)
02001000 25034 042323 JSM PYTHA
02002000 25035 001752 LDA RESE
02003000 25036 170405 AAR 6 FIXED IN MOBA #1191
02004000 25037 010177 CPA P0 EXPONENT=0? (IMPLIES RES=1 OR RES=0)
02005000 25040 031755 STA RESM3 YES, FORCE THE LAST 4 DIGITS TO BE ZERO.
02006000 25041 042455 JSM RSTFL RESTORE THE USER'S FLAGS.
02007000 25042 001753 LDA RESM1
02008000 25043 072413 SZA SIN2
02009000 25044 001736 LDA OCTNT GET THE QUADRANT FROM THE OCTANT INFORMATION.
02010000 25045 170500 SAR 1
02011000 25046 010177 CPA P0
02012000 25047 170201 RET 1 IF THE ARGUMENT WAS IN QUADRANT I, RETURN
02013000 25050 010144 CPA P3
02014000 25051 170201 RET 1 IF THE ARGUMENT WAS IN QUADRANT IV, RETURN
02015000 25052 001752 LDA RESE OTHERWISE THE ARGUMENT WAS IN QUADRANTS II OR III
02016000 25053 071302 SLA **2,S AND THE SIGN OF THE RESULT NEEDS TO BE CHANGED.
02017000 25054 073201 SLA **1,C
02018000 25055 031752 STA RESE
02019000 25056 170201 SIN2 RET 1
02021000 *
02022000 *
02023000 *
02024000 * ACS EXECUTION
02025000 *
02026000 *
02027000 *
02028000 25057 042065 EACS JSM ASN1 CALCULATE RES = ASN (ARG)
02029000 25060 003014 LDA API/2 ACS = PI/2 - ASN (ARG)
02030000 25061 042433 JSM AMRES
02031000 25062 066315 JMP CTOCU CONVERT THE RESULT TO CURRENT UNITS

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MATH OPTION BLOCK - A1 EXECUTION

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02033000 *
02034000 *****
02035000 *
02036000 * ASN EXECUTION
02037000 *
02038000 *****
02039000 *
02040000 25063 042065 EASN JSM ASN1 CALCULATE RES = ASN (ARG) = ATN (ARG/SQR(1-ARG*ARG))
02041000 25064 066315 JMP CTOCU CONVERT THE RESULT TO CURRENT UNITS
02042000 *
02043000 25065 042313 ASN1 JSM GET1A FETCH THE ARGUMENT
02044000 25066 042367 JSM XFRRS RES = ARG
02045000 25067 042457 JSM SFG14 SET FLAG 14 FOR POSSIBLE 1/0 IN PYTHA
02046000 25070 000336 LDA AOP1
02047000 25071 007621 LDB JSUB
02048000 25072 042323 JSM PYTHA RES = ARG/SQR(1-ARG*ARG)
02049000 25073 042455 JSM RSTFL RESTORE THE USER'S FLAGS
02050000 25074 042472 JSM RS.01 OPI = RES
02051000 25075 035273 STB OPND1 SET OPND1 TO NEW ARGUMENT ADDRESS
02052000 25076 067513 JMP ATN0+1 ENTER ATN ROUTINE JUST AFTER THE ARG HAS BEEN FETCHED
02054000 *
02055000 *****
02056000 *
02057000 * TN^ EXECUTION
02058000 *
02059000 *****
02060000 *
02061000 25077 043635 ETNA JSM RES=1 ASSUME THAT THE POWER IS AN INTEGER (SAVES WORDS)
02062000 25100 042313 JSM GET1A OPI = ARG. CONVERT THE ARG TO INTEGER FORMAT IN B.
02063000 25101 040644 JSM FIXPT ON RETURN: AR2 = FRACTIONAL PART OF ARG.
02064000 25102 042422 JSM ZAR2 WAS THERE A FRACTIONAL PART ?
02065000 25103 066113 JMP TN^4 YES, COMPUTE TN^(ARG) = EXP(ARG*LN10)
02066000 *
02067000 * COMPUTE TN^(INTEGER) OR 1E-511 < ABS(ARG) < 1E11
02068000 *
02069000 25104 173003 SOC TN^2 CHECK FOR OVERFLOW ON CONVERSION TO INTEGER.
02070000 25105 101273 TN^1 LDA OPND1,I A = MANTISSA SIGN OF POWER.
02071000 25106 067660 JMP EXP4 GIVE APPROPRIATE RESULT.
02072000 25107 043750 TN^2 JSM EXSUB CHECK B FOR BEING A VALID EXPONENT.
02073000 25110 066105 JMP TN^1 P+1: OUT OF RANGE, GIVE PROPER DEFAULT.
02074000 25111 035752 STB RESE P+2: EXPONENT IN RANGE. PUT IT ON A MANTISSA OF 1
02075000 25112 170201 TN^3 RET 1
02076000 *
02077000 * COMPUTE EXP(ARG*LN10) 1E-511 < ABS(ARG) < 1E11
02078000 *
02079000 25113 001273 TN^4 LDA OPND1
02080000 25114 007012 LDB ALN10
02081000 25115 042440 JSM MPY RES = ARG * LN10
02082000 25116 042472 TN^5 JSM RS.01 USE OPI AS THE ARGUMENT FOR EXP.
02083000 25117 067633 JMP EXPO LET EXPO FINISH THE TASK.
02085000 *
02086000 *****
02087000 *
02088000 * LOG EXECUTION
02089000 *
02090000 *****
02091000 *
02092000 25120 140552 EL06 JSM AGET1,I FETCH THE ARGUMENT
02093000 25121 024254 ADB P1
02094000 25122 100001 LDA B,I
02095000 25123 010177 CPA P0 IF THE ARGUMENT IS ZERO, GIVE ERROR 70.
02096000 25124 067771 JMP E70 HUG SHEET #1787. (LOG(0)=-4.34E511)
02097000 25125 170040 TCA
02098000 25126 020175 ADA BCD1
02099000 25127 024254 ADB P1
02100000 25130 160001 IOR B,I
02101000 25131 024254 ADB P1
02102000 25132 160001 IOR B,I
02103000 25133 072010 RZA LOG1 IS THE MANTISSA EXACTLY 1 ?
02104000 25134 105273 LDB OPND1,I YES, RETURN THE ARGUMENT'S EXPONENT AS THE RESULT
02105000 25135 174405 ABR 6
02106000 25136 140563 JSM AFLTP,I CONVERT THE EXP. TO A FLOATING POINT NUMBER IN AR2
02107000 25137 042366 JSM A2.RS RES = AR2
02108000 25140 101273 LDA OPND1,I WAS THE ARGUMENT < 0 ?
02109000 25141 073051 SLA TN^3
02110000 25142 066022 JMP E69 YES, TRY TO GIVE AN ERROR 69
02111000 25143 043760 LOG1 JSM LNO CALCULATE LN(ARG)
02112000 25144 000340 LDA ARES LOG(ARG) = LN(ARG) / LN(10)
02113000 25145 007012 LOG2 LDB ALN10
02114000 25146 066443 JMP DVD LET DVD FINISH THE TASK.
02116000 *
02117000 *****
02118000 *
02119000 * ^ EXECUTION
02120000 *

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MATH OPTION BLOCK - A1 EXECUTION

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2121000 * THE BASIC STANDARD (DOC.NO. X3J2/74) HAS RESOLVED: 0A0 = 1
2122000 * THE 9820/21 RETURNS 0
2123000 * THE 9830 GIVES ERROR 53
2124000 * THIS ROUTINE RETURNS 1 AS ITS DEFAULT VALUE
2125000 * AFTER TRYING TO GIVE ERROR 73.
2126000 *
2127000 ******
2128000 *
2129000 EA LDA P0
2130000 25147 000177 STA FLAGS CLEAR THE RESULT MANTISSA SIGN TEMPORARY.
2131000 25150 031741 JSM AGET2,I FETCH THE BASE AND POWER
2132000 25151 140553 LDA OPND2
2133000 25152 001274 STA OCTNT SAVE OPND2 DURING LNO
2134000 25153 031736 LDA OPND1
2135000 25154 001273 JSM XFR01 OP1 = BASE
2136000 25155 042505 STH OPND1 OPND1 = AOP1
2137000 25156 034273 LDA OP1M1 IS THE BASE ZERO ?
2138000 25157 001743 RZA A2 NO, CONTINUE
2139000 25160 072010 LDB OPND2,I YES, CHECK THE MANTISSA SIGN OF THE POWER.
2140000 25161 105274 SLB A1
2141000 25162 077002 JMP E76 POWER < 0, ERROR 76: DEFAULT = +9.9999999999 E511
2142000 25163 067661 ISZ OPND2
2143000 25164 045274 A1 CPA OPND2,I
2144000 25165 111274 JMP E73 POWER=0, 0A0 IS AN ERROR AS OF 7/28/75, CHECK FLG 14
2145000 25166 066750 JMP CLRES POWER > 0: RETURN 0
2146000 *
2147000 A2 LDA AONE OP2=1, OP1=BASE (FROM ABOVE)
2148000 25170 000172 JSM XFR02
2149000 25171 042510 LDA OPND2
2150000 25172 001274 JSM FIXPT B = POWER
2151000 25173 040644 SOS *+2 INTEGER OVERFLOW, USE EXP(POWER*LN(BASE))
2152000 25174 173402 JSM ZAR2 IS THE POWER AN INTEGER NUMBER ?
2153000 25175 042422 JMP A6 NO, THERE IS A FRAC. PART, USE EXP(POWER*LN(BASE))
2154000 25176 066234 STB FLAGS YES, IT IS AN INTEGER. SAVE IT IN FLAGS UNTIL LATER
2155000 25177 035741 SRP *+2 (THIS PIECE HAS BEEN TESTED FOR POWER = -32768)
2156000 25200 176002 TCB [(.999A(-32768)) = 1/((.999A16384)*A2)]
2157000 25201 174040 STB OCTNT OCTNT = ABS(POWER)
2158000 25202 035736 A3 SLB A4 IF BIT N IS ONE MULTIPLY THE ACCUMULATOR (OP2)
2159000 25203 077005 LDA AOP1 BY BASE*(2^N).
2160000 25204 000336 LDB AOP2
2161000 25205 004337 JSM MPY
2162000 25206 042440 JSM RS.02
2163000 25207 042474 LDA OCTNT SHIFT THE POWER RIGHT TO THE NEXT BIT POSITION
2164000 25210 001736 SAR 1 AND EXIT THE LOOP IF NO BITS REMAIN SET.
2165000 25211 170500 STA OCTNT
2166000 25212 031736 SZA A5 OTHERWISE,
2167000 25213 072407 LDA AOP1 UPDATE THE BASE REGISTER.
2168000 25214 000336 LDB AOP1 OP1 = OP1 * OP1
2169000 25215 004336 JSM MPY
2170000 25216 042440 JSM RS.01
2171000 25217 042472 LDB OCTNT RECALL THE POWER AND KEEP LOOPING.
2172000 25220 005736 JMP A3
2173000 25221 066203 A5 LDA AOP2
2174000 25222 000337 JSM XFRRS RES = OP2
2175000 25223 042367 LDA FLAGS IF THE ORIGINAL POWER WAS POSITIVE, RES CONTAINS THE
2176000 25224 001741 SAP ARET CORRECT ANSWER. OTHERWISE RETURN 1/RES AS THE RESULT
2177000 25225 172033 ONE/B LDA B,I IF THE DIVISOR HAS AN EXPONENT OF -512 IT WOULD
2178000 25226 100001 AND M64 UNDERFLOW TO ZERO, SO 1/0 GENERATES ERROR 76
2179000 25227 050164 CPA FLAG WITH A DEFAULT OF +9.9999999999 E511.
2180000 25230 010263 JMP E76
2181000 25231 067661 LDA AONE IF NOT, RES = 1/<B>
2182000 25232 000172 JMP DVD
2183000 *
2184000 * CALCULATE EXP(POWER*LN(BASE))
2185000 *
2186000 25234 005742 A6 LDB OPIE
2187000 25235 077211 SLB A7,C IS THE BASE POSITIVE ?
2188000 25236 035742 STB OPIE NO, MAKE THE BASE POSITIVE
2189000 25237 001274 LDA OPND2 AND MAKE SURE THE POWER IS AN INTEGER
2190000 25240 040644 JSM FIXPT B=INT(POWER), PARITY ONLY, AR2=FRAC(POWER)
2191000 25241 000001 LDA B IF THE POWER WAS ODD, THE FINAL RESULT WILL BE
2192000 25242 050254 AND P1 NEGATIVE (IF ERROR 72 DOESN'T OCCUR). FLAGS
2193000 25243 031741 STA FLAGS CONTAINS THE PROPER MANTISSA SIGN FOR THE RESULT.
2194000 25244 042422 JSM ZAR2 IS AR2 = 0 ?
2195000 25245 042753 JSM E72 NO, ISSUE AN ERROR MESSAGE IF FLAG 14 = 0
2196000 25246 043760 A7 JSM LNO YES, IRET 2 FROM ZAR2, BASE > 0, RES = LN(BASE)
2197000 *
2198000 * BUG SHEET #1758: (TNA(-200))^(TNA510) GIVES ERROR 76, OVERFLOW.
2199000 * BECAUSE POWER*LN10 OVERFLOWS HERE. COULD USE SFG14 & RSTFL
2200000 * AROUND THE <LDA OCTNT, JSM AXRES> TO IGNORE THE OVERFLOW BUT WE
2201000 * DECIDED NOT TO FIX IT. SO CLOSE TO RELEASE.
2202000 *
2203000 25247 001736 LDA OCTNT RECALL OPND2.
2204000 25250 042437 JSM AXRES RES = POWER * LN(BASE)
2205000 25251 042116 JSM TNA5

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: EXECUTION

```

02206000 25252 001753 LDA RESM1 IF THE MANTISSA IS ZERO DON'T MAKE IT NEGATIVE.
02207000 25253 010177 CPA P0 BUG SHEET #1775
02208000 25254 066355 JMP CLRES RES = 0
02209000 25255 001752 LDA RESE
02210000 25256 061741 IOR FLAGS PUT THE PROPER SIGN ON THE RESULT.
02211000 25257 031752 STA RESE
02212000 25260 170201 AHET RET 1

02214000 REP 2
25261 000000 OCT 0 WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
02215000 25262 000000 OCT 0 WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
02217000 *
02218000 * *****
02219000 *
02220000 * CSV EXECUTION = CLEAR ALL ALLOCATED SIMPLE VARIABLES
02221000 *
02222000 * *****
02223000 *
02224000 25263 000276 ECSV LDA ADVTB
02225000 25264 031733 STA PTR PTR = ADDRESS OF THE SIMPLE VARIABLE TABLE
02226000 25265 000122 LDA P26
02227000 25266 031737 STA CNTR1 CNTR1 = 26 (LENGTH OF THE SIMPLE VARIABLE TABLE)
02228000 25267 101733 CSV1 LDA PTR,1 A = ADDRESS OF THE NEXT SIMPLE VARIABLE
02229000 25270 072402 SZA CSV2 IF A = 01 THE VARIABLE IS NOT ALLOCATED
02230000 25271 071603 CLR 4 IT IS ALLOCATED SO CLEAR IT.
02231000 25272 045733 CSV2 ISZ PTR BUMP THE SIMPLE VARIABLE TABLE POINTER
02232000 25273 055737 USZ CNTR1 ANOTHER VARIABLE TO BE PROCESSED ?
02233000 25274 066267 JMP CSV1 YES
02234000 25275 170201 RET 1 NO, RETURN

02236000 *
02237000 * *****
02238000 *
02239000 * UNITS EXECUTION
02240000 *
02241000 * *****
02242000 *
02243000 25276 140450 EUNIT JSM ACLBI,I CLEAR THE I/O BUFFER TO BLANKS
02244000 25277 001042 LDA UNITS TRANSFER THE CURRENT UNITS MESSAGE TO THE I/O BUFFER
02245000 25300 004313 LDB AIBUF
02246000 25301 071401 XFR 2
02247000 25302 140433 JSM ALDSP,I DISPLAY THE I/O BUFFER.
02248000 25303 164436 JMP AEON,I CHECK FOR PRINT-ALL, IMPLIED RETURN.

02250000 *
02251000 * *****
02252000 *
02253000 * DEG, RAD, GRAD EXECUTION
02254000 *
02255000 * *****
02256000 *
02257000 25304 003015 EDEG LDA DEG SET DEGREES (ALSO USED FOR INITIALIZATION)
02258000 25305 066311 JMP GRAD1
02259000 25306 003053 ERAD LDA RAD SET RADIANS
02260000 25307 066311 JMP GRAD1
02261000 25310 003034 EGHAD LDA GRAD SET GRADS
02262000 25311 031042 GHAD1 STA UNITS AS THE CURRENT UNITS AND
02263000 25312 170201 RET 1 RETURN WITHOUT DISPLAYING CURRENT UNITS.

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: UTILITY ROUTINES

```

02265000 *
02266000 * *****
02267000 *
02268000 * GET1A: THIS SUBROUTINE SAVES 4-6 WORDS
02269000 *
02270000 * EXIT CONDITIONS:
02271000 * OPI = ARGUMENT
02272000 * A = OPND1
02273000 * B = AOPI
02274000 *
02275000 * *****
02276000 *
02277000 25313 140552 GET1A JSM AGET1,I FETCH THE ARGUMENT
02278000 25314 066505 JMP XFR01 OPI = ARGUMENT

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A1 UTILITY ROUTINES

```

02280000 *
02281000 *****
02282000 *
02283000 * CTOCU - CONVERT RES TO CURRENT UNITS
02284000 *
02285000 * ENTRY: RES IS IN RADIANS
02286000 * EXIT: RES IS IN CURRENT UNITS
02287000 *
02288000 * THIS IS A THIRD LEVEL SUBROUTINE
02289000 * EXTERNALS: DVD
02290000 *
02291000 *****
02292000 *
02293000 25315 005042 CTOCU LDB UNITS
02294000 25316 017053 CPB RAD IF CURRENT UNITS = RADIANS, NO CONVERSION NEEDED.
02295000 25317 170201 RET 1 SO SKIP THE CONVERSION
02296000 25320 000340 LDA ARES
02297000 25321 024135 ADB P10
02298000 25322 066443 JMP DVD
02300000 *
02301000 *****
02302000 *
02303000 * PYTHA - RES = ((RES) OR (1)) / SQRT(1 +/- RES*RES)
02304000 *
02305000 * ENTRY: RES = ARGUMENT
02306000 *
02307000 * SIN: A=AOP1 B=JADD
02308000 * COS: A=AONE B=JADD
02309000 * ASN: A=AOP1 B=JSUB
02310000 * ACS: A=AOP1 B=JSUB
02311000 *
02312000 * THIS IS A THIRD LEVEL SUBROUTINE
02313000 * TEMPORARIES: C, D
02314000 * EXTERNALS: MPY, ADD, SUB, SQRT, DVD
02315000 *
02316000 * EXTERNALS FOR EM4: RSTFL, STMAX, ARERR(I)
02317000 *
02318000 *****
02319000 *
02320000 25323 030016 PYTHA STA C
02321000 25324 034017 STB D SAVE A AND B FOR LATER USE
02322000 25325 042472 JSM RS.01 OP1 = RES
02323000 25326 042440 JSM MPY RES = RES * RES
02324000 25327 000172 LDA AONE
02325000 25330 004340 LDB ARES
02326000 25331 070017 EXE D RES = 1 +/- RES * RES
02327000 25332 001752 LDA RESE CHECK THE RESULT EXPONENT FOR ASN, ACS
02328000 25333 073410 RLA E71
02329000 25334 000340 LDA ARES RES = SQRT(1 +/- RES * RES)
02330000 25335 042453 JSM SQRT
02331000 25336 000016 LDA C
02332000 25337 004340 LDB ARES
02333000 25340 042443 JSM DVD RES = ((RES) OR (1)) / SQRT(1 +/- RES * RES)
02334000 25341 004340 LDB ARES
02335000 25342 170201 RET 1
02336000 *
02337000 * ERROR 71: ACS OR ASN OF ARGUMENT <-1 OR >1
02338000 *
02339000 25343 042455 E71 JSM RSTFL RESET THE USERS FLAGS AND THEN TEST THE REAL FLG 14.
02340000 25344 005742 LDB OP1E IF FLAG 14 IS SET THE DEFAULT RESULT IS ASN OR
02341000 25345 042373 JSM STMAX ACS OF (SGN(ARG)*1)
02342000 25346 140546 JSM ARERR,I ERROR 71: ACS OR ASN ARG > 1 OR < -1.
02343000 25347 033461 ASC 1.71
02345000 *
02346000 *****
02347000 *
02348000 * INRES - RES = INT(RES)
02349000 *
02350000 * THIS IS A SECOND LEVEL SUBROUTINE
02351000 * IT USES ONLY AR2.
02352000 *
02353000 *****
02354000 *
02355000 25350 042470 INRES JSM RS.A2 AR2 = RES
02356000 25351 001752 LDA RESE IF THE EXPONENT IS NEGATIVE, RETURN ZERO
02357000 25352 170405 AAR 6
02358000 25353 004000 LDB A
02359000 25354 176004 SBP **4
02360000 25355 000340 CLRES LDA ARES
02361000 25356 071603 CLR 4
02362000 25357 170201 RET 1
02363000 25360 024155 ADB M11 IF THE EXPONENT IS >= 11, RETURN THE ARGUMENT
02364000 25361 176076 SBP *-2
02365000 25362 174040 ICB B = NO. OF DIGITS TO RIGHT SHIFT OUT OF AR2
02366000 25363 000177 LDA P0

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: UTILITY ROUTINES

```

02367000 25364 075500 MRY PERFORM THE RIGHT SHIFT
02368000 25365 071500 NRM NORMALIZE THE RESULT
02369000 *
02370000 25366 000127 A2,RS LDA AR2A
02371000 25367 004340 XFRRS LDB ARES
02372000 25370 071403 XFRET XFR 4
02373000 25371 170201 RET 1

-----
02375000 *
02376000 *****
02377000 *
02378000 * STMAX: RES = +/- 9.9999999999 E 511
02379000 *
02380000 * ENTRY POINT STMAX-1: STORE + 9.9999999999 E 511 IN RES.
02381000 *
02382000 * ENTRY POINT STMAX: STORE + 9.9999999999 E 511 IN RES IF B<0>=0
02383000 * ENTRY POINT STMAX: STORE - 9.9999999999 E 511 IN RES IF B<0>=1
02384000 *
02385000 *****
02386000 *
02387000 25372 004177 LOB P0
02388000 25373 000127 STMAX LOA AR2A
02389000 25374 071603 CLR 4
02390000 25375 044023 ISZ AR2M3
02391000 25376 071040 CMY
02392000 25377 000212 LDA EMAX
02393000 25400 030020 STA AR2E
02394000 25401 077002 SLB **2
02395000 25402 044020 ISZ AR2E
02396000 25403 066366 JMP A2,RS
02397000 *
02398000 *****
02399000 *
02400000 *
02401000 * RAR2 - ROUND AR2
02402000 *
02403000 * THIS IS A SECOND LEVEL SUBROUTINE
02404000 * SEE THE MAINFRAME ROUNDING ROUTINE FOR TEMPORARIES
02405000 *
02406000 *****
02407000 *
02408000 25404 004254 RAR2I LDB P1 ENTRY POINT FOR 1 DIGIT SHIFT AND ROUND.
02409000 25405 000177 RAR2B LDA P0 ENTRY POINT FOR <B> DIGIT SHIFT AND ROUND.
02410000 25406 164547 JMP ARND,I USE THE RET 1 FROM ARND,I TO RETURN.
02411000 *
02412000 *****
02413000 *
02414000 * ROUND: FASTER SHIFT & ROUND THAN RAR2B
02415000 * B = NO. OF DIGITS TO RIGHT SHIFT
02416000 *
02417000 *****
02418000 *
02419000 25407 000001 ROUND LDA B
02420000 25410 050160 AND M16
02421000 25411 072402 SZA **2
02422000 25412 004132 LDH P13
02423000 25413 000177 LDA P0
02424000 25414 075500 FRND MRY
02425000 25415 020151 ADA M5
02426000 25416 172403 SAM **3
02427000 25417 004254 LDB P1
02428000 25420 071000 MWA
02429000 25421 170201 RETN1 RET 1
02430000 *
02431000 *****
02432000 *
02433000 * ZAR2 - CHECK FOR AR2 = 0
02434000 *
02435000 * RET 2 IF AR2 = 0
02436000 * RET 1 IF AR2 # 0
02437000 *
02438000 * THIS IS A FIRST LEVEL SUBROUTINE
02439000 * IT USES NO TEMPORARIES
02440000 *
02441000 *****
02442000 *
02443000 25422 000021 ZAR2 LDA AR2M1
02444000 25423 060022 IOR AR2M2
02445000 25424 060023 IOR AR2M3
02446000 25425 072074 RZA RETN1
02447000 25426 170202 RET 2

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: UTILITY ROUTINES

```

J2449000
J2450000
J2451000
J2452000
J2453000
J2454000
J2455000
J2456000
J2457000
J2458000
J2459000
J2460000
J2461000
J2462000
J2463000
J2464000
J2465000
J2466000
J2467000 25427 031273 ADD STA OPND1
J2468000 25430 035274 STB OPND2
J2469000 25431 164554 JMP AADD1,I
J2470000
J2471000 25432 000336 O1MRS LDA AOP1 ENTRY POINT FOR RES=OP1=RES
J2472000 25433 004340 AMRES LDB ARES ENTRY POINT FOR RES=<A>=RES
J2473000 25434 031273 SUB STA OPND1
J2474000 25435 035274 STB OPND2
J2475000 25436 164555 JMP ASUB1,I
J2476000
J2477000 25437 004340 AXRES LDB ARES ENTRY POINT FOR RES=<A>*RES
J2478000 25440 031273 MPY STA OPND1
J2479000 25441 035274 STB OPND2
J2480000 25442 164556 JMP AMUL1,I
J2481000
J2482000 25443 031273 DVD STA OPND1
J2483000 25444 035274 STB OPND2
J2484000 25445 024254 ADB P1
J2485000 25446 100001 LDA B,I
J2486000 25447 072003 RZA DVD1
J2487000 25450 105273 LDB OPND1,I DIVISOR = 0: RES = +/-9.9999999999 E511
J2488000 25451 066373 JMP STMAX
J2489000 25452 164557 DVD1 JMP ADIV1,I
J2490000
J2491000 25453 031273 SQM STA OPND1 (COULD BE MOVED INTO PYTHA)
J2492000 25454 164561 JMP ASQRI,I
J2493000
J2494000 25455 001730 RSTFL LDA UFLAG RESTORE THE USER'S FLAGS
J2495000 25456 066462 JMP CAF1
J2496000
J2497000
J2498000
J2499000 25457 001506 SFG14 LDA FLAGS SAVE THE USER'S FLAGS AND SET FLAG 14
J2500000 25460 031730 STA UFLAG
J2501000 25461 060145 IOR P2
J2502000 25462 031506 CAF1 STA FLAGS
J2503000 25463 170201 RET 1
J2504000
J2505000
J2506000
J2507000
J2508000
J2509000
J2510000
J2511000
J2512000
J2513000 25464 000336 O1.A2 LDA AOP1
J2514000 25465 066477 JMP XFRA2
J2515000
J2516000 25466 000337 O2.A2 LDA AOP2
J2517000 25467 066477 JMP XFRA2
J2518000
J2519000 25470 000340 RS.A2 LDA ARES
J2520000 25471 066477 JMP XFRA2
J2521000
J2522000 25472 000340 RS.O1 LDA ARES
J2523000 25473 066505 JMP XFRO1
J2524000
J2525000 25474 000340 RS.O2 LDA ARES
J2526000 25475 066510 JMP XFRO2
J2527000
J2528000 25476 000345 A1.A2 LDA ARIA
J2529000 25477 004127 XFRA2 LDB AR2A
J2530000 25500 066370 JMP XFRET
J2531000
J2532000 25501 000127 A2.A1 LDA AR2A
J2533000 25502 004345 XFRA1 LDB ARIA

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: UTILITY ROUTINES

```

02534000 25503 066370 ..... JMP XFRET
02535000 ..... *
02536000 25504 000127 A2-01 LDA AR2A
02537000 25505 004336 XFRO1 LDB AOP1
02538000 25506 066370 ..... JMP XFRET
02539000 ..... *
02540000 25507 000127 A2-02 LDA AR2A
02541000 25510 004337 XFRO2 LDB AOP2
02542000 25511 066370 ..... JMP XFRET
02543000 ..... *
02544000 25512 000172 OP1=1 LDA AONE
02545000 25513 066505 ..... JMP XFRO1

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: "CORDIC" SUBROUTINES

```

02547000 ..... *
02548000 ..... *****
02549000 ..... *
02550000 ..... * PH1 - "PHASE I": CORDIC SUBROUTINE USED BY TAN & EXP
02551000 ..... *
02552000 ..... * TAN: SUMMATION EQUATION
02553000 ..... *
02554000 ..... * EXP: SUMMATION EQUATION
02555000 ..... *
02556000 ..... *****
02557000 ..... *
02558000 ..... * INITIAL VALUES
02559000 ..... *
02560000 ..... * TAN EXP
02561000 ..... *
02562000 ..... * PTR ABETA=4*CNTR1 ABETA
02563000 ..... * CNTR1 1=6 6
02564000 ..... *
02565000 ..... *****
02566000 ..... *
02567000 25514 000335 PH1 LDA ADSTK SET UP THE DIGIT STACK
02568000 25515 031726 STA DIGIT
02569000 25516 071605 CLR 6 CLEAR Q0 - Q5 TO ZERO
02570000 ..... *
02571000 25517 001733 PH1.A LDA PTR MOVE NEXT CONSTANT TO AR1
02572000 25520 042502 JSM XFRA1
02573000 ..... *
02574000 25521 071040 CMY CMY DETERMINE THE NEXT QJ
02575000 25522 075041 FQV
02576000 25523 135726 STR DIGIT,1 SAVE QJ
02577000 ..... *
02578000 25524 071040 CMY RESTORE THE REMAINDER
02579000 25525 071200 FXA
02580000 25526 000177 LDA P0
02581000 25527 075541 MLY LEFT SHIFT THE REMAINDER 1 DIGIT
02582000 ..... *
02583000 25530 042422 JSM ZAR2 IS AR2 = 0 ?
02584000 25531 066534 JMP PH1.B NO
02585000 ..... *
02586000 25532 145726 ISZ DIGIT,1 YES, INCREMENT THE LAST QJ
02587000 25533 170201 HET 1
02588000 ..... *
02589000 25534 045726 PH1.B ISZ DIGIT BUMP THE QJ POINTER
02590000 25535 001733 LDA PTR
02591000 25536 020143 ADA PA
02592000 25537 031733 STA PTR BUMP THE CONSTANT ADDRESS
02593000 25540 055737 DSZ CNTR1 MORE CONSTANTS ?
02594000 25541 066517 JMP PH1.A
02595000 25542 170201 RET 1 NO
02597000 ..... *
02598000 ..... *****
02599000 ..... *
02600000 ..... * PH2 - "PHASE II": CORDIC SUBROUTINE USED BY TAN & ATN
02601000 ..... *
02602000 ..... * TAN:  $Y = Y * X$ 
02603000 ..... *  $X = X - 10^{-(2J)} * Y$ 
02604000 ..... *
02605000 ..... * ATN:  $Y = Y - X$ 
02606000 ..... *  $X = X + 10^{-(2J)} * Y$ 
02607000 ..... *
02608000 ..... *****
02609000 ..... *
02610000 ..... * INITIAL VALUES
02611000 ..... *
02612000 ..... * TAN ATN
02613000 ..... *
02614000 ..... * SHIFT 10 -2*EXP&1 USED FOR SHIFTING Y IN THE 2ND EQUATION
02615000 ..... * DJ -2 2 INCREMENT/DECREMENT FOR SHIFT

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: "CORDIC" SUBROUTINES

```

02616000      * C      CDC      CMY
02617000      * D      CMY      CDC
02618000      * LOOP# 1-6 13
02619000      *
02620000      * *****
02621000      *
02622000 25543 031731 PH2 STA SHIFT SHIFT = SHIFT FACTOR FOR Y
02623000 25544 035732 STB DJ DJ = INCREMENT/DECREMENT FOR TNOJ
02624000      *
02625000 25545 042512 JSM OP1=1 SET X0 = 1
02626000      *
02627000 25546 001732 LDA DJ
02628000 25547 010146 CPA M2 TAN ?
02629000 25550 066603 JMP PH2.D YES
02630000      *
02631000 25551 042466 PH2.A JSM O2.A2 NO; AR2 = OP2
02632000 25552 070016 EXE C CDC FOR TAN; CMY FOR ATN
02633000 25553 000336 LDA AOP1 AR1 = OP1
02634000 25554 042502 JSM XFRA1
02635000 25555 071200 FXA Y = Y +/- X
02636000 25556 001732 LDA DJ
02637000 25557 010146 CPA M2 TAN ?
02638000 25560 066566 JMP PH2.B YES
02639000 25561 072705 SDC PH2.B OVERFLOW ?
02640000      *
02641000 25562 042422 JSM ZAR2 YES; IS AR2 = 0 ?
02642000 25563 066607 JMP PH2.E NO
02643000      *
02644000 25564 155726 DSZ DIGIT.I YES
02645000 25565 170201 RET 1
02646000      *
02647000 25566 070016 PH2.B EXE C CDC FOR TAN; CMY FOR ATN
02648000 25567 042366 JSM A2.R5 NO OVERFLOW; RES = AR2
02649000 25570 042466 JSM O2.A2 AR2 = OP2
02650000      *
02651000 25571 005731 LDB SHIFT RIGHT SHIFT AR2 "SHIFT" PLACES AND ROUND
02652000 25572 042407 JSM ROUND LEAVE IN UNNORMALIZED FORM IN AR2.
02653000      *
02654000 25573 070017 EXE D CMY FOR TAN; CDC FOR ATN
02655000 25574 071200 FXA X = X +/- 10^(1-2J) * Y
02656000 25575 042504 JSM A2.O1 OP1 = AR2
02657000 25576 042474 JSM RS.O2 OP2 = RES
02658000      *
02659000 25577 155726 DSZ DIGIT.I QJ = QJ - 1; QJ = 0 ?
02660000 25600 066551 JMP PH2.A NO
02661000 25601 066607 JMP PH2.E YES; QJ IS NEVER ZERO FOR ATN.
02662000      *
02663000 25602 042466 PH2.C JSM O2.A2 AR2 = OP2
02664000      *
02665000 25603 042404 PH2.D JSM RAR21 RIGHT SHIFT AR2 ONE PLACE AND ROUND.
02666000      *
02667000 25604 042507 JSM A2.O2 OP2 = AR2
02668000      *
02669000 25605 101726 LDA DIGIT.I QJ = 0 ?
02670000 25606 072043 RZA PH2.A NO
02671000      *
02672000 25607 001731 PH2.E LDA SHIFT YES; QJ=0
02673000 25610 021732 ADA DJ
02674000 25611 031731 STA SHIFT SHIFT = SHIFT + DJ
02675000      *
02676000 25612 055740 DSZ LOOP# LOOP# = LOOP# - 1; LOOP# = 0 ?
02677000 25613 066615 JMP PH2.F NO
02678000 25614 170201 RET 1 YES
02679000      *
02680000 25615 055726 PH2.F DSZ DIGIT DIGIT = DIGIT - 1
02681000      *
02682000 25616 001732 LDA DJ
02683000 25617 010146 CPA M2 TAN ?
02684000 25620 066602 JMP PH2.C YES
02685000      *
02686000 25621 001747 LDA OP2M1 NO; D1 OF OP2 = 0 ?
02687000 25622 170513 SAR 12
02688000 25623 072405 SZA PH2.G YES
02689000      *
02690000 25624 042464 JSM O1.A2 AR2 = OP1
02691000 25625 042404 JSM RAR21 RIGHT SHIFT AR2 ONE PLACE AND ROUND.
02692000 25626 042504 JSM A2.O1 OP1 = AR2
02693000 25627 066551 JMP PH2.A
02694000      *
02695000 25630 042466 PH2.G JSM O2.A2 AR2 = OP2
02696000 25631 000177 LDA P0
02697000 25632 075541 MLY LEFT SHIFT AR2 ONE PLACE.
02698000 25633 042507 JSM A2.O2 OP2 = AR2
02699000 25634 066551 JMP PH2.A

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: "CORDIC" SUBROUTINES

```

02701000 *
02702000 * *****
02703000 *
02704000 * PH3 - "PHASE III": CORDIC SUBROUTINE USED BY ATN & LN
02705000 *
02706000 * ATN: SUMMATION EQUATION
02707000 *
02708000 * LN : SUMMATION EQUATION
02709000 *
02710000 * *****
02711000 *
02712000 * INITIAL VALUES
02713000 *
02714000 * ATN LN
02715000 *
02716000 * LOOP# 7-12 7
02717000 * PTR ALFAA BETAA
02718000 *
02719000 * *****
02720000 *
02721000 25635 031740 PH3 STA LOOP#
02722000 25636 170040 TCA
02723000 25637 020132 ADA P13
02724000 25640 031737 STA CNTR1
02725000 25641 035733 STB PTR
02726000 *
02727000 25642 000127 LDA AR2A
02728000 25643 071603 CLR 4
02729000 *
02730000 25644 000335 LDA ADSTK
02731000 25645 031726 STA DIGIT
02732000 25646 004254 LDB P1
02733000 *
02734000 25647 101726 PH3.A LDA DIGIT,I TRANSFER LOW ORDER DIGITS TO AR2
02735000 25650 170040 TCA
02736000 25651 075500 MRY
02737000 25652 045726 ISZ DIGIT
02738000 25653 055740 DSZ LOOP#
02739000 25654 066647 JMP PH3.A
02740000 *
02741000 25655 000177 LDA P0
02742000 25656 075500 MRY
02743000 *
02744000 25657 001733 LDA PTR
02745000 *
02746000 25660 031733 PH3.B STA PTR
02747000 25661 042502 JSM XFRA1
02748000 *
02749000 25662 105726 LDB DIGIT,I
02750000 25663 174040 TCB
02751000 25664 075000 FMP
02752000 25665 045726 ISZ DIGIT
02753000 *
02754000 25666 004254 LDB P1
02755000 25667 055737 DSZ CNTR1
02756000 25670 066672 JMP *+2
02757000 25671 066676 JMP PH3.D
02758000 *
02759000 25672 042414 JSM FRND
02760000 25673 001733 PH3.C LDA PTR
02761000 25674 020150 ADA M4
02762000 25675 066660 JMP PH3.B
02763000 *
02764000 25676 072402 PH3.D SZA PH3.E
02765000 25677 042414 JSM FRND
02766000 25700 071500 PH3.E NRM NOTE: THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED FROM "TAN10" TWICE.
02767000 25701 174040 TCB
02768000 25702 174605 SBL 6
02769000 25703 034020 STB AR2E
02770000 25704 170201 RET 1
02772000 *
02773000 * *****
02774000 *
02775000 * PH4 - "PHASE IV": CORDIC SUBROUTINE USED BY EXP & LN
02776000 *
02777000 * RECURRENCE EQUATION: Y = Y * 10^(-J) * Y
02778000 *
02779000 * EXP: Y0 = 1
02780000 * LN: Y0 = ARGUMENT
02781000 *
02782000 * *****
02783000 *
02784000 * INITIAL VALUES
02785000 *
02786000 * EXP LN

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: "CORDIC" SUBROUTINES

```

02787000      * DIGIT ADSTK + 12
02788000      * SHIFT 12      0
02789000      * DJ      -1      1
02790000      * AR2      1      ARG
02791000      *
02792000      * *****
02793000      *
02794000 25705 031731 PH4 STA SHIFT      SAVE THE SHIFT FACTOR (J, NOT 2J)
02795000 25706 035732 STB DJ          SAVE THE SHIFT FACTOR INCREMENT/DECREMENT
02796000 25707 000132 LDA P13
02797000 25710 031740 STA LOOP#    LOOP IN PH4 13 TIMES
02798000 25711 042501 JSM A2,A1   AR1 = AR2
02799000 25712 001732 PH4,A LDA DJ
02800000 25713 010254 CPA P1      LN ?
02801000 25714 066717 JMP PH4,C   YES
02802000 25715 101726 PH4,B LDA DIGIT,I NO EXP: IS QJ = 0 ?
02803000 25716 072*10 SZA PH4,E
02804000 25717 005731 PH4,C LOB SHIFT NO, QJ # 0
02805000 25720 076402 SZB PH4,D   IF TWOQJ=0, DON'T RIGHT SHIFT AND ROUND
02806000 25721 042407 JSM ROUND  RIGHT SHIFT AR2 "SHIFT" PLACES AND ROUND
02807000 25722 071700 PH4,D CDC
02808000 25723 071200 FXA          AR2 = Y + 10*(-J) * Y
02809000 25724 072711 SDC PH4,F   OVERFLOW ?
02810000 25725 042476 JSM A1,A2   YES, AR2 = AR1 (RESTORE TO PREVIOUS VALUE)
02811000 25726 001731 PH4,E LDA SHIFT  INCREMENT/DECREMENT THE SHIFT FACTOR
02812000 25727 021732 ADA DJ
02813000 25730 031731 STA SHIFT
02814000 25731 055726 DSZ DIGIT
02815000 25732 055740 DSZ LOOP#   DECREMENT THE LOOP COUNTER
02816000 25733 066712 JMP PH4,A
02817000 25734 170201 RET 1
02818000 25735 155726 PH4,F DSZ DIGIT,I NO OVERFLOW, DECREMENT QJ
02819000 25736 000000 NOP        DON'T TEST FOR QJ=0 NOW (ITS DONE AT PH4.B)
02820000 25737 042501 JSM A2,A1   AR1 = AR2
02821000 25740 066715 JMP PH4,B
02823000      UNS
02824000      REP 7
                OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
                25741 000000 OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
                25742 000000 OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
                25743 000000 OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
                25744 000000 OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
                25745 000000 OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
                25746 000000 OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
02825000 25747 000000 OCT 0      WORD RESERVED FOR POST-RELEASE CORRECTIONS.
    
```

```

02827000      *
02828000      * ERROR 73: 0A0
02829000      *
02830000 25750 043635 E73 JSM RES=1   DEFAULT VALUE IS 1
02831000 25751 140546 JSM ARERR,I
02832000 25752 033463 ASC 1,73
    
```

```

02834000      *
02835000      * ERROR 72: NEGATIVE BASE TO A NON-INTEGGER POWER
02836000      *
02837000 25753 000177 E72 LDA P0      IF FLAG 14 = 1, RETURN TO EA,2 TO CALCULATE
02838000 25754 031741 STA FLAGS    (ABS(BASE))^POWER
02839000 25755 140546 JSM ARERR,I  ERROR 72: NEGATIVE BASE TO A NON-INTEGGER POWER
02840000 25756 033462 ASC 1,72
    
```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: MISC.

```

02842000      *
02843000      *
02844000      * EXECUTION JUMP TABLE
02845000      *
02846000      *
02847000 25757 025757 EXTBL DEF *
02848000 25760 024257 DEF ETAN
02849000 25761 024510 DEF EATN
02850000 25762 024632 DEF EEXP
02851000 25763 024757 DEF ELN
02852000 25764 025027 DEF ESIN
02853000 25765 025025 DEF ECOS
02854000 25766 025063 DEF EASN
02855000 25767 025057 DEF EACS
02856000 25770 025077 DEF ETNA
02857000 25771 025120 DEF ELOG
    
```

MATH OPTION BLOCK - A: MISC.

```
02858000 25772 025147 DEF EA
02859000 25773 025263 DEF ECSV
02860000 25774 025276 DEF EUNIT
02861000 25775 025304 DEF EDEG
02862000 25776 025306 DEF ERAD
02863000 25777 025310 DEF EGRAD
```

```
02865000 024635 RES=1 EQU EXP1
02866000 025722 CDC EQU PH4,D CONSTANT USED BY PH2
02867000 025304 INITA EQU EDEG
```

02869000 * FILL IN BASEPAGE LINKS TO STMAX.

```
02871000 00564 ORG ASTMA
02872000 00564 025373 DEF STMAX
02873000 00565 025372 DEF STMAX-1
```

02875000 END

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16) -

02058000 * FULL PRECISION NUMBER: INTERNAL FORMAT

```
02060000 * EEEE EEEE EEXX XXXS 10 BIT 2'S COMP. EXP., 5 UNUSED BITS.
02061000 * MANTISSA SIGN (0=+ 1=-)
02062000 * EXP. RANGE = -511 TO +511
02063000 * D1 D2 D3 D4 BCD DIGITS 1-4
```

```
02065000 * D5 D6 D7 D8 BCD DIGITS 5-8
```

```
02067000 * D9 D10 D11 D12 BCD DIGITS 9-12
02069000 *
02070000 *
02071000 *
02072000 * READ/WRITE AREAS
```

```
02074000 077042 UNITS EQU STEAL DEDICATED WORD FOR MOHA
02075000 077043 SEEDL EQU STEAL+1 DEDICATED WORD FOR MOHB IS USED TO STORE RUN LINK
02076000 077752 RESE EQU RES FULL PRECISION RESULT REGISTER
02077000 077753 RESM1 EQU RES+1
02078000 077754 RESM2 EQU RES+2
02079000 077755 RESM3 EQU RES+3
02080000 *
02081000 077756 ZE EQU MRW1 FULL PRECISION MATH TEMPORARY
02082000 077757 ZM1 EQU MRW1+1
02083000 077760 ZM2 EQU MRW1+2
02084000 077761 ZM3 EQU MRW1+3
02085000 *
02086000 077762 MT1 EQU MRW1+4
02087000 077763 MT2 EQU MRW1+5
02088000 077764 MT3 EQU MRW1+6
02089000 077765 MT4 EQU MRW1+7
02090000 077766 MT5 EQU MRW1+8
02091000 077767 MT6 EQU MRW1+9
02092000 *
02093000 000345 AR1A EQU ADR1 ADDRESS OF AR1
02094000 077770 AR1E EQU AR1 EXPONENT WORD OF AR1
02095000 077771 AR1M1 EQU AR1E+1 1ST MANTISSA WORD OF AR1
02096000 077772 AR1M2 EQU AR1E+2 2ND MANTISSA WORD OF AR1
02097000 077773 AR1M3 EQU AR1E+3 3RD MANTISSA WORD OF AR1
02098000 *
02099000 077774 RNDT2 EQU MRW2 NORMALIZE COUNT FOR COMPARISON IN ROUND
02100000 077775 RNDT1 EQU MRW2+1 SHIFT COUNTER FOR ROUND
02101000 077776 NRMFL EQU MRW2+2 NORMALIZATION FLAG FOR ROUND
02102000 077777 STBIT EQU MRW2+3 "STICKY BIT" FOR ROUND
02103000 *
02104000 000127 AR2A EQU ADR2 ADDRESS OF AR2
02105000 000020 AR2E EQU AR2 EXPONENT WORD OF AR2
02106000 000021 AR2M1 EQU AR2E+1 1ST MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
```

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

```

02107000 000022 AN2M2 EQU AR2E+2 2ND MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
02108000 000023 AN2M3 EQU AR2E+3 3RD MANTISSA WORD OF AR2
02109000 *
02110000 *
02111000 000175 BCD1 EQU B10K BCD 1000
02112000 *
02113000 * EQU'S FOR SUBROUTINE TO FIND LOCATION OF FIRST ELEMENT
02114000 * OF AN ARRAY, NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN THE ARRAY, AND
02115000 * ITS PRECISION
02116000 077734 VAL EQU T20 LOCATION OF FIRST ELEMENT OF AN ARRAY
02117000 077733 VALN EQU T19 NUMBER OF ELEMENTS OF THE ARRAY
02119000 *
02120000 * *****
02121000 *
02122000 * EQUATES

02124000 *

02126000 *
02127000 * *****
02128000 *
02129000 * MAINFRAME - OPTION BLOCK INTERFACE

02131000 26000 026053 DEF EXECB ADDRESS OF THE EXECUTION ROUTINE
02132000 26001 026032 DEF COMPB ADDRESS OF THE COMPILE TABLE
02133000 26002 026016 DEF RCTBL ADDRESS OF THE REVERSE COMPILE TABLE
02134000 26003 177777 DEC -1 NO COMMAND TABLES
02135000 26004 026007 DEF INITB ADDRESS OF THE INITIALIZATION ROUTINE
02136000 26005 000016 DEC 16 MOHB ROM IO
02138000 *
02139000 * *****
02140000 *
02141000 * CONSTANTS, LINKAGES

02143000 *
02144000 26006 077327 ASED DEF SEED ADDRESS OF SEED

02146000 *
02147000 * *****
02148000 *
02149000 * INITIALIZATION
02150000 *
02151000 * ACCESSED BY JSM

02153000 *
02154000 * STEAL 5 R/W WORDS POINT AT FIRST ONE BY SEED
02155000 * RESERVE 4 WORDS OF R/W MEMORY AS A SEED FOR RANDOM
02156000 * NUMBERS GENERATION
02157000 * THE LAST STOLEN WORD WILL CONTAIN RLINK CONTENTS FOR RESETTNG
02158000 * SEED OF RANDOM GENERATOR ON RUN
02159000 *
02160000 26007 000133 INITB LDA P12
02161000 26010 061062 IOR ROMWD ROMWD BITS FOR MOBA,MOBB
02162000 26011 031062 STA ROMWD
02163000 *
02164000 *
02165000 26012 003075 INTO LDA ACR/D
02166000 26013 007006 INTN LDB ASED
02167000 26014 071403 XFR 4 STORE PI/2 AS A DEFAULT SEED(INITIAL SEED)
02168000 26015 170201 IEND RET 1

02171000 *
02172000 * *****
02173000 *
02174000 * COMMAND TABLE
02175000 *
02176000 * ACCESSED BY LOOK-UP

```

```

02177000 *
02178000 * COMMAND EXECUTION ROUTINES ACCESSED BY JSM
-----
02180000 *
02181000 * *****
02182000 *
02183000 * REVERSE COMPILE
02184000 *
02185000 * ACCESSED BY JSM
02186000 * A = ROM'S INTERNAL CODE
02187000 * B = ROM'S ID CODE
02188000 *
02189000 * MUST RETURN:
02190000 * ASCII = CHARACTER POINTER TO RIGHT HAND END OF MNEHONIC.
02191000 * GUIDE = AAAA BBBB AAAA BBBB
02192000 * AAAA = OPERATOR PRIORITY
02193000 * BBBB = CLASS:
02194000 * 1 : OPERAND
02195000 * 2 : UNARY OPERATOR
02196000 * 3 : BINARY OPERATOR
-----
02199000 *
02200000 * *****
02201000 *
02202000 * REVERSE COMPILE TABLE

```

```

02204000 *
02205000 * CC PP CC PP
02206000 26016 161342 RCTBL OCT 161342 ABS , SGN 14 2 , 14 2
02207000 26017 161342 OCT 161342 INT , FRC 14 2 , 14 2
02208000 26020 161223 OCT 161223 RND , MOD 14 2 , 9 3
02209000 26021 161342 OCT 161342 MAX , MIN 14 2 , 14 2
02210000 *
02212000 * *****
02213000 *
02214000 * COMPILE TABLE

```

```

02216000 * CLASS TOKEN
02217000 26022 004032 OCT 004032 B 26 MIN
02218000 26023 004032 OCT 004032 B 26 MAX
02219000 26024 003013 OCT 003013 B 11 MOD
02220000 26025 004053 OCT 004053 B 43 RND
02221000 26026 004053 OCT 004053 B 43 FRC
02222000 26027 004053 OCT 004053 B 43 INT
02223000 26030 004053 OCT 004053 B 43 SGN
02224000 26031 004053 OCT 004053 B 43 ABS
02225000 *
02226000 * THE FOLLOWING IS A LOWER CASE MNEMONIC TABLE
02227000 *
02228000 26032 060542 COMPB DEC 24930 A B
02229000 26033 071601 DEC 29569 S (1)
02230000 26034 071547 DEC 29543 S G
02231000 26035 067202 DEC 28290 N (2)
02232000 26036 06455b DEC 26990 I N
02233000 26037 072203 DEC 29827 T (3)
02234000 26040 063162 DEC 26226 F R
02235000 26041 061604 DEC 25476 C (4)
02236000 26042 071156 DEC 29294 R N
02237000 26043 062205 DEC 25733 D (5)
02238000 26044 066557 DEC 28015 M O
02239000 26045 062206 DEC 25734 D (6)
02240000 26046 066541 DEC 28001 M A
02241000 26047 074207 DEC 30855 X (7)
02242000 26050 066551 DEC 28009 M I
02243000 26051 067210 DEC 28296 N (8)
02244000 26052 100000 OCT 100000 END OF TABLE
02246000 *
02247000 * *****
02248000 *
02249000 * MAIN EXECUTION ROUTINE
02250000 *
02251000 * ACCESSED BY JMP
02252000 *
02253000 * EXIT BY JMP AINTX,I FROM "EXIT"

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

```

12255000 26053 023057 EXECB ADA ETBL
12256000 26054 100000 LDA A,I
12257000 26055 140000 JSM A,I EXECUTE THE STATEMENT
12258000 26056 164366 JMP ARAP,I GO TO RAP UP ROUTINE

```

```

02260000 *
02261000 * EXECUTION JUMP TABLE
02262000 *
02263000 26057 026057 ETBL DEF *
02264000 26060 026402 DEF EABS
02265000 26061 026367 DEF ESGN
02266000 26062 026431 DEF EINT
02267000 26063 026315 DEF EFRAC
02268000 26064 026210 DEF ERND
02269000 26065 026244 DEF EMOD
02270000 26066 026104 DEF EMAX0
02271000 26067 026102 DEF EMIN

```

```

02273000 *
02274000 *
02275000 * CONSTANTS DEFINITION TABLE
02276000 *
02277000 *
02278000 26070 026071 A29 DEF *+1
02279000 26071 000100 OCT 000100 29. IS USED AS A MULTIPLIER FOR RANDOM NUMBER
02280000 26072 024400 OCT 024400
02281000 26073 000000 OCT 000000
02282000 26074 000000 OCT 000000
02283000 26075 024030 ACR/D OCT 24030 ADDRESS OF PIE/180 ON JO PAGE AS OF 9/10/75
02284000 26076 177767 M9 DEC -9
02285000 *
02286000 *

```

```

02287000 26077 077711 F11A DEF T1 ADDRESS OF T1
02288000 26100 077715 FT5A DEF T5 ADDRESS OF T5
02289000 26101 077721 FT9A DEF T9

```

```

02291000 *
02292000 *
02293000 *
02294000 *
02295000 * SHARED TEMPORARIES BLOCK ADDRESSES*
02296000 *
02297000 *
02298000 *
02299000 *
02300000 *
02301000 *
02302000 * EQU'S AND CONSTANTS FOR FFM

```

```

02303000 *
02304000 077217 *WPRT EQU CSTMP+1
02306000 *
02307000 *
02308000 * THIS ROUTINE IS THE MAIN MAX/MIN EXECUTION
02309000 * FOR EACH ELEMENT IN THE LIST OF PARAMETERS; IT FINDS THE
02310000 * VALUE OF VAL AND VALN FOR THAT ELEMENT
02311000 * WHEN LIST EXHAUSTED IT RETURNS THE VALUE OF MAX/MIN IN <RES>
02312000 *
02313000 *
02314000 *
02315000 26102 000257 EMIN LDA M1
02316000 26103 067105 JMP **2
02317000 26104 000254 EMAX0 LDA P1
02318000 26105 031716 STA T6 INDICATOR OF A MAX OR MIN IS T6 BEING +1 OR -1
02319000 26106 000254 LDA P1
02320000 26107 031717 STA T7 T7 INDICATES THE NUMBER OF TIMES WE ENTER MAXX
02321000 *
02322000 26110 140610 JSM ACOUN,I COUNT PARAMETERS; FAP1 POINTS TO FIRST
02323000 26111 001272 LDA FAP1
02324000 26112 031722 STA T10 SAVE FAP1
02325000 *
02326000 26113 040751 EMAX1 JSM NGET GET THE FIRST PARAMETER IF SIMPLE VARIABLE
02327000 26114 067125 JMP EMAX3 FIND THE ARRAYS LOCATION AND NUMBER OF VARIABLES
02328000 *
02329000 *
02330000 * WE HAVE A SINGLE ELEMENT ONLY IF NGET RETURNS TO NEXT LOCATION
02331000 * (P+2); B POINTS TO THE EQUIVALENT FULL PRECISION VALUE
02332000 *
02333000 * WE SHOULD STORE THE FOLLOWING VALUES

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

```

02334000      *      VAL = B
02335000      *      VALN= 1
02336000      *
02337000 26115 035734      STB VAL
02338000 26116 000254      LDA P1
02339000 26117 031733      STA VALN
02340000      *
02341000 26120 043137      EMAX2 JSM MAXX      FIND THE MAX/MIN OF THE ARRAY
02342000 26121 000254      LDA P1      TO BUMP ONE PARAMETER AT A TIME
02343000 26122 140607      JSM ABUMP,I      BUMP ONE PARAMETER; IF NO MORE RET P+1
02344000 26123 067127      JMP MEXIT      ↓
02345000      * IF ANY AT ALL RET P+2 I GO BACK TO NGET
02346000 26124 067113      JMP EMAX1
02347000      *
02348000      *
02349000 26125 043171      EMAX3 JSM VMAX      FIND VAL; VALN; AND VALP
02350000 26126 067120      JMP EMAX2
02351000      *
02352000 26127 001274      MEXIT LDA OPND2
02353000 26130 004340      LDB ARES
02354000 26131 071403      XFR 4      TRANSFER <T1...T4> WHICH CONTAINS ANSWER FOUND
02355000      *THROUGH USING MAXX ROUTINE TO <RES>
02356000 26132 001722      LDA T10
02357000 26133 031263      STA AP1      AP1 POINTS TO FIRST ELEMENT ON STACK
02358000 26134 040615      JSM ABSAD      TO UPDATE AP1(UNSTACK)
02359000 26135 031263      STA AP1      A CONTAINS AP1 AFTER UNSTACKING ALL I TRANSFER TO A
02360000      *
02361000 26136 170201      RET 1
02363000      *
02364000      *
02365000      * *****
02366000      *
02367000      * MAX/MIN SUBROUTINE *****
02368000      *
02369000      * *****
02370000      *
02371000      * ASSUME THAT VAL CONTAINS THE ADDR. OF FIRST ELEMENT OF THE ARRAY
02372000      * VALN "      THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS OF THE ARRAY
02373000      *
02374000      * <T1... T4 > CONTAINS THE FIRST ELEMENT OF THE ARRAY ON
02375000      * ENTRING MAXX; LATER ON IT WILL CONTAIN THE MAX/MIN AFTER
02376000      * EACH STEP OF COMPARISON DURING LOOKING FOR MAX/MIN
02377000      *
02378000      * PROCEDURE: SIMPLE LINEAR SEARCH ALGORITHM IS USED
02379000      * AT START WE ASSUME THAT THE FIRST ELEMENT OF THE
02380000      * ARRAY IS THE MAX/MIN ELEMENT.
02381000      * WE COMPARE THAT ELEMENT WITH EACH ELEMENT OF THE
02382000      * ARRAY; IF WE FIND A LARGER/SMALLER ELEMENT E; WE REPLACE
02383000      * THE MAX/MIN BY THAT ELEMENT;PROCEED TILL YOU EXHAUST
02384000      * ALL THE ELEMENTS IN THE ARRAY.
02385000      *
02386000 26137 055717      MAXX DSZ T7      IF T7 WAS 1 MEANS THAT THIS IS THE FIRST TIME WE ENTER
02387000 26140 067151      JMP MAX4      WE ASSUME A MAX/MIN ALREADY IN OPND2
02388000      *
02389000 26141 001734      LDA VAL      POINT TO FIRST ELEMENT TO BE CHECKED
02390000 26142 031274      STA OPND2     POINT TO ELEMENT AS MAX/MIN
02391000      * PRECISION
02392000      * THIS <T1...T4> IS ASSUMED TO BE MAX/MIN UNLESS THE MAXX SUB
02393000      * ROUTINE CONTINUES
02394000      * MAX1 IS WHERE WE SHOULD START IF WE ARE ENTRING THE SUBROUTINE
02395000      * AFTER THE FIRST TIME
02396000      *
02397000 26143 055733      MAX1 DSZ VALN IF VALN IS 0 ; LIST IS ALREADY EXHAUSTED
02398000 26144 067146      JMP *+2
02399000 26145 067170      JMP MOUT      FOUND THE MAX/MIN; CONTINUE AT MOUT
02400000      *
02401000 26146 005734      LDB VAL
02402000 26147 024150      ADB M4      DECREMENT POINTER TO GET NEXT FLT. NUMBER
02403000 26150 035734      STB VAL
02404000 26151 005734      MAX4 LDB VAL
02405000 26152 035273      STB OPND1     POINT TO CURRENT ELEMENT AS OPND1
02406000      *
02407000 26153 140562      JSM ATSU1,I   COMPARE NEW ELEMENT WITH ASSUMED MAX/MIN
02408000      *
02409000      *
02410000      * IF NEW = OLD      B=0
02411000      * IF NEW > OLD     B=1
02412000      * IF NEW < OLD     B=3
02413000      *
02414000 26154 076467      SZB MAX1      OLD = NEW KEEP OLD
02415000 26155 001716      LDA T6
02416000 26156 010257      CPA M1
02417000 26157 067165      JMP MINI      T6 INDICATES THAT WE ARE HANDLING A MIN
02418000      * AT MINI

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

```

02419000 *
02420000 * OTHERWISE WE ARE HANDLING A MAX NEXT
02421000 *
02422000 26160 014144 CPB P3
02423000 26161 067143 JMP MAX1 NEW < OLD KEEP OLD
02424000 *
02425000 *
02426000 26162 001273 MAX2 LDA OPND1
02427000 26163 031274 STA OPND2 NEW.> OLD SAVE AS NEW MAX
02428000 *
02429000 26164 067143 JMP MAX1 CONSIDER NEXT ELEMENT
02430000 *
02431000 * THE CASE OF HANDLING A MIN
02432000 *
02433000 26165 014254 MIN1 CPB P1
02434000 26166 067143 JMP MAX1 NEW > OLD & SAVE OLD
02435000 26167 067162 JMP MAX2
02436000 *
02437000 26170 170201 MOUT RET 1

02439000 *
02440000 *
02441000 * VMAX IS A SUBROUTINE TO FIND STARTING ADDRESS AND NUMBER OF
02442000 * WORDS ( 4 TIMES THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS OF AN ARRAY)
02443000 *
02444000 26171 001272 VMAX LDA FAP1
02445000 26172 104000 LDB A,I
02446000 26173 174513 SHR 12 GET TYPE
02447000 26174 014131 CPB P14 ENTIRE ARRAY?
02448000 26175 067177 JMP *+2
02449000 26176 064733 JMP E32 EXPECTING NUMERIC DATA
02450000 *
02451000 26177 020145 ADA P2
02452000 26200 104000 LDB A,I B CONTAINS A POINTER TO STARTING ADDRESS
02453000 26201 024147 ADB M3
02454000 26202 035734 STB VAL
02455000 26203 020254 ADA P1
02456000 26204 104000 LDB A,I
02457000 26205 174501 SRR 2 DIVIDE BY 4
02458000 26206 035733 STB VALN IS THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN THE ARRAY
02459000 26207 170201 RET 1

02461000 *
02462000 *
02463000 *
02464000 *
02465000 * RANDOM VALUE FUNCTION *****
02466000 *
02467000 *
02468000 *
02469000 * ERND IS THE NAME; RND IS KEY MNEMONIC
02470000 *
02471000 * ENTRY : RND X
02472000 *
02473000 * EXIT : A RANDOM NUMBER BETWEEN 0 AND 1
02474000 *
02475000 * PROCEDURE: 1. IF RND THE FRACTIONAL PART OF 29*SEED IS
02476000 * MULTIPLIED BY 29; THEN IT'S FRACTIONAL
02477000 * PART IS TAKEN TO BE THE NEW SEED AND
02478000 * THE RANDOM NUMBER.
02479000 * 2. IF RND(X) THE ARG. X IS TAKEN AS SEED AND CONTINUE
02480000 * AS IN 1.
02481000 *
02482000 * REMARK:
02483000 * DUE TO THE POSSIBILITY OF D11,D12 OF THE RANDOM NUMBER
02484000 * BEING ZERO DUE TO FRACTIONAL SEPARATION D5,D6 ARE
02485000 * PACKED IN PLACE OF D11,D12 OF THE NUMBER.
02486000 *
02487000 26210 140552 ERND JSM AGET1,I GET THE OPERAND
02488000 26211 101273 LDA OPND1,I EXPONENT WORD
02489000 26212 073005 SLA HERO IS ARG.>=0
02490000 *
02491000 26213 001273 LDA OPND1
02492000 26214 007006 LDB ASEED
02493000 26215 071403 XFR 4 <OPND1> TO <SEED>
02494000 26216 157006 DSZ ASEED,I REMOVE MANTISSA SIGN
02495000 *
02496000 26217 007006 HERO LDB ASEED ADDRESS OF SEED
02497000 26220 043234 JSM ERND1 ERND1 ROUTINE FINDS THE FRAC OF SEED * 29
02498000 *
02499000 26221 005754 LDB RESM2
02500000 26222 174507 SRR B

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

```

02500000 26223 035727 STB T15 TO REPLACE THE LAST TWO DIGITS ORF RANDOM NUMBER
02501000 *
02502000 26224 00434Q LDB ARES
02503000 26225 043234 JSM ERND1 " " " " " 2 ARZ " "
02504000 *
02505000 * NOW WE HAVE A RANDOM NUMBER AND A NEW SEED WITH THE
02506000 * POSSIBILITY OF 10 DIGIT MANTISSA INSTEAD OF 12
02507000 * TO FIX THAT WE WILL WEPLACE D11D12 BY D6D7
02508000 *
02509000 26226 001755 LDA RESM3
02510000 26227 050170 AND M256 MAKE SURE THAT D11,D12 ARE 0
02511000 26230 021727 ADA T15
02512000 26231 031755 STA RESM3
02513000 26232 000340 LDA ARES
02514000 26233 067013 JMP ININ STOR NEW SEED
02515000 *
02516000 *
02517000 * SUBROUTINE ERND1
02518000 * TO MULTIPLY NUMBER SPECIFIED (POINTED TO) BY A
02519000 * BY 29. AND FIND THE FRACTIONAL PART I OF THE PRODUCT
02520000 * <RES> CONTAINS THE ANSWER
02521000 *
02522000 26234 035273 ERND1 STB OPND1
02523000 26235 003070 LDA A29
02524000 26236 031274 STA OPND2 TO MULTIPLY BY 29.
02525000 26237 140556 JSM AMUL1,I
02526000 26240 000340 LDA ARES
02527000 26241 031273 STA OPND1
02528000 26242 043333 JSM IFREE FIND FRACTIONAL PART IN <AR2>
02529000 26243 067326 JMP EFRAI PUT FRACTION IN <RES>
02531000 *
02532000 *
02533000 * *****
02534000 *
02535000 * MODULO VALUE FUNCTION
02536000 *
02537000 * *****
02538000 *
02539000 * EMOD IS THE NAME ; MOD IS THE KEYB MNEMONIC
02540000 *
02541000 * ENTRY ; X MOD Y ; WHERE X, AND Y ARE INTEGENS; Y IS CALLED
02542000 * THE BASE
02543000 *
02544000 * EXIT ; THE RESIDUE OF DIVIDING X BY Y ; DEFINED AS:
02545000 * X MOD Y = X - INT(X/Y)*Y
02546000 *
02547000 *
02548000 * GET X AND Y AS <OPND1> AND <OPND2> RESPECTIVLY
02549000 *
02550000 26244 140553 EMOD JSM AGET2,I
02551000 26245 001273 LDA OPND1
02552000 26246 007077 LDB FT1A
02553000 26247 071403 XFR 4 TRANSFER X TO <T1...T4>
02554000 *
02555000 26250 001274 LDA OPND2
02556000 26251 007100 LDB FT5A
02557000 26252 071403 XFR 4 TRANSFER Y TO <T5...T9>
02558000 *
02559000 *
02560000 *
02561000 *
02562000 * START THE MODULO SEARCH ROUTINE
02563000 * DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN TWO TYPES OF VALUES FOR X
02564000 *
02565000 * 1. X WITH EXP.<9
02566000 * 2. X WITH EXP.>9
02567000 *
02568000 * IN THE FIRST CASE X MOD Y= X- INT(X/Y)*Y
02569000 *
02570000 *
02571000 * IN THE SECOND CASE ; THE DEFINITION IF APPLIED WITHOUT SCALING
02572000 * WILL CAUSE ERROR DUE TO THE LIMITED NUMBER OF DIGITS IN THE
02573000 * MANTISSA. FOR THIS SITUATION WE ARE GOING TO FIND X/Y
02574000 * AND IF THE QUOTIENT HAS EXP.>8; WE WILL REDUCE THE LAST THREE
02575000 * DIGITS OF THAT QUOTIENT TO ZEROS AND REDUCE THE EXPONENT TO 8
02576000 * MULTIPLY THE BASE Y BY THAT AMOUNT (SCALED QUOTIENT).
02577000 * SUBTRACT THE RESULT FROM THE ORIGINAL X AND REPLACE X BY
02578000 * THAT VALUE ; CONTINUE THIS SCALING TILL YOU REACH A SAFE VALUE
02579000 * FOR X TO APPLY THE DEFINITION OF MOD ON.
02580000 *
02581000 26253 140557 MSTA JSM ADIV1,I X/Y
02582000 26254 005716 LDB T6
02583000 26255 076411 SZR MZERO IF Y=0;RETURN ZERO
02584000 26256 001752 LDA RESE
02585000 26257 170405 AR 6
02586000 26260 005715 LDB T5

```

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

```

02587000 26261 176003 SHP MSTA.
02588000 26262 010042 CPA B777 IS EXP(X)-EXP(Y)>=511
02589000 26263 067266 JMP MZERO RETURN ZERO; OTHERWISE MACHINE WILL TAKE FOREVER TO
02590000 *
02591000 26264 023076 MSTA. ADA M9
02592000 26265 172410 SAM MCONT EXP DIFF<9;SAFE TO USE X-INT(X/Y)Y
02593000 *
02594000 * GIVE A ZERO FOR ANSEWER
02595000 *
02596000 *
02597000 *
02598000 26266 000340 MZERO LDA ARES
02599000 26267 071603 CLR 4 RETURN A ZERO
02600000 26270 170201 RET 1
02601000 *
02602000 26271 001273 MODT LDA OPND1
02603000 26272 004340 LDB ARES
02604000 26273 071403 XFR 4 RETURN X=XMODY
02605000 26274 170201 RET 1
02606000 * COUNT THE MODULO ACCORDING THE GOLDEN RULE
02607000 * X MOD Y = X- INT(X/Y)*Y
02608000 *
02609000 26275 000340 MCONT LDA ARES
02610000 26276 007101 LDB FT9A
02611000 26277 071403 XFR 4
02612000 26300 035273 STR OPND1
02613000 26301 043432 JSM EINT. FIND INTEGER PART
02614000 *
02615000 26302 000340 LDA ARES
02616000 26303 031273 STA OPND1
02617000 26304 003100 LDA FT5A
02618000 26305 031274 STA OPND2
02619000 26306 140556 MCON1 JSM AMUL1,I
02620000 26307 000340 LDA ARES
02621000 26310 031274 STA OPND2
02622000 26311 003077 LDA FT1A
02623000 26312 031273 STA OPND1
02624000 26313 140555 JSM ASUB1,I
02625000 26314 170201 RET 1
02627000 *
02628000 *
02629000 *
02630000 * FRACTION VALUE FUNCTION
02631000 * EFRAC IS THE NAME ; KEYS MNEMONIC IS FHAC
02632000 *
02633000 * ENTRY IS A SINGLE ARG.
02634000 * EXIT IS THE FRACTIONAL PART IN THE MATHEMATICAL. (NOT ARITHMETIC)
02635000 * SENSE
02636000 *
02637000 * THIS FUNCTION USES SUBROUTINE FREEK TO ACCOMPLISH FRACTION
02638000 * SEPARATION OF ABSOLUTE VALUE
02639000 *
02640000 *
02641000 26315 043332 EFRAC JSM FREEK GO TO FRACTION SEPARATION ROUTINE
02642000 26316 000020 EEFR LDA AR2E
02643000 26317 073007 SLA EFRA1 IF MANTISSA IS>= 0 ; GO TO EFHAC ROUTINE
02644000 *
02645000 * ADD TO FRACTION 1.
02646000 *
02647000 26320 000172 LDA AONE
02648000 26321 031273 STA OPND1
02649000 26322 000127 LDA AR2A
02650000 26323 031274 STA OPND2
02651000 26324 140554 JSM AADD1,I
02652000 26325 170201 RET 1
02653000 26326 000127 EFRA1 LDA AR2A
02654000 26327 004340 LDB ARES
02655000 26330 071403 XFR 4
02656000 26331 170201 RET 1
02658000 * SUBROUTINE FREEK
02659000 *
02660000 *
02661000 * FOR FRACTIONAL VALUE SEPARATION
02662000 *
02663000 *
02664000 * ENTRY ; ARG. ON TOP OF EXECUTION STACK
02665000 * EXIT ; FRACTIONAL VALUE
02666000 *
02667000 *
02668000 *
02669000 26332 140552 FREEK JSM AGET1,I
02670000 26333 001273 IFREE LDA OPND1
02671000 26334 004127 LDB AR2A
02672000 26335 071403 XFR 4 TRANSFER ARG. TO <AR2>

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MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

02673000	26336	004020	LOB ARZE	
02674000	26337	176424	S8M NOACT	ARG. IS ALREADY A FRACTION I NO INTEGER PART TO REMOVE
02675000			*	
02676000	26340	174505	SRR 6	
02677000			*	
02678000	26341	000255	LDA M12	
02679000	26342	020001	ADA B	EXP-12
02680000	26343	172021	SAP NOFRC	IF EP-12>=0 THER IS NO FRACTION PART
02681000	26344	024254	ADB P1	
02682000	26345	000177	LEFT LDA P0	
02683000	26346	075541	MLY	SHIFT MANTISSA LEFT TO REMOVE ONE DIGIT OF INTEGER PART
02684000			*	
02685000	26347	024257	ADB M1	
02686000	26350	076075	RZB LEFT	CONTINUE IN THE LOOP OF SHIFTING LEFT
02687000	26351	071500	NRM	
02688000	26352	014133	CPB P12	A CASE OF ALL ZEROS MANTISSA
02689000	26353	067364	JMP NOFRC	RETURN A ZERO
02690000	26354	174040	TCB	
02691000	26355	024257	ADB M1	
02692000	26356	174605	SBL 6	
02693000	26357	000020	LDA ARZE	
02694000	26360	050254	AND P1	TO SAVE THE MANTISSA SIGN
02695000	26361	060001	IOR B	TO INCLUDE THE SIGN OF THE MANTISS WITH FRACTION
02696000	26362	030020	STA ARZE	NEW EXPONENT WORD
02697000	26363	170201	NOACT RET 1	
02698000			*	
02699000	26364	000127	NOFRC LDA AR2A	
02700000	26365	071603	CLR *	ANSWER IS 0.
02701000	26366	170201	RFT 1	
02704000			*	
02705000			*	
02706000			*	
02707000			*	RETURN SIGN FUNCTION
02708000			*	ESGN IS THE NAME ; SGN IS KEYB NEUMONIC
02709000			*	ENTRY: ARGUMENT ON TOP OF EXECUTION STACK
02710000			*	EXIT : +1 IF ARG WAS FOUND POSITIVE
02711000			*	0.0 IF ARG WAS FOUND TO BE ZERO
02712000			*	-1 : IF ARG WAS FOUND TO BE NEGATIVE
02713000			*	
02714000			*	
02715000			*	
02716000	26367	140552	ESGN JSM AGET1,I	GET ONE OPERAND
02717000	26370	000172	LDA AONE	
02718000	26371	004340	LDB ARES	
02719000	26372	071403	XFR *	STORE 1. IN <RES>
02720000			*	
02721000	26373	101273	LDA OPND1,I	LOAD EXPONENT WORD
02722000	26374	050254	AND P1	GET MANTISS SIGN
02723000	26375	031752	STA RESE	IT IS THE SIGN OF <RES> T100
02724000			*	
02725000	26376	045273	ISZ OPND1	
02726000	26377	101273	LDA OPND1,I	THE FIRST WORD OF MANTISS A IN A
02727000	26400	072007	RZA EABSE	IF IT WAS NOT A ZERO RETURN
02728000			*	
02729000	26401	067266	JMP MZERO	CLEAR <RES>
02731000			*	
02732000			*	
02733000			*	
02734000			*	ABSOLUTE VALUE FUNCTION
02735000			*	
02736000			*	EABS IS THE NAME ; ABS IS THE KEYB NEUMONIC
02737000			*****	
02738000			**	
02739000			*	ENTER*: ARG. ON TOP OF EXECUTIO STACK
02740000			*	EXIT : ABSOLUTE VALUE
02741000			*	
02742000			*	
02743000			*	
02744000	26402	140552	EABS JSM AGET1,I	
02745000	26403	043271	JSM MODT	OPND1 INT 0 RES
02746000			*	
02747000	26404	001752	LDA RESE	GET THE EXPONENT
02748000	26405	050146	AND M2	REMOVE THE MANTISSA SIGN
02749000	26406	031752	STA RESE	
02750000	26407	170201	EABSE RET 1	
02752000			*	
02753000			*	*****
02754000			*	
02755000			*	INTEGER EXECUTION VALUE FUNCTION
02756000			*	
02757000			*	EDINT IS THE NAME ; DINT IS THE KEYB MNEMONIC

MATH OPTION BLOCK B (MB16)

```

02758000 *
02759000 *
02760000 * ENTRY 1 IS THE SINGLE ARG.
02761000 * EXIT : THE INTEGER PART OF THE EQUIVALENT ABSOLUTE VALUE
02762000 *
02763000 *
02765000 *
02766000 *
02767000 26410 105273 IDINT LDB OPND1,I
02768000 26411 174405 DINT1 ABR 6
02769000 26412 176002 SRP **2
02770000 26413 067266 DINT2 JMP MZERO CLEAR <RES>
02771000 26414 024155 ADB M11 IF THE EXPONENT IS >= 11, RETURN THE ARGUMENT.
02772000 26415 176402 SRM **2
02773000 26416 067271 DINT3 JMP MODT OPND1 INTO <RES>
02774000 26417 174040 TCB B = NO. OF DIGITS TO RIGHT SHIFT OUT OF AR2.
02775000 26420 035762 STB MT1
02776000 26421 001273 LDA OPND1
02777000 26422 004127 LDB AR2A TRANSFER THE ARGUMENT TO AR2
02778000 26423 071403 XFR 4
02779000 26424 005762 LDB MT1
02780000 26425 000177 LDA P0
02781000 26426 075500 MRY PERFORM THE RIGHT SHIFT.
02782000 26427 071500 DINT4 NRM
02783000 26430 067326 JMP EFRA1 <AR2> INTO <RES>
02785000 *
02786000 *
02787000 *
02788000 * INTEGER VALUE FUNCTION
02789000 * THIS IS THE INTEGER VALUE ACCORDING TO THE MATHEMATICAL
02790000 * DEFINITION AS (THE FLOOR ACCORDING TO APL NOTATION)
02791000 *
02792000 *
02793000 * ENTRY : A SINGLE ARG.
02794000 * EXIT : THE LARGES INTEGER SMALLER OR EQUAL TO ARG.
02795000 *
02796000 *
02797000 26431 140552 EINT JSM AGET1,I GET ARG.
02798000 26432 043410 EINT. JSM IDINT GO TO DECIMAL SEPARATION ROUTINE
02799000 26433 001273 LDA OPND1
02800000 26434 031274 STA OPND2 POINT TO ARG. AS OPND2
02801000 26435 000340 LDA ARES
02802000 26436 031273 STA OPND1 POINT TO DINT AS OPND1
02803000 * IF THE ARG WAS POSITIVE DINT=INT I GO TO INT1
02804000 *
02805000 * IF THE INTEGER IS ZERO WE SHOULD CHECK IF THE ARG. WAS A ZERO
02806000 * OR IT WAS A FRACTION WITH ABS. VALUE <1
02807000 26437 140562 JSM ATSU1,I FIND DINT-ARG
02808000 26440 076406 SZB INT1 IF ARG WAS INTEGER INT=DINT
02809000 26441 014144 CPB P3
02810000 26442 067446 JMP INT1
02811000 26443 000172 LDA AONE POINT TO FL 1.
02812000 26444 031274 STA OPND2
02813000 26445 140555 JSM ASUB1,I ADD -1. TO DINT TO GET INT
02814000 26446 170201 INT1 RET 1
02816000 END

```

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

```

00003000 76550 ORG 76550B
00004000 UNL
02000000 LST
02001000 *
02003000 00505 ORG APGET
02004000 00505 026476 DEF PGET
02005000 00506 026571 DEF PNUM
02006000 00507 027034 DEF INTCK
02007000 00510 026755 DEF GLENL
02008000 00511 026765 DEF GLEOL
02009000 00512 026773 DEF FLADR
02010000 00513 026775 DEF FLINA
02011000 00514 027025 DEF SLLN
02012000 00515 027101 DEF STKEX
02013000 00516 027116 DEF UNSTK
02014000 00517 027216 DEF AJINS
02015000 00520 027262 DEF AJOEL
02016000 00521 027132 DEF STKPT
02017000 00522 027062 DEF DIGXX DIGIT CHECK ROUTINE
02018000 00523 027170 DEF GLNUM GET LINE NUMBER
02019000 *
02020000 00575 ORG AFXD
02021000 00575 026714 DEF EFIX
02022000 00576 026717 DEF EFLT

```

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES

```

02025000 *****
02026000 26476      ORG 26476B
02027000      *
02028000      *** GET NEXT PARAMETER FROM PRINT LIST ***
02029000      *
02030000      *   ENTRY: LDA FLAG
02031000      *           JSM PGET      TO GET FIRST PARAMETER
02032000      *
02033000      *           LDA N      N=# PLACES TO BUMP FAP1 (N=1 FOR NEXT
02034000      *                   PARAMETER), N>=0
02035000      *           JSM PGET      TO GET SUBSEQUENT PARAMETERS
02036000      *
02037000      *   EXIT: RETURN P+1 : PARAMETER LIST EXHAUSTED
02038000      *           RETURN P+2 : NEXT PARAMETER FETCHED
02039000      *           A= 0:NUMERIC, 1:STRING
02040000      *           B= CHARACTER COUNT
02041000      *           D= BYTE ADDRESS OF FIRST CHARACTER
02042000      *
02043000      *           IF B=-1, BUILDING OUTPUT STRING WAS NOT POSSIBLE
02044000      *           A=PARAMETER CLASS
02045000      *
02046000 26476 005217 PGET  LDB .WPRT      SET FIX/FLT INDICATOR
02047000 26477 035216      STB SIOCP
02048000 26500 172003      SAP .PGETN
02049000 26501 140610      JSM ACOUN,I
02050000 26502 067505      JMP PGET0
02051000 26503 140607 PGETN JSM ABUMP,I
02052000 26504 170201      RET 1      RETURN 1 IF LIST EXHAUSTED
02053000 26505 040751 PGET0 JSM NGET      GET NEXT NUMBER
02054000 26506 067645      JMP .PGETC  IT WASN'T NUMERIC, SO CHECK IT FOR STRING
02055000      *
02056000      *** THIS SECTION PROCESSES A NUMERIC ITEM
02057000      *
02058000      *
02059000      *
02060000 26507 000001 PNNUM LDA B
02061000 26510 004336      LDB AOP1      PUT THE VALUE IN OP1
02062000 26511 071403      XFR 4
02063000 26512 035273      STB OPND1    SAVE ADDRESS FOR ROUND ROUTINE
02064000 26513 000254      LDA P1
02065000 26514 031713      STA T3      SET INITIAL COUNT TO 1
02066000 26515 140551      JSM AFLTC,I  CHECK FOR RANGE E+/-99
02067000 26516 000305      LDA ASTAK   GET ADDRESS-1 OF COMPILE STACK
02068000 26517 030017      STA D      AND INITIALIZE BUFFER POINTER
02069000 26520 105273      LDB OPND1,I GET EXPONENT WORD
02070000 26521 043671      JSM PSIGN   AND DUMP THE +/- CHARACTER
02071000 26522 001216      LDA SIOCP   GET THE FIXED/FLOAT FLAG
02072000 26523 172002      SAP *+2    IS IT FIXED?
02073000 26524 067574      JMP PFLT    NO, PROCESS FLT FORMAT
02074000 26525 174405      ABR 6      B=EXPONENT
02075000 26526 035712      STB T2
02076000 26527 170503      SAR 4      A=N(FIXED)
02077000 26530 050130      AND P15
02078000 26531 031711      STA T1
02079000 26532 020001      ADA B      A = N+E
02080000 26533 022464      ADA M14    CHECK FOR COUNT >= 15
02081000 26534 172405      SAM PFIX   NO, DO A FIXPT OUTPUT
02082000 26535 005216      LDB SIOCP  YES, CHECK IF FLT REVERSION IS OK
02083000 26536 174600      SBL 1      POSITION BIT14 FOR CHECK
02084000 26537 001216      LDA SIOCP  GET FIX/FLT WORD JUST IN CASE
02085000 26540 176034      SRP PFLT   IF OK, REVERT TO FLOAT
02086000      *
02087000      *** THIS SECTION BUILDS A FIXED POINT NUMBER
02088000      *
02089000 26541 005711 PFIX  LDB T1      B=N
02090000 26542 174040      TCB      SET B=-N FOR PROUND ROUTINE
02091000 26543 173201      SOC *+1,C CLEAR OVF FOR ROUND ROUTINE
02092000 26544 000544      LDA APRND
02093000 26545 020144      ADA P3
02094000 26546 140000      JSM A,I    JUMP IN AT PRND+3
02095000 26547 000340      LDA ARES
02096000 26550 004127      LDB AOR2
02097000 26551 071403      XFR 4      PUT ROUNDED RESULT IN AR2
02098000 26552 104001      LDB B,I    GET EXPONENT WORD
02099000 26553 174405      ABR 6      B=EXPONENT
02100000 26554 174011      SRP PFIX1  IF B POS, ALL OK
02101000 26555 174040      TCB      OTHERWISE, SHIFT E+1 ZEROS
02102000 26556 000001      LDA B      INTO AR2
02103000 26557 170503      SAR 4
02104000 26560 072402      SZA *+2    IF B>15
02105000 26561 004133      LDB P12    USE 12
02106000 26562 000177      LDA P0     SET UP A FOR MRY
02107000 26563 075500      MRY      AND SHIFT IN B ZEROS
02108000 26564 004177      LDB P0     SET B=0 FOR NO CHARACTERS BEFORE DP
02109000 26565 024254 PFIX1 ADB P1 SET ONE MORE LEADING DIGIT

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CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES

```

02110000 26566 043676 JSM PDUMP OUTPUT THE NUMBER TO BUFFER
02111000 26567 005713 LDB T3 GET CHARACTER COUNT
02112000 26570 067641 JMP POUT AND GET OUT
02113000 *
02114000 *
02115000 * ROUTINE TO PROCESS A NUMERIC ITEM
02116000 *
02117000 26571 001217 PNUM LDA WPRT SET FIX/FLT INDICATOR
02118000 26572 031216 STA SIOCP
02119000 26573 067507 JMP PNUM
02120000 *
02121000 *
02122000 *** THIS SECTION BUILDS A FLOATING POINT NUMBER
02123000 *
02124000 *
02125000 26574 050130 PFLT AND P15 SAVE N(FLOAT)
02126000 26575 031711 STA T1
02127000 26576 001273 LDA OPND1
02128000 26577 004127 LDB ADR2
02129000 26600 071403 XFR 4 PUT THE NUMBER IN AR2 FOR ROUNDING
02130000 26601 000140 LDA P7 SET FOR ROUND TYPE
02131000 26602 005711 LDB T1
02132000 26603 024254 ADB P1 SET FOR ROUND ON DIGIT N+1
02133000 26604 140547 JSM ARND,I AND DO IT.
02134000 26605 100127 LDA ADR2,I GET EXPONENT WORD
02135000 26606 170405 AAR 6 A=EXPONENT
02136000 26607 020206 ADA M100 CHECK FOR ROUND OVERFLOW
02137000 26610 172404 SAM *+4 IF A<0, THEN E<100 AND ALL IS OK
02138000 26611 000336 LDA AOP1
02139000 26612 004127 LDB ADR2
02140000 26613 071403 XFR 4 IF A=0, USE ORIGINAL NUMBER
02141000 26614 004254 LDB P1 SET FOR 1 CHAR. BEFORE DP
02142000 26615 043676 JSM PDUMP OUTPUT MANTISSA TO BUFFER
02143000 26616 000063 LDA B145 B145= ASCII LOWER CASE E FOR EXPONENT
02144000 26617 074550 PBD A,I OUTPUT THE "E"
02145000 26620 104127 LDB ADR2,I GET EXPON. WORD
02146000 26621 174716 RRR 15 POSITION EXP. SIGN BIT FOR TEST
02147000 26622 043671 JSM PSIGN OUTPUT A +/-
02148000 26623 000257 LDA M1 SET A FOR EXPONENT COUNT
02149000 26624 174700 RRR 1
02150000 26625 174405 ABR 6
02151000 26626 176002 SRP *+2
02152000 26627 174040 TCB
02153000 26630 024207 ADB M10 SUBTRACT 10
02154000 26631 020254 ADA P1 AND INCREMENT COUNT
02155000 26632 176076 SRP *-2 UNTIL B GOES NEGATIVE
02156000 26633 020103 ADA P48 MAKE COUNT IN A AN ASCII NUMBER
02157000 26634 074550 PBD A,I AND SEND 10'S DIGIT
02158000 26635 024077 ADB P58 RESTORE LAST 10, AND MAKE ASCII
02159000 26636 074551 PBD B,I AND SEND UNITS DIGIT
02160000 26637 004143 LDB P4 SET COUNT TO 4 FOR "E+XX"
02161000 26640 025713 ADB T3 ADD IN PREVIOUS COUNT
02162000 26641 000325 POUT LDA ACSTF SET 0 TO FIRST BYTE
02163000 26642 030017 STA D OF COMPILER STACK BUFFER
02164000 26643 000177 LDA P0 SET FOR NUMERIC RESULT
02165000 26644 170202 RET 2 AND GET OUT!!!
02166000 *
02167000 *** THIS SECTION CHECKS A NON-NUMERIC FOR A STRING
02168000 *
02169000 26645 101272 PGETC LDA FAP1,I GET ORIGINAL WHAT WORD
02170000 26646 010221 CPA NWD0 SEE IF NUMERIC
02171000 26647 170201 RET 1 EMPTY LIST IF SO
02172000 26650 004000 LDB A AND COPY INTO B
02173000 26651 174601 SBL 2 CHECK BIT 13
02174000 26652 176003 SRP PSTR IF ZERO, THIS IS A STRING
02175000 26653 004257 LDB M1 SET B=-1 FOR "SOMETHING ROTTEN IN DENMARK"
02176000 26654 170202 RET 2 AND GIVE IT UP
02177000 *
02178000 *** THIS PROCESSES A STRING
02179000 *
02180000 26655 172005 PSTR SAP PSTRC IF A POS. STRING CONSTANT
02181000 26656 141324 JSM AKOUN,I IF A NEG,CALL ON STRING ROM FOR WHERE,COUNT
02182000 * ADDRESS OF KOUNT IN SROM
02183000 26657 030017 PSTRE STA D SET BYTE ADDR OF START OF STRING
02184000 26660 000254 LDA P1 SET A FOR STRING RESULT
02185000 26661 170202 RET 2
02186000 *
02187000 26662 001272 PSTRC LDA FAP1
02188000 26663 020144 ADA P3 POINT TO LENGTH
02189000 26664 104000 LDB A,I B = COUNT OF CHARACTERS
02190000 26665 020257 ADA M1 PT TO WHERE WORD
02191000 26666 100000 LDA A,I GET WHERE WORD
02192000 26667 021272 ADA FAP1 FIND ADDR OF FIRST CHAR

```

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES

```

02193000 26A70 067657      JMP PSTRE
02194000
02195000      *** SUBROUTINES
02196000
02197000 26A71 000117  PSIGN LDA P32      A=ASCII BLANK
02198000 26A72 077002      SLB  *+2          IF MANTISSA POSITIVE, KEEP BLANK
02199000 26A73 000106      LDA P45          OTHERWISE, USE MINUS
02200000 26A74 074550      PBD A,I          OUTPUT IT
02201000 26A75 170201      RET 1
02202000
02203000 26A76 043704  PDUMP JSM PDUMB    DUMP B LEADING DIGITS
02204000 26A77 005711      LDB T1          GET N
02205000 26700 076413      SZB PRET1      IF N=0, NO DECIMAL OR DIGITS FOLLOW
02206000 26701 000105      LDA P46          IF N>0, SEND DECIMAL POINT
02207000 26702 074550      PBD A,I
02208000 26703 045713      ISZ T3          AND BUMP COUNT
02209000 26704 000177  PDUMB LDA P0          SET FOR MLY TO SHIFT IN ZEROS
02210000 26705 075541      MLY            SHIFT OUT NEXT DIGIT
02211000 26706 020103      ADA P48        MAKE IT ASCII
02212000 26707 074550      PBD A,I        SEND IT
02213000 26710 045713      ISZ T3          AND BUMP COUNT
02214000 26711 054001      DSZ B          LOOP UNTIL B=0
02215000 26712 067704      JMP PDUMB
02216000 26713 170201  PRET1 RET 1
02217000
02218000
02219000      *
02220000      *      FIXED AND FLOAT EXECUTION
02221000      *
02222000 26714 001217  EFIX  LDA  WPRT      GET CURRENT WPRT
02223000 26715 172201      SAP *+1,C      SET FIXED
02224000 26716 067721      JMP EFIX1
02225000 26717 001217  EFLT  LDA  WPRT      GET CURRENT WPRT
02226000 26720 172301      S:P *+1,S      SET FOR FLOAT
02227000 26721 031217  EFIX1 STA  WPRT      PUT IT BACK FOR NOW
02228000 26722 140610      JSM ACOUN,I    HOW MANY PARAMETERS
02229000 26723 040751      JSM NGET       ONE: FIND IT
02230000 26724 067751      JMP NONUM      NOT NUMERIC,GIVE AN ERROR IF NOT NULL
02231000 26725 000001      LDA B          OR MOVE IT TO A
02232000 26726 040644      JSM FIXPT      AND MAKE AN INTEGER
02233000 26727 173405      SOS ERFFL      OUT OF RANGE: GIVE ERROR
02234000 26730 174404      SRM ERFFL      OUT OF RANGE
02235000 26731 000001      LDA B
02236000 26732 020255      ADA M12        TEST FOR > 11
02237000 26733 172403      SAM *+3        OK : CONT.
02238000 26734 140404  ERFFL JSM AERR1,I  GIVE ERROR 17
02239000 26735 030467      ASC 1,17
02240000
02241000 26736 001217      LDA  WPRT
02242000 26737 172004      SAP EFL3      FIX/FLT ?
02243000 26740 050160      AND M16       PUT B INTO
02244000 26741 060001      IOR B         FLOAT POSITION
02245000 26742 067747      JMP EFL2      AND CLEAN UP
02246000 26743 170703  EFL3  RAR 4
02247000 26744 050160      AND M16       PUT B INTO
02248000 26745 060001      IOR B         FIXED POSITION
02249000 26746 170713      RAR 12
02250000 26747 031217  EFL2  STA  WPRT      PUT FINAL VALUE BACK
02251000 26750 164365  EFOUT JMP AINTX,I  BACK TO INTERPRETER
02252000
02253000 26751 010140  NONUM CPA P7      IS IT THE NULL PARAMETER?
02254000 26752 164365      JMP AINTX,I    YES, RETURN TO INTERPRETER
02255000 26753 140404  ERUND JSM AERR1,I  NON-NUMERIC PARAMETER
02256000 26754 030470      ASC 1,18
02257000
02258000
02259000      *
02260000      *      GET LENGTH OFFLINE
02261000      *
02262000      *      ENTRY: INFO IN COMPIL BUFF
02263000      *
02264000      *      EXIT: TMP4 =LINE LENGTH+1] =A
02265000      *
02266000 26755 043765  GLENL JSM GLEOL    FIND EOL ADDRESS
02267000 26756 004016  GLEN2 LDB C        GET HIGH CHAR POINTR
02268000 26757 000302      LDA ACBFX
02269000 26760 140362      JSM AFBAD,I   FIND BYTE ADDR.DIFF
02270000 26761 020142      ADA P5        ROUND UP, ADD 2 WORDS
02271000 26762 170500      SAR 1         MAKE WORDS
02272000 26763 031234      STA TMP4      SAVE LINE LENGTH
02273000 26764 170201      RET 1
02274000
02275000      *
02276000      *

```

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES

```

02277000 * GLEOL GET EOL ADDR IN COMPILE BUFF
02278000 * EXIT B CONTAINS 177B+ C POINTS TO BYTE BEFORE EOL
02279000 *
02280000 *
02281000 *
02282000 26765 000305 GLEOL LDA ACLMT END ADDR OF COMPILER
02283000 26766 030016 SYA C SET POINTER
02284000 26767 074761 GLEN1 WBC B+D GET A BYTE
02285000 26770 014053 CPB EOL END OF LINE?
02286000 26771 170201 RET 1 YES, RETURN
02287000 26772 067767 JMP GLEN1 NO, CONTINUE
02288000 *
02289000 *
02290000 *
02291000 * FLADR,FLINA FINDLINE ADDRESS
02292000 * FLADR ENTRY LINE NO. IN LNO
02293000 * FLINA ENTRY LINE NO. IN TMP7
02294000 *
02295000 * EXITLNO CHANGED TO -1 IF A NULL PROGRAM
02296000 * RET P+2 A= S/A OF LINE
02297000 *
02298000 * RET P+1 LINE NOT FOUND OR NULL PROGRAM
02299000 * B CONTAINS LAST LINE NO. OR -1
02300000 * K ALSO CONTAINS LNIE # IF NOT A NULL PROG
02301000 *
02302000 *
02303000 *
02304000 26773 005226 FLADR LDB LNO GET LINE NO.
02305000 26774 035233 STB TMP7 SAVE IT
02306000 26775 001307 FLINA LDA FWUP FIRST WORD OF USER PROGRAM
02307000 26776 011277 CPA ENDS NULL PROGRAM?
02308000 26777 066023 JMP SLLN1 SET LNO = -1 IF A NULL PROG
02309000 27000 004177 LDB P0
02310000 27001 035224 STB K INITIALIZE LINE COUNT
02311000 27002 104000 FLAD1 LDB A,I GET LINE BRIDGE
02312000 27003 174610 SRL 9
02313000 27004 174510 SAR 9 GET LENGTH OF LINE
02314000 27005 035722 STB T10 AND SAVE IT
02315000 27006 024000 ADB A B = S/A OF NEXT LINE
02316000 27007 015277 CPB ENDS END OF PROGRAM?
02317000 27010 066017 JMP FLAD2 YES
02318000 27011 005224 LDB K GET LINE NO.
02319000 27012 015233 CPB TMP7 LINE FOUND?
02320000 27013 170202 RET 2 YES
02321000 *
02322000 27014 045224 ISZ K INCREM LINE COUNT
02323000 27015 021722 ADA T10 A = S/A OF NEXT LINE
02324000 27016 066002 JMP FLAD1 CONT
02325000 27017 005224 FLAD2 LDB K GET LINE NO.
02326000 27020 015233 CPB TMP7 LINE FOUND?
02327000 27021 170202 RET 2 YES
02328000 27022 170201 RET 1
02329000 *
02330000 27023 004257 SLLN1 LDB M1
02331000 27024 066032 JMP SLLN2 SET LNO TO -1
02332000 *
02333000 *
02334000 * SET "LNO" TO VALUE OF LAST LINE NO.
02335000 *
02336000 * IF NULL PROGISSET "LNO" = -1
02337000 *
02338000 *
02339000 27025 000263 SLLN LDA MAXLN MAX LINE NO.
02340000 27026 031226 STA LNO
02341000 27027 043773 JSM FLADR SET LNO TO -1 OR LAST LINE NO.
02342000 27030 066032 JMP SLLN2 LINE SHOULD NOT BE FOUND
02343000 27031 140424 JSM ASYER,I END IF FOUND
02344000 27032 035226 SLLN2 STB LNO SET LNO
02345000 27033 170201 RET 1
02346000 *
02347000 *
02348000 * BUILD AN INTEGER AND CHECK THE MAX. VALUE
02349000 *
02350000 * ENTRY1 A = FIRST CHAR
02351000 *
02352000 *
02353000 * EXIT1 B = INTEGER
02354000 *
02355000 * "L" GNEXT POINTR HAS BEEN ADVANCED
02356000 *
02357000 *
02358000 27034 004177 INTCK LDB P0
02359000 27035 035224 STB K INITIALIZE PARTIAL RESULT
02360000 27036 042061 JSM DIGCK FIRST CHAR A DIGIT?

```

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES

```

02361000 27037 066047      JMP ERINT      NO
02362000 27040 042061 INTC1 JSM DIGCK  IS IT A DIGIT?
02363000 27041 064057      JMP INTC2     NO
02364000 27042 001224      LDA K        GET PARTIAL RESULT
02365000 27043 035224      STB K        SAVE LATEST DIGIT
02366000 27044 004135      LDB P10     MULTIPLY PARTIAL RESULT
02367000 27045 075617      MPY         BY 10
02368000 27046 076403      SZB **3     INTEGER WITHIN "A" ?
02369000 27047 140404 ERINT JSM AERR1,I NO! ERROR
02370000 27050 030461      ASC 1,11
02371000
02372000 27051 172476      SAM ERINT    SKIP ON "A" TOO LARGE
02373000 27052 021224      ADA K        ADD LATEST DIGIT
02374000 27053 172474      SAM ERINT    SKIP ON OVERFLOW
02375000 27054 031224      STA K        SAVE PARTIAL RESULT
02376000 27055 140501      JSM AGNXT,I GET NEXT CHARACTER
02377000 27056 066040      JMP INTC1    CONT
02378000 27057 005224 INTC2 LDB K      GET INTEGER
02379000 27060 170201      RET 1
02380000
02381000
02382000
02383000
02384000
02385000
02386000
02387000
02388000
02389000
02390000
02391000
02392000
02393000 27061 006465 DIGCK LDB DLIMT GET DIGIT LIMITS
02394000 27062 035221 DIGXX STB PLADD  SAVE LIMITS
02395000 27063 174507      SBR 8        GET UPPER LIMIT
02396000 27064 174140      CMB          ONES-COMPLEMENT
02397000 27065 024000      ADB A        ADD ASCII CODE
02398000 27066 176012      SRP DIG1     SKIP IF CODE EXCEEDS UPPER LIMIT
02399000 27067 005221      LDB PLADD    GET LIMITS
02400000 27070 174707      RBR 8
02401000 27071 174507      SBR 8        GET LOWER LIMITS
02402000 27072 174040      TCB          MAKE NEG.
02403000 27073 024000      ADB A        ADD ASCII CODE
02404000 27074 176404      SRM DIG1     SKIP IF CODE LESS THAN LOWER LIMIT
02405000 27075 004000      LDB A        CODE WITHIN LIMITS
02406000 27076 024163      ADB M48     GET BINARY DIGIT
02407000 27077 170202      RET 2
02408000
02409000 27100 170201 DIG1  RET 1
02410000
02411000
02412000
02413000
02414000
02415000
02416000
02417000
02418000 27101 000147 STKEX LDA M3    PUT RELATIVE AP3,AP1
02419000 27102 042132      JSM STKPT   ON THE EXECUTION STACK
02420000 27103 032060      ASC 1,40    STACK OVERFLOW ERROR #
02421000 27104 001264      LDA LEND    PUT LEND ON THE STACK ALSO
02422000 27105 070550      PWD A,I
02423000 27106 000017      LDA D        GET STACK PTR
02424000 27107 050344      AND MAW     CLEAR BIT 15
02425000 27110 020147      ADA M3      PT TO LOCATION TO PUT -1 ON STACK
02426000 27111 004257      LDB M1
02427000 27112 134000      STB A,I     PUT -1 ON STACK NEW BOTTOM OF STACK
02428000 27113 031261      STA AP3     SET NEW STACK POINTERS
02429000 27114 031263      STA AP1
02430000 27115 170201      RET 1
02431000
02432000
02433000
02434000
02435000
02436000
02437000
02438000 27116 101261 UNSTK LDA AP3,I STRIP OFF GOSUBS
02439000 27117 010257      CPA M1      BY LOOKING FOR -1
02440000 27120 066124      JMP UNST1
02441000 27121 021300      ADA AP2     MAKE AN ABSOLUTE ADDRESS
02442000 27122 031261      STA AP3     #-1 SO KEEP LOOKING
02443000 27123 066116      JMP UNSTK
02444000 27124 001261 UNST1 LDA AP3   GET PTR
02445000 27125 020254      ADA P1      BUMP PAST THE -1

```

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES

```

02446000 27126 042160 JSM UNSPT UNSTACK RELATIVE AP3,API
02447000 27127 070770 WWD A GET LEND FROM THE STACK
02448000 27130 031264 STA LEND
02449000 27131 170201 RET 1
02450000
02451000
02452000
02453000 * STKPT ROUTINE THAT PUTS AP3, API ON THE EXECUTION
02454000 * STACK. CALLED BY
02455000 * LDA MM
02456000 * JSM ASTKG,I
02457000 * ASC I,ERROR #
02458000
02459000 * WHERE MM IS THE NEG OFFSET FROM API TO PUT THE
02460000 * RELATIVE AP3. IF STACK OVERFLOW OCCURS
02461000 * JMP AERR1,I IS EXECUTED. ON RETURN D POINTS
02462000 * TO WHERE API IS LOCATED ON THE STACK. AP3,
02463000 * API POINTS TO THE AP3 ON THE STACK (NEW TOP
02464000 * OF THE STACK)
02465000
02466000
02467000
02468000 27132 021263 STKPT ADA API A NOW POINTS TO LOCATION TO PUT AP3
02469000 27133 020257 ADA M1 ALLOW AN EXTRA WORD AND SET FOR TRANSFER
02470000 27134 005310 LOB RMAX SEE IF MEM OVERFLOW
02471000 27135 174140 CMB -STACK LIMIT
02472000 27136 024000 ADB A
02473000 27137 176002 SRP STK1 NO OVERFLOW IF RESULT POSITIVE
02474000
02475000 27140 164404 JMP AERR1,I OVERFLOW ERROR
02476000
02477000 27141 030017 STK1 STA D SET TRANSFER POINTER
02478000 27142 001300 LDA AP2 POINTERS SHOULD BE RELATIVE TO AP2
02479000 27143 170040 TCA SO SUBTRACT AP2
02480000
02481000 27144 005261 LDB AP3 TRANSFER AP3
02482000 27145 024000 ADB A
02483000 27146 070551 PWD B,I
02484000
02485000 27147 005263 LDB API TRANSFER API
02486000 27150 024000 ADB A
02487000 27151 070551 PWD B,I
02488000
02489000 27152 000017 LDA D A NOW POINTS TO API ON STACK
02490000 27153 050344 AND MAM CLEAR BIT 15 OF A
02491000 27154 020257 ADA M1 POINT TO AP3 ON STACK
02492000 27155 031261 STA AP3 SET PTRS TO NEW TOP OF STACK
02493000 27156 031263 STA API
02494000 27157 170202 RET 2 NO OVER FLOW SO RETURN P+2
02495000
02496000
02497000
02498000 * UNSPT ROUTINE TO RESTORE AP3,API FROM STACK
02499000 * WHEN CALLED A POINTS TO AP3 ON STACK. AFTERWARDS,
02500000 * D POINTS TO WORD AFTER API ON STACK
02501000
02502000
02503000
02504000 27160 030017 UNSPT STA D SET STACK POINTER
02505000
02506000 27161 070570 WWD A,I GET RELATIVE AP3 FROM STACK
02507000 27162 021300 ADA AP2 MAKE AN ABSOLUTE ADDRESS
02508000 27163 031261 STA AP3
02509000
02510000 27164 070570 WWD A,I GET API
02511000 27165 021300 ADA AP2
02512000 27166 031263 STA API
02513000
02514000 27167 170201 RET 1 D NOW POINTS TO WORD AFTER API
02515000
02516000
02517000
02518000
02519000 * AGLNO GET LINE #
02520000
02521000 * ENTRY: B CONTAINS ADDR OF LINE
02522000
02523000 * EXIT: LINE NO. IN LNO
02524000
02525000
02526000
02527000 27170 034732 GLNUM STB T18 SAVE ADDR
02528000 27171 000177 LDA P0 SET LNO = 0 INITIALLY

```

CONTROL AND I/O SUPERVISOR ROUTINES

```

02529000 27172 031226 STA LNO
02530000 27173 005307 LOB FWUP START SEARCH AT BEGGINNING OF PROGRAM
02531000 *
02532000 27174 001277 GLN2 LDA ENDS SEE IF PAST END OF PROGRAM
02533000 27175 170040 TCA
02534000 27176 020001 ADA B ADD CURRENT ADDR
02535000 27177 172407 SAM GLN1 OK IF NEG RESULT
02536000 27200 072004 RZA GLERR ERROR IF >0
02537000 27201 100001 LOA B,I #0 SO END OF PROGRAM
02538000 27202 050053 AND B177 GET LAST LINE LINK
02539000 27203 072404 SZA GLRT ERROR IF NOT ZERO
02540000 *
02541000 27204 140404 GLERR JSM AERR1,I ERROR, LINE BRIDGES MESSED UP
02542000 27205 030464 ASC I,14
02543000 *
02544000 27206 015732 GLN1 CPB T18 FOUND IT?
02545000 27207 170201 GLRT RET I YES
02546000 27210 045226 ISZ LNO NO KEEP SEARCHING
02547000 27211 100001 LDA B,I GET LINE BRIDGE
02548000 27212 050053 AND B177 LOOK ONLY AT LINE LENGTH
02549000 27213 024000 ADB A ADD TO CURRENT ADDRESS
02550000 27214 072470 SZA GLERR ERROR IF LENGTH = 0
02551000 27215 066174 JMP GLN2
02552000 *
02553000 *

```

*****GTO AND GSB ADJUSTING ROUTINES*****

```

02556000 *
02557000 *
02558000 *
02559000 *
02560000 *
02561000 *
02562000 *
02563000 *
02564000 *
02565000 *
02566000 *
02567000 *
02568000 *
02569000 *
02570000 *
02571000 *
02572000 *
02573000 *
02574000 *
02575000 *
02576000 *
02577000 *
02578000 *
02579000 *
02580000 *
02581000 *
02582000 *
02583000 *
02584000 *
02585000 *
02586000 *
02587000 *
02588000 *
02589000 *
02590000 *
02591000 *
02592000 *
02593000 *
02594000 *
02595000 *
02596000 *
02597000 *
02598000 *
02599000 *
02600000 *
02601000 *
02602000 *
02603000 *
02604000 *
02605000 *
02606000 *
02607000 *
02608000 *
02609000 *
02610000 *
02611000 *

```

AJGTO ADJUSTS GTO AND GSB DESTINATIONS AFTER AN INSERT OR DELETE LINE OPERATION

ON ENTRY : ENTRY AT AJINS IS FOR GTO MODIFICATION AFTER AN INSERT
ENTRY AT AJDEL IS FOR GTO MODIFICATION BEFORE A DELETE
T9 = LN1 IF THIS IS A INSERT
T7 = LN2 IF THIS IS A DELETE

ERRORS : ON DELETE THE DELETION OF A GTO'S DESTINATION IS ERROR 36

ON EXIT : RET 1 IF THE GTOS AND GSBs ARE ADJUSTED ELSE RETURN THROUGH AERR1

TEMPORARIES USED : T11, T6, T7, T9, T2, T15, T17, LNO

LKTMP+6 (OFLAG)

ROUTINES CALLED : AERR1, ARLNO, ARLNF, AFCI, AFCC, AGLNO

ADJUSTMENT CRITERIA :

FORMAT OF GTO/GSB :

OPCODE	H.S.	GTO	44	GTO #	IF
OCTAL	ADDRESS		42	<----	44
224-	(0 IF UNSET)		44=	NUMERIC	
231			42=	STRING	FOLLOWS

INSERT CASE :

INSERT OPERATES BY SCANNING THE PROGRAM 6 TIMES FOR EACH OF THE 6 GTO/GSB CODES. WHEN A GTO/GSB CODE IS FOUND, THE LINE NUMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED LINE IS CALCULATED, VIA SUBROUTINE, AS A REFERENCE, THE GTO/GSB DESTINATION IS ALSO GENERATED BY TAKING THE TWO BYTES AFTER THE 44 IS FOUND AND MAKING THESE TWO BYTES A NUMBER. THIS INFORMATION IS THE INPUT TO THE ADJUSTMENT ROUTINES WHICH DECIDE, BASED ON THE TYPE OF GTO/GSB ENCOUNTERED (I, -, ASB,) THE VALUE OF THE GTO/GSB, AND THE LINE NUMBER OF THE LINE CONTAINING THE GTO/GSB.

THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY TO INSERTS :

*****GTO AND GSB ADJUSTING ROUTINES*****

```

02612000 * 1). +-+ RELATIVE : IF LNI>LNO AND LNO+K>=LNI OR
02613000 * 2). +-+ RELATIVE : LNI<=LNO AND LNO-K<=LNI OR
02614000 * 3). ABSOLUTE : K<=LNI
02615000 * THEN K+1-->K, ELSE DO NO ADJUSTMENT
02616000 *
02617000 *
02618000 *
02619000 * DELETE CASE : A PRESCAN IS MADE OF THE PROGRAM, IF DFLAG =1.
02620000 * DURING THE PRESCAN , THE GTO/GSB DESTINATIONS ARE CHECKED TO
02621000 * BE SURE THAT WHEN THE DELETION TAKES PLACE (IT HASN'T YET) , THE
02622000 * DESTINATION OF SOME GTO/GSB WILL NOT DISAPPEAR, UNLESS
02623000 * THE SOURCE IS DELETED. IF ANY DESTINATIONS ARE DELETED,
02624000 * ERROR 36 IS GIVEN AND NO ADJUSTMENT OR DELETION IS DONE. IF
02625000 * THE PRESCAN IS SUCCESSFUL (ERRORLESS), THE ADJUSTMENT IS
02626000 * MADE AND THE LINES ARE DELETED
02627000 * THE SAME 6 PASSES THROUGH THE PROGRAM ARE MADE FOR THE 6
02628000 * GTO/GSB CODES AS FOR THE INSERT CASE.
02629000 * RULES FOR DELETIONS :
02630000 * IF NO +-+ IS ENTERED WITH THE DEL
02631000 *
02632000 * +-+ RELATIVE : LNO<LNI, LN2<LNO+K, LNI<=LNO+K OR
02633000 * +-+ RELATIVE : LN2<LNO, LN2>=LNO-K, LNI>LNO-K OR
02634000 * ABSOLUTE : LN2>=K
02635000 *
02636000 * THEN ADJUST : K-(LN2-LNI+1) -> K
02637000 *
02638000 * ERROR CONDITIONS OR NON-ADJUSTMENT CONDITIONS ARE THE
02639000 * REMAINING ALTERNATIVES.
02640000 *
02641000 * IF DFLAG IS SET - PRESCAN - DO NO ADJUSTMENT, GIVE ERROR
02642000 * IF DFLAG IS CLEAR (NO +-+ ) AND AN ERROR CONDITION OCCURS
02643000 * THEN ADJUST ARTIFICIALLY AS FOLLOWS :
02644000 *
02645000 * +-+ RELATIVE : LNI-LNO -> K
02646000 * +-+ RELATIVE : LNO-(LN2+1) -> K
02647000 * ABSOLUTE : LNI -> K
02648000 *
02649000 *
02650000 *
02651000 * THIS SECTION IS FOR INSERTS
02652000 *
02653000 27216 042413 AJJNS JSM SETUP SAVE THE NECESSARY VARIABLES
02654000 27217 042427 AJGT2 JSM TRLND GET THE LINE INTO THE I/O BUFFER
02655000 27220 066401 JMP AJG30 RESTORE TEMP , TURN OFF RUN LIGHT RETURN
02656000 27221 042442 JSM FGTO FIND THE NEXT GTOO
02657000 27222 066235 JMP AJGT4 A +-+ FOUND
02658000 27223 066250 JMP AJGT6 A +-+ FOUND
02659000 27224 174040 TCB ABSOLUTE GTO/GSB
02660000 27225 025721 ADB T9 IS K>=LNI ?
02661000 27226 174040 TCB
02662000 27227 176002 SBP **2 SKIP IF YES
02663000 27230 066217 JMP AJGT2 NO SO CONTINUE
02664000 27231 005716 AJGT5 LDB T6 ADJUST GTO FOR INSERT
02665000 27232 024254 ADB P1
02666000 27233 042421 JSM ASLN RESTOE THE LINE
02667000 27234 066217 JMP AJGT2 OK TO CONTINUE
02668000 27235 005226 AJGT4 LDB LNO GET LNI
02669000 27236 174040 TCB
02670000 27237 025721 ADB T9
02671000 27240 176057 SBP AJGT2 DO NOTHING HERE, LNI>LNO
02672000 27241 005716 LDB T6 GET THE GTO NUMBER
02673000 27242 174040 TCB LNO -B<=LNI = LNI-(LNO -B)>=0
02674000 27243 025226 ADB LNO
02675000 27244 174040 TCB
02676000 27245 025721 ADB T9
02677000 27246 176063 SRP AJGT5 SKIP IF TRUE
02678000 27247 066217 AJGT7 JMP AJGT2 NEED NOT ADJUST THIS GTO
02679000 27250 005721 AJGT6 LDB T9 IS LNI>LNO ?
02680000 27251 174040 TCB
02681000 27252 025226 ADB LNO IE. IS LNO -LNI<0
02682000 27253 176074 SBP AJGT7 NO IF SKIP
02683000 27254 001721 LDA T9 IS LNO +B>=LNI =
02684000 27255 170040 TCA LNO +B-LNI>=0
02685000 27256 021226 ADA LNO
02686000 27257 021716 ADA T6
02687000 27260 172467 SAM AJGT7 NO, DO NO ADJUSTMENT
02688000 27261 066231 JMP AJGT5 YES, AJUST GTO
02689000 *
02690000 * THIS CODE IS FOR DELETIONS
02691000 *
02692000 27262 042413 AJDEL JSM SETUP SAVE THE NECESSARY VARIABLES
02693000 27263 042427 AJG32 JSM TRLND GET NEXT GTO/GSB TYPE IN T11
02694000 27264 066401 JMP AJG30 RESTORE TEMPS, TURN OFF RUN LIGHT AND RETURN
02695000 27265 001721 LDA T9 IF GTO/GSB LINE IS INCLUDED=

```

*****GTO AND GSB ADJUSTING ROUTINES*****

02696000	27266	170040	TCA	IN DELETED ECTION-NEED NOT
02697000	27267	021226	ADA LNO	PROCESS IT
02698000	27270	172405	SAM AJG31	
02699000	27271	001226	LDA LNO	THAT IS IF LN1<=LNO<=LN2
02700000	27272	170040	TCA	IF TRUE GO ON TO NEXT LINE
02701000	27273	021717	ADA T7	
02702000	27274	172067	SAP AJG32	
02703000	27275	042442	AJG31 JSM FGTO	FIND THE NEXT GTO
02704000	27276	066323	JMP AJG11	WE HAVE A *-1
02705000	27277	066343	JMP AJG12	WE HAVE A *+1
02706000	27300	174040	TCB	K>LN2 = /WE HAVE ABSOLUTE GTO GSB
02707000	27301	025717	ADB T7	LN2<K<0
02708000	27302	176406	SBM AJG10	SKIP IF TRUE, MUST ADJUST
02709000	27303	001721	LDA T9	IS K>=LN1 - K-LN1>=0 ?
02710000	27304	170040	TCA	
02711000	27305	021716	ADA T6	
02712000	27306	172455	SAM AJG32	SKIP IF FALSE
02713000	27307	066376	JMP ERGTA	ERROR-DESTINATION GONE
02714000	27310	001613	AJG10 LDA DFLAG	IF THIS FLAG IS SET WE DO NO ADJUSTMENT
02715000			*	THIS IS A PRESCAN
02716000	27311	073452	RLA AJG32	SKIP IF A PRESCAN
02717000	27312	001721	LDA T9	VALID GTO/GSB FOR DELETE
02718000	27313	170040	TCA	
02719000	27314	021717	ADA T7	SO K=K-(LN2-LN1+1)
02720000	27315	020254	ADA P1	
02721000	27316	170040	TCA	
02722000	27317	005716	LDB T6	
02723000	27320	024000	ADB A	
02724000	27321	042421	AJG33 JSM ASLN	REPLACE ADJUSTED NUMBER IN LINE
02725000	27322	066263	AJG16 JMP AJG32	OK SO CONTINUE
02726000	27323	005226	AJG11 LDB LNO	IS LN2<LNO ?
02727000	27324	174040	TCB	OR LN2-LNO <0 ?
02728000	27325	025717	ADB T7	
02729000	27326	176074	SRP AJG16	SKIP IF NEED DO NO ADJUSTMENT
02730000	27327	005716	LDB T6	GET THE NUMBER
02731000	27330	174040	TCB	IS LN2>=LNO -K ?
02732000	27331	025226	ADB LNO	OR IS LN2-(LNO-K)>=0 ?
02733000	27332	174040	TCB	
02734000	27333	025717	ADB T7	
02735000	27334	176466	SBM AJG16	SKIP IF FALSE, DO NO ADJUSTMENT
02736000	27335	005716	LDB T6	GET THE NUMBER AGAIN
02737000	27336	025721	ADB T9	IS LN1 <= LN2 -K ?
02738000	27337	174040	TCB	OR LNO -(K+LN1)>=0 ?
02739000	27340	025226	ADB LNO	
02740000	27341	176447	SBM AJG10	SKIP IF OK TO ADJUST GTO OR GSB
02741000	27342	066363	JMP ERGTM	ERROR-DESTINATION GONE
02742000	27343	005717	AJG12 LDB T7	IS LNO <LN2 OR LNO -LN2<0 ?
02743000	27344	174040	TCB	
02744000	27345	025226	ADB LNO	
02745000	27346	176054	SRP AJG16	SKIP IF FALSE, DO NO ADJUSTMENT
02746000	27347	005721	LDB T9	GET THE LINE NUMBER
02747000	27350	174040	TCB	LN1<=LN0+K
02748000	27351	025716	ADB T6	
02749000	27352	025226	ADB LNO	
02750000	27353	176447	SBM AJG16	SKIP IF FALSE DO NO ADJUSTMENT
02751000	27354	005716	LDB T6	GET THE NUMBER AGAIN
02752000	27355	025226	ADB LNO	LN2<LNO +K OR LN2-(LNO +K)<0
02753000	27356	174040	TCB	
02754000	27357	025717	ADB T7	
02755000	27360	176402	SBM *+2	
02756000	27361	066371	AJG15 JMP ERGTP	ERROR-DESTINATION GONE
02757000	27362	066310	JMP AJG10	
02758000	27363	042404	ERGTM JSM ERRR2	SEE IF WE ADJUST OR GIVE ERROR
02759000	27364	005717	LDB T7	ADJUST, SO LN-(LN2+1) -> K
02760000	27365	024254	ADB P1	
02761000	27366	174040	TCB	
02762000	27367	025226	ADB LNO	
02763000	27370	066321	JMP AJG33	
02764000	27371	042404	ERGTP JSM ERRR2	SEE IF WE ADJUST OR GIVE ERROR
02765000	27372	005226	LDB LNO	ADJUST, SO K=LN
02766000	27373	174040	TCB	K=LN1-LNO
02767000	27374	025721	ADB T9	
02768000	27375	066321	JMP AJG33	
02769000	27376	042404	ERGTA JSM ERRR2	SEE IF WE ADJUST OR GIVE ERROR
02770000	27377	005721	LDB T9	
02771000	27400	066321	JMP AJG33	
02772000			*	
02773000			*	
02774000	27401	001731	AJG30 LDA T17	
02775000	27402	031226	STA LNO	
02776000	27403	164504	JMP ARNLF,I	TURN OFF THE RUN LIGHT, RETURN
02777000	27404	001613	ERRR2 LDA DFLAG	IF LSB IS SET WE GIVE ERROR BECAUSE GTO
02778000			*	GSB DESTINATION WILL BE GONE IF DELETE IS
02779000			*	ALLOWED

*****GTO AND GSB ADJUSTING ROUTINES*****

```

1780000 27405 073021 SLA ASLN1
1781000 27406 001232 ERH3b LDA CFLAG CLEAR FETCH BIT FOR UP ARROW ROUTINES
1782000 27407 073201 SLA *+1,C
1783000 27410 031232 STA CFLAG
1784000 27411 140404 JSM AERR1,I GTO DESTINATION GONE
1785000 27412 031466 ASC 1,36
1786000 *
1787000 *
1788000 * SETUP WILL TURN ON RUN LIGHT, SET VARIABLES TO CALL AFCC
1789000 * AND AFCC, AND SAVE LNO
1790000 *
1791000 *
1792000 *
1793000 *
1794000 27413 140503 SETUP JSM ARNLO,I TURN ON THE RUN LIGHT
1795000 27414 001226 LDA LNO
1796000 27415 031731 STA T17
1797000 27416 000050 LDA B224
1798000 27417 004152 LDB M6 THIS IS TO GET ALL 6 GTO/GSB CODES
1799000 27420 164374 JMP AFCC,I INITILIZE THE BYTE SEARCH ROUTINE
2800000 *
2801000 *
2802000 *
2803000 * ASLN WILL REPLACE THE TWO BYTES THAT MAKE UP THE GTO/GSB
2804000 * DESTINATION WITH THE NUMBER THAT IS IN THE B REGISTER
2805000 *
2806000 * ON ENTRY : B HAS THE NUMBER TO REPLACE THE BYTES IN THE GTO/GSB
2807000 * D POINTS TO THE BYTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE SECOND
2808000 * BYTE OF THE GTO/GSB NUMBER IN THE COMPILED LINE
2809000 *
2810000 * ON EXIT : THE GTO/GSB DESTINATION IS MODIFIED
2811000 *
2812000 *
2813000 * TEMPORARIES USED : NONE
2814000 *
2815000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
2816000 *
2817000 *
2818000 *
2819000 27421 000001 ASLN LDA B
2820000 27422 050045 AND B377 CLEAR THE H.O. BYTE
2821000 27423 074750 PRD A,D
2822000 27424 174507 SRR B GET THE H.O. BYTE
2823000 27425 074751 PRD B,D REPLACE THE H.O. BYTE
2824000 27426 170201 ASLN1 RET 1
2825000 *
2826000 * TRLIN FINDS THE NEXT GTO/GSB OF TYPE "44" IN THE PROGRAM AND KEEP
2827000 * TRACK OF HERE AND LNO IN THE PROCESS
2828000 *
2829000 * ON ENTRY : D POINTS TO THE NEXT BYTE TO BE EXAMINED
2830000 *
2831000 * ON EXIT : RET 1 IF ENDS IS ENCOUNTERED
2832000 * RET 2 IF A TYPE "44" GTO/GSB IS ENCOUNTERED
2833000 * THEN D POINTS TO FIRST BYTE AFTER THE GTO/GSB
2834000 * OPCODE
2835000 *
2836000 * TEMPORARIES USED: T11, HERE, A, B, D, LNO,
2837000 *
2838000 * ROUTINES CALLED: NONE
2839000 *
2840000 *
2841000 27427 140375 TRLND JSM AFCC,I FIND THE NEXT BYTE OF TYPE IN T11
2842000 27430 170201 RET 1 RET 1 IMPLIES EOP FOUND
2843000 27431 005712 LDB T2 FIND THE LINE NUMBER OF ADDRESS IN T2
2844000 27432 035265 STB HERE REMEMBER THIS ADDRESS
2845000 27433 140523 JSM AGLNO,I GET THE LINE NUMBER OF THE LINE
2846000 27434 044017 ISZ D LINE NUMBER RETURNED IN LNO
2847000 27435 074570 WBD A,I GET TO THE DESTINATION BYTES
2848000 27436 074570 WBD A,I
2849000 27437 022463 ADA BM44 SEE IF WE HAVE A NUMERIC GTO/GSB
2850000 27440 072067 RZA TRLND NON-NUMERIC SO SKIP
2851000 27441 170202 GTUP RET 2 FOUND GTO/GSB
2852000 *
2853000 *
2854000 *
2855000 *
2856000 *
2857000 * FTGO FORMS THE INTEGER NUMBER REPRESENTING THE GTO/GSB DESTINATION
2858000 * AND STORES IT IN T6, FGTO ALSO DET. THE TYPE OF GTO/GSB
2859000 *
2860000 * ON ENTRY : D POINTS TO FIRST BYTE OF THE GTO/GSB DESTINATION
2861000 * INTEGER
2862000 *
2863000 * ON EXIT : RET 1 = GTO/GSB "-" ENCOUNTERED
2864000 * RET 2 = GTO/GSB "+" ENCOUNTERED

```

*****GTO AND GSB ADJUSTING ROUTINES*****

```

02865000 * RET 3 = NONE OF THE ABOVE=>GTO/GSB ABSOLUTE ENCOUNTERED
02866000 * IN EACH CASE THE POINTER, D, POINTS AT THE
02867000 * FIRST BYTE AFTER THE SECOND BYTE OF THE DEST. NUMBER
02868000 *
02869000 *
02870000 * TEMPORARIES USED : T6, T11
02871000 *
02872000 * ROUTINES CALLED : NONE
02873000 *
02874000 *
02875000 27462 074571 FGTO WRD B,I MAKE NUMBER FROM TWO BYTES
02876000 27443 174607 SBL B AFTER "44" IN GTO/GSB
02877000 27444 074570 WRD A,I FIELD
02878000 27445 060001 IOR B
02879000 27446 004000 LDB A
02880000 27447 035716 STB T6 SAVE IN T6 AND B FOR RETURN
02881000 27450 001714 LDA T6 MUST DETERMINE WHICH TYPE OF GTO/GSB
02882000 27451 022462 ADA BM224
02883000 27452 072454 SZA ASLN1 WE HAVE A GTO/GSB REL. -
02884000 27453 020257 ADA M1
02885000 27454 072465 SZA GTOP WE HAVE A GTO RELATIVE "+"
02886000 27455 020257 ADA M1
02887000 27456 072450 SZA ASLN1 WE HAVE A GSB RELATIVE -
02888000 27457 020257 ADA M1
02889000 27460 072461 SZA GTOP WE HAVE A GSB RELATIVE "+"
02890000 27461 170203 RET 3 HERE IF ABSOLUTE GTO OR GSB
02891000 *
02892000 *
02893000 *
02894000 *
02895000 *
02896000 * CONSTANTS
02897000 *
02898000 27462 177554 BM224 OCT -224
02899000 27463 177734 BM44 OCT -44
02900000 27464 177762 M14 DEC -14
02901000 27465 034460 DLIMIT OCT 34460 BITS 9-0
02902000 *
02903000 *
02904000 *
02905000 *
02906000 *
02907000 * DEFINITIONS
02908000 *
02909000 *
02910000 000221 NWND EQU B70K
02911000 000263 MAXLN EQU FLAG
02912000 000170 BUHM EQU M256
02913000 000122 B32 EQU P26
02914000 000052 STPMS EQU B200
02915000 000263 TRCMS EQU FLAG
02916000 000077 COLLN EQU B72
02917000 000053 EOL EQU B177
02918000 000177 KPA EQU P0
02919000 000116 QUOTE EQU B42
02920000 000045 DCMND EQU B377
02921000 000236 CTCNT EQU B2K
02922000 077216 CST EQU CSTMP
02923000 077217 .WPRT EQU CSTMP+1
02924000 077216 SIUCP EQU CST
02925000 077220 M EQU CST+2
02926000 077221 PLADD EQU CST+3
02927000 077223 TMP6 EQU CST+5
02928000 077224 K EQU CST+6
02929000 077225 TMP2 EQU CST+7
02930000 077226 LNO EQU CST+8
02931000 077227 TMP1 EQU CST+9
02932000 077230 TMP5 EQU CST+10
02933000 077231 TMP3 EQU CST+11
02934000 077232 CFLAG EQU CST+12
02935000 077233 TMP7 EQU CST+13
02936000 077234 TMP4 EQU CST+14
02937000 077235 SKEY EQU CST+15
02938000 077207 .WMOD EQU IOTMP+1
02939000 077210 DTMP1 EQU IOTMP+2
02940000 077211 DTMP2 EQU IOTMP+3
02941000 077212 SPKN EQU IOTMP+4
02942000 077213 OLCP EQU IOTMP+5
02943000 077214 CRSP EQU IOTMP+6
02944000 077215 IOCP EQU IOTMP+7
02945000 000433 DISP EQU ALDSP
02946000 077613 DFLAG EQU LKTMP+6
02947000 *

```

*****GTO AND GSB ADJUSTING ROUTINES*****

```

02948000
02949000
02950000 27777
02951000 27777
02952000
02953000
02954000
02955000
02956000

```

```

          ORG 27777H
          BSS 1          CHECKSUM!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
          *****
          END

```

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

BASE-PAGE READ-WRITE-MEMORY

```

00003000 76550          ORG 76550H
00004000          UNL

```

```

02001000
02002000
02003000
02004000
02005000
02006000
02007000
02008000
02009000 32000
02010000
02011000 32000 032030
02012000 32001 032053
02013000 32002 032103
02014000 32003 177777
02015000 32004 032110
02016000 32005 000014

```

```

          I/O ROM
          (FINAL RELEASE VERSION)
          USING BPAGE1
          UNS
          ORG 32000H
          DEF EXEC      EXECUTION LINK WORD
          DEF COMP      COMPILER LINK WORD
          DEF RCOMP      REVERSE COMPILER LINK WORD
          DEC -1         NO COMMAND TABLE
          DEF INIT      INITIALIZATION ROUTINE
          DEC 12        ROM ID=12

```

```

02018000
02019000
02020000
02021000
02022000
02023000
02024000
02025000
02026000
02027000
02028000
02029000

```

```

          THE RELATIVE OP CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
          1 FMT  FORMAT
          2 WRT  WRITE
          3 RED  READ
          4 WTC  WRITE CONTROL
          5 WTB  WRITE BYTE
          6 RDB  READ BYTE
          7 RDS  READ STATUS
          8 CONV CONVERSION TABLE
          9 LIST# LIST TO PERIPHERAL

```

FORMATTED I/O ROM

```

02031000
02032000
02033000
02034000 32006 033250
02035000 32007 033341
02036000 32010 033573
02037000 32011 032273
02038000 32012 033162
02039000 32013 032136
02040000 32014 033450
02041000 32015 033532

```

```

          LINKS
          DEF GSCFN     LINK TO GET SELECT CODE/FMT NUMBER ROUTINE
          DEF BUSET     LINK TO SET UP THE HP-IB ROUTINE
          DEF REDST     LINK TO READ STATUS ROUTINE
          DEF ANFMT     LINK TO PROCESS NEXT FORMAT ROUTINE
          DEF ERDB1     LINK TO STACK A RESULT ROUTINE
          .RET1 DEF SLINK ADDRESS OF A RET 1 (HELP ROUTINE)
          DEF SEND      ADDRESS OF NORMAL OUTPUT ROUTINE
          DEF HEAD      ADDRESS OF NORMAL INPUT ROUTINE

```

```

02043000
02044000
02045000
02046000 32016 132016
02047000 32017 032202
02048000 32020 032532

```

```

          TABLE OF EXECUTION ROUTINE ADDRESSES
          ETBL DEF #.1
          DEF EFMT
          DEF EWRT

```

FORMATTED I/O ROM

```

02049000 32021 032702 DEF ERD
02050000 32022 033376 DEF EWTC
02051000 32023 032673 DEF EWTB
02052000 32024 033157 DEF ERDB
02053000 32025 033177 DEF ERDS
02054000 32026 033211 DEF ECONV
02055000 32027 033655 DEF ELIST

```

```

02057000 *
02058000 * GENERAL EXECUTION ROUTER
02059000 *
02060000 * ENTRY: A CONTAINS THE ROM'S RELATIVE CODE
02061000 *
02062000 32030 031717 EXEC STA STMT SAVE ORIGINAL RELATIVE CODE
02063000 32031 023016 ADA ETBL CONSTRUCT AND
02064000 32032 031724 STA ASTMT SAVE EXECUTION ADDRESS
02065000 32033 000016 LDA C
02066000 32034 031734 STA CSAVE SAVE C POINTER
02067000 32035 043137 JSM PTSET SET UP POINTERS TO STOLEN R/W
02068000 32036 141724 JSM ASTMT,I GO TO THE EXECUTION ROUTINE
02069000 32037 001734 LDA CSAVE RESTORE C VALUE
02070000 32040 030016 STA C
02071000 32041 164365 JMP AINTX,I WHEN DONE, RETURN TO MAIN SYSTEM

```

```

02073000 *
02074000 * MNEMONIC AND CODE TABLE FOR COMPILER
02075000 *
02076000 * CODEWORD FORMAT:
02077000 * BITS 14-8 = CLASS (IMPLIED MULTIPLY)
02078000 * BITS 7-0 = TOKEN (PARSER DIRECTOR)
02079000 *

```

```

02080000 32042 003041 OCT 3041 6 33 LIST# (LST)
02081000 32043 003052 OCT 3052 6 42 CONV (SFG)
02082000 32044 004032 OCT 4032 8 26 RDS (FCN)
02083000 32045 004032 OCT 4032 8 26 RDB (FCN)
02084000 32046 003045 OCT 3045 6 37 WTB (PRT)
02085000 32047 003052 OCT 3052 6 42 WTC (SFG)
02086000 32050 003045 OCT 3045 6 37 RED (PRT)
02087000 32051 003045 OCT 3045 6 37 WRT (PRT)
02088000 32052 003070 OCT 3070 6 56 FMT (FREE FIELD)
02089000 *

```

```

02090000 32053 063155 COMP DEC 26221 F M
02091000 32054 072040 DEC 29728 T
02092000 32055 100567 DEC -32393 (1) W
02093000 32056 071164 DEC 29300 R T
02094000 32057 020202 DEC 08322 (2)
02095000 32060 071145 DEC 29285 R E
02096000 32061 062040 DEC 25632 D
02097000 32062 101567 DEC -31881 (3) W
02098000 32063 072143 DEC 29795 T C
02099000 32064 020204 DEC 08324 (4)
02100000 32065 073564 DEC 30580 W T
02101000 32066 061040 DEC 25120 B
02102000 32067 102562 DEC -31374 (5) R
02103000 32070 062142 DEC 25698 D B
02104000 32071 103162 DEC -31118 (6) R
02105000 32072 062163 DEC 25715 D S
02106000 32073 103543 DEC -30877 (7) C
02107000 32074 067556 DEC 28526 O N
02108000 32075 073040 DEC 30240 V
02109000 32076 104154 DEC -30612 (8) L
02110000 32077 064563 DEC 26995 I S
02111000 32100 072040 DEC 29728 T
02112000 32101 021611 OCT 21611 # (9)
02113000 32102 100000 OCT 100000 *** END OF TABLE MARKER ***

```

```

02115000 *
02116000 * REVERSE COMPILE TABLE
02117000 *
02118000 * EACH BYTE OF THE REVERSE COMPILE TABLE SUPPLIES
02119000 * THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
02120000 * BITS 7-4 = PRIORITY
02121000 * BITS 3-0 = CLASS
02122000 *

```

```

02123000 32103 000422 RCOMP OCT 000422 FMT 0,1 WRT 1,2
02124000 32104 011022 OCT 011022 HED 1,2 WTC 1,2
02125000 32105 011342 OCT 011342 WTB 1,2 RDB 1,2
02126000 32106 161022 OCT 161022 RDS 1,2 CONV 1,2
02127000 32107 011000 OCT 011000 LIST# 1,2

```

```

02129000 * THE FOLLOWING TABLE GIVES THE STRUCTURE OF THE
02130000 * ROM'S STOLEN WORDS, RELATIVE TO "FSPTR":
02131000 *

```

FORMATTED I/O ROM

02132000	*	0-9	BYTE POINTERS TO "FMT N" FOR N=0,9
02133000	*	10	BYTE POINTER TO EXECUTED FMT STATEMENT
02134000	*	11	CVTBL POINTER TO END OF CONVERSION TABLE
02135000	*	12	SFEAT SPECIAL FEATURES (EXTIO)
02136000	*	13	HLINK LINK TO HELP ROUTINES IN OTHER ROMS
02137000	*	14	WRTIC LINK TO SEND ROUTINE (WRITE INTERCEPT)
02138000	*	15	REDIC LINK TO READ ROUTINE (READ INTERCEPT)
02139000	*	16	RUNLK NEXT LINK IN "RUN" DAISEY CHAIN
02140000	*	17	LOADLK NEXT LINK IN "LOAD" DAISEY CHAIN
02141000	*	18-27	BYTE-PAIR CONVERSION TABLE (ASCII/CONVERTED)

02143000	*	***** NOTE ON ERRORS *****		
02144000	*			
02145000	*	THIS ROM WAS ORIGINALLY CALLED "FORMATTED I/O".		
02146000	*	THE NAME WAS CHANGED TO "GENERAL I/O" AND THUS,		
02147000	*	THE ERRORS ARE NOW GIVEN AS G1-G9, PROGRAM		
02148000	*	LABELS AND COMMENTS, HOWEVER, ARE STILL IN TERMS		
02149000	*	OF F1-F9, DUE TO THE OLD NAME.		
02150000	*			
02151000	*	*****		
02153000	*			
02154000	*	INITIALIZATION		
02155000	*			
02156000	*	RESERVE 28 WORDS OF R/W MEMORY; SET NULL FORMAT		
02157000	*	FOR ALL FORMATS; SET UP RUN-LINK, LOAD-LINK, AND		
02158000	*	ROM'S INTERNAL LINKS.		
02159000	*			
02160000	32110	001306	INIT LDA FWAM	GET CURRENT STOLEN WORD BOUNDARY
02161000	32111	031045	STA FSPTR	AND SAVE AS ADDRESS OF THIS ROM'S WORDS-
02162000	32112	071614	CLR 13	CLEAR FORMATS, CONVERSIONS, AND FEATURES
02163000	32113	020132	ADA P13	POINT TO LINKS AREA
02164000	32114	004000	LOB A	
02165000	32115	002721	LDA IVALS	TRANSFER INITIAL VALUES
02166000	32116	071402	XFR 3	
02167000	32117	024144	ADB P3	POINT TO END OF AREA
02168000	32120	001533	LDA RLINK	
02169000	32121	130001	STA B,I	SAVE CURRENT LINK IN RUN CHAIN
02170000	32122	003144	LDA FRLNK	GET FMT RUN ROUTINE ADDRESS
02171000	32123	031533	STA RLINK	AND PUT IT IN THE CHAIN
02172000	32124	024254	ADB P1	POINT TO NEXT STOLEN LOCATION
02173000	32125	001530	LDA LOADL	GET THE CURRENT LINK IN THE LOAD
02174000	32126	130001	STA B,I	DAISEY CHAIN AND SAVE IT
02175000	32127	003154	LDA FLLNK	GET FMTIO LOAD LINK ADDRESS
02176000	32130	031530	STA LOADL	AND PUT IT IN THE CHAIN
02177000	32131	024134	ADB P11	POINT BEYOND STOLEN AREA
02178000	32132	035306	STB FWAM	AND SET THIS AS NEW BOUNDARY
02179000	32133	001062	LDA ROMWD	
02180000	32134	060117	IOR B40	LOG IN FMTIO ROM (BIT 5)
02181000	32135	031062	STA ROMWD	
02182000	32136	170201	S LINK RET 1	INITIALIZATION COMPLETE

02184000	*			
02185000	*	THIS ROUTINE SETS UP POINTERS TO STOLEN WORDS		
02186000	*	AND LINK WORDS FOR USE		
02187000	*			
02188000	32137	001045	PTSET LDA FSPTR	GET STOLEN WORDS LOCATION
02189000	32140	020134	ADA P11	POINT TO FEATURES/LINKS
02190000	32141	006726	LOB TREG	AND MOVE THEM INTO T-REGISTERS
02191000	32142	071404	XFR 5	WHERE THEY'RE MORE ACCESSABLE
02192000	32143	170201	RET 1	
02194000	*			
02195000	*	THIS ROUTINE SETS ALL FORMATS TO NULL		
02196000	*	WHenever a "RUN" IS EXECUTED, AND THEN		
02197000	*	CONTINUES ALONG THE DAISEY CHAIN.		
02198000	*			
02199000	32144	032145	FLLNK DEF *+1	
02200000	32145	000257	LDA M1	
02201000	32146	031610	STA KBFMT	RESET ANY PENDING KEYBOARD FORMATS
02202000	32147	001045	LDA FSPTR	GET ADDRESS OF START OF FORMAT TABLE
02203000	32150	071612	CLR 11	RESET FORMATS
02204000	32151	020127	CHAIN ADA P16	POINT TO NEXT LINK IN CHAIN
02205000	32152	100000	LDA A,I	GET THE ADDRESS
02206000	32153	164000	JMP A,I	AND CONTINUE EXECUTION THERE.

02208000	32154	032155	FLLNK DEF *+1	
02209000	32155	001045	LDA FSPTR	GET ADDRESS OF FORMAT POINTERS TABLE
02210000	32156	020136	ADA P9	POINT TO FORMAT 9

FORMATTED I/O ROM

02211000	32157	005063	FLLN0	LDB NPROG	GET LOAD KEYS/PROGRAM FLAG
02212000	32160	076410	SZB	FLKEY	IF KEYS, GO TO KEY OFFSET ROUTINE
02213000	32161	104000	LDB	A,I	GET NEXT FORMAT POINTER
02214000	32162	176601	SRM	*+1,C	STRIP OF LEFT/RIGHT BIT (15)
02215000	32163	174040	TCB		MAKE NEGATIVE ABSOLUTE ADDRESS
02216000	32164	025706	ADB	PROFS	ADD IN OFFSET TO NEW PROGRAM
02217000	32165	176011	SBP	FLLN2	IF B>0, FORMAT WAS NOT REPLACED
02218000	32166	004177	LOB	P0	ELSE, FORMAT IS GONE SO RESET
02219000	32167	067175	JMP	FLLN1	AND GO TO FORMAT RESET
02220000			*		
02221000	32170	104000	FLKEY	LOB A,I	GET NEXT FORMAT POINTER
02222000	32171	016722	CPB	.SFMT	IF STANDARD FORMAT,
02223000	32172	067176	JMP	FLLN2	NO ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUIRED
02224000	32173	076403	SZB	FLLN2	IF ZERO, NO FORMAT WAS SET
02225000	32174	025744	ADB	KY0FS	ELSE, ADD IN KEY PROGRAM OFFSET
02226000	32175	134000	FLLN1	STB A,I	AND PUT BACK NEW ADDRESS
02227000	32176	011045	FLLN2	CPA FSPTR	DID WE JUST DO THE LAST ONE?
02228000	32177	072152	RIA	CHAIN	YES! GET OUT
02229000	32200	020257	ADA	M1	NO! POINT TO NEXT FORMAT POINTER
02230000	32201	067157	JMP	FLLN0	AND GO AROUND AGAIN

FORMATTING ROUTINES

02232000			*		
02233000			*		FORMAT STATEMENT EXECUTION
02234000			*		
02235000			*		THIS SECTION SETS A POINTER TO THE PROPER FORMAT
02236000			*		STATEMENT IN THE FORMAT POINTER TABLE
02237000			*		
02238000	32202	074560	EFMT	WBC A,I	BYPASS THE BEGINNING OF FORMAT CHARACTER
02239000	32203	042527	JSM	CSAV	SAVE PTR TO FIRST FMT BYTE
02240000	32204	043466	JSM	FNBLD	TRY TO BUILD A FORMAT NUMBER
02241000			*		
02242000	32205	035720	STB	FMT.N	SAVE B AS POSSIBLE FORMAT NUMBER
02243000	32206	005716	LDB	T6	B = POINTER TO START OF FMT STATEMENT
02244000	32207	010107	CPA	C.COM	DID COMMA TERMINATE FNBLD?
02245000	32210	004016	LDB	C	YES! POINT TO SPECS FOLLOWING FMT N.
02246000	32211	010121	CPA	C.EFM	EMPTY FORMAT?
02247000	32212	006722	LDB	.SFMT	YES! USE STANDARD FORMAT
02248000	32213	000177	LDA	P0	
02249000	32214	015716	CPB	T6	IS B STILL EQUAL TO CSAVE?
02250000	32215	031720	STA	FMT.N	YES! THIS MUST BE FMT 0
02251000	32216	001720	LDA	FMT.N	IN ANY CASE, GET FMT NUMBER
02252000	32217	020207	ADA	M10	
02253000	32220	172403	SAM	*+3	IF FMT.N<10, ALL IS WELL
02254000	32221	140404	ER.F1	JSM AERR1,I	OTHERWISE, ***** ERROR F1 *****
02255000	32222	043461	ASC	L.G1	BAD FORMAT REFERENCE
02256000	32223	001257	LDA	CSTAT	CHECK CURRENT STATE
02257000	32224	073005	SLA	EFMTP	IF LSB(A)=0, FORMAT IS IN PROGRAM
02258000	32225	001720	LDA	FMT.N	ELSE, FMT IS FROM KEYBOARD EXECUTION
02259000	32226	031610	STA	KBFMT	SO SAVE ITS NUMBER IN BASE PAGE WORD
02260000	32227	000135	LDA	P10	AND SET THIS AS A SPECIAL FORMAT
02261000	32230	067232	JMP	*+2	SKIP TO PROCESS AS DUMMY FMT 10
02262000	32231	001720	EFMTP	LDA FMT.N	GET FORMAT NUMBER
02263000	32232	021045	ADA	FSPTR	OFFSET TO FORM POINTER ADDRESS FOR SAVE
02264000	32233	134000	STB	A,I	AND PUT BYTE POINTER IN STOLEN TABLE
02265000			*		
02266000			*		THIS SECTION MOVES C TO END OF FMT + 1
02267000			*		
02268000	32234	074760	WBC	A,D	BACK UP POINTER IN CASE OF NULL FORMAT
02269000	32235	074560	GTEFM	WBC A,I	LOOK AT NEXT CHARACTER
02270000	32236	010121	CPA	C.EFM	IF IT WAS END OF FORMAT (34B)
02271000	32237	170203	RET	3	THEN EXIT (BYPASS C RESET)
02272000	32240	067235	JMP	GTEFM	OTHERWISE, CONTINUE TO SCAN
02274000			*		
02275000			*		THIS ROUTINE SETS UP INITIAL VALUES FOR
02276000			*		SCANNING THE FORMAT STATEMENTS
02277000			*		
02278000			*		REP.C = 1
02279000			*		Z.CSP = 100000 (NO SUPPRESSION SET)
02280000			*		.BFMT = C = START OF FORMAT
02281000			*		
02282000	32241	001045	FMSET	LDA FSPTR	GET LOCATION OF FORMAT POINTER TABLE
02283000	32242	005232	LDB	CFLAG	CHECK THE CONTINUE FLAG
02284000	32243	174501	SRB	2	FOR THE RUN-DONE BIT (1 = FORMATS VALID)
02285000	32244	077402	RLB	*+2	IF FORMATS VALID, GO ON
02286000	32245	071611	CLR	10	ELSE, RESET ALL FMTS EXCEPT KEYBOARD FMT
02287000	32246	004136	LDB	P9	
02288000	32247	141737	JSM	HLINK,I	GIVE EXTIO A CHANCE TO DO ITS FMSET
02289000	32250	005720	LDB	FMT.N	GET THE FORMAT NUMBER
02290000	32251	000001	LDA	B	AND KEEP IN A FOR LATER TEST
02291000	32252	015610	CPB	KBEMT	IS THIS FORMAT PENDING FROM KEYBOARD?
02292000	32253	004135	LDB	P10	YES! USE FMT 10 INSTEAD (KYBD FORMAT)

FORMATTING ROUTINES

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02293000 32254 025045 ADB FSPTR ADD IN OFFSET TO FORMAT TABLE
02294000 32255 104001 LDB B,I GET TABLE ENTRY FOR FORMAT N
02295000 32256 076003 RZB *+3 IF NON-ZERO, FORMAT IS VALID
02296000 32257 072042 RZA ER,F1 IF NO FMT SET AND FMT,N >0, GIVE ERROR
02297000 32260 006722 LDB SEMT IF FMT,N=0, USE STANDARD FORMAT
02298000 32261 035720 STB BFMT SAVE AS STARTING ADDRESS OF FORMAT
02299000 32262 000254 LDA P1
02300000 32263 031732 STA REP,C INITIALIZE REP.C TO 1
02301000 32264 000263 ZCSET LDA FLAG
02302000 32265 031726 STA Z,CSP SET FOR NO SUPPRESSION, # DATA SPECS = 0
02303000 32266 034016 CSET STB C SET BYTE POINTER FOR <SPEC> FEICH
02304000 32267 170201 RET 1 SETUP COMPLETE
02306000 *
02307000 * THIS SECTION SCANS THE FORMAT FOR NEXT SPECIFICATION
02308000 *
02309000 * IF TEXT SPEC, IT EXECUTES IT!
02310000 * X = SPACE / = CR/LF Z = SUPPRESS CR/LF
02311000 * "....." = LITERAL
02312000 *
02313000 * IF DATA SPEC, RETURNS TO CALLING ROUTINE
02314000 * F = FIXED POINT
02315000 * E = FLOATING POINT
02316000 * FZ = FIXED POINT WITH LEADING ZEROS
02317000 * B = BINARY
02318000 * C = CHARACTER STRING

02320000 32270 001725 NFMT LDA RW,SN GET LAST SPEC TYPE
02321000 32271 055732 DSZ REP,C IF REPEAT COUNT WAS 1, GET NEXT SPEC
02322000 32272 170201 RET 1 OTHERWISE, RETURN LAST SPEC
02323000 *
02324000 * ENTRY TO BYPASS REP.C CHECK; FORCE NEXT SPEC
02325000 *
02326000 32273 043466 ANFMT JSM FNBLD GET REP.C IF ANY
02327000 32274 076004 RZB *+4 IF REPETITION COUNT >0, GO ON
02328000 32275 005715 LDB TS WAS THE COUNT AN EXPLICIT ZERO?
02329000 32276 076027 RZB ER,F2 IF SO, REP.C=0 IS DUMB!
02330000 32277 004254 LDB P1 OTHERWISE, USE DEFAULT REP.C = 1
02331000 32300 035732 STB REP,C AND SAVE IT
02332000 *
02333000 * NOW CHECK CHARACTER WHICH TERMINATED NUMBER BUILDER
02334000 * TO DETERMINE TYPE OF <SPEC>
02335000 *
02336000 32301 010121 CPA C,EFM IF END OF FORMAT,
02337000 32302 067433 JMP E,EFM GO TO END OF FORMAT ROUTINE
02338000 32303 004254 LDB P1 SET B=1 IN CASE <SPEC>="E"
02339000 32304 012731 CPA C,F IF SPEC BEGINS WITH F
02340000 32305 067327 JMP S,F SET UP NUMERIC OUTPUT
02341000 32306 010063 CPA C,E IF "E",
02342000 32307 067335 JMP S,E SET UP FLOATING SPEC
02343000 32310 010064 CPA C,C IF "C",
02344000 32311 067361 JMP S,C SET UP FOR STRING
02345000 32312 012730 CPA C,B IF "B"
02346000 32313 067367 JMP S,B SET UP FOR BINARY
02347000 32314 012732 CPA C,X IF "X"
02348000 32315 067373 JMP E,X EXECUTE SPACE ROUTINE
02349000 32316 010104 CPA C,L IF "L"
02350000 32317 067421 JMP E,L EXECUTE LINE FEED ROUTINE
02351000 32320 010116 CPA C,OT IF LITERAL
02352000 32321 067402 JMP E,OT EXECUTE A LITERAL
02353000 32322 012733 CPA C,Z IF "Z"
02354000 32323 067425 JMP E,Z SET TO SUPPRESS CR/LF
02355000 *
02356000 * NO VALID FORMAT RECOGNIZED
02357000 *
02358000 32324 141737 FHLP JSM HLINK,I ASK FOR HELP
02359000 32325 140404 ER,F2 JSM AERR1,I NO LUCK! ***** ERROR F2 *****
02360000 32326 043462 ASC 1,G2 IMPROPER FORMAT SPECIFICATION
02362000 *
02363000 * THIS SECTION PROCESSES SPECIFICATIONS FORM FORMAT
02364000 *
02365000 * <SPEC> STARTS WITH "F" = F,FZ.
02366000 *
02367000 32327 004177 S,F LDB P0 R = 0 IF FZ
02368000 32330 074560 WBC A,I LOOK AT NEXT CHARACTER
02369000 32331 012733 CPA C,Z IF Z
02370000 32332 067335 JMP S,E STORE TYPE 0
02371000 32333 074760 WRC A,D OTHERWISE, BACK UP THE BYTE POINTER
02372000 32334 004145 LDB P2 AND SET FOR FIXED-TYPE FORMAT
02373000 *
02374000 * AT THIS POINT, B = 0(FZ), 1(E), 2(F)
02375000 *
02376000 32335 174700 S,E RBR 1 B = FZ(000000), F(000001), E(100000)
02377000 32336 035727 STB FFGLG SAVE TYPE IN FIX/FLT FLAG

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FORMATTING ROUTINES

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02378000 32337 043514 JSM DW.D DEMAND W.D
02379000
02380000 * THIS SECTION SETS UP FWPRT FOR PROPER FORMATTING
02381000 *
02382000 32340 001217 LDA .WPRT GET CURRENT FIX/FLT SETTING JUST IN CASE
02383000 32341 005730 LDB DP B=SPECIFIED DECIMAL POINT SETTING
02384000 32342 176406 SBM S.F1 IF B<0, USE CURRENT FIX/FLT SETTING
02385000 32343 024255 ADB M12 CHECK DP FOR RANGE [0,11]
02386000 32344 176004 SBP S.F1 IF DP>11, USE CURRENT FIX/FLT SETTING
02387000 32345 001730 LDA DP IF IN RANGE, GET DP
02388000 32346 170603 SAL 4 PUT THIS SETTING IN FIX AND FLT BITS
02389000 32347 061730 IOR DP OF WORD FOR NEW .WPRT
02390000 32350 050045 S.F1 AND B377 KEEP ONLY FIX/FLT SETTING VALUES
02391000 32351 061727 IOR.FFELG AND SET FIX/FLT BIT (15) TO PROPER STATE
02392000 32352 060224 IOR B60K SET BIT 14 TO PREVENT FLOAT REVERSION
02393000 32353 031216 S.NUM STA FWPRT USE THIS FOR FXD/FLT INDICATOR
02394000 32354 001725 LDA RW.SN
02395000 32355 073201 SLA *+1,C SET FOR NUMBER REQUIRED
02396000 32356 031725 S.RET STA RW.SN AND SAVE FOR FUTURE USE
02397000 32357 045726 ISZ Z.CSP LOG IN OCCURRENCE OF DATA SPEC
02398000 32360 170201 RET 1 AND GET OUT
02400000
02401000 * THIS SECTION SETS UP FOR STRING
02402000 *
02403000 32361 043466 S.C JSM FNBLD GET REP.C
02404000 32362 035731 STB FW SET FIELD WIDTH
02405000 32363 043522 JSM TRMCK CHECK FOR PROPER TERMINATION
02406000 32364 001725 LDA RW.SN GET TYPE WORD
02407000 32365 073301 SLA *+1,S
02408000 32366 067356 JMP S.RET
02409000
02410000 * THIS SECTION SETS UP FOR FMT B (16-BIT BINARY NUMBER)
02411000 *
02412000 32367 074560 S.B WRC A,I GET THE NEXT BYTE
02413000 32370 043522 JSM TRMCK AND CHECK FOR PROPER TERMINATION
02414000 32371 000257 LDA M1 SET .WPRT FOR BINARY FORMAT
02415000 32372 067353 JMP S.NUM AND EXIT THROUGH NUMERIC SPEC SETUP
02417000
02418000 * PROCESS <SPEC> = X
02419000 *
02420000 32373 000117 E.X LDA P32 GET AN ASCII SPACE
02421000 32374 042417 JSM IOIC AND READ/WRITE IT
02422000 32375 055732 DSZ REP.C IF REPEAT COUNT > 1,
02423000 32376 067373 JMP E.X LOOP UNTIL DONE
02424000 32377 074560 WRC A,I GET NEXT CHARACTER FROM FMT
02425000 32400 043522 E.XTC JSM TRMCK AND CHECK FOR PROPER TERMINATION
02426000 32401 067273 JMP ANFMT IF OK, FORCE NEXT SPEC
02427000
02428000 * PROCESS <SPEC> = "....."
02429000 *
02430000 32402 000016 E.QT LDA C GET CURRENT FORMAT LOCATION
02431000 32403 031727 STA QTADD AND SAVE IN CASE OF REPEAT COUNT
02432000 32404 001727 E.QTL LDA QTADD GET ADDRESS OF START OF QUOTE
02433000 32405 030016 STA C AND RESET BYTE POINTER FOR ANOTHER PASS
02434000 32406 074560 E.QTN WBC A,I GET NEXT CHARACTER FROM LITERAL
02435000 32407 010116 CPA C.QT IF QUOTE MARK
02436000 32410 067413 JMP DQTCK CHECK FOR DOUBLE QUOTE
02437000 32411 042417 E.QTO JSM IOIC READ/WRITE ONE CHARACTER
02438000 32412 067406 JMP E.QTN LOOP FOR NEXT CHARACTER
02439000
02440000 32413 074560 DQTCK WBC A,I LOOK AT CHARACTER FOLLOWING QUOTE
02441000 32414 010116 CPA C.QT IS IT ANOTHER QUOTE
02442000 32415 067411 JMP E.QTQ YES, TAKE IT
02443000 32416 055732 DSZ REP.C NO, MUST BE END, IF REP.C > 1,
02444000 32417 067404 JMP E.QTL THEN RESET TO START OF LITERAL
02445000 32420 067400 JMP E.XTC DONE! EXIT THROUGH TERM CHECK
02446000
02447000 * PROCESS <SPEC> = /
02448000 *
02449000 32421 043446 E.LF JSM ECRLF READ/WRITE A CR/LF
02450000 32422 055732 DSZ REP.C IF REPEAT COUNT > 1,
02451000 32423 067421 JMP E.LF CONTINUE TO LOOP
02452000 32424 067377 JMP E.XTC-1 WHEN DONE, EXIT THROUGH TERM CHECK
02453000
02454000 * PROCESS <SPEC> = Z
02455000 *
02456000 32425 001726 E.Z LDA Z.CSP GET SUPPRESSION FLAG
02457000 32426 172201 SAP *+1,C CLEAR CR/LF BIT (15)
02458000 32427 031726 STA Z.CSP PUT BACK SUPPRESSION FLAG
02459000 32430 067377 JMP E.XTC-1 WHEN DONE, EXIT THROUGH TERM CHECK

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FORMATTING ROUTINES

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02461000      *
02462000      *   THIS ROUTINE HANDLES AND END-OF-FORMAT
02463000      *
02464000      *   IF A CONVERSION SPEC WAS ENCOUNTERED, RESET TO START
02465000      *   OF FORMAT FOR RESCAN. OTHERWISE, TERMINATE RED/WRT.
02466000      *   IN ANY CASE, RED/WRT A CR/LF UNLESS SUPPRESSION SET.
02467000      *
02468000 32431 031726 NOSUP STA Z,CSP  REPLACE SUPPRESSION FLAG
02469000 32432 043446 JSM ECRLF  READ/WRITE A CR/LF
02470000      *
02471000 32433 001726 E.EFM LDA Z,CSP  GET SUPPRESSION FLAG
02472000 32434 172675 SAM NOSUP,C IF BIT(15) SET, DO A CR/LF
02473000 32435 072407 SZA EFMX  IF NO DATA SPECS, TERMINATE
02474000 32436 001721 LDA NPCNT  GET PARAMETER COUNT
02475000 32437 010254 CPA P1     LAST PARAMETER PROCESSED?
02476000 32440 067444 JMP EFMX  YES! DONE, SO GET OUT
02477000 32441 005720 LDB .BFMT NO! GET POINTER TO BEGINNING OF FORMAT.
02478000 32442 043264 JSM ZCSET AND RESET FOR ANOTHER SCAN
02479000 32443 067273 JMP ANFMT GO FOR NEXT FORMAT
02480000 32444 054003 EFMX DSZ R  CANCEL JSM TO THIS ROUTINE
02481000 32445 170201 RET 1

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02483000      *
02484000      *   THIS ROUTINE READS/WITES A CR/LF
02485000      *
02486000 32446 004135 ECRLF LDB P10
02487000 32447 141737 JSM HLINK,I GIVE EXTIO A CHANCE TO EXPAND CR/LF
02488000 32450 001725 LDA RW,SN  GET THE READ/WRITE FLAG
02489000 32451 172405 SAM RCRLF  IF READ, GO TO READ CR/LF
02490000 32452 000132 WCRLF LDA A,CR  GET AN ASCII CR
02491000 32453 042421 JSM WRTAC  AND OUTPUT IT
02492000 32454 000135 LDA A,LF  GET AN ASCII LF
02493000 32455 066421 JMP WRTAC  AND OUTPUT IT (IMPLIED RETURN)
02494000      *
02495000 32456 000042 RCRLF LDA P511
02496000 32457 031714 STA T4    SET CUTOFF COUNT FOR OUTPUT-ONLY DEVICE
02497000 32460 042425 CKFLF JSM REDAG READ NEXT CHARACTER
02498000 32461 010135 CPA A,LF  LINE FEED?
02499000 32462 170201 RET 1    YES! GET OUT
02500000 32463 055714 DSZ T4    NO! COUNT EXHAUSTED?
02501000 32464 067460 JMP CKFLF NO! TRY AGAIN
02502000 32465 066004 JMP ER.F7 READ 511 CHARS WITH NO LF! GIVE ERROR
02504000      *
02505000      *   SUBROUTINE TO BUILD A NUMBER FROM FORMAT STATEMENT
02506000      *
02507000      *   ENTRY: C POINTS TO NEXT FORMAT CHARACTER
02508000      *   EXIT: B = INTEGER
02509000      *   A = CHARACTER TERMINATING NUMBER
02510000      *   T5 = COUNT OF EXPLICIT DIGITS FOUND
02511000      *
02512000 32466 004177 FNBLD LDB P0    INITIALIZE TO ZERO
02513000 32467 035712 STB T5    NUMBER BUILDING REGISTER
02514000 32470 035715 STB T5    COUNT OF DIGITS FOUND
02515000 32471 173201 SOC *+1,C CLEAR OVERFLOW INDICATOR
02516000 32472 074560 FNBLN WBC A,I  GET THE NEXT CHARACTER FROM FORMAT
02517000 32473 042051 JSM DIGCK  IS IT A DIGIT?
02518000 32474 067502 JMP FNBLN  YES! PROCESS IT
02519000 32475 005715 LDB T5    NO! WERE THERE ANY DIGITS
02520000 32476 076002 RZB *+2  IF YES, RETURN THE VALUE BUILT
02521000 32477 141737 JSM HLINK,I IF NO, TRY FOR VARIABLE VALUE
02522000 32500 005712 LDB T2    B = NUMBER BUILT
02523000 32501 170201 RET 1     DONE.
02524000      *
02525000 32502 045715 FNBLI ISZ T5    LOG IN A DIGIT FOUND
02526000 32503 001712 LDA T2    GET THE NUMBER BUILT SO FAR (N)
02527000 32504 020000 ADA A
02528000 32505 020000 ADA A
02529000 32506 021712 ADA T2
02530000 32507 020000 ADA A
02531000 32510 021714 ADA T4    T4 = DIGIT JUST FOUND (D) IN RANGE (0-9)
02532000 32511 031712 STA T2    N = 10*N + D
02533000 32512 173060 SOC FNBLN  IF NO OVERFLOW, TRY FOR ANOTHER DIGIT
02534000 32513 067325 JMP ER.F2 OTHERWISE, GIVE BAD INTEGER ERROR

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02536000      *
02537000      *   BUILD A NUMBER IN THE FORM W.D
02538000      *
02539000      *   ENTRY: C POINTS TO W.D IN FORMAT STATEMENT
02540000      *   EXIT: FW = W OR 0 (NO W GIVEN)
02541000      *   DP = D OR -1 (NO .D GIVEN)
02542000      *

```

FORMATTING ROUTINES

```

02543000 32514 043466 DW.D JSM FNBLD BUILD A NUMBER
02544000 32515 035731 STB FW SAVE FIELD WIDTH
02545000 32516 004257 LDB M1 SET TO CURRENT FIX/FLT JUST IN CASE
02546000 32517 010105 CPA C,DP DECIMAL POINT FOLLOWS?
02547000 32520 043466 JSM FNBLD YES; BUILD 0 VALUE
02548000 32521 035730 STB DP NO, USE -1; SAVE RESULT IN DP
02550000
02551000 *
02552000 * CHECK FORMAT FOR PROPER TERMINATION
02553000 * <SPEC> MUST BE FOLLOWED BY COMMA OR END-OF-FORMAT
02554000 32522 010107 TRMCK CPA C,COM WAS TERMINATOR COMMA?
02555000 32523 170201 RET 1 YES! ALL IS WELL! GO BACK
02556000 32524 010121 CPA C,EFM END OF FORMAT?
02557000 32525 067530 JMP F,END YES! LOG THIS FACT
02558000 32526 004145 LDB P2 LOOKS BAD! SET UNRECOGNIZED TERMINATOR...
02559000 32527 067324 JMP FHELP AND ASK FOR HELP
02560000
02561000 32530 074760 F,END WBC A,D BACK UP SO SCAN WILL FIND EFM CHARACTER
02562000 32531 170201 RET 1 AND PROCESS THIS SPEC

```

WRITE EXECUTION

```

02565000
02566000 *
02567000 * WRT <SC>,<FMT#>,<PARAMETER LIST>
02568000
02569000 32532 000177 EWRT LDA P0 SET FOR WRITE OPERATION
02570000 32533 042250 JSM GSCFN AND SET UP SC, FMT#; CHECK HARDWARE
02571000 32534 043241 JSM FMSET SET UP FORMAT FOR WRITE
02572000 32535 043270 WLOOP JSM NFMT DEMAND NEXT FORMAT
02573000 32536 073002 SLA *+2 IF BIT(0)=0, NUMBER REQUIRED
02574000 32537 067645 JMP SWRT OTHERWISE, DO A STRING WRITE
02575000
02576000 *
02577000 32540 001216 NWRT LDA FWPRT LOOK AT FORMATTED .WPRT AND
02578000 32541 010257 CPA M1 IF IT IS -1,
02579000 32542 067653 JMP BWRT OUTPUT UNDER BINARY FORMAT
02580000 32543 043604 JSM NPGET TRY FOR NEXT PARAMETER
02581000 32544 010254 CPA P1 GOT IT; WAS IT STRING?
02582000 32545 067642 JMP FREST YES! DO A FREE STRING
02583000 32546 001727 LDA FFFLG LOOK AT <SPEC> TYPE
02584000 32547 072402 SZA *+2 IF A=0 (FZ SPEC) SET LEADING ZEROS
02585000 32550 000160 LDA M16 IF AND SET LEADING BLANKS
02586000 32551 020103 ADA B60
02587000 32552 031746 STA LCHR SAVE ASCII CODE IN LEADING CHARACTER
02588000 32553 074570 WBD A,I LOOK AT FIRST CHARACTER (-/SPACE)
02589000 32554 073006 SLA NWRTP IF BLANK (BIT0=0), OK
02590000 32555 074770 WBD A,D IF MINUS (BIT0=1), RESET 0
02591000 32556 024254 ADB P1 RESET COUNT
02592000 32557 001727 LDA FFFLG PARM, IS NEGATIVE; CHECK FOR FMT FZ
02593000 32560 072002 RZA NWRTP IF NOT FZ FORMAT, GO ON
02594000 32561 067613 JMP ER,F3 DON'T ALLOW FZ FORMAT WITH MINUS NUMBER
02595000 32562 000071 NWRTP LDA A,E SET FOR LC, E TO UC, E CONVERSION
02596000 32563 043635 JSM ESETN AND SET NCC = COUNT + 1
02597000 32564 001731 SWRT1 LDA FW A = FIELD WIDTH
02598000 32565 024257 ADB M1 B = #CHARACTERS
02599000 32566 174040 TCB
02600000 32567 024000 ADB A B = FW - #CHARS
02601000 32570 176007 SBP NWRT1 IF B>=0, OUTPUT B LEADING CHARACTERS
02602000 32571 004000 LDB A OTHERWISE, SET B = FW
02603000 32572 076405 SZB NWRT1 ALLOW FOR FREE-FIELD WIDTH
02604000 32573 000114 LDA C,DOL GET ASCII $
02605000 32574 031746 STA LCHR SET $ AS LEADING CHARACTER
02606000 32575 000254 LDA P1 A = #CHARACTERS, B = #LEADING CHARS
02607000 32576 031750 STA NCC SET FOR NOTHING AFTER LEADING CHARACTER
02608000 32577 024254 NWRT1 ADB P1 B = NUMBER LEADING CHARACTERS + 1
02609000 32600 035747 STB LCNT SAVE IN LEAD COUNT
02610000 32601 043617 JSM DLCHR DUMP LEADING CHARACTERS
02611000 32602 043626 JSM DCSTR DUMP THE CHARACTER STRING
02612000 32603 067535 JMP WLOOP GO BACK FOR NEXT SPEC
02613000 32604 000254 NPGET LDA P1 SET TO GET NEXT PARAMETER
02614000 32605 004505 LDB APGET GET ADDRESS OF PARAMETER GET ROUTINE
02615000 32606 024145 ADB P2 OFFSET FOR ALTERNATE ENTRY
02616000 32607 140001 JSM B,I AND GO THERE! MORE PARAMETERS?
02617000 32610 067433 JMP E,EFM NO! EXIT THROUGH CR/LF CHECK
02618000 32611 055721 DSZ NP CNT YES! BUMP PARAMETER COUNT
02619000 32612 174007 SRP DLRET IF B>0, ALL OK SO RETURN
02620000 32613 140404 ER,F3 JSM AERR1,I ***** ERROR F3 *****
02622000 32614 043463 ASC 1,63 BAD PARAMETER

```

```

02624000 *
02625000 * ROUTINE TO DUMP LEADING CHARACTERS
02626000 *

```

WRITE EXECUTION

```

02627000      * LCHR = LEADING CHARACTER CODE (ASCII)
02628000      * LCNT = LEADING CHARACTER COUNT + 1
02629000      *
02630000 32615 001746      LDA LCHR      GET ASCII CHARACTER
02631000 32616 042417      JSM IOIC      AND SEND IT
02632000 32617 055747 DLCHR DSZ LCNT      DO IT AGAIN?
02633000 32620 067615      JMP *-3      YES
02634000 32621 170201 DLRET RET 1      NO
02635000      *
02636000      * ROUTINE TO DUMP A CHARACTER STRING
02637000      *
02638000      * NCC = NUMBER OF CHARACTER COUNT + 1
02639000      * ECHR = CHARACTER TO DUMP FOR L.C. E
02640000      *
02641000 32622 074570 DCSTN WBD A,I      GET THE NEXT BYTE FROM THE STRING
02642000 32623 010063      CPA C,E      IS IT A L.C. E?
02643000 32624 001751      LDA ECHR      USE EITHER AN U.C. E OR A L.C. E
02644000 32625 042421      JSM WRTAC     OUTPUT THE CHARACTER
02645000 32626 055750 DCSTR DSZ NCC      MORE CHARACTERS IN THE STRING?
02646000 32627 067622      JMP DCSTN     YES; DUMP THE NEXT ONE
02647000 32630 170201      RET 1        NO; DONE.

02649000 32631 000254 BUMP1 LDA P1
02650000 32632 164607      JMP ABUMP,I

02652000      *
02653000      * THIS ROUTINE SETS THE CHARACTER TO BE DUMPED
02654000      * FOR AN "E", AND SAVES NCC = B+1
02655000      *
02656000 32633 000063 ESETS LDA C,E      STRING ENTRY; LEAVE L.C. "E" ALONE
02657000 32634 024254      ADB P1        ADD 1 TO B FOR NCC COUNT
02658000 32635 031751 ESETN STA ECHR      NUMERIC ENTRY; A=U.C. "E"
02659000 32636 035750      STB NCC       B = COUNT OF CHARACTERS + 1
02660000 32637 170201      RET 1

02662000      *
02663000      * THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS A FREE STRING FROM THE PARAMETER
02664000      * LIST WHEN A NUMERIC ITEM WAS EXPECTED
02665000      *
02666000 32640 000177 FRESA LDA P0
02667000 32641 043605      JSM NPGET+1  RE-GET PARAMETER IN ASCII FORM
02668000 32642 043633 FREST JSM ESETS    SET ECHR AND NCC FOR STRING OUTPUT
02669000 32643 043626      JSM DCSTR    AND DUMP THE CHARACTER STRING
02670000 32644 067540      JMP NWRT     TRY AGAIN FOR A NUMERIC PARAMETER
02671000      *
02672000      * OUTPUT A STRING
02673000      *
02674000 32645 043604 SWRT JSM NPGET     FETCH THE NEXT PARAMETER
02675000 32646 072445      SZA ER,F3   IF A=0, NUMERIC ITEM. BAD SHOW!
02676000 32647 000117      LDA B#0
02677000 32650 031746      STA LCHR    SET LEADING CHARACTER TO BLANK
02678000 32651 043633      JSM ESETS   SET ECHR AND NCC FOR STRING OUTPUT
02679000 32652 067564      JMP SWRT1   AND LET NUMERIC OUTPUT FINISH UP
02681000      *
02682000      * OUTPUT A BINARY FORMATTED NUMBER
02683000      *
02684000 32653 043631 BWRT JSM BUMP1     POINT TO NEXT PARAMETER
02685000 32654 043433      JSM E.EFM   IF NONE, LET E.EFM FINISH UP
02686000 32655 040751      JSM NGET    DEMAND NUMERIC VALUE
02687000 32656 067640      JMP FRESA   NON-NUMERIC; TRY FOR FREE STRING
02688000 32657 055721      DSZ NPCNT   DECREMENT PARAMETER COUNT
02689000 32660 043663      JSM BOFIX   MAKE AN INTEGER
02690000 32661 141740      JSM WRTIC,I AND SEND IT
02691000 32662 067535      JMP WLOOP   GO BACK FOR MOHE
02692000      *
02693000      * THIS ROUTINE MAKES A BINARY NUMBER FROM
02694000      * FLOATING POINT NUMBER (OCT/DEC)
02695000      *
02696000 32663 000001 BOFIX LDA B        A POINTS TO NUMBER TO BE FIXED
02697000 32664 004141      LDB P6      SET FOR POSSIBLE OCTAL CONVERSION
02698000 32665 141737      JSM HLINK+I AND GIVE OCTAL ROUTINE A CHANCE
02699000 32666 040644      JSM FIXPT   IF NO HELP, CALL ON DECIMAL FIX-POINT
02700000 32667 173002      SOC *+2     IF NO OVERFLOW, GO ON
02701000 32670 067613 JERF3 JMP ER,F3   OTHERWISE, GIVE OVERFLOW ERROR
02702000 32671 000001      LDA B        A = B = RESULT
02703000 32672 170201      RET 1

02705000      *
02706000      * WTB <SC> <BYTE LIST>
02707000      *

```

WRITE EXECUTION

```

02708000      *      FAKE A "FMT Z, 65535B" AND LET EWRT PROCESS IT
02709000      *
02710000 32673 000177 EWTB LDA P0      SET FOR OUTPUT OPERATION
02711000 32674 031726 STA Z.CSP  RESET FOR SUPPRESS/NO DATA SPECS
02712000 32675 042250 JSM GSCFN  AND GET THE SELECT CODE
02713000 32676 000257 LDA M1
02714000 32677 031732 STA REP.C  SET FOR 65535 REPEATS OF "FMT B"
02715000 32700 031216 STA FWPRT  SET FORMAT - WPRT TO "BINARY"
02716000 32701 067535 JMP WLOOP  ENTER "EWRT" AT NEXT FORMAT CALL

```

READ EXECUTION

```

02719000      *
02720000      * RED <SC>, <FMT,N>, <VARIABLE LIST>
02721000      *
02722000 32702 000263 ERED LDA FLAG  SET READ INDICATOR
02723000 32703 042250 JSM GSCFN  AND SET UP SELECT CODE, FORMAT NUMBER
02724000 32704 043241 JSM FMSET  INITIALIZE FORMAT
02725000 32705 031722 STA RTFLG  CLEAR READ-TERMINATE FLAG
02726000      *
02727000      * FREE-FIELD READ = FMT Z, 32767 FZ*.0
02728000      *
02729000      * SET Z=SUPPRESS, DP=0, FW=0, REP.C=0
02730000      *
02731000 32706 002727 LDA .T14  SET POINTER TO TEMPS, JUST IN CASE
02732000 32707 016722 CPB .SFMT IS THIS A FREE-FIELD FORMAT?
02733000 32710 071604 CLR 5     YES! DO FREE-FIELD SETUP
02734000      *
02735000      * READ THE NEXT PARAMTER
02736000      *
02737000 32711 043270 RCONT JSM NFMT  DEMAND NEXT FORMAT
02738000 32712 043631 JSM BUMP1  POINT TO NEXT PARAMETER
02739000 32713 043433 JSM E.EFM  LIST EXHAUSTED; FINISH UP
02740000 32714 055721 DSZ NPCNT  GOT IT! BUMP PARAMETER COUNT
02741000 32715 101272 LDA FAP1,I GET TYPE (WHAT WORD)
02742000 32716 172005 SAP ER.F5  IF PARAMETER IS A CONSTANT, CAN'T READ!
02743000 32717 040751 JSM NGET  CHECK TYPE OF THIS PARAMETER
02744000 32720 066060 JMP SRED  NON-NUMERIC; TRY FOR A STRING
02745000 32721 001725 LDA RW.SN  NUMERIC; SEE IF FMT IS FOR A NUMERIC
02746000 32722 073013 SLA NRED  YES IT IS! DO A NUMERIC READ
02747000 32723 140404 ER.F5 JSM AERR1,I ***** ERROR F5 *****
02748000 32724 043465 ASC 1,G5  WRONG READ PARAMETER TYPE

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02750000      *
02751000      * ROUTINES TO ABORT SINGLE PARAMETER OR READ LIST
02752000      *
02753000 32725 043733 REDX JSM REDXX SET FLAG 13 TO TELL PARAMETER ABORTED
02754000 32726 001722 RLOOP LDA RTFLG CHECK THE READ-TERMINATE FLAG
02755000 32727 073062 SLA RCONT  IF CLEAR, GO ON TO READ NEXT PARAMETER
02756000 32730 001721 LDA NPCNT  ELSE, SEE IF ALL PARAMS. DONE
02757000 32731 010254 CPA P1     IF READ/WRITE LIST COMPLETED
02758000 32732 170201 RET 1     DON'T SET FLAG 13
02759000 32733 004132 HEDXX LDB P13 SET B FOR FLAG 13 SETTING
02760000 32734 164376 JMP ASFG,I SET THE FLAG (IMPLIED RETURN)
02762000      *
02763000      * INPUT A NUMERIC ITEM
02764000      *
02765000 32735 001216 NRED LDA FWPRT
02766000 32736 010257 CPA M1     IS FXD/FLT FLAG = -1?
02767000 32737 066144 JMP BRED   YES! THIS IS A BINARY READ
02768000      *
02769000 32740 000305 LDA ASTAK
02770000 32741 030017 STA D     SET TO USE CSTAK FOR INPUT BUFFER
02771000 32742 001731 LDA FW
02772000 32743 031747 STA TFW  SET TEMP-FW FOR COUNT DOWN
02773000 32744 042527 JSM CSAV  SAVE C SINCE ANUMB. WILL KILL IT
02774000 32745 042025 JSM HEDFC READ FIRST INPUT CHARACTER
02775000 32746 010107 CPA C.COM IS IT A " "?
02776000 32747 067725 JMP REDX  YES! ABORT THIS PARAMETER
02777000 32750 010135 NREDO CPA A.LF  LINE FEED (12B)?
02778000 32751 067725 JMP REDX  NO NUMERIC DATA FOUND! SKIP THIS VALUE
02779000 32752 172477 SAM *-1  FW RAN OUT BEFORE NUMERIC DATA
02780000 32753 042045 JSM NSTCK GOT BYTE! NUMERIC TYPE?
02781000 32754 067757 JMP NRED1 YES! START NUMBER BUFFER
02782000 32755 042021 JSM REDNC NO! TRY THE NEXT CHARACTER
02783000 32756 067750 JMP NREDO AND TEST IT
02784000      *
02785000 32757 042015 NRED1 JSM STKIC STACK A NUMERIC TYPE CHARACTER AND READ
02786000 32760 172405 SAM NRBL5 IF FW EXHAUSTED, GO TO NUMBER SCANNER

```

READ EXECUTION

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02787000 32761 005731 LDB FW FREE FIELD READ?
02788000 32762 076075 RZB NRRED1 NO: KEEP READING
02789000 32763 042035 JSM NUMCK YES: STILL READING NUMERIC TYPES?
02790000 32764 067757 JMP NRRED1 YES: CONTINUE UNTIL NON-NUMERIC TYPE
02792000 32765 074550 NRBL5 PBD A,I STACK A DELIMITER IN CASE FW ENDED READ
02793000 32766 004325 LDB ASTKF
02794000 32767 034016 STB C SET C TO START OF BUFFER
02795000 32770 000177 LDA P0
02796000 32771 031751 STA MSGN RESET THE MANTISSA-SIGN INDICATOR
02797000 32772 074560 NRBL1 WBC A,I CHECK THE FIRST BYTE READ
02798000 32773 042047 JSM DDPCK WAS IT A DIGIT OR DECIMAL POINT?
02799000 32774 066002 JMP NRBLD YES: GO TO THE NUMBER BUILDER
02800000 32775 010106 CPA A,MIN NO: A MINUS SIGN?
02801000 32776 045751 ISZ MSGN YES: LOG IN A MINUS SIGN
02802000 32777 042041 JSM NUMDK NO: WAS IT AN "E"?
02803000 33000 067772 JMP NRBL1 NO: GO ON CHECKING
02804000 33001 066004 JMP ER,F7 YES: THAT WILL NEVER DO: GIVE ERROR.
02805000
02806000 33002 031240 NRBLD STA BCD "NUMB" EXPECTS FIRST CHARACTER HERE
02807000 33003 140352 JSM ANUMB,I AND CALL ON THE NUMBER BUILDER
02808000 33004 140404 ER,F7 JSM AERRI,I NUMBER BUILDER CAME UP CRAPS: ERROR F7
02809000 33005 043467 ASC 1,G7 BAD INPUT DATA
02810000 33006 000021 LDA AR2*1 LOOK AT FIRST MANTISSA WORD
02811000 33007 072404 SZA NRBLP IF ZERO, SKIP "-" CHECK TO AVOID "-0"
02812000 33010 001751 LDA MSGN CHECK THE MANTISSA-SIGN INDICATOR
02813000 33011 073002 SLA *2 IF POSITIVE, GO ON
02814000 33012 044020 ISZ AR2 IF NEGATIVE, SET MANTISSA SIGN
02815000 33013 042523 NRBLP JSM CGET IT IS SAFE TO RESTORE C NOW
02816000 33014 066146 JMP BRED1 AND EXIT THROUGH STORAGE ROUTINE
02818000
02819000
02820000
02821000
02822000
02823000
02824000 33015 004017 S*CK LDB D LOOK AT BUFFER POINTER
02825000 33016 016742 CPB ASLMM END OF BUFFER?
02826000 33017 066004 JMP ER,F7 YES: ERROR (160 NUMERICS IS RIDICULOUS)-
02827000 33020 074550 PBD A,I NO: SAVE THIS CHARACTER
02828000
02829000 33021 000257 REONC LDA M1 SET TO END-OF-FIELD (EOF) JUST IN CASE
02830000 33022 055747 DSZ TFW IF FIELD WIDTH NOT EXHAUSTED,
02831000 33023 066025 JMP REDFC READ A CHARACTER
02832000 33024 170201 RET 1 OTHERWISE RETURN WITH -1
02833000 33025 042425 REDFC JSM REDAC INPUT THE NEXT CHARACTER
02834000 33026 010132 CPA A,CR ASCII CR?
02835000 33027 066025 JMP REDFC YES: IGNORE THIS CHARACTER
02836000 33030 010136 CPA A,SKP ASCII SKIP CODE?
02837000 33031 067446 JMP ECRLF READ TO NEXT RECORD AND RETURN WITH A,L,F
02838000 33032 010135 CPA A,L,F LINE FEED WITHOUT PRECEDING SKIP?
02839000 33033 045722 ISZ RYFLG YES: SET READ TERMINATE FLAG!
02840000 33034 170201 RET 1 RETURN WITH A = CHARACTER

02842000
02843000
02844000
02845000
02846000
02847000
02848000 33035 010071 NUMCK CPA A,E ASCII E?
02849000 33036 000063 LDA C,E
02850000 33037 010063 CPA C,E ALLOW L.C. OR U.C. "E" FOR EXPONENT
02851000 33040 170201 RET 1
02852000 33041 010117 NUMDK CPA B40 BLANK?
02853000 33042 170201 RET 1
02854000 33043 010110 CPA A,PLS ASCII +?
02855000 33044 170201 RET 1
02856000 33045 010106 NSTCK CPA A,MIN ASCII -?
02857000 33046 170201 RET 1
02858000 33047 010105 DDPCK CPA C,OP ASCII .?
02859000 33050 170201 RET 1
02860000 33051 004000 DIGCK LDB A
02861000 33052 024163 ADB M4B B = A-48
02862000 33053 035714 STB T4 T4 = DIGIT IN RANGE [0,9]
02863000 33054 176403 SBM *3 IF B<0, A:[0+47], NOT AN DIGIT
02864000 33055 024207 ADB M10 B = A-58
02865000 33056 176472 SRM DIGCK-1 IF B>0, A>58, NOT A DIGIT
02866000 33057 170202 RET 2 NON-NUMERIC TYPE: RET P*2
02868000
02869000
02870000
02871000 33060 101272 SRED LDA FAP1,I GET THE TYPE WORD FOR THIS PARAMETER
02872000 33061 012743 CPA STR,S IS IT A SIMPLE STRING?
02873000 33062 066070 JMP SRED0 YES: PROCESS IT

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READ EXECUTION

```

02874000 33063 012744      CPA STR,A   IS IT A SIMPLE STRING FROM AN ARRAY?
02875000 33064 066070      JMP SREDD  YES! PROCESS IT
02876000 33065 004132      LDB P13   NONE OF THE ABOVE; SET FOR SUBSCRIPTED...
02877000 33066 141737      JSM HLINK,I STRING TYPE AND ASK FOR HELP
02878000 33067 067723      JMP ER,F5  NONE! GIVE BAD READ PARAMETER ERROR
02879000
*
02880000 33070 005272  SREDD LDB FAP1  GET STACK POINTER
02881000 33071 024145      ADB P2   POINT TO WHERE WORD
02882000 33072 100001      LDA B,I  GET BYTE POINTER TO FIRST CHARACTER
02883000 33073 030017      STA D    AND SET UP D FOR CHARACTER STUFFING
02884000 33074 074770      WBD A,D  BACK UP POINTER SINCE PBD INCRMS, FIRST
02885000 33075 024145      ADB P2   POINT TO POINTER TO CURRENT LENGTH
02886000 33076 100001      LDA B,I  GET THE POINTER
02887000 33077 031746      STA ,LEN AND SAVE THIS POINTER TO UPDATE LENGTH
02888000 33100 071600      CLR L    SET STRING LENGTH TO ZERO
02889000 33101 024254      ADB P1   POINT TO POINTER TO ORGANIZATION DATA
02890000 33102 100001      LDA B,I
02891000 33103 020145      ADA P2
02892000 33104 100000      LDA A,I  A = LEN (DIMENSIONED LENGTH)
02893000 33105 031750      STA R,LIM SET THIS AS INITIAL READ COUNT LIMIT
02895000
*
02896000      * THIS SECTION SETS UP FOR STRING READ
02897000
*
02898000      * FREE STRING (RW,SN=EVEN): R,LIM=LEN R,AFT=1
02899000      * FREE FIELD (FW=0) : R,LIM=LEN R,AFT=1
02900000      * FORMATTED, FW>L : R,LIM=LEN R,AFT=FW-LEN+1
02901000      * FORMATTED, FW<L : R,LIM=FW R,AFT=1
02902000
*
02903000 33106 004177      LDB P0
02904000 33107 035751      SYB FFR  SET INITIALLY TO FREE-FIELD READ
02905000 33110 001725      LDA RW,SN IS THIS A FREE-STRING (NUMBER EXPECTED)?
02906000 33111 073012      SLA SRED1 YES! R,LIM IS OK! SET R,AFT=1
02907000 33112 001731      LDA FW   NO! SET A = FW
02908000 33113 072410      SZA SRED1 IF FW=0, R,LIM IS OK! SET R,AFT=1
02909000 33114 045751      ISZ FFR  NO! SET TO FORMATTED READ
02910000 33115 005750      LDB R,LIM A = FW
02911000 33116 174040      TCB
02912000 33117 024000      ADB A    B = FW - LEN
02913000 33120 176003      S&P SRED1 IF FW=LEN, R,LIM IS OK! SET R,AFT
02914000 33121 031750      STA R,LIM OTHERWISE, SET R,LIM = FW
02915000 33122 004177      LDB P0   AND R,AFT = 1
02916000 33123 024254  SRED1 ADB P1  OFFSET COUNT BY 1 FOR OSZ COUNTDOWN
02917000 33124 035747      STB R,AFT SET NUMBER OF BYTES TO BYPASS AFTER READ
02918000
*
02919000 33125 042425  SREDD JSM REDAC  READ THE NEXT BYTE FROM THE PERIPHERAL
02920000 33126 005751      LDB FFR  IS THIS A FREE-FIELD READ
02921000 33127 077405      RLB SREDC NO! ONLY TERMINATE ON R,LIM
02922000 33130 010132      CPA A,CR YES! WAS CHARACTER A CARRIAGE-RETURN?
02923000 33131 066125      JMP SREDD IF SO, FREE-FIELD IGNORES THEM
02924000 33132 010135      CPA A,LF  WAS THE CHARACTER A LINE=FEED?
02925000 33133 067712  SREDF JMP RCONT+1 YES! TERMINATE AND TRY AGAIN FOR NUMERIC
02926000
*
02927000 33134 074550  SREDC PBD A,I  PUT THE CHARACTER IN THE STRING
02928000 33135 145746      ISZ ,LEN,I INCREMENT THE CURRENT LENGTH COUNT
02929000 33136 055750      DSZ R,LIM HAVE WE READ TO THE LIMIT?
02930000 33137 066125      JMP SREDD NO! READ THE NEXT STRING CHARACTER
02931000 33140 043617      JSM DLCHR YES! READ PAST ANY REMAINING FIELD-WIDTH
02932000 33141 005725      LDB RW,SN CHECK WHETHER THIS WAS FREE-FIELD
02933000 33142 077071      SLB SREDF IT WAS, SO TRY AGAIN FOR NUMERIC
02934000 33143 067726      JMP RLOOP IT WAS FORMATTED, SO GO TO NEXT FORMAT
02936000
*
02937000      * INPUT A BINARY FORMATTED NUMBER
02938000
*
02939000 33144 141741  BRED JSM MEDIC,I READ ONE BYTE
02940000 33145 042153      JSM BOFLT MAKE A FULL-PRECISION NUMBER
02941000 33146 005272  BRD1 LDB FAP1
02942000 33147 040616      JSM ABSAD+1
02943000 33150 000127      LDA ADR2 SET UP SOURCE AND DESTINATIONS
02944000 33151 071403      XFR 4    AND SAVE RESULT
02945000 33152 067726      JMP RLOOP GO BACK FOR MORE
*
*
02947000
*
02948000      * BUILD A DECIMAL OR OCTAL FLOATING NUMBER
02949000
*
02950000 33153 004142  BOFLT LDB P5   SET FOR POSSIBLE OCTAL CONVERSION
02951000 33154 141737      JSM HLINK,I AND GIVE OCTAL ROUTINE A CRACK
02952000 33155 004000      LDB A    B IS VALUE TO FLOAT
02953000 33156 164563      JMP AFLTP,I EXIT THROUGH FLOAT-POINT ROUTINE
02955000
*
02956000      * RDB (<SC>) FUNCTION
02957000
*
02958000 33157 000263  ERDB LDA FLAG
02959000 33160 042250      JSM GSCFN BUILD AND SET UP SELECT CODE

```

READ EXECUTION

```

02960000 33161 141741 JSM REDIC,I READ A BYTE
02961000 33162 042153 ERDB1 JSM BOFLT BUILD A FLOATING NUMBER
02962000 33163 000127 LDA ADR2
02963000 33164 004340 LDB ARES
02964000 33165 071403 XFR 4 PUT THE RESULT IN RES
02965000 33166 054003 DSZ R CANCEL MAIN EXECUTION RETURN
02966000 33167 001734 LDA CSAVE
02967000 33170 030016 STA C AND RESTORE VALUE OF C
02968000 33171 056721 DSZ NPCNT HOW MANY FUNCTION PARAMETERS?
02969000 33172 067613 JMP ER.F3 MORE THAN ONE! GIVE ERROR!
02970000 33173 005272 LDB FAP1 GET THE STACK POINTER
02971000 33174 040616 JSM ABSAD*1 FORM ADDRESS OF BOTTOM OF STACK
02972000 33175 031263 STA AP1 AND RESET AP1
02973000 33176 164366 JMP ARAP,I CAUSE I'M GOING OUT THE BACK DOOR.

```

```

02975000 *
02976000 * HDS (<SC>) FUNCTION
02977000 *
02978000 33177 000257 ERDS LDA M1 SET TO BYPASS BUS SETUP
02979000 33200 042250 JSM GSCFN BUILD AND SET UP SELECT CODE
02980000 33201 005723 LDB DN.SC LOOK AT THE CARD TYPE SPECIFIED
02981000 33202 176003 SBP *+3 IF CARD STATUS REQUIRED, GO ON
02982000 33203 004144 LDB P3 ELSE, SET FOR HP-IB SERIAL POLL
02983000 33204 066302 JMP SHELP AND GO TO EXTIO (OR ERROR F4)
02984000 33205 172255 SAP ERDB1,C IF GPIO CARD, RETURN STATUS BYTE
02985000 33206 004143 LDB P4 GIVE EXTIO A CHANCE TO RETURN
02986000 33207 141737 JSM HLINK,I EXTENDED HP-IB STATUS BYTES
02987000 33210 066162 JMP ERDB', AND RETURN VALUE OF MAIN STATUS BYTE

```

CONVERSION-TYPE STATEMENTS

```

02990000 *
02991000 * CONV <ASCII>,<FOREIGN>, ... <ASCII>,<FOREIGN>
02992000 *
02993000 * SET UP CODE CONVERSION TABLE
02994000 *
02995000 33211 000177 ECONV LDA P0
02996000 33212 042236 JSM ECONX CLEAR CONVERSION WORD TO NULL
02997000 33213 024141 ADB P6 FORM ADDRESS OF START CONVERSION TABLE
02998000 33214 034017 STB D AND SET D TO PLACE BYTES
02999000 33215 140610 JSM ACOUN,I HOW MANY PARAMETERS?
03000000 33216 072420 SZA ECONX NONE! CLEAR CONV FLAG AND GET OUT
03001000 33217 073003 SLA *+3 AN EVEN NUMBER, SO GO ON
03002000 33220 140404 E.F6 JSM AERR1,I ODD NUMBER! ***** ERROR F6 *****
03003000 33221 043466 ASC 1,G6 IMPROPER CONVERSION PARAMETER
03004000 33222 022736 ADA M21 IF NUMBER OF PARAMETERS > 20,
03005000 33223 172075 SAP ER.F6 GIVE ERROR (TABLE ONLY HOLDS 10 PAIRS)
03006000 *
03007000 33224 040751 ECONL JSM NGET DEMAND A NUMERIC VALUE
03008000 33225 066220 JMP ER.F6 NON-NUMERIC, GIVE ERROR G6
03009000 33226 043663 JSM BOFIX MAKE INTEGER USING DEC/OCT FLAG
03010000 33227 074551 PBD B,I PLACE THE BYTE IN CONV TABLE
03011000 33230 174506 SBR 7 MORE THAN SEVEN BITS?
03012000 33231 076067 RZB ER.F6 YES! NOT ALLOWED
03013000 33232 043631 JSM BUMP1 TRY FOR ANOTHER PARAMETER
03014000 33233 066235 JMP *+2 NONE! TABLE COMPLETE
03015000 33234 066224 JMP ECONL MORE! LOOP TO BUILD TABLE
03016000 33235 000017 LDA D GET ADDRESS OF LAST TABLE ENTRY
03017000 33236 004134 ECONX LDB P11 SET TO SAVE ADDRESS IN CVTBL (STOLEN)
03018000 33237 025045 ADB FSPTR
03019000 33240 130001 STA B,I SET CVTBL WITH CONTENTS OF A
03020000 33241 170201 RET 1 DONE! GET OUT

```

```

03022000 33242 031723 SCRDS STA DN.SC SAVE A AS SELECT CODE/DEVICE NUMBER
03023000 33243 030011 STA PA AND SET THE PERIPHERAL ADDRESS REGISTER
03024000 33244 050045 AND B377 KEEP ONLY THE SELECT CODE PART
03025000 33245 020161 ADA M17 IS IT IN THE RANGE [0..16]?
03026000 33246 172035 SAP ER.F4 NO! GIVE BAD SC ERROR
03027000 33247 066573 JMP REDST YES, EXIT THROUGH READ-STATUS ROUTINE
03030000 *
03031000 * THIS ROUTINE DOES THE INITIAL SELECT-CODE SETUP
03032000 *
03033000 * ALLOWED SC FORMATS: S.F, SS.F, SDD.F, SSDD.F
03034000 * WHERE SS=SELECT CODE, DD=DEVICE NUMBER (HP-IB)
03035000 * AND .F=FORMAT REFERENCE NUMBER
03036000 *
03037000 * ENTRY: A = 0 (WRITE), 100000 (READ), 177777 (STATUS)
03038000 *

```

SELECT CODE SET UP ROUTINES

```

03039000      *   ON EXIT: DN.SC = GPIO/HP-IB FLAG (BIT 15)
03040000      *
03041000      *   DEVICE NUMBER (BITS 14-8)
03042000      *   SELECT CODE (BITS 7-0)
03043000      *   FMT.N = FORMAT NUMBER
03044000      *
03045000      *   -----
03046000      *   HARDWARE CHECKED FOR VALID CONFIGURATION AND SET
03047000      *
03046000 33250 031725 GSCFN STA RW.SN   SAVE READ/WRITE FLAG
03047000 33251 140610 JSM ACOUN,I  SET TO FIRST PARAMETER
03048000 33252 035721 STB NPCNT   SAVE NUMBER OF PARAMETERS
03049000 33253 040751 JSM NGET    DEMAND A NUMERIC VALUE
03050000 33254 172325 SAP HLR11,S  IF NON-NUMERIC, ASK FOR HELP
03051000 33255 000001 GSCX  LDA B     A = ADDRESS OF SC PARAMETER
03052000 33256 004127 LDB ADR2   TRANSFER PARAMETER TO AR2-REGISTER
03053000 33257 071403 XFR A
03054000 33260 000020 LDA AR2    LOOK AT THE EXPONENT WORD
03055000 33261 073422 RLA ER.F4  IF MANTISSA IS NEGATIVE, GIVE ERROR
03056000 33262 170405 AAR 6     A = EXPONENT (E)
03057000 33263 020254 ADA P1     A = (E+1)
03058000 33264 004132 LDB P13   SE! FOR 13 SHIFTS JUST IN CASE
03059000 33265 172405 SAM GSCF1  IF E<-1, SC=0.0 SO USE 13 SHIFTS
03060000 33266 170040 TCA
03061000 33267 020133 ADA P12   ELSE, SET A = 11-E
03062000 33270 004000 LDB A     INTO B AS NUMBER OF PLACES TO SHIFT
03063000 33271 176412 SRM ER.F4  IF B<0, E>11! TOO BIG, GIVE ERROR
03064000 33272 000177 GSCF1 LDA P0  SET TO SHIFT IN ZEROS
03065000 33273 031733 STA EXTBA  CLEAR EXTENDED BUS ADDRESSING (FOR EXTIC
03066000 33274 075500 MRY       POSITION DP TO FOLLOW DIGIT 12
03067000 33275 031720 STA FMT.N  ANY DIGIT AFTER DP IS FORMAT NUMBER
03068000 33276 000001 LDA B     A = 11-E (PLACES SHIFTED)
03069000 33277 174502 SRR 3     SEE IF #SHIFTS WAS LESS THAN 8
03070000 33200 076005 RZB GSCF2  NO, WE HAD 4 DIGITS OR LESS
03071000 33301 004134 HLP11 LDB P11 AND CALL ON EXTIO FOR HELP
03072000 33302 141737 SHR LPM JSM HLINK,I THROUGH THE HELP LINK WORD
03073000 33303 140404 ER.F4 JSM AERR1,I NO HELP, GIVE ***** ERROR F4 *****
03074000 33304 043464 ASC 1,G4  BAD SELECT CODE PARAMETER
03075000 33305 000023 GSCF2 LDA AR2+3 GET 4-DIGITS OF SC PARAMETER
03076000 33306 030021 STA AR2+1  SET THEM FOR THE NUMBER BUILDER
03077000 33307 042372 JSM BLD20  BUILD AN INTEGER OUT OF FIRST 2 DIGITS
03078000 33310 035723 STB DN.SC AND SAVE THESE FOR NOW
03079000 33311 042372 JSM BLD20  BUILD AN INTEGER OUT OF NEXT 2 DIGITS
03080000 33312 000001 LDA B     A = LOW DIGITS
03081000 33313 005723 LDB DN.SC B = HIGH DIGITS
03082000 33314 076013 RZB GSC2  IF B>0, THIS IS 3- OR 4-DIGIT SC (MPIB)
03084000      *
03085000      *   2-DIGIT SC (GPIO)
03086000      *
03087000 33315 042242 JSM SCRDS  CHECK SELECT CODE AND READ STATUS
03088000 33316 077422 RLB GSC1  IF READ STATUS ONLY, QUIT HERE
03089000 33317 042650 JSM CKPA  WHAT IS THE PA SET TO?
03090000 33320 066517 JMP SENDI PA=0; EXIT THROUGH BUFFER SETUP
03091000 33321 066303 JEMF4 JMP ER.F4 PA=1; DON'T ALLOW RED/WRT TO CASSETTE
03092000 33322 001745 LDA STBYT PA>1; GET THE STATUS BYTE
03093000 33323 172403 SAM JERF9 IF HP-IB CARD, NOT RIGHT!
03094000 33324 050103 AND B60  KEEP ONLY THE IDENTIFIER BITS (5-4)
03095000 33325 072013 RZA GSC1  IF CARD IS THERE, DONE.
03096000 33326 066364 JERF9 JMP ER.F9 NO CARD, OR TYPE 00 (NON-STANDARD) CARD
03097000      *
03098000      *   4-DIGIT SC (MPIB)
03099000      *
03100000 33327 020162 GSC2 ADA M32  IS DN IN RANGE (0,31)?
03101000 33330 172071 SAP JERF4  NO! GIVE ERROR
03102000 33331 020117 ADA P32   YES! RESTORE A = DN
03103000 33332 170607 SAL 8     POSITION DN BITS
03104000 33333 060001 IOR B     INCLUDE SC BITS
03105000 33334 062740 IOR BSMSK AND SET HP-IB FLAG BITS
03106000 33335 042242 JSM SCRDS CHECK SC AND READ STATUS
03107000 33336 172026 SAP ER.F9 IF NOBODY OR GPIO, CONFIGURATION ERROR
03108000 33337 014257 CPB M1   IF RW.SN=-1, SKIP BUS SETUP
03109000 33340 170201 GSC1 RET 1  AND GET OUT
03111000      *
03112000      *   THIS SECTION SETS UP THE MPIB BY
03113000      *
03114000      *   SEND UNIVERSAL UNLISTEN COMMAND
03115000      *   DECLAIR CALCULATOR TALKER/LISTNER (BASED ON RW.SN)
03116000      *   DECLARE DEVICE AS LISTNER/TALKER
03117000      *
03118000 33341 001723 BUSET LDA DN.SC LOOK AT THE GPIO/HP-IB FLAG
03119000 33342 004133 LDB P12  SET B FOR HELP LINK, JUST IN CASE
03120000 33343 141737 JSM HLINK,I GIVE EXTIO CHANCE FOR SECONDARY ADDRESS
03121000 33344 170507 SAR 8     KEEP ONLY DEVICE NUMBER HALF
03122000 33345 012737 CPA NOSET IF DN=31 (11011111)
03123000 33346 170201 RET 1    LEAVE THE BUS SETUP AS IS
03124000 33347 030022 STA AR2+2 DN<31; SAVE TALK ADDRESS FOR LATER
03125000 33350 000074 LDA UNL  GET UNIVERSAL UNLISTEN COMMAND

```

SELECT CODE SET UP ROUTINES

```

03126000 33351 042366 JSM BUSR6 AND SEND IT
03127000 33352 001743 LDA BUSDN GET HP-IB'S BUS DEVICE NUMBER
03128000 33353 176002 SBP *+2 IF WRITE, THIS IS ALREADY TALK ADDRESS
03129000 33354 020066 ADA B140 OTHERWISE, FORM A LISTEN ADDRESS
03130000 33355 042366 JSM BUSR6 AND SEND IT
03131000 33356 000022 LDA AR2*2 GET SPECIFIED DEVICE NUMBER
03132000 33357 176402 SBM *+2 IF READ, THIS IS ALREADY TALK ADDRESS
03133000 33360 020066 ADA B140 OTHERWISE, FORM A LISTEN ADDRESS
03134000 33361 042366 JSM BUSR6 SEND IT
03135000 33362 042627 JSM WAIT BUS IS CONFIGURED! WAIT FOR READY
03136000 33363 076206 SSS BUSRT AND IF STATUS SET, ALL WENT WELL
03137000 33364 140404 ER.F9 JSM AERR1,I IF NOT, ***** ERROR F9 *****
03138000 33365 043471 ASC 1,G9 IMPROPER HARDWARE CONFIGURATION
03139000 *
03140000 * SEND A COMMAND TO THE HP-IB
03141000 *
03142000 33366 042627 BUSR6 JSM WAIT WAIT FOR BUS TO GO READY
03143000 33367 030006 EWTCL STA R6 OUTPUT CONTROL BYTE
03144000 33370 005725 RDSTX LDB RW,SN AND B = READ/WRITE FLAG
03145000 33371 170201 BUSRT RET 1 FOR NEXT PASS

```

```

03147000 *
03148000 * BUILD A 2-DIGIT NUMBER FROM AR2
03149000 *
03150000 33372 000145 BLD2D LDA P2
03151000 33373 031711 STA T1 SET FOR 2-DIGITS LEFT TO BUILD
03152000 33374 004177 LDB P0 INITIALIZE THE ACCUMULATOR
03153000 33375 064664 JMP FI2 AND LET "FIXPT" FINISH UP
03155000 *
03156000 * WTC <SC>, <BYTE>
03157000 *
03158000 33376 000257 EWTCL LDA M1 SET FOR CHECK ONLY
03159000 33377 042250 JSM GSCFN BUILD AND SET UP SELECT CODE
03160000 33400 172464 SAM ER.F9 DO NOT ALLOW WTC TO HP-IB CARD
03161000 33401 072463 SZA ER.F9 NO CARD PLUGGED IN
03162000 33402 043631 JSM BUMP1 POINT TO BYTE PARAMETER
03163000 33403 067613 JMP ER.F3 NO PARAMETER; GIVE ERROR
03164000 33404 040751 JSM NGET FETCH THE PARAMETER
03165000 33405 067613 JMP ER.F3 NON-NUMERIC
03166000 33406 043663 JSM BOFIX MAKE A FIX-POINT NUMBER
03167000 33407 052741 AND CMASK MASK OUT INTERRUPT RELATED BITS (7-4)
03168000 33410 042650 JSM CKPA CHECK THE PERIPHERAL ADDRESS
03169000 33411 066463 JMP EWTCL PA=0; SET ALTERNATE KOP CHIP BY R7 OUT
03170000 33412 066303 JMP ER.F4 PA=1; CANNOT WRITE CONTROL TO CASSETTE!
03171000 33413 030005 STA R5 PA>1; OUTPUT CONTROL REGISTER
03172000 33414 050170 AND LMASK ANY BITS IN LEFT BYTE?
03173000 33415 072454 SZA BUSRT NO; WE ARE DONE! GET OUT.
03174000 33416 066367 JMP EWTCL YES! SEND SECONDARY DATA THROUGH R6

```

GENERAL INPUT/OUTPUT ROUTINES

```

03176000 *
03177000 * GENERAL INPUT/OUTPUT ROUTER
03178000 *
03179000 * ENTRY: OUTPUT CODE IN A
03180000 * EXIT: INPUT CODE IN A
03181000 *
03182000 * IOIC: INPUT/OUTPUT BASED ON CURRENT READ/WRITE FLAG
03183000 * WRTAC: OUTPUT A THROUGH CONVERSION TABLE
03184000 * REDAC: INPUT THROUGH CONVERSION TABLE TO A
03185000 *
03186000 33417 005725 IULC LDB HW,SN LOOK AT READ/WRITE FLAG
03187000 33420 176405 SBM REDAC IF BIT(15) SET, READ
03188000 *
03189000 33421 005735 WRTAC LDB CVTBL CHECK FOR CONVERSION
03190000 33422 076402 SZB WRTA IF ZERO, NO CONVERSION ACTIVE
03191000 33423 042431 JSM CVSCH IF NOT, SEARCH CONV TABLE
03192000 33424 165740 WRTA JMP WRTIC,I GO TO SEND ROUTINE THROUGH LINK WORD
03193000 *
03194000 33425 141741 REDAC JSM REDIC,I GO TO READ ROUTINE THROUGH LINK WORD
03195000 33426 050053 AND B177 KEEP ONLY 7 BITS
03196000 33427 005735 LDB CVTBL CHECK FOR CONVERSION
03197000 33430 076412 SZB CVRET IF ZERO, NO CONVERSION ACTIVE
03198000 33431 005045 CVSCH LDB FSPTR
03199000 33432 024125 ADB P18 FORM ADDRESS OF START OF CONV TABLE
03200000 33433 035711 STB CVTBS SET TABLE POINTER
03201000 33434 105711 CVNXT LDB CVTBS,I GET NEXT TABLE ENTRY

```

GENERAL INPUT/OUTPUT ROUTINES

```

03202000 33435 174507 SBR 8 KEEP ONLY "CONVERT FROM" CODE
03203000 33436 014000 CPB A DOES IT MATCH BYTE IN A?
03204000 33437 066445 JMP CVMAT YES! WE HAVE A MATCH
03205000 33440 005711 LDB CVTBS CHECK POINTER
03206000 33441 015735 CPB CVTBL WAS THAT THE LAST ENTRY?
03207000 33442 170201 CVRET RET 1 YES! LEAVE A ALONE AND GET OUT
03208000 33443 045711 ISZ CVTBS NO! BUMP TABLE POINTER
03209000 33444 066434 JMP CVNXT AND TEST THE NEXT ENTRY
03210000 33445 101711 CVMAT LDA CVTBS,I RECOVER THE PAIR THAT MATCHED
03211000 33446 050053 AND B177 KEEP THE CONVERTED CODE BYTE ONLY
03212000 33447 170201 RET 1 AND RETURN WITH THIS VALUE
03214000
03215000
03216000
03217000 33450 031714 SEND STA T4 SAVE OUTPUT CODE
03218000 33451 004011 LDB PA LOOK AT SC
03219000 33452 076416 SZB SENDO IF SC=0, GO TO PRT/DSP INTERNAL
03220000
03221000
03222000
03223000 33453 076202 SENDP SSS *+2 IF STATUS SET, ALL IS WELL
03224000 33454 042623 JSM PONCK OTHERWISE, CHECK FOR DOWN PERIPHERAL
03225000 33455 005723 LDB DN,SC LOOK AT DEVICE NUMBER
03226000 33456 176407 SBR WHPIB IF BIT 15 SET, USE HP-IB PROTOCOL
03227000 33457 004005 LDB R5 GET GPIO STATUS BYTE
03228000 33460 174501 SBR 2
03229000 33461 042553 JSM INVDC INVERT DATA IF INVERT BIT SET
03230000 33462 042465 JSM WHPIB CALL SR TO OUTPUT DATA
03231000 33463 030007 FWT0 STA R7
03232000 33464 170201 RET 1

*
* GENERAL OUTPUT ROUTINE
*
03234000 33465 042627 WHPIB JSM WAIT WAIT FNR READY
03235000 33466 030004 STA R4 OUTPUT DATA BYTE
03236000 33467 170201 RET 1
03238000
03239000
03240000
*
* INTERNAL PRINTER/DISPLAY SEND ROUTINE
*
03241000 33470 010132 SENDO CPA A,CH IF CARRIAGE RETURN
03242000 33471 170201 RET 1 IGNORE IT
03243000 33472 042525 JSM DCSAV SAVE CURRENT C & D REGISTERS
03244000 33473 005722 LDB .IOBL GET POINTER TO I/O BUFFER
03245000 33474 014315 CPB AIBFM IS THIS THE FIRST CHARACTER?
03246000 33475 140450 JSM ACLBI,I YES! CLEAR THE BUFFER
03247000 33476 001714 LDA T4 RECOVER OUTPUT BYTE
03248000 33477 010135 CPA A,LF IS IT A LINE FEED?
03249000 33500 066511 JMP SLNDB YES! DUMP THE BUFFER
03250000 33501 005722 LDB .IOBL GET POINTER TO IOBUF
03251000 33502 014316 CPB AIBFL IF IT POINTS TO LAST WORD
03252000 33503 170201 RET 1 BUFFER IS FULL
03253000 33504 034017 STB D IF NOT, SET UP FOR NEXT PLACE
03254000 33505 074550 PRD A,I NO! STACT IT ON THE BUFFER
03255000 33506 004017 LDB D GET UPDATED D
03256000 33507 035722 STB .IOBL AND UPDATE BUFFER POINTER
03257000 33510 066521 JMP DCGET AND RESTORE C AND D
03258000
*
03259000 33511 001723 SENDB LDA DN,SC CHECK THE PRINT/DISP FLAG
03260000 33512 072003 RZA SND16 IF SC=16, SEND TO PRINTER
03261000 33513 140433 JSM ALDSP,I IF SC=0, SEND TO DISPLAY
03262000 33514 066517 JMP SENDI RESET C, D, AND .IOBL
03263000 33515 140444 SND16 JSM A,PRN,I SEND IOBUF TO PRINTER
03264000 33516 040710 JSM EOLIO CLEAR IOBUF TO LAZY-T
03265000 33517 004315 SENDI LDB AIBFM
03266000 33520 035722 STB .IOBL RESET POINTER TO IOBUF
03267000 33521 005715 DCGET LDB T5
03268000 33522 034017 STB D RESET D
03269000 33523 005716 CGET LDB T6
03270000 33524 067266 JMP CSET RESET C

*
*
03272000 33525 004017 DCSAV LDB D
03273000 33526 035715 STB T5
03274000 33527 004016 CSAV LDB C
03275000 33530 035716 STB T6
03276000 33531 170201 RET 1
03278000
03279000
03280000
*
* GENERAL INPUT ROUTINE
*
03281000 33532 004011 READ LDB PA GET SELECT CODE
03282000 33533 076005 RZB READ1 IF SC>0, DO NORMAL READ
03283000 33534 001717 LDA STMT IF SC=0, SEE IF THIS IS A RDB(0)

```

GENERAL INPUT/OUTPUT ROUTINES

```

03284000 33535 010141      CPA P6      RDB TYPE?
03285000 33536 066562      JMP RDB0   YES; EXECUTE RDB0 ROUTINE
03286000 33537 066303      JMP ER.F4  READ FROM SC=0 NOT ALLOWED
03287000 33540 001723      HEAD1 LDA DN.SC CHECK GPIO/HPIB FLAG
03288000 33541 076202      SSS *+2    MAKE SURE DEVICE IS WELL
03289000 33542 042623      JSM PDNCK  IF NO, CHECK FOR DOWN PERIPHERAL
03290000 33543 042627      JSM WAIT
03291000 33544 172412      SAM RHPIB  IF HP-IB, DO HP-IB INPUT PROTOCOL
03292000 33545 000004      LDA R4     DEMAND A DATA BYTE
03293000 33546 030007      STA R7     AND TRIGGER COMMAND
03294000 33547 042627      JSM WAIT   WAIT FOR READY
03295000 33550 000004      LDA R4     AND TAKE IN BYTE
03296000 33551 004005      LDB R5     GET GPIO STATUS BYTE
03297000 33552 174502      SBR 3
03298000 33553 072002      INVDC SLB *+2 IF INVERT INPUT DATA BIT SET.
03299000 33554 170140      CMA        INVERT BITS IN A
03300000 33555 170201      RET 1
03301000
03302000 33556 000004      RHPIB LDA R4  REQUEST DATA BYTE
03303000 33557 042627      JSM WAIT   WAIT FOR READY FLAG
03304000 33560 000006      LDA R6     PULL IN GOOD DATA
03305000 33561 170201      RET 1

```

```

03307000
03308000
03309000
03310000
03311000 33562 002570      RDB0 LDA RBINT GET ADDRESS OF RDB INTERRUPT ROUTINE
03312000 33563 005440      LDB ITABL  SAVE CURRENT KEYBOARD SERVICE ADDRESS
03313000 33564 031440      STA ITABL  PUT INTERCEPT ADDRESS IN TABLE
03314000 33565 066565      JMP *      HOLD HERE FOR INTERRUPT
03315000 33566 035440      STB ITABL  WHEN INTERRUPT IS SERVICED, PUT BACK
03316000 33567 170201      RET 1     KEYBOARD SERVICE ADDRESS AND RETURN
03317000
03318000
03319000
03320000 33570 033571      RBINT DEF *+1
03321000 33571 000004      LDA R4     ON INTERRUPT, TAKE IN NEW KEYCODE
03322000 33572 170301      RET 1,P   AND RETURN TO INSTRUCTION AFTER "JMP *"
03324000
03325000
03326000
03327000
03328000
03329000
03330000
03331000
03332000
03333000
03334000
03335000 33573 070430      REDST DIR  THIS MUST TAKE <100USEC FOR HP-IB
03336000 33574 000005      LDA R5     READ THE STATUS BYTE (OR HP-IB DEMAND)
03337000 33575 042650      JSM CKPA   CHECK THE PA REGISTER
03338000 33576 066607      JMP REDSR  PA=0; DO NO MORE
03339000 33577 066607      JMP REDSR  PA=1; DO NO MORE
03340000 33600 004000      LDB A      KEEP A COPY FOR RETURNING
03341000 33601 050103      AND B60    MASK TO KEEP ONLY CARD-TYPE BITS
03342000 33602 010103      CPA B60    IF TYPE BITS=3, THIS IS HP-IB
03343000 33603 066612      JMP HPRDS  SO DO HP-IB STATUS PROTOCOL
03344000 33604 000001      LDA B      A=STATUS BYTE
03345000 33605 076602      REDSS SSC *+2 IF STATUS BIT IS SET,
03346000 33606 060044      IOR B400   SET BIT(8) OF STATUS WORD
03347000 33607 070420      REDSM EJR  IF NO, GPIO1 RE-ENABLE INTERRUPT
03348000 33610 031745      STA STBYT  SAVE THE STATUS BYTE
03349000 33611 066370      JMP ROSTX  AND GO BACK (IMPLIED RETURN)
03350000
03351000
03352000
03353000 33612 042627      HPRDS JSM WAIT WAIT FOR HPIB TO GET STATUS
03354000 33613 000005      LDA R5
03355000 33614 004336      LDB AOP1  GET ADDRESS OF STATUS BYTE STACK
03356000 33615 014337      HPRNS CPB AOP2 DID WE GET THE FOURTH ONE?
03357000 33616 172371      SAP REDSR,S YES; SET HP-IB BIT (15) AND EXIT,
03358000 33617 072600      SFC *     NO; WAIT FOR READY INDICATION
03359000 33620 000006      LDA R6     AND GET NEXT STATUS BYTE
03360000 33621 130001      STA B,I    PUT IT ON THE STACK
03361000 33622 076173      RIB HPRNS  BUMP POINTER IN B AND GO AGAIN
03363000
03364000
03365000
03366000

```

```

* IF STATUS IS CLEAR, GIVE AN ERROR AFTER GIVING
* HELP-LINK A CHANCE TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM

```

GENERAL INPUT/OUTPUT ROUTINES

```

03367000 33623 004137 PONCK LDB P8      SET FOR DOWN PERIPHERAL
03368000 33624 141737      JSM HLINK,I AND TRY FOR HELP
03369000 33625 140404 ER.FB JSM AERR1,I IF NONE, GIVE ***** ERROR FB *****
03370000 33626 043470      ASC 1,GB      PERIPHERAL DOWN.

-----
03372000
03373000
03374000
03375000
03376000
03377000
03378000
03379000
03380000
03381000 33627 005257 WAIT LDB CSTAT IF RED/WRT IS FROM KEYBOARD,
03382000 33630 077413 RLB WAITS SKIP 2-SECOND GRACE PERIOD
03383000 33631 072216 SFS WAITR IF FLAG IS SET (READY), RETURN AT ONCE.
03384000 33632 004140 LDB P7 SET FOR WAIT INTERCEPT
03385000 33633 141737 JSM HLINK,I AND GIVE HELP-LINK A CHANCE TO EXTEND
03386000 33634 004234 LDB B&K THE WAIT OPTIONS! IF NO HELP,
03387000 33635 035711 STB T1 SET TIME CONSTANT 1
03388000 33636 004170 WAITC LDB M256 SET TIME CONSTANT 2
03389000 33637 072210 SFS WAITR IF DEVICE HAS COME READY, EXIT WAIT
03390000 33640 076177 RIB *-1 ELSE, CONTINUE TO COUNT DOWN CONSTANT 2
03391000 33641 055711 DSZ T1 THEN COUNT DOWN CONSTANT 1
03392000 33642 064636 JMP WAITC UNTIL IT TOO GOES TO ZERO
03393000 33643 005206 WAITS LDB IOTMP TIME IS UP! BEGIN TO MONITOR KEY-FLAG
03394000 33644 014254 CPB P1 STOP KEY PRESSED?
03395000 33645 064625 JMP ER.FB YES! ABORT AND GIVE USER INDICATION
03396000 33646 072675 SFC WAITS NO; CONTINUE TO WAIT IF STILL BUSY
03397000 33647 170201 WAITR RET 1 FINALLY READY! EXIT

```

```

03399000
03400000
03401000
03402000 33650 004011 CKPA LDB PA GET THE PERIPHERAL ADDRESS
03403000 33651 076476 S7B WAITR IF PA=0, RETURN P+1
03404000 33652 014254 CPB P1 IF PA=1, RETURN P+2
03405000 33653 170202 RET 2
03406000 33654 170203 RET 3 IF PA>1, RETURN P+3

```

PERIPHERAL LISTER

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03409000
03410000
03411000
03412000 33655 000177 ELIST LDA P0 SET FOR WRITE OPERATION
03413000 33656 042250 JSM GSCFN SET UP SELECT CODE PARAMETER
03414000 33657 043631 JSM BUMPI MAKE FAP1 POINT TO LINE# PARAMETER(S)
03415000 33660 000000 LDA A NOOPI RETURNS HERE IF NO LINE NUMBERS
03416000 33661 004566 LDB ALST GET ADDRESS OF MAINFRAME LIST ROUTINE
03417000 33662 134003 STB R,I AND MAKE IT THE RETURN DESTINATION
03418000 33663 005734 LDB CSAVE
03419000 33664 034016 STB C RESTORE VALUE OF C
03420000 33665 004674 LDB APLST H = ADDRESS OF PERIPHERAL LIST ROUTINE
03421000 33666 000011 LDA PA CHECK THE PERIPHERAL ADDRESS CODE
03422000 33667 010177 CPA P0 IS SELECT CODE 0 OR 16?
03423000 33670 007013 LDB .RET1 YES! DUMMY SHOULD HAVE USED LIST!!!
03424000 33671 001721 LDA NPCNT GET COUNT OF PARAMETERS
03425000 33672 020257 ADA M1 TAKE OFF 1 FOR SELECT CODE PARAMETER
03426000 33673 170202 RET 2 AND GO TO LIST ROUTINE FOR EXECUTION
03427000
03428000
03429000
03430000 33674 033675 APLST DEF **1
03431000 33675 031732 STA REP.C A = 0(LINE), >0(CHECKSUM), -3(CR/LF)
03432000 33676 072403 SZA PLST1 IF PROGRAM LINE, DUMP UNCONDITIONALLY
03433000 33677 001720 LDA FMT,N ELSE, SEE IF FMT,N WAS GIVEN
03434000 33700 072020 HZA PLSTR IF YES, SUPPRESS CKSUM AND CR/LF'S
03435000 33701 043137 PLST1 JSM PTSET RESET LINKS IN CASE STRING ROM WAS CALL
03436000 33702 000214 LDA EOLB GET AN END-OF-LINE CHARACTER
03437000 33703 130316 STA AIBFL,I AND TERMINATE IOBUFF IN CASE OF CKSUM
03438000 33704 000314 LDA AIBFX GET ADDRESS OF START OF I/O BUFFER
03439000 33705 030017 STA D AND SET BYTE POINTER
03440000 33706 001732 LDA REP.C CHECK TYPE INDICATOR

```

PERIPHERAL LISTER

03441000	33707	172406	SAM	PLST3	IF LEADER, DUMP 3-CR/LF'S
03442000	33710	074570	PLSTC	WBD A,I	GET NEXT BYTE OF LINE
03443000	33711	010053	CPA	EOL	END OF LINE MARKER?
03444000	33712	066717	JMP	PLSTE	YES! FINISH UP
03445000	33713	042421	JSM	WRTAC	OUTPUT THE CHARACTER
03446000	33714	066710	JMP	PLSTC	GO BACK FOR MORE CHARACTERS
03447000	33715	043446	PLST3	JSM ECRLF	PROVIDE 3-CR/LF'S FOR LEADER/TRAILER
03448000	33716	043446	JSM	ECRLF	
03449000	33717	043446	PLSTE	JSM ECRLF	OUTPUT A CR/LF TO END LINE
03450000	33720	170202	PLSTR	RET. 2	AND RETURN P*2 TO LIST ROUTINE

CONSTANTS AND EQUATES

03452000			*		
03453000			*	CONSTANTS	
03454000			*		
03455000	33721	032013	IVAL	DEF .RET1	INITIAL VALUES OF LINK WORDS
03456000	33722	033723	.SFMT	DEF *+1	POINTER TO STANDARD FORMAT FOR WRITE
03457000	33723	016064		OCT 16064	# 4
03458000	33724	063061		OCT 63061	F 1
03459000	33725	034034		OCT 34034	B # (#=34B = FMT DELIMITER)
03460000	33726	077735	.TREG	DEF T21	
03461000	33727	077726	.T14	DEF T14	
03462000		000121	C.EFM	EQU B34	END OF FORMAT CHARACTER
03463000		000107	C.COM	EQU B54	ASCII COMMA
03464000		000105	C.OP	EQU B56	ASCII DECIMAL POINT
03465000	33730	000142	C.B	OCT 142	B BINARY
03466000	33731	000146	C.F	OCT 146	F F,FZ
03467000		000063	C.E	EQU B145	E EXPONENT
03468000		000064	C.C	EQU P99	C CHARACTERS
03469000	33732	000170	C.X	OCT 170	X SPACE
03470000		000104	C.LF	EQU B57	/ CR/LF
03471000		000116	C.QT	EQU B42	" LITERAL
03472000	33733	000172	C.Z	OCT 172	Z SUPPRESS CR/LF
03473000		000132	A.CR	EQU P13	ASCII CR
03474000		000135	A.LF	EQU P10	ASCII LF
03475000		000114	C.DOL	EQU B44	ASCII \$
03476000	33734	001750	P1000	DEC 1000	
03477000	33735	000025	P21	DEC 21	
03478000	33736	177753	M21	DEC -21	
03479000		000074	UNL	EQU B77	HP-IB UNIVERSAL UNLISTEN COMMAND
03480000	33737	000337	NOSET	OCT 337	DN=31 BYPASS INDICATOR
03481000		000023	AR2M3	EQU 23B	AR2 MANTISSA WORD #3
03482000		000053	EOL	EQU B177	END-OF-LINE INDICATOR
03483000		077226	LNO	EQU CSTMP+8	LINE NUMBER FOR INTERPRETER
03484000		077223	IMP6	EQU CSTMP+5	
03485000		077206	.WKC	EQU IOTMP	KEY-CODE FROM KEYBOARD
03486000		000071	A.E	EQU P69	ASCII E
03487000		000325	ASTKF	EQU ACSTF	
03488000		000106	A.MIN	EQU B55	ASCII MINUS SIGN
03489000		000110	A.PLS	EQU B53	ASCII PLUS SIGN
03490000		000136	A.SKP	EQU P9	ASCII SKIP CODE
03491000		000170	LMASK	EQU M256	MASK TO KEEP LEFT BYTE
03492000	33740	140000	BSMSK	OCT 140000	HP-IB TALK MASK
03493000	33741	177457	CMASK	OCT 177457	BIT MASK FOR WTC
03494000	33742	077015	ASLMM	DEF CSTAK+78	
03495000		077744	KYUFS	EQU OP1+2	KEY-PROGRAM OFFSET
03496000		077706	PROFS	EQU CATMP+8	PROGRAM OFFSET
03497000		077232	CFLAG	EQU CSTMP+12	
03498000	33743	154000	STR.S	OCT 154000	TYPE WORD: ENTIRE SIMPLE STRING
03499000	33744	155400	STR.A	OCT 155400	TYPE WORD: ENTIRE STRING FROM ARRAY
03500000			*		
03502000			*		
03503000			*	EQUATES	
03504000			*		
03505000		077045	FSPTR	EQU STEAL+3	POINTER TO ROM'S STOLEN WORDS
03506000			*		
03507000		077711	CVTBS	EQU T1	TEMPORARY FOR CONVERSION TABLE SEARCH
03508000		077717	STMT	EQU T7	ROM'S OP-CODE FOR EXECUTIVE STATEMENT
03509000		077720	.BFMT	EQU T8	POINTER TO BEGINNING OF FMT FOR RESCAN
03510000		077721	NPcnt	EQU T9	NUMBER-OF-PARAMETERS COUNT
03511000		077722	.IOBL	EQU T10	POINTER TO START OF I/O BUFFER
03512000		077723	DN.SC	EQU T11	DEVICE NUMBER/SELECT CODE INDICATOR
03513000		077724	ASTMT	EQU T12	ADDRESS OF STATEMENT BEING EXECUTED
03514000		077725	RW.SN	EQU T13	READ/WRITE, STRING/NUMBER INDICATOR
03515000		077726	Z.CSP	EQU T14	SUPPRESSION/SPEC COUNT INDICATOR
03516000		077727	FFFLG	EQU T15	FIX/FLT FLAG
03517000		077730	DP	EQU T16	DECIMAL POINT SETTING FROM W.D
03518000		077731	FW	EQU T17	FIELD-WIDTH SPECIFICATION FROM W.D
03519000		077732	REP.C	EQU T18	REPEITION COUNT
03520000		077733	EXTBA	EQU T19	EXTENDED BUS ADDRESSING INDICATOR

CONSTANTS AND EQUATES

03521000	077734	CSAVE EQU T20	SAVED C-VALUE FOR RETURN TO INTERPRETER
03522000	077735	CVIBL EQU T21	ACTIVE CONVERSION TABLE INDICATOR
03523000	077736	SFEAT EQU T22	SPECIAL FEATURES INDICATOR (FOR EXTIO)
03524000	077737	HLINK EQU T23	HELP LINK WORD (EXTIO AND OTHER ROMS)
03525000	077740	WRTIC EQU T24	WRITE LINK WORD (GENERAL OUTPUT INTERCEE
03526000	077741	REDIC EQU T25	READ LINK WORD (GENERAL INPUT INTERCEPT)
03527000	077743	BUSDN EQU OP1+1	CALCULATOR'S DEVICE NUMBER ON HP-IB
03528000	077745	STBYT EQU OP1+3	MAIN STATUS BYTE FROM HP-IB OR GPIO
03529000	077746	LCMR EQU OP2	LEADING CHARACTER FOR FORMATTED OUTPUT
03530000	077747	LCNT EQU OP2+1	LEADING CHARACTER COUNT
03531000	077750	NCC EQU OP2+2	NUMBER OF CHARACTERS COUNT
03532000	077751	ECHR EQU OP2+3	CHARACTER TO REPLACE L.C. "E" FOR OUTPUT
03533000	077747	TFW EQU LCNT	TEMPORARY FIELD-WIDTH FOR COUNT DOWN
03534000	077722	RTELG EQU IOBL	READ TERMINATE FLAG
03535000	077746	.LEN EQU LCHR	POINTER TO STRING LENGTH REGISTER
03536000	077750	R.LIM EQU NCC	READ LIMIT FOR STRING INPUT
03537000	077747	R.AFT EQU LCNT	NUMBER OF CHARACTERS TO READ AFTER INPUT
03538000	077751	FFR EQU ECHR	FREE-FIELD READ INDICATOR
03539000	077751	MSGN EQU ECHR	MANTISSA SIGN FOR NUMERIC INPUT
03540000	077724	DN EQU ASTMT	DEVICE NUMBER ON HP-IB FOR BUSEY
03541000	077727	QTADD EQU FFFLG	BEGINNING OF QUOTE ADDRESS FOR RESTART
03542000	077720	FMT,N EQU .BFMT	FORMAT NUMBER
03543000	077217	.WPRT EQU CSTMP+1	MAINFRAME FIX/FLT INDICATOR
03544000	077216	FWPRT EQU CSTMP	FORMATTED FIX/FLT INDICATOR

```

03546000 33777          ORG 33777B
03547000 33777          BSS 1          ***** CHECKSUM WORD *****
03548000                *
03549000                END          ***** END OF FMTIO ROM *****
    
```

END OF PASS 2 NO ERRORS DETECTED

Referring to FIG. 2, there is shown a calculator keyboard. The standard Alphanumeric keys having upper and lower cases are used to enter numbers, commands, and statements. The rest of the keyboard is divided into System Command keys, Display Control keys, Line and Character editing keys, Special function keys having upper and lower case functions and Calculator Control keys.

SYSTEM COMMAND KEYS

Referring to the upper left portion of FIG. 3, the System Command keys are shown. A RESET key returns the calculator and I/O cards to the power-on state without erasing programs on variables. RESET is executed automatically when it is pressed. All calculator activity is aborted and the line number of the current location in a program is displayed if a program is running. The RESET key is used to reset the calculator when no other key will bring the calculator to a ready state. Referring to FIG. 155, a flow chart illustrating the RESET subroutine is shown.

A print all key labelled PRT ALL, sets a print all mode on or off. When it is pressed once, the word "on" appears in the display. When it is pressed again, the word "off" appears in the display. In print all mode, executed lines and stored lines are printed. Displayed results are also printed. While a program is running in print all mode, all displayed messages and error messages are printed.

A REWIND key rewinds the tape cartridge to its beginning. Other statements and commands can be exe-

35 cuted immediately without waiting for a cassette to completely rewind. If REWIND is pressed while a program is running or while a line is executing from the keyboard, the cartridge rewinds at the end of the current line.

40 A STEP key is used for stepping through a program, one line at a time. Each time it is pressed, another program line is executed. The line number of the next line to be executed is displayed. The first time STEP is pressed after running a program, the line number of the line to be executed is displayed. The next time STEP is pressed, that line is executed.

An ERASE key is used to erase all or part of the read/write memory, for example:

ERASE	A	EXECUTE	Erases the entire calculator memory.
ERASE	V	EXECUTE	Erases the variables only.
ERASE	K	EXECUTE	Erases all the special function keys.
55	ERASE	EXE-CUTE	Erases the program and variables.
	ERASE	fn	Erases the special function key represented by "n."

60 A LOAD Key is used to load programs and data from the tape cartridge. For example:

65	LOAD	3	EXECUTE	Loads the program from file 3 into the calculator.
----	------	---	---------	--

The display shows 1df (for "load file") when this key is pressed.

A RECORD key is used to record programs and data on the tape cartridge. Before recording on the tape cartridge, files must be marked. Assuming, for example that the files have been marked, a user actuates the sequence

RECORD 6	EXECUTE	To record the calculator program on file 6 of the tape cartridge.
----------	---------	---

A LIST key is used to list programs, sections of programs, all special function keys, or individual special function keys. For example:

LIST	EXECUTE	Lists the entire program.
LIST	K EXECUTE	Lists all defined special function keys in numerical order.
LIST	f ₄	Lists special function key, "f ₄ ."
LIST	9, 13 EXECUTE	Lists the program from line 9 to 13, inclusive.

A flow chart illustrating the LIST subroutine is shown in FIG. 156A-B.

DISPLAY CONTROL KEYS

Referring to the top central portion of FIG. 156A-B, the Display Control keys are shown. An Up Arrow key ↑ moves the line with the next lower-valued line number into the display. If a stop is executed from a program, or if a line number is in the display, Up Arrow brings that line into the display. After a program error, the Up Arrow key ↑ brings the line containing the error into the display for editing. This key is used in live keyboard mode, explained in greater detail hereinafter, to display the line being typed-in for about one second. By holding Up Arrow down, the display remains.

A Down Arrow key ↓ moves the line with the next higher-valued line number into the display. If there are no more lines in the program, Down Arrow clears the display and allows new program lines to be appended to the end of the program. This key is also used to display the line being typed-in for about one second in live keyboard mode. By holding Down Arrow down, the display remains.

A Left Arrow key ← moves the line in the display to the left. A Right Arrow key → moves the line to the right. These allow all the characters in a line to be displayed. Each time one is pressed, the displayed line moves a quarter of the display size, 8 characters for a 32-character display, for example. If a cursor is in the display, it remains in the same place when the Left Arrow key is pressed.

EDITING KEYS

Referring to the top central portion of FIG. 3, the Editing keys are shown. There are two types of editing keys; Line Editing keys and Character Editing keys.

Line Editing Keys

A FETCH key is used to bring program lines into the display and to fetch special functions keys. For example:

FETCH	20	EXECUTE	Brings line 20 into the display.
FETCH	f ₄		Accesses special function key f ₄ . If f ₄ is defined, its definition is displayed. Otherwise, "f ₄ " is displayed.

A line DELETE key is used to delete the program line in the display from the read/write memory. If no program line is in the display, the calculator beeps and the DELETE key is ignored. To delete a program line, a user fetches the line into the display and presses DELETE. When a line is deleted from a program, the address of all relative and absolute go to and go sub statements are renumbered to reflect the deletion.

The INSERT line key is used to insert a new line in front of a fetched line. The fetch command, the Up Arrow, or Down Arrow keys are used to fetch a line into the display. For example:

Press:	FETCH 20	EXECUTE	Brings line 20 into the display.
Type-in:	prt "A+",35		This inserts the typed-in line in place of old line 20. All higher numbered lines and old line 20 are incremented by one.
Press:	INSERT		

when a line is inserted into a program, the branching addressing of all relative and absolute go to and go sub statements are renumbered to reflect the insertion. The line number assigned to the new line is the same line number used in the fetch command.

A RECALL key is used to bring back into the display, one of the two previous keyboard entries. Recall can be used in live keyboard mode, and in an enter (ent) statement. Recall also can be used after errors resulting from a keyboard operation to recall the line containing the error. For many errors, a flashing cursor indicates the location of the error in the line.

Referring to FIG. 157 a flow chart illustrating the positioning of the flashing cursor at the location of a syntax error is shown. When the user enters a line to be stored or executed, the line is read from left to right. If an error is detected, the reading process is stopped at the location of the error.

There are cases where the pointer used by the reading process is pointing to a blank space. In this event, an attempt is made to move the error cursor to some non-blank character. First the cursor is moved to the right until a non-blank character or the end of the line is found. If the end of the line is found, the cursor is moved back to the left until a non-blank character is found.

Referring to FIG. 158A, double buffering allows the user to observe the last two lines that were stored or executed from the keyboard. These lines are stored in a two level stack and are brought into the display by the

RECALL key. Pressing the RECALL key recalls the most recent keyboard line, and a consecutive RECALL brings the previous keyboard line into the display. Additional RECALL's cause the two keyboard lines to be displayed alternately.

Referring to FIG. 158B, there is shown a diagram of the buffering scheme employed. As characters are typed, they are entered into the I/O buffer and displayed. When the line is executed, the KBD buffer is transferred to the REB buffer and the I/O buffer is transferred to the KBD buffer. The result of the executed line is placed in the I/O buffer and displayed.

When the RECALL key is pressed, the KBD buffer is transferred to the I/O buffer and displayed. Consecutive pressings of the RECALL key causes the KBD and KEB buffers to be swapped, and the new contents of the KBD buffer to be transferred to the I/O buffer and displayed

Referring to FIG. 158B, consecutive pressings of the EXECUTE, STORE or INSERT line keys cause the line in the KBD buffer to be re-executed or stored, but the buffers are not transferred. Also, if one of these keys are pressed after a line has been recalled, the contents of the KBD buffer are executed or stored, and the buffers are again not transferred. The buffering scheme thereby stacks the last two different lines that were executed or stored.

The Character Editing Keys

Lines which are fetched into the display using the ↑ Up Arrow, ↓ Down Arrow, RECALL or FETCH command, and lines which are typed into the display can be edited using the character editing keys. Two flashing cursors are associated with these keys: the replace cursor and the insert cursor.

A BACK key moves the flashing replace cursor or the flashing insert cursor from its current position in the line in the display toward the beginning (left) of the line. If the cursor is not visible, BACK causes the cursor to appear on the right-most character in the line.

A forward key labelled FWD moves the flashing replace cursor or the flashing insert cursor from its current position in the line in the display, towards the last character in the line. For a line which has just been fetched into the display, pressing FWD causes the flashing cursor to appear on the left-most character in the display.

A character delete key, labelled DELETE, is used to delete individual characters which are under the insert or replace cursor. This is not the same key as the line delete key explained previously.

An insert/replace key labelled INS/RPL is used to change the flashing replace cursor to a flashing insert cursor and vice versa. When the insert cursor is flashing, any characters entered from the keyboard are inserted to the left of the cursor.

When the replace cursor is flashing, any character entered replaces the existing display character at the location of the cursor.

Referring to FIG. 159A-L, a detailed flow chart illustrating the line editing subroutines is shown. The

user can type and edit 80-character lines from the keyboard as described hereinbefore. As the keys are typed, they are placed in the I/O buffer at a position indicated by the I/O buffer pointer. This buffer is displayed after each keystroke, so that the new characters can be seen.

Referring to FIG. 159A, if the back key is pressed, the I/O buffer pointer is decremented and the cursor pointer is set to the position indicated by the buffer pointer. Referring to FIG. 159B-D, pressing the forward key causes these two pointers to be incremented. The INS/RPL key toggles the cursor type flag as shown in FIG. 159E. The displayed cursor is then changed from the replace to the insert cursor or vice-versa.

Referring to FIG. 159F, if a programming key is pressed when the replace cursor is set, the key is placed in the I/O buffer at the position of the buffer pointer, and both the buffer and the cursor pointers are incremented. If the insert cursor was set, the character at the position of the buffer pointer and those to the right of the pointer are shifted right one character position. A normal replace sequence is then performed.

The delete character key routine illustrated by a flow chart in FIG. 159G shifts the characters to the right of the cursor pointer left one character. This shift overwrites the character under the cursor thereby deleting it from the display.

Referring to FIGS. 159H and 159I, left arrow routines illustrated therein increment the buffer pointer and the display begin pointer by one-fourth of the display size. Referring to FIG. 159J, the right arrow routines illustrated therein decrement these pointers by the same amount.

Referring to FIG. 159K, once a program has been stored, the line editing keys are used to insert delete, or modify in the program. To modify a line, the line must first be brought into the display by the fetch command, or the up or down arrow keys. The user then edits the line and stores it thereby replacing the old line. Referring to FIG. 159L, in order to insert a line in the program, the line that is to follow the inserted line is fetched. The new line is then typed. This line is inserted into the program by pressing the line insert key.

Lines can be deleted from the stored program by the delete command or the line delete key. To delete a line using the line delete key, the line must first be brought into the display. The pressing of the line delete key will then delete this line from the program.

CALCULATOR CONTROL KEYS

Referring to the lower left and lower central portions of FIG. 3, the Calculator Control keys are shown. A RUN key runs the program in the calculator from line zero. This key is an immediate execute key which means that "run" is executed automatically when the key is pressed. All variables, flags, and subroutine pointers are cleared when the run key is pressed. A red indicator at the left end of the display indicates a running program.

A STORE key stores individual program lines. Also, when a special function key is fetched and defined, STORE is used to store the key's definition. A program

line can be a single statement or several statements separated by semicolons. When an error occurs in storing a line, RECALL brings that line into the display. A flashing cursor usually shows where the error was encountered in the line.

The SHIFT or SHIFT LOCK keys shown in the lower left portion of FIG. 3 are used to obtain shifted keyboard characters such as #, $\sqrt{\quad}$ and the like. When SHIFT LOCK is pressed, a small light above the shift lock key lights. To release SHIFT LOCK a user presses SHIFT.

Referring to the lower central portion of FIG. 3, a STOP key terminates the execution of a program at the end of the current line. The number of the next line to be executed in the program is displayed. When STOP is pressed, enter, list, tlist, and wait statements are aborted but the rest of the line is executed. When STOP is pressed in an enter statement, flag 13 is set and the enter statement is terminated.

If STOP is pressed while doing a live keyboard operation, the operation is stopped, but the program continues. Pressing STOP a second time stops the program.

Referring to the right lower portion of FIG. 3, an EXECUTE key executes the single or multi-statement line which is in the display. The two most recently executed (or stored) keyboard entries are temporarily stored and can be recalled by pressing RECALL once or twice. The result of a numeric keyboard operation which is not assigned to a variable is stored in Result. Pressing EXECUTE displays the result, and stores the result in Result. Pressing the execute key again repeats the same operation.

Although multiple expressions are allowed, only the result of the last expression in the line is stored in Result. In print-all mode, both results are printed.

Referring to the lower central portion of FIG. 3, a CONTINUE key is used to automatically continue a program from where it was stopped. When a line number is in the display, CONTINUE continues from that line number, except after RESET has been pressed, or after editing the program. In an enter statement, CONTINUE is pressed after entering data. If no data is entered and CONTINUE is pressed, the variable maintains its previous value and flag 13 is set. When an error occurs in a program, pressing CONTINUE causes the program to continue execution at program line zero.

Referring to the lower right portion of FIG. 3, a RESULT key is used to access the result of a numeric keyboard operation which was not assigned to a variable. A value which is stored in result is also displayed.

The value in result can be assigned to variables. For example:

res→A	EXECUTE	Store result in A.
5/res→B	EXECUTE	Store 5 divided by result in B.

In a program, values cannot be assigned to result; but the value in result can be assigned to variables or used in computations. For example:

1: res + 2 → A	This assigns the value of result +2 to a variable, A.
----------------	---

5 Referring to the central right portion of FIG. 3, a clear key is shown. The CLEAR key clears the display. If the CLEAR key is pressed while in the enter mode, a question mark (?) appears in the display, indicating that an entry is still expected. If this key is pressed after a special function key has been fetched, the key number (e.g., f_8) appears in the display.

The Assignment Operator key is located below the CLEAR key and is used to assign values to variables. The Assignment Operator key is labelled → but is not the same as the similarly labelled right arrow key used for display control described hereinbefore. For example:

$\sqrt{5} \rightarrow X$ EXECUTE	This stores the square root of 5 in x.
----------------------------------	--

25 To enter the approximate value of π the Π key located to the immediate left of the RUN key is pressed. The value entered is 3.14159265360.

30 The ENTER EXP key located to the immediate right of the RUN key enters a lower case e, into the display, representing an exponent of base 10. The unshifted E key can also be used in place of ENTER EXP.

SPECIAL FUNCTION KEYS

There are 24 special function keys, 12 unshifted and 12 shifted. Referring to the upper right portion of FIG. 3, the special function keys are labelled f_0 through f_{11} and can be used as typing aids, one line immediate execute keys or as immediate continue keys.

To define a special function key a user presses the FETCH key and the special function key to be defined. Then he enters a line in the display. He presses the STORE key to store the definition of the key and to exit key mode.

If a user decides that he is not going to store anything under a key, the STOP key can also be used to exit key mode. For example:

Press: FETCH	" f_0 " is displayed if the key was not previously defined.
Type-in: prt	Enters "prt" in the display.
Press: STORE	This stores "prt" under f_0 for use as a typing aid.

Immediate Execute Keys

60 If a line which is stored under a special function key is preceded by an asterisk, it is an immediate execute key. The asterisk key is shown in the right portion of FIG. 3. When the key is pressed, the contents corresponding to the special function key are appended to the display and the line in the display is executed automatically. For example:

65

-continued

delete	del line number [, line number][, *]
digit rounding	drnd (expression , expression)
dimension	dim
display	dsp [text or expression [, text or expression]...]
division	expression / expression
end	end
enter	ent [text ,] variable [, [text ,] variable...]
enter print	enp [text ,]variable[, [text ,] variable...]
equal to	expression = expression
erase	erase [a or k or v or special function key]
erase tape	ert expression
exclusive or	expression xor expression
exponential	exp expression
exponentiation	expression ↑ expression
fetch	fetch [line number]
find file	fdf [expression]
fixed	fxd [expression]
flag	flg n
float	flt [expression]
fraction	frc expression
grads	grad
greater than	expression > expression
greater than or equal to	expression > = expression expression = > expression
identify file	idf [variable[, variable[, variable [, variable[, variable]]]] (expression) (expression)
implied multiply	int expression
integer	jmp expression
jump	expression < expression
less than	expression < = expression
less than or equal to	expression = < expression
list program	list [line number[, line number]
list special function key	list special function key
list special function keys	list k
live keyboard disable	lkd
live keyboard enable	lke
load binary	ldb [expression]
load file (data)	ldf [expression[, variable [, variable...]]]
load file (program)	ldf [expression[, expression[, expression]]]
load keys	ldk [expression]
load memory	ldm [expression]
load program	ldp [expression[, expression[, expression]]]
mark	mrk expression , expression[, variable]
maximum value	max (expression or array[, expression or array]...)
minimum value	min (expression or array[, expression or array]...)
modulus	expression mod expression
multiplication	expression * expression
natural logarithm (base e)	ln*expression
normal	nor [line number[, line number]]
not	not expression
not equal to	expression # expression expression < > expression expression > < expression expression or expression
or	prnd (expression , expression)
power of ten rounding	prt [text or expression[, text or expression]...]
print	rad
radians	rnd [-] expression
random number	rcf [expression[, variable[, variable...]]]
record file (data)	rcf [expression[, constant[, expression]]]
record file (program)	rck [expression]
record keys	rcm [expression]
record memory	gsb + line number
relative go sub	gsb - line number
relative go to	gto + line number gto - line number
return	ret
rewind	rew
run	run [line number or label]
set flag	sfg [n][, n]...
set select code	ssc expression
sign	sgn expression
sine	sin expression
space	spc [expression]
square root	√ expression
stop	stp [line number[, line number]]
subtraction (negative)	[expression] - expression
tangent	tan expression
tape list	tlist
ten to the power	tn ↑ expression
trace	trc [line number[, line number]]

-continued

track	trk expression
units (angular)	units
verify	vfy [variable]
wait	wait expression

The calculator uses three types of variables: simple variables, array variables, and *r*-variables. As variables are allocated, they are initially assigned the value 0.

Simple Variables

There are twenty-six simple variables, A through Z. A simple variable must appear in upper case. Each simple variable can be assigned one value. Simple variables may appear in a dimension (dim) statement to reserve memory for them, but this is not required.

Examples:	
φ: dim A	Reserves 1 memory location for the simple variable A. This line is not required.
1: 12 → A	Assigns the value 12 to A.
2: prt A	Prints the value of A on the printer.

Array Variables

There are twenty-six arrays, named A through Z. Array names are followed by square brackets which enclose the subscripts of the array.

An array must be declared in a dimension statement. This reserves memory for the array, and initializes all elements in the array to zero. Each subscript of an array can be specified either by specifying the upper bound, in which case the lower bound is assumed to be one, or by specifying both the upper and lower bounds as more fully described hereinafter.

An array can have any size and any number of subscripts within the limits of the calculator memory size and line length.

Ex. 1:	
φ: dim Q[10,10]	Reserves 100 memory locations for array Q.
1: 3 → Q[1,1]	Q[1,1] is assigned the value 3.
2: 5 → Q	The value 5 is assigned to the simple variable [. There is no connection between the simple variable Q and array Q[10,10].
3: 2 → Q[1,Q]	Q[1,Q] is assigned the value 2.
Ex. 2:	
φ: 7 → Z	7 is assigned to Z.
1: dim X[-4:φ,Z]	X is dimensioned by a 5 by 7 array. The lower and upper bound of the first array dimension are specified.
2: 3.4 → X[-4,1]	Assigns values.
3: φ → X[φ,Z]	

r-variables

r-variables are specified by a lower case *r* followed by a value or expression. When an *r*-variable is encountered, memory is reserved for all lower-valued *r*-variables which have not been allocated. As *r*-variables are allocated, they are assigned the value 0. Thus if *r*10 is assigned a value, *r*0 through *r*9 are automatically allocated and assigned the value zero if they have not been previously allocated.

r-variables are stored in a different area in memory which is not contiguous with array or simple variables. Due to this, *r*-variables cannot be mixed with simple or array variables in record file (rcf) and load file (ldf)

statements, rcf and ldf statements being more fully described hereinafter. Also, *r*-variables cannot appear in a dimension statement.

Examples:	
φ: 4 → rφ	4 is assigned to <i>r</i> -variable 0.
1: 2 → rrφ	2 is assigned to <i>r</i> -variable 4.
	rφ = 4, therefore 2 → r4. This is known as indirect storage.

Arrays are allocated dynamically by providing an expandable region in read-write-memory to hold the array information. Referring to FIG. 160A, the total space requirements for the new array are calculated and checked against available unused read-write-memory at the time the calculator user's program requests that the array be made present. If the new array will fit, the region designated to hold array information is expanded and the new space thus obtained is reserved for the new array or an error message is emitted.

MULTI-DIMENSIONAL ARRAYS, VARIABLE BOUNDS

Since read-write-memory is essentially a one-dimensional storage medium, the elements of a multi-dimensional array are mapped into a linear sequence of consecutive storage locations.

The bounds being specifiable at run-time falls out naturally, because the DIM statement is executed as part of the program as opposed to being statically examined before the program is run.

Algorithm for Subscript Address Calculations

Let the array have the declaration:
 dim A[L₁:U₁, L₂:U₂, . . . , L_N:U_N]
 Define D_k = U_k - L_k + 1 Q_k = -L_k
 Then

$$S = \prod_{i=1}^N D_i$$

is the number of elements. FIG. 160B is a flow chart illustrating the subroutine for calculation of D_k and Q_k.

Let the reference be of the form:
 A[X₁, X₂, . . . , X_N]
 Then the iterative calculation:
 V = 0
 FOR I = 1 to N
 Q' = X_I + Q_I
 2F Q' < 0 or Q' - D_I ≥ 0 Then out-of-bounds
 V = V * D_I + Q'
 NEXT I

will calculate the relative location of the element. FIG. 160C is a flow chart of the subroutine for calculating the relative location of [X₁, X₂, . . . , X_N].

Due to the fact that the X_I are stacked in order of increasing I, the optimum algorithm will process them in order of decreasing I. This has the same effect as the leftmost subscript varying the most rapidly. This is

consistent with IBM Fortran IV and HP 2100-series Fortran IV.

In the case of a simple variable, the address and the variable correspond uniquely, so the name of the variable is known immediately. In the case of an array variable, the actual subscripts of the array must be reconstructed from the address given. Since the address was arrived at originally from a simple iterative calculation, the inverse of this iteration reproduces the desired subscripts. Referring to FIG. 160D, a flow chart of the subroutine for reconstructing the X_i in the reference $A[X_1, \dots, X_N]$ from the relative address is shown.

The subscript address iteration is of the form:

$$V_{new} = V_{old} * D_I + (X_I - L_I)$$

V_{new} , D_I , L_I is known and V_{old} and X_I is to be determined.

The division algorithm gives:

$$V_{new}/D_I = V_{old} + (X_I - L_I)/D_I$$

hence the quotient is the V_{old} and since it is known that the starting V_{new} was in-bounds, from the bounds conditions:

$$(S_I - L_I) = Q'_I, Q'_I \geq 0, Q'_I < D_I$$

the remainder is the $(X_I - L_I)$. The algorithm is

V = relative element

FOR I = N to 1

calculate $V/D_I = \text{Quotient} + \text{Remainder}/D_I$

$V \leftarrow \text{Quotient}$

subscript = Remainder + L_I

NEXT I

NUMBER FORMATS

Numbers can be displayed or printed in floating-point format (scientific notation) or in fixed format. The calculator's internal representation of numbers is unaffected by number formats, therefore, accuracy is not changed.

When the calculator is turned on, RESET is pressed, or erase a is executed, the number format is fixed 2 (fxd2), except for very large numbers. Then, the calculator temporarily reverts to float 9.

THE FIXED STATEMENT

Syntax:

fxd number of decimal places

The fixed (fxd) statement sets the format for printing or displaying numbers. In fixed format, the number of digits to appear to the right of the decimal point is specified. Fixed 0 through fixed 11 can be specified.

When a number is too large to fit in the fixed format, the number format temporarily reverts to the previously set floating-point format. Thus, for any number A:

$$A = N * 10^E$$

where: $1 \leq N < 10$, or $N=0$

The number reverts to the previously set floating format if:

$$D + E \geq 14$$

where:

D = Number of decimal places specified in the fixed statement.

E = exponent of the number.

For numbers too small to fit in the fixed format setting, zeros are printed or displayed for all decimal places with a minus sign if the number is negative.

Two distinct rounding functions are available to the user. prnd is used to round a number to a specified power of ten. For example, dollar figures can be rounded to the nearest penny or 10^{-2} . The user specifies

the number to be rounded and the power of ten is the argument list as follows:

prnd (43.271, -2) which results in a value of 43.27.

The other rounding function, drnd, is used to round a number to a specified precision indicated by the number of digits to be retained. The number to be rounded is represented as:

$$\pm D1.D2 D3 \dots D12 * 10^{\text{exponent}}$$

The user specifies the argument and the number of digits to be retained in the argument list as follows:

drnd (-127.3276,6) which results in a value of -127.328.

In each rounding function one or both arguments may be any valid arithmetic expression. Referring to FIG. 161, a flow chart of the prnd and drnd function is given.

THE FLOAT STATEMENT

Syntax:

flt number of decimal places

The float (flt) statement sets floating point format which is scientific notation. When working with very large or very small numbers, floating point format is most convenient. Float 0 through float 11 can be specified.

A number output in floating point format has the form:

$$-D.D\dots D e-DD$$

The first non-zero digit of a number is the first digit displayed. If the number is negative, a minus sign precedes this digit; if the number is positive or zero, a space precedes this digit. A decimal point follows the first digit; except in flt 0. Some digits may follow the decimal point; the number of digits being determined by the specified floating point format (e.g., in float-5, five digits follow the decimal point).

When the character "e" appears, followed by a minus sign or space (for non-negative exponents) and two-digits, the two digits represent the exponent as a positive or negative power of ten.

ROUNDING

A number is rounded before being displayed or printed if there are more digits to the right of the decimal point than the number format allows. The rounding is performed as follows: The first excess digit is checked; if its value is 5 or greater, the digit immediately preceding it is incremented by one; if its value is less than 5, the digit is truncated.

THE DISPLAY STATEMENT

dsp [any combination of text or expressions]

The display (dsp) statement displays values or text on the calculator display. Commas are used to separate variables or text. The number of characters that can be viewed at one time is limited by the display size but all characters can be displayed and viewed using the display control keys, Left Arrow key and Right Arrow key.

Values and text which are displayed remain in the display until another display operation clears it, or until a print statement is executed.

Displaying Quotes

Quotes are used to indicate text. To display quotes within text, it is necessary to press the quote key twice for each quote to be displayed.

Example 1:

Enter: dsp "Say" "Hi" "to her."
 Press: EXECUTE
 Display: Say "Hi" to her. FIG. 162 is a flow chart of the quote recognition subroutine which allows a user to place a quote mark inside a string delimited by quote marks.

THE PRINT STATEMENT

Syntax:
 prt [any combination of text or expressions]
 The print (prt) statement is used to print values or text on the calculator printer.
 Examples:

Statement	Output
prt 6	6.φφ
prt "One",1	One 1.φφ
prt "This one"	This one

If an expression is to be printed, such as:
 prt 6*7→X
 the expression is evaluated and the equivalent value is printed (and also stored in X in this example).
 If no value or text is specified, such as:
 prt
 then no operation takes place.
 When printing lines of text and values, the printout follows this format:
 A literal followed by a numeric is printed on the same line if it fits; otherwise the literal is printed and the numer is printed on the next line.
 Literals separated by commas begin on a new line and fold over on successive lines if they are longer than 16 characters.
 Numerics separated by commas are printed one per line unless the format is flt 10 or flt 11 which require two lines.

THE ENTER STATEMENT

Syntax:
 end [prompt ,] variable [, [prompt ,] variable ...]
 The enter (ent) statement is used to assign values to variables from the keyboard as a program runs. The variable can be a simple variable, array variable, or an r-variable.
 When an enter statement is encountered in a program, a user keys in a number and presses CONTINUE.
 When many items are entered from the keyboard, it is often helpful to have a message called a "prompt" displayed representing the variable being assigned a value. For instance:

Example	Display
φ: ent "Amount", A	Amount
1: ent "Temperat ure",T	Temperature

If no literal prompt is given, the calculator uses the name of the variable as the prompt.
 If a null quote field is given as a prompt, such as 10: ent"",A the calculator retains any previously displayed message, unless a print operation is between the display statement and the enter statement. This is useful for variable prompts using the display statement. For example:
 6:

7: 1974→Y; fxd 0
 8: dsp "Aug.", Y
 9: ent "",A
 10:

5 The display shows Aug, 1974 when a value is to be entered for "A".

A user can calculate values from the keyboard while the program waits in the enter statement. This is done simply by entering the calculation and pressing the EXECUTE key. If the value to be entered is the result of the "execute" operation, a user presses RECALL or RESULT (for numerics) then presses CONTINUE. Pressing EXECUTE immediately followed by pressing CONTINUE causes a default condition as if CONTINUE were pressed without entering a value.

A user can also enter expressions such as $\sqrt{5}$, and press CONTINUE. The calculation is performed automatically before the result is entered.

Complex lines can be entered as the response to an enter statement. For example, assume the following program is entered by a user.

0: ent B
 1: ent A
 2: prt A
 3: end

When the display is "B?" a user enters a value for B. Then when the display is "A?" a user enters 20; if B>20; 40. The user then presses CONTINUE. If the value that is entered for B is greater than 20, then "40" is printed, otherwise "20" is printed.

If CONTINUE is pressed without entering a value, the variable maintains its previous value and flag 13 is set.

To terminate a program during an enter statement, a user presses STOP. The program line is completed before the calculator stops.

Commands are not allowed during an enter statement.

Referring to FIGS. 163A-F, the string constant prompts and the addresses of the enter variables are placed on the execution stack and the pre-enter routines are called when the statement is executed by the interpreter. These routines take the information off the stack and calculate the prompt that should be displayed. When the interpreter executes an enterprint statement (enp), it sets a bit in CFLAG so that the pre-enter routine will print as well as display the prompt.

After the prompt is constructed and placed in the I/O buffer, control is transferred back to the main idle loop. The user can then type characters using the normal I/O buffer editing routines. If the execute key is pressed, the normal execution loop is used to execute the line in the I/O buffer.

When the continue key is pressed, the post-enter routines are called to interpret the entered line and assign the resulting value to the enter variable. If nothing is entered, or if no result is obtained from the line, the enter variable is left unchanged and flag 13 is set. After the line is processed, the next enter variable is taken from the execution stack, and the process is repeated. After the parameter list is exhausted, control is transferred back to the interpreter to continue processing the rest of the user program.

THE ENTER PRINT STATEMENT

Syntax:
 enp [prompt ,]variable [, [prompt ,] variable...]

The enter print (enp) statement is the same as the enter statement except that prompts and the entered values are printed and displayed as they are encountered.

For example, assume the following short program is entered to calculate the area of a circle:

```
0: enp "radius",
  R
1: πRR→A
2: prt "area",A
3: end
```

If 2 is entered for R when the program is run, the print-out will be:

```
radius
2
area      12.57
```

THE SPACE STATEMENT

```
Syntax:
spc [number of lines]
```

The space (spc) statement causes the printer to output the number of blank lines indicated by the expression. The number of lines can be an expression with a range of 0 through 32767. If no parameter is specified, one blank line is output.

Examples

spc A + B	Space the number of lines specified by A + B.
spc 5	Space 5 lines.
spc	Space one line.

THE BEEP STATEMENT

```
Syntax:
beep
```

The beep statement causes the calculator to output an audible sound.

Example:

The calculator normally beeps, displays error 67, and stops when the argument of the square root ($\sqrt{\quad}$) function is negative. In the following short program the value entered for A is tested. If it is negative, the calculator still beeps and displays a message, but the program continues entering values.

```
0: fxd 4
1: "beg.":ent
  "Argument",A
2: if A>0;gto
  "error"
3: prt rA;gto
  "beg."
4: "error":beep
5: dsp "r of
  neg. no."
6: wait 2000;
  gto "beg."
```

THE WAIT STATEMENT

```
Syntax:
wait number of milliseconds
```

The wait statement causes a program to pause the specified number of milliseconds. The wait statement is often used with the display or enter statements to display a message for a specified time. The number of milliseconds can be an expression.

Since the wait statement takes time to be executed, small values in the wait statement are actually longer than a millisecond.

The maximum wait is around 32 seconds which is specified by the value of 32767.

Examples:

wait 2000	pause for 2 seconds
wait (2*I)	pause for (2*I) milliseconds

BINARY I/O OPERATIONS

Binary I/O operations are available to read and write individual data characters, and to transmit or receive control information using interface status lines. Binary I/O operations do not reference format or conversion statements. The data I/O modes and status line meanings are determined by the interface card.

THE WRITE BINARY STATEMENT

```
Syntax:
wtb select code,expression1,expression2,...
```

This statement outputs the 16-bit binary-equivalent result of each expression in the list. The usable range for each expression is an integer from 32767 through -32768. If the interface handles data in an 8-bit fashion, such as the HP-IB Interface or the byte mode with the HP 98032A, only the eight least-significant bits of each integer are output.

THE READ BINARY FUNCTION

```
Syntax:
rdb [select code]
```

Read binary is a function that inputs one 16-bit character and stores its integer-decimal value. If the interface handles data in an 8-bit fashion, only the eight least-significant bits are read.

Referring to FIG. 164, a flow chart of the read binary subroutine is shown. A user places the calculator in a special input mode in which the next key pressed, except for the RESET key, terminates the mode and returns the key code for that key to the program. Using the select code 0 for the calculator keyboard and display, as discussed hereinafter, the syntax is rdb(0). The keycode for the next user actuated key is returned for the value of the function thereby allowing a user to redefine one or more of the keyboard keys.

THE READ STATUS FUNCTION

```
Syntax:
rds [select code]
```

This function reads the current status information transmitted from the specified device and returns a decimal equivalent number.

KDP Status Bits

Status information from the calculator's keyboard, display and printer is combined into an 8-bit byte. Although most of the bits are primarily for internal use only, two bits, bits 1 and 2, have programming uses in that Bit 1 indicates "1" whenever the printer is out of paper and Bit 2 indicates "1" whenever the printer is busy.

THE WRITE CONTROL STATEMENT

```
Syntax:
wtc (select code),expression
```

This statement outputs a binary number to control functions on the Interface Card. One number is allowed with each statement. Control bits 0, 1 and 5 are used to drive interface output lines CTL0, CTL1, and RESET. CLT0 and CTL1 are optional peripheral control lines, while RESET is used to initialize the peripheral to its power-up state. A preset signal is automatically given when the calculator is switched on or when RESET is pressed. The interface ignores bits 2 and 3. Bits 4, 6 and 7 are usable when the Extended I/O ROM is in use.

HP INTERFACE BUS

The HP Interface Bus, HP-IB hereafter, is described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,810,103 and in the January, 1975, Hewlett-Packard Journal, Vol. 26, Number 5. It has a serial-byte bus structure which permits bi-directional communication between multiple devices. When a controller such as a calculator is used, up to 14 HP-IB compatible devices can be controlled via one interface card.

Instruments are controlled or programmed and data transmitted between devices on the bus. This is possible since each device connected to the bus has the potential of being a "talker" (sends data) or a "listener" (receives data) and has a unique talk and/or listen address by which a controller interrogates or communicates with the instrument. A unique threewire handshake technique allows the communication to take place at a speed determined only by the specific instruments being addressed. Slower devices will not slow down the communication speed of the bus as long as they are not addressed.

The interface system consists of 16 lines which are used to carry all data and control information. The bus structure is organized into three sets of signal lines: data bus, 8 signal lines; handshake or control, 3 signal lines, and general interface management, 5 signal lines.

The data bus carries 8-bit data and control messages in bit parallel, byte serial form. The messages are transmitted bi-directionally and asynchronously. The handshake and management lines are used to control data transfer and timing on the bus. When the General I/O ROM is used, the handshake and management lines are controlled automatically, permitting the calculator to communicate with one instrument at a time. For complete control of all bus functions, the Extended I/O ROM is required.

THE STOP STATEMENT

Syntax:
stp

The stop statement stops program execution at the end of the line in which it is executed. Executing the stop statement in a keyboard line stops the keyboard line only.

When the stop statement is executed in a program, the line number of the next line to be executed is displayed. Pressing the CONTINUE key continues the program from the line number in the display. Pressing the STEP key "steps" from the displayed line number one line at a time. If any editing is performed after the program stops, pressing the CONTINUE key causes the program to continue from line 0.

The stop statement can also be used for editing.

THE END STATEMENT

Syntax:
end

The end statement is usually the last line in a program. It causes the program to stop. The end statement resets the program line counter to line 0 and resets all go sub return pointers as explained more fully hereafter. The end statement cannot be executed during an enter statement, no can it be executed in live keyboard mode.

HIERARCHY

In a statement containing functions, arithmetic operations, relational operations, logical operations, imbedded assignments, or flag operations, there is an order in which the statement is executed. This order is called the hierarchy, which is for the preferred embodiment:

highest priority	functions, flag references, r-registers ↑ (exponentiation) implied multiply unary minus * / mod + - all relational operators (=, >, <, <=, >=, #) not and or xor
lowest priority	

Expressions within parenthesis are given highest priority. Expressions within innermost parenthesis are evaluated first. If an assignment is within parenthesis, this rule does not always hold true. If operations are on the same level in the hierarchy, then they are evaluated from left to right as in: $A * B * C * D$.

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

All numbers are stored internally with 12 significant digits regardless of the number format being used.

OPERATORS

The four groups of mathematical or logical symbols, called operators, are: the assignment operator, arithmetic operators, relational operators, and logical operators.

Assignment Operator

Syntax:
expression → variable

The assignment key, labelled → and shown below the CLEAR key in FIG. 3, is used to assign values to variables.

Examples:

1.4 → A	The value 1.4 is assigned to the variable A.
B → A	The value of B is assigned to the variable A.

To assign the same value to many variables, the assignment operator is used as in this example:

$32 \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow X \rightarrow r4$

Multiple assignments can also take the form:

$(25 \rightarrow A) + 1 \rightarrow B$ which is the same as $25 \rightarrow A ; A + 1 \rightarrow B$

It should be noted that $25 \rightarrow A + 1 \rightarrow B$ is not allowed; parenthesis are required for imbedded assignments.

Assignments can be imbedded within a statement such as

if $(A + 1 \rightarrow A) > 5$.

This allows the assignment and the comparison to be made in a single statement.

Arithmetic Operators

The six arithmetic operators are given below:

Key label	Function	Example
+	Add (if unary, no operation)	A+B or +A
-	Subtract (if unary, change sign)	A-B or -A
*	Multiply	A*B
/	Divide	A÷B
↑	Exponentiate	A ^B
mod	Modulus	A mod B is the remainder of A÷B when A and B are integers. A-int (A/B)*B

In addition to the "*" symbol for multiplication, implied multiplication is also possible. In the following instances, implied multiplication takes place:

- Two variables together (i.e.: AB).
- A variable next to a value (i.e.: 5A).
- A variable or value next to parenthesis [i.e.: 5(A+B)].
- Parenthesis next to parenthesis [i.e.: (A+B)(X+Y)].
- A variable, value, or parenthesis preceding a function name (i.e.: 32 sinA).

For example:

AB → X	A times B is stored in X.
2C → R	2 times C is stored in R.
5Y → Y	X times 5 is stored in Y.
55 → X	5 times 5 is stored in X.
A(B+C) → B	A times the sum B+C is stored in B.
D+F(R+T) → T	The sum of D+F times the sum of R+T is stored in T.
abs B	5 times the absolute value of B.

Relational Operators

There are six relational operators shown in the following table.

Key label	Function
=	equal to
>	Greater than
<	less than
>= or >=	greater than or equal to
<= or <=	less than or equal to
# or <> or ><	not equal to

The result of a relational operation is either a one if the relation is true or a zero if it is false. Thus if A is less than B, then the relational expression A >= B, is true and results in a value of one. All comparisons are made to 12 significant digits.

The relational operators can be used in assignment statements, if statements and other statements which allow expressions as arguments. For example:

5	A = B → C	Assignment statement. If A and B are equal, a 1 is stored in C; otherwise, a 0 is stored in C.
	if A > B;...	If statement. If A is greater than B, then continue in the line; but if A is less than or equal to B, go to the next line.
10	jmp A > 3	Jump statement. If A is greater than 3, jump 1 line, otherwise jump to the beginning of the line (jmp 0).
	prt A*(A > B) + B*(A < B)	Print statement. If A is greater than B, A is printed. If A is less than B, then B is printed. If A equals B, then "0" is printed.

Logical Operators

The four logical operators, AND, OR, XOR (exclusive or), and NOR, are useful for evaluating Boolean expressions. Any value other than zero, false, is evaluated as true. The result of a logical operation is either zero or one as shown in the table below.

Operation	Syntax	truth table															
AND	expression and expression	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>A and B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>F</td><td>F</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>F</td><td>T</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>T</td><td>1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	A and B	F	F	0	F	T	0	T	F	0	T	T	1
A	B	A and B															
F	F	0															
F	T	0															
T	F	0															
T	T	1															
OR	expression or expression	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>A or B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>F</td><td>F</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>F</td><td>T</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>T</td><td>1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	A or B	F	F	0	F	T	1	T	F	1	T	T	1
A	B	A or B															
F	F	0															
F	T	1															
T	F	1															
T	T	1															
XOR (exclusive OR)	expression xor expression	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>A xor B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>F</td><td>F</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>F</td><td>T</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>T</td><td>0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	A xor B	F	F	0	F	T	1	T	F	1	T	T	0
A	B	A xor B															
F	F	0															
F	T	1															
T	F	1															
T	T	0															
NOT	not expression	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>not A</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>F</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	A	not A	F	1	T	0									
A	not A																
F	1																
T	0																

MATH FUNCTIONS AND STATEMENTS

Simple or complex problems are solved using the nineteen math functions and four math statements which are explained hereinafter and the six math operators explained hereinbefore.

Parenthesis are necessary when a "+" or "-" sign precedes the argument. In the following examples of Functions, parenthesis are shown only where they are required.

Syntax	Description	Examples (fxd 5)
√ expression	The square root function returns the square root of an expression which is non-negative.	√64 = 8.00000 √π = 1.77245
abs expression	The absolute value function determines the absolute value of the expression.	abs (-3.09) = 3.09000 abs 330.1 = 330.10000
sgn expression	The sign function returns a -1 for negative expression, 0 if the expression equals 0, and 1 for a positive expression.	sgn (-18) = -1.00000 sgn 0 = 0.00000 sgn 34 = 1.00000
int expression	The integer function returns the largest integer less than or equal to the expression. This is often referred to as the "floor" integer	int 2.718 = 2.00000 int (-3.24) = 04.00000

-continued

Syntax	Description	Examples (fxd 5)
frf expression	value of the expression (see programming hints). The fraction function gives the fractional part of a number. It is defined by: <expression> -int <expression>	frf 2.718 = .71800 frf (-3.24) = .76000
prnd (expression, rounding specification)	The power-of-ten rounding function returns the value of the argument rounded to the power-of-ten position indicated by the rounding specification. The argument remains unchanged.	prnd (127.375, -2) = 127.38000 127.375 is rounded to the nearest hundredth 10^{-2} .
drnd (expression, number of digits)	The digit round function rounds the argument to the number of digits specified. The leftmost significant digit is digit number 1. The argument remains unchanged.	drnd (73.0625, 5) = 73.06300 drnd (-65023, 1) = -70000.00000 drnd (.055, 1) = 0.6000
min (list of expressions and arrays)	The min function returns the smallest value in the list. An entire array can be specified by using an asterisk, such as B[*].	0: dim A[3]; 2→A[1] 1: 9→A[2]; 3→A[3] min (A[*]) = 2.00000 min (2, -3, -3, 4) = 3.00000
max (list of expressions and arrays)	The max function returns the largest value in the list. An entire array can be specified by using an asterisk, such as B[*].	0: dim A[3]; 2→A[1] 1: 9→A[2]; 3→A[3] max (A[*]) = 9.00000 max (5, 4, -3, 8) = 8.00000
rad expression	The random number function generates a pseudo-random number in the range $0 \leq \text{rad expression} < 1$. The starting seed for the function is $\pi/180$ (which is .0174532925200). This seed is initialized when the calculator is turned on, erase a is executed, or RESET is pressed. If the expression is negative, then the expression becomes the new seed. To obtain other good seeds, use an expression between 0 and -1: The more non-zero digits in the value, the better. Last digits of 1, 3, 7 or 9 are preferable.	rad 1 = .67822 rad (-.827) = .50700

Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

The math errors and default values associated with the log, and ln (natural log) functions are explained in detail hereinafter in the section on Math Errors.

with the tan, asn, and acs functions are covered in detail hereinafter in the section on Math Errors.

Referring to FIG. 164, a flow chart illustrating how the calculator prescales trigonometric arguments is shown. The calculator reduces arguments to the first

Syntax	Description	Examples (fxd 5)
ln expression	The natural logarithm function calculates the logarithm (base e) of a positive valued expression	ln 8001 = 8.98732 ln .0026 = -5.95224
exp expression	The exponential function raises the constant, naperian e, to the power of the computed expression The range of the argument is from -227.95 through 230.25.	exp 1 = 2.71828 exp (-3) = .04979
log expression	The common logarithm function calculates the logarithm (base 10) of a positive valued expression.	log 305.2 = 2.48458 log .0049 = -2.30980
tn ↑ expression	The ten to the power function raises the constant, 10, to the power of the computed expression. The range of the argument is from -99.0000000002 through 99.9999999997. This function executes faster than 10 ↑ expression.	5 tn ↑ 2 = 500.00000 tn ↑ (-3) = .00100

Trigonometric Functions and Statements

The six trigonometric functions are all calculated in the currently set angular units. Three trigonometric statements explained in this section are used to set the angular units. Math errors and default values associated

octant (0-45°) from any original value. The argument is reduced in its own units, that is in degrees, radians, or grads. First the argument is reduced to the unit circle (0-360°) by eliminating all full multiples of 360. The remainder is then reduced to the first octant and converted to radians.

Degrees are set when the calculator is switched on, erase a is executed, or RESET is pressed. To change the angular units, a user executes one of the following statements;

Syntax	Description
deg	Specifies degrees for all calculations which involve angles. A degree is 1/360th of a circle.
rad	Specifies radians for all calculations which involve angles. There are 2π radians in a circle.
grad	Specifies grads for all calculations which involve angles. A grad is 1/400th of a circle.
units	Displays the current angular units

Syntax	Description	Examples (fxd 5)
sin expression	The sine function determines the sine of the angle represented by the expression in the current angular units.	deg; sin 45 = 0.70711 rad; sin (π/6) = 0.50000 grad; sin (-70) = -0.89101
cos expression	The cosine function determines the cosine of the angle represented by the expression in the current angular units.	deg; cos 45 = .70711 rad; cos (π/6) = .86603 grad; cos (-70) = .45399
tan expression	The tangent function determines the tangent of the angle represented by the expression in the current angular units.	deg; tan 45 = 1.00000 rad; tan (π/4) = 1.00000 grad; tan 50 = 1.00000
asn expression	The arc sine function returns the principal value of the arcsine of the expression in the current angular units. The range of the argument is -1 through +1. The range of the result is -π/2 to +π/2(radians).	deg; asn .8 = 53.13010 rad; asn .8 = 0.92730 grad; asn .8 = 59.03345
acs expression	The arccosine function returns the principal value of the arccosine of the expression in the current angular units. The range of the argument is -1 through +1. The range of the result is 0 to π (radians).	deg; acs (-.4) = 113.57818 rad; acs .8 = 1.98231 grad; acs (-.4) = 126.19798
atn expression	The arctangent function calculates the principal value of the arctangent of the expression in the current angular units. The range of the result is -π/2 to +π/2 (radians).	deg; atn 20 = 87.13759 rad; atn 20 = 1.52084 grad; atn 20 = 96.81955

69 corresponds to ln or log of a neative number. The default is in (abs(argument)) or log (abs(argument)), respectively. For example:
ln (-301) = 5.70711

MATH ERRORS

The numerals 66 through 76 are automatically displayed in response to the occurrence of a math error and flag 15 is set. When flag 14 is set, math operations which normally cause an error to be displayed, result in a default value.

When printing, displaying or storing default values of ± 9.999999999999999e511, the value is automatically converted to ± 9.999999999999399.

66 is displayed in response to division by zero. The default value is 9.999999999999999e511 if the dividend is negative. For example:

-9.5/0 = -9.9999999999993511

A mod B with B equal to zero. The default value is 0. For example:

32 mod 0 = 0

67 corresponds to the square root of a negative number. The default value is √ (abs(argument)). For example:

√(-36) = 6.

68 corresponds to the: tangent of (n*π/2 radians; tangent of (n*90°); tangent of (n*100 grads); wherein n is an odd integer. The default value is 9.999999999999999e511 if n is positive; and -9.999999999999999e511 if n is negative.

log (-.001) = -3.00000

70 corresponds to ln or log of zero. The default value is -9.999999999999999e511.

71 corresponds to asn or acs of a number less than -1 or greater than 1. The default value is (asn (sgn(argument)) or acs (sgn(argument))), respectively. For example (in degrees):

asn (-10) = asn (-1) = -90

acs (1.6) = acs (1) = 0

72 corresponds to a negative base to a non-integer power. The default value is (abs(base)) ↑ (non-integer power). For example:

55 (-36) ↑ (.5) = 6

73 corresponds to zero to the zero power (0 ↑ 0). The default value is 1.

74 represents full-precision overflow. The default value is 9.999999999999999e99 or -9.999999999999999e99.

75 represents full-precision underflow. The default value is zero. For example:

(1e-66) * (4e-35) → A

A will equal 0

76 represents an intermediate result underflow. The default value is 9.999999999999999e511 or -9.999999999999999e511. For example:

(1e 99) ↑ 6 = 9.999999999999999e511

(-13 99) ↑ 6 = -9.999999999999999e511

77 represents an intermediate result underflow. The default value is zero. For example:
 $(1e-10) \uparrow 60 = 0$

BRANCHING STATEMENTS

There are three statements used for branching: the go to (gto) statement, the jump (jmp) statement, and the go sub (gsb) statement.

The following three types of branching may be used for both go to and go sub statements:

Absolute Branching -	branch to a specified line number (such as gto 10).
Relative Branching -	branch forward or backward in the program specified number of lines relative to the current line (such as gsb - 3).
Labelled Branching -	branch to an indicated label (such as gto "First").

Line Renumbering

Line numbers are automatically renumbered when a program line is inserted or deleted. As lines are inserted or deleted in a program, the line number of any relative or absolute go to or go sub statements is changed to reflect the insertion or deletion. The entire program is checked before any deletion is made. If the line being deleted is the destination of a relative or absolute go to or go sub statement, an error is displayed and no deletion occurs unless an asterisk (*) is used in the delete command, the delete command being more fully described hereinafter.

Labels

Labels are characters within quotes located at the beginning of a line, after a gto or gsb statement, or after a run or continue command. Labels at the beginning of a line must be followed by a colon.

Labels are used for branching, the label in the gto or gsb statement is compared to the line labels in the program until a match is found. Then, at the end of the line, a branch is made to the line containing the label. When a branch is made to a label, the program is scanned beginning at line 0 until a matching label is found.

THE GO TO STATEMENT

The go to (gto) statement causes program control to transfer to the location indicated. There are three types of branching used with the gto statement, absolute, relative, and labelled.

Absolute Go To

Syntax:

gto line number

An absolute go to statement is used to branch to the indicated line number. The line number must be a number. Inserting an absolute go to statement at line zero causes the line number of the go to statement to be incremented by one.

When an absolute go to statement is executed from the keyboard, the program line counter is set to the specified line number. To view the line, a user presses the \uparrow Display key.

Relative Go To

Syntax:

gto + number of lines

gto - number of lines

A relative go to statement is used to branch forward (+) or backward (-) the specified number of lines, relative to the current line number. The line number must be a value.

Labelled Go To

Syntax:

gto label

A labelled go to statement is used to branch to the indicated label (see section on labels). This is the most convenient type of branching since no line numbers have to be considered.

Example:

gto "beg." go to the line labelled by "beg."

Multiple Go To Statements

Multiple go to statements in a line are used for N-way branching, described hereinafter, when used with an if statement.

THE JUMP STATEMENT

Syntax:

jmp number of lines

The jump (jmp) statement allows branching from the current line number by the number of lines specified. This statement is similar to the relative go to statement except that the number of lines can be an expression. If the number of lines is positive, the branch is forward in the program. If the number of lines is zero, the branch is to the beginning of the current line. If the number of lines is negative, the branch is backward in the program. If the number of lines is not an integer, then it is rounded as follows:

- The value is rounded to the next greater integer if the fractional part is 0.5 or larger.
- The fractional part is truncated if its value is less than 0.5.

The jump statement executes slower than the go to statement.

The jump statement can only be at the end of a line, otherwise error $\phi 7$ is displayed.

THE GO TO SUBROUTINE AND RETURN STATEMENTS

The go to subroutine (gsb) statement allows branching to subroutine portions of a program. A return pointer is set up when the go sub statement is executed. The return pointer points to the line below the line containing the go sub statement. The return (ret) statement returns the program execution to the pointer location. The return statement must be the last statement executed in the subroutine and must be the last statement in a line. The depth of go sub nesting is limited only by the amount of available memory.

There are three types of go sub statements: absolute, relative, and labelled.

Absolute Go Sub

Syntax:

gsb line number

An absolute go sub statement is used to go to the subroutine at the specified line number. The line number must be a number.

Inserting a gsb line number at line zero causes the line number of the go sub statement to be incremented by one.

Relative Go Sub

Syntax:

gsb + number of lines
gsb - number of lines

A relative go sub statement provides forward (+) or backward (-) subroutine branching the specified number of lines, relative to the current line number. The number of lines must be a number.

Labelled Go Sub

Syntax:

gsb label

A labelled go sub statement is used to branch to the subroutine at the indicated label. This is the most convenient form of go sub branching since no line numbers need to be considered.

When branching to a label, a comparison is made on all characters in the label.

Multiple Go Sub Statements

Multiple go sub statements in a line are used for N-way branching when used with the if statement, described hereinafter.

The gsb statement is useful where the same routine will be done many times in a program and called from different places in the main program.

Calculated Gosub Branching

Using the jump statement and the go sub statement, calculated branching to subroutines is possible. This form of subroutine branching is called the calculated go sub and has the form:

gsb line number, number of lines, or label; jmp expression

The line number or label in the gsb is ignored and the calculator branches to the subroutine designated by the computed jump expression. If a 3 is entered in line zero of the following program, for example, the program branches to the subroutine at line 4.

```
0: ent N
1: gsb "X";jmp N
2: prt "end"
3: "X":end
4: prt "sub1";
  ret
5: prt "sub2";
  ret
6: prt "sub3";
  ret
```

The calculator automatically adjusts the gto and gsb destinations when program lines are inserted or deleted so that gto xx or gsb xx statement line number (xx) always point at the same line regardless of lines being inserted or deleted in the program.

This feature is desirable since all line numbers in a program are implicit. Therefore if a line is inserted, all lines after that line are associated with a line number one greater than before the insert.

This feature operates under the following editing operations:

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1- | FETCH line no.
EXECUTE
enter line from keyboard
INSERT |
| 2- | FETCH line no.
DELETE |
| 3- | del <line no.1>[line no.2][*] |

-continued

EXECUTE

5 Referring to FIG. 166, detailed flow charts are given illustrating the manner in which the calculator adjusts gto and gsb destinations. If an attempt is made to delete lines, the first step is to prescan the program to be sure that none of the gto or gsb statements reference the deleted lines. If the deleted lines are referenced, an error is given and the delete operation is terminated before any lines are deleted or any gto/gsb's are adjusted.

10 If the lines that are to be deleted are not gto/gsb destinations, then the adjustment is made and the deletion takes place. If the deletion is "del line no. 1,*" or "del line no.1, line no.2,*", no prescan is made nor are any errors generated. All gto/gsb's whose destinations are deleted have their destinations adjusted to point at the first line after the deleted section.

20 THE IF STATEMENT

Syntax:

if expression

25 The if statement is used to branch based on a logical decision. When an if statement is encountered, the expression following it is evaluated. If the computed expression is zero (false), program control resumes at the next program line (unless the preceding statement was a go to or go sub statement as explained hereinafter under n-way branching. If the computed expression is any other value, it is considered true, and the program continues in the same line. The if statement is most often used with expressions containing relational operators or flags.

35 N-WAY BRANCHING

The if statement used with a go to or go sub statement makes it possible to branch to any of several locations. This type of branching is referred to as n-way branching, and has the following forms:

```
gto... ; if... ; gto...
or
gsb... ; if... ; gsb...
```

40 If the first if statement is false, then the branch is determined by the first go to or go sub statement. If the first if statement is true, the second go to or go sub statement determines the branch.

FLAGS

50 Flags are programmable indicators that can have a value of one or zero. When a flag is set, its value is one; when it is cleared, its value is zero. A flag's value can be complemented by the complement flag (cmf) statement. There are 16 flags, numbered 0 through 15. The following flags can have special meanings:

55 Flag 13 — is automatically set if the continue key is pressed without entering data in an enter statement or if the stop key is pressed in an enter statement. Flag 13 is automatically cleared when data is supplied in an enter statement.

60 Flag 14 — when flag 14 is set, the calculator ignores math errors such as division by zero and supplies a default value.

65 Flag 15 — is automatically set whenever a math error occurs, regardless of the state of flag 14.

THE SET FLAG STATEMENT

Syntax:

sfg [flag number,...]

The set flag (sfg) statement sets the value of the specified flags in the list to one. The flag number can be a value or an expression. If sfg is executed alone, all flags (0 through 15) are set.

Examples:

sfg 2	Set flag 2.
sfg (A+1)	Set the flag designated by (A+1).
sfg 1,X	Set flag 1 and the flag designated by X.

THE CLEAR FLAG STATEMENT

Syntax:

cfg [flag number,...]

The clear flag (cfg) statement clears the specified flags in the list to zero. The flag number can be a value or expression. If cfg alone is executed, all flags (0 through 15) are cleared.

Examples:

cfg 14	Clear flag 14.
cfg (flag 2)	Clear the flag designated by the value of flag 2 (either flag one or flag zero will be cleared).
cfg 11, 12	Clear flags 11 and 12.

THE COMPLEMENT FLAG STATEMENT

Syntax:

cmf [flag number,...]

The complement flag (cmf) statement changes the value of the flags specified. If a set flag is complemented, its new value is zero. If a cleared flag is complemented, its new value is one. A value or expression can be used for the flag number. To complement flags 0 through 15, the complement flag statement without parameters is executed.

Examples:

cmf 1	Complement flag 1.
cmf (X-1)	Complement the flag designated by (X-1).
cmf 3,4,5	Complement flags 3,4, and 5.

THE FLAG FUNCTION

Syntax:

flg flag number

The flag (flg) function is used to check the value of a flag. The result of the flag function is zero or one. One indicates a set flag; zero indicates a cleared flag. Examples:

4: if flg2;jmp 5	If flag 2 is set, jump 5 lines.
5: flg15->A	If flag 15, is set 1->A; if flag 15 is cleared, 0->A.

THE DIMENSION STATEMENT

dim item [, item, ...]

item may be: simple variable

array variable [subscript [, subscript, ...]]

The dimension (dim) statement reserves memory for simple and array variables, and initializes the indicated variables to zero. r-variables are not allowed in a dimension statement.

Variables in the list allocate memory in the order that they appear if they have not already been allocated.

Thus, all the variables dimensioned in any one dimension statement are stored in a contiguous block of memory.

In the dimension statement, the subscripts of an array can e specified by an expression. For example:

0: ent N,I,r2
1: dim A[N,I],
B[r2],C[3,2*N]

Dimension statements may appear anywhere in a program but the same dimension statement can only be executed once. The number of dimension statements is limited by memory size. The number of subscripts and the size of subscripts is limited by memory size and line length.

Specifying Bounds for Subscripts

The upper and lower bounds for the subscripts of an array can be specified. The lower bound must be specified before the upper bound and separated by a colon.

For example:
0: dim S[-3:0,
4:6]

The above statement reserves the same amount of memory as:

0: dim X[4,3]

The elements of array, S, are referenced as:

S[-3,4]	S[-3,5]	S[-3,6]
S[-2,4]	S[-2,5]	S[-2,6]
S[-1,4]	S[-1,5]	S[-1,6]
S[0,4]	S[-,5]	S[0,6]

If a lower bound is not specified, as in X[4,3], it is assumed to be 1, the same as X[1:4,1:3].

THE CLEAR SIMPLE VARIABLES STATEMENT

Syntax:

csv

The clear simple variables (csv) statement clears any allocated simple variables from A through Z to zero. The clear simple variables statement does not de-allocate variables. Therefore, an error results when the following line is executed:

7->A; CSV; dim A

THE LIST STATEMENT

Syntax:

list [line number 1 [, line number 2]]

list special function key

list k

The list statement is used to obtain a printed listing of a program, section of a program, or special keys. If no parameter follows the list statement, the entire program is listed. If one line number is specified, the program is listed from that line to the end. If two line numbers are specified, then the program segment between the two line numbers, inclusive, is listed. To list all the special function keys, execute list k (for list keys). When list is followed by pressing an individual special function key, then only that key is listed. The list statement must be stored as the last statement in a line.

Examples:

list	Lists the entire program.
list 10,15	List lines 10 through 15
list 4,4	List line 4.

-continued

list k	List the special function keys.
list fl2	List special function key f ₁₂ (shift f ₀).

At the end of a listing, a checksum is printed. This checksum is useful for detecting interchanged or omitted lines and characters. This is because any difference in the programs generates a different checksum. In the following two programs, only the characters "rt" in line 1 are interchanged. Note that the checksums are different, the checksums being the bottom five digit numbers preceded by an asterisk.

φ: ent N	φ: ent N
1: prt "sprt.	1: prt "sptr.
of ",N	of ",N
2: prt "	2: prt "
is ",rN	is ",rN
3: end	3: end
*3φ418	*3φ414

Used and Remaining Memory

After a list operation, two values are displayed. The first value is the total length of the program in bytes where a byte is 8 bits. To store the program, a file must be marked at least that long. The second value is the remaining memory in bytes.

EDITING

The first step in editing is to find the lines which require changes. This is done in several ways. One way is to step through a program by pressing the step key one time for each line to be executed and checking the results after each executed program line.

Another way is to use the trace (trc), stop (stp), and normal (nor) statements. When program lines are traced, variables and flags which are assigned values are printed. This allows a user to monitor program activity in individual program lines. Using the stop statement, the program is stopped whenever a specified program line is encountered. The normal statement is used to terminate tracing and stopping. More information on the stop, trace and normal statements is explained hereinafter under editing statements.

To modify characters within a line, a user presses the FETCH key followed by the line number of the line requiring the change and then presses the execute key. The line will appear in the display. A user next presses either BACK if the change is closer to the end of the display or FWD if the change is closer to the front. Once a flashing cursor is over the location needing correction, a user either inserts characters, deletes characters, or writes over the existing characters. To insert characters, the INS/RPL key is pressed. This changes the flashing cursor to a flashing insert cursor. Characters are inserted at the left of this cursor. To delete characters, the DELETE key is pressed for each character to be deleted.

To modify lines within a program, the FETCH key or the ↑ and ↓ keys are used to bring the line into the display. To delete the line, the line DELETE key is pressed.

If the line being deleted is a line referenced by a relative or absolute go to or go sub statement, an error 36 will occur. A user can either execute the delete (del) command with the optional asterisk (*) parameter, ex-

plained more fully hereinafter, or adjust the line reference in the go to or go sub statement accessing that line.

To insert a line, a user fetches the line where the inserted line is to be located, types the line into the display and presses the line INSERT key to store it. All the lines from the fetched line on are automatically renumbered (incremented by one). The line reference of go to or go sub statements are also incremented if necessary.

EDITING STATEMENTS

The trace (trc) statement, stop (stp) statement, and normal (nor) statement are also used for editing programs. The three statements have dual roles in that their action depends upon whether any parameters are specified.

THE TRACE STATEMENT

Syntax:
trc [beginning line number [, ending line number]]

The trace (trc) statement monitors the activity of a running program. In trace mode, line numbers, any value assignments, and flags are printed as encountered in a running program.

An entire program, sections of a program, or individual lines in a program can be traced. To trace an entire program, the first line number is set to 0 and the second line number is set greater than or equal to the line number of the last line in the program. To trace a block of line numbers, trc followed by the beginning and ending line number in the block is executed. To trace a single line, trc followed by that one line number is executed.

The trace statement, when followed by parameters, sets a trace flag at each indicated line of the program. When the normal (nor) statement is executed without parameters, these line trace flags remain set, but trace mode is disabled. By executing the trace statement again, those flagged lines again are traced. To clear the line flags, the normal statement followed by the line numbers of the lines which are traced is used.

Example: Assume the following program is entered.

φ: trc 1,12	Traces lines 1 through 12.
nor	Disables tracing.
trc	Traces lines 1 through 12.
nor 3	Clears trace flag at line 3; and tracing continues on lines 1, 2, and 4-12.
nor	Disables tracing.

THE STOP STATEMENT

Syntax:
stp line number [, line number]

This stop (stp) statement is used to set stop flags at the beginning of program lines. When a program reaches a line with a stop flag set (and when the master flag is set), the program stops at the beginning of that line.

When only the first line number is specified, a stop flag at the beginning of that line is set. If the program reaches the beginning of that line, execution stops. When a block of lines is specified by two line numbers, the stop flags at the beginning of all the lines in that block are set. If execution reaches any line in that block the program stops at the beginning of that line.

The normal statement followed by a line number or two line numbers clears the individual line stop flags.

THE NORMAL STATEMENT

Syntax:

nor [line number 1 [, line number 2]]

The normal (nor) statement clears stop and trace flags. Tracing and stopping are terminated if nor is executed without line numbers, but individual stop and trace flags are not cleared on the program lines. The trace or stop flag at a line is cleared and overall tracing continues if nor is followed by the line number. When nor is followed by two line numbers, the trace and stop line flags of all the lines in the block are cleared.

All the trace and stop line flags are cleared if nor is followed by the beginning and ending line numbers of the program.

OPERATION OF TRACE, STOP, AND NORMAL

To effectively use the trace, stop, and normal statements, the internal operation should be understood. There is one master flag which enables and disables overall tracing and stopping. In addition, each line has two flags. The trace flag enables and disables tracing of the line. The stop flag enables and disables selective stopping at the line.

Executing any of the following statements sets the master flag which enables tracing and selective stopping:

stp with parameters
trc with parameters
trc without parameters

The normal (nor) statement without parameters clears the master flag which disables tracing and stopping.

The line trace flags are set by executing trc with parameters. The line stop flags are set by executing stp with parameters. The line trace and stop flags are cleared by executing nor with parameters.

The trace and stop flags are recorded on the tape cartridge by including the optional debug ("DB") parameter in the record file (rcf) statement as explained more fully hereinafter.

COMMANDS

Commands differ from statements in that they can only be executed from the keyboard. Commands cannot be stored as part of a program.

THE RUN COMMAND

Syntax:

run [line number or label]

The run command clears all variables, flags, and return pointers to go subs, then starts program execution. If a line number is specified, the program begins execution at the specified line number. If a label is specified, execution begins at the specified label in the program.

THE CONTINUE COMMAND

Syntax:

cont [line number or label]

The continue (cont) command continues the program without altering variables, flags, or go sub return pointers. If no line number is specified, the program continues from the current position of the program line counter. If a line number is specified, the program continues at that line. If an edit or error has taken place since a previous "run" or "continue", continue without parameters causes execution at line 0.

THE DELETE LINE COMMAND

Syntax:

del line number 1 [, line number 2][,*]

The delete (del) command is used to delete lines or sections of programs. When one line number is specified, only that line is deleted. When two line numbers are specified, all lines in the block are deleted. del 0, 9999 is executed to delete an entire program, and leave the variables.

Examples:

del 28	Delete line 28.
del 13, 20	Delete lines 13 through 20.
del 18, 9999	Delete program from line 18 to the end (this does not affect variables).

If the optional asterisk (*) parameter is specified, any go to or go sub statements which reference deleted lines are adjusted to reference the first line after the deleted section.

THE ERASE COMMAND

Syntax:

erase [a or v or k or special function key]

The erase command is used to erase programs, variables, and special function keys as shown below.

Command	Meaning
erase	Erases program and variables when executed.
erase a	Erases all when executed.
erase v	Erases all variables when executed.
erase k	Erases all special function keys when executed.
erase fn	Erases the special function key indicated by fn.

THE FETCH COMMAND

Syntax:

fetch [line number or special function key]

The fetch command brings individual program lines into the display. This is useful for editing lines or for viewing individual program lines. Fetching a special function key displays the definition of the key or "f" followed by the key number if the key is undefined. Executing fetch alone, fetches line 0.

LIVE KEYBOARD

The calculator's live keyboard mode provides additional power for executing single or multi-statement lines while a program is running. Among other things, a user can perform math operations, monitor program activity, and alter program flow in live keyboard mode. Two statements described hereinafter permit the live keyboard mode to be turned on or off. While a program is running, a live keyboard operation is executed by keying the live keyboard operation into the display and pressing the execute key. At the end of the current program line, the live keyboard line is executed, the live keyboard operation being executed entirely before the program continues.

If the running program uses the display, keys which are pressed in live keyboard mode will disappear from the display but the line which is typed in is saved and is viewed by pressing RECALL.

If the running program continually uses the display, keys which are typed in will keep disappearing, even if

RECALL is pressed. A user presses either \uparrow or \downarrow to view the line for about one second. When either of these keys is held down, the display remains and the running program halts until the key is released. For example, assume the following program is running in the calculator:

0: dps "Live Keyboard"; wait 100

1: gto 0

When the following line is entered from live keyboard, it will not be visible:

prt ($\sqrt{25}$ →A)

By pressing \uparrow or \downarrow the line will be displayed for about one second.

When the execute key is pressed, the line will be executed and 5 will be stored in A and printed.

Results of calculations performed in live keyboard disappear from the display if a running program uses the display. A special function key can be defined to preserve the displayed result long enough to be viewed as in this example:

press: FETCH f_0

type-in: *; wait 1000

press: STORE

If a user, for example, types in a calculation such as $5*6$, and presses f_0 instead of the execute key, the result of the calculation remains in the display for about one second.

LIVE KEYBOARD MATH

Any math operations can be executed from live keyboard. Thus, when a program is running and a few figures need to be calculated, a user merely keys in the operation and presses execute.

STATEMENTS IN LIVE KEYBOARD

If a user desires a listing of the current program, he presses the LIST key then presses execute.

To check a variable in the program, a user keys in the variable name, such as A or B[4] and presses execute. The value of the variable will be displayed.

To change a variable from live keyboard, one enters the new value and assigns it to the variable to be changed. For example, to reset a counter such as $C + 1 \rightarrow C$ to 0, a user keys in $0 \rightarrow C$ and presses execute.

SUBROUTINES FROM LIVE KEYBOARD

Parts of a program can be executed from live keyboard as subroutines using the gsb statement. For example, the following section of a running program is used to calculate the factorial of a number, N.

11: "factorial":

12: if frc(N)>0

or N>0;prt N,

"no factorial";

ret

13: if N=0;prt

N,"factorial=";

1;ret

14: 1→C→F

15: if C=N+1;

prt N,"factoria

1=";F;ret

16: C*F→F;C+1→C;

gto 15

By assigning a value to N (such as $4 \rightarrow N$), and then executing gsb "factorial" from live keyboard, the values

of N and N factorial are printed, and the program continues.

Control is returned to the display in live keyboard mode whenever return (ret), stop (stp), including stop flags, or end is executed after the gsb statement, but the main program continues running. A second stop will stop the main program.

SPECIAL FUNCTION KEYS IN LIVE KEYBOARD

Although the special function keys f_0 through f_{23} cannot be defined from live keyboard, they can be used from live keyboard. In the following example, the special function keys are used to alter the flow of a running program.

Assume, for example, the special function keys are defined as follows:

f_0 :	f_1 :	f_2 :
*→F	*2→F	*3→F

Assume further that the program is:

0: "wait";dsp

"waiting";wait

500;jmp F

1: gto "first"

2: gto "second"

3: gto "third"

4: "first":prt

"first";0→F;

gto "wait"

5: "second":prt

"second";0→F;

gto "wait"

6: "third":prt

"third";0→F;

gto "wait"

When the program is run, "waiting" is displayed until one of the immediate execute special function keys is pressed and the program then branches to the line where either "first", "second", or "third" is printed. Although this is a simple example, it shows how program flow is altered in live keyboard mode.

ERRORS IN LIVE KEYBOARD

Commands are not allowed in live keyboard mode. Commands executed in live keyboard cause error 3 to be displayed. Also, the following keys cause an audible beep when pressed and are ignored in live keyboard mode:

	LINE
55	STEP DELETE INSERT RUN STORE CONTINUE

The go to and end statements cause error 9 to be displayed in live keyboard mode. The following cartridge statements, described more fully hereinafter, are not allowed in live keyboard mode: load program (ldp), load key (ldk), and load file (ldf) of a program file.

THE LIVE KEYBOARD ENABLE STATEMENT

Syntax:

65 lke

Live keyboard enable (lke) turns on the live keyboard. The calculator is in live keyboard mode when it is turned on and when RESET is pressed. To disable

live keyboard, the live keyboard disable (lkd) statement is used.

Example:

lke Enable live keyboard.

THE LIVE KEYBOARD DISABLE STATEMENT

Syntax:

lkd

The live keyboard disable (lkd) turns off the live keyboard. This is useful when a program is running which the user doesn't want disturbed. A user can execute a live keyboard enable (lke) statement from a program to enable live keyboard when this statement is executed.

Referring to FIGS. 176A-B, the keys typed by the user during live keyboard are entered into the KBD buffer under interrupt control. The normal I/O buffer editing routines are utilized by setting editing pointers to edit the KBD buffer during the processing of the live keyboard key. The use of the KBD during live keyboard allows the running program to use the I/O buffer for normal programmed I/O without interfering with the live keyboard line that is being edited.

Referring to FIGS. 168A-B, any error that occurs during the processing of a live keyboard key is trapped using the error by-pass link, so that the normal operation of the running program is not affected.

Referring to FIGS. 169A-B, a bit is set in the interpreter communication word (XCOMM) if the live keyboard key was the execute key, or a special key with an immediate execute character. At the end of each program line, the interpreter checks XCOMM and returns if any bit is set. AXCOMM is then called to process the bits in XCOMM. If the live keyboard bit is set (bit 14), the live keyboard execution routines are called. These routines save the necessary pointers to enable the resumption of the current user program, and call the interpreter to execute the line in the KBD buffer. After the line is executed, the pointers are restored and the execution of the running program is resumed.

Errors encountered during the execution of a live keyboard line are detected by the error routines. Live keyboard execution clean-up is performed when an error occurs so that the user program is not affected by live keyboard errors.

GSB IN LIVE KEYBOARD MODE

The user can execute a line that contains a subroutine call from the keyboard while a program is running. The processing of this line is the same as the normal live keyboard execution except that the interpreter changes the state of the system during the execution of the subroutine. The state of the system is indicated by the word CSTAT. The values that CSTAT can have are as follows:

0. idle or key entry
1. execution of a keyboard line
2. running a program
3. live keyboard execution
4. enter statement-waiting or key entry
5. execution of a line during an enter statement
6. execution of a subroutine from live keyboard.

The state is changed from 2 to 3 by the live keyboard processing routines and from 3 to 6 by the interpreter when it encounters a subroutine call.

Referring to FIG. 169B, the live keyboard execution routines utilize an interpreter (AINTK)-XCOMM service routine (AXCOMM) loop similar to that of the nor-

mal execution loop. Thus, the execution of a live keyboard subroutine is essentially the same as the execution of a user program, except that the state is 6 rather than 2. This state value of 6 is used by the error routines to trap the live keyboard errors and by the keyboard interrupt service routine to disable live keyboard.

TAPE CARTRIDGE OPERATIONS

Referring to FIGS. 170A-D, the information structure of a tape is shown. FIG. 170A shows the format for an individual file on the tape. All files that are recorded are made up of partitions of length greater than or equal to 256 bytes to allow a user recovery of at least part of his file if a read error occurs on attempting to read the file.

The following file types have partitions of length 256 bytes exactly: (1) key files, (2) memory files, (3) binary program files, (4) and data files, including numeric data or string data.

User program files are unique in that the partition length is such that a partition is always made up of some integral number of complete program lines. This feature allows the user to recover complete program lines from those partitions that are correctly read if a read error occurs.

While a file is being recorded, a routine illustrated by the flow charts shown in FIGS. 171A-B is called as the cassette hardware writes the inner partition gaps illustrated in FIG. 170B. The length of the next partition is calculated in bytes and the last partition is determined. This routine execution is simply a matter of returning 256 in all cases except program (user) files. If the file is user programmed, the partition length is calculated by adding line lengths until the count is ≥ 256 bytes.

Referring to the flow chart shown in FIGS. 172A-B, in loading there are two special cases. One is numeric data in which the first single floating point number in a partition is filled with code that will list or display `????????e00`, if the calculator is in flt 11, for example, thereby indicating that this partition of data is questionable if an error occurs in the partition.

The other special case is user programming. An entire partition of lines is replaced in memory by a single line of stars, "*****", if an error is detected while loading that particular partition. Thus a user can determine from the lines surrounding this line of stars which lines need to be replaced.

At the end of an erroneous load a routine is invoked which determines where the end of the program is, since the current size information in the file header is useless in an error situation. This routine then goes on to patch up line bridges, illustrated in FIG. 173, that are also in error since several lines have been replaced by a single line of stars and the program itself has shrunk.

The following program is run to initialize a new tape cartridge:

```
0: trk 0;rew;
60   mrk 1,1;ert 0
1: trk 1;rew;
   mrk 1,1;ert 0
2: end
```

This program marks one null file on track 0 and track 1 as file 0. Then, each track is erased except for the single null file on each track. This insures that no residue noise from the manufacturing process remains on the tape.

POSITIONING THE TAPE

The tape position is unknown whenever a tape cartridge is inserted into the tape drive, the track changed, RESET pressed, or erase a executed. Any tape cartridge statement except identify file (idf) (without parameters) and mark (mrk) will position the tape for the system. Once the tape is positioned, both mrk and idf can be used. The lowest file number on each track is file zero.

THE REWIND STATEMENT

Syntax: rew

The rewind (rew) statement is used to rewind the tape cartridge to its beginning. This statement has the same function as the rewind key.

Rewinding the tape is a parallel process and other operations can take place while the tape rewinds.

THE TRACK STATEMENT

Syntax: trk track number

The track (trk) statement sets track 0 or track 1 of the tape cartridge. When the track statement is executed, any following cassette operations are performed on that track. Track 0 is automatically set whenever the machine is switched on, RESET is pressed, or erase a is executed. The track does not change when the cartridge is removed. The track number can be an expression with a value of 0 or 1.

Unless a subsequent track statement specifies track 1, cassette operations will be performed on track 0.

THE ERASE TAPE STATEMENT

Syntax: ert file number

The erase tape (ert) statement is used to erase everything on the current track starting from the file number specified following a mark statement, described herein after. After the erase operation, the tape is positioned at the file specified and one null file is marked. The null file is used as a starting point when marking more files.

The file number can be an expression.

Example:

Assume a cassette has the structure shown in FIG. 170C on track 1:

To erase everything on track 1 beginning at file 3 to the end, the following program is used:

```
0: trk 1
1: ert 3
2: end
```

After running this program, the tape's structure is as shown in FIG. 170D.

Track 0 is not altered.

THE IDENTIFY FILE STATEMENT

Syntax: idf [file number [, file type [, current file size [, absolute file size [, track number]]]]]

The identify file (idf) statement is used to identify the parameters of the next file in the forward direction. All five of the parameters are return variables whereby a value is returned to the variable specified when the statement is executed. All of the parameters are optional. If one variable is specified, such as: idf A, then only the file number is returned. Two variables must be specified to get the file type; three variables to get the

current file size in bytes; four variables to get the absolute file size in bytes; and five variables to get the track number.

The file type can be one of the following:

Table with 2 columns: file number (0-6) and file type (null file, binary program, numeric data, string or string and numerics, memory file, key file, program file).

The return parameters can be any variable type (simple, array, or r-variable). If the tape position is unknown, at least one return variable must be specified or error 45 will occur. At the end of the identify file statement, the tape is positioned before the file's header.

Example:

```
idf A,B,C,D,E Identify the current file and return the file number, file type, current file size, absolute file size, and track number to A,B,C,D, and E, respectively.
```

THE FIND FILE STATEMENT

Syntax: fdf [file number]

The find file (fdf) statement is used to find the specified file on the current track of the tape cartridge. The tape is positioned at the beginning of the file specified. The file number can be an expression. The find file statement without parameters finds file 0. If a file number which does not exist is specified, the next cartridge statement executed [except find file (fdf) or rewind (rew)] results in error 65.

Other statements can be executed while the find file statement is executing.

Examples:

```
fdf 8 Find file 8.
fdf A[3] Find the file specified by the value of A[3].
```

THE SET SELECT CODE STATEMENT

Syntax: ssc select code

The set select code (ssc) statement is used to specify the select code of an external tape drive. Select code 1 specifies the select code of the internal tape drive, which is automatically set when the power is switched on, erase a is executed or RESET is pressed.

THE TAPE LIST STATEMENT

Syntax: tlist

The tape list (tlist) statement is used to identify the files on the tape cartridge. The tape's current position and track, file number, file type, current file size in bytes, and absolute file size are automatically printed. The file type can be one of the following.

Table with 2 columns: file number (0-3) and file type (null file, binary program, numeric data, string or mixed string and numeric data).

-continued

	(the String ROM must be present or loading this file will display error 50.)
4	memory file (from rcm statement)
5	key file
6	program file

If the stop key is pressed while a tlist is being executed, the tlist terminates. Otherwise it will halt when the null file is reached.

A convenient way to determine the current track setting is to execute "tlist" then press the STOP key..

THE MARK STATEMENT

Syntax:

mark number of files, file size in bytes [, return variable]

The mark (mrk) statement reserves file space on the tape cartridge. One file more than the number of files specified is marked. This file is the null file and is used as the starting point when marking more files. The null file has an absolute size of zero. Although it is not required, it is a good idea to execute the erase tape (ert) statement following the mark statement to clear the current track beginning at the null file. This should be done to avoid problems with accidental access of invalid files on the tape cartridge. The file size is specified in bytes. If an odd number of bytes is specified, one more byte is automatically marked. For example, if 111 bytes are specified, 112 bytes are marked.

In order to mark files, the position of the tape must be known. If the position is unknown, execute a find file (fdf) statement to position the tape where you are going to start marking.

The number of files and the file size can both be expressions. If a return variable is specified, the file number of the last usable file marked is stored in it. If the value of the return variable is positive, all the files specified are marked. If the value is negative, an end-of-tape (eot) condition occurred before all the requested files were marked.

Example:

A tape is to be re-marked for 3 files with a length of 320 bytes each on track 0. The following short program performs this operation.

0: rew	Rewind the cassette.
1: trk 0	Set to track 0.
2: mrk 3,320,X	Mark 3 files, 320 bytes long.
3: ert X+1	Erase the rest of track 0.
4: end	End the program.

DETERMINING SIZE TO MARK A FILE

When marking a file for a program which is currently in the calculator, a user executes a "list 9999." The number in the left hand portion of the display is exactly the number of bytes needed to record the program. It is advisable to mark the file larger so that any future program changes that may increase the program size can still be accommodated on the file.

Data files require 8 bytes for each data element to be recorded. For example, to record data which is stored in the variables A and B, mark a file 16 bytes long.

Special function key files require 1 byte for each character under the keys, plus 2 bytes for each defined key. If the number of bytes for each key is odd, a user

adds one byte. The sum is the minimum size to mark the file.

For a memory file (using rcm) a user marks the file for the size of available calculator memory.

THE RECORD FILE STATEMENT

The record file (rcf) statement is used to store both data and programs. The syntax for each is explained below.

RECORDING PROGRAMS

Syntax:

rcf [file number [, beginning line number [, ending line number]]] [, "SE" or "DB"]

To record a program or a section of a program the record file (rcf) statement is used. The file is assumed to be file zero if no file number is specified. The entire program is recorded on the specified file if no line numbers are specified. The program from a line number to the end is recorded if the beginning line number is specified. A program section is recorded from the first line number to the second line number, inclusive, if both line numbers are specified.

The file number and ending line number parameters can both be expressions, but the beginning line number must be a number. If "SE" (for secure) follows at the end of a statement, the program is secured when stored on tape. When the secured program is loaded back into the calculator, the program cannot be listed or displayed, but can be re-recorded on a tape cartridge.

When "DB" (for debug) follows at the end of a statement, any trace or stop flags are stored with the program.

The tape file must be marked before recording a program. The file size must be greater than or equal to the size of the program being recorded.

Example:

7: rcf 8,3 Record the program on file 8, starting at line 3 through the end.

RECORDING DATA

Syntax:

rcf file number, data list

The record file (rcf) statement is used to record data. The list can consist of simple variables, array variables, or r-variables. But, r-variables cannot be mixed with simple and array variables in the same statement. The file number can be an expression.

To record an entire array, the array name is followed by an asterisk in brackets. For example:

S[*] Refers to the entire S array.

Simple and array variables must be contiguous in the calculator memory. That means that they must appear in the data list in the same order as allocated. If the variables appear in a dimension (dim) statement, they must appear in the same order in the rcf statement.

Example:

0: dim A[10,10]	The array A is allocated 100 variables (800 bytes).
1: 0→X	The variable X is allocated 1 variable (8 bytes).
2: X+1→X	Doesn't affect memory allocated to X.
3: 1→I	The variable I is allocated 1 variable (8 bytes).
4: rcf 5,A[*],X,	The array A, and variables X and I are recorded in the same order as allocated (contiguously) on file 5 (total of 102 numbers or 816 bytes).

If r-variable is specified in the data list, all r-variables from r₀ to that r-variable are recorded. If two r-variables are specified, all r-variables from the first through the second are recorded.

Considerations for Recording Data

The variables listed must be listed in the same order as they are allocated in memory when recording data on a tape cartridge.

Example:

```

0: ent A
1: 2*A→B
2: dim C,X,Y,Z,
.
.
.
15: rfc A,B,C,X,
    Y,Z
    
```

In the above example program, the variables A and B are allocated outside a dimension statement. Variables C,X,Y, and Z are allocated in a dimension statement. Line 15 would cause error 56 to be displayed if B were allocated before A in the program since the variables must be listed in the same order as they are allocated. It is sometimes difficult to know the order in which variables are allocated because lines are not necessarily executed in numerical order. It is strongly recommended that when variables are to be recorded on a single file they be allocated in a dimension statement.

THE LOAD PROGRAM STATEMENT

Syntax:

```
ldp [file number [ , line number1 [ , line number2]]]
```

The load program (ldp) statement is used to load a program from a specified file on the current track and run it automatically. The automatic run implies that all variables are erased, all go sub return pointers are cleared, and all flags are cleared.

When a file number only is given, the program is loaded from that file, beginning at line zero, and the program automatically runs from line zero. When the file number and the first line number are specified, the program is loaded from that file, beginning at the specified line number and runs from that line number. When all three parameters are specified, the program is loaded from the specified file number beginning at the first specified line number and begins running at the second specified line number. If no parameters are specified, zeros are assumed for all three. All three parameters can be expressions.

This statement is not allowed in live keyboard mode or during an enter statement.

Examples:

ldp 2 EXECUTE	Load the program from file 2 beginning at line 0 and run from line 0.
ldp 8,2 EXECUTE	Load the program from file 8 beginning at line 2 and run from line 2.
ldp 16,3,0 EXECUTE	Load the program from file 16 beginning at line 3 and run from line 0.

THE LOAD FILE STATEMENT

The load file (ldf) statement is used to load both data and program files into the calculator memory.

LOADING PROGRAMS

Syntax:

```
ldf [file number [ , line number1 [ , line number2]]]
```

The load file (ldf) statement loads programs from a specified file on the current track into the calculator memory.

This statement is executed from the keyboard as follows. The program on file zero is loaded, beginning at line 0 if no parameters are given.

The file identified by a file number is loaded beginning at line 0 when the file number is given. If the file number and a line number are specified, then that file is loaded beginning at the specified line number. When all three parameters are given, the specified file is loaded beginning at the first line number, and the program automatically continues at the second line number with all variables being preserved.

This statement is executed in a program as follows:

When no parameters are specified, the program on file zero is loaded beginning at line zero and the program automatically continues at line zero. When the file number is specified, then the program is loaded from the specified file beginning at line zero and continues at line zero. When the file number and a line number are given, the specified file is loaded beginning at the specified line number and the program continues from that line number. When all three parameters are given, the statement is executed the same as from the keyboard. That is, a "continue" is performed from the second line number. All three parameters can be expressions.

This statement is not allowed in live keyboard to load a program file or during an enter statement.

LOADING DATA

Syntax:

```
ldf [ file number [ , data list ]]
```

The load file (ldf) statement loads data from the specified file on the current track. The data list contains the names of variables separated by commas. Simple and array variables cannot be in the same ldf statement as r-variables.

If no list is specified, data begins filling the r-variables from r₀ until all the data has been loaded. If one r-variable is specified, the data begins filling r-variables from that r-variable until all the data has been loaded into higher r-variables. If two r-variables are specified, the data starts filling from the first location specified (lower r-variable) to the second, higher, r-variable. If there is more data than available or specified r-variables, no data is loaded.

When simple or array variables are specified, data begins filling the first variable until all variables have assigned values. If there is more data than variables, no data is loaded. If there is less data than variables, the data is loaded until all data is used. Variables must be contiguous.

Examples:

ldf 4,r0,r10	Load data file 4 starting from r ₀ to r ₁₀ .
ldf r12,a,b[*]	Load the data file designated by r ₁₂ into the variable A and array B.

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While that part of memory to be recorded or loaded is uniquely specified by the rcf or ldp statements, the ldf statement will cause loading into program area or vari-

able area depending on the file accessed, not on the ldm statement itself.

Array and r-variable Storage

r-variables are recorded in the opposite order of array variables. Thus, if r-variables are recorded, then loaded back into an array, they will be in the opposite order.

THE RECORD KEYS STATEMENT

Syntax:
rck [file number]

The record keys (rck) statement is used to record all the special function keys on the specified file on the current track. If the file number is omitted, file zero is assumed. The file number can be an expression. The specified file must be marked before the record keys statement is executed.

Examples:

rck 2	Record the special function keys on file 2.
rdk A[12]	Record the special function keys on the file designated by the 12th element of array A.

THE LOAD KEYS STATEMENT

Syntax:
ldk [file number]

The load keys (ldk) statement is used to load the special function keys exactly as they were recorded from the specified file on the current track. If the file number is omitted, file zero is assumed. The file number can be an expression. Executing the load keys statement from the keyboard causes go sub return pointers to be reset and causes the program counter to reset to line zero. This statement is not allowed in live keyboard or during an enter statement.

Example:

ldk 4 Load the special function keys from file 4.

THE LOAD MEMORY STATEMENT

Syntax:
ldm [file number]

The load memory (ldm) statement is used to load a previously recorded memory file. When the load operation is complete, the calculator is in the same state it was in when memory was recorded.

If a program was running when the record memory (rcm) statement was executed, that program will continue with the next statement after the record memory (rcm) statement when the load memory statement is executed.

The record memory and load memory statements are especially useful when executed from live-keyboard or from a special function key to "freeze" the state of the system without interrupting the running program.

The file number can be an expression.

Referring to FIG. 174, a flow chart of the ldm subroutine is shown.

THE RECORD MEMORY STATEMENT

Syntax:
rcm [file number]

The record memory (rcm) statement records the entire read-write memory in its current state on the specified file on the current track of the tape cartridge.

If the file number is omitted, file 0 is assumed. The file number can be an expression.

Referring to FIG. 175, a flow chart of the rcm subroutine is shown. The record memory statement records all user read/write memory space, variable area, and enough system and optional memory to insure that the calculator system can be brought back to the state it was at rcm upon the execution of the corresponding ldm statement. Also recorded is a special "ROM present" indicator to allow the ldm statement to guarantee that the option ROMs are the same. Likewise, the ldm statement loads the enter read/write memory space and places the calculator system in the same state it was at rcm.

The statements rcm and ldm are executable in all calculator states, i.e. during program execution, idle (keyboard entry), live keyboard, and when a program stops for an enter statement.

This feature is particularly useful to provide a backup of the system periodically during a long program execution for example, or in case of power failure or the like. It is also convenient if done during live keyboard to "freeze" the system state at a particular point during execution.

At the termination of the execution of ldm the calculator is in the same execution state as it was at the end of the corresponding rcm statement that created the tape file.

On ldm a check is made by the calculator of all option ROMs present on the system to be sure they are the same as the option ROMs on the system when the rcm statement was executed. If this test fails, the user is told via one of two displayed error messages. One of these says that the ROM whose load number is displayed is present now but was not at rcm time. The other message says that the ROM whose load number is displayed was present at rcm time but is not present now. This is accomplished by requiring each ROM to set a bit in a rom-word (ROMWD) when they are initialized. This rom-word is recorded in a special word in the record head of the memory file at rcm time. At ldm time the rom-word in the record head is compared, bit by bit, against the corresponding rom-word in memory to determine the presence or absence of ROMs. If a difference is encountered, the operation is aborted. This guarantees that the calculator will work properly after ldm.

THE LOAD BINARY PROGRAM STATEMENT

Syntax:
ldb [<file number>]

The load binary program (ldb) statement loads binary programs, a binary program being a machine language program which cannot be listed or displayed, into the calculator's read/write memory from the specified file on the current track of the tape cartridge. Binary programs can be loaded over other binary programs of equal or greater length at any time.

If no file number is specified, file 0 is assumed. The file number can be an expression.

Example:

ldb 2 Load the binary program from file 2.

Certain rules must be followed when loading binary programs since binary programs occupy a special place in memory.

Any binary program can be loaded at any time from the keyboard or a running program if no simple or array variables are allocated provided there is room in memory for it.

Once simple or array variables are allocated, a binary program cannot be loaded unless space has been allocated for it by a previous binary program load.

It is suggested that before any simple or array variables are referenced, the largest binary program file that the program will need be loaded so that variables can be allocated and binary programs loaded without concern about room for the binary program.

FILE VERIFICATION

File verification is used to compare a tape file against the calculator memory to detect recording errors without losing the information in memory.

File verification requires a stronger tape signal than load thereby increasing confidence that a file will load properly at a later time.

The calculator returns to automatic file verification when the calculator is turned on, erase a executed, or RESET pressed. The auto verify disable (avd) statement turns file verification off and the auto verify enable (ave) statement turns automatic file verification on. The verify (vfy) statement allows one to verify files repeatedly under program control.

When the calculator is in auto-verify mode, all record statements are followed by an automatic verify operation.

THE VERIFY STATEMENT

Syntax:

vfy [return variable]

The verify (vfy) statement is used to compare tape files with the calculator memory. The value of the return variable is 0 after the operation if the calculator memory is identical to the tape file. The return variable is one if the two are different. Error 44 occurs if the memory and tape file are not identical and no return variable is specified.

The return variable can be either a simple, array, or r-variable.

The verify statement provides added user confidence in a recording, even though a record operation is usually followed by an automatic verification.

This statement is also useful when a badly worn tape is being used. In this case, a user preferably turns off auto-verify and uses the verify statement. If the verify fails, the user performs the record operation again.

TAPE CARTRIDGE ERRORS

When an error 46 is displayed, a user should first clean the tape head and drive wheel and execute the statement which caused the error again a few times. If an error still occurs, the next step depends on the type of file being loaded.

If an error 46 is displayed while loading a program file, one or more program lines may be lost. The place where this error occurred is indicated by a line of asterisks (*) inserted in the program at the place where the program lines are missing. These lines can be replaced by referring to a previous listing. Go to and go sub statement addresses are adjusted during this editing. Thus, it may be necessary to readjust the to and go sub addresses after inserting the lost lines.

If an error 46 is displayed while loading numeric data, the partitions in question are marked by a single number in that partition being replaced by "?.???" (in float 11 format). A partition in a numeric data file always contains 32 numbers. With one entry replaced by "?.???", there are 31 numbers remaining which may be incor-

rect. For r-variables, the 31 higher numbered r-variables may be incorrect. For simple and array variables, a user should determine the order in which the variables in question were allocated. From the element that is replaced by "?.???", a user preferably searches from right to left in the dimension statement to locate the error. For an array, the first element in the lost partition will have the largest subscripts. Decreasing the leftmost subscript first for an array reveals the missing values.

File Header Read Error

If a file head read error (error 47) occurs, a user should preferably proceed as follows:

1. Clean the tape head and drive wheel.
2. Execute the statement that caused the error again.
3. If, after steps 1 and 2, the error still occurs, a user should remark the tape-file header. Remarking a file header, however, is a "last resort" operation. All data and programs on a file with a re-marked header is lost and that file can no longer be used.

To remark the head of file N (file which cannot be loaded) a user executes:

fdf N-1	Positions the tape.
mrk 0,0	Re-marks file header.

for file 0, execute:

rew	Positions the tape.
mrk 0,0	Re-marks file header.

After the file header has been re-marked the absolute size of the file is 2 bytes.

Error Messages

When an error occurs, the calculator makes a soft beep and the word "error" followed by a number appears in the display. The number references an error message that will help pinpoint the cause of the error.

If an error message is displayed during an attempt to run a program, the program line number where the error occurs is referenced.

A complete list of the error messages is given in the Table below.

ERRORS

An error in a program resets the program counter to line 0. Pressing CONTINUE will continue the program from line 0.

- 00 System error.
- 01 Unexpected peripheral interrupt. Only occurs when a peripheral is being used. Press reset key to recover.
- 02 Unterminated text. The line of text must have an ending quote. This error results in a cursor being displayed showing the location of the error.
- 03 Mnemonic is unknown. This error is usually caused by typing errors, such as go to instead of gto; or by executing a command in live-keyboard mode or in an enter statement. This error results in a cursor being displayed showing the location of the error.
- 04 System is secured. This error is generally caused by trying to list or fetch lines in a secured program.

- 05 Operation not allowed — line cannot be stored or executed with line number. This can be caused by pressing execute, store, or line insert with a fetched line in the display.
- 06 Syntax error in number. A cursor showing the location of the error is displayed. 5
- 07 Syntax error in input line. For example: gto prt 5. A cursor showing the location of the error is displayed.
- [Internal representation of the line is too long (gives cursor sometimes). 10
- 09 The go to (gto), go sub (gsb) or end statement is not allowed in the present context. For example, executing an end statement during an ent statement. 15
- 10 The go to or go sub statement requires an integer. For example:
- gto 23.4 is not allowed
- A cursor showing the location of the error is displayed. 20
- 11 Integer out of range or integer required. Must be between -32768 or +32767. For example:
- spc 50000 integer out of range 25
- del A integer required.
- 12 The line cannot be stored. It can only be executed. For example:
- 2 + 2 EXECUTE is OK, but 30
- 2 + 2 STORE is not allowed
- A cursor showing the location of the error is displayed.
- 13 Enter (ent) statement is not allowed in present context. For example, ent X is not allowed from the keyboard; only from a program. 35
- 14 Program structure destroyed. This can be caused by pressing the reset key while a program is being modified or shifted. It is advisable to record data ten execute erase a to recover. 40
- 15 Printer out of paper or printer failure.
- 16 The String ROM is not present for a string comparison or an argument in a relational comparison is not allowed. For example, if the String ROM is not in the calculator:
- if "B" < "A"
- results in error 16.
- 17 Parameter is out of range. For example: 50
- wait -5
- fxd 15
- 18 Parameter is not allowed. For example: 55
- erase Z
- 19 Bad line number. For example:
- del 10,5 60
- 20 A ROM is missing. As a result, the line cannot be reconstructed. This error usually occurs when FETCH ↑, ↓ or list is executed.
- 21 Line is too long to store. This can occur when blanks or parenthesis are automatically added. For example, parenthesis are automatically added when storing the line: tan 2 → A, which will appear in a listing as: tan (2) → A. 65

- 22 Dimension specification is not allowed. For example, this error occurs when the lower bound of an array is greater than the upper bound. If the String ROM is not in the calculator and a string is dimensioned, this error results.
- 23 The simple variable has already been allocated. For example:
- 2 → X. dim A[5], X
- 24 The array has already been dimensioned. For example:
- dim A[4], B[5], A[6]
- 25 Dimensions of array disagree with subscripts. For example:
- dim X[2,7]; 1 → X[5]
- 26 Subscripts of array are out of bounds. For example:
- dim A[12]; 2 → A[58]
- 27 Undefined array. The array must first appear in a dimension (dim) statement.
- 28 The return (ret) statement has no matching gsb statement.
- 29 The line cannot be executed because a ROM is missing. For example; the plt statement is attempted with no Plotter ROM present in the calculator.
- 30 Special function key has not been defined.
- 31 Nonexistent program line. For example, gto 900 in a 5 line program.
- 32 The data type is not allowed. A number is required.
- 33 Data types don't match in an assignment statement.
- 34 Display overflow due to pressing a special function key.
- Only 80 characters can be entered into the display.
- 35 Flag reference not allowed. There is no such flag. For example:
- sfg 18
- 36 Attempt to delete the destination of a gto or gsb statement. Operation not performed.
- 37 Display buffer overflow caused by display (dsp) statement.
- 38 Insufficient memory for go sub (gsb) statement.
- 39 Insufficient memory for variable allocation or binary program. No allocation takes place.
- 40 Insufficient memory for operation as in, for example, storing a line with insufficient memory.
- 41 No cartridge is in the tape transport.
- 42 Tape cartridge is write protected. A user should slide record tab to other position for recording.
- 43 Unexpected Beginning-Of-Tape (BOT) marker, or End-Of-Tape (EOT) marker encountered; or a tape transport failure.
- 44 File verification has failed.
- 45 Attempted execution of idf statement without parameters when tape position is unknown, or mrk statement when tape position is unknown.
- 46 Read error of file body. The partition containing the error is lost.
- 47 Read error of file head.

- 48 The End-Of-Tape (EOT) was encountered before the specified number of files were marked.
- 49 File is too small.
- 50 The 1df statement for a program file must be the last statement in the line.
- 51 A ROM is present but was not when the record memory (rcm) statement was executed. A user should remove the ROM indicated by one of the numbers below and re-execute the load memory (1dm) statement.

Default = +9.999999999999e511, for $n > 0$.
 Default = -9.999999999999e511, for $n < 0$.

Number	ROM
1	Binary Program
6	String
8	Extended I/O
9	Advanced Programming
10	Matrix
11	Plotter
12	General I/O

- 69 ln or log of a negative number. Default = ln(abs(argument)) or log(abs(argument)).
- 70 ln or log of zero. Default = -9.999999999999e511.
- 71 adn or acs of number less than -1 or greater than +1. Default = asn(sgn(argument)) or acs(sgn(argument)).
- 72 Negative base to a non-integer power. Default = (abs(base))[↑](non-integer power).
- 73 Zero to the zero power (0[↑]0). Default = 1.
- 74 Full-precision overflow. Default = + or -9.999999999999e99).
- 75 Full-precision underflow. Default = 0.
- 76 Intermediate result overflow. Default = + or -9.999999999999e511.
- 77 Intermediate result underflow. Default = 0.

- 52 The ROM indicated by a number from the previous table was present when the record memory (rcm) statement was executed, but is now missing. A user should insert the indicated ROM and re-execute the load memory (1dm) statement.
- 53 File number or mrk parameter is negative. For example:

mrk -12,300

- 54 Binary program to be loaded is larger than the allocated memory for the present binary program and variables.
- 55 Illegal or missing parameter in one of the cartridge statements.
- 56 Data list is not contiguous in memory for one of the cartridge statements.
- 57 Improper file type. For instance, this can occur when trying to load a program from a data file or key file.
- 58 Invalid parameter on rcf statement; "SE" or "DB" expected.
- 59 Attempt to record a program, data, or special function keys which do not exist.
- 60 Attempt to load an empty file or the null file (type=0).
- 61 Parameter out of range in the track (trk) or set select code (ssc) statements. Track 0 or 1, and select codes 1 through 15 are allowed.
- 62 Specified memory space is smaller than cartridge file size.
- 63 Cartridge load operation would overlay gsb return address in program; load not executed.
- 64 Attempt to execute 1dk, 1df (program file), or 1dp during live keyboard or enter statement.
- 65 File not found. File specified in the previous find file (fdf) statement does not exist.
- 66 Division by zero. Default = + or -9.999999999999e511. A mod B with B equal to zero. Default = 0.
- 67 Square root of a negative number.
 Default = $\sqrt{\text{abs}(\text{argument})}$.
- 68 Tan ($n \cdot \pi / 2$ radians);
 Tan ($n \cdot 90^\circ$);
 Tan ($n \cdot 100$ grads);
 where n is an odd integer.

FORMATTED I/O OPERATIONS

Referring to FIG. 4, the I/O Bus transfers data between the calculator processor and peripheral devices. All incoming data is transferred through the processor before it is stored in memory.

As shown in FIG. 4 each external device is connected to the calculator via an appropriate interface card and cable. An interface card plugs into any of the I/O slots in the calculator's back panel. Plug-in ROM cards become part of the calculator's memory.

ROMs which can be used with the calculator include, for example, a String ROM, an Advanced Programming ROM, a Matrix ROM, a Plotter ROM, a General I/O ROM and an Extended I/O ROM.

The String ROM enables the calculator to recognize and operate on letters and words ("strings") in much the same way that it recognizes and operates on numbers. Some of the capabilities which are provided include: single strings and string arrays, numerical value of a string of digits, concatenation, displaying or printing all special characters, and packing and unpacking floating point numbers in strings.

The Advanced Programming ROM extends the programming capabilities of the Calculator. For/next looping, split and integer precision number storage, multiparameter functions and subroutines, and the cross reference statement are some of the operations provided by the Advanced Programming ROM.

The Matrix ROM extends the language to include statements for manipulating matrices and arrays. Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of arrays, as well as inversion, transposition, and determinants of matrices are some of the capabilities provided by this ROM.

The Plotter ROM enables the Calculator to control a plotter. Axes can be drawn and labelled; functions can be plotted; and with a unique "typewriter" mode, characters of varying size can be printed. More than one plotter can be operated at the same time.

The General I/O ROM provides basic I/O capability with formatting. Peripherals can be controlled using this ROM. Basic control of the HP-Interface Bus, explained in greater detail hereinafter and referred to hereafter as HP-IB, and status checking are also provided.

The Extended I/O ROM extends the I/O capability of the calculator by providing complete HP-IB control.

Features include Bit manipulation and testing, auto-starting, error trapping, and interrupt service routines.

GENERAL I/O ROM

The General I/O ROM operations are given below: 5

Operation	Description
Write	Output data or character strings to specified device.
Read	Request and input data or character strings.
Format	Specify numeric specs and edit specs for both read and write statements.
Conversion	Set up a character conversion table for read and write statements.
Write Binary	Output 16-bit binary numbers.
Read Binary	Input 16-bit binary numbers.
Write Control	Output binary status codes via an Interface Card.
Read Status	Check interface or peripheral status information.
List	Output program listings to external device.

External devices share the same I/O bus used by internal peripheral devices and internal peripherals respond to some General I/O operations in addition to their specific commands. Since all external devices are "party-lined" on the same bus, each device is assigned a unique address, or select code, so that the correct device responds to each I/O operation. 20

For all external peripherals, the select code is an integer number from 2 through 15 which is specified in each I/O operation and decoded by the corresponding interface card. Two digits are added to the select code parameter to address peripherals via a Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus, described for example in the January, 1975, Hewlett-Packard Journal, Vol. 26, Number 5, and in U.S. Pat. No. 3,810,103 entitled Data Transfer Control Apparatus, issued May 7, 1974. Each interface card has a switch permitting the user to set any one of the codes. A list of preferred assignment codes for use with typical peripheral devices is given below. 25

SELECT CODE	ASSIGNMENT	EXAMPLE HEWLETT-PACKARD PERIPHERAL DEVICES
0	Calculator Keyboard and Display	—
1	Calculator Tape Drive	—
2	Paper Tape Punch	HP 9884A, 98032A Interface
3	Paper Tape Reader	HP 9883A
4	Digitizer	HP 9864A
5	Plotter	HP 9862A
6	Printer	HP 9866B, HP 9871A
7	HP-Interface Bus	HP 98034A Interface
8 through 15	Unassigned	special peripherals
16	Calculator Printer	—

Each internal peripheral has a fixed select code which is automatically specified by standard calculator statements (display, print, etc.). Both the display and the keyboard respond to select code 0, the tape drive responds to select code 1, and the printer responds to select code 16. 55

The select code can be specified in the form of either a constant, a variable, or an expression. 60

Input-Output Format

The I/O bus connecting the processor with internal and external peripherals contains 16 lines. Data is transmitted in a 16-bit parallel, character-serial fashion at certain times, while interface or peripheral status codes are transmitted at other times. The I/O operations send 65

and receive data in standard 8-bit ASCII code. The calculator sends and receives one 8-bit character at a time. The parity (most-significant) bit is not used with formatted I/O operations.

Peripheral Interrupt

Since the General I/O ROM is intended for use in systems where the calculator is the controlling device, there is no provision for peripheral interrupt operation, for example whereby, an external device can call for an I/O operation, or the like. The calculator must be in complete control of each device while that device is involved in data transfer.

THE WRITE STATEMENT

Syntax:

wrt select code [.format no.], parameter₁, parameter₂, . . .

The write statement outputs the characters, signs, and decimal point of each parameter to the peripheral specified by the select code. Each parameter in the list can consist of either a numeric expression, text, or a string name (when the String ROM is in use). The value of each parameter is output in a free-field format, unless a format statement is in effect. The format number parameter can be an integer from 0 to 9 and references a similarly numbered format statement, described hereinafter.

Delimiters

A delimiter is a character that is used to either separate one expression from another inside a list or to terminate a list. The space (sp) and the carriage-return line-feed (CR/LF) are delimiters that are automatically output during the execution of each write statement. The space is used to separate items within the list, and the CR/LF is used to terminate the list. 30

Free-Field (Default) Format

The free-field output format is automatically set whenever either the calculator is switched on, or RESET is pressed. Each write statement references the free-field format until a format statement is executed and then the specifications in the format statement override free-field. 40

The free-field format causes each numeric expression to be output and right justified in an 18-character field. A CR/LF is given after each four expressions are output and again after the last parameter is output. The form in which expressions appear is determined by the current fixed or float setting. A number that is too large to be output under the current fixed-point specification is output under the previous floating-point specification. Characters within quotes and strings are output as "free text" wherein the 18-character fields are not used. 45

THE READ STATEMENT

Syntax:

red select code[.format no.], parameter₁, parameter₂, . . .

The read statement inputs and stores data from a specified peripheral. The calculator keyboard can not be used to input data with the read statement. The number of parameters in the list indicates how many data items to read. Each parameter consists of either a variable name or a string variable name if the String ROM is in use. Each numeric data item consists of the digits 0 through 9, plus and minus signs, a decimal point, and an 65

'E' character. All other characters are treated as input delimiters. The data item itself assumes the same form as any number entered from the keyboard.

The format number parameter can be used to reference any of ten format statements. If a format number is not specified, and if a format statement has not been previously executed, a free-field input format is automatically used.

Free-Field Format

The free-field input format is set whenever either the calculator is switched on or RESET is pressed. Using free-field allows reading numerical data in virtually any form, provided that each item is followed by at least one non-numeric character delimiter. For each parameter in the list, the calculator ignores all input non-numeric character delimiters until one of the characters listed above is read. Then, after reading the data item, reading any non-numeric character terminates and stores the data item.

The calculator cannot input non-numeric characters unless a string variable is specified when free-field is used. All characters are input until either the dimensional string length is filled or a CR/LF is read. Reading a CR/LF automatically terminates the read operation. All non-numeric characters preceding a data item (except "E") are ignored.

Reading successive commas causes the corresponding variable to be skipped and flag 13 to be set. A SKP (HT) causes the calculator to skip all characters until a LF has been read. Whenever a LF is read (and it does not correspond to a preceding HT) the statement is terminated and flag 13 is set. An upper- or lower-case "E" character, when part of any of the following forms, causes the preceding data item to be raised by the power of 10 indicated: (data item)E(one or two digits); (data item)E(a + or - and one or two digits); (data item)E(a space and one or two digits). For example, any of the following data items will be read as the number "1234".

1.234E3

1.234E 3

1.234E+3

The CR is always ignored (skipped over) during a read operation.

FORMAT STATEMENTS

Use of format statements provides the most-flexible and complete control of write and read statements. A format statement must be programmed before the I/O statement referencing it and provides a list of specifications for use by the I/O statement. As the I/O statement is executed, it references the last-encountered unnumbered format statement rather than free-field.

The Format Syntax

Syntax:

fnt [format no.,] spec₁,spec₂, . . .

The format number parameter is used to identify the statement for successive write or read statements. Each format number must be an integer from 0 to 9. If the format number is not specified, format number 0 is assumed.

Output Numeric Specifications

Numeric specifications determine the form in which each numeric parameter is output. A numeric specification determines whether the number is output in fixed point or floating point, the number of digits to the right

of the decimal point, and the field width in which the number appears.

These numeric specifications are available:

Syntax:

[r]fw.d	Specifies fixed-point format.
[r]ew.d	Specifies exponential (scientific) format.
[r]fzw.d	Specifies fixed-point format with leading zeros in each field.

10 w indicates total field width (in characters). If w is omitted, leading spaces are deleted from the field.

d indicates the number of digits to the right of the decimal point. If d is omitted, the current fix or flt setting is used.

r is an optional repeat factor.

(w,d, and r must be constants).

15 A numeric specification such as f8.2 specifies a fixed-point number with two digits to the right of the decimal point. The number appears (right-justified) in an eight-character field. If d is 0, the decimal point is not output.

20 A number output under a numeric specification is always rounded according to the number of decimal places specified.

25 Some guidelines should be observed in selecting w and d. Signs, decimal points, and exponents are part of the number and must fit in the field width specified by w. For floating-point outputs, w should be greater than or equal to d + 7.

30 In general, if a fixed-point specification cannot be met, either because w is not large enough or because the number is simply too large, the field is filled with dollar signs.

Output Edit Specifications

35 Edit specifications are used to control the placement of output data and to output character strings:

Syntax:

[r]X	Outputs a blank character space.
[r]	Outputs a CR/LF for a printer.
[r]"text"	Outputs the ASCII characters within quotes.
Z	Suppresses the automatic CR/LF output after each write statement.
[r]b	Outputs the binary equivalent of the corresponding decimal number in the write statement.
[r]cw	Specifies the field width for a string variable to be output.

40 Any combination of specifications can appear in the same format statement when each item is separated by a comma. Most of the specifications can be duplicated r number of times by using the repeat factor.

Input Numeric Specifications

45 Numeric specifications are used to determine which characters are input from a data input string, and in what form the data will appear. When a format statement is referenced by a read statement, the read operation is not terminated until a LF character is read (unless the edit specification Z is used as discussed above). A general input conversion specification syntax is:

[r]f w	r is the number of consecutive times the specification is to be used (if r is 1 it may be omitted). w is the width of the data field to be read.
--------	---

A numeric specification such as f10 for example calls for reading ten numeric characters; all non-numeric

which precede a numeric are counted but not entered. If an "E" is read, a number of the form 1E dd is entered.

Input Edit Specifications

The following edit specifications can be used to increase input format flexibility:

Automatic Delimiter Syntax

fmt z, f w

This spec causes the calculator to read only the number of characters specified in the next conversion spec. The READ operation is automatically terminated after the characters are read, without the need of a LF character.

Skip Character Syntax

fmt [r] x

This spec causes the calculator to skip (not count) r number of characters.

Skip Data Syntax

fmt [r]/

The calculator skips all data which precedes r number of CR/LF characters.

Input Strings Syntax

fmt [r]c w

The calculator inputs w number of characters into a specified string variable (String ROM). All characters are entered until either the string is filled, or w characters are read, or a LF is read.

THE CONVERSION STATEMENT

Syntax:

conv [code₁, code₂[,code₃,code₄]], . . .

The conversion statement sets up a character replacement table for use with read and write statements. Up to 10 pairs of decimal codes can be specified at a time. Each new conversion statement cancels the previous table and sets up the new one. A conversion statement with no parameters cancels any previous table.

THE LIST STATEMENT

A select code parameter can be used with the list statement when the General I/O ROM is plugged in, enabling program listings on a peripheral output device. The new list syntax is:

list [#select code][,line no.]

THE BUS CARD

The Interface provides HP-IB capability for the Calculator. The bus card buffers all data and control instructions between the calculator and instruments on the bus. The interface is preset to respond to select code 7.

Each instrument on the bus is connected, for example, through a 16-wire cable.

HP-IB ADDRESSES

The General I/O ROM provides simplified control of instruments via the HP-IB by using a select code parameter containing a three- or four-digit integer. Referring to FIG. 176, a flow chart for the HP-IB Transparency Routine is given. The first one or two digits specifies the bus card select code, while the last two digits represent the address of the instrument on the bus.

Instruments having HP-IB capability are assigned unique 7-bit ASCII characters for talker and listener

addresses. The calculator uses the address characters to indicate which instrument is to talk (send data) or listen (receive data). For example, here are the addresses preferably assigned for some Hewlett-Packard instruments:

Hewlett-Packard Instrument Type	HP-IB Address	
	Talker	Listener
98034A Interface	U	5
3490A Multimeter	V	6
9871A (Opt. 001) Printer	I	1
59309A Digital Clock	P	φ

The 9871A Printer is only a listener; it does not transmit data, so it has no talker address.

Using an ASCII table the five least-significant bits of each character's binary form are converted to a decimal value:

Hewlett-Packard Instrument	Address	
	Character	5-bit Value
98034A Interface	U	21
	5	21
3490A Multimeter	V	22
	6	22
9871A Printer	I	1
59309A Clock	P	16
	φ	16

The 5-bit value for talker-listener instruments is the same number.

These numbers are used as the HP-IB address code in select code parameters of General I/O operations. The HP-IB address code must always contain two digits; if the 5-bit value is a one-digit number (e.g., 9), a leading zero must be used (e.g., 09).

This addressing method permits using General I/O operations via the HP-IB.

Instruments designated as listeners on the bus are controlled by using write and write binary statements. The address-code parameter just described must be used in each I/O operation.

For most applications, read and format statements are used to input data via the HP-IB. The format statement must be appropriate to the data string that the device sends to the calculator.

Many devices output leading non-numeric characters in their output data strings. The format statement must account for any leading non-numeric characters so that the read statement can interpret the numeric information.

GENERAL I/O ERROR MESSAGES

In case of error, the calculator displays one of the following error messages.

error G1	Incorrect Format Numbers: · Format number in format statement >9. · Referenced format number not set.
error G2	Referenced Format Statement has an error: · Incorrect format specification. · Numeric overflow in format statement.
error G3	Incorrect I/O Parameters: · Parameter not number or string. · Negative parameter with IZ numeric specification. · Numeric parameter with credit specification. · Binary parameter > (± 32767). · More than one parameter for read binary or read status function. · Missing a non-numeric parameter for write control statement.
error G4	Incorrect Select Code:

-continued

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Select code is non-numeric or >4 digits. . Select code is >2 digits for read status. . Select code is not in range from 0 through 16. . Select code 1 allowed only for read status. . HP-IB address not in range from 0 through 31. . Read from select code ϕ not allowed. 	5
error G5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect Read Parameter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Constant in read list. . String not filed by read operation. . Numeric parameter references c format specification. 	
error G6	Incorrect Numeric (format) Specification.	
error G7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unacceptable Input Data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . More than one decimal point or "E" read. . 511 characters read without LF. . E with no leading digit. . More than 158 numeric characters read. 	10
error G3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Peripheral Device Down: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Incorrect status bits. . STOP cancelled operation. 	
error G9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interface Hardware Problem: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Improper HP-IB operation. . Empty I/O slot. . Wrong select code set on 98032A card. . Write Control addressed to wrong card. 	15
	GENERAL I/O SYNTAX	
	The following are the general Syntax Conventions used:	20
brackets []	Items within brackets are optional.	
coloring	Colored items must appear as shown.	
expression	A constant (like 16.4), a variable (like X or B[8] or r3) or an expression like	
select code format	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> \uparrow 4 or 6 < A+B). cc[dd] cc = device or interface select code. dd = optional HP-IB address code (Must be two digits). 	25
ext	A series of characters within quotation marks.	
variable.	A simple variable (e.g., A or Q), an array variable (e.g., E[5]), an r-variable (e.g., 412), or a string variable name (A\$).	
statement	Syntax	30
Conversion	conv[code ₁ , code ₂ , [code ₃ , code ₄], . . .	
	Ten pairs of ASCII-decimal codes are allowed.	
format	fnt[format no.] spec ₁ [spec ₂ , . . .]	
	C \cong format no. \cong list[#select code]	
.ist	Other list parameters remain as defined.	35
lead	red select code [,format no.],variable ₁ [,variable ₂], . . .	
lead Binary function)	rdb(select code)	
lead Status function)	rds(select code)	
Write	wrt select code [,format no.],expression or text ₁ [,expression or text ₂], . . .	40
Write Binary	wtb select code,expression ₁ [,expression ₂], . . .	
Write Control	wtc select code,expression	

We claim:

1. An electronic calculator comprising: memory means including a first area for storing a program of one or more lines of one or more alphanumeric statements per line and a second area for storing a single line of one or more alphanumeric statements; keyboard input means for entering one or more lines of one or more alphanumeric statements per line into the memory means; processing means coupled to said memory means and keyboard input means for executing lines of one or more alphanumeric statements per line; and output display means coupled to said processing means for visually displaying alphanumeric information, including the results of execution of lines of alphanumeric statements, to the user; said keyboard input means including a run control key for initiating execution by said processing means of a program of one or more lines of alphanumeric statements stored in said first area of said memory means; and an execute control key for initiating execution by said processing means of a single line of one or more alphanumeric statements

entered from said keyboard input means and stored in said second area of said memory means; said processing means including logic means operative for enabling entry of a line of one or more alphanumeric statements from said keyboard input means during execution of a program stored in said first area of said memory means, said logic means further including means responsive to subsequent actuation of said execute control key, during execution of said program, for temporarily halting execution of said program, for initiating execution by said processing means of said entered line of one or more alphanumeric statements and for causing the results to be visually displayed on said output display means, said logic means further including means responsive to an indication by said processing means that execution of said entered line has been completed for causing said processing means to resume execution of said program.

2. An electronic calculator as in claim 1 wherein: said keyboard input means includes one or more keys for entering a list statement; said calculator includes printer means coupled to said processing means for printing one or more lines of alphanumeric statements; and said logic means is operative for enabling entry of the list statement from said keyboard input means into said second area of said memory means during execution of a program stored in said first area of said memory means, said logic means further including means responsive to subsequent actuation of said execute control key, during execution of said program, for temporarily halting execution of said program, for initiating execution by said processing means of the list statement to cause the lines of alphanumeric statements comprising said program to be printed by said printer means and for then causing said processing means to resume execution of said program.

3. An electronic calculator as in claim 1 wherein: said keyboard input means includes one or more keys for entering a program variable assignment statement; and said logic means is operative for enabling entry of the program variable assignment statement during execution of a program stored in said first area of said memory means, said logic means further including means responsive to subsequent actuation of said execute control key, during execution of said program, for temporarily halting execution of said program, for initiating execution by said processing means of the program variable assignment statement to cause a designated numeric value to be associated with a selected program variable and for then causing said processing means to resume execution of said program.

4. An electronic calculator as in claim 1 wherein: said keyboard input means includes one or more keys for entering a program variable interrogation statement; and said logic means is operative for enabling entry of the program variable interrogation statement during execution of a program stored in said first area of said memory means, said logic means further including means responsive to subsequent actuation of said execute control key, during execution of said program, for temporarily halting execution of

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said program, for initiating execution by said processing means of the program variable interrogation statement to cause the current value of a selected program variable to be visually displayed on said output display means, and for then causing said processing means to resume execution of said program.

5. An electronic calculator as in claim 1 wherein said second area of said memory means comprises buffer storage means for temporarily storing the single line of one or more alphanumeric statements entered from said keyboard input means during execution of a program stored in said first area of said memory means;

said keyboard input means includes a plurality of alphanumeric keys, each associated with an alphanumeric character, for entering lines of one or more alphanumeric statements;

said output display means is operative for visually displaying said single line of one or more alphanumeric statements as it is being entered from said keyboard input means during execution of a program stored in said first memory means; and

said logic means is responsive to actuation of any one of said alphanumeric keys during execution by said processing means of a program stored in said first area of said memory means for momentarily interrupting execution of said program by said process-

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ing means to permit entry of the associated alphanumeric character into said buffer storage means.

6. An electronic calculator as in claim 5 wherein said logic means is responsive to actuation of said execute control key, during execution by said processing means of the program stored in said first area of said memory means, for momentarily interrupt execution of that program and for initiating execution by said processing means of the single line of one or more alphanumeric statements then stored in said buffer storage means.

7. An electronic calculator as in claim 1 wherein said logic means is responsive to execution by said processing means of a keyboard disable statement stored in said second area of said memory means or stored as part of a program in said first area of said memory means for subsequently inhibiting the entry of alphanumeric statements from said keyboard input means during the time that a program stored in said first area of said memory means is being executed.

8. An electronic calculator as in claim 7 wherein said logic means is responsive to execution by said processing means of a keyboard enable statement, stored as part of a program in said first area of said memory means, following execution of a keyboard disable statement for subsequently enabling the entry of alphanumeric statements from said keyboard input means during the time that a program stored in said first area of said memory means is being executed.

* * * * *

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 4,075,679

Page 1 of 7

DATED : February 21, 1978

INVENTOR(S) : Chris J. Christopher et al

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 1, line 15, "driven" should be --given--;

Column 4, line 46, "languagte" should be --language--;

Column 6, line 35, "01" should be --Ø1--;

Column 6, line 48, "24A-B" should be --25A-B--;

Column 7, delete lines 53-55;

Column 7, line 66, "25-B" should be --25A-B--;

Column 11, line 48, "FIG. 172" should be --FIG. 162--;

Column 12, line 37, "astored" should be --stored--;

Column 14, line 13, "reducnbg" should be --reducing--;

Column 14, line 59, "FIG. 15" should be --FIG. 16--;

Column 15, line 20, "perpheral" should be --peripheral--;

Column 15, lines 61 and 62, ""memory cycle]" should be --"memory cycle"--;

Column 16, line 44, "BOC'S" should be --BPC'S--;

Column 16, line 44, "evolve" should be --involve--;

Column 17, line 58, "77000 -" should be --77000_g- --;

Column 19, line 28, "operated" should be --operand--;

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. 4,075,679

Page 2 of 7

DATED February 21, 1978

INVENTOR(S) : Chris J. Christopher et al

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 19, line 45, "such" should be --much--;

Column 20, line 16, "(1)" should be --(I)--;

Column 23, line 21, "egister" should be --register--;

Column 24, lines 20, 22, 23, 25, and 31, "10C" should be --IOC--;

Column 24, line 34, "request" should be --request--;

Column 26, line 62, "addreses" should be --addresses--;

Column 27, line 32, "PBC" should be --BPC--;

Column 27, line 43, "10C" should be --IOC--;

Column 28, line 22, "Is" should be --is--;

Column 29, lines 15 and 16, "PA0" should be --PAØ--;

Column 31, line 43, "righr" should be --right--;

Column 39, line 23, "as" should be --an--;

Column 44, line 4, "<AR2>+(<AR1>" should be --<AR2>+(<AR1>)--;

Column 44, line 4, "+DC→AR" should be --+DC→AR2--;

Column 47, line 68, "U20 an U21" should be --U20 and U21--;

Column 49, lines 28 and 54, "Bit 0" should be --Bit Ø--;

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 4,075,679 Page 3 of 7

DATED : February 21, 1978

INVENTOR(S) : Chris J. Christopher et al

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

- Column 49, line 58, "set" should be --sets--;
- Column 49, line 65, "is JK" should be --is a JK--;
- Column 50, line 7, "switches on" should be --switches used on--;
- Column 50, line 47, "bit 0" should be --bit 0--;
- Column 50, line 47, "(I0D0)" should be --(I0D0)--;
- Column 51, line 26, "Reet" should be --Reset--;
- Column 51, line 54, "is sent the KDP" should be --is sent to the KDP--;
- Column 51, line 67, "th" should be --the--;
- Column 52, line 11, "ime" should be --time--;
- Column 54, line 4, "not" should be --dot--;
- Column 54, line 20, "cl0ck" should be --clock--;
- Column 55, line 60, "A0" should be --A0--;
- Column 55, lines 61 and 63, "B0" should be --B0--;
- Column 57, line 64, "I0D0" should be --I0D0--;
- Column 58, line 63, "G" should be --G0--;
- Column 61, line 26, "0" should be --0--;

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 4,075,679

Page 4 of 7

DATED : February 21, 1978

INVENTOR(S) : Chris J. Christopher et al

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 61, line 56, "U10" should be --U19--;

Column 597, line 35, "FIG. 2" should be --FIG. 3--;

Column 597, line 47, "RESEt" should be --RESET--;

Column 597, line 49, "on" should be --or--;

Column 600, line 37, "when" should be --When--;

Column 602, line 11, "kay" should be --key--;

Column 603, line 25, "EXXECUTE" should be --EXECUTE--;

Column 609, line 62, "value 0" should be --value 0--;

Column 609, line 62, "r10" should be --r10--;

Column 609, line 63, "r0" should be --r0--;

Column 610, line 56, "V=0" should be --V=0--;

Column 611, line 65, "prnd" should be --Prnd--;

Column 612, line 24, "Float 0" should be --Float 0--;

Column 612, line 31, "tthis" should be --this--;

Column 613, line 42, "end" should be --ent--;

Column 614, line 33, "maintains is" should be --maintains its--;

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 4,075,679

Page 5 of 7

DATED : February 21, 1978

INVENTOR(S) : Chris J. Christopher et al

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 614, line 56, "ti" should be --to--;

Column 617, line 3, "0" should be -- \emptyset --;

Column 617, lines 4 and 5, "CTL0" should be --CTL \emptyset --;

Column 619, line 50, "A>=B" should be --A<=B--;

Column 622, line 63, "(0-45⁰)" should be --(\emptyset -45⁰)--;

Column 622, line 66, "(0-360⁰)" should be --(\emptyset -360⁰)--;

Column 623, line 52, "9.9999999999399" should be --9.9999999999e99--;

Column 623, line 56, "9.99999999993511" should be --9.9999999999e511--;

Column 624, line 1, "neative" should be --negative--;

Column 628, line 52, "s" should be --is--;

Column 628, line 54, "0" should be -- \emptyset --;

Column 629, line 18, "0" should be -- \emptyset --;

Column 629, line 36, "0" should be -- \emptyset --;

Column 630, line 16, "Specifying Bounds for Subscripts" should be under-scored;

Column 630, line 35, "X[1:4:4,1:3]" should be --X[1:4,1:3]--;

Column 630, line 57, "ae" should be --are--;

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 4,075,679

Page 6 of 7

DATED : February 21, 1978

INVENTOR(S) : Chris J. Christopher et al

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 633, line 68, "0" should be -- \emptyset --;

Column 635, line 7, "dps" should be --dsp--;

Column 637, line 15, "176A-B" should be --167A-B--;

Column 644, line 46, "beings" should be --begins--;

Column 645, line 22, "rdk A[12]" should be --rck A[12]--;

Column 646, line 41, "recore" should be --record--;

Column 649, line 10, "[" should be --08--;

Column 649, line 41, "ten" should be --then--;

Column 650, line 23, "allocted" should be --allocated--;

Column 653, line 57, "0" should be -- \emptyset --;

Column 656, line 67, "f10" should be --f1 \emptyset --;

Column 659, line 14, "error G3" should be --error G8--;

Column 659, line 66, the semicolon should be a comma;

Column 660, line 13, after "statement" insert --stored in said second area of said memory means,--;

Column 661, line 23, after "first" insert --area of said--; and

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 4,075,679

Page 7 of 7

DATED : February 21, 1978

INVENTOR(S) : Chris J. Christopher et al

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 662, lines 7 and 8, cancel "interrupt execution of that program" and substitute --interrupting execution of said program by said processing means--.

Signed and Sealed this

Twenty-fifth **Day of** *March* 1980

[SEAL]

Attest:

SIDNEY A. DIAMOND

Attesting Officer

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks